

JJEB MARKING GUIDE MATHS Paper 2 P425/2 2020

1. $n = 120, p = \frac{1}{10}, q = \frac{9}{10}$

$$\mu = 120 \times \frac{1}{10}, \sigma = \sqrt{120 \times \frac{9}{10}}$$

$$= 12 \quad = 3.2863 \quad \text{B1}$$

$$P(x < 15) = P\left(Z < \frac{14.5 - 12}{3.2863}\right) \quad \text{B1 M1}$$

$$= P(Z < 0.7607)$$

$$= 0.5 + 0.2767 \quad \text{M1}$$

$$= 0.7767 \quad \text{A1}$$

05

2. $a = 3e^{-t}i + 5\cos t j - 4\sin t k$

$$V_t = \int (3e^{-t}i + 5\cos t j - 4\sin t k) dt$$

$$= -3e^{-t}i + 5\sin t j + 4\cos t k + c \quad \text{M1}$$

$$V_t = 0.6i - 2j + 3k = -3i + 0j + 4k + c \quad \text{M1}$$

$$\therefore C = 9i - 2j - k \quad \text{B1}$$

$$\therefore V_t = (-3e^{-t} + 9)i + (5\sin t - 2)j + (4\cos t - 1)k$$

$$\therefore V_t = 2 = (-3e^{-2} + 9)i + (5\sin 2 - 2)j + (4\cos 2 - 1)k$$

$$\text{Speed} = |V_t = 2| = \sqrt{(-3e^{-2} + 9)^2 + (5\sin 2 - 2)^2 + (4\cos 2 - 1)^2} \quad \text{M1}$$

$$= 9.351 \quad \text{A1}$$

05

3. $x = 4.3, z = 84.001, D^e x = 0.0215, D^e z = 0.042$ B1

$$\text{evel } (x - z) = \frac{|D^e x| + |D^e z|}{|x - z|}$$

$$= \frac{0.0215 + 0.042}{|4.3 - 84.001|}$$

$$= 0.0007967$$

$$= 0.000797$$

M1
B1
A1
05

4. (i) Total momentum before collision $= 0.2 \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} + 0.3 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1.6 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Total momentum after collision $= 0.5\mathbf{v}$

$$\therefore 0.5\mathbf{v} = 1.6\mathbf{i} + 0.5\mathbf{j}$$

M1

$$\mathbf{v} = 3.2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$$

$$\therefore \text{speed} = \sqrt{(3.2)^2 + 1^2}$$

M1

$$= 3.3526\text{ms}^{-1}$$

(ii) K.E before $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.2 \cdot (5\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j}) \cdot (5\mathbf{i} + 7\mathbf{j}) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.3 \cdot (2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j}) \cdot (2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j})$

$$= 9.35J$$

K.E after $= \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0.5 \cdot (3.2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}) \cdot (3.2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}) = 2.81J$ B1

$$\therefore \text{loss in K.E} = (2.81 - 9.35) J$$

M1

$$= 6.54J$$

M1

05

5. (i) $P(M) = P(N) = 2P(M \cap N)$

$$P(M \cup N) = P(M) + P(N) - P(M \cap N)$$

$$0.6 = 3P(M \cap N)$$

M1

$$\therefore P(M \cap N) = 0.2$$

A1

(ii) $P(M \cap N') = P(M) - P(M \cap N)$

$$= 2(0.2) - 0.2$$

B1 for P(M)

M1

$$= 0.2$$

A1

05

6.

$$h = \frac{\pi/2 - 0}{5} = \pi/10$$

B1

B1

| x | y_0, y_4 | $y_1 = y_4$ |
|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 0 | | |
| $\pi/10$ | 1.0000 | |
| $2\pi/10$ | | 1.7999 |
| $3\pi/10$ | | 2.2457 |
| $4\pi/10$ | | 2.5884 |
| $\pi/2$ | 2.7183 | |
| sum | 3.7183 | 6.6341 |

B1

$$\therefore \int_0^{\pi/2} e^{\sin x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\pi}{10} (3.7183 + 2(6.6341))$$

M1

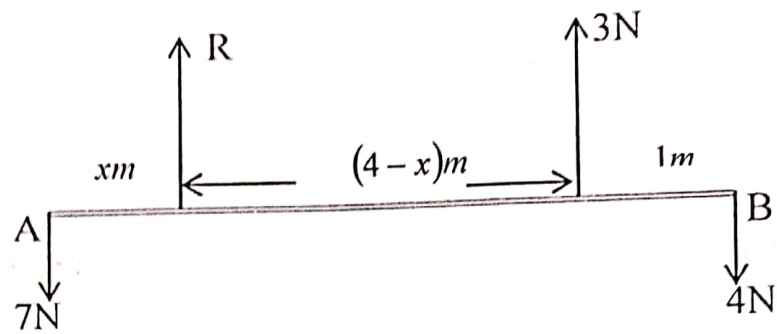
$$= 2.6682$$

$$= 2.66$$

A1

05

7.



(a) (i) : $R + 3 = 7 + 4$ M1

$R = 8N$ A1

$M(A) : 8x + 3 \times 4 = 4 \times 5$

$x = 1m$

(b) If forces reduce to a couple then resultant = 0

$\therefore R + 3 - 7 - 4 = 0$

$R = 8N$ A1

And $8 \times x + 3 \times 4 - 4 \times 5 = 4$ M1

$x = 3/2m$ A1

05

8.

| Age | f | F |
|---------|-----|-----|
| 20 - 29 | 20 | 20 |
| 30 - 39 | 61 | 81 |
| 40 - 49 | 35 | 116 |
| 50 - 59 | 29 | 145 |
| 60 - 69 | 5 | 150 |

B1
for C.f

$$(i) \quad \text{Mode} = 29.5 + \frac{(61-20)}{(61-20)+(61-35)} \times 10$$

$$= 35.6194$$

M1

A1

$$(ii) \quad \text{Median} = 29.5 + \frac{(75-20)}{61} \times 10$$

$$= 38.5164$$

M1

A1

05

9. (a) $\mu = 17.2$, $\sigma = 3.6$

$$P(x > 20) = P\left(Z > \frac{20-17.2}{3.6}\right)$$

M1

$$= P(Z > 0.778)$$

$$= 0.5 - 0.2818$$

B1

M1

$$= 0.2182$$

B1

$$\therefore P = 0.2182 \text{ , } q = 0.7818 \text{ , } n = 5$$

B1

$$\therefore P(x = 3) = \binom{5}{3} (0.2182)^3 (0.7818)^2$$

M1

$$= 0.0635$$

A1

(b) $\mu = 82.36$, $\sigma = 15$, $Z_{0.4875} = 2.24$, $n = 400$ B1

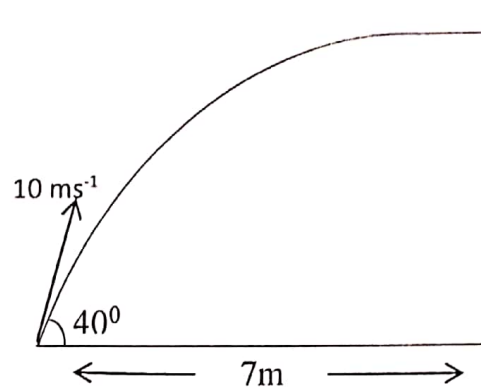
$$\therefore \bar{x} \pm Z \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 82.36 \pm 2.24 \times \frac{15}{\sqrt{400}} \quad \text{M1} \quad \text{M1}$$

(weight) upper = 84.04g A1

(weight) lower = 80.68g A1

12

10.



$$u = 10 \cos 40^\circ \mathbf{i} + 10 \sin 40^\circ \mathbf{j}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v} &= (10 \cos 40^\circ \mathbf{i} + 10 \sin 40^\circ \mathbf{j}) - 9.8t \mathbf{j} \\ &= 7.660 \mathbf{i} + (6.428 - 9.8t) \mathbf{j} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{u} t + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{a} t^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{r} &= (10 \cos 40^\circ \mathbf{i} + 10 \sin 40^\circ \mathbf{j}) t - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 9.8 t^2 \mathbf{j} \quad \text{M1} \\ &= 7.660t \mathbf{i} + (6.428t - 4.9t^2) \mathbf{j} \quad \text{B1} \end{aligned}$$

(i) $7.660 t = 7$ M1

$$t = 0.9138 \quad \text{B1}$$

Height of the ball at time t

$$= 6.428 + -4.9 t^2$$

at $t = 0.9138$

$$= 6.428(0.9138) - 4.9(0.9138)^2 \quad \text{M1}$$

$$= 1.7823m \quad \text{A1}$$

(ii) Velocity of ball when it hits the wall,

$$\text{From } \mathbf{V} = 7.660\mathbf{i} + (6.428 - 9.8t) \mathbf{j}$$

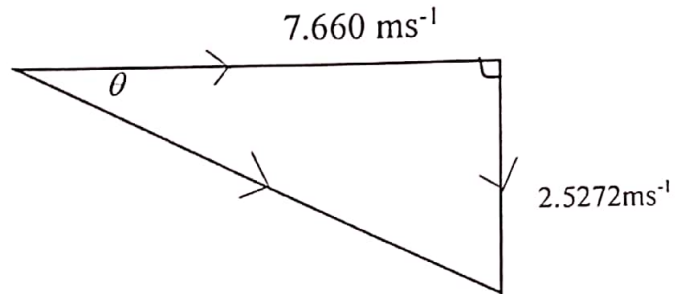
$$t = 0.9138; \mathbf{V} = 7.660\mathbf{i} + (6.428 - 9.8 \times 0.9138) \mathbf{j}$$

$$= 7.660\mathbf{i} - 2.5272\mathbf{j} \quad \text{B1}$$

$$\therefore \text{speed} = \sqrt{(7.660)^2 + (-2.5272)^2} \quad \text{M1}$$

$$= 8.0661 \text{ms}^{-1} \quad \text{A1}$$

(iii)



$$\therefore \tan \theta = \frac{2.5272}{7.660} \quad \text{M1}$$

$$\theta = 18.3^\circ \quad \text{B1}$$

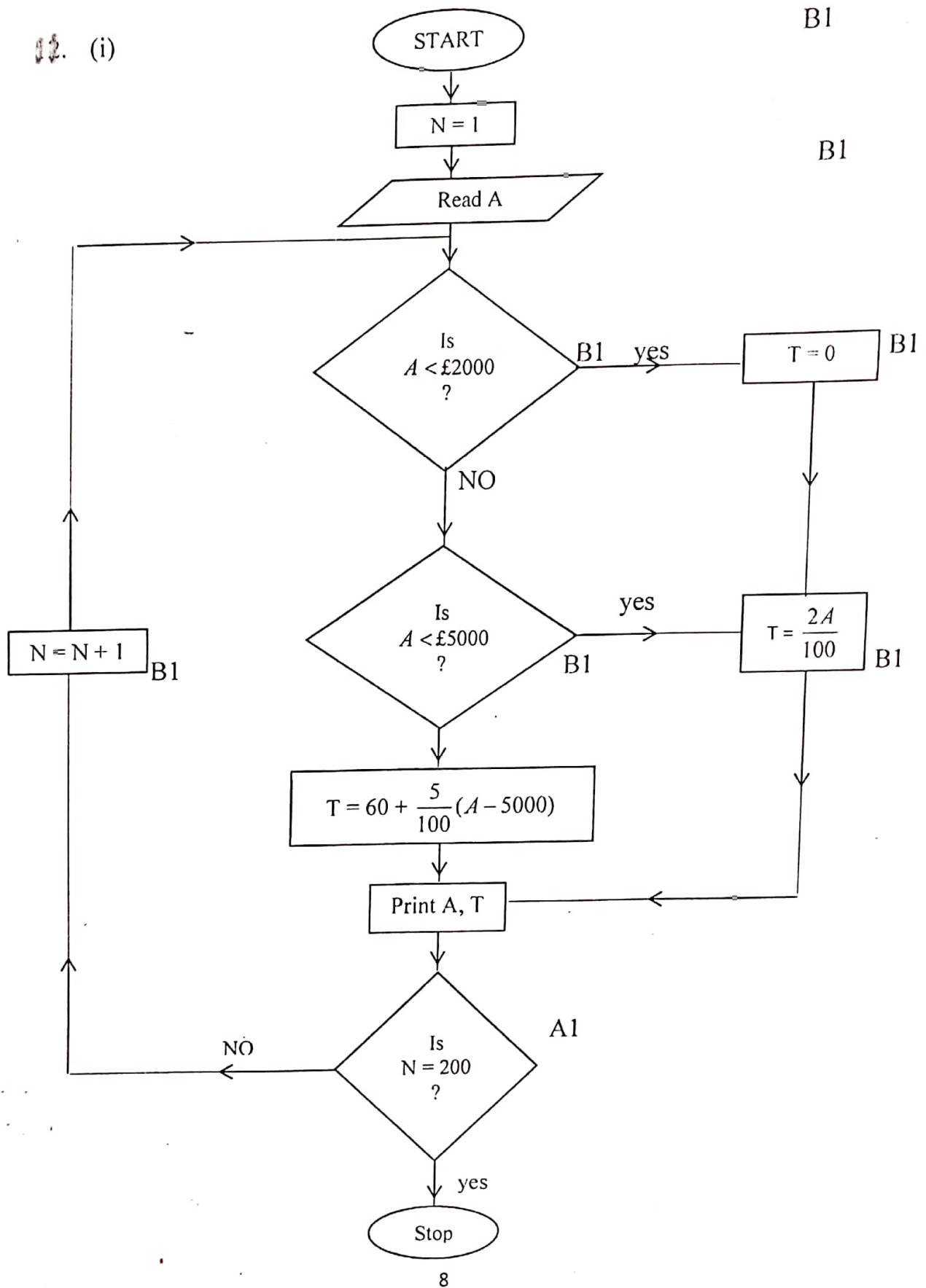
A1

\therefore Ball hits the wall in a direction 18.3° below the horizontal.

12

11.

12. (i)



(ii)

$$A = £6000. \Rightarrow A > £5000. \quad \text{B1}$$

$$\therefore T = 60 + \frac{5}{100}(6000 - 5000) \quad \text{M1}$$

$$= 110$$

The man pays tax = £110 annually A1

12

12 (b) (i)

| Students | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|----------------|---|----|----|------|----|---|------|---|
| R ₂ | 4 | 3 | 5 | 1.5 | 7 | 6 | 1.5 | 8 |
| R ₃ | 1 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
| d | 3 | -1 | -1 | -1.5 | -1 | 0 | -0.5 | 2 |
| d ² | 9 | 1 | 1 | 2.25 | 1 | 0 | 0.25 | 4 |

B1

B1

$$\Sigma d^2 = 18.5$$

B1

$$r_2 = 1 - \frac{6 \times 18.5}{8 \times 63}$$

M1

$$= 0.78$$

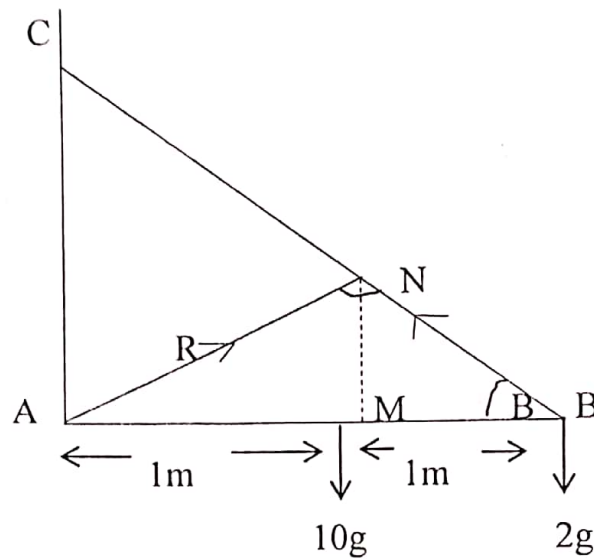
A1

(ii) At 5% level, correlation is significant

A1

12

13.



B1

$$NB = 2(1)\cos\theta; \quad MB = \frac{10g \times (1)}{10g + 2g}$$

B1 B1

$$= 2\cos\theta \quad = 5/6$$

$$\therefore \cos\theta = \frac{MB}{NB} = \frac{5/6}{2\cos\theta}$$

M1

$$\therefore \cos^2\theta = 5/12$$

B1

$$\therefore \text{But } \frac{AB}{BC} = \cos\theta$$

$$\therefore BC = C = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5/12}}$$

M1

$$= 3.098\text{m}$$

A1

(b) $M(A) : T \sin\theta(2) = 10(1) + 2(2)$

M1 M1

$$\text{But } \sin\theta = \sqrt{7/12}$$

B1

$$\therefore T = \frac{14}{2\sqrt{7/12}}$$

M1

$$= 9.1652\text{N}$$

A1

12

14. (a)

(b) $f(x) = e^x - x^2 - 2$

$$f'(x) = e^x - 2x$$

M1

$$x_0 = 1.2$$

B1

$$x_1 = 1.2 - \frac{(e^{1.2} - (1.2)^2 - 2)}{e^{1.2} - 2(1.2)}$$

$$= 1.3303$$

M1

$$x_2 = 1.3303 - \frac{(e^{1.3303} - (1.3303)^2 - 2)}{e^{1.3303} - 2(1.3303)}$$

$$= 1.3189$$

M1

$$x_3 = 1.3189 - \frac{(e^{1.3189} - (1.3189)^2 - 2)}{e^{1.3189} - 2(1.3189)}$$

$$= 1.3191$$

M1

$$\therefore \text{root} = 1.32$$

B1 A1
12

15.(a) (i)

$$P(A/B) = 5/11, \quad P(A \cup B) = 9/10, \quad P(B) = x$$

$$\frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{5}{11}$$

$$\therefore P(A \cap B) = \frac{5}{11}x$$

B1

$$\text{Using } P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$\frac{9}{10} = P(A) + x - \frac{5}{11}x$$

M1

B1

$$P(A) = \frac{9}{10} - \frac{6}{11^x}$$

$$(ii). P(A \cap B) = 2[P(A) - P(A \cap B)]$$

$$\therefore P(A) = \frac{3}{2} P(A \cap B)$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{5}{11} x$$

$$= \frac{15}{22} x$$

B1

$$\Rightarrow \frac{15}{22} x = \frac{9}{10} - \frac{6x}{11}$$

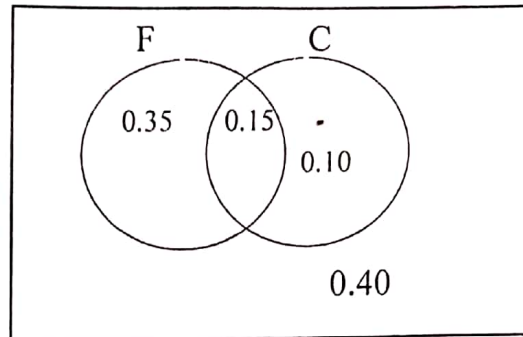
M1

$$x = \frac{22}{27}$$

A1

(b)

S



B1

(i) $P(F/C) = \frac{P(F \cap C)}{P(C)}$

$$\frac{0.15}{0.25} = 0.6$$

M1 A1

(ii) $P(F/C') = \frac{P(F \cap C')}{P(C')}$

$$= \frac{0.35}{0.75}$$

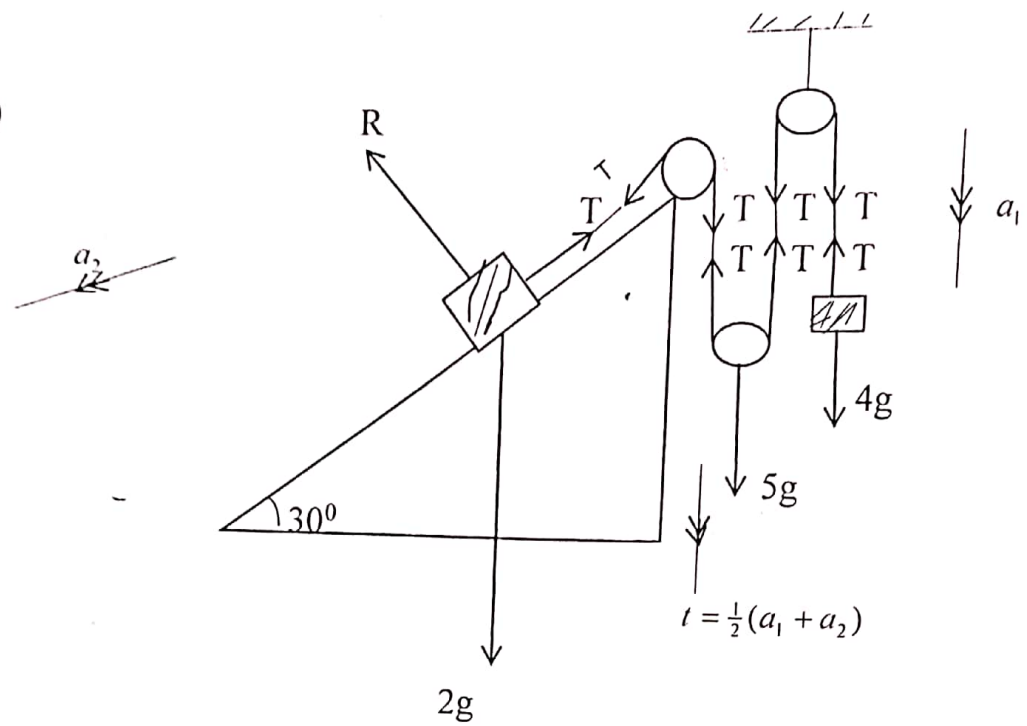
M1 A1

$$= \frac{7}{15}$$

A1

12

16. (a)



$$25 \sin 30^\circ - T = 2a_2 \quad \text{----- (1)}$$

M1

$$2T - 5g = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{2}(a_1 + a_2) \quad \text{----- (2)}$$

M1

$$4g - T = 4a_1 \quad \text{----- (3)}$$

M1

$$\text{From (1)} \quad a_2 = \frac{g - T}{2} \quad \text{----- (4)}$$

$$\text{From (3)} \quad a_1 = \frac{4g - T}{4} \quad \text{----- (5)}$$

Substituting into (2)

$$\Rightarrow 4T - 10g = 5 \left[\frac{4g - T}{4} + \frac{g - T}{2} \right]$$

M1

$$T = \frac{70g}{31}$$

$$= \frac{70 \times 9.8}{31}$$

$$\therefore T = 22.129 \text{ N.}$$

A1

(b)

from equation (4)

$$a_2 = \frac{g - T}{2}$$

$$= \frac{g - \frac{70g}{31}}{2}$$

M1

$$= \frac{-39g}{62} = \frac{39 \times 9.8}{62}$$

$$= -6.1645$$

$\therefore 2\text{kg}$ mass moves with 6.1645ms^{-2} upwards

A1

And from equation (5)

$$a_1 = \frac{4g - \frac{70g}{31}}{4}$$

M1

$$= \frac{54g}{124}$$

$$= \frac{54 \times 9.8}{124}$$

$$a_1 = 4.2677\text{ms}^{-2}$$

A1

\therefore acceleration for movable pulley

$$= \frac{1}{2} (a_1 + a_2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (4.2677 + 6.1645)$$

M1

$$= 5.2161\text{ms}^{-2}$$

A1

12

END