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 Lista 25 - Arcos e Ângulos na
 circunferência //

① $23^{\circ}45' + 66^{\circ}15' = 89^{\circ}60' \rightarrow 90^{\circ}$

$AB = 2 \cdot 66^{\circ}15' = 132^{\circ}30'$

$x(APB) = \frac{132^{\circ}30'}{2}$

$x(APB) = 66^{\circ}15' //$

Letra E

② $\widehat{CAD} = 40^{\circ}$, então:

$\widehat{COD} = \text{arco } CB = 2 \cdot 40^{\circ} = 80^{\circ} //$

Letra E

③ $\widehat{DBE} = \widehat{DAE} \Rightarrow 35^{\circ}$

$50^{\circ} + 35^{\circ} + \alpha = 180^{\circ}$

$85 + \alpha = 180^{\circ}$

$\alpha = 180 - 85$

$\alpha = 95^{\circ} //$

Letra A

④ $\alpha = \frac{ABC}{2}$

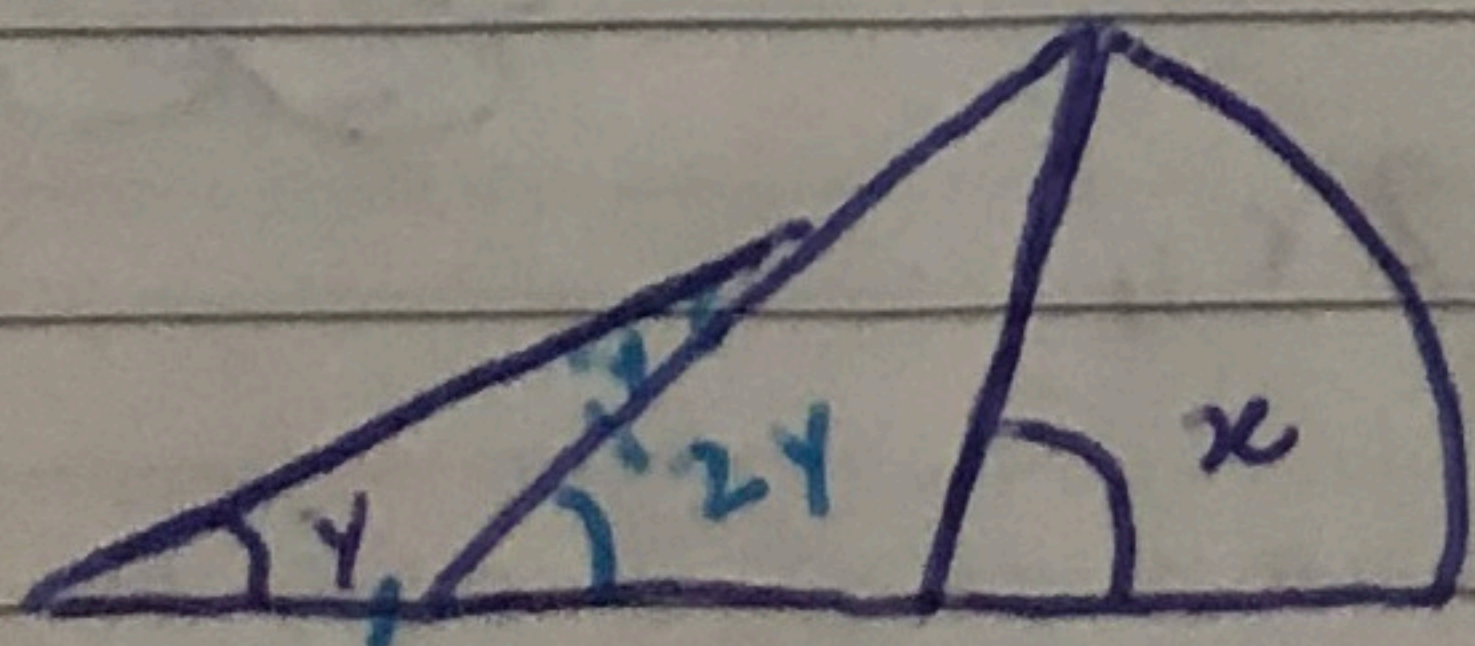
$\beta = \frac{AC}{2}$

Letra C

$\alpha + \beta = \frac{ABC + AC}{2}$

$\angle \tilde{II} = \tilde{II} //$

⑤



Logo: $x = 4y$

ou $y = x/4 //$

⑥ $45 + 60 = 105$

$180 - 105 = 75$

$x = 75^{\circ} //$

Se x mede 75° , o arco ABC medirá 150° . Logo, o arco AEDC medirá 210° . Assim:

$\frac{210}{2} = 105$

$y = 105^{\circ}$