P.1 LITERACY LESSON NOTES FOR TERM I

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our School

SUB THEME: People in our school

CONTENT : A school
COMPETENCES : A learner

Defines the word school

• Mentions the name of our school.

Mentions titles of people at school.

Spells, reads and pronounces words correctly.

• *Draws the picture of the school correctly.*

METHODS

- Orientation
- Guided discovery
- Question and answer

CONTENT

What is a school?

A school is a place where people go to learn.

The name of our school is Cornerstone Junior School.

Neighbouring schools (oral)

- Top care primary school
- Global Junior School
- Mukono boarding school
- Mukono Junior school

Location of our school

- Kitete village
- Mukono district
- Kayunga road

(A PICTURE OF OUR SCHOOL)

Exercise

- 1. A _____ is a place where people go to learn.
- 2. Circle the name of our school.
 - a) Top Care Primary School
 - b) Cornerstone Junior School
 - c) Mukono Boarding School
- 3. Draw a school
- 4. In which village is cornerstone Junior school _____(kiyunga, kitete)
- 5. Fill in the missing letters

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our school

SUB THEME: People in our school

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Writes names of people in our school and their titles.
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly.
- Fills in the missing letters

METHODS:-

- Observation
- Guided discovery
- Question and answer

CONTENT

People at school

TITLES

Director

Head teacher			
Deputy Head teacher			
Director of studies			
Secretary			
Bursar			
Driver			
Security			
Cook			
Assistant			
Nurse			
Librarian			
Cleaners			
Learning areas taught	in school		
English			
Literacy			
Luganda			
P.E			
R.E			
Reading			
Art and craft etc.			
Activities			
1. Listen and write			
2. Draw people found a	t school		
Teacher	Nurse	Head teacher	
3. Who heads a school?4. Give two learning ar		chool	

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
V	P.1Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our school

SUB THEME: People in our school

COMPETENCES: a learner

- Identifies people in our school and their roles
- Matches people to their roles.
- Draws people doing their work.
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHOD:-

- Guided discovery
- Observation
- Question and answer

CONTENT: PEOPLE IN OUR SCHOOL AND THEIR WORK. (roles)

At school different people do different type of work.

Example

Teachers - teach pupils

Head teacher - heads a school/ supervises all work

Director - owns a school

Cooks - cook food

Cleaners - clean the school

Bursar - collects school fees.

Drivers - drive the school van

Nurse - treats pupils at school.

Librarian - looks after school books in the library

Gate keeper - provides security

Matrons - take care of children in the dormitory

EXERCISE

1. Listen and write

1 Match people to their work

Teachers - looks after children Head teacher - treats sick people

Cooks - teach children

Bursar - heads a school

Nurse - drive the school vans

Drivers -cook food

Matron - Collects money

2: Draw the following people doing their work.

Teacher	Cook	Driver	Cleaner

|--|

5. What is the name of your literacy teacher?

Date	Class	L. area	
	P1Y	Literacy	

THEME : Our School

SUB THEME : Activities in our school

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Identifies activities done at school
- Reads, spells and pronounces the words correctly
- Draw different activities done at school
- States the importance of coming at school

METHODS:-

- Guided discussion
- Explanation
- Whole class discussion

CONTENT: ACTIVITIES DONE AT SCHOOL

These are the different things we do out while at school.

Activities done by children

- Sweeping the classroomGardeningReading books
- WritingPlaying with others
- Praying
- Sweeping the compound
- Caring for others
- Learning
- Drawing pictures
- Dancing
- Singing
- Modeling
- Picking rubbish
- Washing clothes/ plates
- Swimming

Activities done by teachers at school

- Teaching
- Guidance and counseling
- Disciplining children

Importance of coming to school

• We come to school to learn

Exercise

1. Fill in the missing le	etters		
swping	rding	plying	danc_ng
2. Name the activities	below		
	A Thomas		
V 62	Amula		

- 3. Why do you come to school?
- 4. Who teaches pupils at school?

5.	State the importance of the peop	le at school.
	(a) teachers	
	Cooks	
	Cleaners	

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
V	P1Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our school

SUB THEME : Things in our school

COMPETENCES: Learner

Gives examples of buildings in our school

• Spells the words correctly.

• Draws some of the buildings in the school.

METHOD:-

- Guided discovery
- Explanation
- Whole class discussion

CONTENT: AT SCHOOL WE FIND DIFFERENT EXAMPLES OF BUILDINGS

Examples of buildings in our school are:-(out of classroom)

- Classrooms
- Latrines / toilets
- Kitchen
- Offices
- Store

- Dormitories
- Library
- Sick bay
- School canteen

EXERCISE:

- 1. Write down twobuildings in our school.
- 2. Fill in the missing letters.
 - a) Cl_ssr__m
 - b) L trin s
 - c) S_ckb_y
 - d) K_tch_n
 - e) L_br_ry
- 3. Read and draw

Latrine classrooms

- 4. Of what importance is a kitchen at school?
- 5. Who is your class teacher?
- 6. Where do sick pupils go for treatment at school?

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our school

SUB THEME : Things in our school

COMPENTENCES: A Learner

Mentions classroom objects

Draws the class room objects.

Reads, spells and pronounces the words correctly

• Fills in the missing letter

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Explanation
- Whole class discussion

CONTENT: CLASS ROOM OBJECTS:

There are different things found in class e.g. desks, benches, tables, black board, charts, bags, brooms, pencils, chairs, chalk, ruler etc.

Books, pens, blackboard, dustbin, bags, register, duster, reading cards, calendars

EXERCISE:

- 1. Name 4 things found in our class.
- 2. Draw and name things in our class.

Table	Bench	Chair	Broom

3. Draw the following play objects

Balls	Doll	Rope	Toy car

- 4. Fill in the missing letters
 - P ncil
- bl ckb rd

br m

5. Of what use are the objects below







Date	Class	L. area	
	P1Y	Literacy	

THEME : Our School

SUB THEME :

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Mentions work places of people at school.
- States people found in class.
- Reads, spells, pronounces words correctly
- Draws some people at school and their work places

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: WORK PLACES OF PEOPLE AT SCHOOL

Head teacher – office Watchman – gate

Bursar – office Matron – dormitory

Secretary – office Librarian – library

Teacher – classroom Director – office

Cook – kitchen Nurse sick bay

Peopl	e foun	d in clas	S			
Teach	ers					
Pupils	;					
Exerc	eise					
1.	1. Match people at school and their work places					
	Head teacher			classroom		
	Matr	on		kitchen		
	Teac	her		dormitory		
	Cook	X		office		
	Gate	man		gate		
2.	Men	tion 3 pe	ople found at s	chool		
3.	Liste	n and wi	rite			
4.	Drav	v the follo	owing building			
	Kitch	nen		Classrooms		
5.	On w	hich road	l is your school t	found?	_	
	(kam	pala roac	l, Gayaza road ,	Kayunga road)		
Date		Class	L. area			
		P1Y	Literacy			
THE	ME		: Our Sc	hool		
SUB 7	ГНЕМ	IE	: Things	in our school		
COM	PETE	NCES	: A learn	ier		
			•	Identifies the school nee	eds	
			•	Spells, read and pronour	nces words correctly	
			•	Fills in the missing lette	rs	
MET.	HODS	5:-				
•	Guid	ed discov	very			
•	Brair	n stormin	g			
•	Obse	rvation				

CONTENT: SCHOOL NEEDS

These are things we use at school.

Examples

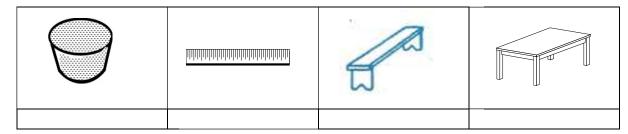
Books, rulers, papers, tables, chair, benches, water, beds, food, rubbers, markers, pencils, classroom, pens, manilas etc

Things used do keep the school clean

Brooms, rake, brushes, water

Exercise

1. Identify these school needs



- 2. Mention three things we use to keep the school clean
- 3. Name the school building below



- 4. Pupils use a _____ and a _____ to write5. Which animal gives us milk?
- 6. *Mention any two teachers found at school.*

Date	Class	L. area	
	P1Y	Literacy	

THEME : Our School

SUB THEME: Things in our school

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Identifies the school symbols
- Learns the school motto
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Draws the school symbols

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: SCHOOL Symbols

These are things which make our school different from others

Examples

- School uniform
- School badge
- School flag
- School motto
- School anthem
- Sign post
- School name
- School mission

Our school motto "Discover the Hidden Treasure"

Exercise

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. Identify these school symbols







- 3. Our school motto is _____
- 4. What is the name of our head teacher?

5.	Which	h school s	symbol direct	people where the sc	chool is	(schoo	ol badge, signpost,
6.	Tick o	our schoo	ol motto	(in God we trust,	Discover th	e Hidden Tr	easure, Hard work
	pays						
7.	In wh	ich distri	ct is your dist	trict?			
					_ (Jinja, Mul	kono)	
Date		Class	L. area				
		D1V	Literacy				

THEME : Our School

SUB THEME : Things on our way to school

COMPETENCES: Learners will

- Mentions means they use when coming to school
- Draws different means they use when coming to school.
- Reads spells pronounces the words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discussion
- Explanation
- Whole class discussion

CONTENT: MEANS WE USE WHEN COMING TO SCHOOL.

There are different means we use when coming to school.

e.g:

- By van
- On foot
- By motor cycle
- By bicycle
- By car
- By taxis

Birds

Things we see on our way to school

CarsAnimals

RoadsTrees / Plants

People • Buildings

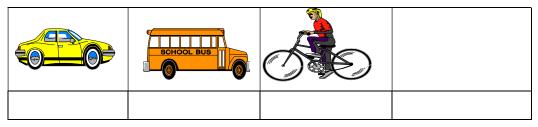
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EXERCISE

1. Write down two means used when coming to school

On _____ by _____

2. Name the following means used when coming to school.



- 3. Draw one things you see when coming to school.
- 4. Fill in the missing letters
 - a) an mals
 - b) tr__s
 - c) b__ds
 - d) c_rs
- 5. How do you come to school?
- 6. Who drives a school van?

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our school

SUB THEME: Dangers on our way to school

COMPETENCES: A Learner's

- Identifies different dangers on the way to school.
- Draws different dangers on the way to school.
- Reads, spells and pronounces the words correctly

METHODS:-

- Explanation
- Observation
- Question and answer

CONTENT: DANGERS ON THE WAY TO SCHOOL

Dangers are the problems we find on the way to school.

Examples of these dangers are

- Falling down
- Car knock
- Kidnapping
- Snake bite
- Motor cycle accidents
- Stepping on sharp objects
- Rape

EXERCISE

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. Circle dangers on the way to school

Car knock

sitting down

kidnapping

- 3. Why do you come to school?
- 4. Read and draw

Car knock

snake bite

5. Name the school symbols below





THEME : OUR SCHOOL

SUB THEME : DANGERS ON OUR WAY TO SCHOOL

COMPETENCES: A Learner

Mention causes of dangers on our way to school.

• Reads spells and pronounces the words correctly

• Fills in the missing letters correctly

METHODS:-

- Demonstration
- Guided discovery

CONTENT: CAUSES OF DANGERS ON OUR WAY TO SCHOOL.

There are different causes of dangers on our way to school.

Examples(causes)

- Playing on the road
- Over speeding of cars
- Over loading of vehicles
- Walking in bushy areas
- playing with sharp objects
- Careless walking.

Dangers on the way to school

- Snake bite
- Dog bite
- Falling down
- Cuts
- Motorcycle accident
- Electric shock

EXERCISE

1.	Listen and write
2.	Name three dangers on our way to school
3.	Draw children playing on the road.
4.	A is a place where pupils go to learn.

5.	What is your name?
6.	Which school symbol is found on your uniform?
7.	Why do we wear school uniforms?
	(to dance, to look smart)

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P1Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our school
SUB THEME : Road signs
COMPETENCES : A Learner

- Defines road signs
- Identifies road signs
- Draws road signs
- Reads, spells and pronounces the words correctly

METHODS:-

- Observation
- Guided discovery

CONTENT: ROAD SIGNS

What are road signs?

These are symbols which guides road users.

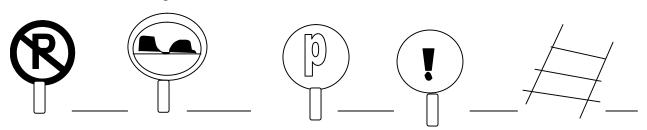
Examples of road signs.

- Zebra crossing
- Stop
- School ahead
- Railway crossing
- Humps a head

- Round about
- Parking
- Danger ahead
- No parking

EXERCISE:

1. Name these road signs



- 2. Write the name of your head teacher (doctor Faith, Madam immaculate, Tr. Christine)
- 3. Who heads a school?

4. Where do school children cross a busy road? (parking, zebra crossing)

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P1Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our school

SUB THEME: Road signs

COMPETENCES: Learner's will:-

- Draw the traffic lights
- Identify the traffic lights
- Tell the meaning of each colour.

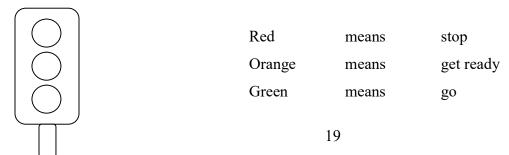
METHODS:-

- Observation
- Explanation
- Guided discovery

CONTENT: TRAFFIC LIGHTS

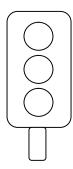
Traffic lights are signs which guide the road users on how to control their movements on the road depending on colour shown.

There are three colours of the traffic lights.



EXERCISE.

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. Shade the traffic lights



3. Match the traffic lights to their meanings.

Red

go

Orange

stop

Green

get ready

4. How many colours has a traffic light?

The traffic lights has _____ colours

5. How do we call a person who work in the library? _____ (cook, librarian)

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P1Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our school

SUB THEME: Road signs

COMPETENCES : A Learner's will:-

- Identifies bad acts on the road.
- Fills in the correct answers in structured farm

METHOD: -

- Question and answer
- Explanation
- Guided

EXERCISE

Structured questions

Fill in the missing words

- 1. Running on the(wall, road)
- 2. Not following road signs
- 3. Over load vehicles
- 4. Jumping off from moving(car, book)
- 5. Playing on the(pen, road)
- 6. Climbingalong the road (tent, trees)

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : People in our home

COMPETENCES: Learner's will:-

- Define the term home
- State things that make up a home
- Draw a picture of a home

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Explanation
- Observation

CONTENT: OUR HOME.

What is a home?

A home is a place where people live or stay.

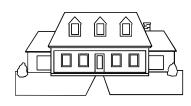
What is a homestead?

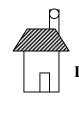
It is a home and its surroundings

(Draw a picture of a home)



kitchen





Latrine

Things that make up a home

- A house
- Kitchen
- Latrine
- Rack
- Dust bin

EXERCISE:

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. What is a home?

A _____ is a place where people live or stay.

A_____ is a home and its surroundings.

3. Draw a home and its surroundings

End of theme text (Our School)

- 1. A is a place where people go to learn (hospital, school)
- 2. Who heads a school?
- 3. Write the name of your head teacher
- 4. Madam Faith, Madam Immaculate)
- 5. Name the school symbols below



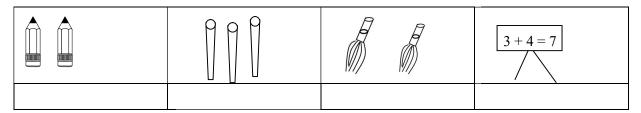


- 6. Why do you come to school?
- 7. Underline people found at school

Onderline people Jound at school

teacherbaby matron nurse priest

- 8. At school, we buy eats from the _____ (kitchen, canteen)
- 9. Name the school needs below





10. Name the road signs



11. W	ho teaches	s pupils at	school?	
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- 12. Write the name of your school_____
- 13. Write your school motto

(in God we trust Discover the Hidden Treasure

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our Home

SUB THEME : People in our home

COMPETENCES: A Learner

Defines basic needs of a family

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

Draws the basic needs at home

METHOD:-

Guided discovery

CONTENT: Basic needs at home

These are things that man cannot live without.

Examples

Food, water, shelter, clothes, medical care

Exercise

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. A _____ is a place where people live
- **3.**Draw these basic needs of man.

house	food	water	clothes	Medicine

3. Write three thing that make up a home _____

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our Home

SUB THEME : Family

COMPETENCES: Learner's will:-

- Define a family.
- Mention types of families
- Define a nuclear family
- Give examples of members found in nuclear family.

METHOD:-

- Guided discovery
- Explanation
- Question and answer
- Role play

CONTENT: A FAMILY

A family is a group of people related by blood or marriage.

There are two types of families i.e. Nuclear and Extended family.

People who begin a family

Husband and wife

Nuclear family

This is a family where we find father, mother and their ownchildren.

Examples of people in a nuclear family

- Father - Mother

- Sister - Brother

- Baby

The youngest member of a family is a baby.

EXERCISE

1.	Listen and write		

- 2. What is a nuclear family?
- 2. Draw these people in a nuclear family.

Father	Mother	Sister	Brother

3. Fill in the missing letters

m_th_r

f th r

 s_st_r

br_th_r

- 4. Which two people start a family?
- 5. Who is the youngest member in the family?

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P1Y	Literacy		

THEME ; Our home

SUB THEME : Family

COMPENTENCES: A learner

- Defines an extended family
- Lists members of an extended family
- Draws and name members of an extended family.

METHODS:-

- Discussion
- Explanation
- Question discovery
- Observation

CONTENT: - EXTENDED FAMILY

This is the family where we find mother, father, children and their relatives. People found in an extended family.

These are;

father	uncle	mother	grand father	sister
grand mother	brother	cousin	baby	nephew
aunt	niece			

EXERCISE

- 2. Draw the following people in an extended family.

Grand father	Grand mother	Uncle	Aunt

3. Fill in the missing letters

aun_ n_ph_w
br_th_r gr_nd_other

 s_st_r

- 4. Who heads of a family?
- 5. Of what importance is chalk in the classroom?

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : Roles and responsibilities of different family members

COMPETENCES: A learner

- States the activities done at home
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Draws people at home doing work

METHODS:-

- Guided discussion
- Discovery

CONTENT: ACTIVITIES DONE AT HOME These include:

cooking food

digging

breast feeding

milking cows

peeling food

sweeping the house

washing clothes

slashing the

ironing clothes

pounding g/ nuts

compound

grinding

mopping the house

Exercise

1. Read and draw the activities below

cooking	Washing	Digging	Slashing	Grinding

2. Listen and write

3. Write the name of your class teacher

4. Who breast feeds the baby _____ (father, mother)

5. What does a teacher uses to teach in a class? _____

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME Our home

SUB THEME Roles and responsibilities of different family members

COMPETENCES A Learner

States the roles of people at home

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

Fills in the missing letters

METHODS:-

Guided discussion

Discovery

Question and answer

CONTENT: ROLES OF PEOPLE FOUND AT HOME

Father is the head of a family

Roles of a father in a home

- Father pays school fees
- Fathers buys clothes
- Father disciplines children

Roles of a mother in a home

- Mother cooks food
- Mother disciplines children
- Mother prepares food
- Mother cleans the home

Activity

1.	Listen and write					
2.	Who is the head of a family?					
3.	Underline the roles of children in a home					
	Fetching water, preparing food, mopping the house, discipline childre					
4.	Draw your mother cooking food					
5.	Who pays school fees? (brother, father)					
6.	We use a to rub the chalkboard.					

CONTENT: ROLES OF CHILDREN IN A HOME

Roles of children in a home

- Children fetch water
- Children sweep the compound
- Children mop the house
- Children carry the babies
- Children wash utensils
- Collecting firewood

EXERCISE

cupboard

1.	1. Match correctly							
	Mother			washes utensils				
	Father				cooks food			
	Sister				buys food			
	Brother				fetches water			
2.	Read ar	nd draw						
	David s	lashing th	ne compour	nd				
	Mary is	washing	clothes					
	The boy	y is fetchi	ng water					
3.	Fill in th	e missing	letters					
	c	_king		f	_tching			
4.	Who loo	ks after c	hildren in t	he fan	nily?			
Date		Class	L. area		No. of children	Time		
THE	ME	:	Our l	home				
SUB THEME : Things found in our home								
SUB '	THEME	:			nd in our home			
	THEME (PETENC			gs fou	nd in our home			
			Thing	gs fou arner	nd in our home	nome		
			Thing A Lea	gs fou arner Mer				
			Thing A Lea	gs fou arner Mer Dra	ntions things found at h	ound at home.	,	
COM			Thing A Lea •	gs fou arner Mer Dra	ntions things found at h	ound at home.	,	
COM	IPETENO		Thing A Lea	gs fou arner Mer Dra	ntions things found at h	ound at home.	,	
COM	PETENO HODS:- Guided	CES :	Thing A Lea	gs fou arner Mer Dra	ntions things found at h	ound at home.	,	
COM MET	PETENO HODS:- Guided	CES: Discover	Thing A Lea	gs fou arner Mer Dra	ntions things found at h	ound at home.	,	
MET •	HODS:- Guided Group o	Discover	Thing A Lea	gs fou arner Mer Dra Rea	ntions things found at h	ound at home.	,	
MET CON	HODS:- Guided Group o Brain st	Discover discussion torming	Thing A Lea Thing HINGS FO	gs fou arner Mer Dra Rea	ntions things found at how and names things for ds, spells and pronounce	ound at home.	,	
MET CON	HODS:- Guided Group o Brain st	Discover discussion torming	Thing A Lea Thing HINGS FO	gs fou arner Mer Dra Rea	ntions things found at hows and names things for ds, spells and pronound of the other than the o	ound at home.		
MET CON There	HODS:- Guided Group of Brain st TENT:	Discover discussion torming To y things w	Thing A Lea Thing HINGS FO	gs fou arner Mer Dra Rea	ntions things found at hows and names things foods, spells and pronound of the other includes.	ound at home. ces words correctly	os	
MET CON There	HODS:- Guided Group of Brain st TENT: are many chairs	Discover discussion torming To y things w	Thing A Lea Thing HINGS FO	gs fou arner Mer Dra Rea DUND	ntions things found at how and names things for ds, spells and pronound of the transfer of the	ound at home. ces words correctly radio	os ket	
MET CON There	HODS:- Guided Group of Brain st TENT: are many chairs television	Discover discussion torming To y things w	Thing A Lea Thing HINGS FO	gs fou arner Mer Dra Rea DUND	otions things found at his was and names things for ds, spells and pronounce of the transfer o	ound at home. ces words correctly radio buck	os cet ls	

baskets

latrine

plate stand

Things found near our homes

trees

animals

grass

garden

houses

road

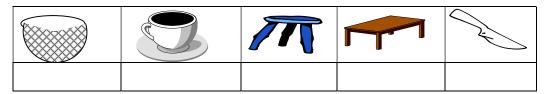
plants

EXERCISE:

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. List down four things we find at home.
- 3. Draw these things we find at home.

Chair	Mat	Cup	Knife

4. Name these things we find at home.



5. Fill in the missing letters

gran_ry

 rad_o

 $t_bl_$

ch_ r

m t

pl_t_

6. Tick things found near our home

Trees tables roads beds gardens

LESSON EVALUATION:

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : Things in our home

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Identifies use of different things in our home.
- Matches things to their uses
- Writes the uses of different things at home.
- Reads, spells and pronounces the words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Group discussion
- Brain storming

CONTENT: USES OF THINGS AT HOME.

Things at home have particular uses e.g.

Mat - for sitting on.

Granary - for storing harvested food

Knife - for peeling and cutting

Plate - for eating on

Radio - for communication

Chair - for sitting on

Pot - for keeping drinking water

Television - for entertainment

Saucepan - for cooking

Jerry can - for carrying water

Latrine - for defecating in

Urinal - for urinating in

EXERCISE

1. Match things to their uses

mat eating on

granary keeping water

radio sitting on

pot

storing food

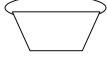
plate

communication

2. Write the uses of the objects below









4. Listen and write

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME: Things at home

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Identifies the things they use for playing.
- States the dangerous objects at home.
- Draws the play objects and dangerous objects at home
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Explanation
- Question and answer

CONTENT:- OBJECTS WE USE FOR PLAYING AT HOME

A . 1	•	1	C 1	•	1	.1	
At home we use	Various	Objects	tor nla	างเทอ	ลทฝ	these	include:-
1 It HOITIC WC usc	various	OUTCOLS	TOI PIL	1 y 1111 5	ana	uicsc	meruae.

balls

bicycles

kites

counters

ropes

dolls

toy cars

balloons

Dangerous objects at home.

At home in our daily life we find dangerous objects which damage our bodies these are:-

Broken bottles

Nails

Safety pins

Poison

Broken glasses

Medicine

Knives

Hot plates / metals

Razor blades

Common accidents faced at home.

An accident is a sudden happening that may cause harm/injury to the body.

- falls
- dog bites
- poisoning
- cuts
- burns
- snake bites

EXERCISE

- 1. Listen and write.
- 2. Draw these things we use for playing

Balls	Doll	Rope	Balloon

2	T7:11	in +100	missing	1attama
う .	F111	in the	missing	remers

t_y cars r_pe

doll

b_ll

4. Circle dangerous objects

Knife, ball, nail razorblade

5. How dangerous is fire to children

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME: Things found in our home and their uses

COMPETENCES: A learner

Defines a house

Draws and names parts of a house

• States the uses of different parts of a house

METHODS:-

Guided discovery

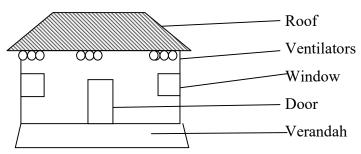
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: A HOUSE

Ahouse

A house is a building where people live and keep their property

PARTS OF A HOUSE



THINGS WHICH A GOOD HOUSE MUST HAVE

Ventilators -

Roof-

Window -

Verandah –

Door -

USES OF PARTS OF A HOUSE

Ventilators –remove warm air from the house

Roof – covers the house from rain and sunshine

Window – allow light and cool air in house

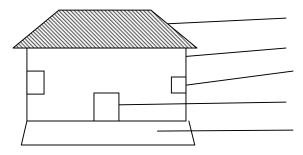
Verandah – Protects the house from water

Door – to get in and out

- Allows light and cool air in the house

EXERCISE

1. Name the parts of a house



2. Match correctly

door covers the house

verandah to get in and out

roof for sitting on

3. Who heads a family

Which part of the house protect us from rain and sun.

4. State the importance of a house.

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time	
				1	

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : Things found in our home and their uses

COMPETENCES : A learner

- Mentions the two types of houses
- Defines permanent houses and gives examples
- States and identifies materials used to build permanent houses
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: TYPES OF HOUSES

There are two types of houses

- a) Permanent houses
- b) Temporary houses

Permanent houses

These are houses built using strong materials and last for a long period of time

Examples of permanent houses





Bungalow



Materials used to build permanent houses

- tileswooden poles
 - cement iron sheets
- bricksstones

- timber
- water
- iron bars

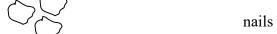
- sand
- nails

Exercise

1. Circle the materials used to build a permanent house

stones snake pencil
tins water cement
soil timber iron sheets

2. Match a word to a picture







- 3. Listen and write
- 4. Name the house below





stones

5. Which school symbol is found on a uniform?

Date Class L. area	No. of children	Time
--------------------	-----------------	------

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME: Things found in our home and their uses

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Defines temporary houses and gives examples
- Draws temporary houses
- States and identifies materials used to build temporary houses
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: TEMPORARY HOUSES

These are houses which built using weak materials and last for a short period

Examples of temporary houses

Hut kiosk









Materials used to build temporary houses

e.g. a hut

Grass

Wood en poles

Clay soil

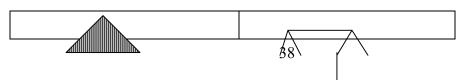
Mud

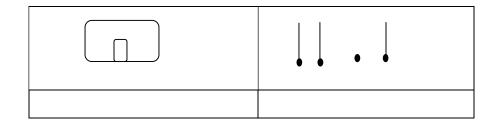
Reeds

Banana fibres

Activity

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. Name these houses





3. Tick the temporary houses

hut flat kiosk unipot bungalow tent

4. Name two materials used to build a hut

5. Which building material can be used to build a hut? _____

6. Draw to show sand.____

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : Sources of building materials

COMPETENCES: A learner

States sources of building materials

States the importance of houses

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

Matches materials and their sources

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: SOURCES OF BUILDING MATERIALS

■ cement – factory

■ bricks – soil

■ nails – shop

■ iron sheets – factory

■ mud – soil

sand swamp

■ timber – forest

■ banana fibres – garden

■ reeds – bush

■ grass – bush

Why do people need houses (importance of house?)

- House protect people from wild animals
- Houses protect people from bad people
- People need houses to sleep in
- People need houses to keep their property
- Houses protect from rain and sunshine

Activity

1. Listen and write

2. Match materials and their sources

Banana fibres factory
Cement forest
Timber shop
Bricks garden

3. *Tick uses of a house*

For sleeping for eating for protection

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : Rooms found in the house

COMPETENCES: A Learner

- Mentions the rooms found in our house and things found in each room
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Tell the importance of rooms found in the house

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: Rooms found in the house

- The sitting room
- The dining room
- The bed room
- The kitchen
- Study room
- Garage

A KITCHEN

What is a kitchen?

A kitchen is a place where food is prepared

Things found in the kitchen

saucepans

knife

charcoal

kettle

firewood

basket

A dining room

What is a dining room?

This is a room where meals are served

Things found in the dining room

tables

sink

flask

cups

chairs

food

plates

utensil

table mats

A BED ROOM

What is a bed room?

A bedroom is a room where people sleep

Things found in a bed room

bed sheets

mattress

bed

wardrobe

blanket

SITTING ROOM

This is a room where we sit

THINGS FOUND IN A SITTING ROOM

Chairs	Television
Tables	Carpet

Exercises

- 1. Write any four rooms found in our house
- 2. Draw the following things found in the kitchen

kettle	saucepan	knife	Mingling stick	Basket	Stool

- 3. People bathe in the
- 4. A _____ is a place where food is prepared (sitting room, kitchen) (
- 5. Match things to their rooms

Sauce pan bathroom

Chair bedroom

Blanket sitting room

Soap / sponge kitchen

- 6. In which room do we find beds and a mosquito net?
- 7. Mention three things found I the sitting room _____
- 8. circle things found in the bed room etc.

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : Ways how we can care for our houses

COMPETENCES: A Learner

- States ways of caring for our homes
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Draws people cleaning homes

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Demonstration

CONTENT: WAYS OF CARING FOR OUR HOMES

- (Children read and draw pictures)
- Slashing the compound
- Mopping the floor
- Washing utensils
- Removing cob webs
- Throwing rubbish in the rubbish pits
- Covering pit latrines
- Sweeping the compound

EXECRISE

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. State two ways of caring for our home.
- Read and drawMother is washing utensils

Kato is sweeping the compound Father is slashing the compound

4. Fill in the missing letters

Sl_shing sw__ping c_mpound ut_nsils

5. Draw these things in a bed room

Blanket mosquito net

6. What do people use to mop the house

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P1Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our home

SUB THEME : Animals in our home

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Defines domestic animals
- Identifies domestic animals
- Draws and names domestic animals
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Observation
- Question and answer

CONTENT: ANIMALS KEPT AT HOME

Animals kept at home are called domestic animals.

Domestic animals are animals kept at home

These include:-

goats donkey dogs cats horse cows sheep pigs rabbits etc ...

Importance of domestic animals

Dogs - guard our homes

Horses and camels – provide transport

Cats – chase away rats

We get meat from them

We sell them and get money

We get skins and horns in them.

EXERCISE:

1. Fill in the missing letters

c_w d_g g__t h_rse

c_mel	r_bbit	shp.
-------	--------	------

- 2. What are domestic animals? _____ are animals we keep at home
- 3. List down any three domestic animals
- 4. Draw these animals

cat	cow	goat	pig

5. Match correctly

Animals uses

cow transport

horse guards our home

dog meat

sheep chase rats

cats wool

I am a domestic animal. I guard people's homes.

Who I am i?

6. How is horse useful to man

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

BUB THEME: Animals in our home

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Matches animals and their products correctly
- States ways of caring for domestic animals
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

- Question and answer
- Explanation
- Guided discovery

cow – milk,beef,skins and horns
goat –goat meat, milk and skin
horse – transporting people and their things
rabbits – meat and skin
sheep – meat (mutton) and wool.
pig –pork

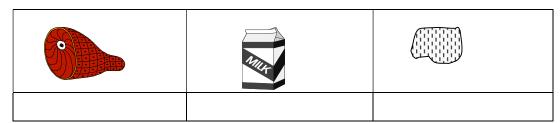
WAYS OF CARING FOR DOMESTIC ANIMALS

- Giving them food
- Giving them water for drinking
- Treating sick animals
- Cleaning their houses every day

EXERCISE.

1.	How are these animals important to us.
	a) A cow

- b) A pig _____
- 2. Write two things we get from a cow.
- 3. Which animal guards our home?
- 4. What is a horse used for?
- 5. Name these things we get from animals.



(Milk, skin, meat)

- 6. Name two types of families.
- (i) _____
- (ii) _____

(School, nuclear, hospital, extended)

7. Give one importance of a driver in a community.

LESSON EVALUATION:

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUBTHEME : Birds in our homes

COMPETENCES : A learner

- Defines domestic birds
- Gives examples of domestic birds
- Identifies things we get from domestic birds
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming

CONTENT: BIRDS IN OUR HOMES / DOMESTIC BIRDS.

What are domestic birds?

These are birds kept at home.

Examples of domestic birds are as follow.

- > hen
- > pigeon
- > duck
- > turkey
- ➤ Guinea fow

THINGS WE GET FROM BIRDS (Importance of domestic birds)

Chicken, eggs, turkey, feathers

EXERCISE

1.	What are domestic birds?			
	These are	we keen at		

2. Write three examples of birds kept at home

3. Name these things we get from birds





4. Draw these birds kept at home

 Turkey	Dove	Duck

5. Fill in the missing letters

d ck

d ve

turk y

h n

- 6. Which bird gives us chicken?
- 7. Why do people keep birds?

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUBTHEME: Plants we grow at home

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Identifies some plants grown at home
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Draws some plants grown at home

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: PLANTS WE GROW AT HOME.

Maize plant

Flowers

Guava plant

avocado plant

Banana plant

Bean plant

Mango plant

• Pineapple plant

Cassava plant

Pawpaw plant

IMPORTANCE OF PLANTS

- We eat them as food
- We sell them and get money
- We use some of them for decoration
- We use some of them as building materials
- We get flowers
- We get local medicine
- We get shade

EXERCISE

- 1. List and write
- 2. Draw these plants we grow at home

Banana plant	Mango plant
Pineapple plant	Sugarcane plant
Paw paw plant	Cassava

	3. How are plants important to people?
	We get
	We get
4.	Identify two plants where we get fruits
	a)
	b)

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our home

SUBTHEME: Plants we grow at home

COMPETENCES: A learner

Identifies the garden tools

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

Draws and names the garden tools

Matches garden tools and their uses

METHODS:-

Guided discovery

Brain storming

Observation

CONTENT: GARDEN TOOLS

Garden tools.

These are tools we use in the garden.

Examples are:-

hoewheel barrow

■ spade ■ knife

pangaslasher

basket • axe

rake

Garden tools and their uses

Hoe : digging

Axe : for splitting wood/ For big cutting trees

Basket : for carrying things
Watering can : for watering plants

Rake : for collecting rubbish

Knife : for cutting

Wheel barrow : for carrying rubbish and food

Panga for cutting small trees
Slasher for slashing tall grass

Trowel : for transporting

Sickle : for cutting grass

EXERCISE

1. Write four tools we use in the garden.

2. Draw these garden tools.

wheel barrow	basket	knife	rake	hoe

4. fill in the missing letters.

 h_e

p_ng_

 $kn_f_$

r_ke

sp_de

bask t

5. Match garden tools to their uses



Collecting rubbish

Cutting small trees

Digging

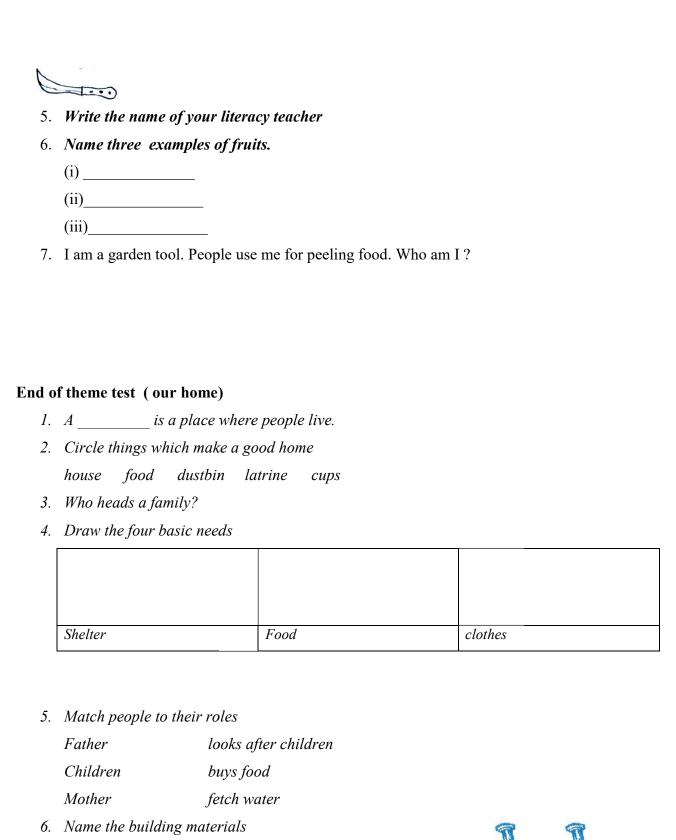
Cutting g things



Cutting big trees

Carrying things





7.	Underline temporary houses					
	Tent flat kiosik hut bungalow					
8.	Draw a flat					
9.	Which animal guards our homes?					
	From a cow we get and					
10.	Draw the domestic birds below					
11.	Which animal gives us					
	a) pork					
	b) wool and mutton					
	c) goats meat					
12	chases away rate (horse cat)					

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : Our community

SUBTHEME : People in our community

COMPETENCES: A learner

- defines a community
- identifies people in our community
- states examples of community
- reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- draws some communities and people in our community

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: COMMUNITY

A community is a group of people living or working together

Examples of communities

homecommunity mosquecommunity marketcommunity churchcommunity bankcommunity schoolcommunity

hospital community

Doctors

People in our community

•	Carpenters			Police Off	ficers
	Nurses			L.Cs	
-	Religious leaders			Builders	
•	Farmers			Traders	
•	Cobblers			Shopkeepers	
•	Teachers			Barbers	
EXER	RCISE				
1.	Write down four pe	ople in our community			
2.	Fill in the missing letters				
	Tcher	nurs_		d_ct_r	
	Dr_v_r	C-rpenter			
3.	What is a communit	xy?			
	It is a group of	living to	gether or		
			togeth	er.	
4.	. Draw these examp	les of <i>important places</i>	in the co	mmunity	
	mosque	church	hospital	[school
5. Whe	ere do doctor and nui	rses work?			
7. List	three examples of co	mmunities			
a)					
<i>b)</i>					
c)					

Drivers

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : OUR COMMUNITY

SUBTHEME : People in our community

COMPETENCES: A learner

Identifies the roles of people in our Community

Matches people to their roles

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

Guided discovery

Brain storming

CONTENT: ROLES OF PEOPLE IN OUR COMMUNITY

Doctor : treats sick people

Farmer : grows crops and keep animals

Cobbler : repairs shoes

Builder : builds houses

Barber : cuts hair

Policemen : keeps law and order

Shop keeper : sells in the shop

Nurse : cares for sick people

Teacher : teaches children

Carpenter : makes furniture

Religious leaders: leads prayers in churches / mosques.

EXERCISE

1.Listen and write

2. Match people with their work.

Doctor cuts hair

Builder treats sick people

Barber grows crops and keep animals

Farmer builds houses

3. Draw the following people in our community

doctor	father	shopkeeper

- 4. Who makes furniture?
- 5. How is a doctor important in the community?
- 6. Who sells things in the shop?
- 7. List two learning areas taught at school?

(i)			

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : OUR COMMUNITY

SUBTHEME : Activities in our community

COMPETENCES: A learner

- States activities done by people in our community
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Draws people doing different activities

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Question and answer

CONTENT: ACTIVITIES DONE BY PEOPLE IN OUR COMMUNITY

(Children should draw or paste and shade them)

People do different things in the community. These include:-

- Fishing
- Keeping cattle
- Farming
- Trading
- Washing things e.g. cars
- Building
- Mining
- Hair dressing
- Marriage
- Tailoring
- Carpentry
- Trading

Exercise

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. Draw the activities below

Building teaching

- 3. Who grows crops and keeps animals
- 4. Which garden tool can a farmer use for
 - a) Peeling
 - b) digging

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P.1 Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our community

SUBTHEME : Important places in our community

COMPETENCES: A Learner

- Identifies the important places in our community.
- Lists down the important places in our community.

Draws some important places in our community.

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT:

IMPORTANT PLACES IN OUR COMMUNITY

- Schools a place where people go to learn
- Post office a place where letters are sent and received from
- Hospitals a place where we go when we are sick
- Police station a place where wrong doers are taken
- Banks a place where we keep our money safely
- Radio stations a place where communication is made from
- Mosques
 — a place where Moslems go for prayers
- Churches a place where Christians go for places
- Car parks a place where cars are parked
- Market a place where we buy food from.
- Shops is a place where we buy things from

EXERCISE

1.	List down four important places in our community.
2.	Fill in the missing letters

 $\begin{array}{ccc} m_sque & chu_ches \\ h_sp_tals & m_rk_ts \end{array}$

3. Draw these important places in our community

Church	Mosque	Hospital	School	Market

4. A	sells in a	a shop.	(doctor,	shopkeeper)
-------------	------------	---------	----------	-------------

5. Where do people keep money safely?_____

- 5. State any two things we buy in a shop?
- 6. What do we call a place where Muslims go for Juma prayers?
- 7. How is a market important to people?

8. How useful are ears to the human body?

_			_

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P.1 Y	Literacy		

THEME : Our community

SUBTHEME : Important places in our community

COMPETENCES: A learner

- Identifies work places of people in the community
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Matches people and their places of work

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Observation

CONTENT: PEOPLE AND THEIR WORK PLACES

Teacher - school

Doctor - hospital

Barber - salon

Carpenter - workshop

Policeman - police station

Religious leaders - churches / mosques

Nurse - hospital Farmer - garden

Langu	uages spoke	n in our comm	nunities (and	<u>tribes)</u>	
Bagar	nda-Lugand	a			
Basog	ga –Lusoga				
Batee	eso –Ateeso				
Engli	sh is the off	icial language	spoken at sch	nool.	
<u>NEE</u>	DS OF PEC	OPLE AT HO	<u>ME</u>		
Food			Money		Shelter
Wate			Educatio	n	
Cloth	ies		Security		
	D CHOP				
	RCISE:	1 1	C 1		
1.	-	ople to their pl	aces of work		
	Teacher			saloon	
	Doctor			workshop	
	Barber			in the bus	
	Shopkeep			hospital	
	Carpenter			police station	
	Policeman			garden	
	Religious	leaders		School	
	Nurse			shop	
	Farmer			churches/ mosque	es
_	Driver			hospital	
2.		e needs of peo	•		
2	food	chalk	shelter	water	grass
3.	. Who kee	ps law and or		ommunity?	
4			r, policeman)		•
4.			s spoken by	people in our con	imunity?
	b				

5. How are farmers important in our community?

_				
(they trea	at sick people, th	ney grow crops))	

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

REVISION TEST.(Community)

- 1. What is a community?
- 2. Write down four people in our community.
- 3. Draw these people in our community

Teacher	Nurse	Farmer	Reverend

4. Fill in the missing letters

t_acher b_nk
ch_rch sch__l
p-stor d_ct_r

5. Match people and their places of work.

Doctor Saloon
Teacher Mosque
Imam Hospital
Barber School

8. Mention any four important places in our community

9. A builds ho	uses(barbar, builders)	
10. Who leads prayers in a chur	rch?(doctor, priest, nurse)	
11. Where do we buy food from	1?	
12. Draw these important place	s in the community	
Hospital	school mosque	
13. Give two examples of furni	ture	
14. Write place where the foll	owing people work	
15. Priest	doctor	
16. Sheik	farmer	

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P.1 Y	Literacy		

THEME : THE HUMAN BODY AND HEALTH

SUBTHEME : Our body parts

COMPETENCES: A learner

Identifies our body parts

Draws and names the body parts

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

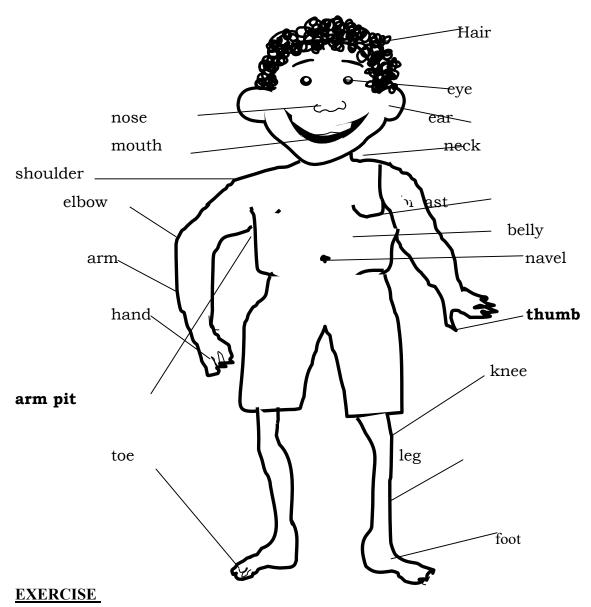
METHODS:-

Guided discovery

Brain storming

Observation

CONTENT: OUR BODY PARTS



1. Draw these parts of the b	ody
------------------------------	-----

Hand	Leg	Ear	Mouth

2. Fill in the missing letters

n_ck

n_se

 h_nd

e_rs

m__th

f_ _ t

3. Name these building materials







4. I use my \(\langle \langle \) to walk and my \(\text{e} \) to see.

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : The human body and health

SUBTHEME : Our body parts

COMPETENCES: A learner

- States the uses of body parts
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Matches uses of body parts correctly
- States the five senses and their organs

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Demonstration

CONTENT: USES OF OUR BODY PARTS

Eyes - for seeing

Ears - for hearing

Nose - for smelling/ breathing

Tongue - for tasting

Legs - for walking

Mouth - for talking/ eating

Hands - for touching

Skin - for feeling

Teeth - for chewing

THE FIVE SENSES

We have 5 senses and these are

Sense of feeling

Sense of seeing

Sense of smelling

Sense of hearing

Sense of tasting

Organs and their senses

Nose for smelling

Eyes for seeing

Ears for hearing

Tongue for tasting

EXERCISE

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. Match body parts to their uses

Eyes feeling
Ears eating
Nose tasting
Tongue seeing
Mouth hearing
Skin smelling

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4.Draw these sense organs

eyes	ears	tongue	nose

5. Match organs to their senses

Eyes feeling

Ears tasting

Nose seeing

Tongue hearing

Skin smelling

6. How many senses do you have?

7.

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : The human body and health

SUB THEME : Our body
COMPETENCES : A learner

- Defines personal hygiene
- States ways of caring for our bodies
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Identifies things we use to clean our bodies
- Draws and names things we use to clean our bodies

METHODS;-

- Guided discovery
- Brain storming
- Demonstration

CONTENT: PERSONAL HYGIENE

Is the general cleaning of the body.

Is the keeping of our body clean

How we keep our bodies clean/ ways of caring for our body parts

- By bathing every day.
- By combing our hair
- By cutting our nails and hair short
- By washing our clothes
- By brushing our teeth
- By wearing clean clothes

THINGS WE USE TO CLEAN OUR BODY.

soap

comb

towel

tooth paste

tooth brush

brush

water

razorblade

basin

nail cutter

handkerchief

bathing soap

sponge

EXERCISE

- 1.Listen and write
- 2. List down 4 things we use to clean our body
- 3. Draw these things we use to clean our body.

Soap	comb	Brush	Water

- 4. Underline the ways we keep our bodies clean
 - By washing clothes
 - By throwing clothes
 - By cutting our hair short
 - By jumping
 - By brushing our teeth

-

	7		Write	the	sense	organs	tor
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Seeing _____ smelling _____

8. Of what use are ears to a P.I Child

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time
	P.1 Y	Literacy		

THEME : The human body and health

SUBTHEME : Our body
COMPETENCES : A learner

- Identifies the importance of keeping our bodies clean
- Draws pictures of people cleaning their bodies
- Mentions the body exercises
- Caries out the body exercise
- Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly
- Draws some of the body exercise

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Demonstration
- Brain storming

CONTENT: IMPORTANCE OF KEEPING OUR BODIES CLEAN

These are reasons why we keep our body /bodies clean

- To avoid skin diseases
- To prevent a bad body smell

BODY EXERCISES (Draw them)

These are activities that our bodies need to be healthy

Examples of body exercises include:-

- Running
- Jogging
- Jumping

- Walking
- Skipping
- Swimming
- Riding
- Boxing the air
- Sit ups
- Dancing
- Kicking
- Playing

Whydo we need body exercises

- To be fit
- To reduce weight
- To avoid diseases

EXERCISE

1.	Why do we keep our bodies clean?
	To avoid (water, germs)
2.	Draw yourself washing clothes.
3.	What do we use these things for?
	a) A comb for
	b) A razorblade for
	c) Water for
4.	Circle the body exercises
	Kicking the ball
	Crying
	Dancing
	Looking
	Boxing the air
5.	Draw the following body exercises

Skipping	Running	Riding	Swimming	
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6. Where do pupils swim from?

7. What do girls use for skipping?

8. Match the animal young ones?

Dog

Cat puppy

Hen kitten

Lion chick

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : The human body and health

cub

SUBTHEME : Diseases of the body

COMPETENCES: A learner

States common diseases that affects the body

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

Guided discovery

Demonstration

Brain storming

CONTENT: COMMON DISEASES OF OUR BODY

Our bodies are affected by several diseases as seen below

Examples

Ring worm
 Malaria
 flu
 typhoid
 measles

Polio - cholera

INSECTS WHICH SPREAD DISEASES

- Mosquitoes
- Housefly
- Tsetse fly
- Black fly

Cockroaches etc.....

Insect	Diseases
Mosquitoes	- Malaria
	- Yellow fever
	- Elephantiasis
Housefly	- Diarrhoea
	- Cholera
	- Typhoid
Cockroaches	- Dysentery
	- Polio
Tsetsefly	- Sleeping sickness
Black fly	- River blindness

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- Measles
- Tuberculosis
- Whooping cough

NON - CURABLE

- AIDS
- Cancer

EXE	RCISE				
1.	Fill in the missing letters				
	Hsefly	w_rms	Mosq_	it_	fd
2.	Draw these insects which s	pread diseases.			
	House fly	Mosquito		Cockroach	
4.	listen and write	-		•	

5.	Circle the	diseases	of the	body.

Flu polio malaria

Which insect spread malaria 6. _(mosquito , cockroach)

Date	Class	L. area	No. of children	Time

THEME : The human body and health

SUBTHEME: Diseases of the body

COMPETENCES: A learner

States common causes of diseases of our bodies

• States the possible ways of preventing diseases

Reads, spells and pronounces words correctly

METHODS:-

- Guided discovery
- Demonstration
- Brain storming

CONTENT: Ways diseases spread

- Drinking un boiled water (typhoid)
- Mosquito bites (malaria)
- Eating dirty food
- Failure to bathe everyday
- Staying in dirty places

HOW TO PREVENT DISEASES

- Drinking boiled water
- Eating clean food
- Bathe everyday
- Keeping our homes clean
- Sleeping under mosquito nets `
- Eating in clean containers

Exercise

- 1. Listen and write
- 2. Write down insects which spread the following Malaria
- 3. Write the diseases the children suffer from
- 4. Circle ways we can get diseases
 - a) By bathing
 - b) By not sleeping under a mosquito net
 - c) By sharing clothes
 - d) By covering our food

End of theme tests (Human body and healthy)

1. Name the body parts below

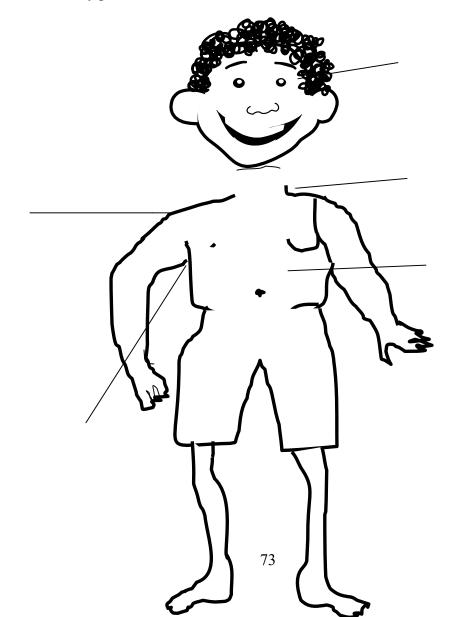


- 2. I use my 6 (1) ____ to see
- 3. Match body parts to their uses

legs smelling
eyes touching
hands walking
nose seeing

4. Underline common diseases
Flu polio malaria cough

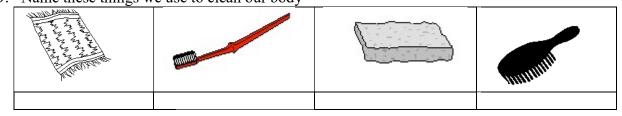
- 5. God gave us ____ fingers6. John has ____ senses
- 7. Name the body parts



8. Match ways of cleaning our body parts

face combing hair bathing teeth washing body brushing

nails cutting them short
9. Name these things we use to clean our body



10. What do we use to clean the body parts below (underline

a) Hair: comb broom

b) Finger nails: water, nail cutterc) Teeth: tooth brush rubber