# Supply Chain Analysis: Data Exploration and Visualization

## Objectives:

- **Data Exploration**: Gain insights into the supply chain data by exploring production volumes, stock levels, order quantities, revenue, costs, lead times, shipping costs, transportation routes, risks, and sustainability factors.
- **Visualization**: Create informative visualizations to better understand the relationships and distributions within the data.
- **Dashboard Development**: Build an interactive Streamlit dashboard to visualize the key metrics and facilitate real-time analysis.

## **Key Sections:**

#### 1. Data Preprocessing

- Handling missing values.
- Data cleaning and preparation.

#### 2. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Descriptive statistics.
- Visualization of key metrics.

#### 3. Visualizations

- Production volumes, stock levels, and lead times.
- Revenue distribution by location.
- Manufacturing costs by supplier.
- Comparison of price and manufacturing costs by product type.
- Relationship between production volume, stock levels, and order quantities.
- Distribution of shipping costs by shipping carriers.
- Average lead time by product type.
- Transportation routes and their frequency.
- Supply chain risk distribution by risk factors.
- Sustainability factors in the supply chain.

#### 4. Streamlit Dashboard

- Introduction to the interactive dashboard.
- Instructions on how to access and use the dashboard.
- · Link to the deployed Streamlit dashboard.

### In [1]: !pip install duckdb pandas plotly

Requirement already satisfied: duckdb in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beauty Supp ly Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (1.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beauty Supp ly Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (2.2.2)

Requirement already satisfied: plotly in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beauty Supp ly Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (5.24.0)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.26.0 in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beau ty Supply Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (2.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beauty Supply Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beaut y Supply Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Bea uty Supply Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tenacity>=6.2.0 in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beauty Supply Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from plotly) (9.0.0)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beauty S upply Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from plotly) (24.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /home/rikato/Code+Notes/Fashion and Beauty Supply Chain/.venv/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas) (1.1 6.0)

```
[notice] A new release of pip is available: 24.0 -> 24.2
[notice] To update, run: pip install --upgrade pip
```

```
import pandas as pd
import duckdb
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.express as px
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [3]: df = pd.read_csv('../Dataset/supply_chain_data.csv')
    df.head()
```

t[3]:		Product type	SKU	Price	Availability	Number of products sold	Revenue generated	Customer demographics	Stock levels		Order quantities	
	0	haircare	SKU0	69.808006	55	802	8661.996792	Non-binary	58	7	96	
	1	skincare	SKU1	14.843523	95	736	7460.900065	Female	53	30	37	
	2	haircare	SKU2	11.319683	34	8	9577.749626	Unknown	1	10	88	
	3	skincare	SKU3	61.163343	68	83	7766.836426	Non-binary	23	13	59	
	4	skincare	SKU4	4.805496	26	871	2686.505152	Non-binary	5	3	56	

5 rows × 24 columns

Out

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 100 entries, 0 to 99

```
----
         0
             Product type
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
                                                        object
         1
             SKU
                                       100 non-null
         2
             Price
                                                        float64
                                       100 non-null
         3
             Availability
                                       100 non-null
                                                        int64
         4
             Number of products sold 100 non-null
                                                        int64
         5
             Revenue generated
                                       100 non-null
                                                       float64
         6
             Customer demographics
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
         7
             Stock levels
                                       100 non-null
                                                        int64
         8
             Lead times
                                       100 non-null
                                                        int64
         9
             Order quantities
                                       100 non-null
                                                        int64
         10 Shipping times
                                       100 non-null
                                                        int64
         11 Shipping carriers
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
                                                        float64
         12 Shipping costs
                                       100 non-null
         13 Supplier name
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
         14 Location
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
         15 Lead time
                                       100 non-null
                                                        int64
         16 Production volumes
                                       100 non-null
                                                        int64
         17 Manufacturing lead time 100 non-null
                                                        int64
         18 Manufacturing costs
                                       100 non-null
                                                        float64
         19 Inspection results
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
         20 Defect rates
                                       100 non-null
                                                        float64
         21 Transportation modes
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
         22 Routes
                                       100 non-null
                                                        object
                                                        float64
         23 Costs
                                       100 non-null
        dtypes: float64(6), int64(9), object(9)
        memory usage: 18.9+ KB
In [6]:
        df.isnull().sum()
                                    0
        Product type
                                    0
        SKU
        Price
                                    0
        Availability
                                    0
        Number of products sold
                                    0
        Revenue generated
        Customer demographics
                                    0
        Stock levels
                                    0
        Lead times
                                    0
        Order quantities
                                    0
                                    0
        Shipping times
        Shipping carriers
                                    0
        Shipping costs
                                    0
        Supplier name
                                    0
        Location
                                    0
        Lead time
                                    0
        Production volumes
        Manufacturing lead time
                                    0
                                    0
        Manufacturing costs
        Inspection results
                                    0
        Defect rates
                                    0
                                    0
        Transportation modes
        Routes
                                    0
                                    0
        Costs
        dtype: int64
        df.duplicated().sum()
        np.int64(0)
        query = """
In [8]:
            SELECT SUM("Revenue generated")::DECIMAL(8, 2) AS total_revenue
```

Non-Null Count Dtype

Data columns (total 24 columns):

#

Out[6]:

In [7]:

Out[7]:

FROM df

Column

```
result = duckdb.query(query).df()
         print(result)
            total_revenue
                577604.82
In [9]:
         total_revenue = result['total_revenue'][0]
         fig = go.Figure()
         fig.add_trace(go.Indicator(
             mode = "number",
             value = total_revenue,
             title = {"text": "Total Revenue Generated"},
             number = {'prefix': "$", 'valueformat': ".2f"},
             domain = \{'x': [0, 1], 'y': [0, 1]\}
         ))
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=18),
             font_color = 'white',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
         query = """
In [10]:
             SELECT "Product Type",
                    SUM("Revenue generated")::DECIMAL(8, 2) AS total_revenue
             FROM df
             GROUP BY "Product Type"
             ORDER BY total_revenue DESC
         result = duckdb.query(query).df()
         print(result)
           Product type total_revenue
         0
               skincare
                              241628.16
         1
               haircare
                              174455.39
              cosmetics
                              161521.27
In [11]: fig = px.bar(result,
                       x='Product type',
                       y='total_revenue',
                       title='Revenue Generated by Product Type',
                       labels={'total_revenue': 'Total Revenue ($)', 'Product Type': 'Product Type
         fig.update_layout(
             xaxis_title="Product Type",
             yaxis_title="Total Revenue ($)",
             yaxis_tickprefix="$",
             yaxis_tickformat=".2f",
             margin=dict(1=40, r=40, t=40, b=40),
             font=dict(size=14),
             font_color='white',
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             bargap=0,
             bargroupgap=0.1
```

```
fig.show()
In [12]: query = """
             SELECT "location",
                    SUM("Revenue generated")::DECIMAL(8, 2) AS total_revenue
             FROM df
             GROUP BY "location"
             ORDER BY total_revenue DESC
         result = duckdb.query(query).df()
         print(result)
             Location total_revenue
                          137755.03
         0
               Mumbai
              Kolkata
                           137077.55
         1
         2
              Chennai
                           119142.82
         3 Bangalore
                           102601.72
                Delhi
                           81027.70
In [13]: fig = px.pie(result,
                      values='total_revenue',
                      names='Location',
                      title='Revenue Distribution by Location',
                      labels={'total_revenue': 'Total Revenue ($)', 'Location': 'Location'},
                      hover_name='Location',
                      hover_data={'total_revenue': ':,.2f'}
         fig.update_layout(
             margin=dict(1=40, r=40, t=40, b=40),
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
         )
         fig.update_traces(marker=dict(colors=['#d62728', '#e377c2', '#ff7f0e', '#ffbb78', '#ff98
         fig.update_layout(
             showlegend=True,
             legend=dict(
                 title='Location',
                 orientation='v',
                 yanchor='top',
                 y=1,
                 xanchor='left',
                 x=0
         fig.show()
         query = """
In [14]:
```

fig.update\_traces(marker=dict(color=['#813cf6', '#15abbd', '#df9def']))

```
result['percentage_contribution'] = result['percentage_contribution'].round(2)
         result = result.sort_values(by='total_revenue', ascending=False)
         print(result)
             Location total_revenue
                                       percentage_contribution
         0
               Mumbai 137755.026877
                                                         23.85
         1
              Kolkata 137077.551005
                                                         23.73
         2
              Chennai 119142.815748
                                                         20.63
         3 Bangalore 102601.723882
                                                         17.76
                Delhi 81027.701225
                                                         14.03
In [15]: fig = px.bar(result,
                      x='Location',
                      y='percentage_contribution',
                       title='Percentage Contribution of Revenue by Location',
                       labels={'percentage_contribution': 'Percentage of Total Revenue (%)', 'Loca
         fig.update_layout(
             xaxis_title="Location",
             yaxis_title="Percentage of Total Revenue (%)",
             yaxis_tickformat=".2f",
             margin=dict(1=40, r=40, t=40, b=40),
             font=dict(size=14),
             font_color='white',
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             bargap=0.2,
             bargroupgap=0.1
         )
         fig.update_traces(marker=dict(color=['#8808f3', '#cc1b1a', '#265f01', '#6ee377', '#4dc64
         fig.show()
         query = """
In [16]:
             SELECT
                 SUM("stock levels") AS "Stock Levels",
                 SUM("Lead Times") AS "Lead Times"
             FROM
                 df;
         0.000
         result = duckdb.query(query).df()
         print(result)
            Stock Levels Lead Times
                  4777.0
                              1596.0
         total_stock_levels = result['Stock Levels'][0]
In [17]:
         total_lead_times = result['Lead Times'][0]
         fig_stock_levels = go.Figure(go.Indicator(
             mode="number+gauge",
             value=total_stock_levels,
             # title={'text': "Total Stock Levels"},
             gauge={
                  'axis': {'range': [0, max(total_stock_levels, total_lead_times) + 100]},
                  'bar': {'color': "rgba(31, 119, 180, 0.8)"},
                  'steps': [
                      {'range': [0, max(total_stock_levels, total_lead_times) / 2], 'color': "ligh
                      {'range': [max(total_stock_levels, total_lead_times) / 2, max(total_stock_le
                  ],
```

```
'threshold': {
            'line': {'color': "red", 'width': 4},
            'thickness': 0.75,
            'value': total_stock_levels
        }
   }
))
fig_stock_levels.update_layout(
    title={'text': "Total Stock Levels", 'font': {'size': 20}},
    font=dict(size=18, color='white'),
    plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
    paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
)
fig_lead_times = go.Figure(go.Indicator(
    mode="number+gauge",
    value=total_lead_times,
    # title={'text': "Total Lead Times"},
    gauge={
        'axis': {'range': [0, max(total_stock_levels, total_lead_times) + 100]},
        'bar': {'color': "rgba(214, 39, 40, 0.8)"},
        'steps': [
            {'range': [0, max(total_stock_levels, total_lead_times) / 2], 'color': "ligh
            {'range': [max(total_stock_levels, total_lead_times) / 2, max(total_stock_le
        'threshold': {
            'line': {'color': "red", 'width': 4},
            'thickness': 0.75,
            'value': total_lead_times
        }
   }
))
fig_lead_times.update_layout(
    title={'text': "Total Lead Times", 'font': {'size': 20}},
    font=dict(size=18, color='white'),
    plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
    paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
)
fig_stock_levels.show()
fig_lead_times.show()
```

The total quantity of orders placed is: 4922

```
In [19]: total_orders_quantity = result[0][0]
fig = go.Figure()
fig.add_trace(go.Indicator(
```

```
title={"text": "Total Orders Quantity"},
             number={"valueformat": ",.0f"}
         ))
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=18, color='white'),
             margin=dict(1=20, r=20, t=80, b=20),
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
In [20]:
         result = df.groupby('Location')['Order quantities'].sum().reset_index()
         result = result.sort_values(by='Order quantities', ascending=False)
         print(result)
             Location Order quantities
         3
              Kolkata
                                    1228
         1
              Chennai
                                   1109
         4
               Mumbai
                                    1083
         0 Bangalore
                                     769
         2
                Delhi
                                     733
         fig = px.bar(result, x='Location', y='Order quantities',
In [21]:
                       title='Total Order Quantities by Location',
                       labels={'Location': 'Location', 'Order quantities': 'Total Order Quantities
                       color='Location',
                       color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Dark24,
         fig.update_layout(
             xaxis_title="Location",
             yaxis_title="Total Order Quantities",
             font=dict(size=14,color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             bargap=0.1,
         fig.show()
In [22]: costs_by_product = df.groupby('Product type')['Manufacturing costs'].sum().reset_index()
         costs_by_product['Manufacturing costs'] = costs_by_product['Manufacturing costs'].round(
         costs_by_product = costs_by_product.sort_values(by='Manufacturing costs', ascending=Fals
         print(costs_by_product)
           Product type Manufacturing costs
         2
                                      1959.73
               skincare
         1
               haircare
                                      1647.57
              cosmetics
                                      1119.37
In [23]: fig = px.bar(costs_by_product,
                      x='Product type',
                       y='Manufacturing costs',
                       title='Manufacturing Costs by Product Type',
                       labels={'Manufacturing costs': 'Manufacturing Costs ($)', 'Product type': '
```

mode="number",

value=total\_orders\_quantity,

Out[24]:		Product type	Price	Manufacturing_costs	Profit_margin
	0	cosmetics	1491.39	1119.37	372.02
	1	haircare	1564.49	1647.57	-83.08
	2	skincare	1890.37	1959.73	-69.36

```
In [25]: fig = px.bar(price_costs_by_product,
                      x='Product type',
                       y=['Price', 'Manufacturing_costs'],
                       title='Comparison of Price and Manufacturing Costs by Product Type',
                       labels={'value': 'Cost ($)', 'Product type': 'Product Type', 'variable': 'C
                       color_discrete_sequence=['#d62728', '#e377c2'],
                      barmode='group'
         for i, row in price_costs_by_product.iterrows():
             fig.add_annotation(
                 x=row['Product type'],
                 y=row['Price'] + 5,
                 text=f"Profit Margin: ${row['Profit_margin']}",
                 showarrow=False,
                 font=dict(size=10, color='White'),
             )
         fig.update_layout(
             xaxis_title="Product Type",
             yaxis_title="Cost ($)",
             font=dict(size=14, color='White'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
```

```
fig.show()
In [26]:
         profitability_by_product = df.groupby('Product type').agg(
              Revenue=('Revenue generated', 'sum'),
              Cost=('Costs', 'sum')
          ).reset_index()
          # Calculate profit (Revenue - Cost)
          profitability_by_product['Profit'] = (profitability_by_product['Revenue'] - profitabilit
          profitability_by_product = profitability_by_product.sort_values(by='Product type')
          profitability_by_product
Out[26]:
            Product type
                            Revenue
                                           Cost
                                                    Profit
         0
               cosmetics 161521.265999 13366.397283 148154.87
         1
                haircare 174455.390605 17328.862865 157126.53
                skincare 241628.162133 22229.318068 219398.84
         2
In [27]: fig = px.bar(profitability_by_product,
                       x='Product type',
                       y='Profit',
                       title='Overall Profitability by Product Type',
                       labels={'Profit': 'Profit ($)', 'Product type': 'Product Type'},
                       color='Profit',
                       color_continuous_scale=px.colors.diverging.RdYlGn,
          fig.update_layout(
              xaxis_title="Product Type",
              yaxis_title="Profit ($)",
              font=dict(size=14,color='white'),
              plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
              paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
              bargap=0.1,
          fig.show()
In [28]:
         # Calculate average lead time for each product type
          average_lead_time_by_product = df.groupby('Product type')['Lead times'].mean().reset_ind
          # Format the average lead time to 4 decimal places
          average_lead_time_by_product['Average Lead Time'] = average_lead_time_by_product['Lead t
         average_lead_time_by_product = average_lead_time_by_product.sort_values(by='Product type
          average_lead_time_by_product
            Product type Lead times Average Lead Time
Out[28]:
         0
               cosmetics
                        15.384615
                                            15.38
         1
                haircare
                        15.529412
                                            15.53
```

16.70

bargap=0.2,

skincare

16.700000

```
y='Average Lead Time',
                       title='Average Lead Time by Product Type',
                       labels={'Average Lead Time': 'Average Lead Time (days)', 'Product type': 'P
                      color='Average Lead Time',
                      color_continuous_scale='viridis',
         fig.update_layout(
             xaxis_title="Product Type",
             yaxis_title="Average Lead Time (days)",
             font=dict(size=14,color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
             bargap=0.1,
         fig.show()
         total_lead_times = df['Lead times'].sum()
In [30]:
         total_stock_levels = df['Stock levels'].sum()
         total_availability = df['Availability'].sum()
         print(f"Total Lead Times: {total_lead_times}")
         print(f"Total Stock Levels: {total_stock_levels}")
         print(f"Total Availability: {total_availability}")
         Total Lead Times: 1596
         Total Stock Levels: 4777
         Total Availability: 4840
In [31]: fig = go.Figure()
         fig.add_trace(go.Indicator(
             mode="number",
             value=total_availability,
             title={"text": "Total Availability"},
             domain={'x': [0, 1], 'y': [0, 1]}
         ))
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=18, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         )
         fig.show()
In [32]:
         sum_defect_rates = df.groupby('Inspection results')['Defect rates'].sum().reset_index()
         total_defect_rate = df['Defect rates'].sum()
         # Calculate the percentage contribution of each inspection result's defect rate
         sum_defect_rates['Percentage of Total Defect Rate'] = \
             (sum_defect_rates['Defect rates'] / total_defect_rate) * 100
         # Calculate the average defect rate for each inspection result
         avg_defect_rate = df.groupby('Inspection results')['Defect rates'].mean().reset_index()
```

result = pd.merge(sum\_defect\_rates, avg\_defect\_rate, on='Inspection results', suffixes=(

result = result.sort\_values(by='Defect rates\_sum', ascending=False)

In [29]: | fig = px.bar(average\_lead\_time\_by\_product,

x='Product type',

# Merge the results and order by 'Defect Rates'

fig.add\_trace(go.Scatter(

```
Out[32]:
            Inspection results   Defect rates sum   Percentage of Total Defect Rate   Defect rates avg
                       Fail
                                  92.494877
                                                            40.618559
                                                                            2.569302
          2
                    Pending
                                  88.322929
                                                            38.786474
                                                                            2.154218
          1
                      Pass
                                  46.897993
                                                            20.594967
                                                                            2.039043
In [33]: fig = px.sunburst(result, path=['Inspection results'], values='Defect rates_sum',
                             hover_data=['Percentage of Total Defect Rate', 'Defect rates_avg'],
                             title='Defect Rates by Inspection Results (Sunburst Chart)',
                             color='Defect rates_sum',
                             color_continuous_scale='RdBu')
          fig.update_layout(
              font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
              plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
              paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
          fig.show()
         mode_counts = df['Transportation modes'].value_counts()
In [34]:
          fig = go.Figure()
          fig.add_trace(go.Pie(
              labels=mode_counts.index,
              values=mode_counts.values,
              textinfo='percent+label',
              marker_colors=['#1f77b4', '#ff7f0e', '#2ca02c', '#d62728'],
              textposition='inside',
              hole=0.3
          ))
          fig.update_layout(
              title='Frequency of Transportation Modes',
              font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
              plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
              paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
          fig.show()
         mode_summary = df.groupby('Transportation modes').agg({
In [35]:
              'Lead times': 'sum',
              'Costs': 'sum'
          }).reset_index()
          print(mode_summary)
            Transportation modes Lead times
                                                       Costs
         0
                             Air
                                          475 14604.527498
         1
                             Rail
                                          417 15168.931559
         2
                             Road
                                          497 16048.193639
         3
                                          207
                                                 7102.925520
                              Sea
In [36]: fig = go.Figure()
```

```
y=mode_summary['Costs'],
             mode='markers',
             marker=dict(color='blue', size=12),
             text=mode_summary['Transportation modes'],
             hovertemplate='<b>Transport Mode</b>: %{text}<br>>b>Lead Time</b>: %{x}<br>>cost</
         ))
         fig.update_layout(
             title='Relationship Between Transportation Modes, Lead Time, and Costs',
             xaxis_title='Lead Time',
             yaxis_title='Costs',
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
         fig.show()
In [37]:
         route_counts = df['Routes'].value_counts()
         route_counts_df = route_counts.reset_index()
         route_counts_df.columns = ['Routes', 'Count']
         fig = px.scatter(route_counts_df, x='Routes', y='Count', size='Count', hover_name='Route
                           title='Bubble Chart of Transportation Routes with Count',
                           labels={'Routes': 'Transportation Routes', 'Count': 'Frequency'},
                           size_max=60)
         fig.update_layout(
             showlegend=False,
             xaxis_title="Transportation Routes",
             yaxis_title="Frequency",
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
         # Group by 'Routes' and calculate sum of 'Lead times' and 'Costs'
In [38]:
         route_summary = df.groupby('Routes').agg({'Lead times': 'sum', 'Costs': 'sum'}).reset_in
         route_summary = route_summary.sort_values(by='Lead times', ascending=False)
         route_summary
Out[38]:
            Routes Lead times
                                   Costs
         1 Route B
                         637 22039.384026
         0 Route A
                         632 20875.774494
         2 Route C
                         327 10009.419696
In [39]: route_summary = df.groupby('Routes').agg({'Lead times': 'sum', 'Costs': 'sum'}).reset_in
         route_summary = route_summary.sort_values(by='Lead times', ascending=False)
         route_summary['Costs'] = route_summary['Costs'].round(2)
         fig = px.parallel_categories(
```

x=mode\_summary['Lead times'],

route\_summary,

color='Lead times',

dimensions=['Routes', 'Lead times', 'Costs'],

```
color_continuous_scale=px.colors.diverging.Tealrose
         )
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
         fig.show()
         average_defect_rate = df.groupby('Product type').agg({'Defect rates': 'mean'}).reset_ind
In [40]:
         average_defect_rate['Defect rates'] = average_defect_rate['Defect rates'].round(2)
         average_defect_rate.columns = ['Product Type', 'Average Defect Rate']
         print(average_defect_rate)
           Product Type Average Defect Rate
         0
              cosmetics
                                         1.92
               haircare
                                         2.48
         1
         2
               skincare
                                         2.33
In [41]: fig = px.pie(
             average_defect_rate,
             names='Product Type',
             values='Average Defect Rate',
             title='Average Defect Rate by Product Type',
             color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Pastel
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14,color='white'),
             showlegend=True,
             legend_title_text='Product Type',
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
         cost_summary = df.groupby('Inspection results').agg({'Manufacturing costs': 'sum'}).rese
In [42]:
         total_costs = cost_summary['Manufacturing costs'].sum()
         cost_summary['Percentage Contribution'] = (cost_summary['Manufacturing costs'] / total_c
         cost_summary['Manufacturing costs'] = cost_summary['Manufacturing costs'].astype(float).
         cost_summary['Percentage Contribution'] = cost_summary['Percentage Contribution'].astype
         cost_summary = cost_summary.sort_values(by='Manufacturing costs', ascending=False)
         print(cost_summary)
           Inspection results Manufacturing costs Percentage Contribution
         0
                                                                       39.78
                         Fail
                                            1880.30
                                            1785.07
                                                                       37.77
         2
                      Pending
         1
                                            1061.30
                                                                       22.45
                         Pass
In [43]:
         fig = px.pie(
             cost_summary,
```

title='Impact of Routes on Lead Times and Costs',

```
values='Manufacturing costs',
             title='Manufacturing Costs by Inspection Results',
             color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Pastel1
         fig.update_traces(
             hoverinfo='label+value+percent',
             textinfo='value+percent'
         )
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             showlegend=True,
             legend_title_text='Inspection Results',
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
In [44]:
         total_production_volumes = df['Production volumes'].sum()
         total_stock_levels = df['Stock levels'].sum()
         total_order_quantities = df['Order quantities'].sum()
         print(f"Total Production Volumes: {total_production_volumes}")
         print(f"Total Stock Levels: {total_stock_levels}")
         print(f"Total Order Quantities: {total_order_quantities}")
         summary_df = pd.DataFrame({
              'Metric': ['Production Volumes', 'Stock Levels', 'Order Quantities'],
              'Total': [total_production_volumes, total_stock_levels, total_order_quantities]
         })
         print(summary_df)
         Total Production Volumes: 56784
         Total Stock Levels: 4777
         Total Order Quantities: 4922
                        Metric Total
         0 Production Volumes 56784
         1
                  Stock Levels
                                4777
              Order Quantities
                                 4922
In [45]: fig = go.Figure()
         fig.add_trace(go.Scatterpolar(
             r=[total_production_volumes, total_stock_levels, total_order_quantities],
             theta=['Production Volumes', 'Stock Levels', 'Order Quantities'],
             fill='toself',
             name='Metrics',
             line_color='green'
         ))
         fig.update_layout(
             title='Relationship between Production Volume, Stock Levels, and Order Quantities',
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             polar=dict(
                 radialaxis=dict(
                      visible=True,
                      range=[0, max(total_production_volumes, total_stock_levels, total_order_quan
                      color = 'green'
                  )
              ),
```

names='Inspection results',

```
showlegend=True,
plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
)

fig.show()
```

```
location_summary = df.groupby('Location').agg({'Production volumes': 'sum'}).reset_index
In [46]:
         location_summary = location_summary.sort_values(by='Production volumes', ascending=False
         fig = px.treemap(
             location_summary,
             path=['Location'],
             values='Production volumes',
             color='Production volumes',
             color_continuous_scale='Viridis',
             title='Production Volumes by Location'
         )
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='White'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
```

```
location_summary = df.groupby('Location').agg({'Production volumes': 'sum'}).reset_index
In [47]:
         total_production_volumes = location_summary['Production volumes'].sum()
         location_summary['Percentage'] = (location_summary['Production volumes'] / total_product
         location_summary = location_summary.sort_values(by='Production volumes', ascending=False)
         fig = px.pie(
             location_summary,
             names='Location',
             values='Percentage',
             title='Percentage of Production Volumes Aligned with Market Demands by Location',
             color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Set3
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
```

```
font=dict(size=14, color='White'),
  plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
  paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
)

fig.show()
```

```
In [50]: location_summary = df.groupby('Location').agg({'Production volumes': 'sum', 'Manufacturi
         fig = px.scatter(location_summary,
                          x='Production volumes',
                          y='Manufacturing costs',
                          color='Location',
                           size='Production volumes',
                          hover_name='Location',
                           title='Relationship between Production Volumes and Manufacturing Costs
                          labels={'Production volumes': 'Production Volumes', 'Manufacturing cost
                           size_max=30)
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
             showlegend=True,
             xaxis_title='Production Volumes',
             yaxis_title='Manufacturing Costs'
         fig.show()
```

```
font=dict(size=14, color='White'),
  plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
  paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
  xaxis_title='Transportation Modes',
  yaxis_title='Shipping Costs ($)',
  showlegend=True
)

fig.show()

supplier_summary = df.groupby('Supplier name')['Manufacturing costs'].sum().reset_index(
  fig = px.bar(
    supplier_summary,
```

```
In [53]: supplier_summary = df.groupby('Supplier name')['Manufacturing costs'].sum().reset_index(
    fig = px.bar(
        supplier_summary,
        x='Supplier name',
        y='Manufacturing costs',
        title='Distribution of Manufacturing Costs by Supplier',
        labels={'Supplier name': 'Supplier Name', 'Manufacturing costs': 'Manufacturing Cost
        color='Supplier name',
        color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Set3_r
)

fig.update_layout(
    font=dict(size=14, color='White'),
    plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
        paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
        xaxis={'categoryorder':'total descending'}
)

fig.show()
```

```
In [54]: | shipping_summary = df.groupby('Shipping carriers')['Shipping costs'].sum().reset_index()
         fig = px.bar(
             shipping_summary,
             x='Shipping carriers',
             y='Shipping costs',
             title='Distribution of Shipping Costs by Shipping Carriers',
             labels={'Shipping carriers': 'Shipping Carriers', 'Shipping costs': 'Shipping Costs
             color='Shipping carriers',
             color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Set2
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='White'),
             xaxis_title=None,
             yaxis_title='Shipping Costs ($)',
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
         fig.show()
```

```
In [55]: order_summary = df.groupby('Transportation modes')['Order quantities'].sum().reset_index

fig = px.sunburst(
    order_summary,
    path=['Transportation modes'],
    values='Order quantities',
    title='Total Order Quantities by Transportation Mode',
    color='Order quantities',
```

```
color_continuous_scale=px.colors.sequential.Blues,
    labels={'Transportation modes': 'Transportation Mode', 'Order quantities': 'Total Or
)

fig.update_layout(
    font=dict(size=14, color='White'),
    plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
    paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
)

fig.show()
```

```
In [56]:
         df['Total shipping costs'] = df['Number of products sold'] * df['Shipping costs']
         fig = px.scatter(df,
                          x='Number of products sold',
                          y='Total shipping costs',
                          size='Price',
                          color='Customer demographics',
                          hover_name='SKU',
                          title='Relationship between Number of Products Sold and Total Shipping
                          labels={'Number of products sold': 'Number of Products Sold', 'Total sh
                          template='plotly_dark'
         fig.update_traces(marker=dict(line=dict(width=1, color='DarkSlateGrey')),
                            selector=dict(mode='markers'))
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bqcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)'
         fig.show()
```

```
In [57]: fig = px.scatter(df,
                          x='Manufacturing costs',
                          y='Revenue generated',
                          size='Price',
                          color='Product type',
                          hover_name='SKU',
                          title='Relationship between Manufacturing Costs and Revenue Generated',
                          labels={'Manufacturing costs': 'Manufacturing Costs ($)', 'Revenue gene
                          template='plotly_dark',
                          color_discrete_sequence=px.colors.qualitative.Dark24
         fig.update_traces(marker=dict(line=dict(width=1, color='DarkSlateGrey')),
                            selector=dict(mode='markers'))
         fig.update_layout(
             font=dict(size=14, color='white'),
             plot_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
             paper_bgcolor='rgba(0, 0, 0, 0)',
         fig.show()
```

```
In [58]: numeric_columns = ['Shipping times', 'Lead times']
transport_summary = df.groupby('Transportation modes')[numeric_columns].mean().reset_ind
```

```
In [ ]:
```