GUARDIUM ADMINISTRATION

SECOND INSTALLMENT - PART II -

Maintaining a Balanced Environment

Handling UnBalanced Collectors

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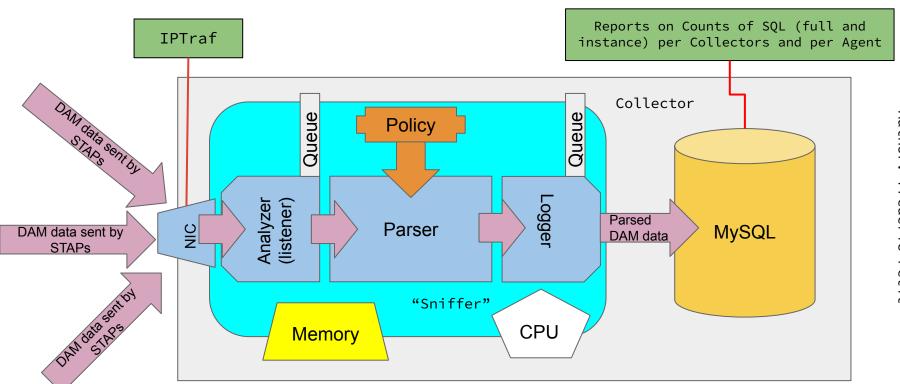
#3.2: HOW TO DETECT CONTRIBUTING SERVERS/AGENT

- # How to assess the contribution of each Agent ?
 - Unfortunately the BUM gives ONLY global statistics -
 - Only 2 places: NIC and MySQL (see diagram)
 - At the NIC level : IPTraf from CLI
 - At the MySQL Level : Statistical Reports counting the number of SQLs

What to do ?

- Do nothing is rarely an option in this case
- Re-Assign some Agents to underloaded collectors to reach a more balanced environment
- Potentially Activate the Enterprise Load Balancing, but be careful, this too requires close monitoring and speedy reaction in case of trouble

3.2: ASSESSING CONTRIBUTING AGENTS (NOT IN THE BUM)



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OPTION #1: IPTRAF

In CLI, just type in :

<mark>>iptraf</mark>

Excellent Tutorial video on IPTraf

https://youtu.be/D91hq8sEcOw

```
IPTraf
172.16.189.3:ssh
                                                                               ethl
                                                       636
172.16.3.127:55080
                                                       637
                                                                               eth1
                                                 Select sort criterion
                                                 P - sort by packet count
                                                 B - sort by byte count
                                                 Any other key - cancel sort
ARP request for 172.16.3.10 (52 bytes) from 000629716a05 to fffffffffff on eth1
ARP request for 172.16.3.10 (52 bytes) from 000629716a05 to ffffffffffff on eth1
Non-IP (0x9000) (52 bytes) from 001906d455cl to 001906d455cl on ethl
ARP request for 172.16.3.10 (52 bytes) from 000629715-05 to sessififfffff on eth1
Non-IP (0x9000) (52 bytes) from 001906d455c1 to 00 Miniplayer(i) th1
ARP request for 172.16.3.10 (52 bytes) from 000629, was a fifteefff on eth1
```

OPTION #2: SQLS RECORDED INTO MYSQL - BY PRODUCT OF DAM

This is the tricky part:

- Requires having centralized/concentrated the DAM data into an ELK instance
- Or you have the DAM Traffic on the Collector only

Our Solution:

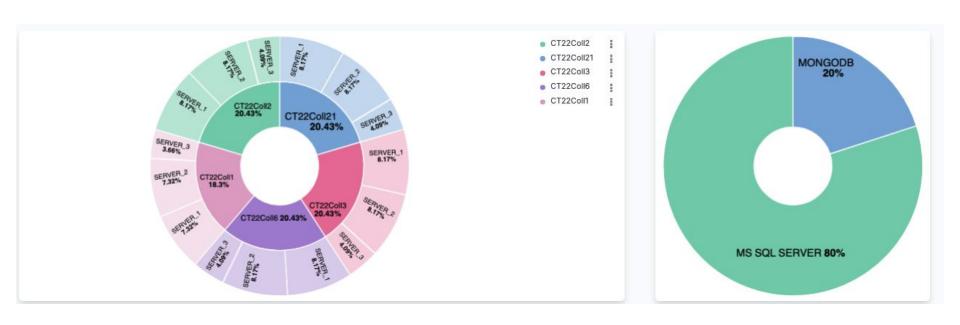
Export the DAM Traffic and send them to a Central ELK instance thru
the CT22T Enrichment process (next slides)

If on Collector's MySQL only:

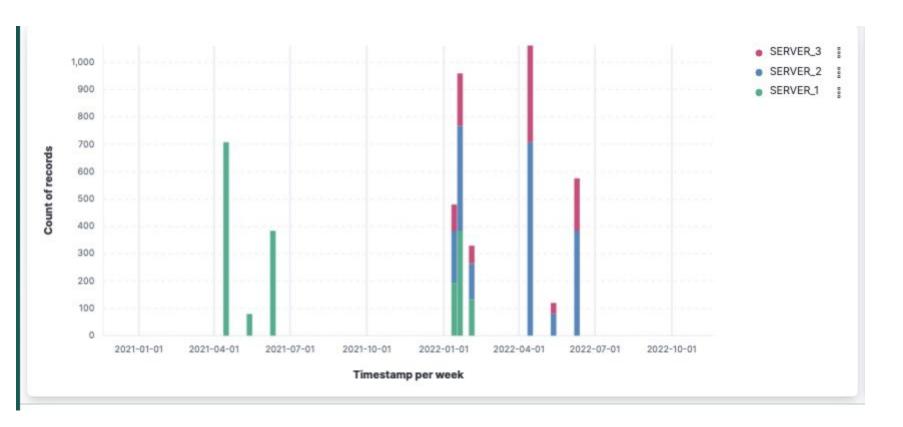
- Write a report mimicking our CT22T solution, but it won't get the same display

KIBANA SCREEN SHOTS BASED ON CT22T PROCESS

OVERVIEW OF THE AMOUNT OF SQLS RECORDED PER COLL & SERVER



OVERVIEW OF THE AMOUNT OF SQLS OVER TIME



OVERVIEW OF THE AMOUNT OF SQLS IN TABULAR FORMAT

Collectors	∨ DB Server	∨ DB Type ∨	Count of SQLs ~
CT22Coll2	SERVER_1	MS SQL SERVER	384
CT22Coll2	SERVER_2	MONGODB	192
CT22Coll2	SERVER_2	MS SQL SERVER	192
CT22Coll2	SERVER_3	MS SQL SERVER	192
CT22Coll21	SERVER_1	MS SQL SERVER	384
CT22Coll21	SERVER_2	MONGODB	192
CT22Coll21	SERVER_2	MS SQL SERVER	192
CT22Coll21	SERVER_3	MS SQL SERVER	192
CT22Coll3	SERVER_1	MS SQL SERVER	384
CT22Coll3	SERVER_2	MONGODB	192
CT22Call2	SEDVED 2	MC COL CEDVED	102

AMOUNT OF SQLS FOR 1 SPECIFIC COLLECTOR IN TABULAR FORMAT

Count of SQL	~	∨ DB Type	→ DB Server	Collectors
3		MS SQL SERVER	SERVER_1	CT22Coll21
1		MONGODB	SERVER_2	CT22Coll21
1	MS SQL SERVER		SERVER_2	CT22Coll21
1	MS SQL SERVER		SERVER_3	CT22Coll21

For Coll21, the Main contributor is clearly SERVER_1, making this Agent a good Candidate for assignment to another Collector, but any other combination may be relevant.

THE END