

## OLLSCOIL NA hÉIREANN MÁ NUAD THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF IRELAND MAYNOOTH

## **JANUARY 2013 EXAMINATION**

## **CS210**

## **Algorithms & Data Structures 1**

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Time allowed: 2 hours

Answer all three questions

All questions carry equal marks

[25 marks]

1 (a) Consider the Java method below. How many lines will be printed [5 marks] out when *n* is 10? How about when *n* is 100? In light of this, derive an expression for how many lines will be printed out in terms of the input parameter *n*. State the Big O complexity of the method and prove that this is the case using the mathematical definition.

```
public void method (int n) {
    for(int i = 0; i < (n - 5); i++) {
        for(int j = 1000; j > n; j--) {
            System.out.println("One step");
        }
    }
}
```

- (b) Describe the following sorting algorithms and show step by step [8 marks] how they would sort the numbers below.
  - i) Bubble sort
  - ii) Merge sort

```
45 67 34 19 78 21
```

(c) Describe the binary search algorithm using appropriate [7 marks] examples. Complete the Java method below, which should return the index where the key is found. If the key is not in the array, then the method should return -1.

```
public int search (int[] array, int key){
    ...fill this in...
}
```

(d) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of storing [5 marks] information in an ordered array and describe an algorithm for inserting new information into an ordered array. What is the Big O complexity of this algorithm?

- 2 (a) Describe the following data structures in detail and give [8 marks] examples of how they might be used.
  - i) Stack
  - ii) Queue
  - (b) Complete the following array-based Queue class by filling in the [6 marks] insert() and remove() methods. Include comments which explain your code.

```
public class Queue{
   private int maxSize;
  private long[] queArray;
   private int front;
  private int rear;
  private int nItems;
  public Queue(int s){
      maxSize = s;
      queArray = new long[maxSize];
      front = 0;
      rear = -1;
      nItems = 0;
   }
   public void insert(long j){
       //fill this in
   }
  public long remove(){
       //fill this in
}
```

- (c) Describe the concept of linked lists using example and diagrams [6 marks] as appropriate. What are the advantages and disadvantages of linked lists over arrays?
- (d) Describe the concept of recursion and show how the binary search algorithm could be implemented recursively. [5 marks]

[9 marks]

- 3 (a) Design an algorithm that takes in a number in decimal and [8 marks] converts it to base 3. For example, the number 14 would be converted to 112 in base 3 (one 3<sup>2</sup>, one 3 and 2 units).
  - Write your algorithm in Java with comments that explain it clearly.
  - (b) Design an algorithm that uses a Monte Carlo simulation to [8 marks] determine the odds of six lottery numbers being drawn in ascending order (e.g. 1, 6, 15, 28, 34, 42). The numbers in the Irish lottery range from 1 to 45.
    - Write your algorithm in Java with comments that explain it clearly.
  - (c) Design an algorithm that takes in an array of ints as a parameter and returns the mode of that array. The mode is the value that appears most often in a set of data. If there is more than one mode then it should return the lowest.

Write your algorithm in Java with comments that explain it clearly.