On Approximately Cyclic Model Order Reduction for Data-Driven Systems







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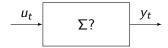


Introduction

Data-Driven Systems: Dynamical Systems and Predictive Data Analytics

We will study some of the mutually beneficial connections between:

- Graphs: as computational and mathematical objects
- ▶ Matrices: as data tables $\{x_t\}$ and meaningful transformations $x_t \mapsto x_{t+1} \approx \mathbf{F}_t x_t$ between them, and
- ► Industrial Descriptor Systems:





Motivation: Switched Control Systems

The motivation comes from inverse problems for industrial *switched* dynamical systems (*approximately*) described by *difference equations* of the form:

$$\hat{\Sigma}: \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{x}_1 = \hat{T}_t x_1 \\ \hat{x}_{t+1} = \hat{F}_t \hat{x}_t \\ x_t = \hat{K}_t \hat{x}_t \end{array} \right., t \ge 0$$

where $\{x_t\}_{0 \le t \ge T-1} \subseteq \mathbb{C}^n$ are given and $\{\hat{F}_t\}_{t \ge 0}$ are *unknown* or *partially known*.



Motivation: Switched Control Systems

The previous control systems models appear in:

- 1. Industrial Robotics and Automation. Open problems raised by R. Brocket, M. Chu.
- 2. Industrial Robotics and Automation. Open problems raised by M. Farhood, G. E. Dullerud.
- 3. BIM simulation for smart and semi-smart buildings. Open problems raised by **P. Irwin**.
- 4. Big data predictive analytics. Open problems raised by N. Kutz.



Mathematical Control Engineering Approach to CFSA Computation

Given a discrete descriptor control system with an orbit determined by the **black-box** transition diagram:

$$\xrightarrow{x_t}$$
 Σ ? $\xrightarrow{x_{t+1}}$

We aim to compute a matrix decomposition/realization:

$$\hat{\Sigma}: \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{x}_1 = \hat{T}_t x_1 \\ \hat{x}_{t+1} = \hat{F}_t \hat{x}_t \\ x_t = \hat{K}_t \hat{x}_t \end{array} \right., t \ge 0$$

We call $\hat{\Sigma}$ a Cyclic Finite-State Approximation (CFSA) of Σ ?.

Methods: Matrix Equation Solver Approach

One can approach the computation of a CFSA by (approximately) solving the model matrix equation:

$$\begin{cases} (Q(t)X(t) - X(t)Q(t))P(t) = \mathbf{0}_{2n} \\ Q(t)^4 = Q(t)^2 \\ Q(t)^2 = ZQ(t) = (Q(t)^2)^* \end{cases}, 0 \le t \le T - 1$$

where X(t) is to be completed preserving the structure:

$$X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} H_t & \mathbf{0}_n \\ \mathbf{0}_n & F_t \end{bmatrix}$$

An explicit computation of each X(t) may be expensive and severely III-conditioned.

Methods: Alternative data-driven algebraic approach

Can one solve the following problem numerically?

- 1. Given $\varepsilon > 0$, and a ε -almost S-periodic data driven system $\{x_t\}_{t>1} \subset \mathbb{C}^n$,
- 2. Is there a matrix $\hat{\mathbf{F}} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$? such that the diagram $x_t \approx \hat{\mathbf{F}} x_1$ and $\hat{\mathbf{F}}^S \hat{\mathbf{F}}^r = \hat{\mathbf{F}}^r$ with $r, S \ll n$:

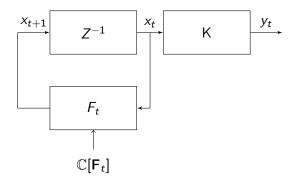
Main Result

Yes, one can solve the previous problem numerically. Proved in theorems II.1-3 in paper.



Computational Implementation

The previous computations can be implemented to derive algorithms described in general by the diagram:

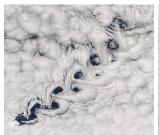


Some Applications



Numerical Simulation of von Karman Vortex Streets

von Karman Vortex Streets in Nature





Numerical Simulation of von Karman Vortex Streets

CFSA for von Karman Vortex Streets Models

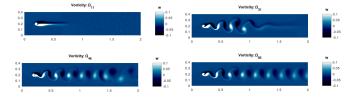


Figure: Predictive CFSA for von Kármán vortex streets based on FEM Navier-Stokes models

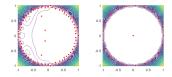


Figure: Pseudoespectral predictive scheme for CFSA of von Kármán models



Conclusion

Every data-driven system $\Sigma : \{x_t\}_{t\geq 1}$ with an approximate state transition graph like the one shown in the figure:



Figure: $Ind_{\varepsilon}(\{F_t\}) = (12, 14)$.

has a CFSA representation/realization.



Future Directions

- Combine CFSA with multivariate statistical analysis and probabilistic methods to study stochastic dynamical models.
- Combine CFSA with embedded systems techniques for BIM predictive simulations.
- Combine CFSA with embedded systems techniques for climate predictive simulations.



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Thanks!

