

Introduction to Sequencing Data Analysis

Lecture 15

Thursday, November 15, 2022

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Overview

I. Introduction to sequence data and resources

II. Tools for analyzing and visualizing sequencing data

Overview: Learning Objectives

1. Sequence data

- Databases and online resources for sequence data
- Learn the common sequence data file formats

2. Tools for sequencing data

- Tools to query, inspect, visualize an aligned sequence file
- Learn the contents of sequence data files
- Learn to generate sequencing metrics and to process sequence data
- Learn about Python and R libraries/packages to read sequence data
- 3. Genome variant analysis (Background; Next Lecture)
 - Types of genomic variation
 - Tools to predict genomic variations
 - Learn the common file formats for variation data
 - Databases and online resources for human variation data

Sequence Data: International Consortia and Projects

1000 Genomes Project (https://www.internationalgenome.org/)

UK10K (https://www.uk10k.org/)

The 100,000 Genomes Project (https://www.genomicsengland.co.uk/)

Rare disease, cancer, infectious disease

Genome 10K Project (https://genome10k.soe.ucsc.edu/)

Genomic "zoo" of 16,000 vertebrate species

Exome Aggregation Consortium (ExAC) (http://exac.broadinstitute.org/)

Genome Aggregation Database (gnomAD) (https://gnomad.broadinstitute.org/)

The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA) (https://portal.gdc.cancer.gov/)

International Cancer Genome Consortium (ICGC) (https://icgc.org/)





UK10K

Rare Genetic Variants in Health and Disease



#100kThankYous









Common Repositories/Databases for human sequence data

1.NCBI Sequence Read Archive (SRA)

- Publicly available data submitted from studies (e.g. Gene Expression Omnibus [GEO])
- https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gds/
- Controlled access (e.g. dbGaP)

2. European Genome Phenome Archive (EGA)

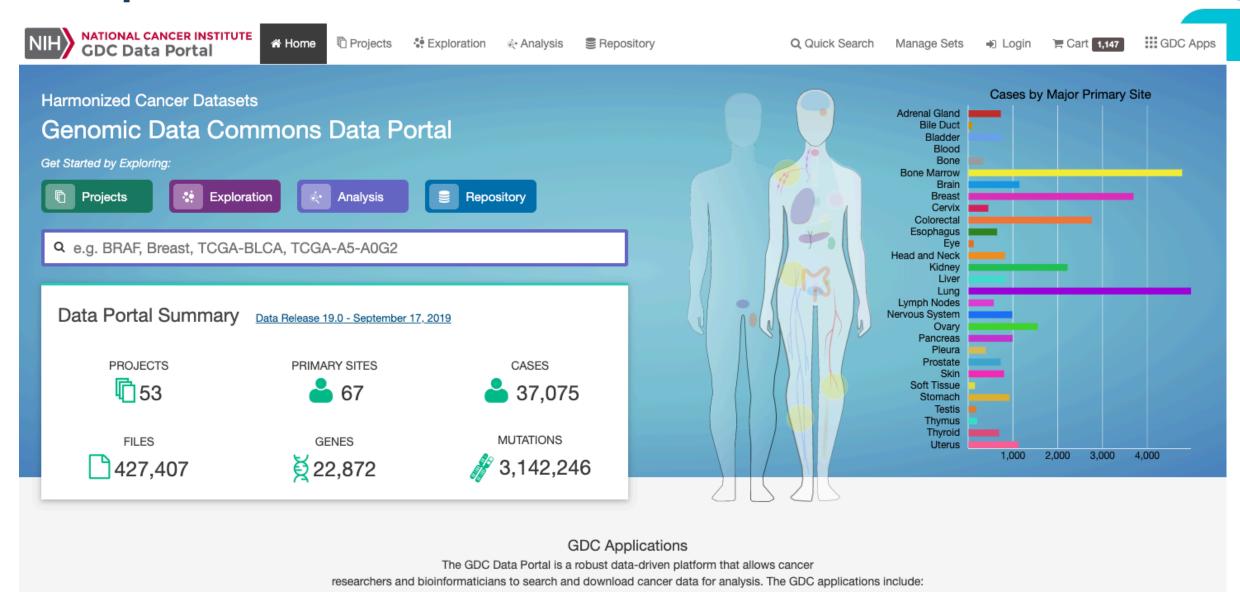
https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ega/home

3.NIH NCI Genomic Data Commons (GDC) Data Portal

- https://portal.gdc.cancer.gov/
- Harmonized Cancer Datasets

4.ICGC Data Portal

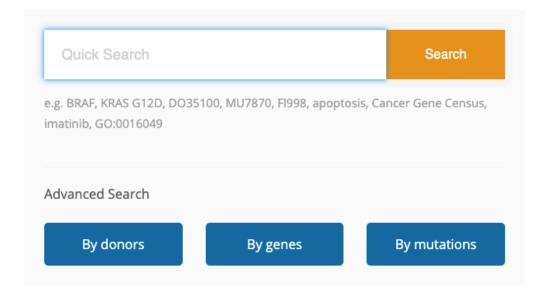
https://dcc.icgc.org/

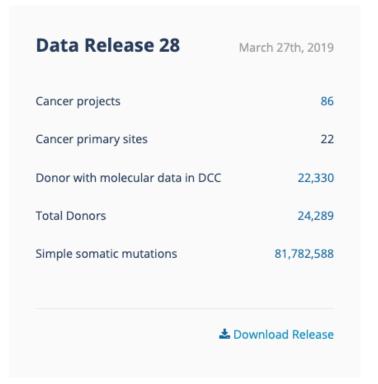


Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center

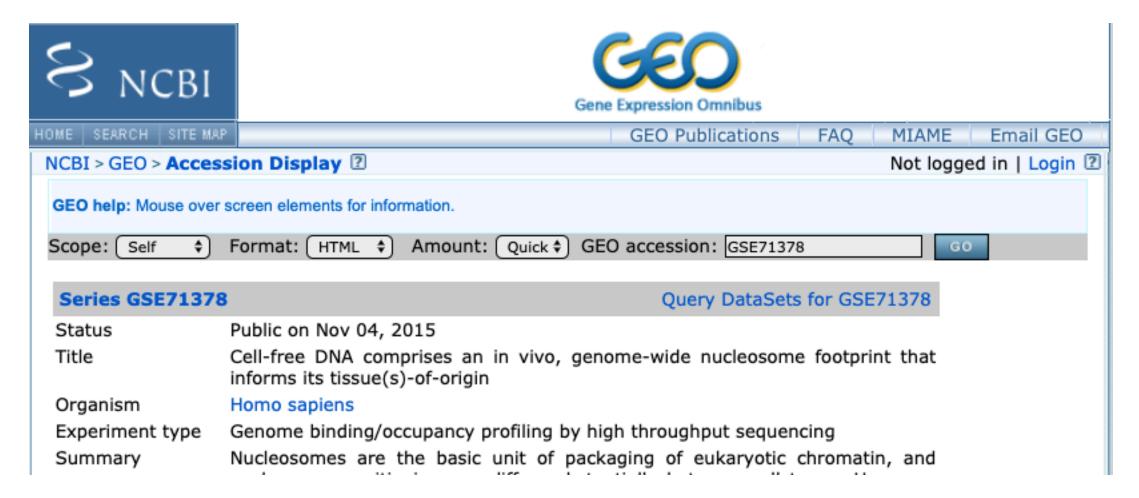


Cancer genomics data sets visualization, analysis and download.

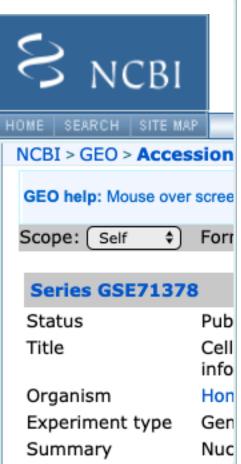


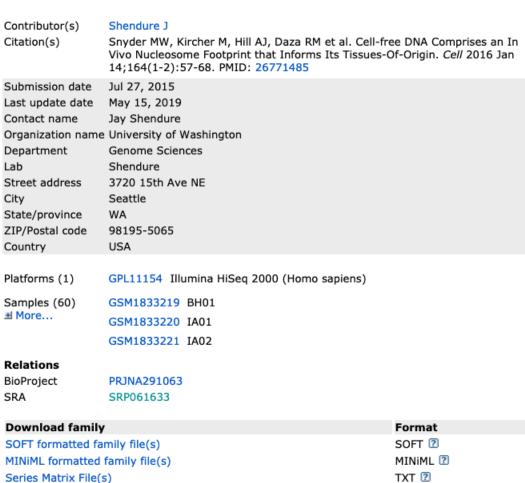


Sequence Read Archive (SRA) & GEO example (GSE71378)



Sequence Read

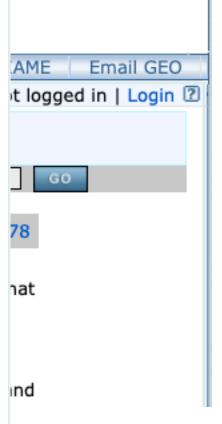




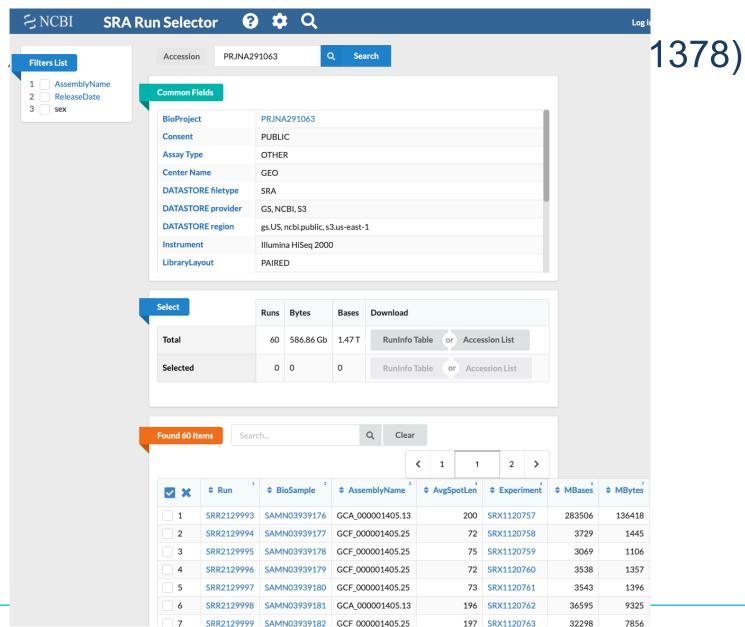
Download family	Format
SOFT formatted family file(s)	SOFT 2
MINIML formatted family file(s)	MINIML 2
Series Matrix File(s)	TXT 🖸

Supplementary file	Size	Download	File type/resource
GSE71378_BH01.bb	311.8 Mb	(ftp)(http)	BB
GSE71378_CA01.bb	325.0 Mb	(ftp)(http)	BB
GSE71378_CH01.bb	319.7 Mb	(ftp)(http)	BB
GSE71378_IH01.bb	296.6 Mb	(ftp)(http)	BB
GSE71378_IH02.bb	248.3 Mb	(ftp)(http)	BB
SRA Run Selector 2			

1378)



Sequence Read



Sequence Data: File formats

Sequences

- Genome sequences FASTA (.fasta or .fa)
- Sequenced reads FASTQ (.fastq or .fq)

Sequence Alignment/Map Format

- https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf
- Sequence Alignment SAM (.sam)
- Binary Alignment BAM (.bam) or CRAM (.cram)

Sequence Read Archive (SRA) & GEO example (GSE71378)

SRA Toolkit required to download and extract .sra files

Download .sra file

```
prefetch SRR2130004
```

Convert .sra file to fastq

```
fastq-dump SRR2130004 # use accession
fastq-dump SRR2130004.sra # use file if already downloaded
```

Convert .sra file to SAM/BAM file

```
# will write data to a SAM file
sam-dump --header SRR2130004.sra > SAMN03160688.sam
# will write data to a BAM file
sam-dump --header SRR2130004.sra | samtools view -bS - > BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam
```

For your reference.

Sequence Data: Sequence alignment

Burrows-Wheeler Aligner, bwa (http://bio-bwa.sourceforge.net/)

- aln for 35bp to 100bp reads
- mem for reads with length 70bp to 1Mb (Recommended for most)

```
# If two fastq files, one for each mate of paired-end reads
bwa mem -M reference.fa BRCA_IDC_cfDNA_R1.fq BRCA_IDC_cfDNA_R2.fq > BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam

# If single fastq file with paired-end reads interleaved
bwa mem -M -p reference.fa BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.fq > BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam
```

Li H. and Durbin R. (2009) Fast and accurate short read alignment with Burrows-Wheeler Transform. Bioinformatics, 25:1754-60. [PMID: 19451168]

For your reference.

Tools for Sequencing Data: Overview

1. Inspecting and Reading SAM/BAM files

SAMtools

2. Interactive Visualization

Integrative Genomics Viewer (https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv)

3. Sequencing metrics and Processing

- SAMtools
- Genomic Analysis Toolkit (GATK) and Picard Tools

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1. Inspecting and Reading BAM Files

SAMtools (http://www.htslib.org/)

Demo & Exercise

- (16

Sequence Data: Inspecting and Reading BAM Files

SAMtools (http://www.htslib.org/)

Indexing

```
samtools index BRCA IDC cfDNA.bam #required for all BAM files
```

File operations

```
samtools sort BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam #sort by coordinate
```

Statistics

```
samtools flagstat BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam #get general alignment metrics
```

Viewing

```
# view header information
samtools view -H BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam

# view aligned reads at chr17:37844393
samtools view BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam 17:37844393
```

https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf

A. Header information

```
samtools view -H BRCA IDC cfDNA.bam
@HD
       VN:1.2
               SO:coordinate
@SQ
       SN:1
               IN: 249250621
@SO
       SN:2 LN:243199373
@SO
       SN:3 LN:198022430
@SO
       SN:4 LN:191154276
@SO
       SN:5
            LN:180915260
@SQ
       SN:6
            LN:171115067
@SQ
       SN:7
            IN: 159138663
@SQ
       SN:8
            LN:146364022
@SQ
       SN:9
            LN:141213431
```

https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf

A. Header information

- @нр: Header line
 - SO: Sorting order of alignments (unknown, unsorted, coordinate, queryname)
- @SD: Reference sequence dictionary
 - SN: Reference sequence name typically, one row for each chromosome
 - LN: Length of reference sequence
- @RG: Read group
 - ID: Read group identifier (must be unique)
 - PL: Platform or technology used (e.g. ILLUMINA)
 - SM: Sample ID and/or pool being sequenced
- @PG: Program/tool information
 - ID: Unique name, PN: Program name; CL: Command line

https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf

B. Alignment information

https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf

B. Alignment information

```
samtools view BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam 17:37844393-37844393
                                                          Mate's
Query (Read)
                         Read
· · · Name
                 Reference and Position
                                                   Reference and Position
41976152
              163
                    17
                            37844359
                                          60
                                                 39M
                                                               37844477
157
ACTCTCCGCTGAAGTCCACACAGTTTAAATTAAAGTTCC
                                   NM:i:0
RG:Z:P12.17.7_Breast NH:i:1
                               Read Sequence
```

https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf

B. Alignment information

```
samtools view BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam 17:37844393-37844393
Template Length
                                         CIGAR
                                 Mapping
(Insert Size or
           Flag
                                  Quality
                                         string
                   17
             163
                         37844359
                                    60
                                          39M
                                                     37844477
  157
  RG:Z:P12.17.7 Breast NH:i:1
                      NM:i:0
```

https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf

B. Alignment Format

- 1. QNAME: query (read) template name
- 2. FLAG: bitwise value describing the alignment
 - e.g. 4 read is unmapped; 2 proper pair; 1024 PCR duplicate
 - https://www.samformat.info/sam-format-flag
- 3. RNAME: reference sequence name (i.e. chr1 or 1)
- 4. POS: position of aligned read (leftmost; 1-based)
- 5. MAPQ: Mapping quality
- 6. CIGAR: Code string to describe read alignment sequence match to reference
- 7. RNEXT: reference sequence name of mate read
- 8. PNEXT: position of mate read
- 9. TLEN: template (read) length; 0 if mates on different chromosomes
- 10.SEQ: sequence of mapped reads on forward genomic strand
- 11.QUAL: base qualities (Phred-scale)

Exercise: SAMtools

```
# While in dev container
conda activate samtools
# Go to directory where class data has been downloaded
cd myDataDirectory
```

1. Run samtools view header command on BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam a. What is the read group (@RG) ID?

2. Run samtools view at 17:7579472–7579472 a. What is the insert size?

Tools for Sequencing Data: Overview

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- 3. Sequencing metrics and Processing
 - SAMtools
 - Genomic Analysis Toolkit (GATK) and Picard Tools

2. Interactive Visualization

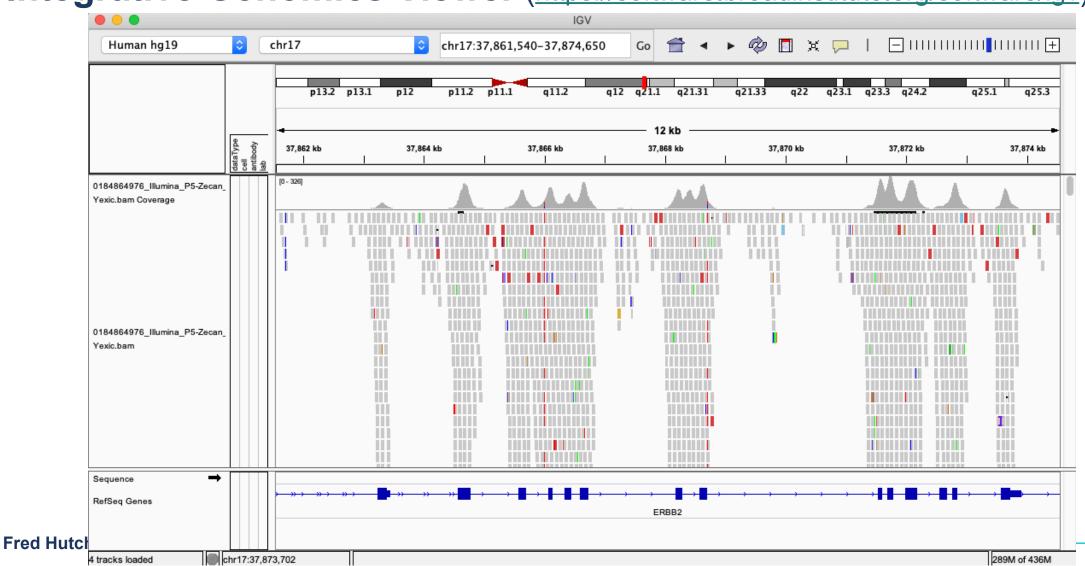
Integrative Genomics Viewer

(https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv)

Demo + Exercise

Tools for Sequencing Data: Interactive Visualization

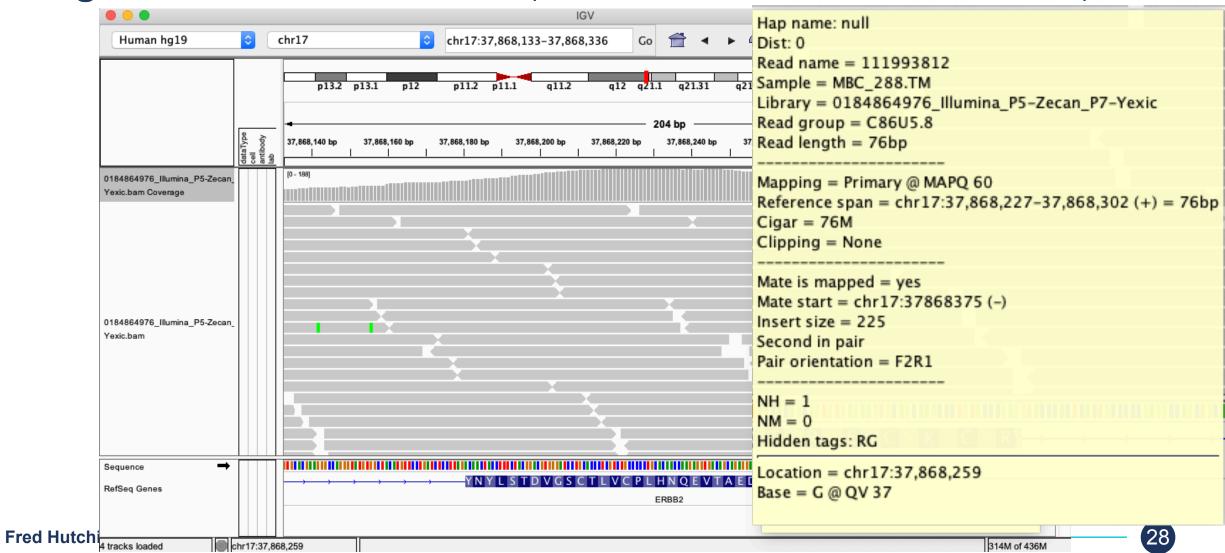
Integrative Genomics Viewer (https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv)



Tools for Sequencing Data: Interactive Visualization

Integrative Genomics Viewer (https://software.broadinstitute.org/software/igv)

m chr17:37,868,259



314M of 436M

Exercise: IGV

Instructions:

Launch IGV-Web (https://igv.org/app/).

Tracks > Local File > select both <u>BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam</u> and <u>BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam.bai</u>

Questions:

- 1. Go to location chr17:7,579,517
 - a. Which gene and exon # is at this location?
 - b. How many reads match the reference? How many don't? What are the nucleotides bases?
- 2. Go to location chr13:32,912,062
 - a. Which gene and exon # is at this location?
 - b. What is the "Read length", "Insert size", and "CIGAR" for the read found here?
 - c. File > Load from Server > Annotations > Variation and Repeats > check dbSNP
 - i. What is the "Name" (rs ID) and "Class" of the SNP located at this position?

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3. Tools for Sequence Data Processing

PICARD and GATK

https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/

https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/best-practices/

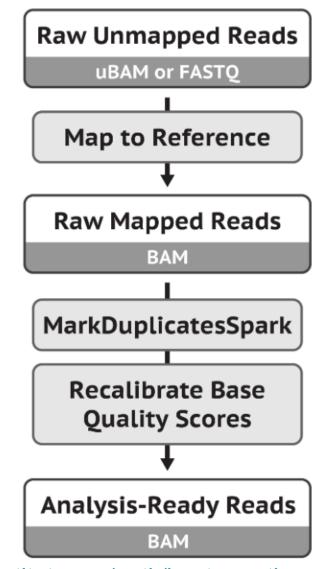
Demo + Exercise

Tools for Sequencing Data: Processing

Picard Tools & GATK4: Best practices

- 1. Mark Duplicates
 - 1. MarkDuplicates + SortSam (Picard)
- 2. Base Quality Score Recalibration (BQSR)
 - 1. BaseRecalibrator (GATK4)
 - 2. ApplyBQSR (GATK4)

```
picard MarkDuplicates \
INPUT=BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam \
REMOVE_DUPLICATES=false \
OUTPUT=BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.marked_duplicates.bam \
METRIC_FILE=BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.markDupMetrics.txt
```



https://software.broadinstitute.org/gatk/best-practices/

Tools for Sequencing Data: Sequencing Metrics

Picard Tools & GATK4: Best practices

- 3. Generate alignment metrics
 - a. CollectMultipleMetrics
 - CollectAlignmentSummaryMetrics
 - CollectInsertSizeMetrics
 - b. Collect assay-specific metrics
 - CollectWgsMetrics Whole genome sequencing
 - CollectHsMetrics Hybrid Selection (i.e. whole exome)
 - CollectRnaSeqMetrics RNA-seq
 - CollectTargetedPcrMetrics Targeted PCR amplicon sequencing
 - C. EstimateLibraryComplexity
 - a. Estimates the number of unique molecules in the library

 https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/picard-metric-definitions.html

Tools for Sequencing Data: Sequencing Metrics

Picard Tools & GATK4: Best practices

3. Generate alignment metrics: (a) CollectWgsMetrics

```
picard CollectWgsMetrics \
INPUT=BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam \
OUTPUT=BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.alignMetrics.txt \
REFERENCE_SEQUENCE=hs37d5.fa \
VALIDATION_STRINGENCY=LENIENT
```

GENOME_TERRITORY	MEAN_COVERAGE	SD_COVERAGE	MEDIAN_COVERAGE	PCT_EXC_MAPQ	PCT_EXC_DUPE	PCT_1X	PCT_5X
2900340137	1.053882	1.383867	1	0.137741	0	0.578236	0.015963

https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/command-line-overview.html https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/picard-metric-definitions.html#CollectWgsMetrics.WgsMetrics

Exercise: PICARD

Run CollectAlignmentSummaryMetrics for BRCA_IDC_cfDNA.bam

```
#While in Dev container
conda activate Picard
# Go to directory where class data has been downloaded
cd myDataDirectory
# Run Picard command
picard CollectAlignmentSummaryMetrics \
. . .
```

How many PF READS ALIGNED for PAIR Category?

https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/command-line-overview.html

Tools for Sequencing Data: Accessing BAM files in R & Python Python

PySam

https://pysam.readthedocs.io/en/latest/api.html

R and Bioconductor

- Rsamtools
 - Import BAM files into R
 - View the header information
 - Accessing read sequences, aligned positions, CIGAR, read names, etc
 - Large BAM files can be read in chunks to optimize memory
 - Create new BAM files using "Views" of a subset of reads

https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/vignettes/Rsamtools/inst/doc/Rsamtools-Overview.pdf

For your reference.

Lecture 15

R Bioconductor packages:

- VariantAnnotation
- GenomicRanges
- plyranges

Download data:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/ 13jM29nhzELyThKQXI27MrRXxbziVunQr?usp=sharing