Theme: The human body and health

Sub-theme - Parts of the body and their function.

Key words

- Counting
- Reading
- More or less
- Ascending/increasing
- Between, before, next/after
- Filling
- Descending/decreasing

Counting numbers from 300 – 400

Examples.

300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400

Activity

1. Fill in the missing number	1.	Fill	in	the	missing	numbers
-------------------------------	----	------	----	-----	---------	---------

- a) 300, 301, 302, 303, ___,__,__
- b) 349, __, __, 352, 353, ___, 355, 356, ___
- c) 400, __, ___, 397, 396, 395, ___, ___, 391
- 2. Arrange these numbers from the biggest to the smallest.
 - a) 307, 301, 310, 300 = _____
 - b) 346, 350, 315, 305 = _____
- 3. Put these numbers in order starting with the smallest.
 - a) 314, 31, 303, 308 = _____

b) 400, 200, 300, 308, 100 = ______ 4. Which number comes between? 344, ____, 346 399, ___, 401

Sub theme: parts of the body and their functions.

Content: <u>Measuring heights</u>, <u>widths and breaths using non -</u> <u>standard units</u>

Key words

-handspan - stick - height - fathom - string - length -arm's length - ruler - breath - foot - rope - width

Definition

Height is how tall or short some thins is.

Length is how long or short something is.

Practical lesson

Pupils will measure the following

- a) Heights
- b) Length of their classroom, blackboard, table tops, desk tops, pieces of papers.

Activity

- Measure the length of the following items

 a) Paper _____handspans
 b) Desk top _____ palms
 c) Chalkboard _____ fathoms
 d) Classroom _____ feet
 e) Door _____ palms
 - f)Cloth fathoms

REF: MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK 2 PAGE 28

Comparing length/height

Key words

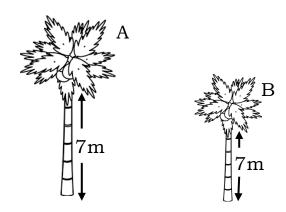
tall long

taller longer

short shorter

than tallest

Examples



Questions

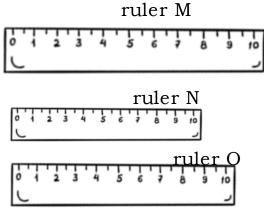
- 1. Compare using taller, longer or shorter.
 - a) Which tree is taller?

Tree A

- b) Tree B is shorter than tree A
- c) Find their total height 7m + 3m = 10m

REF: MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK 2 PAGE 16

Example 2.



Ruler M is longer than ruler N.

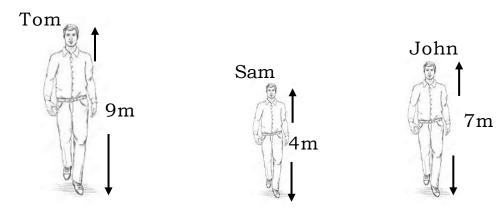
Ruler N is shorter than ruler O.

Ruler M is the longest.

Ruler N is the shortest.

REF: MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK 2 PAGE 16

Activity



- a) Sam is _____ than Tom.
- b) John is _____ than Sam.
- c) Tom is the _____
- d) Sam is the _____
- e) Find the total height of Tom and Sam.
- f) Find the difference between Tom's height and John's height.

1. Study the rectangle below.

side A side B

- 2. Which side is longer?____
- 3. Which side is shorter?_____
- 4. Side ____ is longer than side _____

Writing number names from 300 - 320

Examples

- 300 Three hundred
- 301 three hundred one
- 302 three hundred two
- 303 three hundred three
- 304 three hundred four
- 305 three hundred five
- 306 three hundred six
- 307 three hundred seven
- 308 three hundred eight
- 309 three hundred nine
- 310 three hundred ten
- 311 three hundred eleven
- 312 three hundred twelve
- 313 three hundred thirteen
- 314 three hundred fourteen
- 315 three hundred fifteen
- 316 three hundred sixteen
- 317 three hundred seventeen

318 - three hundred eighteen

319 – three hundred nineteen

320 – three hundred twenty

REF: MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK 2 PAGE 16

Activity

1. Write the number name for:

2. Match correctly

3. Tick the correct number name for the given numbers 340. Three hundred fourteen or three hundred forty.

References - Shasa Thematic Mathematics practice book pg 128 - 129

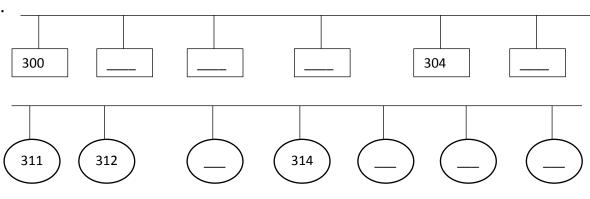
Mk – The matic mathematics practice book (New pupils book 2 pg 20 ed)

Writing number symbols from 300 – 320

Examples

300	3013	302 302	304	3	305	306	307	
	308	309	310	311	,	312	313	314
	315	316	317	3	318	319	320	
	321	322	323	3	324	325	326	
	327	328	329					

1. Write the missing numbers



- 3. 316, ____, ____, 313, 312, ____, ___ 309, ____
- 4. Write the number before

____, 320

, 305 , 3000

5. Form other two number from the number 318.

References - Shasa Thematic Mathematics practice book pg 31 Mk - Thematic mathematics practice book (New pupils book 2 pg 2

Recongising shapes

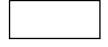
Key words

Rectangle circle triangle

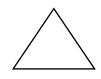
Square oval cone

Kite cylinder

Drawing and naming shapes



rectangle

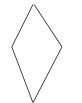


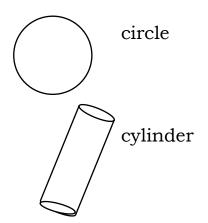
triangle

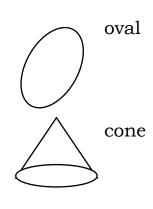


square

kite







1. Fill in the missing letters.

k_te

sq_are

rect___ngl___

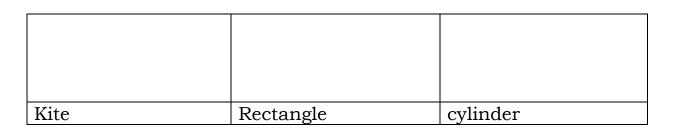
2. Write the given words correctly

neco____

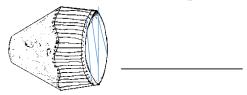
teki ____

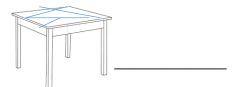
clecir____

3. Draw the given shapes



4. Name the shaded shapes.

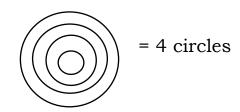


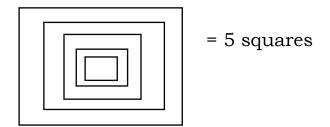


More about recognizing shapes.

1. How many in each





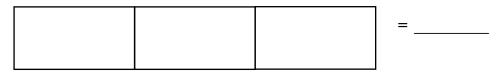


REF: RS THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK PAGE 80

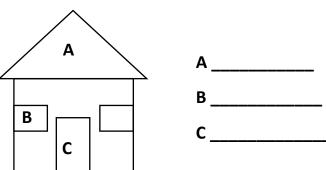
Activity

1. How many rectangles are in each of these?





2. Name the shaped you can see on Mr. Ongom's house and shade it.



REF: RS THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK PAGE 81 -82

Writing number names from 320 – 350

320 – three hundred twenty

321 – three hundred twenty one

322 – three hundred twenty two

- 323 three hundred twenty three
- 324 three hundred twenty four
- 325 three hundred twenty five
- 326 three hundred twenty six
- 327- three hundred twenty seven
- 328 three hundred twenty eight
- 329 three hundred twenty nine
- 330 three hundred thirty
- 331 three hundred thirty one
- 332 three hundred thirty two
- 333 three hundred thirty three
- 334 three hundred thirty four
- 335 three hundred thirty five
- 336 three hundred thirty six
- 337 three hundred thirty seven
- 338 three hundred thirty eight
- 339 three hundred thirty nine
- 340 three hundred forty
- 341 three hundred forty one
- 342 three hundred forty two
- 343 three hundred forty three
- 344 three hundred forty four
- 345 three hundred forty five
- 346 three hundred forty six
- 347 three hundred forty seven
- 348 three hundred forty eight
- 349 three hundred forty nine
- 350 three hundred fifty

- 1. Change the figures to words.
 - a) 309 = ____
- b) 324 = ____ c) 301= ___ d) 300 = ___
- e) 349 = ____
- 2. Match the number symbol to a number name.
 - 300

three hundred twenty - seven

302

three hundred

327

three hundred two

- 350
- 3. Ring the correct number name for the given symbol.

Three hundred fifteen

Three hundred ten

Three hundred one

REF: MK THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK **PAGE 20**

2. Maths Practice book 2 page 19

Subtracting numbers with one digit, No borrowing.

Key words

Subtract, minus, difference, takeaway, remaided, left, broken, stolen, eaten

Example

$$00000000$$
 $7 - 2 = 5$

$$\overset{0000}{4} - 4 = 0$$

Work out the following.

REF: NCDC PRIMARY MATHEMATICS FOR UGANDA PUPILS BOOK 1 55-57

Words involving subtraction of one digit numbers.

Examples

b) Find the difference between five and two?

$$00000$$

$$5 - 2 = 3$$

c) Subtract 3 from 8.

Read, understand and show the working.

- 1. What is seven pens minus two pens?
- 2. Eight apples takeaway four apples equals
- 3. Peter had six eggs. He gave three eggs to his friend Jomo. How many eggs did Peter remain with?
- 4. Find the difference between nine and seven.

REF: NCDC PRIMARY MATHEMATICS FOR UGANDA PUPILS BOOK 2 55-57

Subtraction of two - digit numbers with no borrowing.

Examples

$$\frac{-1}{3}$$
 $\frac{6}{3}$

$$-\frac{2}{3}$$
 $\frac{0}{4}$

ACTIVITY

Work out by taking away

REF: MATHS PRACTICE BOOK FOR PRIMARY TWO PAGE 19

13

Words involving subtraction of 2 - digit numbers

Examples

1. There were 20 sweets in a packet. We ate 10 sweets from the packet. How many sweets were left?

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
2 & 0 \\
- & 1 & 0 \\
\hline
1 & 0 & \text{sweets}
\end{array}$$

2. Jane was carrying 37 combs in her bag, 13 combs got lost. How many combs remained in Jane's bag?

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
3 & 7 combs \\
- 1 & 3 combs \\
\hline
2 & 4 combs
\end{array}$$

Activity

Read, understand and show the working.

1. There are 28 pots of clean water, 16 pots were covered. How many pots remained uncovered?

2. In a school there are 19 classroom only 5 classroom are dirty. How many classroom are clean?

3. Find the difference between 59 and 10.

4. Subtract 34 from 88.

5. Remove 15 from 96

6. There were 64 glasses in a cupboard, if 42 glasses got broken. How many glasses remained?

7. What is 72 minus 51?

Subtraction of numbers with 3- digits.

Examples

3. 2 1 9

- 8

2 1 1

Subtraction of 3 – digit number involving words.

Examples

1. The headteacher had 256book. She gave away 232 books. How many books remained?

2. A school has 140 pupils, if 40 are girls. How many are boys?

REF: MATHS PRACTICE BOOK FOR PRIMARY TWO PAGE 19

Activity

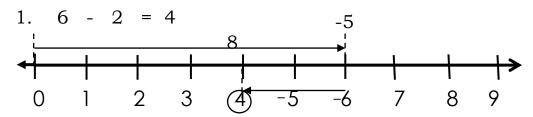
- 1. Amooti had 398 chickens, she sold 298 chickens. How many chickens remained?
- 2. Kato had 300 bags of coffee. He sold all of them. How many bagsremained?
- 3. Subtract 169 chairs from 389 chairs.
- 4. There are 227 tomatoes in a basket. If 27 are rooten. How many tomatoes are good?

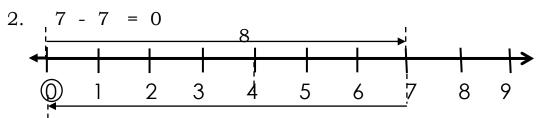
- 5. What is 340 minus 10?
- 6. Find the difference between 214 and 12.

REF: NEW MK PRIMARY MATHEMATICS 200 BOOK2 PAGE 61

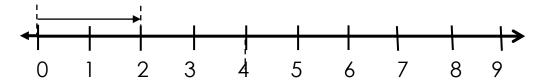
Subtraction of 1- digit number from 1 - digit number.

Examples



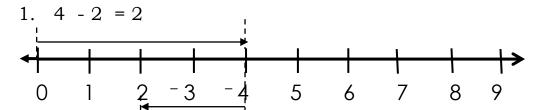


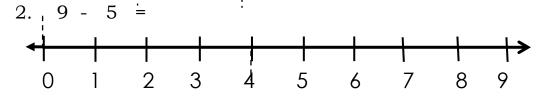




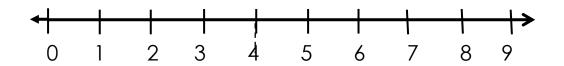
Activity

Subtract using a numberline.

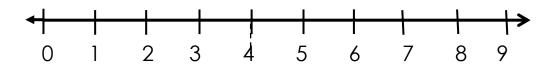




3. 7 - 2 =



4. 8 - 0 =



Subtraction of 1 - digit number from 2 - digit

Number using a numberline

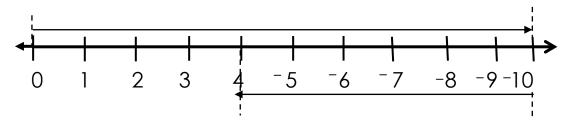
Key words

-steps - forword

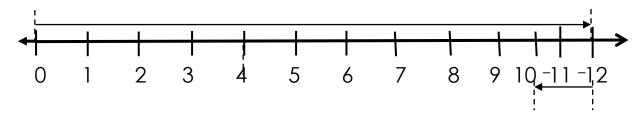
- backward - curve

Example

1. 10 - 6 = 4



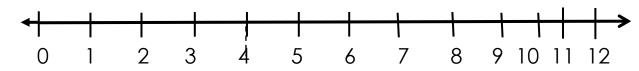
2. 12 - 2 = 10



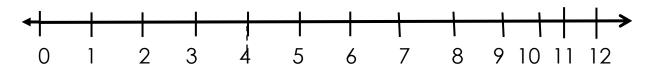
REF: RS THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK FOR PRIMARY TWO PG 63

Subtract using a numberline

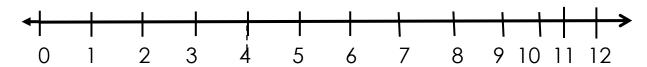
1. 10 - 7 =



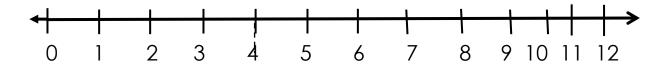
2.11 - 9 =



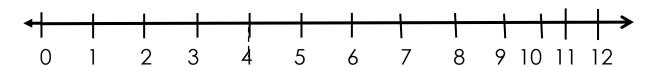
3. 15 - 10 =



4. 10 - 2 =



5.13 - 6 =



REF: PRIMARY MATHEMATICS FOR UGANDA PUPILS BOOK 2 PAGE 41 Subtheme: Personal hygiene and sanitation

Content: Counting in twos

Key words

-group in twos

-items/objects

Examples

Count in twos

a) 2 twos = 2 + 2 = 4

b) 5twos = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10 $00 \quad 00 \quad 00 \quad 00$

Activity

Work out:

- a) 2 twos = ____ b) 4 twos = ___ c) 6 twos = ___

- d) 7 twos = ____
- e) 3 twos = ____

More counting in twos

Key words

Increasing order/ascending order

Decreasing/descending order

Examples

1. Count in ascending/increasing order.

2. Decreasing/descending order.

Activity

Fill in the missing numbers.

- a) 18, 16, ____, 8 b) 20, 22, ___, ___, 26, 28, ____
- c) 0, 2, 4, ___, 10, ___ d) 14, 16, ___, __, 24

REF: THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK FOR PRIMARY TWO PAGE 92

Multiplication by two

Key words

- -multiply by two
- -groups of twos

Examples

- 1. Multiplying by 2.
- b)
- 000 /000° 000 000

- d) $2 \times 2 = 4$
- e) $2 \times 8 = 16$ /ooo' 00 00

g)
$$2 \times 3 = \underline{6}$$

Work out

a)
$$2 \times 4 = d) 2 3$$

c)
$$2 \times 6 =$$

Multiplication by two as repeated addition.

Examples.

a)
$$\int_{00}^{1} x 2 = 2$$

c)
$$2 \times 2 = 2 + 2 = 4$$

b)
$$3 \times 2 = 2 + 2 + 2 = 6$$
 d) $2 + 2 + 2 = 3 \times 2 = 6$

d)
$$2 + 2 + 2 = 3 \times 2 = 6$$

$$5 \times 2 = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 10$$

Activity

Work out

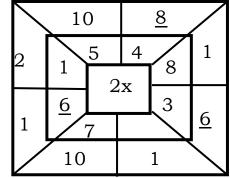
$$4. \left(0\right) \left(0\right) \left(0\right) \left(0\right) = twos$$

REF: THEMATIC MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK FOR PRIMARY **TWO PAGE 43**

Completing tables and circles by 2.

Examples

X 1		2	3	0	4
2 2	2	4	6	0	8
2×1	2×2	2×3	2×0		2×4
$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \begin{pmatrix} 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$	6 6	$\begin{pmatrix} 00 \\ \phi \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 00 \\ \phi \end{pmatrix}$	$\bigcirc\bigcirc$	(00 00



$$2 \times 8 = \overline{16}$$

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$12 \div 2 = 6$$

$$2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$16 \div 2 = 8$$

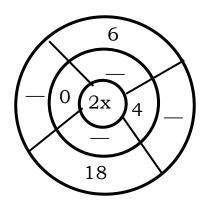
$$2 \times 1 = 2$$

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

Activity

Complete correctly

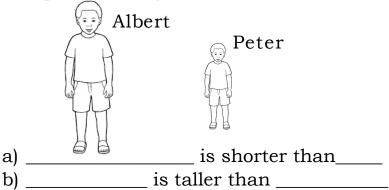
No.of	1	2		4	
cows					
No. of	2		6		16
ears					



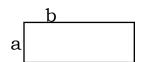
REF: THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK FOR PRIMARY TWO PAGE 9

END OF THEME 3 EVALUATION ACTIVITY

- 1. Write the next numbers.
 - a) 400, ____
- b) 302, ____
- 2. Tick the greater number.
 - a) 320 or 312
- b) 231 or 362
- 3. Compare the height.



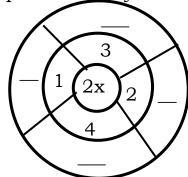
4. Study the rectangle below.



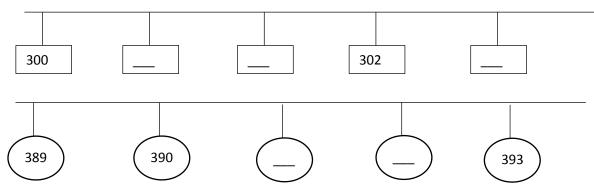
- a) Which side is longer?
- b) Name the shorter side?
- 5. Write in words.

a)

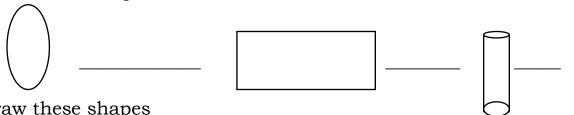
- a) 319, _____
- b) 302, ____
- 6. Complete correctly.



7. Write the missing numbers.



8. Name these shapes.



9. Draw these shapes

kite circle

triangle square

10. How many triangles.



11. Write in figures.

- a) Three hundred twenty five = _____
- b) Four hundred = _____
- 12. Work out

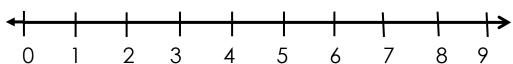
13. Subtract five from eight.

Read, understand and show the working.

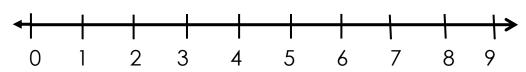
- 14. Job was carrying 73 combs in his bag, 23 combs got lost. How many combs remained in Job's bag?
- 15. What is 348 minus 48?

Use a numberline to subtract.

$$9 - 5 =$$



$$10 - 2 =$$



Complete correctly

c) _____ twos =
$$2+2+2+2+2$$

THEME: Food and Nutrition.

Sub-theme: Names and classes of food.

Counting numbers from 400 to 500.

Examples

400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411,

412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423,

424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434,

435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455,

456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467,

468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478,

479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492,

493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456,

457, 458, 459, 499, 500

1. Fill in the missing numbers.

a) 411 413, 414 6 b) 421, 6 c) 500, 498, 6 495

- 2. Which number is smaller? (Ring)
 - a) 417 or 471

c) 500 or 005

- b) 422 or 412
- 3. Form two other numbers from the number 412.

REF: Resources for the thematic curriculum primary 2 mathematics practice book page 26

SHASA Thematic practice book 2 page 39

Subtheme; Names and classes of food.

Content: Collecting data on people'e food preference.

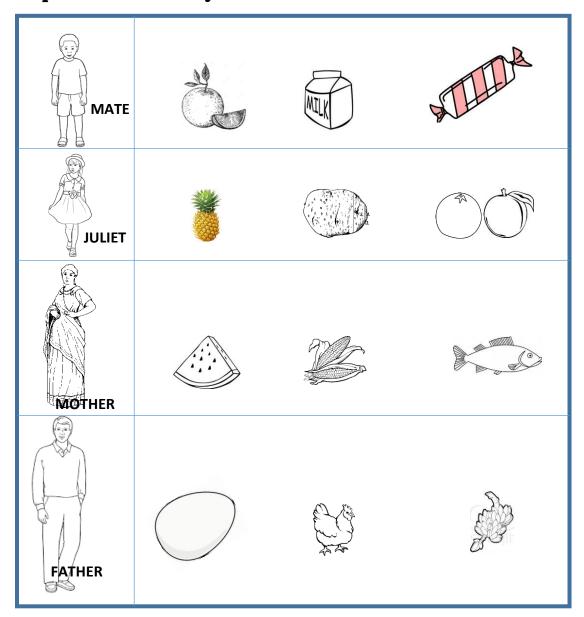
Practical work on collecting data.

- Pupils will be given a task of finding out what their parents, sister, brothers, friends and other relatives like.

SUBTHEME: Names and classes of food

Content: Collecting data one peoples' food preference.

People and what they like to eat.



Questions

- 1. Who likes water, beans and fish?
- 2. _____ likes milk.
- 3. _____ and ____ like beans.
- 4. Matooke is liked by _____ and ____
- 5. Name the person who likes eggs?
- 6. Which food is liked most according to the graph above?
- 7. Name the food like by Mate.

REF: SHASA Thematic mathematics practice book 2 page 41

Recording and reporting data collected.

Use the given information to answer questions.

Kind of food	Number of people
Cake	2pupils
Potatoes	1 pupils
Fish	3 pupils
Soda	4 pupils
Pawpaw	1 pupil
Beans	1 pupil
Chicken	7 pupils

- 1. How many pupils like soda?
- 2. How many pupils like potatoes and cake altogether?
- 3. Name the most liked food shown on the graph.
- 4. State the three kinds of food liked by one pupil each.
- 5. Find the total number of pupils who like fish, cake and soda.
- 6. How many examples of food are shown on the graph?

Use the graph below to answer questions.

James			
Musa			
Luke		**	
Kimuli	*	**	

Questions

- 1. Kimuli collected _____ apples.
- 2. _____ collected five apples.
- 3. How many apples were collected by James and kimuli?
- 4. How many more apples did Musa collect than Luke?
- 5. Find the total number of apples collected by all the pupils.

Subtheme: Good feeding and effects of poor feeding.

Contant: Measuring weight using non-standard units.

Key words

-heavy -compare

-light -heavier

-measure - lighter

Weight is how heavy or light something is <u>Non standad units used to</u> measure weight.

See- saw

Beam balance

<u>Things we measure</u>: flour, people weight, meat, salt, beans, sugar, rice Comparing weight using heavier than, lighter than

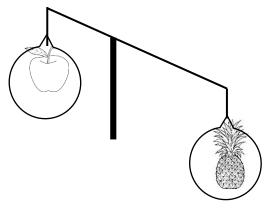
Examples.



- a) Tom is _____ than John
- b) John is _____ than Tom.

Activity

Compare using heavier than or lighter than.



a) Which item is heavier?

- b) Which item is lighter?
- c) An apple is _____ than a pineapple.

d)



than Tom. than Sam. Tom is _____

REF: MATHEMATICS Practice book for primary 2 page 22

Counting in 3s (threes)

Examples

Count in threes

- a) 1 three = $1 \times 3 = 3$
- b) 3three = $2 \times 3 = 3 + 3 = 6$
- c) 3threes $3 \times 3 = 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 9$
- d) 4three = $4 \times 3 = 3+3+3+3+3 = 12$ $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 4 \times 3 = 12$

Work out

- 1. 3threes = _____
- 2. 7threes =
- 3. What is 3+3+3+3+3+3 = x =
- 4. 3 + 3 = ___ x___ = ___
- 5. 10threes = ____

More counting in threes.

Examples

Activity

- 1. Fill in the missing numbers.
 - a) 6, 9, 12,____, ____,
 - b) 21, 24, 27, 30, ____, 33, 36, 39, ___, ___
 - c) 5, 15, 12, 9, ___, ___,
 - d) 0, ___, 6, ___, 12, ____

REF: RS THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS BOOK 2 PAGE 95.
RESOURCE FOR THE THEMATIC CURRICULUM PRIMARY BOOK 2
PAGE 31

Sub theme: Good feeding and effect of poor feeding.

Content: Multiplying by 2 and 3.

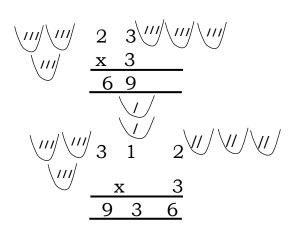
Key words

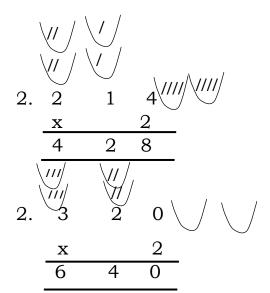
Multiply

- -group
- -times

Examples

1. Multiply correctly.





Activity

Multiply

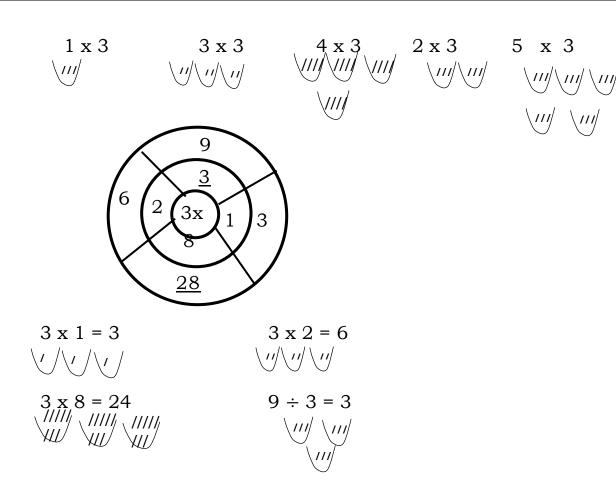
- a) 2 3 2 x 3
- c) 3 1 3 x 3
- e) 1 0 3 x 2

- b) 1 3 0 x 3
- d) 4 2 3 x 2
- f) 2 4 1 x 3

Completing tables and circles by 3.

Examples

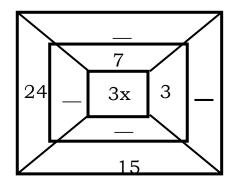
No. of stools	1	3	4	2	5
No. of legs	3	9	12	6	15



Activity

1. Complete correctly.

X	1	2		6		0
3	3		12		9	



Counting in fours (4s)

Examples

a) 1 x
$$4 = 4$$
 b) 2 fours

$$2 \times 4 = 4 + 4 = 8$$

c) 3 fours

$$3 \times 4 = 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 12$$

$$4 fours = 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = 16$$

Activity

Complete correctly.

- 1. 5fours = ___ x ___ = ___
- 2. 7 fours =
- 3. What is;

Counting in fours (4s)

Examples

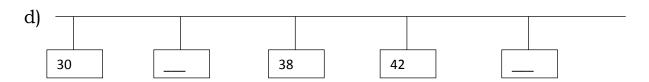
REF: MATHS PRACTICE BOOK 2 PAGE 27 MK PRIMARY 200 BOOK 2 PAGE 49

0

Exercise

Complete correctly.

- a) 4, 8, 12, ____, 20, ____, 28
- b) 20, 24, 28, ____, ____, ____, ____
- c) 8, ____, 0



e) Count in 4s ____, ___, 16

REF: PRACTICE BOOK FOR PRIMARY 2 PAGE 27

Subtheme: Good feeding and effects of poor feed.

Content: Multiplying by 4.

Examples

REF: RS THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS BOOK 2 PAGE 97

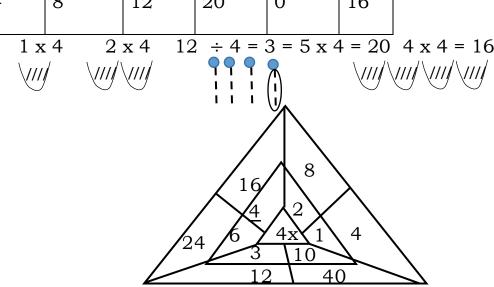
35

Work out:

Completing tables and circles by 4.

Examples

No. of tables	1	2	<u>3</u>	5	0	4
No. of	4	8	12	20	0	16
legs						
	1 v	4 2	v 4 10	· 4 = '	$3 = 5 \times 4$	1 = 20



$$4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$4 \times 1 = 4$$

$$4 \times 3 = 12$$

$$4 \times 10 = 40$$

$$16 \div 4 = 4$$

Activity

Complete correctly

No. of tables	1	2	3	5	6	_
No. of legs	4				_	32

X	2	3			10
4	8		20	16	

Sub - theme: Keeping food safe

Counting numbers from 500 - 600

500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509
	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518
	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527
	528	529	530	531	532	532	533	534	535
	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544
	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553
	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562
	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571
	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580
	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	589	590
	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599
	600								

Exercise

1. Identify and find the missing numbers.

a) 500, 501,,,,,,,,	_,
---------------------	----

2. Circle a bigger number.

519 or 529

3. Underline a smaller digit.

500 or 600

4. Write the number between.

549 and 551

REF: SHASA: THEMATIC MATHEMATICS PRACTICE BOOK 2 PAGE 45

PRIMARY MATHEMATICS FOR UGANDA PUPIL'S BOOK 2 PAGE 45

Counting in fives (5s)

Examples

a) 1 five =
$$1 \times 5 = 5$$

a) 1 five =
$$1 \times 5 = 5$$
 b) 2 fives = $2 \times 5 = 5 + 5 = 10$

c) 3fives =
$$3 \times 5 = 5 + 5 + 5 = 15$$

d) 4 fives =
$$4 \times 5 = 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 20$$

$$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 5 \times 5 = 25$$
.

Activity

Complete correctly.

7. What is
$$5 + 5 =$$
___ x __ $=$ ___

REF: RS THEMATIC CURRICULUM PRIMARY 2 MATHS PRACTICE **BOOK PG 33**

More counting in fives

Examples

0

Exercise

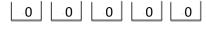
- 1. Fill in the missing numbers
 - a) 0, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, ___, ___,
 - b) 20, 25, ___, ___, 40, 45, ____, ___, ___
 - c) 15, ____, 0

- d) 85, ___, 95, ___
- e) 100, 95, 90, ____, 80, 75, ___, 60

REF: RS THEMATIC EVERYDAY MATHEMATICS BOOK 2 PAGE 95 RESOURCES FOR THE THEMATIC CURRICULUM PRIMARY 2 PAGE 31

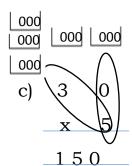
Multiplying by 5.

Examples

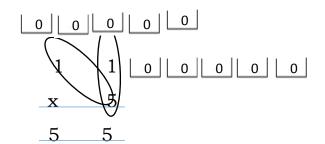


a)
$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

b)
$$5 \times 2 = 10$$







Activity

Multiply correctly

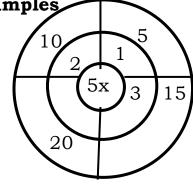
1. $5 \times 3 =$

$$2.5 \times 4 = 4$$

- 2 0 0 X 5
- 6) 4 0 1 x 5

Completing tables and circles by 5.

Examples



$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 4 = 20$$

X	1	2	3		6	0
5	5	10	15	25	30	0

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$
 $5 \times 2 = 10$ $5 \times 3 = 15$

$$25 \div 5 = 5$$
 $5 \times 6 = 30$ $5 \times 0 = 0$

$$5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$5 \times 0 = 0$$

Activity

1. Fill the given table and circle correctly.

X	1	0	5		
5				30	45

