Assigment 4 - Implementing cooperative tasks in Zephyr V1.1

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Chapter 1

Bug List

File main.c

No known bugs.

File semaphore.h

No known bugs.

2 Bug List

Chapter 2

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

main.c		
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semaph	iore.h	
	The system to implement does a basic processing of an analog signal. It reads the input voltage	
	from an analog sensor, digitally filters the signal and outputs it using a semaphore	13

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Chapter 3

File Documentation

3.1 CMakeLists.txt File Reference

Functions

cmake_minimum_required (VERSION 3.20.0) find_package(Zephyr REQUIRED HINTS \$ENV

3.1.1 Function Documentation

3.1.1.1 cmake_minimum_required()

3.2 main.c File Reference

main.c It reads the input voltage from an analog sensor, digitally filters the signal and outputs it.

```
#include <zephyr.h>
#include <device.h>
#include <devicetree.h>
#include <drivers/gpio.h>
#include <drivers/adc.h>
#include <drivers/pwm.h>
#include <sys/printk.h>
#include <sys/_assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <timing/timing.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <hal/nrf_saadc.h>
Include dependency graph for main.c:
```



Macros

- #define len dados 10
- #define STACK SIZE 1024
- #define thread_A_prio 1
- #define thread_B_prio 1
- #define thread C prio 1
- #define thread A period 100 /** Set to have the same period as the PWM, 1ms*/
- #define ADC_NID DT_NODELABEL(adc)
- #define ADC_RESOLUTION 10
- #define ADC GAIN ADC GAIN 1 4
- #define ADC_REFERENCE ADC_REF_VDD_1_4
- #define ADC_ACQUISITION_TIME ADC_ACQ_TIME(ADC_ACQ_TIME_MICROSECONDS, 40)
- #define ADC CHANNEL ID 1
- #define ADC_CHANNEL_INPUT NRF_SAADC_INPUT_AIN1
- #define BUFFER SIZE 1
- #define GPIO0_NID DT_NODELABEL(gpio0)
- #define PWM0_NID DT_NODELABEL(pwm0)
- #define BOARDLED1 0x0d

Functions

- K_THREAD_STACK_DEFINE (thread_A_stack, STACK_SIZE)
- K THREAD STACK DEFINE (thread B stack, STACK SIZE)
- K THREAD STACK DEFINE (thread C stack, STACK SIZE)
- void thread_A_code (void *argA, void *argB, void *argC)

Read the adc value and save it.

void thread_B_code (void *argA, void *argB, void *argC)

calculates the average of 10 values read from the adc and if the value is outside 10% it is rejected.

void thread C code (void *argA, void *argB, void *argC)

Sets the PWM DC value to the average of the samples got from ADC module in thread A*.

• void main (void)

Main funtion: Initialize semaphores.

Variables

- struct k_thread thread_A_data
- · struct k thread thread B data
- · struct k thread thread C data
- k_tid_t thread_A_tid
- k_tid_t thread_B_tid
- k_tid_t thread_C_tid
- int ab = 0
- int **bc** = 0
- struct k_sem sem_ab
- struct k sem sem bc
- struct k timer my timer
- const struct device * adc_dev = NULL

3.2 main.c File Reference 7

3.2.1 Detailed Description

main.c It reads the input voltage from an analog sensor, digitally filters the signal and outputs it.

Author

Ana Sousa, Frederico Moreira, Pedro Rodrigues

Date

31 March 2022

Bug No known bugs.

3.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

3.2.2.1 ADC_ACQUISITION_TIME

#define ADC_ACQUISITION_TIME ADC_ACQ_TIME(ADC_ACQ_TIME_MICROSECONDS, 40)

3.2.2.2 ADC_CHANNEL_ID

#define ADC_CHANNEL_ID 1

3.2.2.3 ADC_CHANNEL_INPUT

#define ADC_CHANNEL_INPUT NRF_SAADC_INPUT_AIN1

3.2.2.4 ADC_GAIN

#define ADC_GAIN ADC_GAIN_1_4

3.2.2.5 ADC_NID

#define ADC_NID DT_NODELABEL(adc)

ADC definitions and includes

3.2.2.6 ADC_REFERENCE

#define ADC_REFERENCE ADC_REF_VDD_1_4

3.2.2.7 ADC_RESOLUTION

#define ADC_RESOLUTION 10

3.2.2.8 BOARDLED1

#define BOARDLED1 0x0d

3.2.2.9 BUFFER_SIZE

#define BUFFER_SIZE 1

3.2.2.10 GPIO0_NID

#define GPIO0_NID DT_NODELABEL(gpio0)

Refer to dts file

3.2.2.11 len_dados

#define len_dados 10

Number of samples for the average

3.2.2.12 PWM0_NID

#define PWM0_NID DT_NODELABEL(pwm0)

3.2.2.13 STACK_SIZE

#define STACK_SIZE 1024

Size of stack area used by each thread (can be thread specific, if necessary)

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3.2.2.14 thread_A_period

```
\#define thread_A_period 100 /** Set to have the same period as the PWM, 1ms*/
```

Therad periodicity (in ms)

3.2.2.15 thread_A_prio

```
#define thread_A_prio 1
```

Thread scheduling priority

3.2.2.16 thread_B_prio

```
#define thread_B_prio 1
```

3.2.2.17 thread_C_prio

```
{\tt \#define\ thread\_C\_prio\ 1}
```

3.2.3 Function Documentation

3.2.3.1 K_THREAD_STACK_DEFINE() [1/3]

Create thread stack space

3.2.3.2 K_THREAD_STACK_DEFINE() [2/3]

3.2.3.3 K_THREAD_STACK_DEFINE() [3/3]

3.2.3.4 main()

```
void main (
     void )
```

Main funtion: Initialize semaphores.

Main function

3.2.3.5 thread_A_code()

Read the adc value and save it.

Thread code prototypes

3.2.3.6 thread_B_code()

calculates the average of 10 values read from the adc and if the value is outside 10% it is rejected.

```
*void thread_B_code(void *argA , void *argB, void *argC)
   int Array_dados[len_dados]={0};
  int k=0; printk("Thread B init (sporadic, waits on a semaphore by task A)\n");
   while(1) {
       int sumador=0,somador_2=0,media=0, media_filtered=0;
       int contador=0;
       k_sem_take(&sem_ab, K_FOREVER);
       printk("Task B read ab value: %d\n",ab);
       Array_dados[0] = ab;
       \label{eq:array_dados[(k+1)%10]= Array_dados[(k)%10];} Array_dados[(k)%10];
       k=k+1:
      for(int i = 0; i < len_dados; i++) {</pre>
           if(Array_dados[i] != 0){
               sumador = sumador + Array_dados[i];
       media=sumador/len_dados;
       contador=0;
```

3.2 main.c File Reference

```
for(int j = 0; j < len_dados; j++) {
    if(Array_dados[j] < (media - media*0.1) || Array_dados[j] > (media + media*0.1))
        somador_2=somador_2;
    else {
        somador_2 = somador_2 + Array_dados[j];
        contador =contador +1;

    }
}

if(somador_2 != 0)
    media_filtered=somador_2/contador;
else
    media_filtered = 0;
bc=media;
printk("Thread B set bc value to: %d\n",bc);
k_sem_give(&sem_bc);
}
```

Parameters

```
arg3 void *argA , void *argB, void *argC.
```

Returns

No returns

3.2.3.7 thread_C_code()

Sets the PWM DC value to the average of the samples got from ADC module in thread A*.

```
*void thread_C_code(void *argA , void *argB, void *argC)
  const struct device *gpio0_dev;
const struct device *pwm0_dev;
   int ret=0;
   unsigned int pwmPeriod_us = 1000;
  printk("Thread C init (sporadic, waits on a semaphore by task B)\n");
   gpio0_dev = device_get_binding(DT_LABEL(GPIO0_NID));
   if (gpio0_dev == NULL) {
       printk("Error: Failed to bind to GPIOO\n\r");
   return;
   pwm0_dev = device_get_binding(DT_LABEL(PWM0_NID));
   if (pwm0_dev == NULL) {
   printk("Error: Failed to bind to PWM0\n r");
   return;
   }
   while(1) {
       k_sem_take(&sem_bc, K_FOREVER);
       ret = pwm_pin_set_usec(pwm0_dev, BOARDLED1,
             pwmPeriod_us, (unsigned int)((pwmPeriod_us*bc)/1023), PWM_POLARITY_NORMAL);
       if (ret) {
           printk("Error %d: failed to set pulse width\n", ret);
           return;
       printk("Task C - PWM: %u % \n", (unsigned int)(((pwmPeriod_us*bc)/1023)/10));
```

}

Da			_ 1		
Pа	ra	m	eı	re	rs

```
arg3 void *argA , void *argB, void *argC.
```

Returns

No returns

3.2.4 Variable Documentation

3.2.4.1 ab

int ab = 0

Global vars (shared memory between tasks A/B and B/C, resp)

3.2.4.2 adc_dev

const struct device* adc_dev = NULL

3.2.4.3 bc

int bc = 0

3.2.4.4 my_timer

struct $k_timer my_timer$

Global vars

3.2.4.5 sem_ab

struct k_sem sem_ab

Semaphores for task synch

3.2.4.6 sem_bc

struct k_sem sem_bc

3.2.4.7 thread_A_data

struct k_thread thread_A_data

Create variables for thread data

3.2.4.8 thread_A_tid

k_tid_t thread_A_tid

Create task IDs

3.2.4.9 thread_B_data

struct k_thread thread_B_data

3.2.4.10 thread_B_tid

k_tid_t thread_B_tid

3.2.4.11 thread_C_data

struct k_thread thread_C_data

3.2.4.12 thread_C_tid

k_tid_t thread_C_tid

3.3 semaphore.h File Reference

The system to implement does a basic processing of an analog signal. It reads the input voltage from an analog sensor, digitally filters the signal and outputs it using a semaphore.

Functions

· void main (void)

Main funtion: Initialize semaphores.

void thread_A_code (void *argA, void *argB, void *argC)

Read the adc value and save it.

void thread_B_code (void *argA, void *argB, void *argC)

calculates the average of 10 values read from the adc and if the value is outside 10% it is rejected.

void thread_C_code (void *argA, void *argB, void *argC)

Sets the PWM DC value to the average of the samples got from ADC module in thread A*.

3.3.1 Detailed Description

The system to implement does a basic processing of an analog signal. It reads the input voltage from an analog sensor, digitally filters the signal and outputs it using a semaphore.

Contains the functions needed to process the analog signal

Author

Frederico Moreira, Ana Sousa, Pedro Rodrigues

Date

31 May 2022

Bug No known bugs.

3.3.2 Function Documentation

3.3.2.1 main()

```
void main (
     void )
```

Main funtion: Initialize semaphores.

Parameters

NO_args without arguments

Returns

No returns

Main function

3.3.2.2 thread_A_code()

```
void thread_A_code (
                void * argA,
                void * argB,
                void * argC )
Read the adc value and save it.
void thread_A_code(void *argA , void *argB, void *argC)
    int64_t fin_time=0, release_time=0;
    int err=0;
    printk("Thread A init (periodic)\n");
    release_time = k_uptime_get() + thread_A_period;
adc_dev = device_get_binding(DT_LABEL(ADC_NID));
    if (ladc_dev) {
   printk("ADC device_get_binding() failed\n");
    err = adc_channel_setup(adc_dev, &my_channel_cfg);
        printk("adc\_channel\_setup()) failed with error code %d\n", err);
    NRF_SAADC->TASKS_CALIBRATEOFFSET = 1;
    while(1) {
         err=adc_sample();
            printk("adc_sample() failed with error code %d\n\r",err);
         else {
             if(adc_sample_buffer[0] > 1023) {
                 printk("adc reading out of range\n\r");
             else {
                 ab=adc_sample_buffer[0];
         printk("Thread A set ab value to: %d \n",ab);
         k_sem_give(&sem_ab);
         fin_time = k_uptime_get();
         if( fin_time < release_time)</pre>
             k_msleep(release_time - fin_time);
release_time += thread_A_period;
    }
}
```

Parameters

```
arg3 void *argA, void *argB, void *argC.
```

Returns

No returns

Thread code prototypes

3.3.2.3 thread_B_code()

```
void thread_B_code (
               void * argA,
               void * argB,
               void * argC )
calculates the average of 10 values read from the adc and if the value is outside 10% it is rejected.
 *void thread_B_code(void *argA , void *argB, void *argC)
    int Array_dados[len_dados]={0};
    int k=0; printk("Thread B init (sporadic, waits on a semaphore by task A)\n");
    while(1) {
        int sumador=0, somador_2=0, media=0, media_filtered=0;
        int contador=0;
        k_sem_take(&sem_ab, K_FOREVER);
        printk("Task B read ab value: %d\n",ab);
        Array_dados[0] = ab;
        Array_dados[(k+1)%10] = Array_dados[(k)%10];
        k=k+1;
       for(int i = 0; i < len_dados; i++) {</pre>
           if(Array_dados[i] != 0){
                sumador = sumador + Array_dados[i];
        media=sumador/len_dados;
        contador=0;
        for(int j = 0; j < len_dados; j++) {</pre>
            if(Array_dados[j] < (media - media*0.1) || Array_dados[j] > (media + media*0.1))
                somador_2=somador_2;
            else(
                somador_2 = somador_2 + Array_dados[j];
                contador =contador +1;
            }
        }
        if (somador_2 != 0)
            media_filtered=somador_2/contador;
            media_filtered = 0;
        bc=media;
printk("Thread B set bc value to: %d\n",bc);
        k_sem_give(&sem_bc);
 }
```

Parameters

```
arg3 void *argA , void *argB, void *argC.
```

Returns

No returns

3.3.2.4 thread_C_code()

```
void thread_C_code (
              void * argA,
               void * argB,
               void * argC )
Sets the PWM DC value to the average of the samples got from ADC module in thread A*.
 *void thread_C_code(void *argA , void *argB, void *argC)
    const struct device *gpio0_dev;
    const struct device *pwm0_dev;
    int ret=0;
    unsigned int pwmPeriod_us = 1000;
    printk("Thread C init (sporadic, waits on a semaphore by task B)\n");
    gpio0_dev = device_get_binding(DT_LABEL(GPIO0_NID));
    if (gpio0_dev == NULL) {
        printk("Error: Failed to bind to GPIOO\n\r");
    pwm0_dev = device_get_binding(DT_LABEL(PWM0_NID));
if (pwm0_dev == NULL) {
    printk("Error: Failed to bind to PWM0\n r");
    return;
    }
    while(1) {
        k_sem_take(&sem_bc, K_FOREVER);
        ret = pwm_pin_set_usec(pwm0_dev, BOARDLED1,
              pwmPeriod_us, (unsigned int)((pwmPeriod_us*bc)/1023), PWM_POLARITY_NORMAL);
        if (ret) {
            printk("Error %d: failed to set pulse width\n", ret);
            return;
        printk("Task C - PWM: %u % \n", (unsigned int)(((pwmPeriod_us*bc)/1023)/10));
    }
}
```

Parameters

```
arg3 void *argA , void *argB, void *argC.
```

Returns

No returns

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