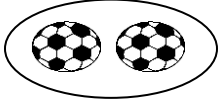
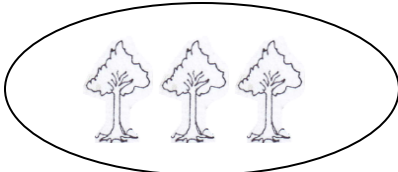


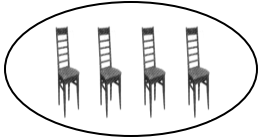
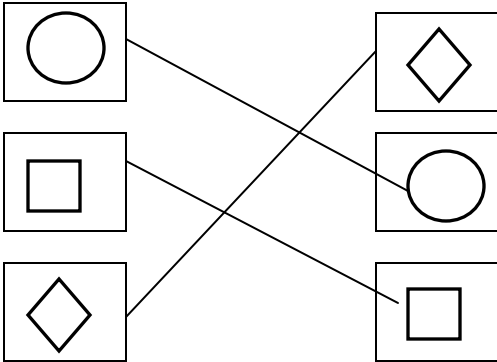
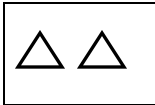
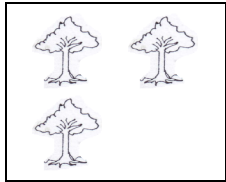
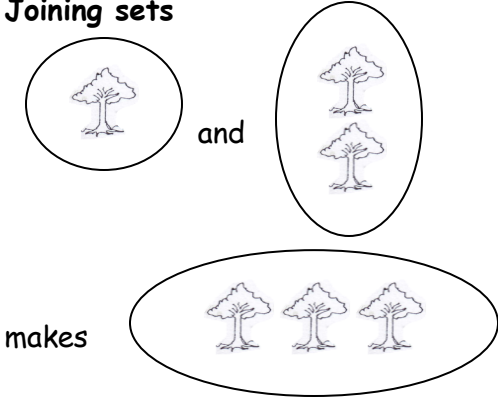
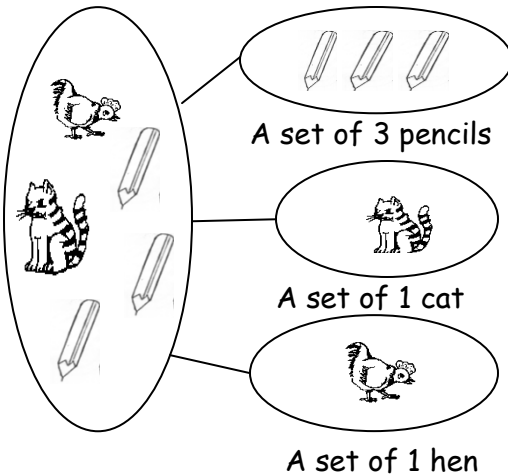
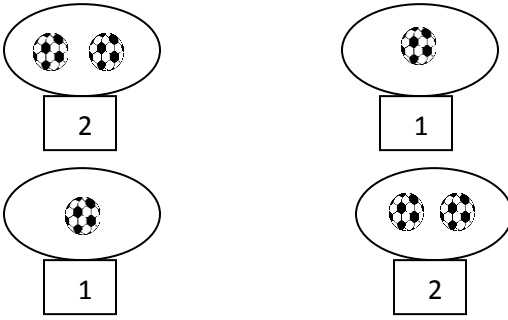
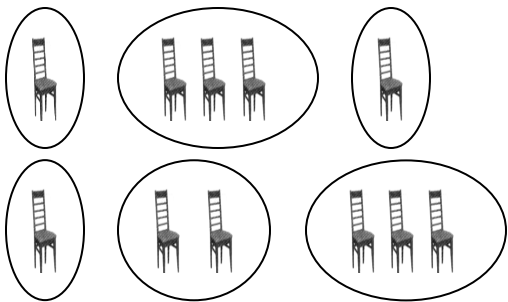
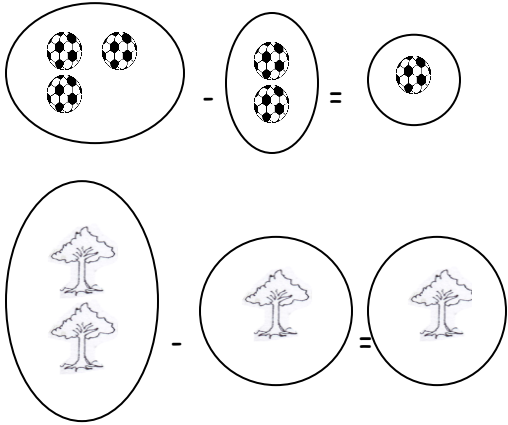


P.1 MATHS SCHEME OF WORK FOR TERM 1 2018


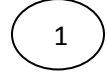





W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
1	1	SETS	NAMING SETS	The learner, 1) Defines a set 2) Names the sets 3) Identifies the sets	Sets A set is a collection of things. Naming the sets  A set of 2 balls  A set of 3 trees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery • Discussion 	Real objects like <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • books • balls • pencils • pens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defining a set • Naming sets • Identifying sets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical thinking • Problem solving • Creative thinking • Effective communication 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 1
	2		FORMING SETS	The learner, 1) Forms the sets 2) Draws the sets	Forming sets. (Practical)  A set of 2 eggs.  A set of 1 book.			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forming the sets • Drawing the sets 		
	3		DRAWING SETS	The learner, 1) Reads the statements 2) Draws sets for the statements	Drawing sets A set of 4 chairs. 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reading the statement • Drawing sets for the statements 		

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
1	4	SETS	MATCHING SETS	The learner, 1) Draws sets 2) Identifies the objects 3) Matches the sets	Matching sets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery • Discussion 	Real objects like <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • books • balls • pencils • pens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drawing sets • Identifying the objects • Matching the sets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical thinking • Effective communication • Sharing • Appreciation 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 4
	5		COMPARING SETS	The learner, 1) Identifies the sets 2) Counts the members in the set correctly. 3) Compares sets correctly.	Compare these sets Set A  Set B  <p> Set A has 2 members Set B has 3 members Set A has less members than Set B. Set B has more members than Set A. </p>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the sets • Counting the members in the set • Comparing the sets 		
2	1		EMPTY SET	The learner, 1) Defines an empty set 2) Identifies the symbol of an empty set 3) Writes empty or not empty	Empty set An empty set is a set with no members. Symbol is { } or \emptyset Examples are: A cow with 2 heads. A cat with 4 ears.			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defining an empty set • Identifying the symbols • Writing empty or not empty 		MK Prim ary MTC bk 3 pg 11







W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
2	2	SETS	JOINING SETS	The learner, 1) Identifies the sets 2) Draws the sets 3) Joins sets to make a big set	Joining sets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery • Discussion 	Real objects like <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • books • balls • pencils • pens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying • Drawing • Joining the sets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decision making • Self esteem • Critical thinking • Effective communication • Sharing 	The Prime pupils workbook pg 3-12
	3		SEPARATING/FORMING NEW SETS	The learner, 1) Identifies the sets 2) Counts the members in the set. 3) Forms new sets from a big set.	Forming new sets 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the sets • Forming new sets from a big set. 		
	4		ARRANGING SETS IN ASCENDING ORDER	The learner, 1) Identifies the sets. 2) Ordering sets in ascending order.	Order these sets starting from the smallest. 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the sets • Ordering the sets in ascending order 		





W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
2	5	SETS	ORDERING SETS FROM THE BIGGEST TO THE SMALLEST	The learner, 1) Identifying sets 2) Ordering sets starting with the biggest.	Order the sets starting with the biggest. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussion • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery 	Real objects like; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Balls • Oranges • Counters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the sets • Ordering the sets in descending order. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Critical thinking • Self awareness • Effective communication • Creative thinking 	The The matic Curr bk 1 pg 13- 18
3	1		SUBTRACTING THE SETS.	The learner, 1) Identifying the sets 2) Subtracting the sets.	Subtracts these sets. 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the sets • Subtracting the sets. 		
	2		OPERATION OF NUMBERS(NUMERACY)	The learner, 1) Counts the numbers in groups, pairs and individually 2) Writing numbers 1 - 20	Counting numbers 1 -20 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.....20			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counting the numbers • Writing numbers 		



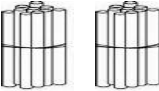
W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
3	3	OPERATION OF NUMBERS(NUMERACY)	WRITING NUMBER SYMBOLS AND THEIR NAMES (1-20)	The learner, 1) Reads the numbers 2) Writes names correctly. 3) Writes symbols correctly.	Writing number names from 1 - 20 1 - one 2 - two 3 - threetwenty	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussion • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A chart showing numbers and their names 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reading the numbers • Writing the symbols and their names 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Problem solving • Critical thinking • Creative thinking • Sharing 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 13
	4		NUMBER BEFORE	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers 2) Writes the numbers which come before	Writing numbers before Examples a) __, 3 b) __, 9 c) __, 40 d) __, 62 e.t.c.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A chart showing number before, after 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the numbers • Writing the numbers which comes before. 		
	5		NUMBER AFTER	The learner, 1) Identifies the number which comes after the given numbers 2) Writes the number after.	Writing numbers which comes after. a) 2, __ b) 10, __ c) 7, __ d) 19, __			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the number after • Writing the number after. 		
	4		NUMBER BETWEEN	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers correctly. 2) Writes the number between	Writing the number between. a) 1, __, 3 b) 8, __, 10 c) 13, __, 15 d) 30, __, 32 e.t.c.		Real objects like <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • books • balls • pencils • pens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the number • Writing the number between 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective communication • Sharing • Critical thinking • Creative thinking 	

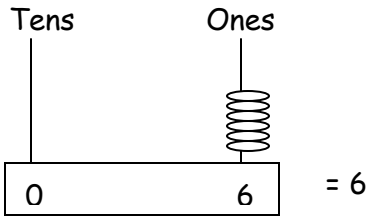
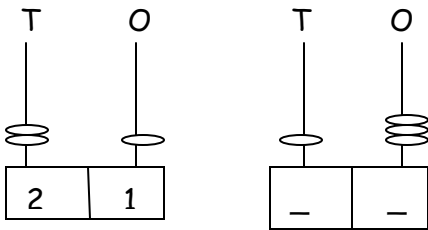
W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
4	2	OPERATION OF NUMBERS(NUMERACY)	CIRCLING THE SMALLER NUMBER	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers 2) Circles the smaller number	Circle the smaller number a)  or 4 b) 3 or 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussion • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery 	Real objects like <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • books • balls • pencils pens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the numbers • Circling the smaller number 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective communication • Sharing • Critical thinking • Creative thinking • Appreciation 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 13
	3		UNDERLINING THE BIGGER NUMBER	The learner, 1) Identifies the bigger number 2) Underlines the bigger number	Underline the bigger number. a) 5 or 2 b) 1 or 4 e.t.c.					
	4		COUNTING AND DRAWING FOR THE NUMBER	The learner, 1) Recognises the number given. 2) Draws for the number given correctly.	Drawing for the numbers. Example; 3 =    2 =  	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discussion • Observation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Class room environment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognising the numbers • Drawing for the numbers given. 		MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 13
	5		ARRANGING NUMBERS IN ASCENDING ORDER	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers correctly. 2) Arranges the numbers starting from the smallest	Ascending order. Ascending order means to arrange numbers from the smallest to the biggest. e.g. a) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 - 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 b) 3, 9, 6, 1 - 1, 3, 6, 9 c) 6, 8, 2, 4 - _____			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Arranging the numbers starting from the smallest 		

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
5	1	OPERATION OF NUMBERS(NUMERACY)	DESCENDING ORDER	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers 2) Arranges the number starting from the biggest	Descending order. Descending order means arranging numbers from the biggest to the smallest. e.g. a) 1, 2, 3, 4 - 4, 3, 2, 1 b) 6, 7, 5, 4 - 7, 6, 5, 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explanation Guided discussion Question and answer Guided discovery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Class room environment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifying the numbers Arranging the numbers starting from the biggest 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Effective communication Sharing Creative thinking Appreciation 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 42
	2		MATCHING FIGURES TO THEIR NAMES.(NUMBER NAMES(1-20)	The learner, 1) Identifies numbers and their names 2) Matches numbers to their names 3) Reads the number names.	Matching figures to their names. <div> <div>1</div> <div>2</div> <div>3</div> <div>4</div> <div>5</div> </div> <div> <div>five</div> <div>three</div> <div>one</div> <div>two</div> <div>four</div> </div>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A chart showing number names 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifying number names Matching numbers to their names Reading number names 		
	3		ORDINALS (DAYS OF WEEK)	The learner, 1) Recites the days of the week. 2) Arranges the days of the week. 3) Writes the days which come after, between and before	Days of the week. There are 7 days in a week. Sunday - 1 st Monday - 2 nd Tuesday - 3 rd Wednesday - 4 th Thursday - 5 th Friday - 6 th Saturday - 7 th		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flash cards bearing days of the week 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reciting days of the week. Arranging the days of the week. Writing the days of the week. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Critical thinking Creative thinking Effective communication Sharing 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 26
	4		ADDING NUMBERS 1 TO 1 DIGIT HORIZONTALLY	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers 2) Counts numbers correctly	Adding horizontally 1 digit 1 Examples a) $5 + 3 = 8$ b) $3 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$ Word problems Six plus one equals _____		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Counters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifying the numbers Counting the numbers Adding the numbers horizontally 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Love Appreciation 	


W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
				3) Adds the numbers horizontally		<ul style="list-style-type: none">•	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•	
5	5	ADDITION	ADDING USING A NUMBER LINE	The learner, 1) Draws the number lines 2) Reads the figures on the number lines 3) Adds correctly.	Add using a number line $2 + 3 = 5$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Guided discussion• Explanation• Question and answer• Guided discovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Chalk board illustration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drawing the number line• Adding on the number line	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Effective communication• Sharing• Creative thinking• Appreciation	The Prime pupils bk 1 pg 30 - 32
6	1		COUNTING NUMBERS 20 - 30	The learner, 1) Counts the numbers 20 -30 in groups 2) Writes the numbers 20 - 30	Counting numbers 20 - 30 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,30			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Counting numbers• Writing the numbers 20 - 30		
	2		MATCHING PICTURES TO NUMBER SYMBOLS	The learner, 1) Identifies the pictures 2) Matches the pictures to number symbols.	Match those pictures to number symbols  1  6  3   2			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identifying the pictures to number symbols		

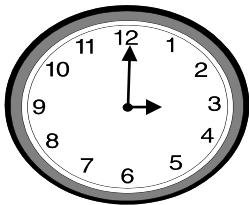




W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
6	3	ADDITION	COMPARING HEIGHT USING TALLER OR SHORTER	The learner, 1) Identifies pictures 2) Measures the height of objects 3) Compares objects using taller or shorter	Compare using shorter/taller <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"><div style="text-align: center;">A </div><div style="text-align: center;">B </div></div> <p>Tree A is shorter than tree B Tree B is taller than tree A. e.t.c.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explanation• Question and answer• Guided discovery• Guided discussion	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Chalk board illustration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identifying the pictures• Measuring height using taller or shorter	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Critical thinking• Effective communication• Self awareness• Appreciation	The Prim e pupil s work book bk 1 pg 33 - 34
4	PLACE VALUES		DRAWING ONES	The learner, 1) Identifies ones 2) Reads and writes ones 3) Draws ones correctly.	Drawing ones <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"><div>/</div><div>1 ones</div></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"><div>//</div><div>2 ones</div></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"><div>///</div><div>3 ones</div></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"><div>////</div><div>4 ones e.t.c.</div></div>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Counte rs	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identifying ones• Drawing ones		MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 41 and 44
5			DRAWING TENS	The learner, 1) Draws tens/bundles 2) Counts in tens	Drawing bundles <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"><div>= 10</div></div> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; margin-top: 10px;"><div>= 20</div></div> <p>Count in tens 1 ten = 10 3 tens = 30 e.t.c.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drawing tens• Counting in tens			

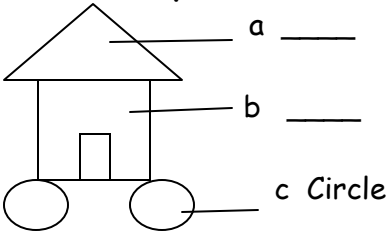

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
7	1	PLACE VALUES	DRAWING BUNDLES FOR THE NUMBER	The learner, 1) Identifies the given number 2) Identifies the place values of the given number. 3) Draws bundles for the number.	Draw bundles for the number. $12 =$  $36 =$  $20 =$ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Question and answer • Discussion • Discovery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the place values • Drawing bundles for the number 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective communication • Identity • Respect • Interpersonal relationship • Critical thinking 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 44 and 50
	2		FILLING IN TENS AND ONES	The learner, 1) Identifies the place values. 2) Fills in tens and ones correctly.	Fill in tens and ones $10 = 1 \text{ tens } 0 \text{ ones}$ $32 = \text{ ____ tens ____ ones}$ $\text{ ____ tens ____ ones } = 91$ $\text{ ____ tens ____ ones } = 8$			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the place values • Filling in tens and ones 		
	3		COUNTING IN TENS AND ONES	The learner, 1) Counts in tens and ones 2) Writes tens and ones correctly.	Counting in tens and ones $10 + 3 = 13$ $10 + 10 = 20$ $10 + 7 = 17$ $10 + 10 + 10 + 3 = \square$			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counting in tens and ones • Writing tens and ones. 		





















W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
7	4	PLACE VALUES	READING TENS AND ONES	The learner, 1) Reads in tens 2) Writes in tens	Writing in tens for the given number 2 tens = 20 4 tens = 40 3 tens = 30 e.t.c.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explanation Guided discussion Question and answer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chalk board illustration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reading in tens Writing in tens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Effective communication Sharing Problem solving Critical thinking 	MK Primary MTC bk 1 pg 55
	5		ABACUS	The learner, 1) Identifies tens and ones 2) Draws tens and ones on the abacus 3) Draws the beads.	Drawing tens and ones on the abacus. 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An abacus 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifying tens and ones Drawing tens and ones on the abacus 		
8	1		COUNTING ON THE ABACUS	The learner, 1) Counts the beads on the abacus 2) Writes the number under each place value correctly.	Count the beads. 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Counting the beads Writing the numbers in their place values 		
	2	OPERATION OF NUMBERS	ADDITION	The learner, 1) Identifies the place values of the number 2) Arranges the numbers correctly 3) Adds correctly.	Addition of 2 to 1 digit. $\begin{array}{r} \text{T O} \\ 33 + 2 = 35 \\ \text{T O} \\ 33 \\ + 2 \\ \hline 35 \end{array} \text{ e.t.c.}$		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Counters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identifying the place values Arranging and adding the numbers correctly. 		Understanding MTC Pri 1 pg 54

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
8	3	OPERATION OF NUMBERS	WORD PROBLEMS	The learner, 1) Reads and comprehends the statement 2) Arranges number to their place values 3) Adds correctly.	Word problems Musa has 25 books, Rose has 3 books. How many books do they have altogether? TO $\begin{array}{r} 25 \text{ books} \\ + 3 \text{ books} \\ \hline 28 \text{ books} \end{array}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussion • Question and answer • Guided discovery • Explanation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reading and comprehending the statement • Arranging numbers in their place values • Adding the numbers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective communication • Creative thinking • Appreciation • Sharing 	MK Primary MTC bk 1 pg 30
4			SUBTRACTION	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers 2) Subtracts the numbers correctly. 3) Comprehends the statement	Subtraction of 1 to 1 digit Examples a) $9 - 6 = 3$ b) $7 - 2 = \underline{\quad}$ Word problems 4 hens - 2 hens equals $\underline{\quad}$.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Guided discussion • Question and answer • Guided discovery 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the numbers • Subtracting the numbers • Comprehending the statement 		Understanding MTC Primary 1 pg 51
5			SUBTRACTING 2 TO 1 DIGIT	The learner, 1) Identifies the place values of the numbers 2) Arranges and subtracts the numbers correctly.	Subtraction of 2 to 1 digit Examples a) TO $\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ - 5 \\ \hline 12 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ - 5 \\ \hline 12 \end{array}$ b) $14 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$ e.t.c.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chalk board illustration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the place values of the numbers • Arranging and subtracting the numbers. 		MK Primary MTC bk 1 pg 73

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
9	1	OPERATION OF NUMBERS	WORD PROBLEMS	The learner, 1) Reads the questions 2) Arranges numbers to their place values 3) Subtracts correctly.	Read and subtract Okello had 37 eggs. He gave his brother 4 eggs. How many eggs did he remain with? 37 eggs - 4 eggs T O 3 7 eggs - 4 eggs <u>3 3 eggs</u>	• Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery	• Counters	• Reading the question • Arranging numbers to their place values • Subtracting correctly.	• Problem solving • Creative thinking • Sharing • Appreciation • Love	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 73
	2		SUBTRACTING 2 TO 2 DIGITS VERTICALLY	The learner, 1) Identifies the numbers 2) Subtracts numbers 2 from 2 digits vertically	Subtracting 2 from 2 digits vertically. Examples a) 44 - 11 = 3 T O 4 4 - 1 1 <u>3 3</u>		• Chalk board illustration	• Identifying the numbers • Subtracting numbers 2 from 2 digits vertically.		
	3		WORD PROBLEMS	The learner, 1) Reads the questions 2) Arranges numbers to their place values. 3) Subtracting correctly.	Read and subtract Peter bought 25 apples. he sold 13. How many apples were left? T O 2 5 apples - 1 3 apples <u>1 2 apples</u>		• Counters	• Reading the questions • Arranging numbers to their place values • Subtracting the numbers		
	4		SUBTRACTING USING NUMBER LINE	The learner, 1) Draws the number line 2) Subtracts the given number on the number line.	Subtracting using a number line. 6 - 3 = 3 		• Chalk board illustration	• Drawing the number line • Subtracting on the number line		

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
9	5	OPERATION OF NUMBERS	TELLING TIME	The learner, 1) Identifies the hands in a clock face 2) Tells time on the clock face.	Tell the time.  It is 3 o'clock	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery • Discussion 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clock faces 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the hands on the clock faces • Telling the time on the clock faces. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective communication • Sharing • Critical thinking • Appreciation • Problem solving 	The Prim e pupils bk pg 36 - 37
10	1	MEASURES (CAPACITY)	COMPARING CAPACITY USING MORE/LESS	The learner, 1) Defines capacity 2) Identifies things used to measure capacity 3) Compares using less or more	Capacity Is how much a container holds or produces. Compare using less or more  A cup holds less water than a pot A pot holds more water than a cup		Real objects like <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pots • Cups • Bucket 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defining capacity • Identifying things used to measure capacity • Comparing using less or more 		MK Primary MTC bk 1 pg 89
	2	GEOMETRY	SHAPES	The learner, 1) Identifies the shapes 2) Draws the shapes 3) Names the shapes	Drawing the shapes  Triangle  Circle  Oval			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the shapes • Drawing the shapes • Naming the shapes 		

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF
1 0	3	GEOMETRY	SHAPES (NAMING SHAPES)	The learner, 1) Draws the shapes 2) Names the shapes	Name these shapes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explanation • Question and answer • Guided discovery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shapes • Real objects • (practical lesson) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drawing the shapes • Naming the shapes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Effective communication • Critical thinking • Creative thinking • Sharing • Love 	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 99
	4		MEASURING LENGTH USING NON-STANDARD UNITS. (LENGTH)	The learner, 1) Defines length 2) Measures length using non standard units	Length Length is the distance between two points. Non standard units of measuring length. Hand span Foot steps Fathoms e.t.c.			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defining length • Measuring length using non standard units 		
	5		COMPARING LENGTH USING LONGER OR SHORTER	The learner, 1) Identifies the pictures 2) Compares using longer or shorter	Compare using longer/shorter  <p>Pencil A is shorter Pencil B is longer</p>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying the pictures • Comparing using longer or shorter 		

W K	P D	TOPIC	S.TOPIC	COMPETENCE	CONTENT	METHODS	T/AIDS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	REF								
11	1	GRAPHS	PICTO-GRAPHS	The learner, 1) Identifies the pictures. 2) Interpreting the pictures 3) Answering questions correctly.	Picture graph . Study the graph and answer the questions <table><tr><td>Halima</td><td> </td></tr><tr><td>Opolot</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Hussein</td><td>  </td></tr><tr><td>Wasswa</td><td></td></tr></table> Questions	Halima	 	Opolot		Hussein	  	Wasswa		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explanation• Question and answer• Guided discovery	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Shapes• Real objects• (practical lesson)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Identifying pictures• Interpreting the pictures• Answering questions correctly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Effective communication• Critical thinking• Creative thinking• Sharing• Love	MK Prim ary MTC bk 1 pg 99
Halima	 																	
Opolot																		
Hussein	  																	
Wasswa	