

# A parallel framework for numerical bifurcation analysis in FreeFEM and its application to swirling jet flows

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Have you ever encountered an equation like this?

$$\mathcal{M} \frac{\partial \mathbf{q}}{\partial t} + \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0,$$

where

$\mathcal{M}$  mass matrix

$\mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots)$  some nonlinear operator

$\mathbf{q}(x, t)$  state vector

$\alpha, \beta, \dots$  parameters.

# How did you solve it?

$$\mathcal{M} \frac{\partial \mathbf{q}}{\partial t} + \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0$$

## Time Integration

Finds solution ***trajectories***  
as a function of time.

- ➊ Choose a set of parameters.
- ➋ Pick an initial condition.
- ➌ “Shut up and calculate”.
- ➍ Change parameters/ICs and repeat.

## Bifurcation Analysis

Finds solution ***manifolds***  
as a function of parameters.

- ➊ Choose an invariant state.
- ➋ Continue state along parameter(s).
- ➌ Search branch for bifurcations.
- ➍ Change invariant state and repeat.

# A typical numerical bifurcation analysis sequence

Start from an invariant state.

- Typically an equilibrium (fixed-point) solution.
- Usually found by Newton iteration.

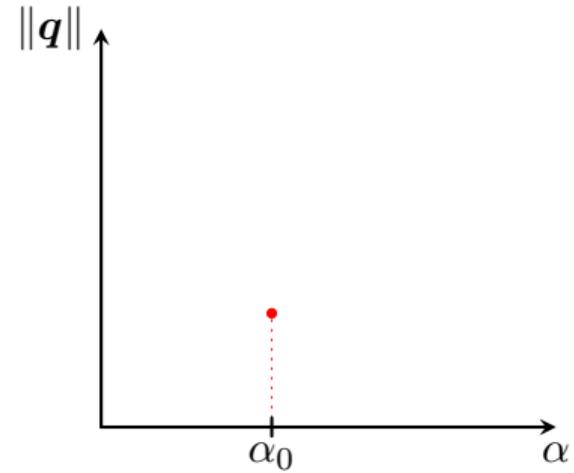


Figure: Bifurcation diagram

# A typical numerical bifurcation analysis sequence

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Trace state along parameter.

- Extend solution *point* along its solution *manifold*.
- Often performed via arclength continuation.

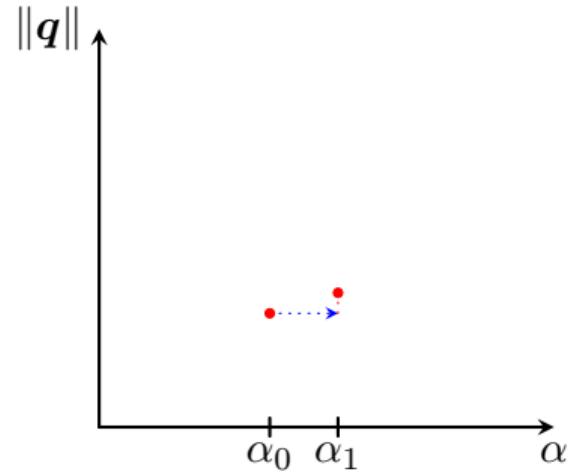


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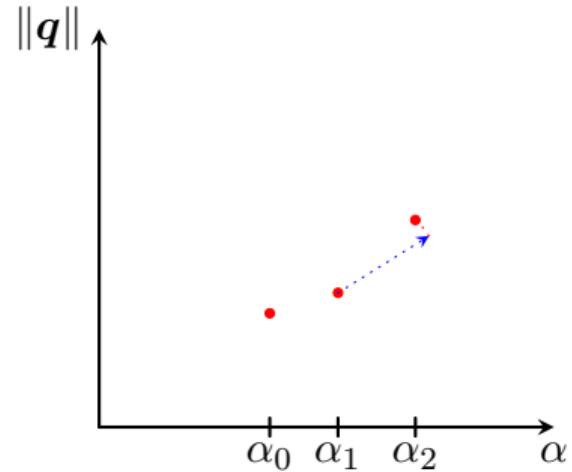


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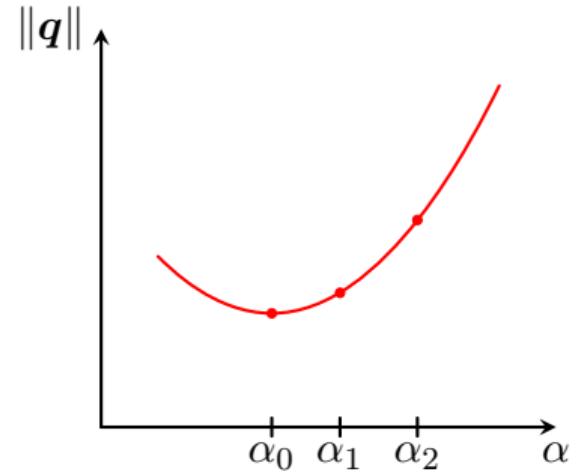


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Compute linear stability of solution manifold.

- Identify bifurcation points along solution *manifold*.
- Generally done with eigenvalue computations.

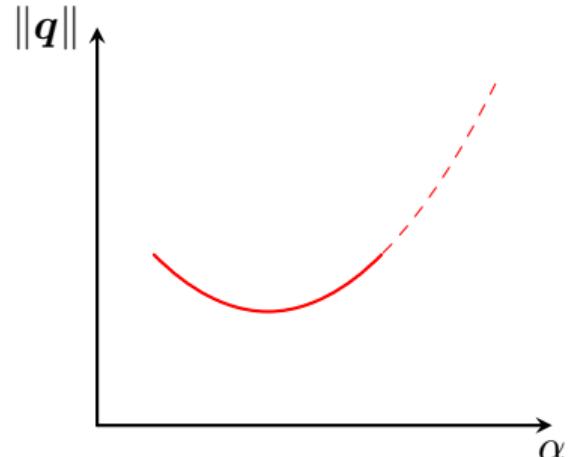


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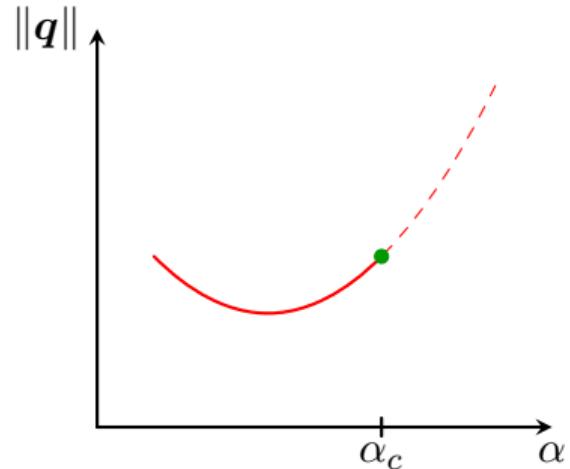


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Rinse, wash, repeat...

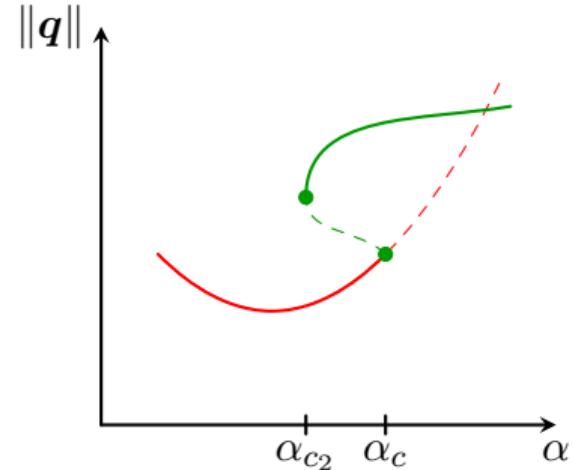


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# Large-scale bifurcation analysis

## “Classic” numerical bifurcation tools

AUTO<sup>1</sup>, MATCONT<sup>2</sup>, etc.

- Dense systems of nonlinear ODE's.
- “Small” and “cheap” computations.
  - ▶ Typically  $q \sim O(1)$ - $O(100)$  DoF.
- Can identify “complex” dynamics
  - ▶ e.g. limit cycles, connecting orbits, high codimension bifurcations, etc.

## PDE-specific bifurcation analysis tools

LOCA (Trilinos)<sup>3</sup>, pde2path (Matlab)<sup>4</sup>

- Sparse systems of nonlinear ODE's.
- “Large”, “expensive” computations.
  - ▶ Typically  $q \sim O(10^4)$ - $O(10^6)$  DoF.
- Mainly identify “simple” dynamics
  - ▶ e.g. fixed-points and codimension-1 bifurcations.

<sup>1</sup><https://github.com/auto-07p>

<sup>2</sup><https://sourceforge.net/projects/matcont>

<sup>3</sup><https://trilinos.github.io/>

<sup>4</sup><https://www.staff.uni-oldenburg.de/hannes.uecker/pde2path/index.html>

# Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Framework for bifurcation analysis in FreeFEM
- 3 Application to swirling jet flows
- 4 Conclusion

# Objective

Develop a suite of generic routines leveraging FreeFEM and PETSc for scalable bifurcation analyses of nonlinear PDE's and PDE systems.

## User provides:

- ① Choice of finite element space
- ② List of variable parameters
- ③ Variational forms of operators, including parameters
- ④ Macros/functions for specialized purposes (non-standard BC's, preconditioning, etc.)

## Desired functionality:

- ① Nonlinear solvers for equilibria, codimension-1,2 bifurcations, and periodic orbits.
- ② Linear stability analysis for equilibria and periodic orbits.
- ③ Adaptive continuation schemes for equilibria, periodic orbits, and their bifurcations.
- ④ Organized file & mesh I/O, mesh adaptation, and pre- and post-processing.

# An overview of the numerical approach

$$\mathcal{M} \frac{\partial \mathbf{q}}{\partial t} + \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0.$$

## Identification of equilibrium solutions

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0.$$

Directly achievable via SNESolve<sup>a</sup> (see, newton-2d-PETSc.edp, for example.)

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<sup>a</sup><https://petsc.org/main/docs/manual/>

# An overview of the numerical approach

$$\mathcal{M} \frac{\partial \mathbf{q}}{\partial t} + \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0.$$

Identification of equilibrium solutions,  $\mathbf{q}_e$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}_e; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0.$$

Easy with PETSc SNESolve (see, newton-2d-PETSc.edp, for example.)

Determination of the linear stability of equilibria

$$(\sigma + i2\pi f)\mathcal{M}\hat{\mathbf{q}} + \left. \frac{\partial \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots)}{\partial \mathbf{q}} \right|_{\mathbf{q}_e} \hat{\mathbf{q}} = 0.$$

Easy with SLEPc EPSSolve (see, navier-stokes-2d-SLEPc-complex.edp, for example.)

# An overview of the numerical approach

Identification of equilibrium solutions,  $\mathbf{q}_e$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}_e; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0. \quad (1)$$

Easy with PETSc SNESolve (see, newton-2d-PETSc.edp, for example.)

Determination of the linear stability of equilibria

$$(\sigma + i2\pi f)\mathcal{M}\hat{\mathbf{q}} + \left. \frac{\partial \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots)}{\partial \mathbf{q}} \right|_{\mathbf{q}_e} \hat{\mathbf{q}} = 0. \quad (2)$$

Easy with SLEPc EPSSolve (see, navier-stokes-2d-SLEPc-complex.edp, for example.)

Identification of codimension-1 bifurcations of equilibria

Simultaneously satisfy (1) and (2) with  $\sigma = 0$ .

# An overview of the numerical approach

## Identification of codimension-1 bifurcation points of equilibria

Simultaneously satisfy (1) and (2) with  $\sigma = 0$ .

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}_e; \alpha, \beta, \dots) = 0 \\ i2\pi f \mathcal{M} \hat{\mathbf{q}} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{q}; \alpha, \beta, \dots)}{\partial \mathbf{q}} \Big|_{\mathbf{q}_e} \hat{\mathbf{q}} = 0, \\ \|\hat{\mathbf{q}}\| = 1. \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \overbrace{\mathcal{R}^*(\mathbf{q}_e, \hat{\mathbf{q}}, f; \alpha, \beta, \dots)}^{\text{Augmented operator}} = 0.$$

Solved with PETSc SNESolve (exploiting block Schur decomposition)

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Solved with PETSc SNESolve (exploiting block Schur decomposition)

A similar augmentation approach can be used to solve systems describing all other dynamics.  
(e.g. identification of periodic orbits; continuation of equilibria, periodic orbits, and local bifurcations)

For more details of a less general case, see:

C. Douglas, Chapter 2, *Dynamics of swirling jets and flames*, Ph.D. Thesis. Georgia Institute of Technology. 2021.

# Implementation progress...

## Current functionality:

### ① Nonlinear fixed-point solvers:

Done: equilibria, codimension-1 bifurcations of equilibria, periodic orbits.

To-do: codimension-1 bifurcations of periodic orbits, codimension-2 bifurcations.

### ② Linear analysis:

Done: stability of equilibria (also resolvent, adjoint, and structural sensitivity of equilibria).

To-do: stability of periodic orbits.

### ③ Adaptive continuation schemes:

Done: equilibria, codimension-1 bifurcations of equilibria, periodic orbits.

To-do: codimension-1 bifurcations of periodic orbits, codimension-2 bifurcations.

### ④ Other items:

To-do: Improvements to code structure & workflow, smoother integration with mesh adaptation.

If you are interested in progress updates or co-developing: [chris.douglas@ladhyx.polytechnique.fr](mailto:chris.douglas@ladhyx.polytechnique.fr)

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# What is a swirling jet?

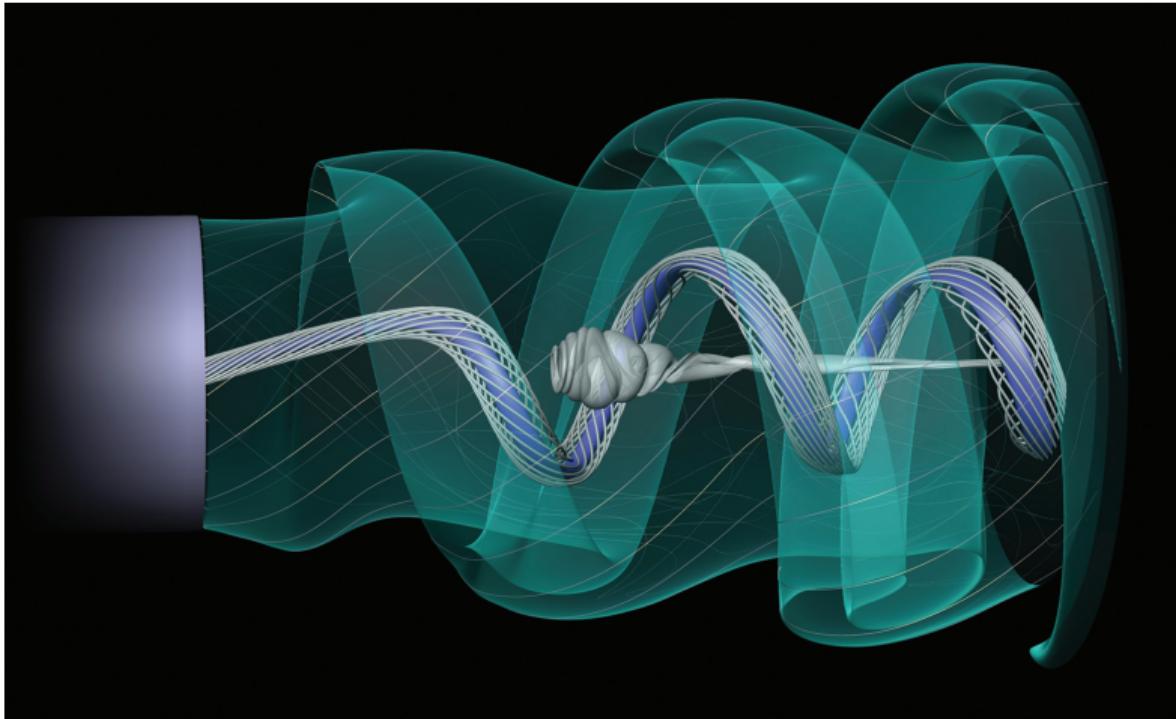
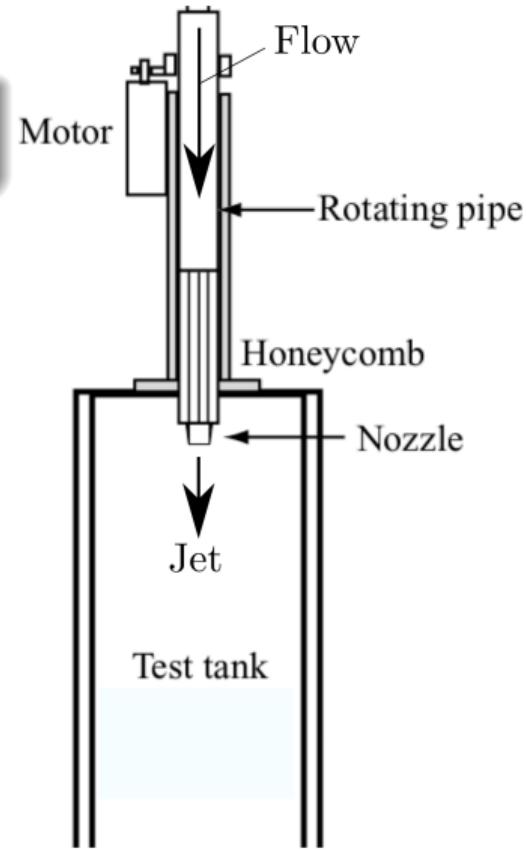


Figure: Petz et al. *Phys. Fluids*, 2011.

# Experimental Demonstration (Liang & Maxworthy, *JFM*, 2005)

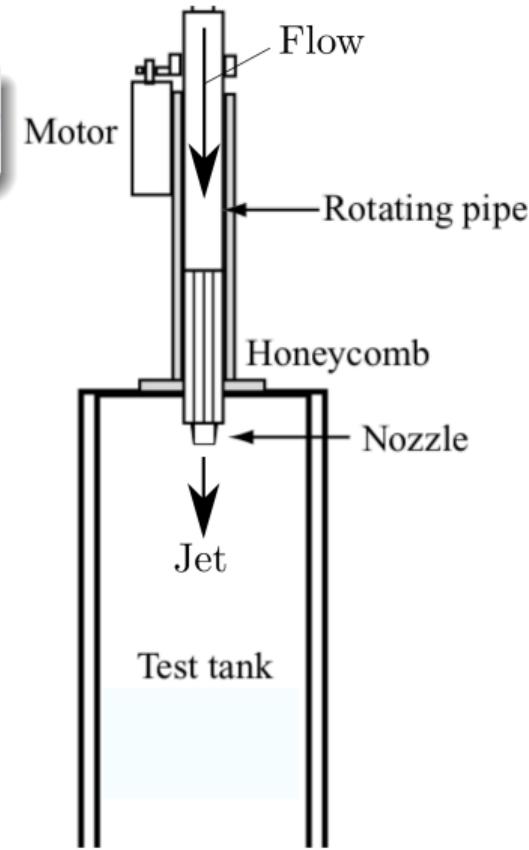
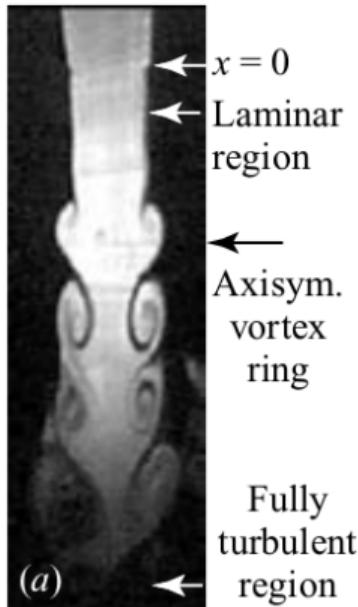
Qualitative evolution with increasing swirl ratio  $S$



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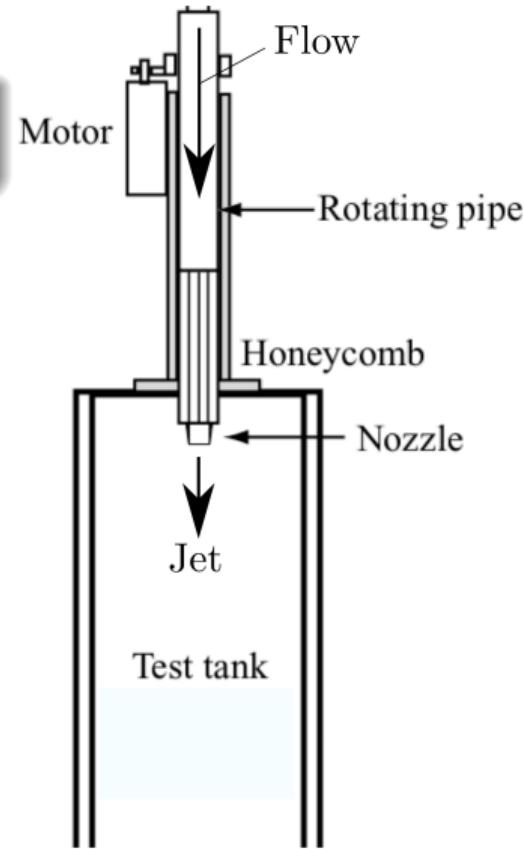
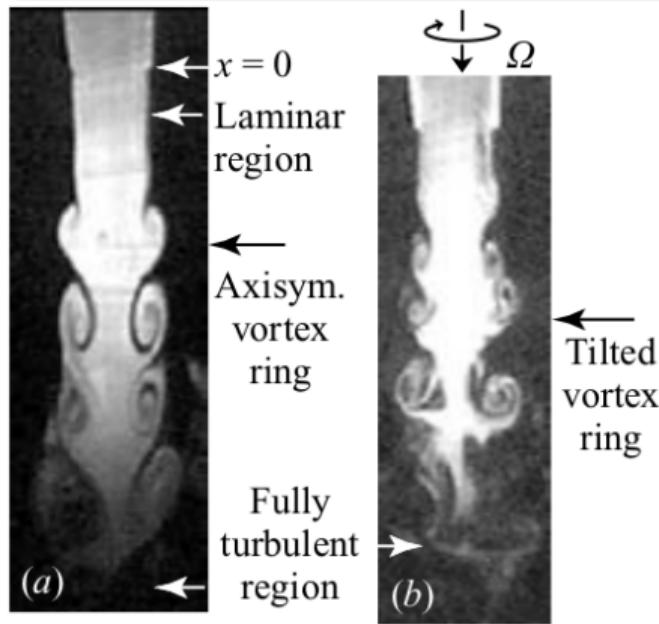
$S = 0$ : **axisymmetric** straight jet



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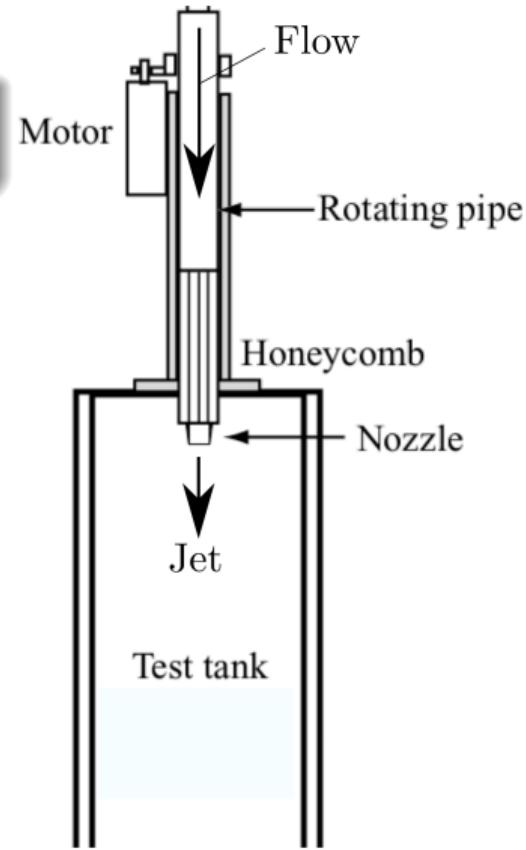
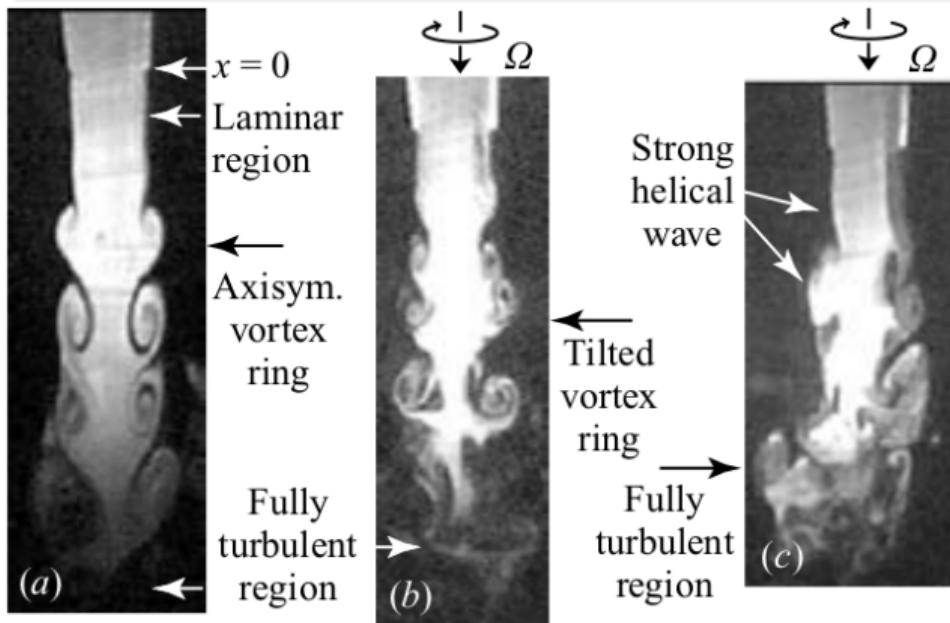
intermediate  $S$ : **symmetry breaking**



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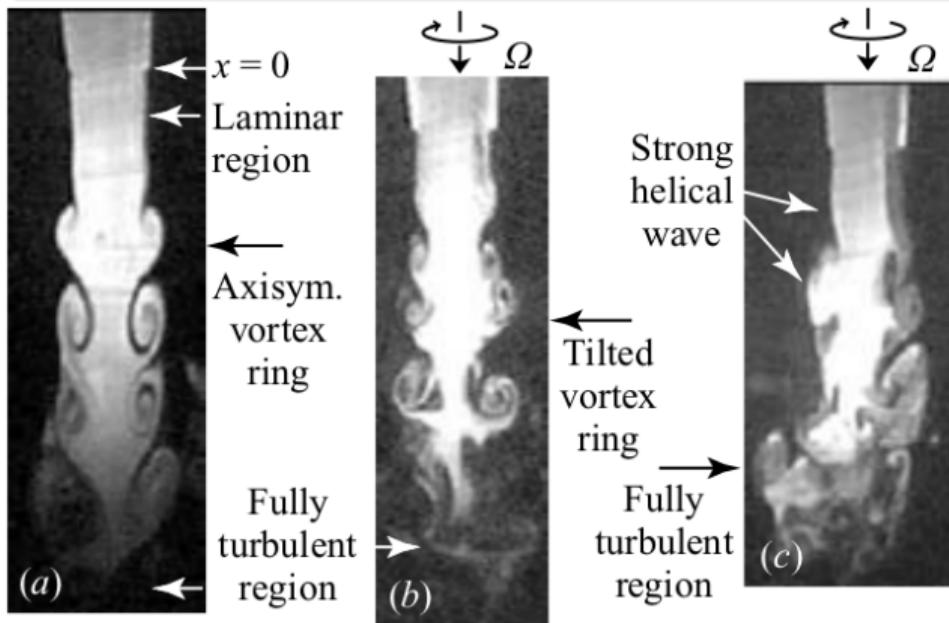
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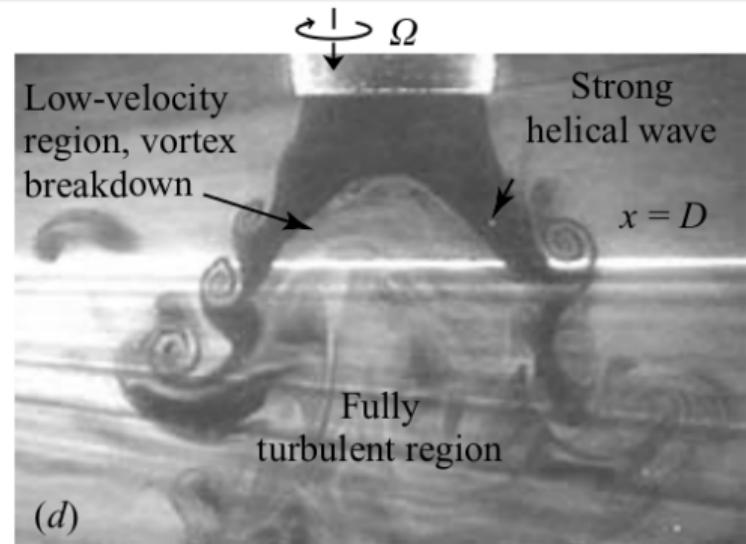
# Experimental Demonstration (Liang & Maxworthy, *JFM*, 2005)

Qualitative evolution with increasing swirl ratio  $S$

intermediate  $S$ : **symmetry breaking**



high  $S$ : “**vortex breakdown**”



## Flow Configuration

Incompressible Navier–Stokes equations cast in cylindrical domain ( $\mathbf{q}(x, r, \theta, t) = (\mathbf{u}, p)^T$ ).

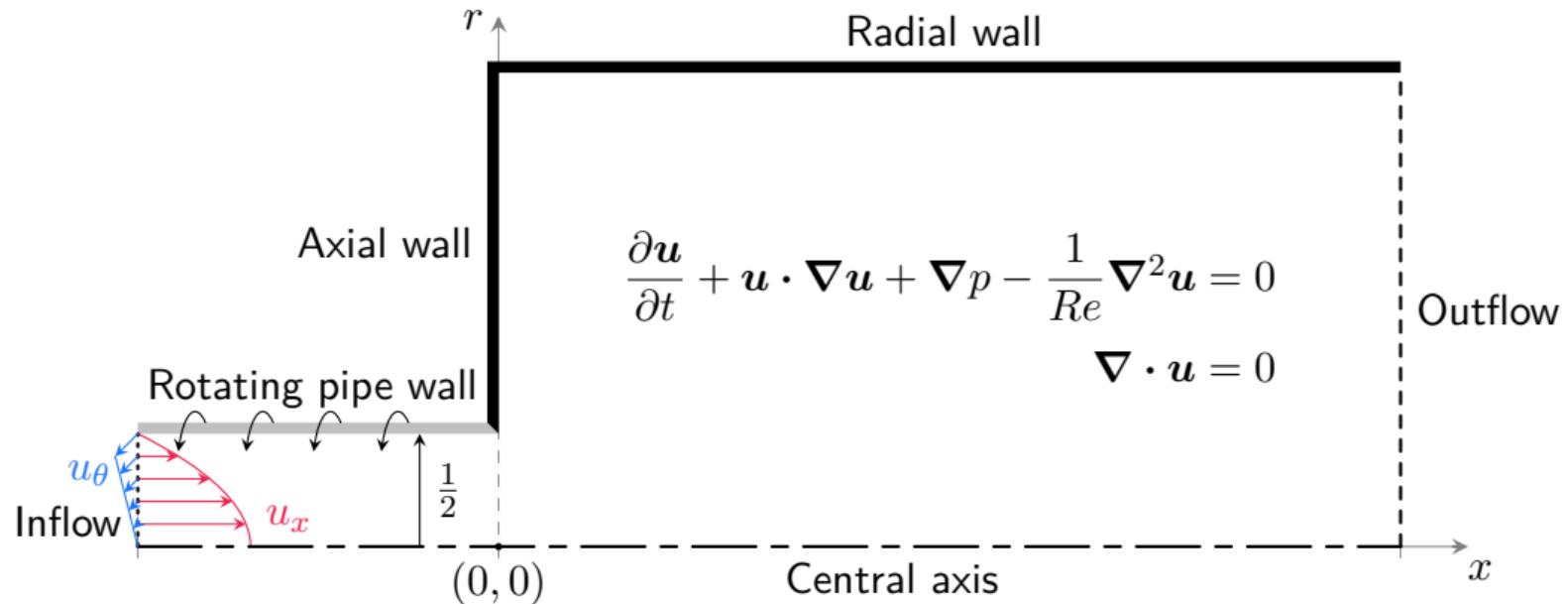


Figure: Meridional plane schematic of the axisymmetric system.

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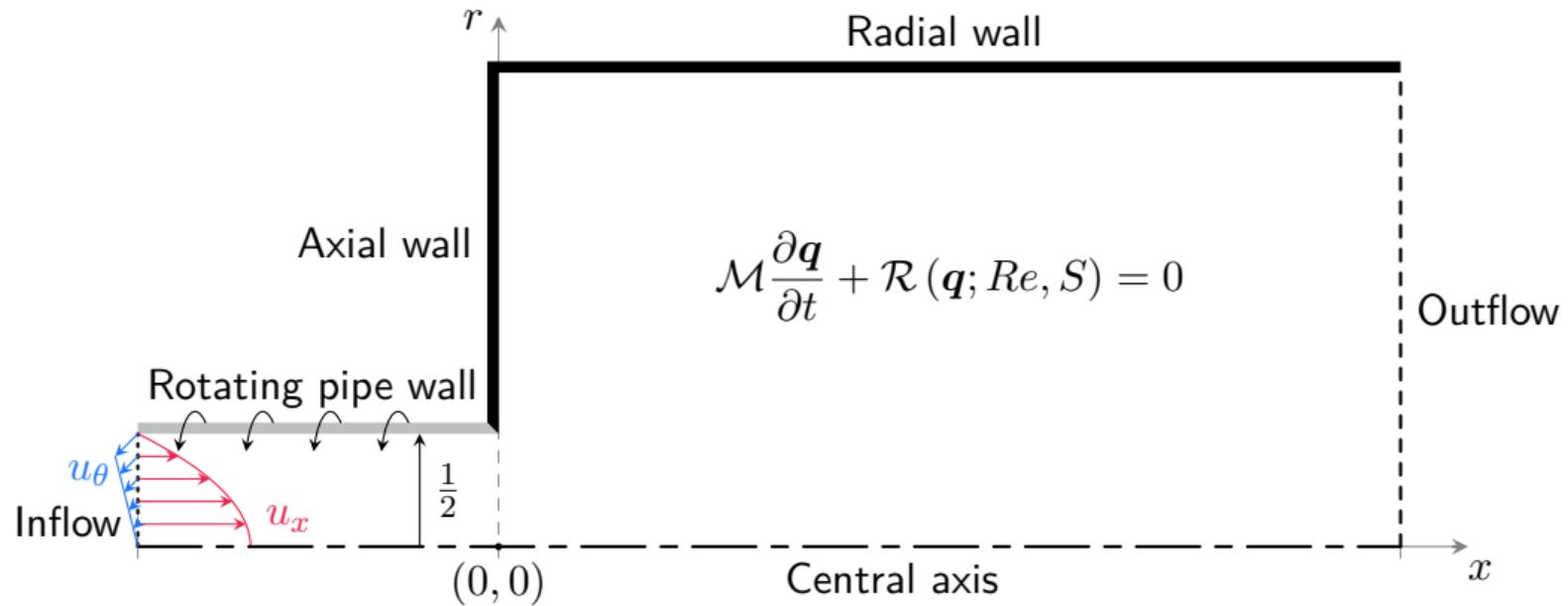
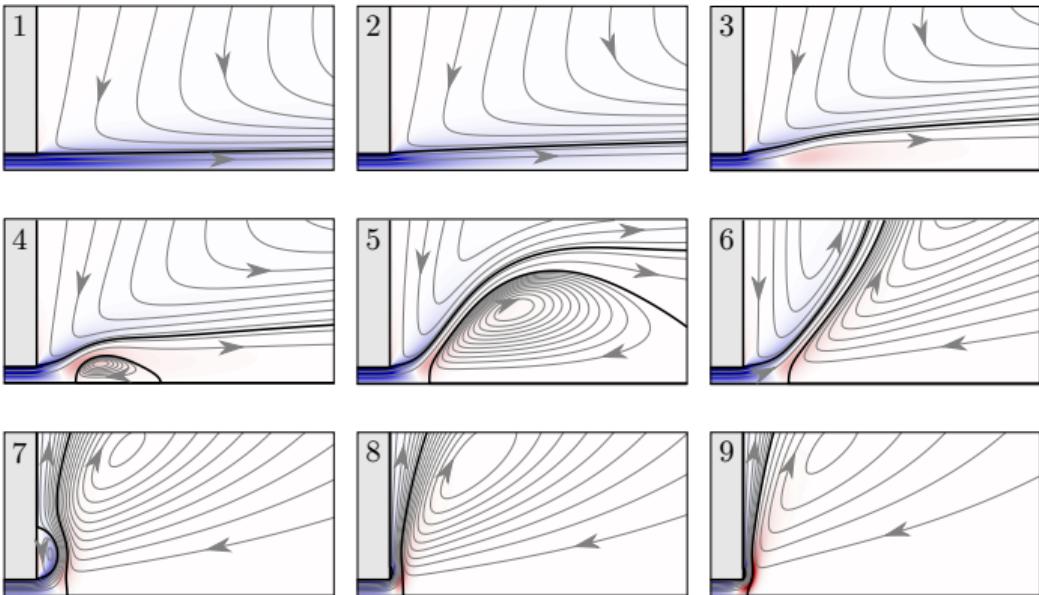
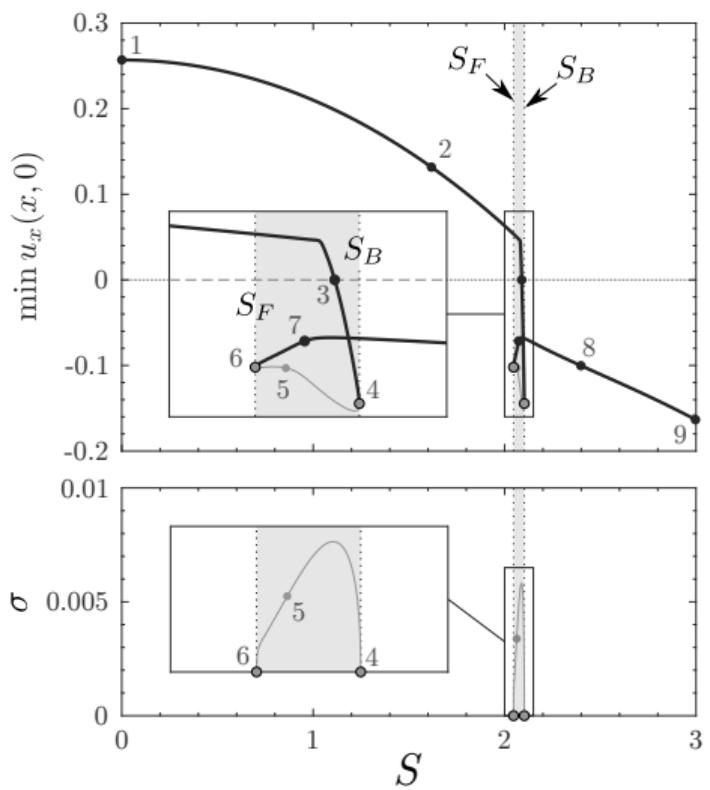


Figure: Meridional plane schematic of the axisymmetric system.

# Example Results: Multistability of steady, axisymmetric swirling jet states



- Low swirl: ( $S < S_F$ ): stable “central jet” regime.
- High swirl ( $S > S_B$ ): stable “wall jet” regime.
- Intermediate swirl ( $S_F < S < S_B$ ): bistable regime.

# Example Results: Multistability of steady, axisymmetric swirling jet states

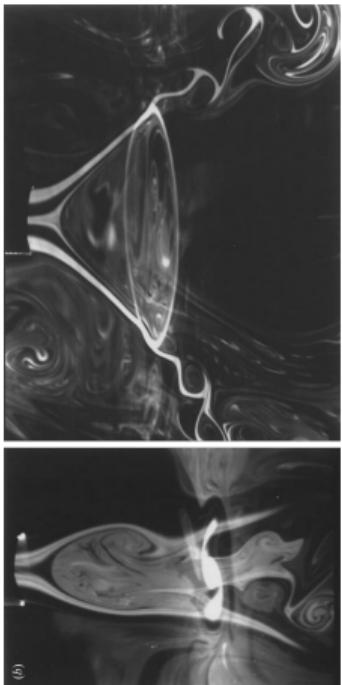
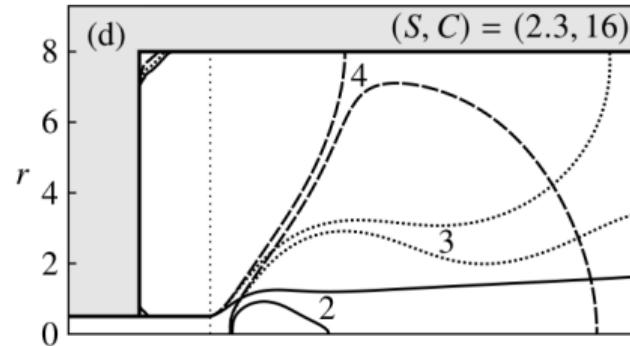


Figure: Billant, Chomaz, & Huerre, *JFM*, 1998.



- Dynamical model agrees with experiments.
- Approach enables a precise, rigorous analysis of the bistable mechanics.

For more details, see:

Douglas & Lesshafft, Confinement effects in laminar swirling jets, *J. Fluid Mech.* **945**, 2022. doi: 10.1017/jfm.2022.589.

## Example Results: Symmetry breaking in swirling jets

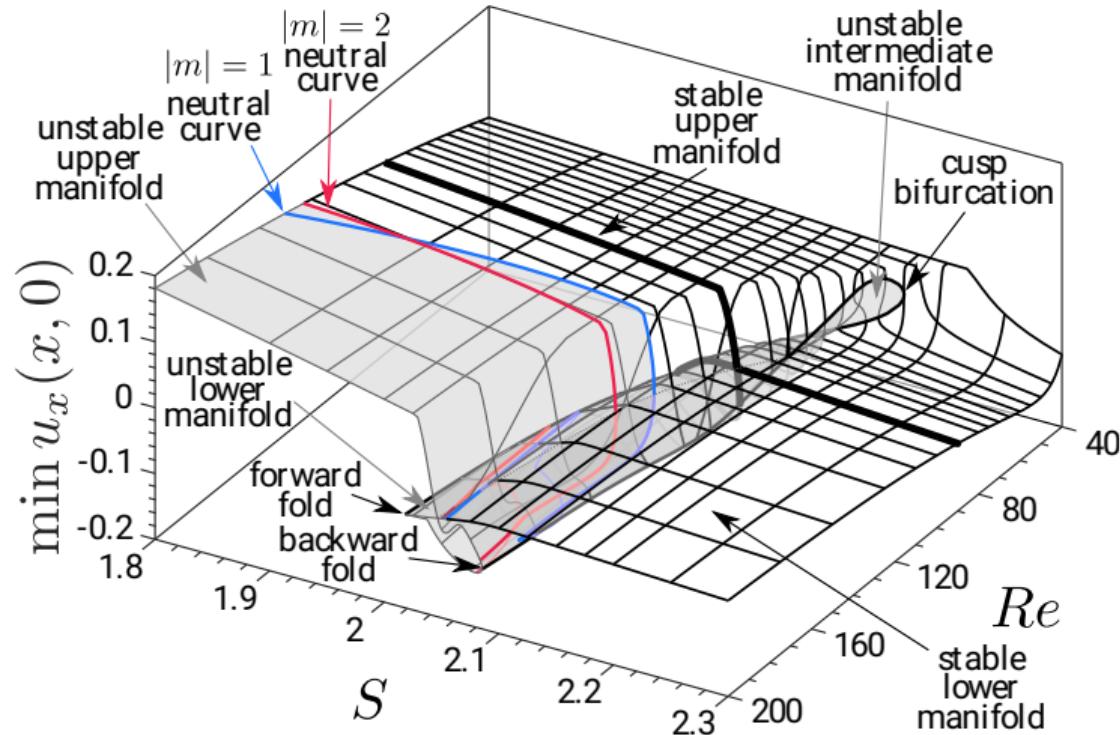
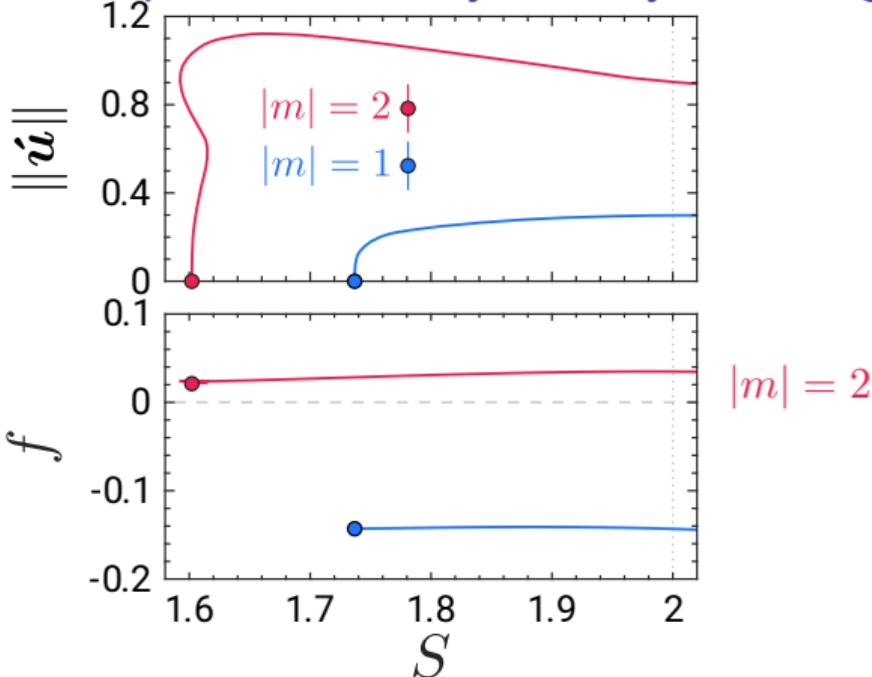
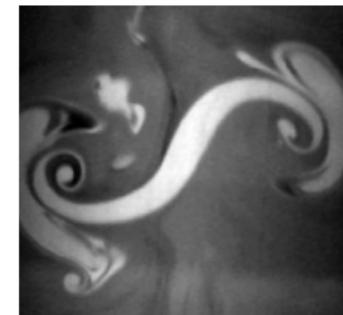


Figure: Visualization of the steady solution manifold over the  $Re$ - $S$  plane.

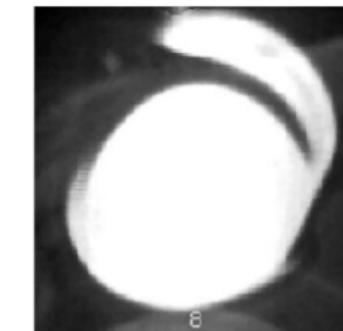
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$|m|=2$



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For more details, see:

Douglas, Emerson, & Lieuwen, Nonlinear dynamics of fully developed swirling jets, *J. Fluid Mech.* **924**, 2021. doi: 10.1017/jfm.2021.615

$|m|=1$

$|m|=1$

(Exp. vis. from Loiseleux & Chomaz, *Phys. Fluids*, 2003.)

## Summary

- A generic FreeFEM/PETSc-based bifurcation analysis framework for nonlinear PDE's.
  - ▶ Solvers for identifying fixed points, bifurcations (fold, pitchfork, Hopf), and periodic orbits.
  - ▶ Adaptive parametric branch continuation methods.
  - ▶ Linear analysis methods (stability, adjoint, structural sensitivity, resolvent, etc.)
- An example application of this framework to study the dynamics of swirling jet flows.
  - ▶ Steady branch continuation used to elucidate bistable behaviors.
  - ▶ Bifurcation analysis to investigate symmetry breaking phenomena.

## For more details...

- C. Douglas, *Dynamics of swirling jets and flames*, Ph.D. Thesis. Georgia Institute of Technology. 2021.
- C. Douglas, B. Emerson, & T. Lieuwen, Nonlinear dynamics of fully developed swirling jets, *J. Fluid Mech.* **924**, 2021.
- C. Douglas, B. Emerson, & T. Lieuwen, Dynamics and bifurcations of laminar annular swirling and non-swirling jets, *J. Fluid Mech.* **943**, 2022.
- C. Douglas & L. Lesshafft, Confinement effects in laminar swirling jets, *J. Fluid Mech.* **945**, 2022.

## Special thanks to...

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