

OLLSCOIL NA hÉIREANN MÁ NUAD THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND MAYNOOTH

JANUARY 2014 EXAMINATION

CS210

Algorithms & Data Structures 1

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Time allowed: 2 hours

Answer all three questions

All questions carry equal marks

[25 marks]

- 1 (a) A function f(n) is said to be O(g(n)) if there is a positive constant [4 marks] c such that for all $n > n_0$ $f(n) \le c.g(n)$. Explain the significance of this big O notation in your own words, highlighting its relevance to the evaluation of algorithms.
 - (b) Describe an algorithm which takes in an array of Card objects, shuffles them in a random order, and returns the shuffled array. Complete the Java method below.

```
public Card[] shuffle (Card[] deck){
    ...fill this in...
}
```

(c) Describe how the binary search algorithm works. Provide a Java [6 marks] implementation of the algorithm that searches an array of ints for a given value, returning the index of the array where that value is found.

```
public int binarySearch (int key){
    ...fill this in...
}
```

- (d) Show how the numbers below would be sorted by the following [9 marks] algorithms.
 - i) Bubble sort
 - ii) Insertion sort
 - iii) Merge sort

```
33 18 47 59 12 56 80 22
```

[25 marks]

- **2** (a) Describe the following data structures, using examples and [9 marks] diagrams as appropriate
 - i) Queue
 - ii) Priority queue
 - iii) Stack

(b) Complete the following method for deleting a link from the middle of a single-ended singly-linked list, where key is the value to be deleted and first is a pointer to the first link in the list.

[7 marks]

```
public void delete(int key, Link first){
    ...fill this in...
}
```

- (c) Describe briefly an idea for an algorithm that can find and return [3 marks] the 3rd last element in a single-ended singly-linked list following a single pass of the list.
- (d) Explain the concept of recursion. Show what happens when the [6 marks] following method is run given an input of 17. What is the output?

```
public int method(int number){
    if (number == 2){
        return 7;
    }
    return method((number % 5) + 1) + 2;
}
```

[25 marks]

- 3 (a) Write a Java method that takes in an int and calculates the [8 marks] percentage of the day that the digits on a digital clock exceed that int value when added together (e.g. three minutes to six is displayed as 5:57, which sums to 17).
 - (b) Player 1 and Player 2 are playing a game where Player 1 flips *x* [8 marks] coins and Player 2 flips *y* coins. The winner is the one who gets the most heads (if it's a draw they flip again). Write a Java method that takes in *x* and *y* and uses a Monte Carlo simulation to calculate the probability that Player 1 will win.
 - (c) Write a Java method that takes in an array of ints and returns [9 marks] the array in the same order with all duplicates removed.