

Introduction to Sequencing Data Analysis

Lecture 15

November 18, 2020

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Public Health Sciences



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Overview

I. Sequence data

II. Tools for analyzing and visualizing sequencing data

III. Genome variant analysis

Overview: Learning Objectives

1. Sequence data

- Databases and online resources for sequence data
- Learn the common sequence data file formats

2. Tools for sequencing data

- Tools to query, inspect, visualize an aligned sequence file
- Learn the contents of sequence data files
- Learn to generate sequencing metrics and to process sequence data
- Learn about Python and R libraries/packages to read sequence data

3. Genome variant analysis

- Types of genomic variation
- Tools to predict genomic variations
- Learn the common file formats for variation data
- Databases and online resources for human variation data

Sequence Data: International Consortia and Projects

1000 Genomes Project (<https://www.internationalgenome.org/>)

UK10K (<https://www.uk10k.org/>)

The 100,000 Genomes Project
(<https://www.genomicsengland.co.uk/>)

- Rare disease, cancer, infectious disease

Genome 10K Project (<https://genome10k.soe.ucsc.edu/>)

- Genomic “zoo” of 16,000 vertebrate species

Exome Aggregation Consortium (ExAC) (<http://exac.broadinstitute.org/>)

Genome Aggregation Database (gnomAD) (<https://gnomad.broadinstitute.org/>)

The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA) (<https://portal.gdc.cancer.gov/>)

International Cancer Genome Consortium (ICGC) (<https://icgc.org/>)

IGSR: The International Genome Sample Resource

Providing ongoing support for the 1000 Genomes Project data



UK10K

Rare Genetic Variants in Health and Disease



#100kThankYous



Sequence Data: Databases and Online Resources

Common Repositories/Databases for human sequence data

1. NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA)

- Publicly available data submitted from studies (e.g. Gene Expression Omnibus [GEO])
- <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gds/>
- Controlled access (e.g. dbGaP)

2. European Genome Phenome Archive (EGA)

- <https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ega/home>

3. NIH NCI Genomic Data Commons (GDC) Data Portal

- <https://portal.gdc.cancer.gov/>
- Harmonized Cancer Datasets

4. ICGC Data Portal

- <https://dcc.icgc.org/>

Sequence Data: Databases and Online Resources

Harmonized Cancer Datasets

Genomic Data Commons Data Portal

Get Started by Exploring:



Projects



Exploration



Analysis



Repository

Q e.g. BRAF, Breast, TCGA-BLCA, TCGA-A5-A0G2

Data Portal Summary

[Data Release 19.0 - September 17, 2019](#)

PROJECTS



53

PRIMARY SITES



67

CASES



37,075

FILES



427,407

GENES

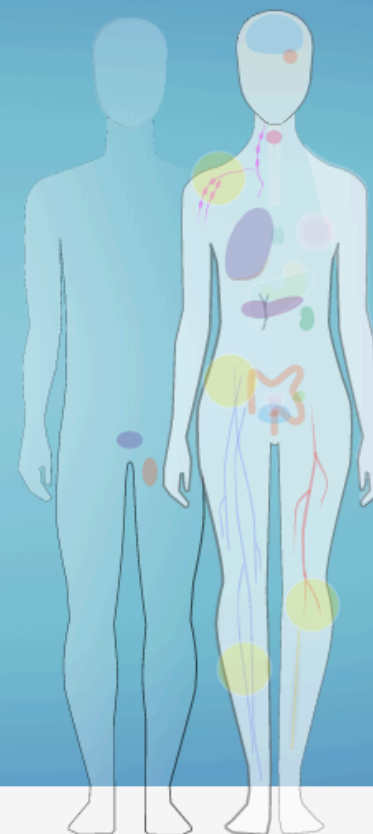


22,872

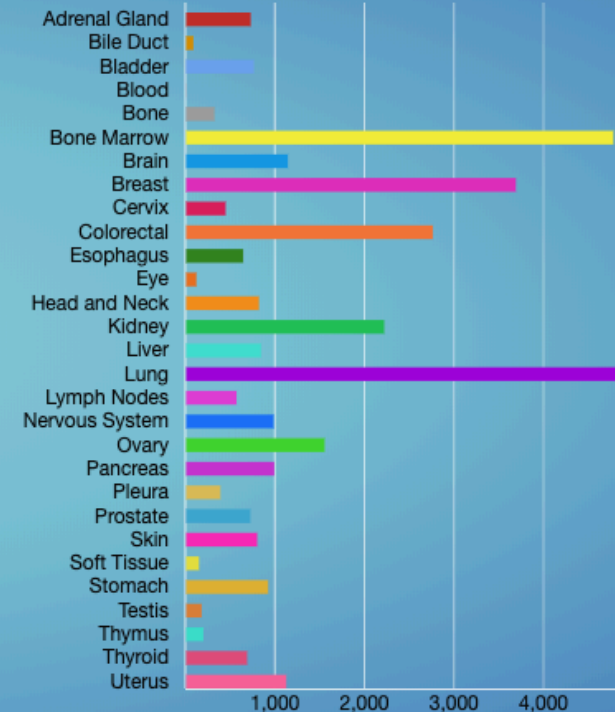
MUTATIONS



3,142,246



Cases by Major Primary Site




GDC Applications

The GDC Data Portal is a robust data-driven platform that allows cancer researchers and bioinformaticians to search and download cancer data for analysis. The GDC applications include:



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Sequence Data: Databases and Online Resources



ICGC Data Portal

[Cancer Projects](#)[Advanced Search](#)[Data Analysis](#)[DCC Data Releases](#)[Data Repositories](#)

Cancer genomics data sets visualization, analysis and download.

[Search](#)

e.g. BRAF, KRAS G12D, DO35100, MU7870, FI998, apoptosis, Cancer Gene Census, imatinib, GO:0016049

Advanced Search

[By donors](#)[By genes](#)[By mutations](#)

Data Release 28

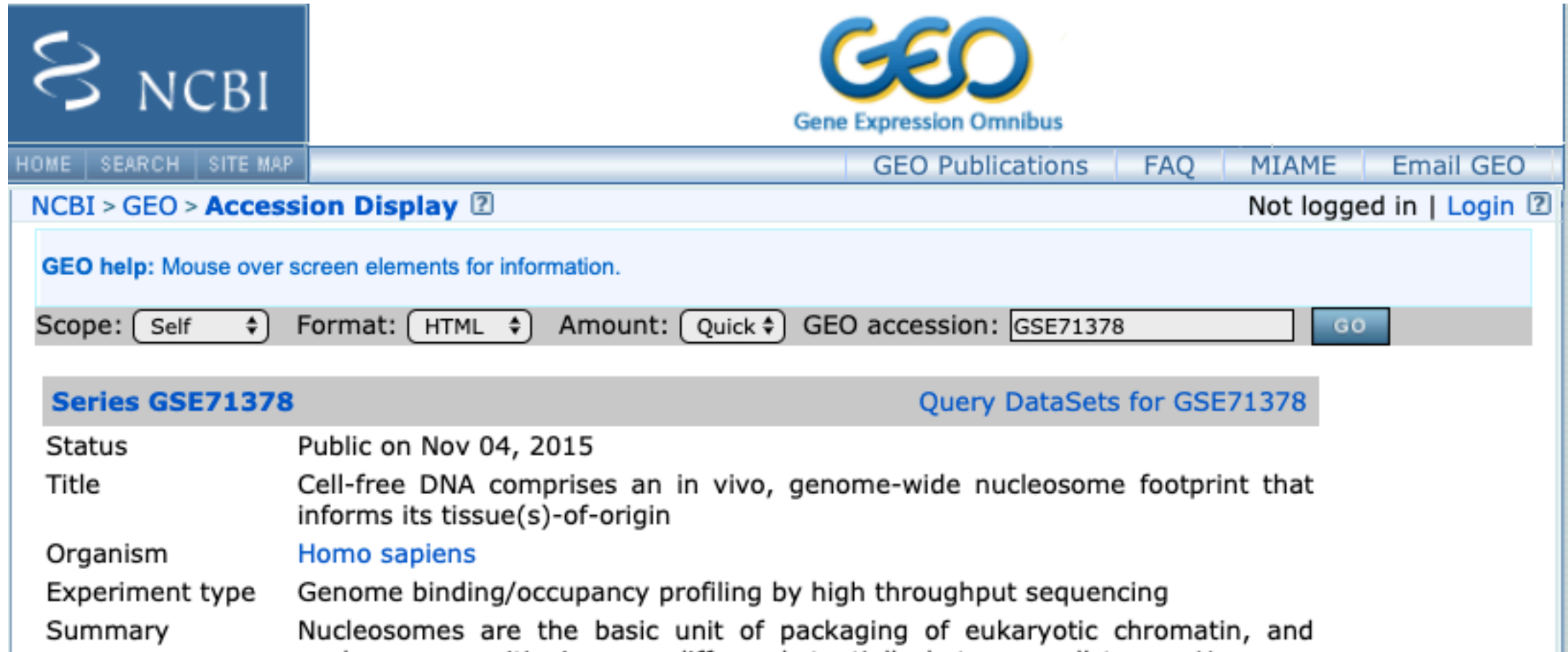
March 27th, 2019

| | |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Cancer projects | 86 |
| Cancer primary sites | 22 |
| Donor with molecular data in DCC | 22,330 |
| Total Donors | 24,289 |
| Simple somatic mutations | 81,782,588 |

[Download Release](#)

Sequence Data: Databases and Online Resources

Sequence Read Archive (SRA) & GEO example (GSE71378)




The screenshot shows the NCBI GEO website interface. At the top left is the NCBI logo. To its right is the GEO logo with the text "Gene Expression Omnibus". Below these are navigation links: HOME, SEARCH, SITE MAP, GEO Publications, FAQ, MIAME, and Email GEO. A breadcrumb trail reads "NCBI > GEO > Accession Display". On the right, it says "Not logged in | Login". A help message states "GEO help: Mouse over screen elements for information." Below this is a search bar with fields for Scope (Self), Format (HTML), Amount (Quick), and GEO accession (GSE71378), followed by a GO button. The main content area displays "Series GSE71378" with a link to "Query DataSets for GSE71378". The series details are as follows:

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Status | Public on Nov 04, 2015 |
| Title | Cell-free DNA comprises an in vivo, genome-wide nucleosome footprint that informs its tissue(s)-of-origin |
| Organism | Homo sapiens |
| Experiment type | Genome binding/occupancy profiling by high throughput sequencing |
| Summary | Nucleosomes are the basic unit of packaging of eukaryotic chromatin, and |

Sequence Data: Databases and Online Resources

Sequence Read

1378)



HOME | SEARCH | SITE MAP

NCBI > GEO > Accession

GEO help: Mouse over screen

Scope: Self | For

Series GSE71378

Status

Title

Organism

Experiment type

Summary

Pub

Cell info

Hon

Gen

Nuc

Contributor(s)
Citation(s)

Shendure J
Snyder MW, Kircher M, Hill AJ, Daza RM et al. Cell-free DNA Comprises an In Vivo Nucleosome Footprint that Informs Its Tissues-Of-Origin. *Cell* 2016 Jan 14;164(1-2):57-68. PMID: 26771485

Submission date
Last update date
Contact name
Organization name
Department
Lab
Street address
City
State/province
ZIP/Postal code
Country

Jul 27, 2015
May 15, 2019
Jay Shendure
University of Washington
Genome Sciences
Shendure
3720 15th Ave NE
Seattle
WA
98195-5065
USA

Platforms (1)
Samples (60)
Relations

GPL11154 Illumina HiSeq 2000 (Homo sapiens)
GSM1833219 BH01
GSM1833220 IA01
GSM1833221 IA02
PRJNA291063
SRP061633

Download family

SOFT formatted family file(s)
MINiML formatted family file(s)
Series Matrix File(s)

Format
SOFT
MINiML
TXT

| Supplementary file | Size | Download | File type/resource |
|--------------------|----------|-------------|--------------------|
| GSE71378_BH01.bb | 311.8 Mb | (ftp)(http) | BB |
| GSE71378_CA01.bb | 325.0 Mb | (ftp)(http) | BB |
| GSE71378_CH01.bb | 319.7 Mb | (ftp)(http) | BB |
| GSE71378_IH01.bb | 296.6 Mb | (ftp)(http) | BB |
| GSE71378_IH02.bb | 248.3 Mb | (ftp)(http) | BB |

SRA Run Selector

NAME | Email GEO

Not logged in | Login

GO

78

that

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Sequence Data: Databases and Online Resources

Sequence Read

1378)

NCBI

SRA Run Selector

?

⚙

🔍

Log in

Accession

PRJNA291063

🔍

Search

Filters List

1

☐

AssemblyName

2

☐

ReleaseDate

3

☐

sex

Common Fields

BioProject

PRJNA291063

Consent

PUBLIC

Assay Type

OTHER

Center Name

GEO

DATASTORE filetype

SRA

DATASTORE provider

GS, NCBI, S3

DATASTORE region

gs.US, ncbi.public, s3.us-east-1

Instrument

Illumina HiSeq 2000

LibraryLayout

PAIRED

Select

| | Runs | Bytes | Bases | Download |
|----------|------|-----------|--------|--|
| Total | 60 | 586.86 Gb | 1.47 T | <div>RunInfo Table or Accession List</div> |
| Selected | 0 | 0 | 0 | <div>RunInfo Table or Accession List</div> |

Found 60 Items

Search...

🔍

Clear

<

1

1

2

>

| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Run | BioSample | AssemblyName | AvgSpotLen | Experiment | MBases | MBytes |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|------------------|------------|------------|--------|--------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 | SRR2129993 | SAMN03939176 | GCA_000001405.13 | 200 | SRX1120757 | 283506 | 136418 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 | SRR2129994 | SAMN03939177 | GCF_000001405.25 | 72 | SRX1120758 | 3729 | 1445 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 | SRR2129995 | SAMN03939178 | GCF_000001405.25 | 75 | SRX1120759 | 3069 | 1106 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 | SRR2129996 | SAMN03939179 | GCF_000001405.25 | 72 | SRX1120760 | 3538 | 1357 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 5 | SRR2129997 | SAMN03939180 | GCF_000001405.25 | 73 | SRX1120761 | 3543 | 1396 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 6 | SRR2129998 | SAMN03939181 | GCA_000001405.13 | 196 | SRX1120762 | 36595 | 9325 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | 7 | SRR2129999 | SAMN03939182 | GCF_000001405.25 | 197 | SRX1120763 | 32298 | 7856 |

Sequence Data: Databases and Online Resources

Sequence Read Archive (SRA) & GEO example (GSE71378)

SRA Toolkit required to download and extract **.sra** files

- Download .sra file

```
prefetch SRR2130004
```

- Convert .sra file to fastq

```
fastq-dump SRR2130004 # use accession  
fastq-dump SRR2130004.sra # use file if already downloaded
```

- Convert .sra file to SAM/BAM file

```
# will write data to a SAM file  
sam-dump --header SRR2130004.sra > SAMN03160688.sam  
# will write data to a BAM file  
sam-dump --header SRR2130004.sra | samtools view -bS - > BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.bam
```

Sequence Data: File formats

Sequences

- Genome sequences - **FASTA** (.fasta or .fa)
- Sequenced reads - **FASTQ** (.fastq or .fq)

Sequence Alignment/Map Format

- <https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>
- Sequence Alignment - **SAM** (.sam)
- Binary Alignment - **BAM** (.bam)

Sequence Data: Sequence alignment

Burrows-Wheeler Aligner, bwa (<http://bio-bwa.sourceforge.net/>)

- aln - for 35bp to 100bp reads
- mem - for reads with length 70bp to 1Mb (Recommended for most)

```
# If two fastq files, one for each mate of paired-end reads
bwa mem -M reference.fa BRCA_IDC_cfdNA_R1.fq BRCA_IDC_cfdNA_R2.fq > BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.bam

# If single fastq file with paired-end reads interleaved
bwa mem -M -p reference.fa BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.fq > BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.bam
```

Li H. and Durbin R. (2009) Fast and accurate short read alignment with Burrows-Wheeler Transform. Bioinformatics, 25:1754-60. [PMID: [19451168](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/19451168/)]

Inspecting and Reading BAM Files

SAMtools (<http://www.htslib.org/>)

Demo & Exercise

Sequence Data: Inspecting and Reading BAM Files

SAMtools (<http://www.htslib.org/>)

- Indexing

```
samtools index BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.bam #required for all BAM files
```

- File operations

```
samtools sort BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.bam #sort by coordinate
```

- Statistics

```
samtools flagstat BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.bam #get general alignment metrics
```

- Viewing

```
# view header information  
samtools view -H BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.bam  
  
# view aligned reads at chr17:25,000,000  
samtools view BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.bam 17:37844393
```

Sequence Data: SAM Format

<https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>

A. Header information

```
samtools view -H BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.bam
```

```
@HD      VN:1.2  SO:coordinate
@SQ      SN:1   LN:249250621
@SQ      SN:2   LN:243199373
@SQ      SN:3   LN:198022430
@SQ      SN:4   LN:191154276
@SQ      SN:5   LN:180915260
@SQ      SN:6   LN:171115067
@SQ      SN:7   LN:159138663
@SQ      SN:8   LN:146364022
@SQ      SN:9   LN:141213431
...
```

Sequence Data: SAM Format

<https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>

A. Header information

- @HD: Header line
 - SO: Sorting order of alignments (unknown, unsorted, coordinate, queryname)
- @SD: Reference sequence dictionary
 - SN: Reference sequence name - typically, one row for each chromosome
 - LN: Length of reference sequence
- @RG: Read group
 - ID: Read group identifier (must be unique)
 - PL: Platform or technology used (e.g. ILLUMINA)
 - SM: Sample ID and/or pool being sequenced
- @PG: Program/tool information
 - ID: Unique name, PN: Program name; CL: Command line

Sequence Data: SAM Format

<https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>

B. Alignment information

```
samtools view BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam 17:37844393-37844393
```

```
...
```

```
41976152      163      17      37844359      60      39M      =      37844477
157
ACTCTCCGCTGAAGTCCACACAGTTTAAATTAAAGTTCC .AAAAFFFFFFFFFFFFFF)FAFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
RG:Z:P12.17.7_Breast NH:i:1  NM:i:0
```


Sequence Data: SAM Format

<https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>

B. Alignment information

```
samtools view BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam 17:37844393-37844393
```

Query (Read)

Read

Mate's

... Name

Reference and Position

Reference and Position

41976152

163

17

37844359

60

39M

=

37844477

157

ACTCTCCGCTGAAGTCCACACAGTTTAAATTAAAGTTCC .AAAAFFFFFFFFFFFFFF)FAFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

RG:Z:P12.17.7_Breast NH:i:1 NM:i:0

Read Sequence

Sequence Data: SAM Format

<https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>

B. Alignment information

```
samtools view BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam 17:37844393-37844393
```

| Template Length (Insert Size or Fragment Size) | Flag | | | Mapping Quality | CIGAR string | | |
|--|------|----|----------|--------------------|-----------------|---|----------|
| 41976152 | 163 | 17 | 37844359 | 60 | 39M | = | 37844477 |
| 157 | | | | | | | |

```
ACTCTCCGCTGAAGTCCACACAGTTTAAATTAAAGTTCC .AAAAFFFFFFFFFFFFFF)FAFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF  
RG:Z:P12.17.7_Breast NH:i:1 NM:i:0
```

Sequence Data: SAM Format

<https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf>

B. Alignment Format

1. QNAME: query (read) template name
2. FLAG: bitwise value describing the alignment
 - e.g. 4 - read is unmapped; 2 - proper pair; 1024 - PCR duplicate
 - <https://www.samformat.info/sam-format-flag>
3. RNAME: reference sequence name (i.e. chr1 or 1)
4. POS: position of aligned read (leftmost; 1-based)
5. MAPQ: Mapping quality
6. CIGAR: Code string to describe read alignment sequence match to reference
7. RNEXT: reference sequence name of mate read
8. PNEXT: position of mate read
9. TLEN: template (read) length; 0 if mates on different chromosomes
10. SEQ: sequence of mapped reads on forward genomic strand
11. QUAL: base qualities (Phred-scale)

Exercise: SAMtools

```
ml SAMtools/1.10-GCCcore-8.3.0  
cd /fh/fast/subramaniam_a/tfcb
```

1. Run samtools view header command on BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam
 - a. What is the read group (@RG) ID?

2. Run samtools view at 17:7579472-7579472
 - a. What is the insert size?

Tools for Sequencing Data: Overview

1. Inspecting and Reading SAM/BAM files

- SAMtools

2. Interactive Visualization

- Integrative Genomics Viewer (<https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv>)
- BioViz (<https://bioviz.org/>)
- Tablet (<https://ics.hutton.ac.uk/tablet/>)

3. Sequencing metrics and Processing

- SAMtools
- Picard Tools
- Genomic Analysis Toolkit (GATK)

4. Genome Variation Analysis

Interactive Visualization

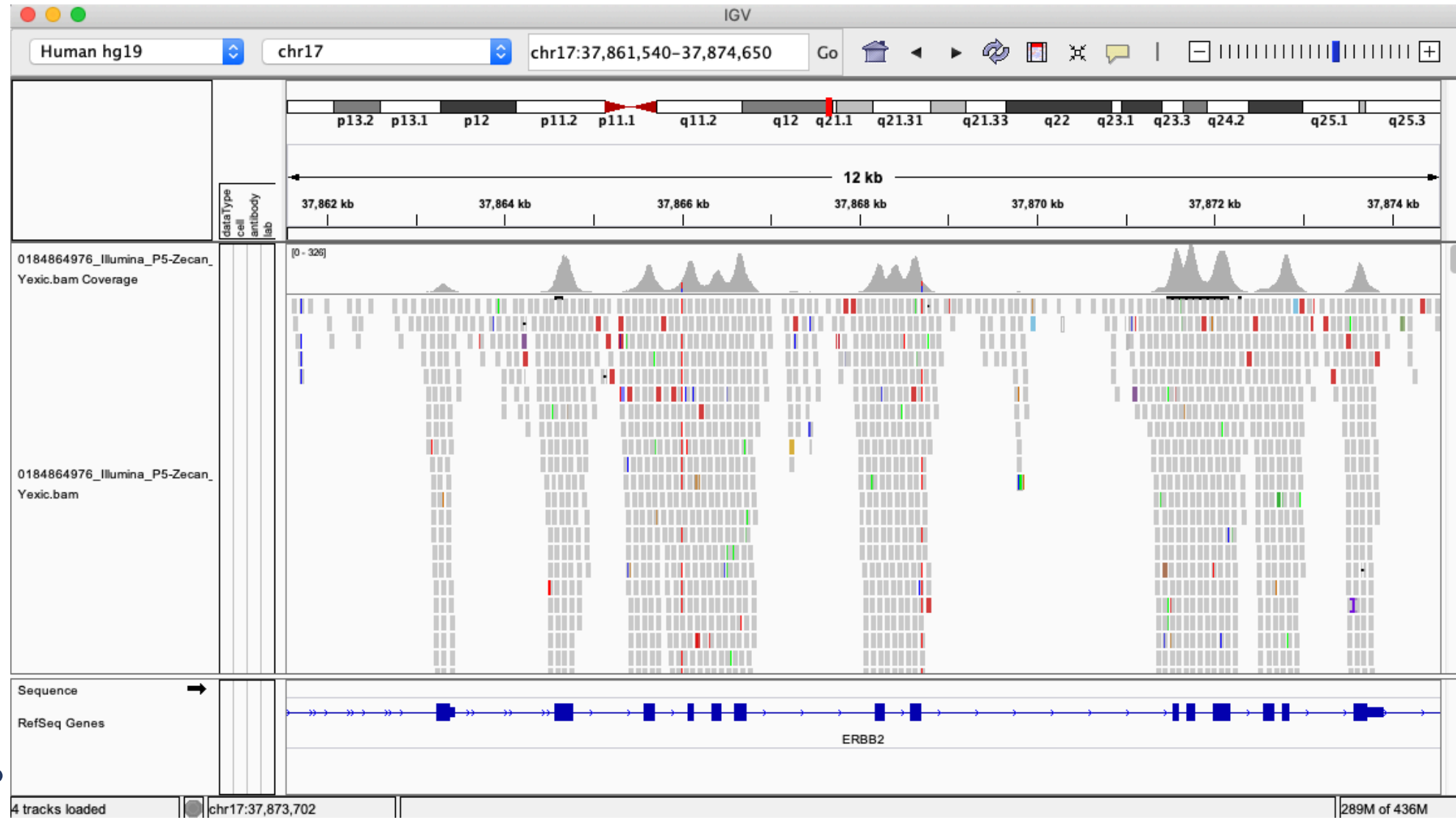
Integrative Genomics Viewer

(<https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv>)

Demo

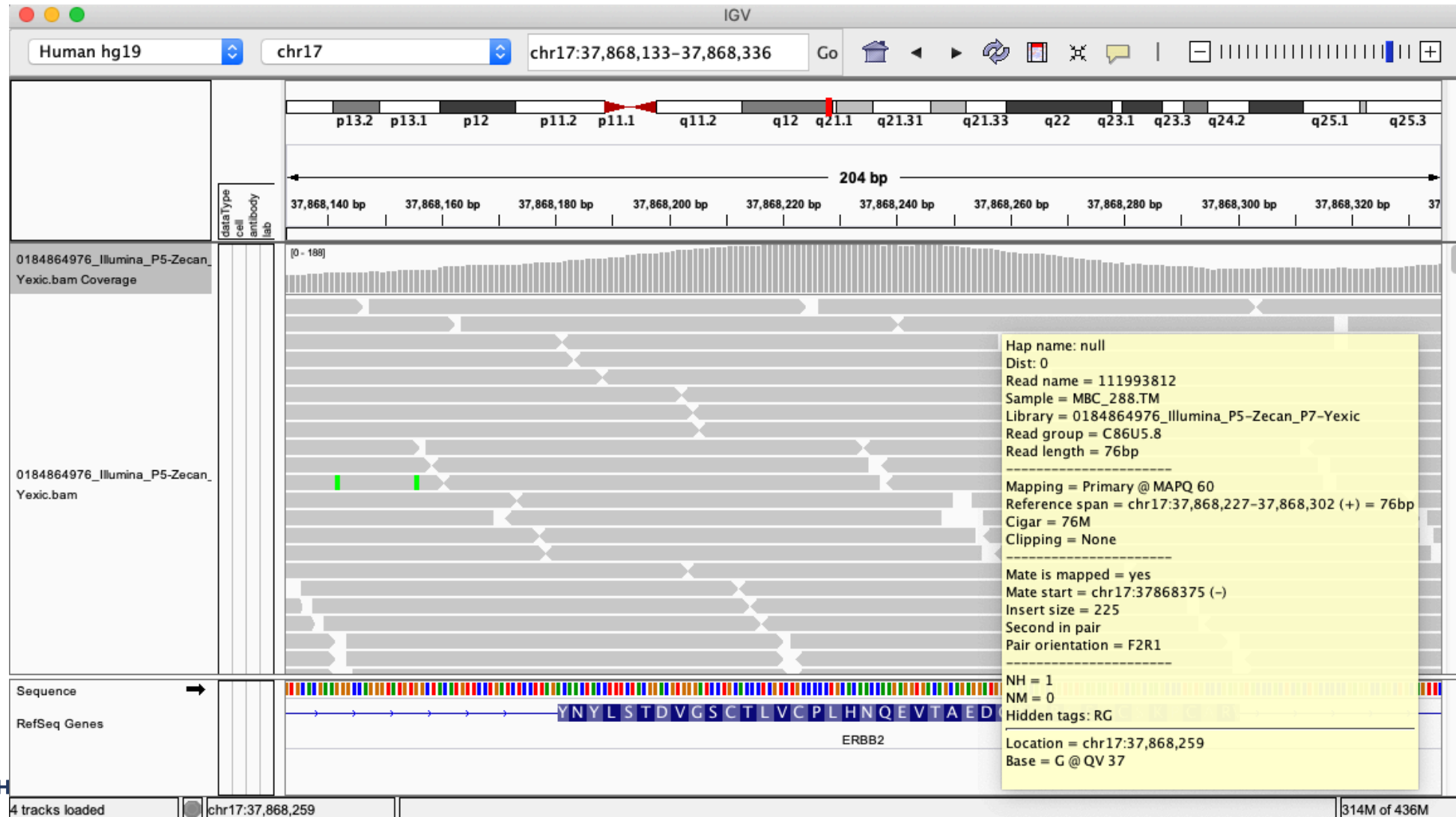
Tools for Sequencing Data: Interactive Visualization

Integrative Genomics Viewer (<https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv>)



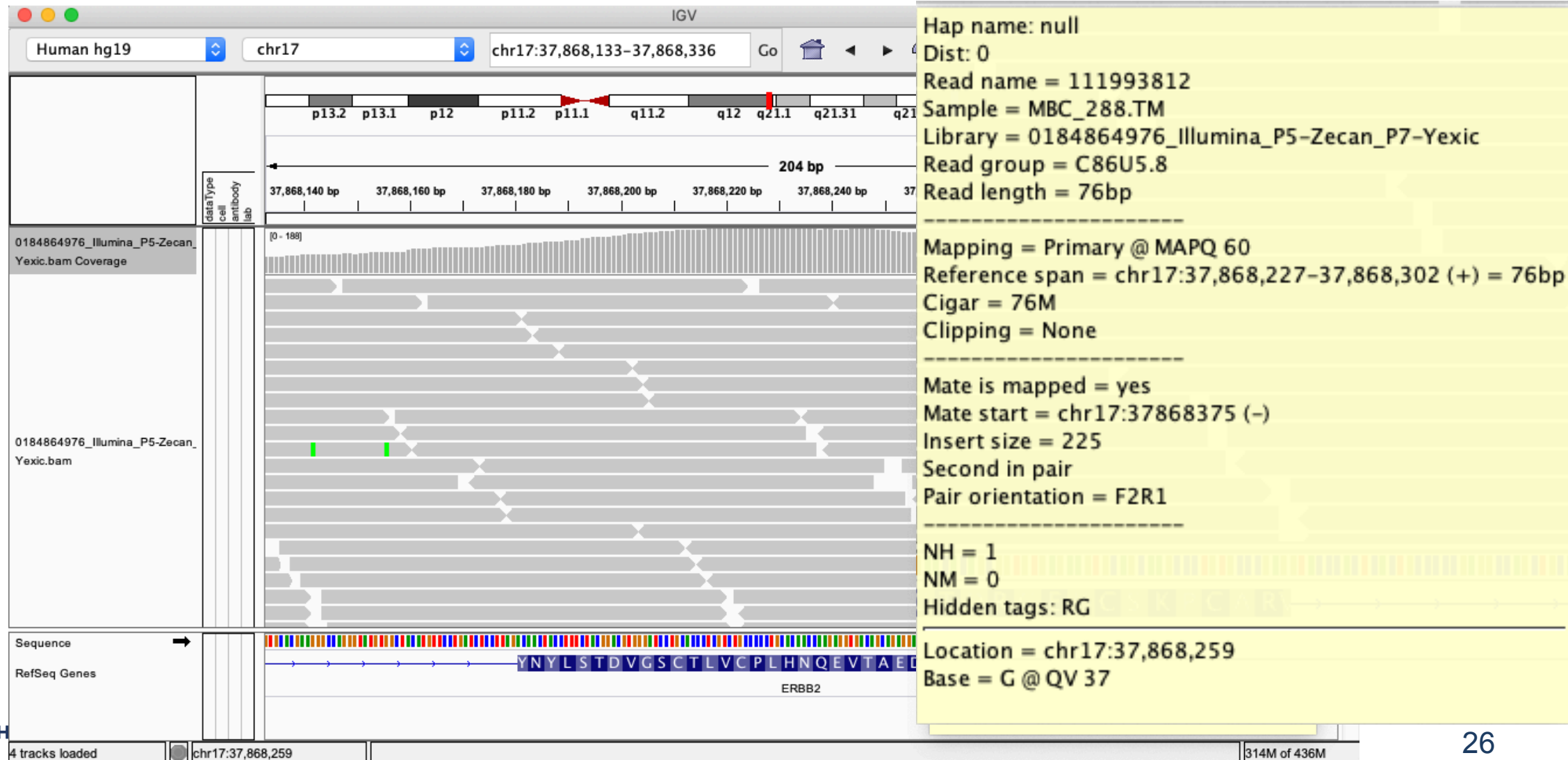
Tools for Sequencing Data: Interactive Visualization

Integrative Genomics Viewer (<https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv>)



Tools for Sequencing Data: Interactive Visualization

Integrative Genomics Viewer (<https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv>)



Interactive Visualization

Integrative Genomics Viewer

(<https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv>)

Demo

Tools for Sequencing Data: Processing

Picard Tools & GATK4: Best practices

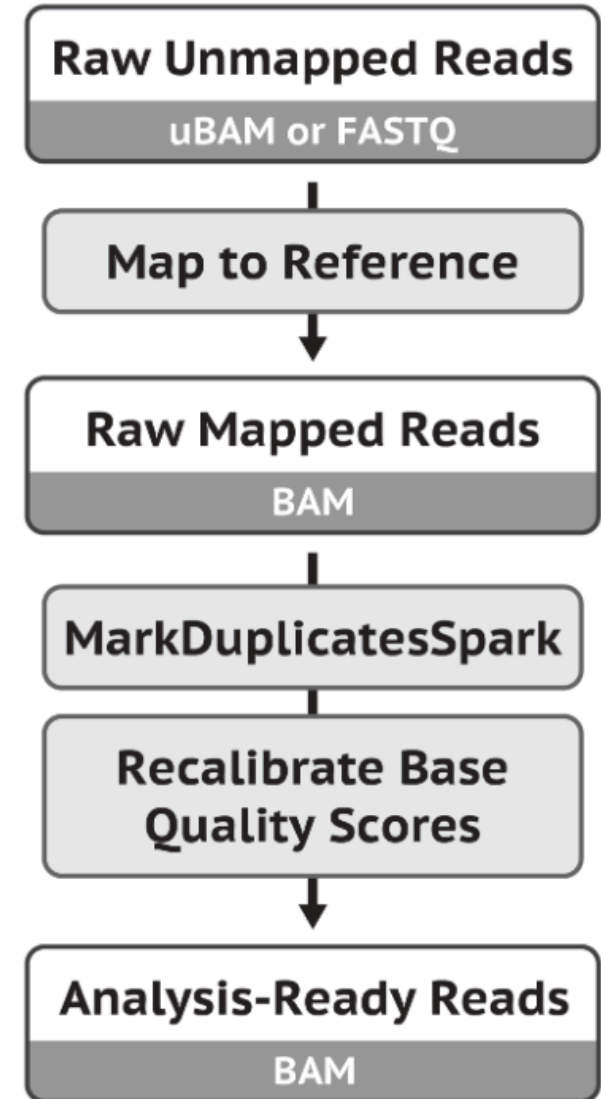
1. Mark Duplicates

1. MarkDuplicates + SortSam (Picard)

2. Base Quality Score Recalibration (BQSR)

1. BaseRecalibrator (GATK4)
2. ApplyBQSR (GATK4)

```
java -jar picard.jar MarkDuplicates \  
INPUT=BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.bam \  
REMOVE_DUPLICATES=false \  
OUTPUT=BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.marked_duplicates.bam \  
METRIC_FILE=BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.markDupMetrics.txt
```



Tools for Sequencing Data: Sequencing Metrics

Picard Tools & GATK4: Best practices

3. Generate alignment metrics

a. CollectMultipleMetrics

- CollectAlignmentSummaryMetrics
- CollectInsertSizeMetrics

b. Collect assay-specific metrics

- CollectWgsMetrics - Whole genome sequencing
- CollectHsMetrics - Hybrid Selection (i.e. whole exome)
- CollectRnaSeqMetrics - RNA-seq
- CollectTargetedPcrMetrics - Targeted PCR amplicon sequencing

c. EstimateLibraryComplexity

- a. Estimates the number of unique molecules in the library

<https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/command-line-overview.html>

<http://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/picard-metric-definitions.html>

Tools for Sequencing Data: Sequencing Metrics

Picard Tools & GATK4: Best practices

3. Generate alignment metrics

a. CollectMultipleMetrics

- CollectAlignmentSummaryMetrics
- CollectInsertSizeMetrics

b. Collect assay-specific metrics

- CollectWgsMetrics - Whole genome sequencing
- CollectHsMetrics - Hybrid Selection (i.e. whole exome)
- CollectRnaSeqMetrics - RNA-seq
- CollectTargetedPcrMetrics - Targeted PCR amplicon sequencing

c. EstimateLibraryComplexity

- a. Estimates the number of unique molecules in the library

<https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/command-line-overview.html>

<http://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/picard-metric-definitions.html>

Tools for Sequencing Data: Sequencing Metrics

Picard Tools & GATK4: Best practices

3. Generate alignment metrics: (a) CollectWgsMetrics

```
java -Xmx2G -jar $EBROOTPICARD/picard.jar CollectWgsMetrics \
INPUT=BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.bam \
OUTPUT=GavinHa_BRCA_IDC_cfdNA.alignMetrics.txt \
REFERENCE_SEQUENCE=hs37d5.fa \
VALIDATION_STRINGENCY=LENIENT
```

| GENOME_TERRITORY | MEAN_COVERAGE | SD_COVERAGE | MEDIAN_COVERAGE | PCT_EXC_MAPQ | PCT_EXC_DUPE | PCT_1X | PCT_5X |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| 2900340137 | 1.053882 | 1.383867 | 1 | 0.137741 | 0 | 0.578236 | 0.015963 |

<https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/command-line-overview.html>

<https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/picard-metric-definitions.html#CollectWgsMetrics.WgsMetrics>

Exercise: PICARD

Run `CollectAlignmentSummaryMetrics` for
`BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.bam`

```
ml picard/2.21.6-Java-11
cd /fh/fast/subramaniam_a/tfcb

java -Xmx2G -jar $EBROOTPICARD/picard.jar CollectAlignmentSummaryMetrics \
. . .
OUTPUT=YourName_BRCA_IDC_cfdDNA.wgsMetrics.txt \
. . .
```

How many `PF_aligned_reads` for `Pair` Category?

Tools for Sequencing Data: Accessing BAM files in R & Python

Python

- PySam

<https://pysam.readthedocs.io/en/latest/api.html>

R and Bioconductor (more in next lecture)

- Rsamtools
 - Import BAM files into R
 - View the header information
 - Accessing read sequences, aligned positions, CIGAR, read names, etc
 - Large BAM files can be read in chunks to optimize memory
 - Create new BAM files using “Views” of a subset of reads

<https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/vignettes/Rsamtools/inst/doc/Rsamtools-Overview.pdf>

Genome Variant Analysis: Overview

1. Types of genomic variation

2. Visualization using IGV

3. Tools for Predicting Genome Variation

4. File Formats for Variation Data

5. Variant Annotation Tools

6. Variant databases

Genome Variant Analysis: Types of Genomic Variation

Variant or Mutation or Alteration or Polymorphism

- Changes in the genome sequence of a sample compared to a reference sequence
- Chromosomes: 22 autosomal pairs + 1 sex pair
 - Each set inherited from maternal and paternal germline cells

Germline Variant

- Variant inherited from one or both parental chromosomes
- Source of genetic differences between ancestral populations and individuals
- Polymorphism: >1% frequency in a population

Somatic Variant

- Mutation acquired during individual's lifetime
- Important to identify in sporadic cancers and other non-familial diseases

Genome Variant Analysis: Types of Genomic Variation

a. Single nucleotide base substitutions

- Germline single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP)
- Somatic single nucleotide variant (SNV)

b. Small insertions or deletions

- Germline or somatic insertion or deletion (INDEL)

c. Copy number changes

- Germline copy number variant (CNV) or polymorphism (CNP)
- Somatic copy number variant (CNV) or alterations (CNA)

d. Structural rearrangements

- Germline or Somatic structural variant (SV)

Genome Variant Analysis: Single Nucleotide Polymorphism

- ~1.5 to 2 million **SNPs** per individual
- Identify SNPs from normal peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC)

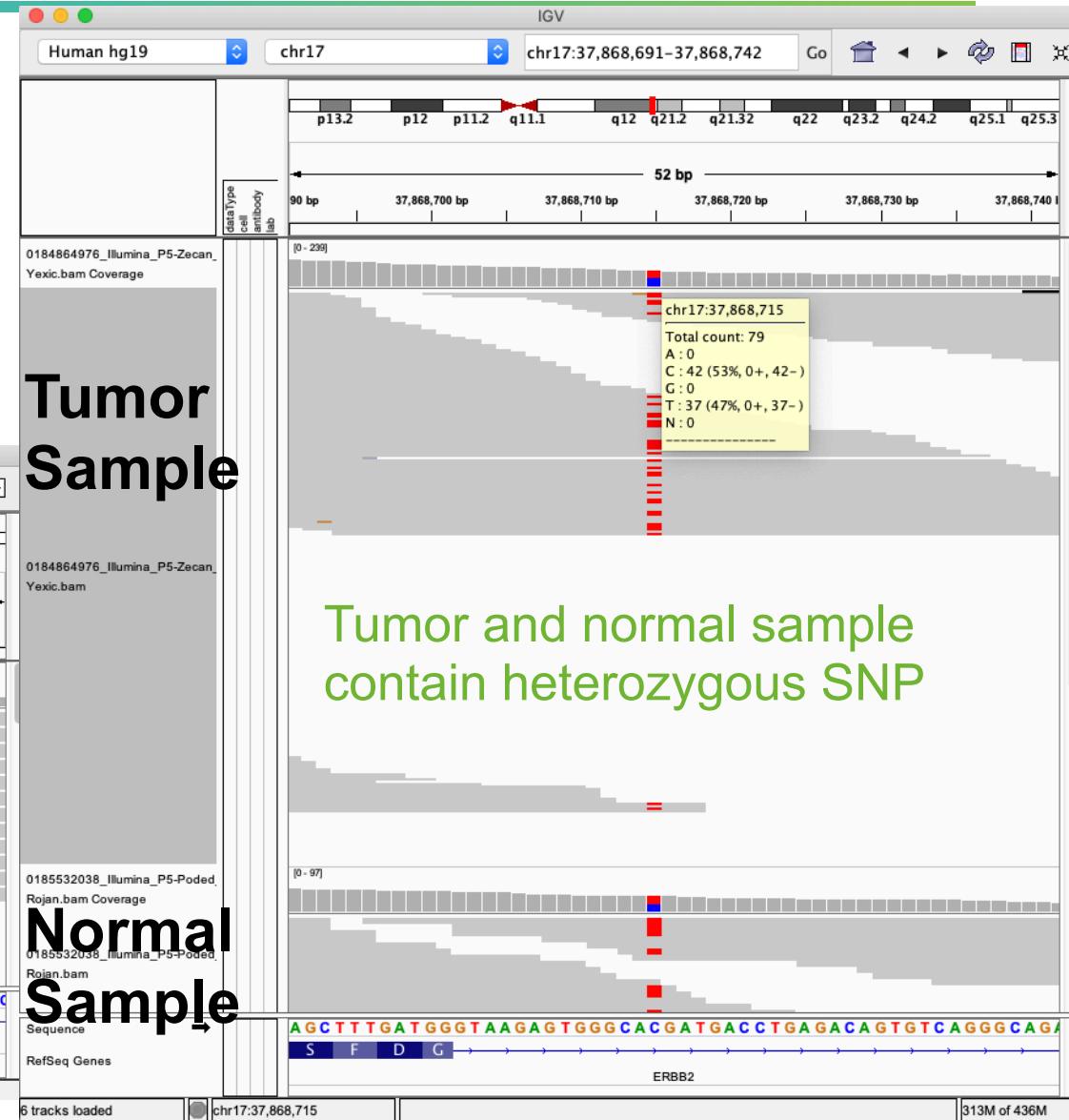
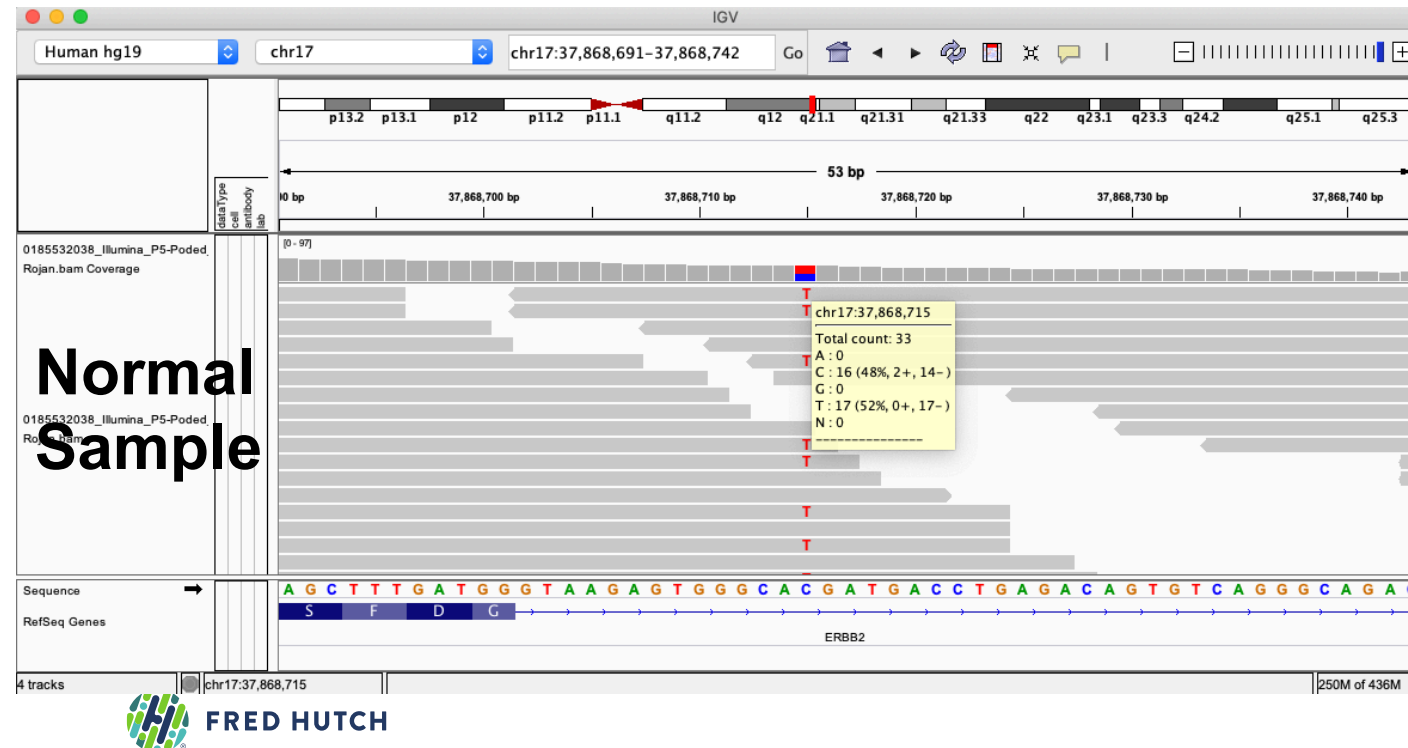


Heterozygous SNP with 37 reads containing the variant and having depth 79 reads

37/79 (47%) variant allele fraction (VAF)

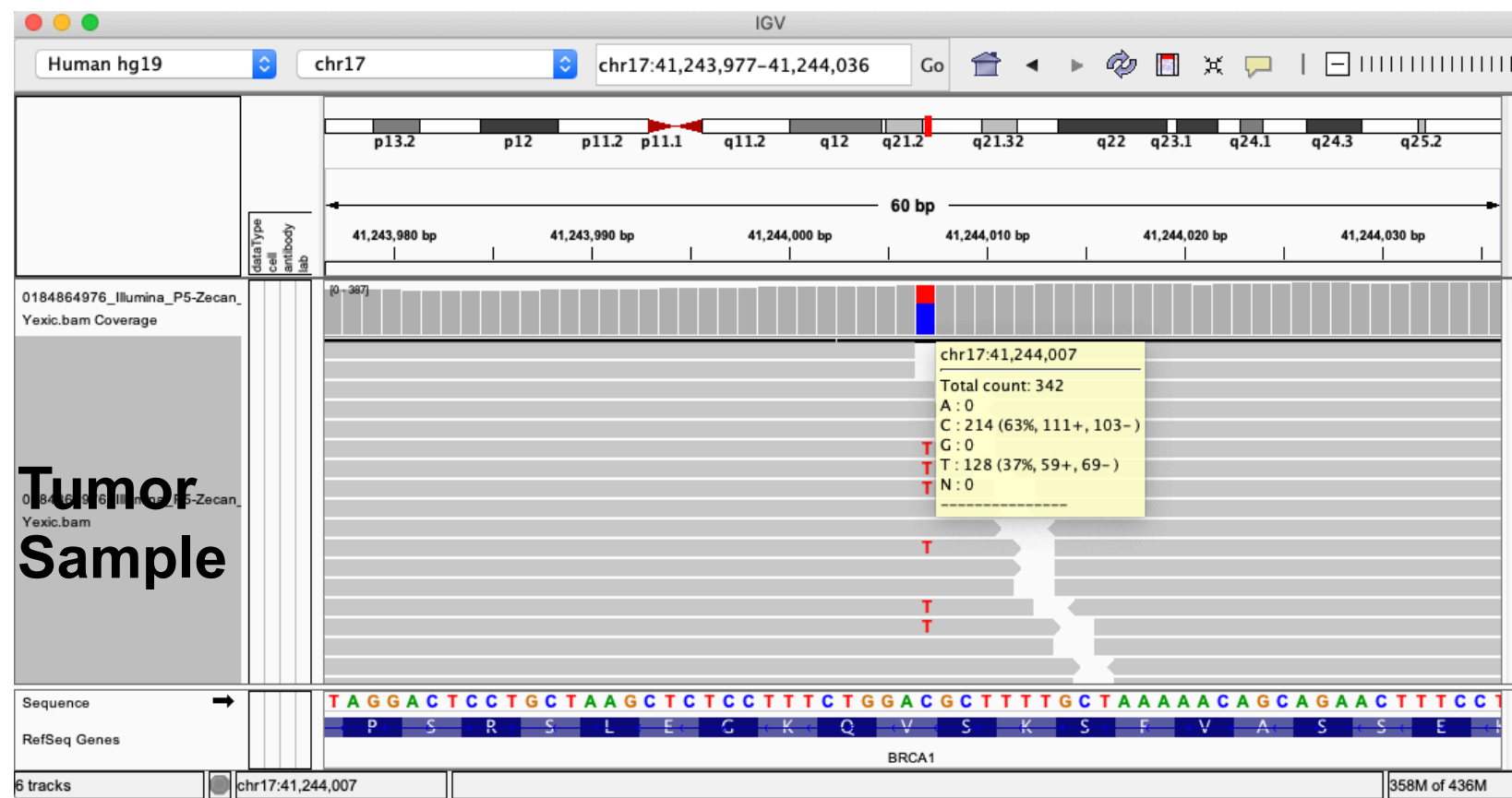
Genome Variant Analysis: Single Nucleotide Polymorphism

- ~1.5 to 2 million **SNPs** per individual
- Identify SNPs from normal peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC)



Genome Variant Analysis: Single Nucleotide Variant (SNV)

- Somatic **SNV** requires comparing case (tumor) with control (PBMC)

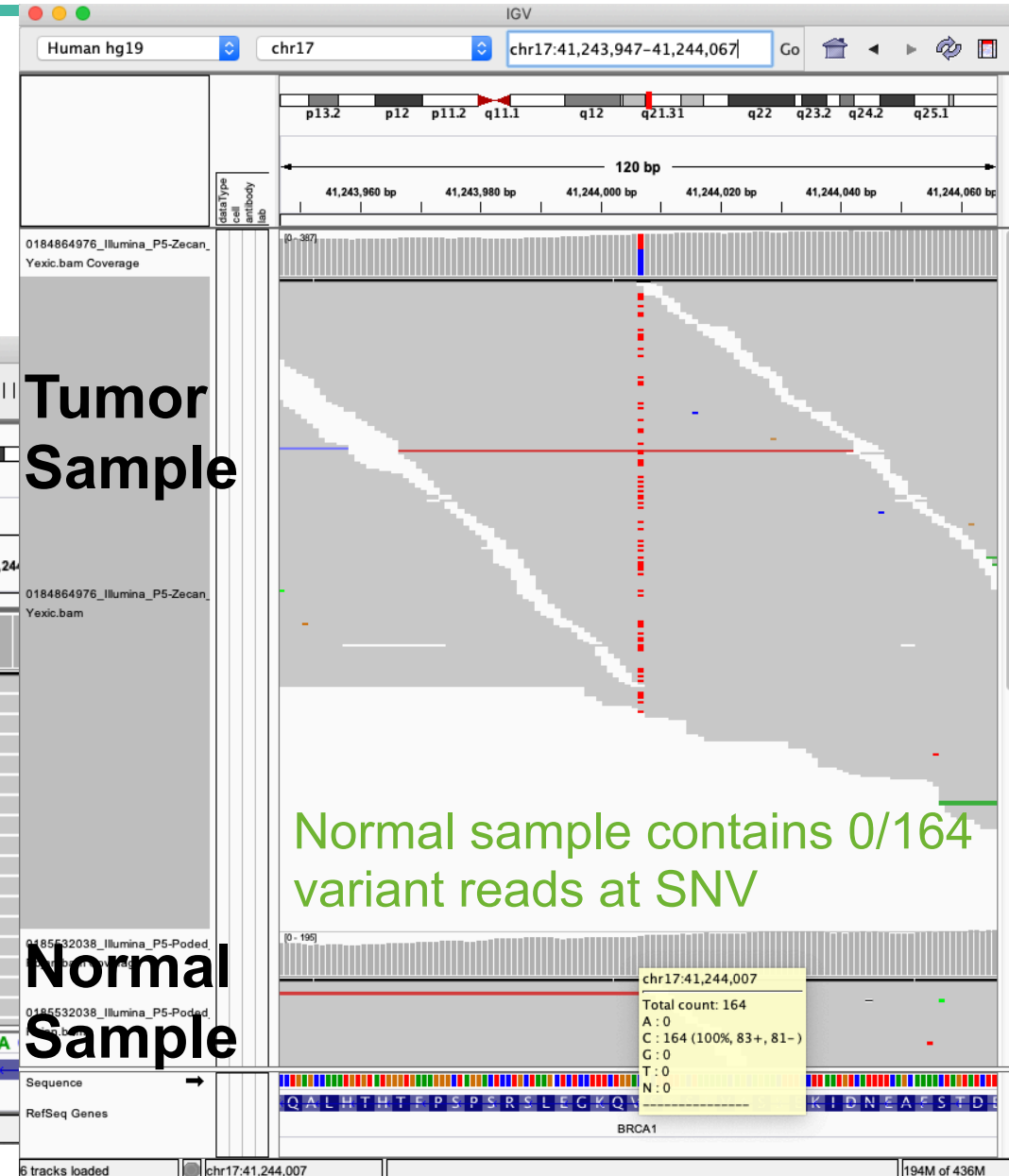
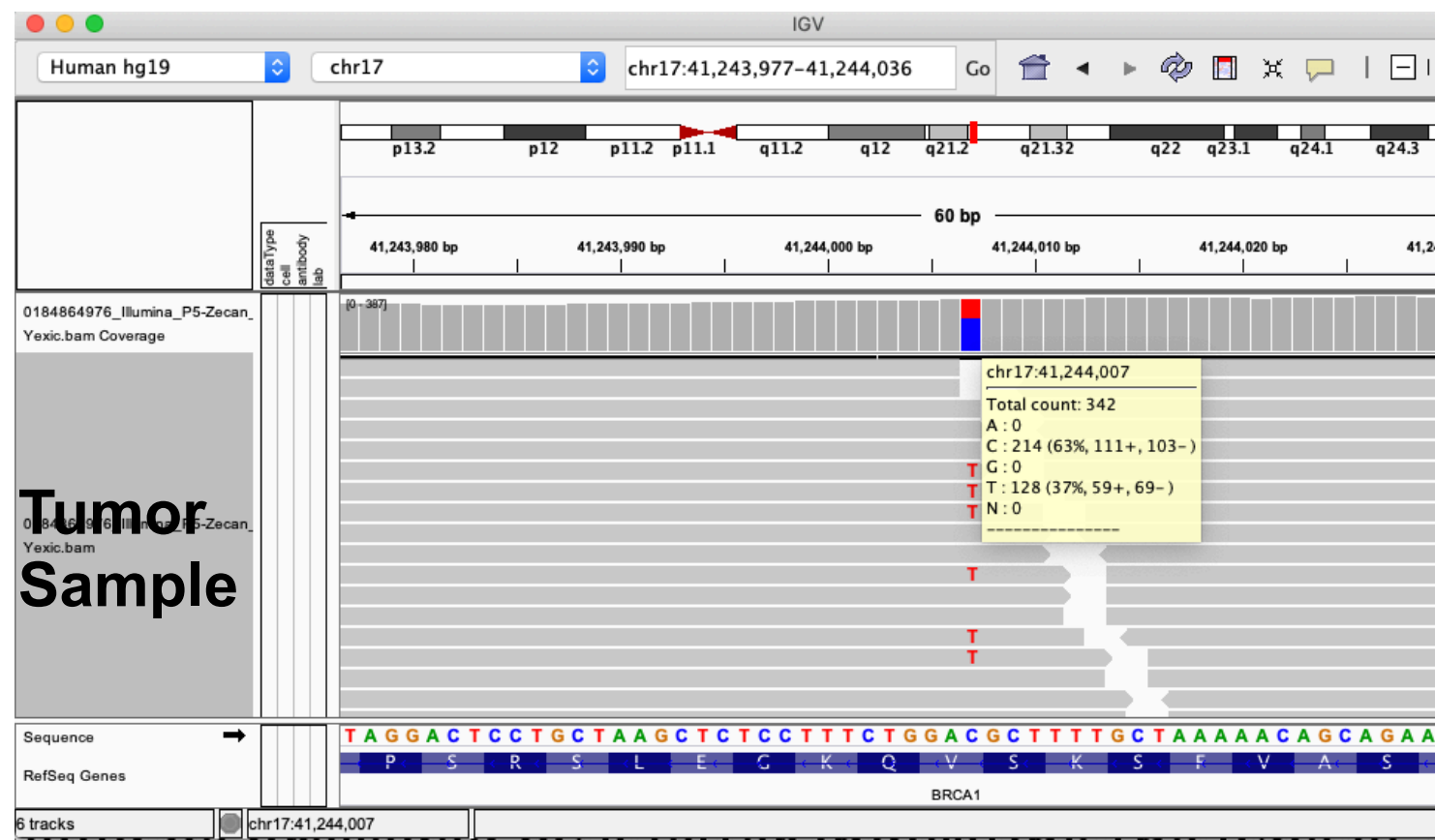


Potential SNV with
128/342 (37%) VAF

p.V1181I

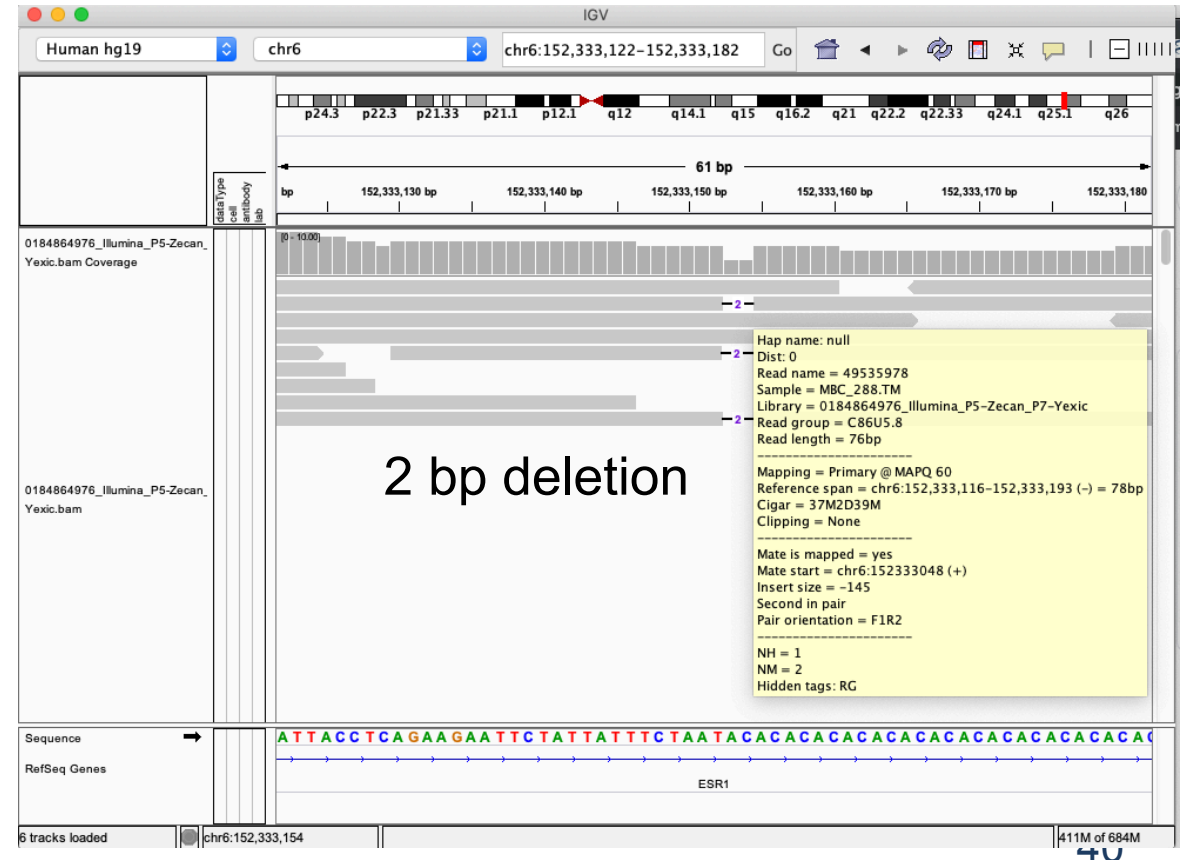
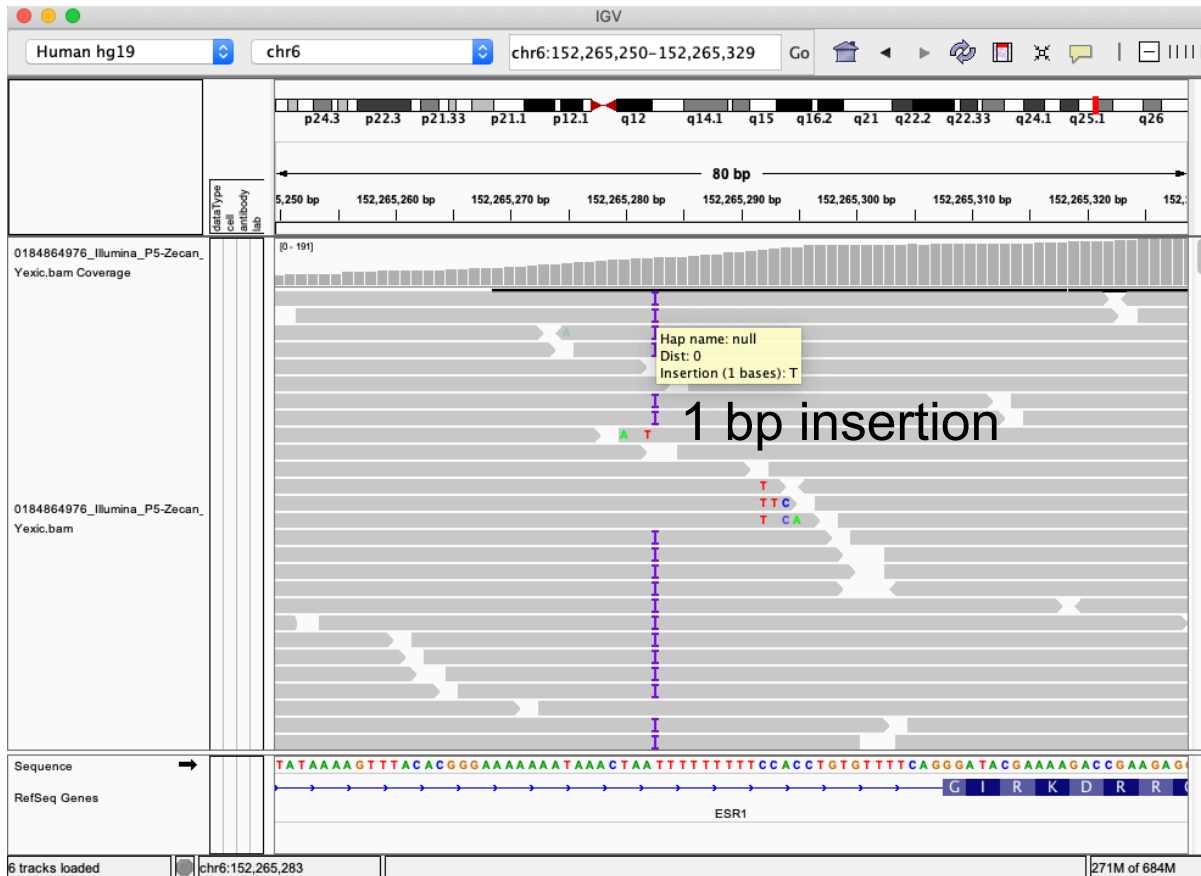
Genome Variant Analysis: Single Nucleotide Variant (SNV)

- Somatic **SNV** requires comparing case (tumor) with control (PBMC)



Genome Variant Analysis: Insertion & Deletion (INDEL)

- 1 to 10,000 bps size range
- Can lead to in-frame or frame-shift mutations
- Recall: CIGAR strings



Genome Variant Analysis: Tools to Predict SNP/SNV/INDEL

1. GATK4 (<https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/>)

a. HaplotypeCaller

- Call germline SNPs and INDELs using local reassembly of haplotypes
- Variant Quality Score Recalibration (VQSR)
 - VariantRecalibrator + ApplyVQSR

b. Mutect2

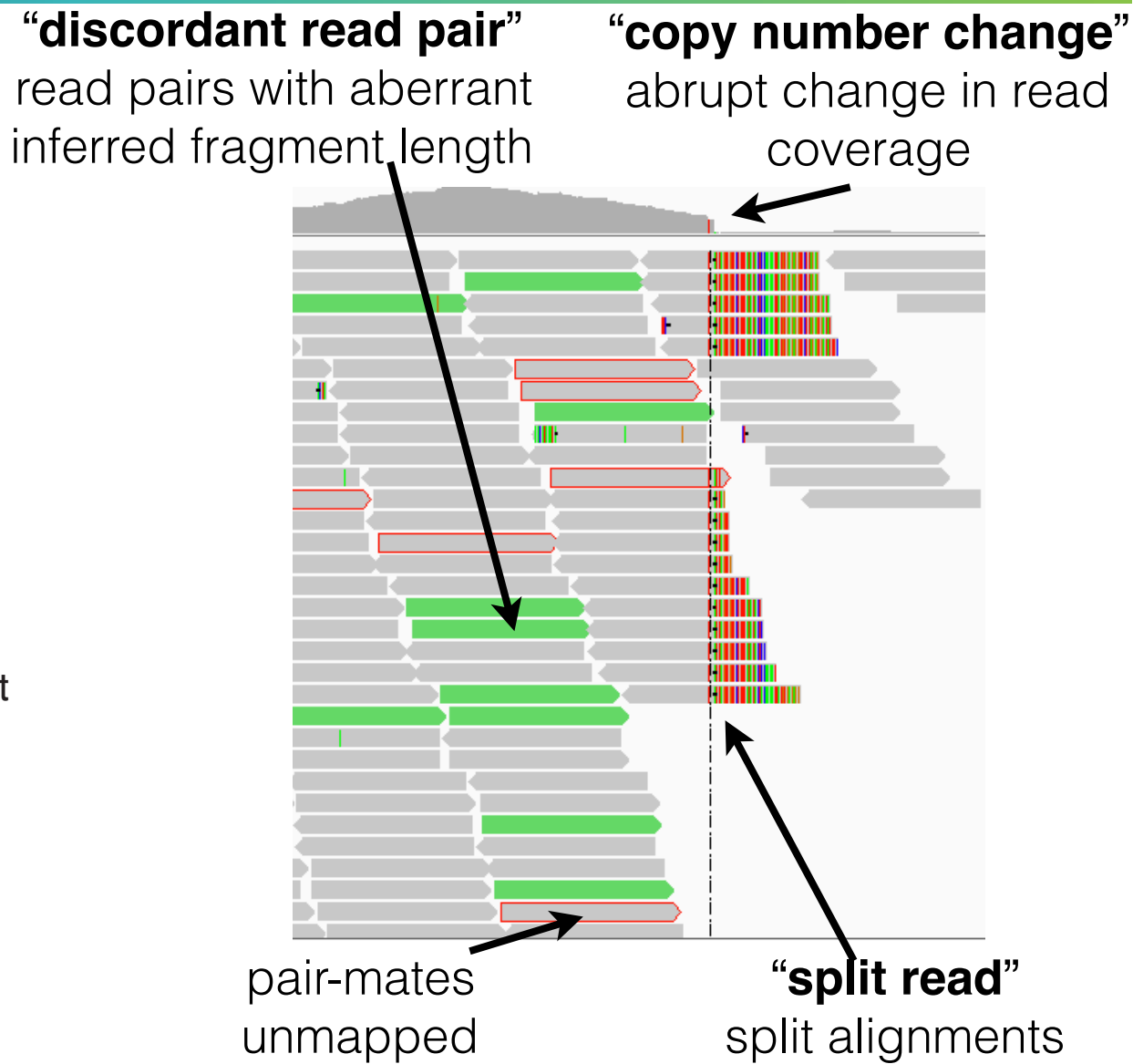
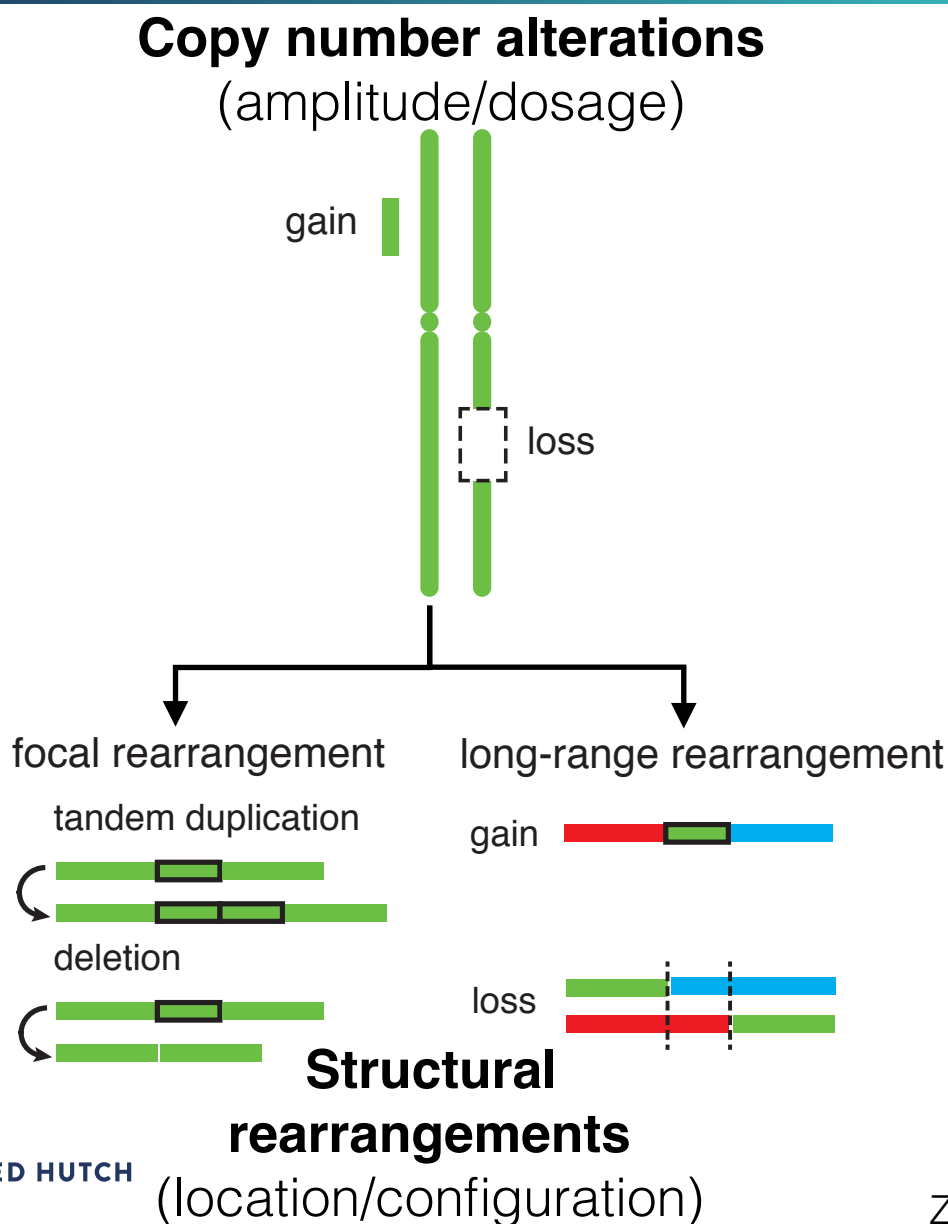
- Call somatic SNVs using with tumor and normal pairing
- https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/documentation/tooldocs/4.beta.5/org_broadinstitute_hellbender_tools_walkers_mutect_Mutect2.php

2. Strelka (<https://github.com/Illumina/strelka>, Kim et al. Nature Methods, 2018)

3. Others: VarScan2, SomaticSniper, MuSE, LoLoPicker, deepSNV, FreeBayes, Platypus,

CaVEMan, DeepVariant, JointSNVMix2, ShearWater,

Genome Variant Analysis: Copy Number and Structural Variation



Genome Variant Analysis: Tools to Predict SVs

1. Germline SV

- GATK4
- LUMPY (<https://github.com/arq5x/lumpy-sv>)
- DELLY (<https://github.com/dellytools/delly>)
- Manta (<https://github.com/Illumina/manta>)

2. Somatic SV

- BreakDancer (<https://github.com/genome/breakdancer>)
- SvABA (<https://github.com/walaj/svaba>)

3. Others: Comparison of 69 SV tools (Kosugi et al. *Genome Biol*, 2019)

Genome Variant Analysis: Copy Number Variation



Genome Variant Analysis: Tools to Predict CNVs

1. Germline CNV

- GATK4
- DNACopy (<https://github.com/veseshan/DNACopy>)
- Others: cn.MOPS, VarScan2

2. Somatic CNV for Cancer

- ASCAT (<https://github.com/Crick-CancerGenomics/ascats>)
- ABSOLUTE (<https://software.broadinstitute.org/cancer/cga/absolute>)
- TITAN (<https://github.com/gavinha/TitanCNA>)
- Battenberg (<https://github.com/cancerit/cgpBattenberg>)
- Others: CNVkit, Sequenza, ichorCNA, HMMcopy

Genome Variant Analysis: Common Variant File Formats

a. Variant Call Format (VCF)

- <http://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/VCFv4.2.pdf>
- Used mostly for SNV/SNP, INDEL, and SV

b. Mutation Annotation Format (MAF)

- https://docs.gdc.cancer.gov/Data/File_Formats/MAF_Format/
- <http://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv/MutationData>
- Tab-delimited format containing columns for mutation information and annotations
- Used primarily for SNV/SNP and INDEL data

c. Browser Embedded Data (BED)

- <https://bedtools.readthedocs.io/>
- Used for any genomic features/region and annotations, including CNV and SV (BEDPE)

d. Others

- <http://genome.ucsc.edu/FAQ/FAQformat>
- GFF, WIG/bigWIG, etc.

Genome Variant Analysis: Variant Call Format (VCF)

<http://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/VCFv4.2.pdf>

a. Header information

```
##fileformat=VCFv4.2
##GATKCommandLine=<ID=HaplotypeCaller,CommandLine="HaplotypeCaller">
##INFO=<ID=AC,Number=A,Type=Integer,Description="Allele count in genotypes, for each ALT allele">
##INFO=<ID=AF,Number=A,Type=Float,Description="Allele Frequency, for each ALT allele, in the same order as listed">
##INFO=<ID=AN,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=DP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Approximate read depth; some reads may have been filtered">
##FORMAT=<ID=AD,Number=R,Type=Integer,Description="Allelic depths for the ref and alt alleles in the order listed">
##FORMAT=<ID=DP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Approximate read depth">
##FORMAT=<ID=GQ,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Genotype Quality">
##FORMAT=<ID=GT,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Genotype">
##FORMAT=<ID=PL,Number=G,Type=Integer,Description="Normalized, Phred-scaled likelihoods for genotypes as defined in the VCF specification">
##FORMAT=<ID=PS,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="ID of Phase Set for Variant">
##FILTER=<ID=PASS,Description="All filters passed">
##FILTER=<ID=LowQual,Description="Low quality">
```

b. Variant record

| #CHROM | POS | ID | REF | ALT | QUAL | FILTER | INFO | FORMAT | Sample_1 |
|--------|-------|----|-----|-----|-------|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| chr1 | 11542 | . | A | T | 49.77 | PASS | AC=1;AF=0.5;AN=2;DP=4 | GT:AD:DP:GQ:PL:PS | 0 1:2,2:4:78:78,0,78 |

Genome Variant Analysis: Variant Annotation Tools

ANNOVAR (<http://annovar.openbioinformatics.org>)

SnEff (<http://snpeff.sourceforge.net>)

SIFT (<https://sift.bii.a-star.edu.sg/>) - predict amino acid substitution effects on protein function

GATK VariantAnnotator

VariantAnnotation R Package (<https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/VariantAnnotation.html>)

Variant Annotation Integrator (UCSC, <https://genome.ucsc.edu/cgi-bin/hgVai>)

BioMart (<http://www.biomart.org/>)

Genome Variant Analysis: Variant Databases

1000 Genomes Project (<https://www.internationalgenome.org/>)

dbSNP (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/snp/>)

dbVar (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/dbvar/>)

ClinVar (<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/clinvar/>)

Exome Aggregation Consortium (ExAC, <http://exac.broadinstitute.org/>)

- Lek et al. Nature, 536, 285-91 (2016)

Genome Aggregation Database (gnomAD, <https://gnomad.broadinstitute.org/>)

- Karczewski et al. bioRxiv (2019)

Genome Data Commons (<https://portal.gdc.cancer.gov/>)