

Reverse Vowels of a String

Write a function that takes a string as input and reverse only the vowels of a string.

Example 1:

Given `s = "hello"`, return `"holle"`.

Example 2:

Given `s = "leetcode"`, return `"leotcede"`.

Solution 1

Ruby

```
def reverse_vowels(s)
  vowels = s.scan(/[aeiou]/i)
  s.gsub(/[aeiou]/i) { vowels.pop }
end
```

Python

```
def reverseVowels(self, s):
    vowels = re.findall('(?i)[aeiou]', s)
    return re.sub('(?i)[aeiou]', lambda m: vowels.pop(), s)
```

It's possible in one line, but I don't really like it:

```
def reverseVowels(self, s):
    return re.sub('(?i)[aeiou]', lambda m, v=re.findall('(?i)[aeiou]', s): v.pop(), s)
```

written by [StefanPochmann](#) original link [here](#)

Solution 2

In the inner while loop, don't forget the condition "start less than end" while incrementing start and decrementing end. This is my friend's google phone interview question. Cheers! // update! May use a HashSet to reduce the look up time to O(1)

```
public class Solution {
    public String reverseVowels(String s) {
        if(s == null || s.length()==0) return s;
        String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU";
        char[] chars = s.toCharArray();
        int start = 0;
        int end = s.length()-1;
        while(start<end){

            while(start<end && !vowels.contains(chars[start]+"")){
                start++;
            }

            while(start<end && !vowels.contains(chars[end]+"")){
                end--;
            }

            char temp = chars[start];
            chars[start] = chars[end];
            chars[end] = temp;

            start++;
            end--;
        }
        return new String(chars);
    }
}
```

}

written by [ninacc](#) original link [here](#)

Solution 3

```
class Solution {
public:
    string reverseVowels(string s) {
        auto p1 = s.begin(), p2 = s.end() - 1;
        string vowels = "aeiouAEIOU";
        while(p1 < p2) {
            while((vowels.find(*p1) == string::npos) && (p1 < p2)) p1++;
            while((vowels.find(*p2) == string::npos) && (p1 < p2)) p2--;
            if(p1 < p2) swap(*p1, *p2);
            p1++;
            p2--;
        }
        return s;
    }
};
```

written by [linjian2015](#) original link [here](#)

From [LeetCoder](#).