

# ASBAT EDUCATION CONSULT

TERM 1
2024



# P.1 ENGLISH NOTES

# P.1 TOPICAL BREAKDOWN

# **OUR SCHOOL**

- Greetings and farewell
- People at school.
- Alphabetical order
- Things found at school.
- Correct use of; has/have, a/an, is/are, This/That.
- Plurals
- Prepositions
- Buildings at school
- Comprehension
- Activities at school

# **OUR HOME**

- Things /objects at home.
- Birds and animals found at home.
- People found at home.
- Roles /Responsibilities done at home.

# **OUR COMMUNITY**

- People in the community.
- Important places in the community.
- Activities done in the community.

# **HUMAN BODY AND HEALTHY**

- External parts of the body.
- Uses of the body parts.
- Ways of caring for the body parts.

THEME: OUR SCHOOL
WEEK TWO
Sub-Theme: People in our school.
Greetings and farewell
Lesson 1 (2 periods)
Vocabulary:
Greetings and farewell: Good morning, good afternoon, good evening good night, goodbye, farewell.
Naming people by title and names: Sir, Mr., Madam, teacher, nurse Miss Mrs., Jane, Peter, girl, boy, etc.
Structures:
- What is your name?
- My name is
- I am a( boy/girl)
- What is her/his name?
- Her/his name is
- He/She is
Activity:
- Reading and spelling the vocabulary given.
- Naming people in class and school by names and title orally.
- Using the given structures orally.
- Greeting one another
Activity:

- 1. What is your name?
- 2. What is your teacher's name?
- 3. What is your neighbour's name?
- 4. In which class are you?
- 5. What is your friend's name?

References: Essential Workbook 1 page 1

The NPSC for Uganda, page 14

MK Eng Bk1 and 2

#### Lesson 2 (2 periods) –Grammar

#### The letters of the alphabet

Capital letters and small letters

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh li Ji Kk Ll Mm Tt Uυ Nn Oo Pp Rr Ss Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz Qq

# **Activity:**

-Reading capital and small letters of the alphabet forward and backwards.

Mentioning letters which come before and after.

#### **Exercise:**

- -Writing the capital and the small letters of the alphabet.
- Writing letters which come before and after.

(stick printed letters in the children's books)

# Changing letters from capital to small and from small to capital

# **Examples**

A=a B=b C=c K=k

D=d E=e F=f W=w

# **Activity**

a. Change the following letters from capital to small.

A- \_\_\_ N- \_\_\_

G- \_\_\_ T- \_\_\_

M- \_\_\_\_ Z- \_\_\_\_

S- \_\_\_ C-\_\_\_

H-\_\_\_ I- \_\_\_

B- \_\_\_\_ U- \_\_\_

b. Change the following letters from small to capital.

d- \_\_\_ f- \_\_\_

c. Which letter comes after:

c-\_\_e-\_\_ g-\_\_ l-\_\_ k-\_\_,

m-\_ o- \_ w- \_ n- \_ p- \_

d. Which letter comes before:

\_\_, p \_\_\_, j

\_\_, k \_\_, m \_\_\_, S \_\_, r \_\_, C

Ref: Essential Workbook 1

# Lesson 3 (2 periods)

# A. Changing words from capital to small letters

# **Examples**

MADAM - madam GIRL – girl BOY - boy TEACHER \_ teacher

# **Activity:**

- Identifying capital and small letters.
- Reading and spelling the words.

#### **Exercise**

Read and change these words from capital to small letters.

SIR SECRETARY -BROOM COOK -MATRON -TEACHER BOY -PREFECT CLEANER MADAM-BURSAR \_ **NURSE-**MISTER -**MISTRESS** 

B.Change these words from small to capital letters.

# **Examples**

GIRL girl – table - TABLE

desk - DESK prefect -PREFECT

#### **Exercise**

Read and change these words from small to capital letters.

rector	pupils
guard	headteacher
bursar	school
cleaner	cook
secretary	nurse

# Ref: Essential English Workbook 1 Page 12

Lesson 4

Comprehension

#### **A CONVERSATION**

#### **GREETING**

# Vocabulary / structure (refer to Lesson 1- notes)

**Conversation (Dialogue)** 

**Jesse:** Good morning, Paul. **Paul:**Good morning, Jesse.

Jesse: How are you?

Paul: I am alright, thank you.

Jesse: Where are you going?

Paul: I am going to school.

Jesse: What is your school?

Paul: My school is Greenhill Academy, Kibuli.

Jesse: In which class are you?

**Paul:**I am in primary one. **Jesse**: Thank you, Paul.

**Paul**: You are welcome, Jesse.

#### **ACTIVITY:**

- 1. Reading and acting the dialogue.
- **2.** Answering oral and written questions.

#### **EXERCISE**

- a. How many people are in the conversation?
- **b.** Who was the first to talk?

- c. Where was Paul going?
- d. In which class is Paul?
- e. Who are taking part in the conversation?

  Ref:NPSC 1 PAGE 14

#### Lesson 5 (2 periods)

#### **Guided Composition**

#### Our school

**Vocabulary:** Mrs. Joy Veronica Maraka, Extend Your Horizons, Greenhill Academy, navy blue, white, Mr. Moses Kirinya, 1994, primary,

### **Activity:**

- Reading and spelling the given words.
- Reading through the guided composition.
- Guiding the learners to complete the story.

# Guided composition about our school.

Our school is	It is a mixe	ed
school. It was started or	n the 4th of February	Our school
motto is	$_{\_\_}$ . The school uniform is	and
The rector	of the school is	and our
head teacher is		

Activity: Use the words below to complete the passage correctly

Ref: The NPSC book 1 page 14

#### **WEEK THREE**

Sub theme: Things in our school. Lesson 1 (2 periods) - grammar

Re-arranging letters in alphabetical order (ABC order)

# **Examples**

- d, a, c, b **-**a, b, c, d
- c, e, d **-** c, d, e

# **Activity:**

- -Reading letters of the alphabet.
- -Re-arranging letters in ABC order orally

#### **Exercise:**

# Re-arrange these letters in ABC order

- **a.** f, a, d, b -
- **b.** h, e, c, f -
- **c.** p, m, o, n –
- **d.** v, x, u, w -
- **e.** k, g, m, e –
- f. s, m, p, q -

Ref: RC Thematic Every day English Practice Book 1 page 4 Essential Workbook 1

#### Lesson 2

# Vocabulary:

chair ,duster, table, bench, desk, chalkboard

window, door, book, pencil Structures: What is this/that? This/That is ---Show me a----**Activities** Reading the structures. Using the structures with the vocabulary. Ref. The Curriculum Book 1 page 14 Lesson 3\_ Grammar NOUNS What is a noun? A noun is a naming word.

A noun is a name of anything.

# Examples of nouns

Names of people e.g Jane, Peter, John, Musa, etc.

Names of places e.gKibuli, Kampala etc.

Names of objects e.g tables, chairs, books, benches, desks, chart, pencil

# **Activity**

- -Mentioning different nouns
- -Identifying nouns in the given sentences

# **Examples**

#### a.Grace has a book.

a. He is writing with a pencil.

#### **Activity:**

# \_ Underline nouns from the following sentences

- 1. They are dusting chairs.
- 2. Mary has a long dress.
- 3. The children are sitting on a bench.
- 4. The teacher is teaching.
- 5. A boy is kicking a ball.
- 6. Her pencil is short.
- 7. They are carrying heavy bags.
- 8. The pupils are going on a trip to Kiwatule.
- 9. She is writing on the chalkboard.
- 10. There are few desks in their classroom.

### Ref: Essential Book 1page 14

#### Lesson 4

# Comprehension

# My school

Vocabulary: Mbogo, boarding, mixed, industry, plastic

**Activity:** 

1. Reading and spelling the given words.

2. Constructing oral sentences using given words.

3. Reading the given passage.

**4.** Answer oral questions.

**Exercise:** 

Read the passage and answer the questions in full sentences.

MY SCHOOL

A school is a place where people go to learn. My school is Greenhill Academy Kibuli. It is a day and boarding mixed primary school. Greenhill Academy is found along Mbogo Road in kibuli. It is a big school with a lot of pupils. There are some other schools like Silverspoon and Ebenezer near my school. There is also an industry that makes plastic things like cups,

plates and jerrycans.

**Questions:** 

1. What is a school?

2. What is the name your school?

3. Along which road is Greenhill Academy?

4. Name any one school near Greenhill Academy.

**Ref: The NPSC BOOK 1 PAGE 15** 

Lesson 5

**Guided composition** 

MY SCHOOL

Use names of the given pictures to complete the story.

I love my(pic.of a Boarding Primary School.We have(girls)and(boys). boys a(shirt) (.Teachers use a(chalk) and a (duster) to teach use	a good uniform for Girls wear a (dress) and(chalkboard)
ofpencils) to write in our( piuniform for(pic of girls) and(pic of karess) and boys (pic for a short) and conschool.	poys) Girls wear a(pic of
Activity:	
- Identifying the given pictures.	
- Reading and completing the story.	
Ref: The NPSC book1 Page 15	
Exercise: remove this	
Read and re-arrange the sentences to make	ce a good story.
A. Then she goes to work.	Good story
She prepares breakfast.	1
Mrs. Lule wakes up at six o'clock.	2
She takes her children to school.	3
	4
<b>B.</b> 1.1 go to the classroom. $\binom{2}{2}$	Good story
2. I greet my teachers. (3)	1
3. I sit down and learn. 4	2
_	3

4. Father drops me at the school gate.

Re: The NPSC for Uganda 1 page 15

WEEK FOUR

Sub theme: Activities done at school

Lesson 1

Vocabulary: sweep, garden, write, read, learn, pray, clean teach

Structures

What are you doing?

I am \_\_\_\_\_\_.

We are \_\_\_\_\_.

40

What is she/he doing?

She/He is \_\_\_\_\_.

# **Activity**

Reading and spelling the vocabulary.

Constructing the sentences using the vocabulary orally.

Using the structures with the vocabulary.

#### **Exercise**

# Constructing sentences using the given pictures.

Pictures\_playing

sweeping

writing

reading

Ref: The NPSC BK1 page 15

Lesson 2

Article "a" and "an"

Using article "a" and "an"

a. We use article "a" before single nouns which begin with consonants

# **Examples**

atable, a chair, a pencil, a ruler

abook, a pen, a school

a**m**at, a **c**up, a **b**room

**b.** We use article an before single nouns which begin with vowels.

# **Examples**

an <b>o</b> range, an <b>a</b> pple, an <b>i</b> nsect
an <b>u</b> mbrella, an <b>e</b> ye, an <b>o</b> wl
Activity
Use structures:
What is this/that?
This/that is a/an
That is a/an
REF: MK ENG. Bk 1 and 2
Exercise:
Write "a" or "an" in the spaces below to complete the sentences.
<ol> <li>This isbook.</li> <li>Here isorange.</li> <li>Sarah is eatingegg.</li> <li>Musa haspen andbook.</li> <li>Joy keeps her books inbox.</li> <li>owl is in the nest.</li> <li>She is readinginteresting story.</li> <li>Paul gave meumbrella.</li> <li>That farmer hasox.</li> <li>The hunter hasox.</li> </ol>
Ref. English Aid STD 12 p. 8.
English Aid STD 1 p. 14

Essential book 1 page 24

#### Lesson 3

# Singular and Plural form of 's'

- -Singular means one.
- Plural means more than one.
- Some nouns change to plural form by adding's'

# **Examples**

Singular	- plural	Singular - plural	Singular - plural
girl	- girl <b>s</b>	house - house <b>s</b>	flower- flowers
bed	- beds	book - book <b>s</b>	mats - mat <b>s</b>
chair	- chair <b>s</b>	table - table <b>s</b>	door - sister <b>s</b>
hoe	- hoe <b>s</b>	plate - plate <b>s</b>	uniform - father <b>s</b>
broom	- brooms	hen - hen <b>s</b>	shirt - shirt <b>s</b>
cup -	cups	boy - boys	teacher –teacher <b>s</b>
window	_windows	chart _ charts	pupil - pupils

### **Activities**

- Identifying nouns which add s in plural form
- Reading and spelling the words
- Giving the singular and plural form of given nouns orally.
- Constructing sentences in plural form orally.

### **Exercise**

A. Change the	following nouns	o plural form.
door	chair	CUp
mat	mat	table
ball	pencil	house
boy	desk	plate
rope	pen	saucepan
B. Fill the gaps wi	th the plural of th	ne given words in brackets.
1. The	are running. (	girl)
0 1 1 1		

2. Jane is begging for <sub>-</sub>	(apple )	
3. All the	are in the cupboar	d. (spoon)
4. The children have cl	ean	(bag)
5. There are two	in our comp	oound. (tree)
6. The	$_{ extstyle }$ are in the byre. (c	ow)
7. The are	on the line. (shirt)	
8. The are ir	the kraal.(cow)	

# Ref.Essential English Bk 1 p. 25

Junior English Bk 1 p.17

Lesson 4

Comprehension –Activities done at school

9. The ----- are in the house. (boy)

10. He washed the ----- well. (utensil)

#### **Pre- activities**

**Vocabulary:** cleaners, sweeping, teachers, serving, typing, bursar, drumming, treats, nurse, secretaries, cooks, swimming, collecting

#### **Activity:**

- Reading and spelling the given words.
- Constructing sentences using the given words orally.
- Identifying people and their activities at school using the structures.
- Reading the story and answering oral and written questions.

#### Read the passage and answer the questions below.

#### **ACTIVITIES DONE AT SCHOOL**

In a school, there are many activities that are done. There is sweeping, mopping, teaching, drawing, writing, reading, slashing, singing, dancing, swimming, eating and many others. The coach takes pupils for swimming once a week. Typing school work is done by secretaries. Teachers teach reading, writing, singing, dancing and drawing good pictures. Some pupils help the cleaners in sweeping, mopping and picking rubbish in the compound. Pupils enjoy drumming most in our Music lessons.

#### **Exercise:**

Answer the	questions	in full	sentences.

- 1. What is the passage about?
- 2. Who types school work? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. What do pupils enjoy most? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Give any three activities mentioned in the passage.
- 5. How many activities are mentioned in the story?
- 6. Write the title of the story.

Ref. NPSC p. 15

Lesson 5

COMPOSITION

**JUMBLED STORIES** 

**ACTIVITY** 

Reading the sentences

Re- arranging the sentences to form correct stories.

### **Exercise**

Re- arrange these sentences to form correct stories.

- 1. She takes her breakfast.
- 2. She goes to school.
- 3. Betty wakes up early in the morning.
- 4. She washes her face.
- 1. And tells them to sit down.
- 2. She writes the date on the whiteboard.
- 3. The teacher enters the classroom.
- 4. And starts teaching.
- 5. She greets the children.

Ref. NPSC Bk 1 page 15

#### **WEEK FIVE**

THEME: OUR HOME Sub-theme: People in our home Lesson 1 Vocabulary – (Nuclear family) mother, father, baby, sister, brother, girl, boy, woman, man, child, son, daughter ,twins **Structures** This is my\_\_\_\_\_ Show me your\_\_\_\_\_ This/ That is my \_\_\_\_\_ Point to the -I am pointing to the \_\_\_\_\_ Activity Reading and spelling the vocabulary. Constructing sentences using the vocabulary. Using the structures with the given vocabulary. **Exercise** Fill in the missing letters to complete the words. g-rl m-ther b-by s-n s-ster da-ghter br-th-r f-ther

#### ch-ldr-n

#### **REF NPSC 16**

### Lesson 2

# Singular and Plural forms

# Adding 'es' to change nouns to plural form

- Some nouns change to plural form by adding 'es'
- Nouns that end in these following sounds: **sh**, **ch**, **s**, **x** and **o** make their plurals by adding 'es'

# Example

Singular	-	plural	Singular - plural	Singular - plural
brush	_	brush <b>es</b>	church - church <b>es</b>	watch - watch <b>es</b>
box	-	box <b>es</b>	bus - bus <b>es</b>	glass - glass <b>es</b>
dress	-	dress <b>es</b>	tomato - tomato <b>es</b>	torch - torches
bench	-	bench <b>es</b>	mango - mango <b>es</b>	match - match <b>es</b>
dish	-	dish <b>es</b>	fox - fox <b>es</b>	Mosquito- mosquito <b>es</b>

# **Activities**

- Identifying nouns which add 'es' to change to plural form.
- Use structures orally.

- What are the	se/those?	- Are these	?	
- These are	·	– Yes, these	are	
- Those are	·	– No, these	are not	•
Exercise				
A. Give the plure	al forms of	the following	nouns;	
bench	_ wa	tch		
bus	_ dis	h	-	
glass	br	ush		
class	to	mato	_	
potato	man	go		
branch	ch	nurch	_	
B. Change the g		ls in brackets	to plural form	to complete
the sentences	<b>.</b>			
<ol> <li>My cousin both</li> <li>There are a loan</li> <li>He is selling roan</li> <li>The night wath</li> <li>Father saw to</li> <li>Aunt did not to</li> </ol>	ot of IW chman ho vo	in the (mang as three in that	e room.(bench go) (tor t bush.(fox)	
Ref: Essential W	orkbook 1	l page 25		
Junior Book	: 1			

#### Lesson 3:

#### **Pronouns**

A pronoun is a word which is used in the place of a noun.

Pronouns in singular and plural form.

He, she, it, I,

They, we, you

Examples:

1. Elijah is bathing.

**He** is bathing.

2. The girl is sleeping.

She is sleeping.

3. The cats are drinking milk.

**They** are drinking milk.

4. Tom and Paul are playing.

They are playing.

#### **Exercise:**

Use the correct pronoun in the place of the underlined

Noun.

1. Jane has a new dress.

- 2. Mother is cooking food.
- 3. The cow is eating grass.
- 4. The boys are washing utensils.
- 5. <u>Joan</u> is carrying a big bag.
- 6. The plates are dirty.
- 7. Nakato and Waisswaare fetching water.
- 8. A henhas laid eggs.

Ref: Read and Write Bk 2 page 16

Essential Bk 1 page 23

Lesson 4

Comprehension

People in my home.

# Activity

- Reading and spelling the vocabulary.
- Constructing sentences using the given vocabulary orally.
- Reading the story and answering oral and written questions.

#### **Exercise**

# Read the story and answer the questions that follow.

My name is Alex. I live with my mother and father.

I have two brothers and one sister.

Every day, I clean the compound, my mother

cleans the kitchen and the toilet with a scrubbing brush. After my work, I play with my young brother and sister. My parents like me because I am a hardworking boy.

#### Questions

- 1. What is the name of the boy in the story?
- 2. Who cleans the toilet and the kitchen?
- 3. How many brothers does Alex have?
- 4. Why do Alex's parents like Alex?
- 5. Write one word to mean the same as: mother and father

#### Ref. NPSC BK 1 Page 17

#### Lesson 5

#### Composotion

#### Family Tree (Nuclear Family)

# Activity

Observing and interpreting pictures.

Reading the vocabulary.

Answering oral and written questions.

A picture of a Family Tree

#### Questions

- 1. Who is John's father?
- 2. How many sister's does John have?
- 3. How do you call the daughter of your mother?
- 4. Write the name of the baby.
- 5. Draw and name your family members.

# Ref NPSC BK 1 Page 17

W	F	F	K	9	IY
•	_	_	•	J	$\mathbf{I}$

Sub- theme: Roles and Responsibilities of Different Family Members.

#### Lesson 1

# Vocabulary

cook, clean, wash, dig, milk, sweep, fetch. mop
Structures:
What are you doing?
laming.

He / She is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

What is he/ she doing?

Reading and spelling the vocabulary.

Constructing sentences using the given vocabulary.

Using the structures with the given vocabulary.

Exercise

Construct a correct sentence about each picture below.

Ref: NPSC Bk 1 p. 18

Lesson 2

The use of **is** and **are**.

We use 'is' to talk about one thing and 'are' is used to talk about more than one thing.

# **Examples**

- -She **is** playing.
- -The woman is cooking food.
- -The teacher is teaching.
- -The children are writing.
- -Paul and Tom **are** riding bicycles.

#### **Activities**

- a. Explaining how we use is or are.
- **b.** Constructing sentences using **is** or **are** orally.
- c. Reading sentences.

#### **Exercise:**

# A. Use is or are to fill the gaps correctly.

1.	The pencils _	in the tin.
2.	The teacher	marking

- 3. Today \_\_\_\_\_Friday.
- 4. The girls \_\_\_\_\_playing netball.
- 5. Mother and father \_\_\_\_\_ going to school.

# B. Make five correct sentences from the table below.

books.

Her brothers	is	rotten.	
Mother		on the table.	
The teacher	are	tall.	
Those tomatoes		marking books.	
The plates		sweeping the	
		kitchen.	

Ref:

Junior English Bk. 1 Essential English workbook 1

Read and write Bk. 2

# Lesson 3

**VERBS** 

A verb is a word in action.

A verb is a doing word

**Examples of verbs** 

look	jump	climb	wash	draw
walk	sleep	sit	peel	push
clean	cry	sleep	fetch	mop
eat	laugh	cook	pray	read
run	sweep	pick	greet	slash
drink	draw	play	carry	write
dance	cut	bathe	swing	talk
			_	

# **Activity**

- a. Identifying different verbs.
- **b.** Mentioning different verbs.
- **c**. Acting given verbs.
- d. Reading and spelling given words.
- e. Constructing sentences using given verbs.

### **Exercise:**

Construct sentences using the given verbs.

clean

eat

cook

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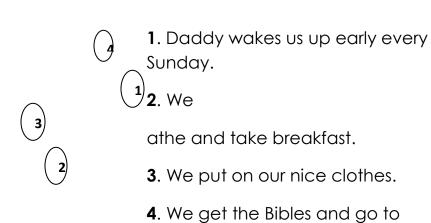
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