

Diseases Agency <a href="https://www.cda.gov.sg/resources/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin-2025/">https://www.cda.gov.sg/resources/weekly-infectious-diseases-bulletin-2025/</a>

Published by the Communicable Diseases Programmes

#### WEEKLY INFECTIOUS DISEASE BULLETIN

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL WEEK 31 27 Jul 2024 - 2 Aug 2025

	E Week	31		Cumulative first		31 Week
	2025*	2024	Median	2025*	2024	Median
FOOD/WATER-BORNE DISEASES			2020 -2024			2020 -2024
	4	0	0	54	20	18
Acute Hepatitis A Acute Hepatitis E	1	0		34	30 25	28
	1	7	1			_
Campylobacteriosis	11		8	335	291	304
Cholera	0	1	0	2	1	0 8
Paratyphoid	0	0	0	11	14	0
Poliomyelitis	0	0	0	1	0	
Salmonellosis	14	33	26	754	903	845
Typhoid VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES	1	1	1	34	31	31
			0	47		
Chikungunya Fever	1	1	0	17	8	8
Dengue Fever	71	274	274	3034	10661	10661
Dengue Haemorrhagic Fever	0	0	0	14	34	32
Japanese Encephalitis	0	0	0	0	0	0
Leptospirosis Molorio	1	2	1	46	30	29
Malaria	0	0	0	19	14	10
Murine Typhus	1	4	0	59	39	5
Nipah Virus Infection	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plague	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zika Virus Infection	0	0	0	11	9	1
AIR/DROPLET-BORNE DISEASES						
Avian Influenza	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diphtheria	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ebola Virus Disease	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haemophilus influenzae type b	0	0	0	0	0	0
Legionellosis	0	2	0	31	20	11
Measles	1	0	0	15	8	6
Melioidosis	1	1	1	34	36	24
Meningococcal Disease	0	0	0	4	1	2
Middle East Respiratory Syndrome^	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mpox"	1	0	NA	11	10	NA
Mumps	7	4	2	141	153	118
Pertussis	1	4	0	63	64	11
Pneumococcal Disease (Invasive)	6	2	1	84	73	36
Rubella	0	0	0	0	0	0
Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tetanus	0	0	0	0	1	0
OTHER DISEASES	<u> </u>			-	•	
Acute Hepatitis B	0	1	1	16	27	21
Acute Hepatitis C	0	0	0	16	9	9
Botulism	0	0	0	0	0	0
POLYCLINIC ATTENDANCES - AVER			J	J		· ·
Acute Upper Respiratory Infections	2298	2242	2242		Ī	NA
Acute Conjunctivitis	87	79	46			NA NA
Acute Diarrhoea	475	458	355			NA NA
Chickenpox	4/3	7	4			NA NA
Hand, Foot And Mouth Disease	22	39	19			NA NA
HIV/STI/TB NOTIFICATIONS			18	Cumula	tive 2025	14/7
	2025	Jun		Cumulative 2025		
HIV/AIDS	10			72 1765		
Legally Notifiable STIs	366					$\longrightarrow$
Tuberculosis * Provisional figures	91			50	JU	

Provisional figures

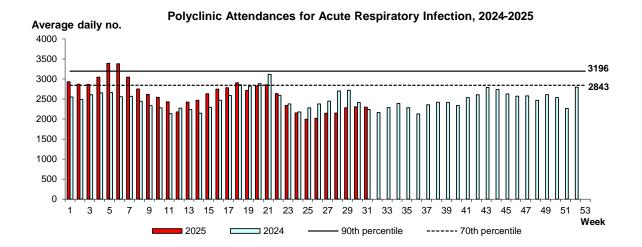
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> Added to the list of notifiable diseases as of 30 Jun 2022. To date, all mpox infections detected have been Clade IIb infections.

<sup>^</sup> With effect from E-week 27, 2023, only confirmed cases of MERS will be reported, instead of the number of persons tested.

#### Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) Situation in Singapore 2025

ARI indicators for E-week 31 (27 Jul 2024 - 2 Aug 2025) were as follows:

The average daily number of patients seeking treatment in the polyclinics for ARI was 2298 (over 5.5 working days) in E-week 31.



In E-week 31, the top respiratory pathogens among adult and paediatric samples from the National Surveillance Programme for Acute Respiratory Infection§ (ARI) were:

- Adult samples: Human rhinovirus/enterovirus (28%), Influenza (10%), and Respiratory Syncytial Virus (5%).
- Paediatric samples: Human rhinovirus/enterovirus (38%), Respiratory Syncytial Virus (9%), and Parainfluenza Viruses (8%).

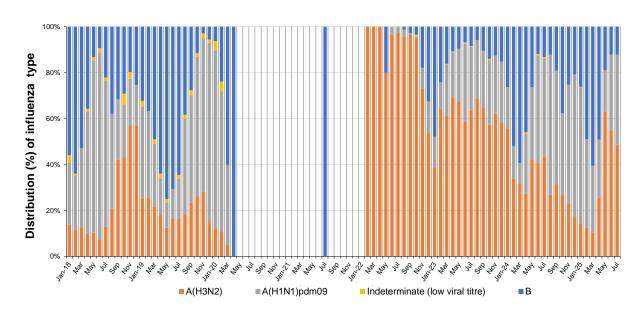
§ CDA monitors the trends of respiratory pathogens in the community through our sentinel surveillance programme for Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI) which includes polyclinics and selected general practitioner (GP) clinics.

#### **COVID-19 and Influenza**

The proportion of patients with influenza-like illness (ILI) among the polyclinic attendances for ARI was 0.4%. The positivity rate for influenza among ILI samples (n= 127) in the community was 19% in E-week 31. The positivity rate for COVID-19 among ARI samples (n= 284) in the community was 3% in E-week 31.

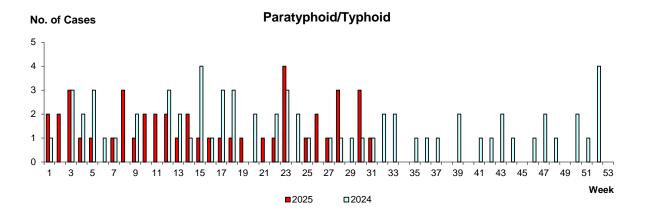
Of the 74 specimens tested positive for influenza in July 2025, 29 were positive for Influenza A(pH1N1) (39%), 36 were positive for Influenza A(H3N2) (49%), and 9 were positive for Influenza B (12%).

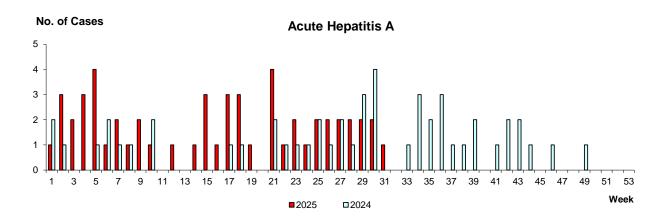
### **Monthly Influenza Surveillance**

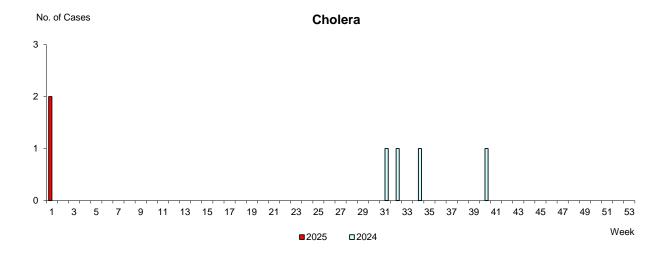


Based on influenza-like illness (ILI) samples from GPs and polyclinics

# WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF FOOD/WATER-BORNE DISEASES, 2024-2025







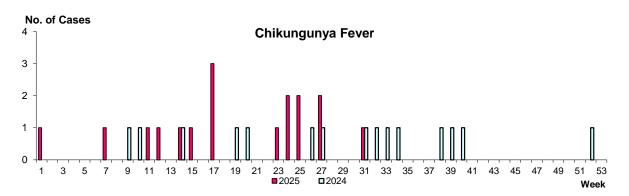
### WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF VECTOR-BORNE DISEASES, 2024-2025

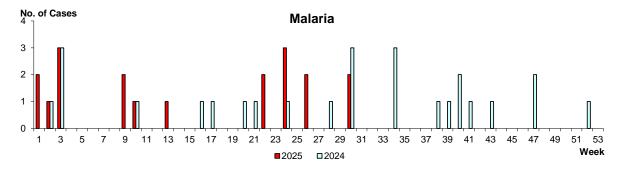
#### Dengue Fever/Dengue Haemorrhagic Fever No. of Cases Week Mean + 2 std dev

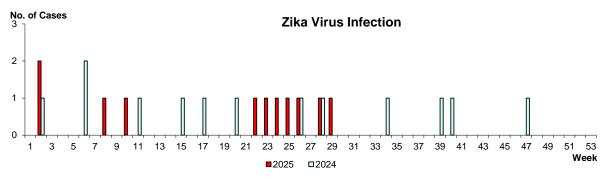
The number of dengue notifications was 71 in E-week 31.

The number of hospital admissions decreased to 8 in E-week 31, compared to 13 in E-week 30.

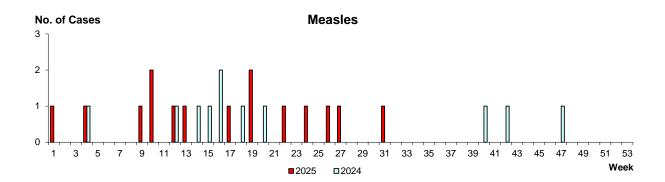
Preliminary results of all positive dengue samples serotyped in July 2025 showed DEN-1, DEN-2, DEN-3 and DEN-4 at 10.8%, 64.2%, 20.9% and 4.1% respectively.

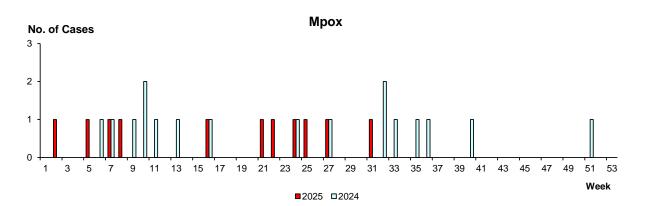


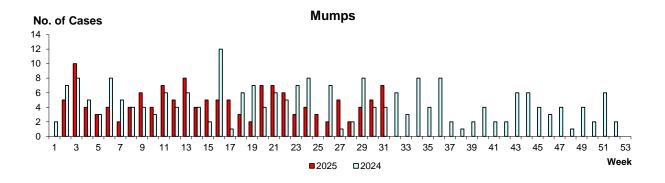


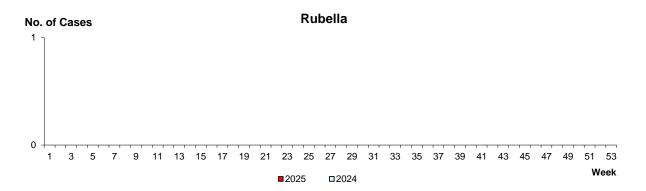


# WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF AIR/DROPLET-BORNE DISEASES, 2024-2025

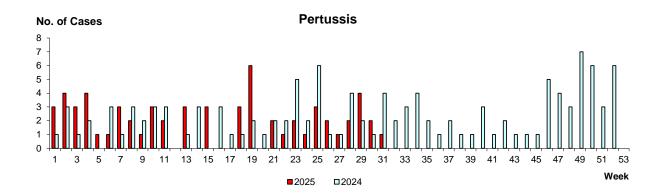


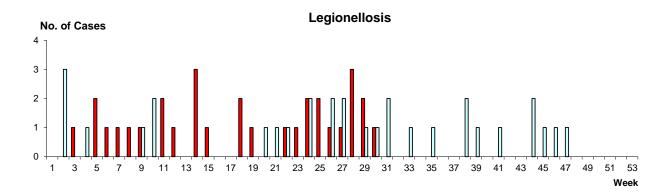


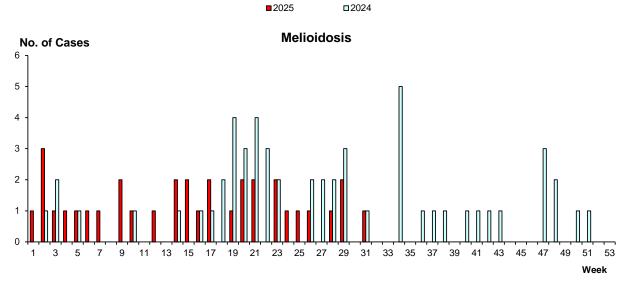




### WEEKLY INCIDENCE OF AIR/DROPLET-BORNE DISEASES, 2024-2025

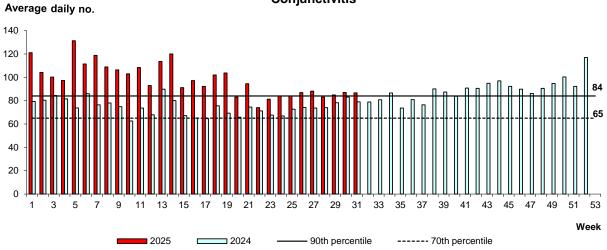






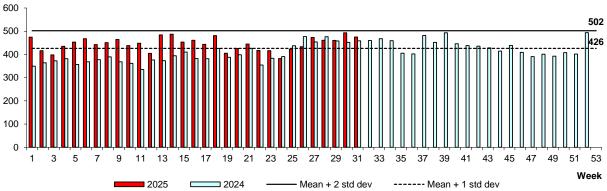
#### **POLYCLINIC ATTENDANCES, 2024-2025**

## Conjunctivitis



### Diarrhoeal Illness

# Average daily no.



# **Hand, Foot & Mouth Disease**

