

Range Addition

Assume you have an array of length n initialized with all 0's and are given k update operations.

Each operation is represented as a triplet: **[startIndex, endIndex, inc]** which increments each element of subarray **A[startIndex ... endIndex]** (startIndex and endIndex inclusive) with **inc**.

Return the modified array after all k operations were executed.

Example:

Given:

```
length = 5,  
updates = [  
    [1, 3, 2],  
    [2, 4, 3],  
    [0, 2, -2]  
]
```

Output:

```
[-2, 0, 3, 5, 3]
```

Explanation:

Initial state:
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0]

After applying operation [1, 3, 2]:
[0, 2, 2, 2, 0]

After applying operation [2, 4, 3]:
[0, 2, 5, 5, 3]

After applying operation [0, 2, -2]:
[-2, 0, 3, 5, 3]

1. Thinking of using advanced data structures? You are thinking it too complicated.
2. For each update operation, do you really need to update all elements between i and j ?
3. Update only the first and end element is sufficient.
4. The optimal time complexity is $O(k + n)$ and uses $O(1)$ extra space.

Credits:

Special thanks to [@vinod23](#) for adding this problem and creating all test cases.

From [Leetcode](#).