

UNDERWATER ROBOTICS

*"Dive Into Innovation,
Shape The Future Beneath The Waves!"*

TEAM NAME : AQUAVISION 14.1



**TITLE : AquaVision – Smart AUV for Microplastic Detection
Using AI and 3D Simulations**



TEAM DETAILS

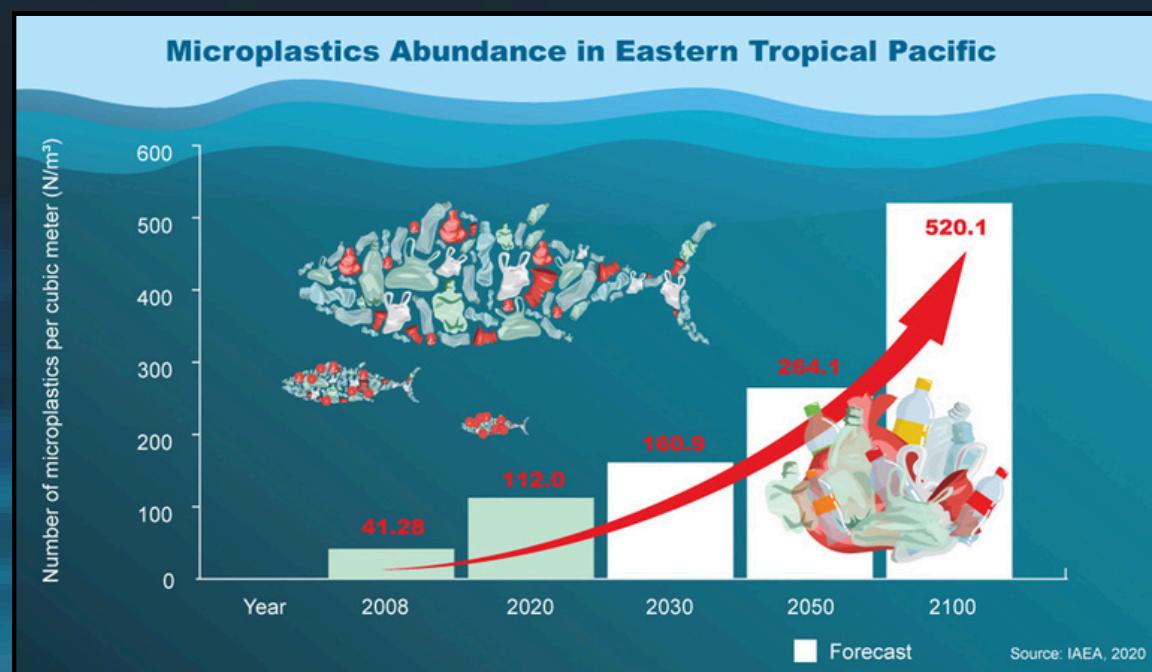
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PROBLEM STATEMENT

- **Microplastics** - particles < 5mm , pose severe threats to marine biodiversity and human health.
- India generates **9.46 million tons of plastic waste** annually - reported by the Central Pollution Control Board (**CPCB**) in 2023. 
- Existing technologies fail to provide scalable, real-time solutions.
- Urgent need for an autonomous, efficient and cost-effective system to detect and map microplastics accurately.



PROPOSED SOLUTION

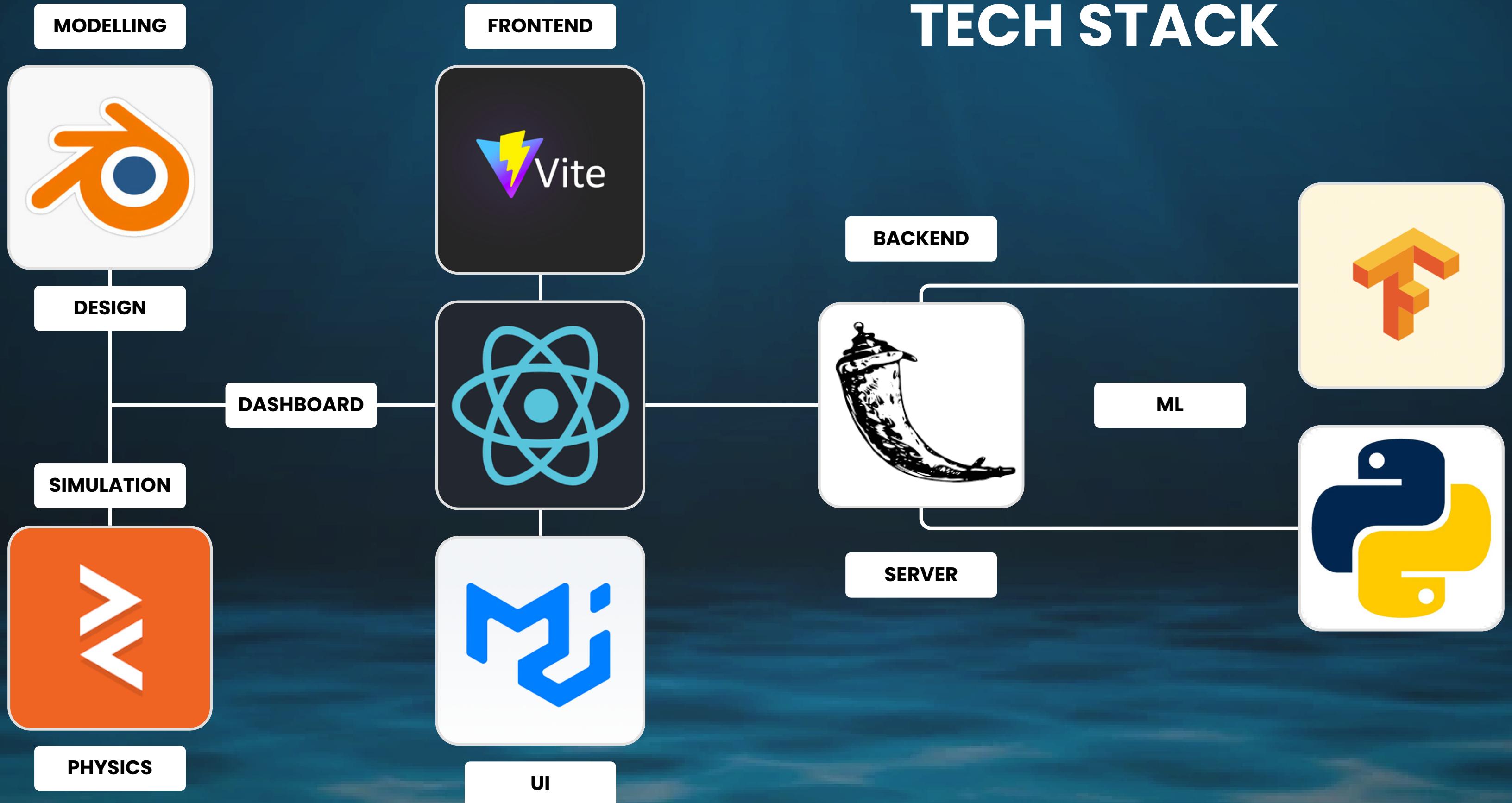


Development of AquaVision 14.1 - an Autonomous Underwater Vehicle (AUV) equipped with:

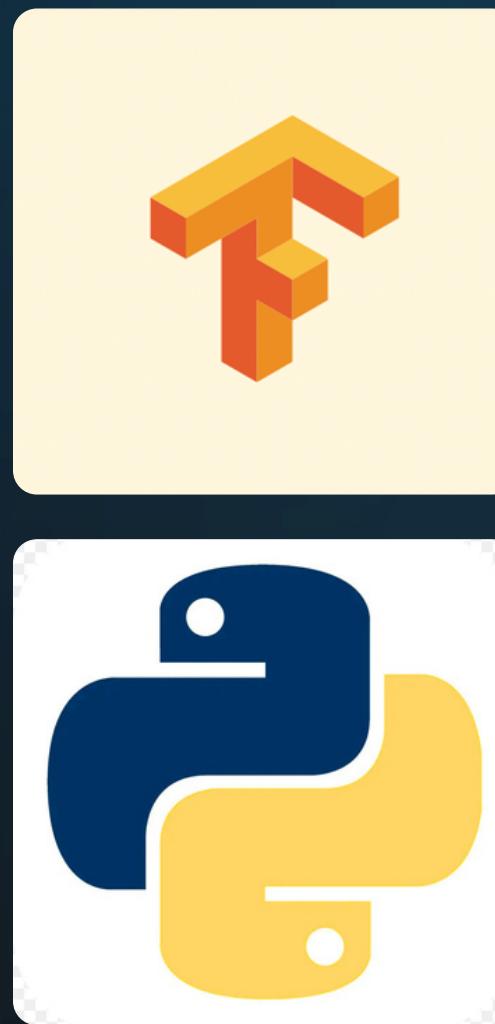
- High-resolution cameras for microplastic detection.
- AI-driven algorithms for real-time analysis and segmentation.
- Laser-based underwater communication for data transfer.
- 3D modeling for optimized structural and functional design.
- The system aligns with UNESCO's SDG 14.1 to combat marine pollution.



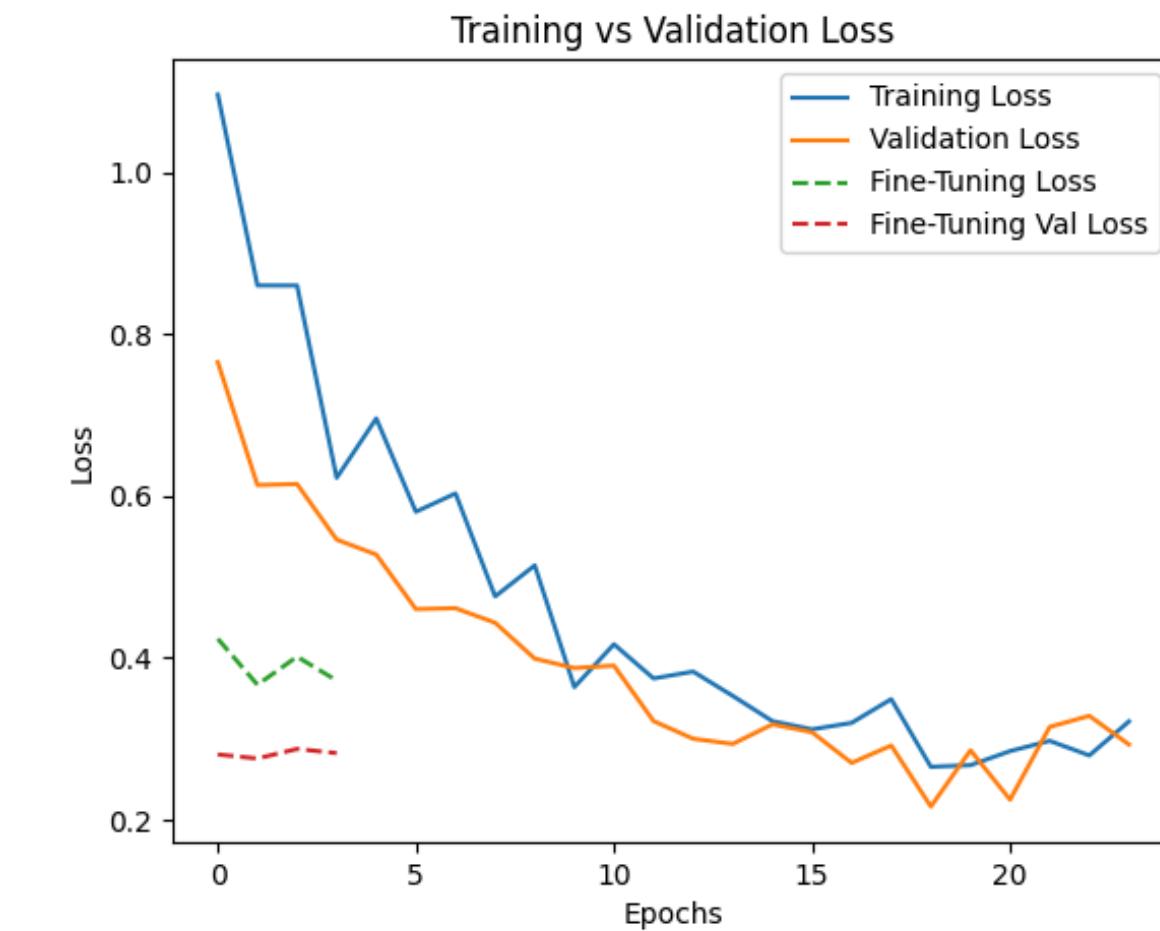
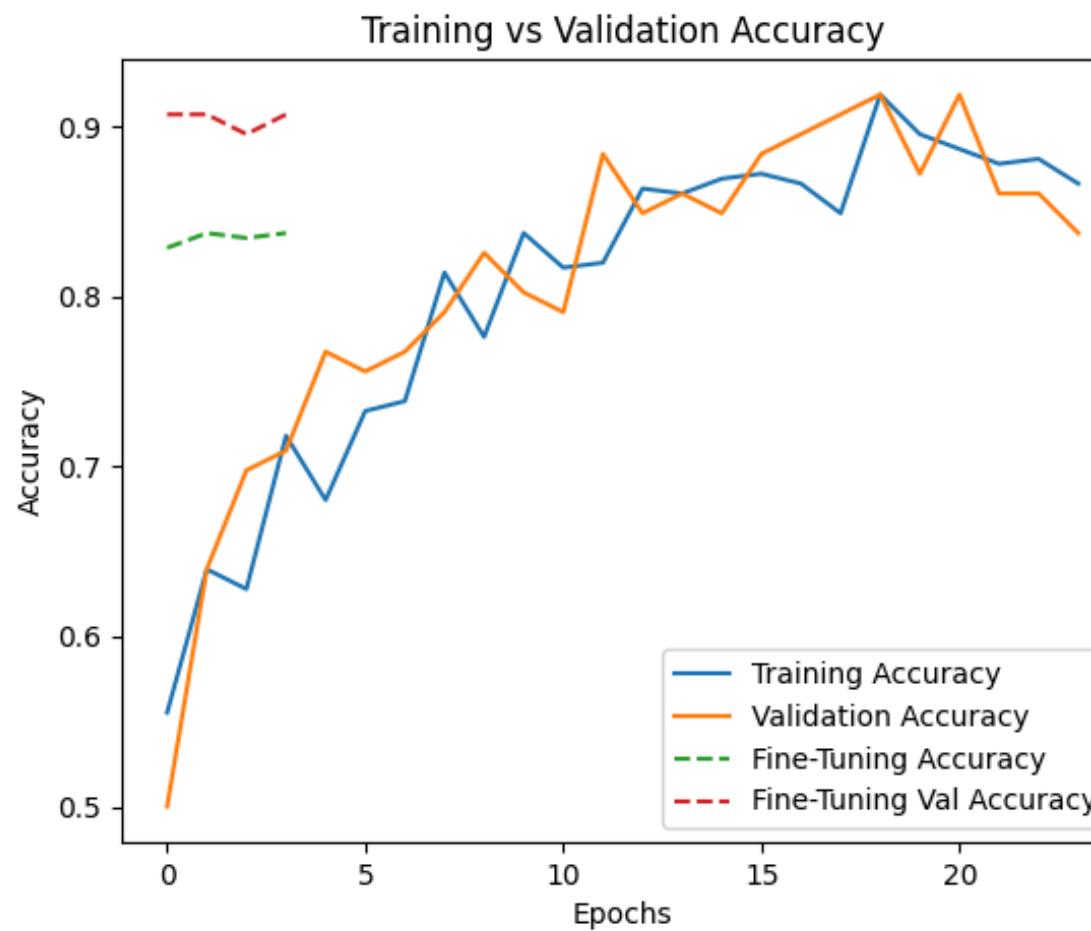
TECH STACK



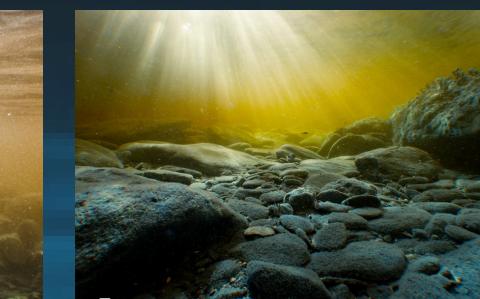
MICROPLASTIC DETECTION



Training Behaviours



Plastic Dataset

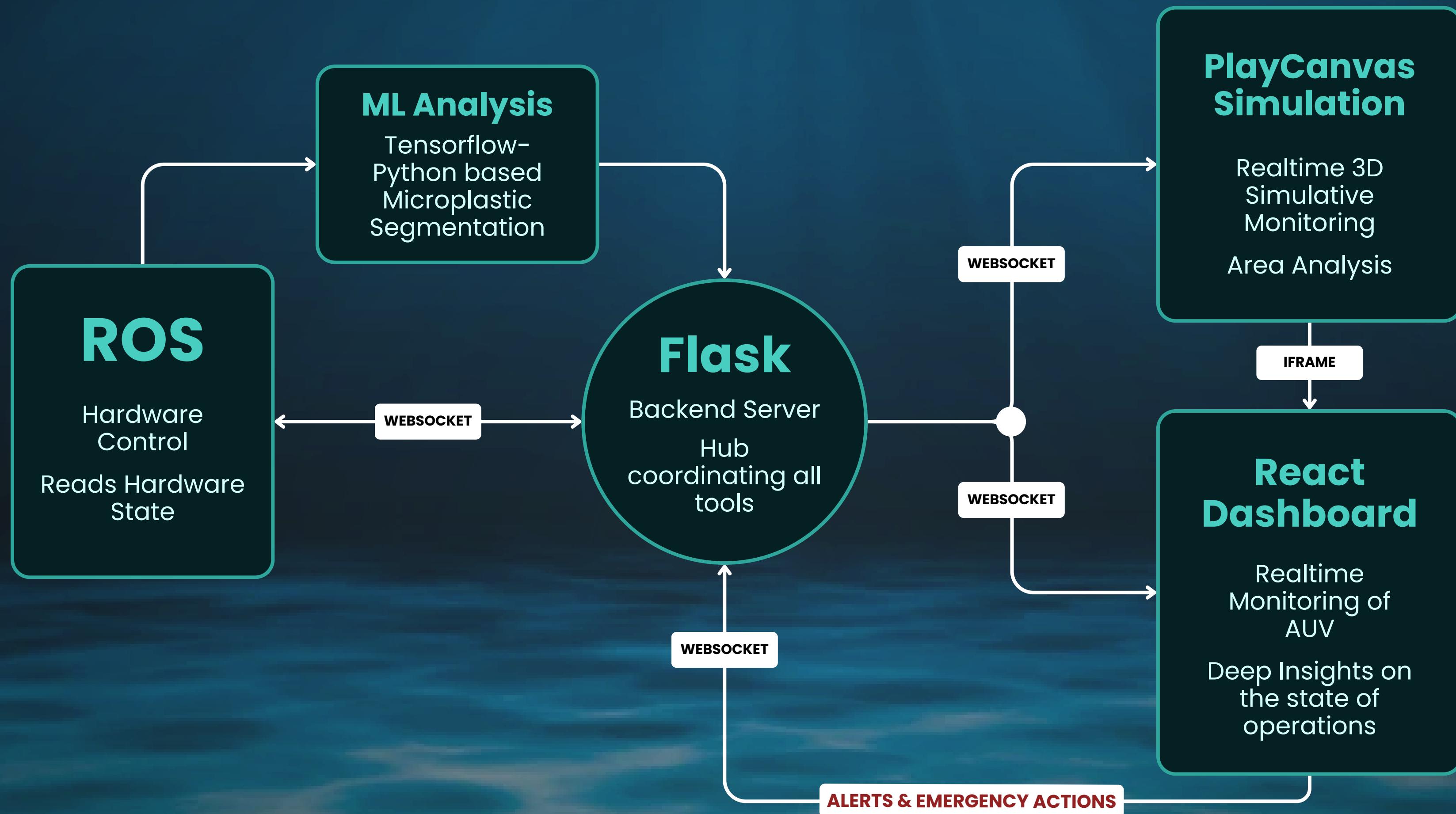


Clean Dataset

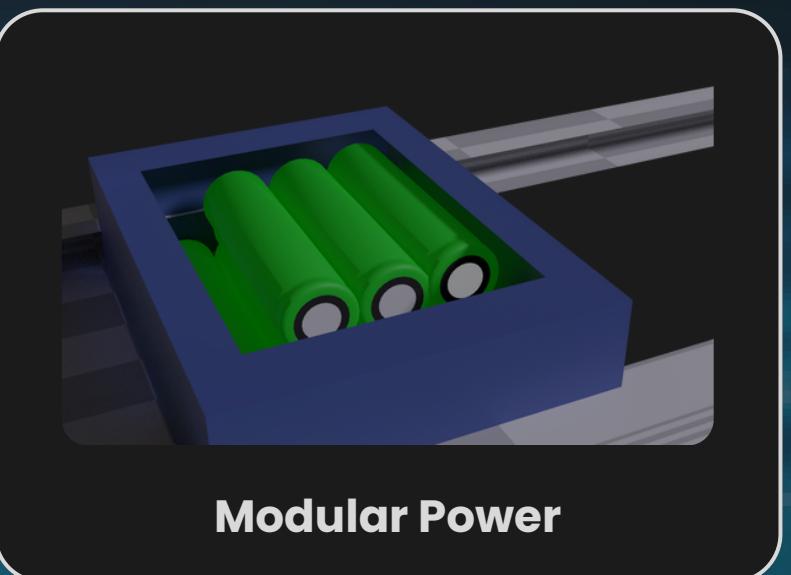
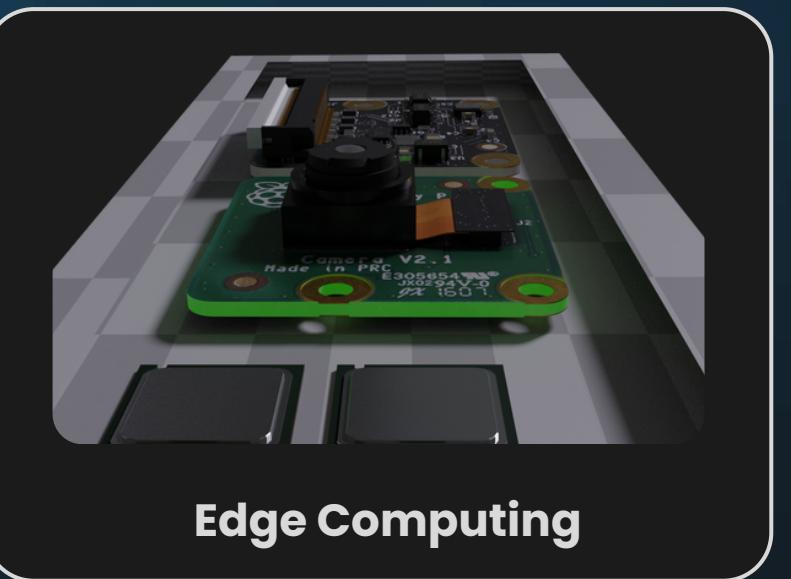
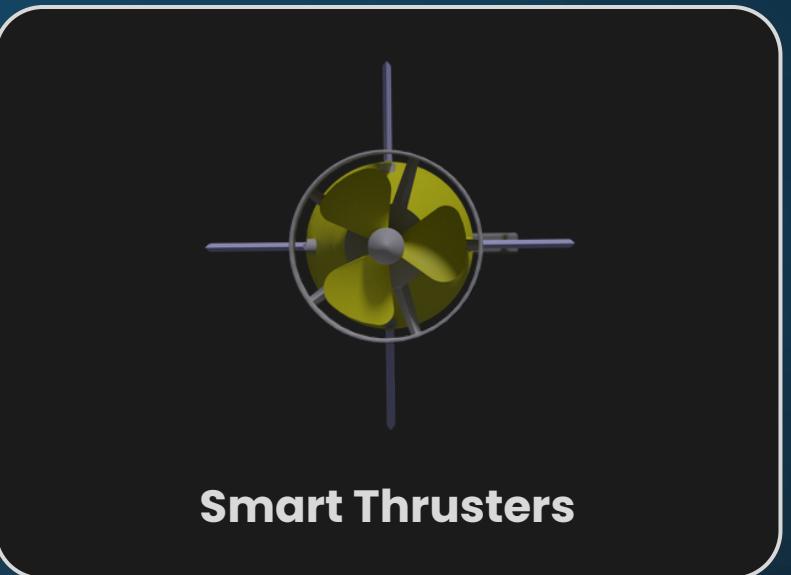
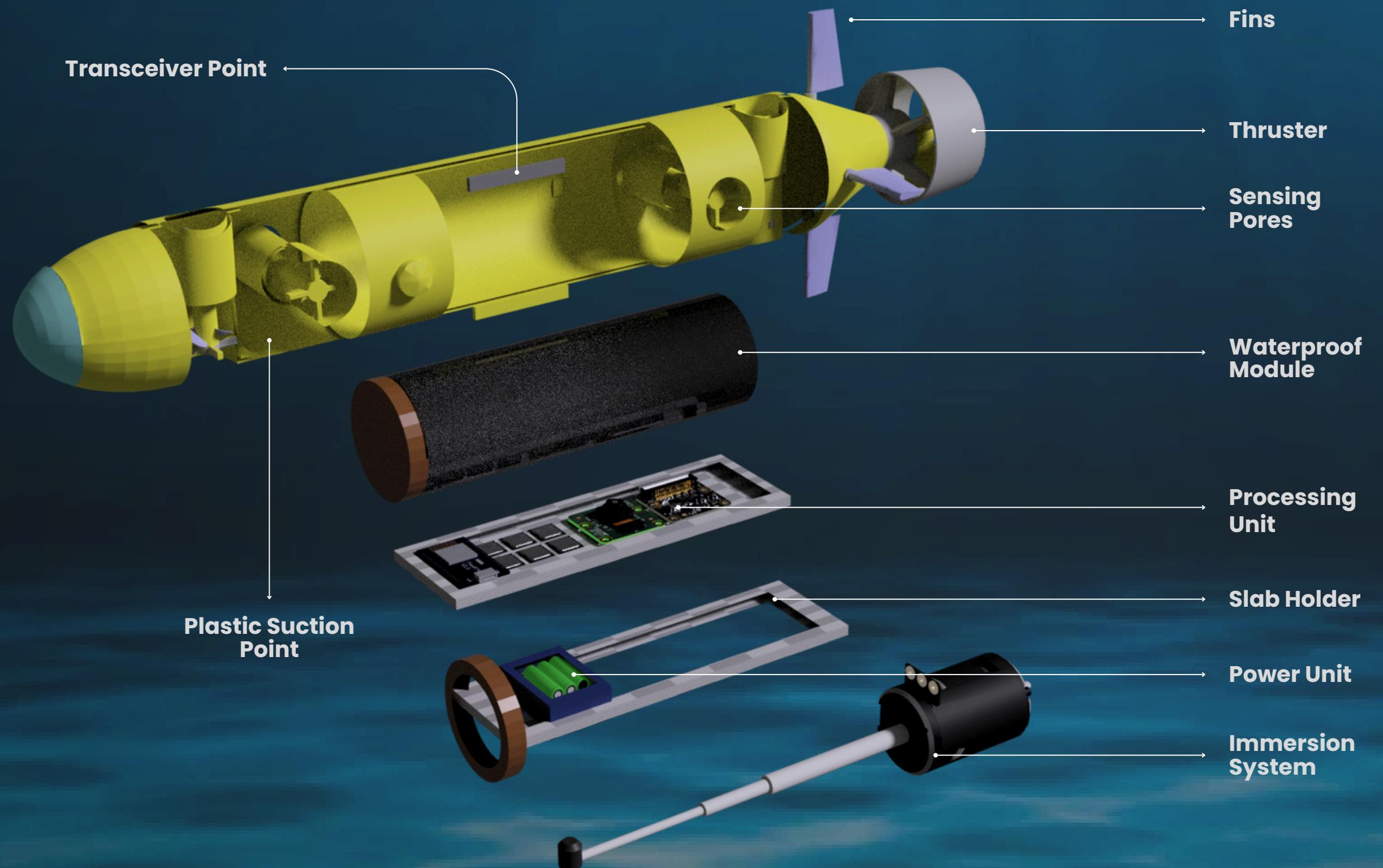


Detection

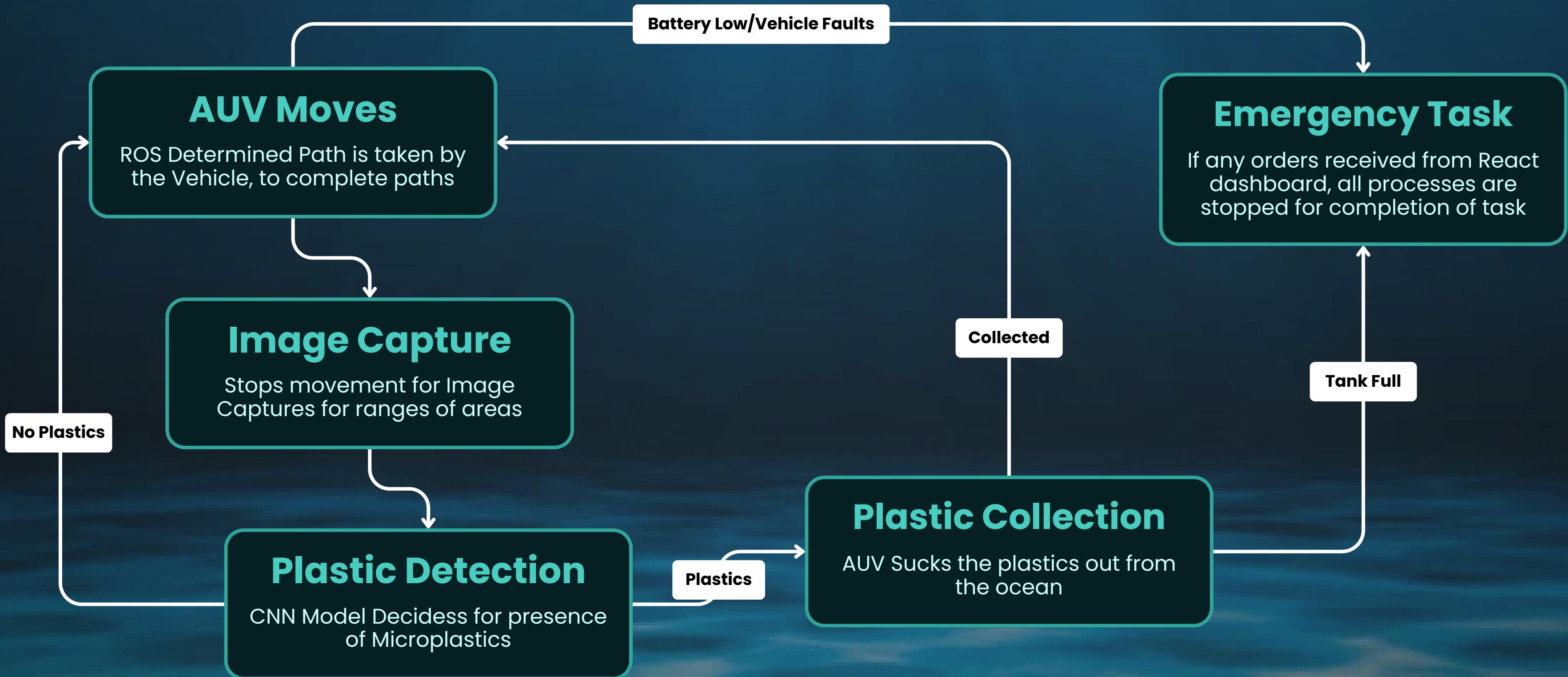
METHODOLOGY



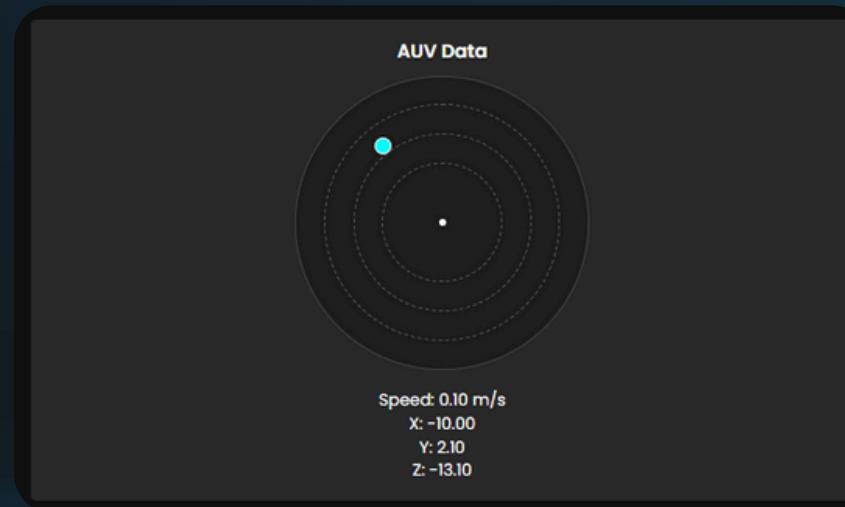
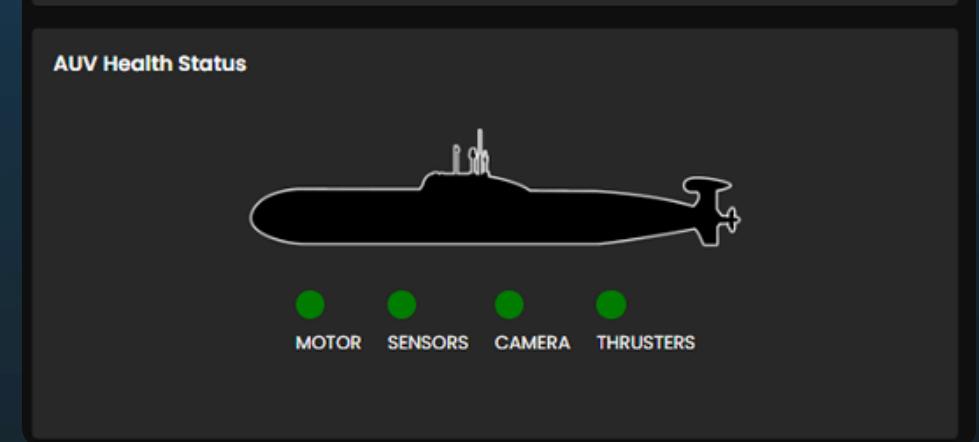
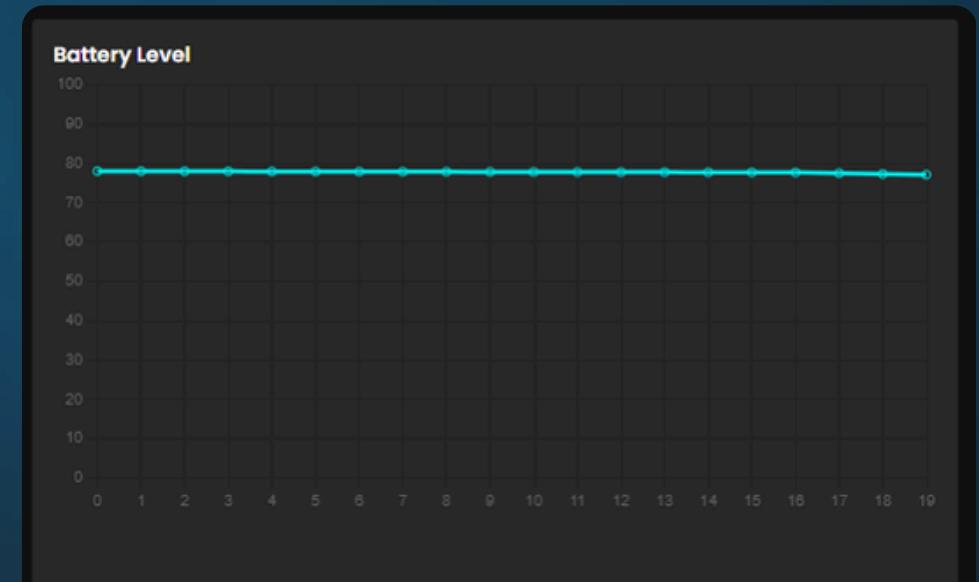
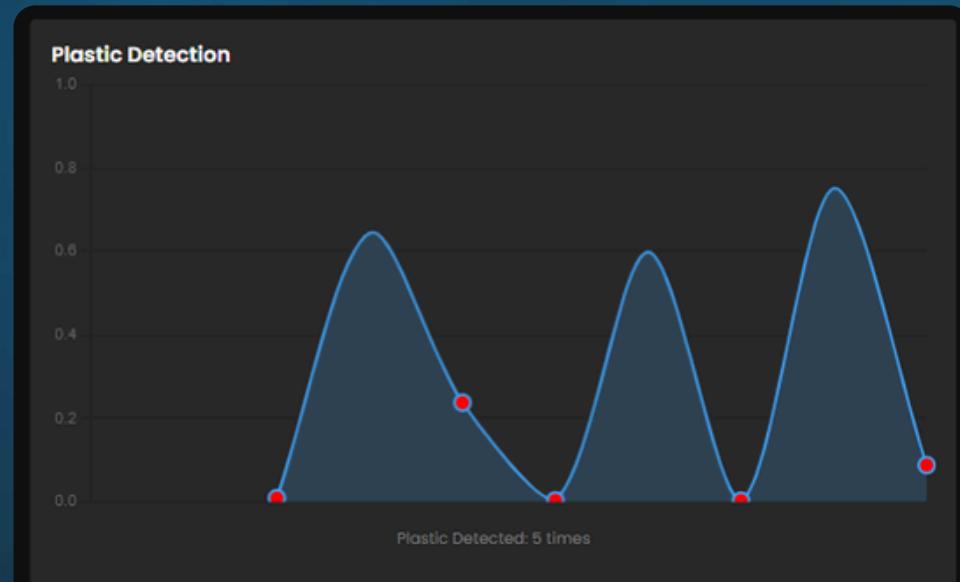
AUV STRUCTURE



AUV METHODOLOGY



DASHBOARD



Positional Monitoring



AUV Health & Battery Monitoring



Depth Observation

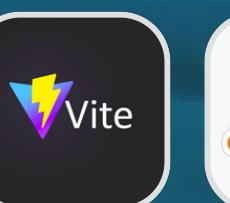
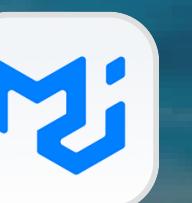
CTA

Seek Shore

Emergency Alert

Tank Clearance

Battery Swap



LIMITATIONS

- The AUV's battery drains quickly, especially during plastic collection, limiting operational time before recharging.
- Sensors degrade faster due to continuous underwater exposure, reducing detection accuracy over time.
- Environmental factors like water turbidity and lighting affect plastic detection, leading to false positives or missed detections.

REFERENCES

- [1] Sarker, M. A. B., Butt, U., Imtiaz, M. H., & Baki, A. B. (2023, March). Automatic Detection of Microplastics in the Aqueous Environment. In 2023 IEEE 13th Annual Computing and Communication Workshop and Conference(CCWC) (pp. 0768-0772). IEEE.
- [2] Rajasekar, M., & Geetha, A. (2024, April). Microplastic Identification in Seawater using Generative Adversarial Networks. In 2024 International Conference on Advances in Data Engineering and Intelligent Computing Systems (ADICS) (pp. 1-6). IEEE.
- [3] Abins, A. A., Wilfred, S. D., Ram, K. A., & Prasad, D. H. (2024, February). A Survey on Marine Debris Detection and Location Using Machine Learning Technologies. In 2024 2nd International Conference on Computer, Communication and Control (IC4) (pp. 1-6). IEEE.
- [4] Chitra, R., Udaya, M. R., & Raghul, D. (2024, October). Advancement in Optical Communication: Performance Comparison between Laser and LED Technologies. In 2024 International Conference on Power, Energy, Control and Transmission Systems (ICPECTS) (pp. 1-4). IEEE.



DEMO VIDEO: (FOR HARDWARE & SOFTWARE TEAMS)

VIDEO LINK

https://drive.google.com/file/d/14ZD37QE_rZPI-jljAbuLHdM_Jqw3O8J3/view