

PRIMARY TWO

LITERACY ONE

WORKBOOK

TERM III

Date _____

Listen and write

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

Corrections

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

THEME: MEASURES

Sub theme: Seasons

Examples of measures

1. Money
2. Time
3. Length
4. Weight
5. Height

Seasons:

What is a season?

A season is a long period of time when an area receives the same weather conditions.

Types of seasons:

There are two types of seasons in a year and these are;

- (i) Wet season/rainy season
- (ii) Dry season/sunny season

Wet season:

A wet season is a period when an area receives a lot of rainfall.

Activities done during the wet season:

- Planting
- Weeding
- Transplanting
- Harvesting
- Thinning



planting



weeding



thinning

transplanting

Activity:

1. List down two types of seasons in a year.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

2. Mention any three activities done in wet seasons.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(iii) _____

3. Draw these activities done in wet season.

weeding	planting

Corrections

Date: _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Dry season:

This is a long time when an area receives a lot of sunshine.

Activities done during the dry season.

- Drying seeds
- Harvesting
- Storing seeds
- Clearing land
- Watering plants
- Winnowing



harvesting

winnowing

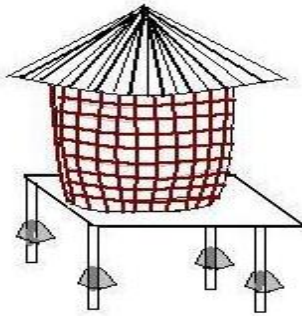


Drying seeds



Watering plants

Places where we keep the dried seeds/crops.



granary



store

Meaning of key terms:

Weeding: Weeding is the removing of unwanted plants from the garden.

Thinning: Thinning is the removing of excess plants from the garden.

Pruning: Pruning is the removing of excess branches and old leaves from the plant.

Harvesting: Harvesting is the removing of ready crops from the garden.

Activity:

1. Write down two activities done during the dry season.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

2. What name is given to a person who grows crops?

3. What is weeding?

4. In which season do farmers weed their crops?

5. What are weeds?

Date _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

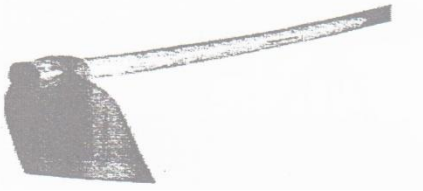
3. _____

3. _____

Garden tools:

Garden tools are things used in the garden.

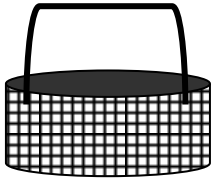
Examples of garden tools.



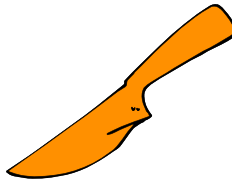
hoe



trowel



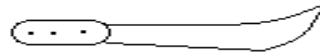
basket



knife



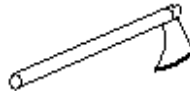
wheelbarrow



panga



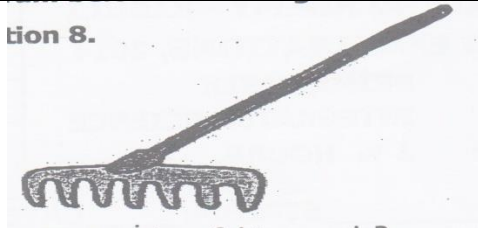
slasher



axe



spade



rake

Activity:

1. Name any four garden tools

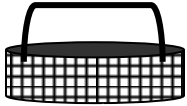
i) _____

ii) _____

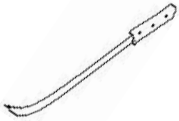
iii) _____

iv) _____

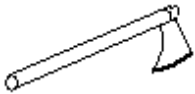
2. Match the garden tools to their names.



slasher



axe



Basket

3. Draw these garden tools.

slasher	axe	wheelbarrow

[illegible]

Date _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Importance or uses of each tool used in the garden.

Hoe: For digging, weeding crops

Trowel: for transplanting.

Pruner: for removing branches and old leaves from the plant

Watering can: for watering plants

Basket: for carrying food from the garden

Knife: for peeling food

Wheelbarrow: for carrying manure to the garden

Panga: for cutting small trees

Axe: for cutting trees

Rake: for collecting rubbish

Activity:

1. A _____ is used for watering plants.

2. Give the importance of the garden tools below

Basket _____

Panga _____

Hoe _____

Axe _____

Rake _____

3. A slasher is used for _____

Corrections

[illegible]

Date _____

Listen and write

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

Corrections

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

Weather:

What is weather?

Weather is the change in the atmosphere of a given place at a given time.

Elements of weather

There are four elements of weather

- Rainfall
- Sunshine
- Wind
- Cloud

Activity

1. Define weather

2. Fill in the missing letters.

W ____ d

Cl ____ ds

W ____ ther

Pl ____ c ____

3. Write any three elements of weather.

i) _____

ii) _____

iii) _____

4. Write small words from the given words.

a) Atmosphere _____, _____

b) Wind _____, _____

c) Sunshine _____, _____

Corrections

[illegible]

Date _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Types / Conditions of weather

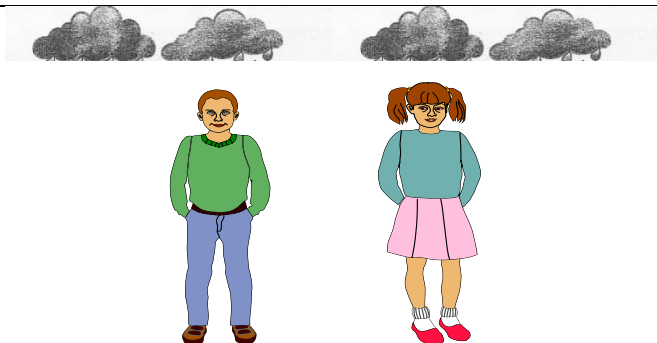
There are four types of weather

1. Sunny weather
2. Rainy weather
3. Cloudy weather
4. Windy weather



Sunny weather

Rainy weather



Cloudy weather

Windy weather

Ways people behave during different weather conditions.

1. People put on light clothes during sunny weather to feel fresh.
2. People put on heavy clothes during rainy or cold weather to be warm.

Dangers caused by weather changes.

- Too much wind breaks houses and trees.
- Too much sunshine causes drought.
- Too much sunshine destroys people's crops.
- Rainy weather causes thunder and lightning that kills people and animals.
- Too much rain causes floods.
- Too much sunshine causes headache.
- Too much sunshine raises dust.

Activity;

1. Draw these types of weather.

sunny	cloudy

2. On which weather condition do people put on gumboots?

3. Write two dangers of too much sunshine.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

4. How harmful is too much rainfall?

(i) _____

(ii) _____

Corrections

[illegible]

Date _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Sub – theme: Units of measure.

Weight

Weight is how heavy or light something is.

Standard units of measuring weight.

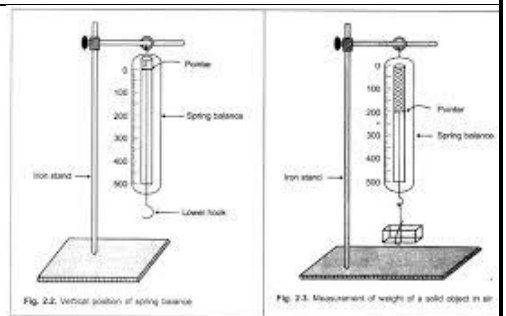
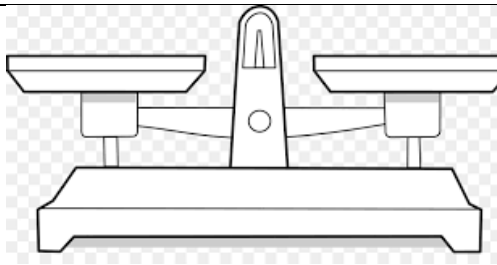
It is measured in **Kilograms (kg)** and **grams (g)**.

Things measured in kilograms.

- Sugar
- Ground nuts
- Salt
- Meat
- Beans
- Irish potatoes
- Maize flour
- Tea leaves

Things used to measure weight.

- Beam balance
- Weighing scale
- Spring balance



Weighing scale

See-saw

Spring balance

Activity

1. Name any four things measured in kilograms.

- (i) _____
- (ii) _____
- (iii) _____
- (iv) _____

2. Write the two standard units for measuring weight.

- (i) _____
- (ii) _____

3. Give any two things used to measure weight.

- (i) _____
- (ii) _____

4. Write three things people measure.

- (i) _____
- (ii) _____
- (iii) _____

Date _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Capacity:

Capacity is the amount of liquid a container can hold.

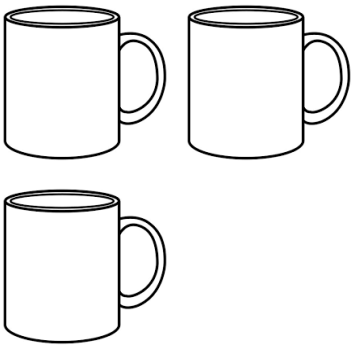
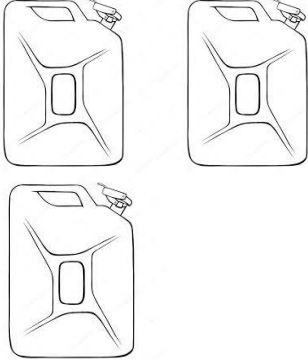
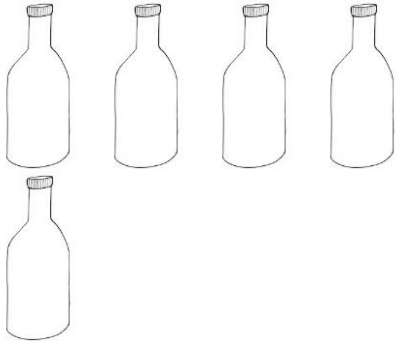
Capacity is measured in **litres**.

Examples of liquids measured in litres.

- Water - milk - juice
- Cooking oil - alcohol - soda - fuel

Things we use to measure liquids;

- Cup - Bottles - Jerrycans

		
cups	jerry cans	bottles

Activity;

1. Mention any four things measured in litres.
- i) _____
- ii) _____
- iii) _____
- iv) _____
2. Name the standard unit for measuring liquids.

3. Write two things we use to measure liquids.
- i) _____
- ii) _____

Corrections

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Date : _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

1. _____

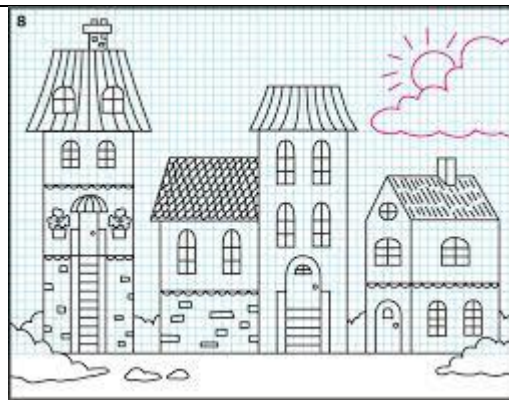
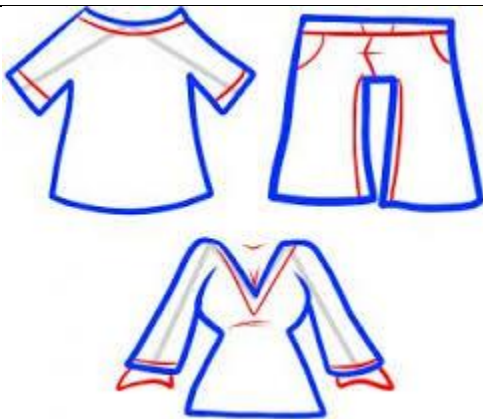
2. _____

3. _____

Length:

Length is how long or short something is.

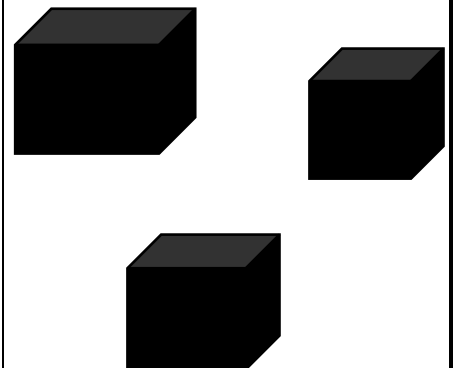
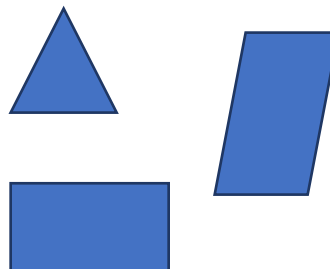
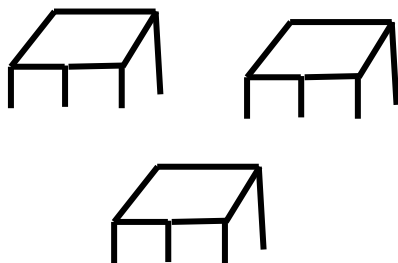
Things measured in metres.



clothes

buildings

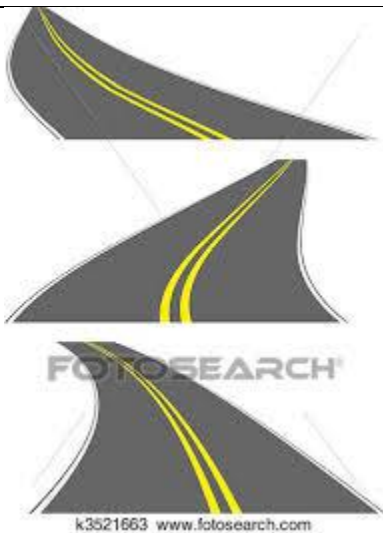
Desks



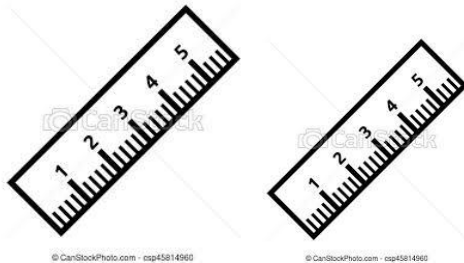
Tables

shapes

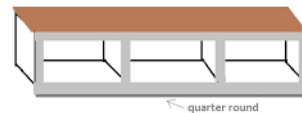
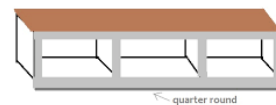
boxes



roads



rulers



benches

Things we use to measure length.

- Tape measure
- Rulers
- Strings
- Foot
- Handspan
- Strides

Activity:

1. Draw these things we measure in metres.

buildings	roads

tables	clothes
desks	shapes

2. Name any two things used to measure length.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

Corrections

Date _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Sub – theme: Calendar

Days of the week.

There are seven days in a week.

Days of the week are written beginning with a capital letter.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| - Sunday | 1 st |
| - Monday | 2 nd |
| - Tuesday | 3 rd |
| - Wednesday | 4 th |
| - Thursday | 5 th |
| - Friday | 6 th |
| - Saturday | 7 th . |

Activity:

1. On which day do most Christians go to church?

2. On which day do Muslims go to the mosque?

3. Name any four days of the week.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(iii) _____

(iv) _____

4. What is the first day of the week?

5. What is the last day of the week?

6. How many days make a week?

7. _____ is the third day of the week.

8. Write the days that begin with letter "T".

i) _____

ii) _____

9. Write in short.

(i) Wednesday _____

(ii) Saturday _____

(iii) Monday _____

Corrections

Date _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Months of the year and their days.

There are twelve months in a year.

<u>Month</u>	<u>Number of days</u>	<u>Position</u>
January	31 days	1 st
February	28/29 days	2 nd
March	31 days	3 rd
April	30 days	4 th
May	31 days	5 th
June	30 days	6 th
July	31 days	7 th
August	31 days	8 th
September	30 days	9 th
October	31 days	10 th
November	30 days	11 th
December	31 days	12 th .

Note: A year is made up of 365 or 366 days.

Activity;

1. How many months make up a year?

2. Write the sixth month of the year?

3. Write two months with 31 days.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

4. Which month has 28/29 days?

Date _____

Listen and write

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

Corrections

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

Money:

Money is the medium of exchange.

Types of money.

- Coins
- Notes/paper money

Note: In Uganda, we use Uganda shillings (/=)

We keep our money safe in the bank.

Denominations of money:



Fifty shillings



Two hundred shillings



Five hundred shillings



One thousand shillings

Notes



One thousand shillings	Two thousand shillings	Five thousand shillings
		
Ten thousand shillings	Twenty thousand shillings	Fifty thousand shillings

Features found on money.

Money

Fifty shillings

One hundred shillings

Two hundred shillings

Five hundred shillings

One thousand shillings

Features

head of a cow

cow

fish

head of a crested crane

a crested crane.

Ways people get money.

- By working to get salary.
- By selling things like fish, clothes, etc.
- By getting donations and loans.

Uses of money.

- Money helps us to get food.
- Money helps us to get medicine.
- Money helps us to get shelter.
- Money helps us to go to school.
- Money helps us to get transport.

Ways people keep money.

- In wallets
- In banks
- In safes (metallic or wooden boxes)

Activity;

1. What name is given to the medium of exchange.

2. Write any two forms of money.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

3. Where do we keep our money safe?

4. Circle the correct currency for Uganda.

Dollar, shillings, pounds.

5. Match correctly

Two hundred shillings

a cow

Five hundred shillings

fish

One hundred shillings

head of a crested crane

Date: _____

Listen and write

Corrections

1. _____

1. _____

2. _____

2. _____

3. _____

3. _____

Revision exercise:

1. How many days make up a week?

2. _____ is the first day of the week.

3. How many months make up a year?

4. What do we call a long period of too much sunshine?

5. Mention two activities done in the dry season.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

6. What do we call people who grow crops and keep animals?

7. What name is given to Ugandan money?

8. How do people get money?

9. During which weather do people put on light clothes?

10. _____ is the condition of the atmosphere at a given time at a particular place.

11. A long period of time when an area receives the same weather conditions is called _____

12. Write true or false

a) A granary is used for storing dry seeds _____

b) In Uganda we have two types of seasons _____

c) Capacity is measured in metres _____

d) January has 30 days _____

13. Draw and name two activities done during a wet season.

Corrections
