

## **CREATIVE** LITERACY I SCHEME OF WORK FOR PRIMARY TWO TERM TWO

WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
	3	Our environ ment	Common animals	The learner: -Defines environment.  -Tells the components of environment.  -Names the examples of living things.	Environment Is the natural surrounding of man.  Environment. Are the things around us.  Components of environment.  They are both living and non-living things.  Living things. Living things are things which have life Groups of living things  Examples of living things.  ✓ Animals  ✓ Plants  ✓ Insects  ✓ People  ✓ Birds.	-ExplanationGuided discovery.	-Defining environment.  -Outlining the components of environment.  -Naming the examples of living things.	-self awareness. -observation	-Real objects.	Kobta P.2 Pg 63 & 64
	4			The learner: -Identifies the characteristics of living thingsDefines non-living things.	Characteristics of living things.  -Living things growLiving things respire/ breatheLiving things moveLiving things reproduceLiving things excrete  Non -living things. Non-living things are things		-Identifies the characteristics of living thingsDefining non-living things.			Kobta P.2 Pg 64

					which do not have life					
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
4	5			-Names the examples of non-living things.	Examples of non-living things. Stones Chairs	-Explanation	-Outlines the examples non-living things.	-Self- awareness	-A chart showin	Kobta P.2 Pg 66
				-Outlines the characteristics of non-living things.	Soil Books Tables Clothes  Characteristics of non –	-Guided discussion	-Giving the characteristics of non-living	-Effective communicatio	g the domest ic animal	
				-Identifies the types of animals.	living thingsNon living things do not		things.	-Audibility	S.	
				-Gives the examples of domestic animal.	-Non-living things do not		-Naming the types of animals.	-Audiomity	-real objects.	
					-Non-living things do not move.		-Listing the examples of domestic			
					Types of animals.		animals.			
					-Domestic animalsWild animals.					
					Domestic animals. Are animals kept at home. Examples of domestic					
					Animals.  Cow  Dog  Rabbit					
					Norse Camel Pig					
1	1	Our environ ment	Common animals	The learner: -Identifies the uses of domestic animals.	Uses of domestic animalsCows give us milk and meatSome animals are used for	-Guided discussion	-Identifying the uses of domestic animals.	-Effective communicatio n.		Kobta P.2 Pg 66
				-Names the animals used for transport.  -Gives animal product.	transportWe sell animals and get moneyAnimals give us skins and	and answer -Explanation	-Naming the animals used for transport.	-Self- awareness		

					hides.					
WK	DP	ТНЕМЕ	SUB	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
			THEME		Animals used for transport.  Donkey Horse Camel Oxen  Animal products. Animal products are things got from animals.  Examples Meat Milk Bone Manure Wool Horns.		.Giving the animal products.	-Self-esteem		Kobt a P.2 Pg 67
	2			The learner: -Defines wild animalsIdentifies the examples of wild animalsLists the things made from skins and hides and animal horns.	Wild animals. Wild animals are animals which live in the bush.  Examples of wild animals. Lion Elephant Buffalo Leopard Crocodile Gorilla  Things made from skins and hides. Shoes belt, bags, Capes, drum, Wallets  Things made from animal horns and hooves. Necklaces Earring		-Defining wild animals.  -Identifying the examples of wild animals.  -Listing the things made from skins and hides and animal horns		-Real objects	Kobt a P.2 Pg 68

					Glue, buttons.					
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
	3	Our environ ment	Common animals	The learner: -Identifies the uses of wild animalsOutlines the dangers of animalsGives the examples of animal weapons.	Uses of wild animalsThey give us skins and hidesThey attract the tourists,  Dangers of some wild animalsMonkeys destroy the farmer's cropLions, Tigers can attack and kill people.  Animal weapons. Animals protect themselves using their weapons.  Examples. Dog/Cat-claws/teeth Cows – horns Goat –horns Snake – poisonous teeth	-Guided discussionExplanationGuided discovery.	-Identifying the uses of wild animals.  -Outlining the dangers of animals.  -Giving the examples of animals weapons.	-ObservationSelf awareness -effective communicatio n.		Kobt a P.2 Pg 75
2	4	Our environ ment	Common animals	The learner, -Identifies animals and their young onesIdentifies the animals and their movement.	_Different animals have different animal young ones.  Animal Young ones Calf Goat Kid Pig Piglet Fish Fry Rabbit Kit	-Guided discussionExplanationProblem solving	-Identifying the animal young ones -Identifying the animal movement	-Effective communicatio n -Self- awareness	-A chart showin g animal young ones.  A chart showin g animal movem	

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WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					Animal movement Snake Gliding Animal Movement Man Walking Baby Crawling Frog Hopping					
	5			The learner, -Identifies the reasons as to why animals moveNames the animals and their sound.	Reasons why animals move.  -To look for food.  -To look for water.  -To look for shelter  Animal and their sounds.  Animal Sound.  Dog barks  Sheep bleats  Cat mews/purrs  Cow moos  Snake hisses		-Identifying reasons as to why animals moveNaming the animals and their sounds.			Ko bta P.2 Pg 76
3	1	Our environ ment	Common animals	The learner, -Defines a home.  -Identifies the animals and their homes.  -Identifies the animals meat.	-A home is a place where animals stay or live.  -A home of animals is called a habitat.  Animal Homes Snake burrow Cow byre/kraal Rabbit hutch Dog kennel Examples of animal. Meat. Cow - beef Pig - pork Sheep - mutton Calf - veal	-Guided discoveryExplanation -Question and answer	-Defining a home.  -Identifying the animal homes and animal meat.	-Effective communicationSelf-awareness	A chart showing animal homes and meat.	Ko bta P.2 Pg 70

WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
	2			The learner, -Names the animals which live in waterNames the external parts of a fish.	Animals which live in the water snake,, crocodile, rhino  External parts of a fish  Mouth  gills  gill cover		-Naming the animals which live in waterNaming the parts of a fish.	-Self awareness -Creative thinking	-Real fish -A chart	
	3	Our environ ment	Common birds	The learner, -Identifies the types of birdsDefines the domestic and wild birdsOutlines the examples of birdsGives the uses of birds.	Birds are some of the components of environment.  There are 2 types of birds in our environment.  Types of birds.  Domestic birds Wild birds.  Domestic birds are birds kept at home  Examples of domestic birds.  ✓ Turkey  ✓ Duck  ✓ Pigeon  ✓ Guinea fowl  Uses of birds  ✓ Birds give us eggs and chicken.	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Question and answer	-Identifying the types of birds.  -Defining the domestic and wild birds.  -Outlining the examples of birds.  -Giving the uses of birds.	-Effective communication -Self awareness -Audibility	A chart showing birds.	Ko bta P.2 Pg 77

-They give us feathers for decoration.  -We sell birds and get money.  Wild birds.  Are birds which live in the bush.  Examples  Versted crane  Insects  Our environ ment  Our environ ment  Our environ ment  Our environ ment  The learner, -Identifies the examples of insects.  -Names the external parts of an insect  The learner, -Identifies the examples of insects.  -Names the external parts of an insect  Examples of insects.  Grasshopper Bees Housefly Butterfly White ants Wasps Millipede Spider -Question  A chart showing an insect  Examples of insects.  -Naming the examples of insects.  -Naming the external parts of an insect.  -Naming the external parts of an insect.	WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
External parts of an insect.  -Self-awareness.		4	Our	THEME	The learner, -Identifies the examples of insectsNames the external parts	-They give us feathers for decoration.  -We sell birds and get money.  Wild birds. Are birds which live in the bush.  Examples  Parrot  Owl  Dove  Eagles  Kiwi  Crested crane  Insects are also components of our environment.  Examples of insects.  Grasshopper Bees Housefly Butterfly White ants Wasps Millipede Spider  External parts of an insect.	-Explanation -Guided discovery	-Identifying the examples of insects.  -Naming the external parts	-ObservationEffective communication	A chart showing	Ko bta P.2 Pg 78 Ko bta P.2 Pg

WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					-A true insect has 3 main body parts.  ✓ Head  ✓ Thorax  ✓ Abdomen.  -An insect uses spiracles for breathing.  -A true insect has 6 legs. (3 pairs).					
	5	Our environ ment	Common insects	The learner,  -Identifies the type of insect.  -Defines harmful insects.  -Names the examples of harmful insects.	Types of insectsHarmful insects -Useful insects -Useful insects. Are insects which are dangerous to us.  Examples of harmful insects. Mosquito Bedbug Wasp Spider Tsetse fly Lice Housefly Cockroaches.	-Explanation -Guided discussion.	-Identifying the types of insects.			Ko bta P.2 Pg 81
4	1			The learner, -Identifies the harmful insects and their dangers.	Examples of harmful insect dangers. Insect Danger Mosquito Spread m Housefly Spread tr diarrhoea dysentery	alaria achoma, a, cholera, y ysentery, food,	-Identifying the harmful insect and their dangers.			Ko bta P.2 Pg 82

		Bees/wasps	Sting people and		1
		1	animals.		1

WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
	2	Our environ ment	Common insects	The learner, -Defines useful insects.  -Names the examples of useful insects.  -Identifies the benefits of insects to man.  -Lists the characteristics of insects.	Useful insects. These are insects which are beneficial or useful to man.  Examples of useful insects.  ✓ Bees  ✓ Grasshopper  ✓ White ants  ✓ Butterflies  Benefits of insects to manBees give us honey.  -Grasshoppers and white ants are eaten as food.  -Butterflies pollinate flower.  These are the features of the insects. (Characteristics) -Insects have three main body parts.  -Insects have a pair of feelers.  -They have compound eyes.	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Question and answer	Defining useful insects.  -Naming the examples of useful insects  -Identifying the benefits of insects to man.  -Listing the characteristics of insects	-Effective communication -Self-awareness -Observation.		Ko bta P.2 Pg 79
	3	Our environ ment	Common insect	The learner, -Identifies the types of life cycleDraws the stages of a complete life cycle.	-They have jointed legs.  Life cycle of an insect.  A life cycle are the stages an insect goes through during its growth.	-Explanation -Guided discussion	-Identifying the types of lifecycle -Drawing the stages of a	-Observation -Audibility -Self-	A chart showing a life cycle.	Ko bta P.2 Pg 84

						Problem	complete life cycle.	awareness		
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					Types of life cyclesComplete lifecycleIncomplete life cycle.  A complete life cycle has four major stages of growth.  adult larva  Stages of complete life cycle.  Eggs, larva, pupa, adult.  Examples of insects. Under complete life cycle. Housefly butterfly Mosquito bees		-Naming the insects under go a complete life cycle.			Ko bta P.2 Pg 84
4	4	Our environ ment	Common insects	The learner, -Identifies larva stages.  -Names the types of mosquitoes.  -Identifies diseases caused by different mosquitoes.	Mosquitoes. Mosquitoes are very dangerous to us because they spread malaria. They have four stages of growth.  Types of mosquitoFemale anopheles mosquito.	-ExplanationGuided discussion.	-Identifying the types of mosquitoes -Naming the diseases caused by mosquitoes.	-Self awareness -Audibility -Self-esteem		

					-Culex mosquito.					
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					-Tiger/aedea mosquito.  Diseases spread by different mosquitoes.  Mosquito Culex mosquito Disease Elephantiasis  Female anopheles Disease Malaria  Tiger /aedea Disease Yellow fever					
	5			The learner, -Identifies he dangers of a houseflyNames the diseases spread by a housefly -Draws the lifecycle of a housefly.	A housefly is one of the common insects in our environment.  Dangers of a housefly.  -Houseflies spread diseases.  -Diseases spread by a housefly.  ✓ Diarrhoea  ✓ Dysentery  ✓ Trachoma  ✓ Cholera		-Identifying the dangers of a housefly.  -Naming the diseases spread by a housefly.  Drawing a life cycle of a housefly.	-Effective communicatio nSelf-awareness -Observation.		

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WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
5	1		ТНЕМЕ	The learner,  -Identifies the stages of an incomplete lifecycle.  -Gives the examples of insects under incomplete lifecycle.  -Draws the life cycle.	Incomplete lifecycle.  There are 3 stages in this lifecycle i.e  Fegg - Eggs  Nymph - Lavar  Adult - Adult  Examples of insects under incomplete lifecycle.  Cockroaches  Locusts  Grasshoppers  Life cycle of a grasshopper.  Adult		-Identifying the stage of an incomplete cycle.  -Giving the examples of insects under incomplete lifecycle.  -Drawing the life cycle.	-Observation.		Ko bta P.2 Pg 85
					Larva stages of some insects.  Butterfly – caterpillar  Bee - grub  Housefly - maggot  Grasshopper- nymph					
	2		Common plants	The learner, -Defines flowering plants.  Identifies the examples of common flowering plants.	Flowering plants  Are plants which bear flowers. A flowering plant consists of two main system i.e i). The shoot system	-Explanation -Guided discussion	-Defining flowering plantsIdentifying the examples	-Effective communicatio nSelf awareness.	A chart showing parts of a plant	

					ii)The root system		of common flowering plants.	-Observations.		
WK	DP	THEME	SUB	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
			ТНЕМЕ	flower	Examples of common flowering plants.  ✓ Millet plant ✓ Maize plant ✓ Pumpkin plant  Parts of a flowering plant.  leaf  stem					Ko bta P.2 Pg 88 & 89
	3	Our environ ment	Common plants	The larner,  -Identifies the uses of plants.  -Identifies the parts of plants we eat.	Plants are useful to us in the following ways: -Plants are eaten as foodWe get fruits from plantsPlants are source of oxygen. Parts of a plant we eat.  Plant Part we eat Cabbage/ Sukuma Leaves  Mango, Avocado Fruit Yam, Potatoes	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Question and answer	-Identifying the uses of plants  -Identifying the parts of plants we eat.	-Self-awareness -Audibility -Observation		Ko bta P.2 Pg 90

					Cassava, Roots					
					Sugarcane Stem					
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					Ways of caring for plants.  ✓ By watering ✓ By spraying ✓ By weeding Seeds. A seed is a mature ovule.		Identifying ways of caring for plants.			
5	4	Our environ ment	Common plants		Examples of seeds.  ✓ Millet seeds ✓ Pawpaw seeds ✓ Avocado seeds  Uses of seeds. ✓ Some seeds are eaten. ✓ Some seed are source of medicine	-Explanation -Guided discovery	-Identifying the examples of seedsIdentifying the uses of seeds.	-ObservationEffective communication		Ko bta P.2 Pg 91
	5	Our environ ment	Common plants	The learner, -Defines germination, seedling and soilIdentifying the conditions for germinationIdentifying the types of soilGives the uses of soil.	Germination.  Is the growing of a seed into a seedling.  A seedling is a young plant.  Conditions for germination to take place.  ✓ Oxygen  ✓ Water (moisture)  ✓ Warmth  Soil  Soil is the top most layer of the earth's surface.  Types of soil.  ✓ Loam soil  ✓ Sand soil  ✓ Clay soil	-Explanation  -Guided discussion  -Problem solving	-Defining germination  -Defining seedling.  -Identifying the conditions for germination  -Defining soil  -Identifying the types of soil  -Giving the	-Effective communication  -Observation  -Audibility	-Real objects	Ko bta P.2 Pg 92

			uses of soil.		

WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					Uses of different types of soil.					Ko bta
					-Sand soil is used for building.					P.2 Pg 93
					-Clay soil is used for making pottery products e.g pots.					
					-Clay soil is used for local medicine.					
6	4	Things we make	Common things we make in our communi ty	The learner, -Identifies the things we make -Draws the things make	Things we make. These are locally hand made things.  Examples of play things we make at home.  ✓ Balls ✓ Ropes ✓ Mats ✓ Dolls  Things we use at home.  These things are found in the different places and used for different	-Explanation  -Guided discussion  -Problem solving	-Identifying the things we make  -Drawing the things	-Self-awareness -Effective communication.	-Real objects.	Ko bta P.2 Pg 10 6
					purpose.  In the bedroom  ✓ Beds  ✓ Mats  In the kitchen  ✓ Charcoal stove  ✓ Pots  ✓ Mingling stick  ✓ Basket  ✓ Cupboards					

WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					In the sitting room  ✓ Chairs  ✓ Tables  ✓ Table cloth  ✓ Clock face					
	5	Things we make	Materials and their sources	The learner, -Identifies the materials used for making thingsIdentifies the source of materials.	Materials used. Examples of materials used to make things  Sisal: For making doormats.  Clay: For making pots, charcoal stove, cups.  Banana fibers: For making dolls, mats, balls  Palm leaves: For making baskets, mats  Timber: For making chairs, tables, bed  Sources of materials. We use to make things  Material Source Papyrus reeds swamps  Clay swamps  Clay swamps  Wood forest  Palm leaves palm tree	-Explanation -Guided discovery -Problem solving	-Identifying the materials.  -Identifying the source of materials	-Effective communication -creative thinking -Self awareness	-real objects	Ko bta P.2 Pg 10 6

WK	DP	ТНЕМЕ	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
7	1	Things we make	Uses of things we make	The learner, -Identifies the uses of things we make.  -Identifies the importance of the things we make.	Uses of things we make  Pot: keeping water.  Beds: sleeping on  Chairs: sitting on  Ropes: for tying animals.  Bricks: for building house  Importance of the things we make.  ✓ Fro playing  ✓ For decoration  ✓ We sell them to get money.	-Explanation.  -Guided discussion.  -Question and answer	-Identifying the uses of things we make.  -Identifying the importance of things we make.	-effective communicatio n -Self – awareness -Creative thinking.	-Real objects.	Ko bta P.2 Pg 10 7
	2	Things we make	Uses of things we make	The learner, -Identifies the types of buildingsNames the building materials Names the examples of houses.	Buildings. Types of buildings.  -Temporary building e.g huts, unipots, tents, semi permanent buildings.  -Permanent building e.g flats, bungalows, building materials for:  (i). Temporary building Sticks, banana fibers, grass, reeds		-Identifying the types of building -Naming the building materialsNaming the examples of houses.			

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WK DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
				Permanent buildings Cement, bricks, grass, metallic poles, sand stones  Examples of permanent buildings. Flats, bungalows, skyscraper.					
	Transp ort in our commu nity	Means of transport	The learner,  -Defines transport.  -Identifies the type of transport  -names the means of water transport.	Transport. Transport is the movement of people with their good and services from one place to another.  Types of transport.  ✓ Water transport  ✓ Railway transport  ✓ Road transport  Water transport refers to the movement on water.  Means of water transport  ✓ Ship  ✓ Boat  ✓ Yacht  ✓ Water  ✓ Ferry  ✓ Canoe  Users  ✓ Sailors  ✓ Captains	-Explanation -Guided discussionQuestion and answer	-defining transport.  -Identifying the types of transport.  -Naming means of water transport	-Self – awareness -ObservationEffective communicationEffective communication. Self-awareness.	A chart showing the means of transport.	Ko bta P.2 Pg 11 1

					✓ Navigators					
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
				The learner,	Railway transport		-Identifying	-Creative		Ko
	4			-Identifies the mean of railway transportIdentifies the railway	This is the type of transport that involves moving on railway lines.  Means of railway		the means f railway transport and its users.	thinking.		bta   P.2   Pg   11   3
				transport users.	transport.		-Identifying			
				-Identifies the means of air transportnames the people who use air transport.	-Train.  Railway transport UsersPassengers -Operators  Air transport Air transport is the quickest type of transport.  Air transport users Passengers, Pilots  Means of air transport.		-Identifying the means of air transport.  -Naming people who use air transport.			
					Aeroplane, helicopter, jets,					
		Transp	Means of	The learner,	Road transport.	-Explanation	-Identifying	-Effective		Ko
	5	ort in our commu	transport	-Identifies the means of road transport.	This is the type of transport whose means on the road.	-Guided discussion.	the means of road transport.	communicatio n		bta P.2 Pg
		nity		-Identifies the road uses.	Means of road transport:  ✓ Lorries ✓ Motorcycle	-Question and answer	-Identifies the road users.	-Observation.		11 2
				-Identifies the reasons as to why road transport is commonly used.	✓ Horse ✓ Camel ✓ Buses		-Naming the means of road transport.	-Creative thinking		

					<ul><li>✓ Wheelbarrow</li><li>✓ Oxen, donkey</li></ul>			-Self-awareness.		
WK	DP	ТНЕМЕ	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					Road users.  ✓ Passengers ✓ Pedestrian ✓ Driver ✓ Cyclist  Why road transport is commonly used. ✓ Road transport is affordable. ✓ Road transport is flexible ✓ Road transport is available ✓ Road transport has many means.		-Identifying the reasons why road transport is commonly used.			Ko bta P.2 Pg 11 5
8	1			The learners,  -Identifies the uses of transport.  -Gives the examples of good transported.  -Naming the examples of services transported.	Uses of transport.  -Transport move people from one place to another.  -Transport helps people to move their goods.  -Source of income to people.  Examples of goods moved by transport.  ✓ Food ✓ Animals	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Question and answer	-Identifying the uses of transport  -Giving the examples of good transported.  -Naming the examples of services	-Effective communicationSelf-awareness -Creative thinking.		

					✓ Clothes ✓ Sugar ✓ Salt ✓ furniture		transported.			
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					Examples of services move by transport.  -Medical services -Security services					Ko bta P.2 Pg 11
			D 1	TOTAL 1	Education services.		T1 .:0:			5
	2		Road safety	The learner, -Identifies the safe ways of crossing the roadIdentifies the unsafe ways of crossing the road.	Road safety is the way people can use the roads safety without accidents.  Safe ways of using the road.  -Observing traffic rulesFollowing traffic signs -Do not play on the road  Un safe ways of using the road.  V Playing on the road.  V Crossing where roads meet  V Grazing animals		-Identifying the safe ways of crossing the roadIdentifying the unsafe ways of crossing the road.			
				The learner	along the road.	Evalenation	Idontifying	Effective	A chart	Ko
	3			The learner, -Identifies the examples of road signsDraws the road signs	Road signs.  These are signs which direct road users on the road.  Examples of road signsZebra crossing.	-Explanation -Guided discovery -Questions and answer	-Identifying the examples of road signs -Drawing the road signs	-Effective communication  -Observation -Self-	showing the road signs.	bta P.2 Pg 11

					-School ahead				awareness		
					-Humps ahead						
WK	DP	ТНЕМЕ	SUB	COMPETENCES	CONTENT		METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
			THEME		Road sign	Picture					
					Zebra crossing	1					
					School ahead	ČČŽ.					
					Round about	4					
					Parking	P					
	4	Transp ort in our commu nity	Road safety	The learner, -Identifies the colours of traffic lights and their meanings	Traffic lights. These are light in the road junction traffic junction.  -Colours of the	s mainly found etions to am.	- Explanation -Guided discussion	-Identifying the colours of traffic lights and their meaning	-Observation -Self- awareness	A chart showing colours of traffic lights.	
					✓ Green ✓ Orango ✓ Red		-Question and answer		-Creative thinking		
					Green Go						
				<u> </u>	Orange Get	ready		l			

					Red Stop					
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
	5	Transport in our communi ty	Road safety	The learner, -Identifies the examples of traffic rules -Identifies the dangerous ways of using the road.	Traffic rules.  Are guidelines on the road which control accidents.  Examples of traffic rules.  ✓ Avoid over speeding.  ✓ Do not drink and drive  ✓ Avoid over loading  ✓ Observe the road signs  Dangerous ways of using the road.  -Playing on the road.		-Identifying the examples of traffic rulesIdentifying the dangerous ways of using the road.			
9	1			The learner, -Identifies the examples of road accidentsNames the causes of road accidents. Gives the ways of preventing road accident.	-Drinking while driving.  Road accidents.  Examples of road accidents.  Motor accidents  Cuts Fractures Dislocation  Causes of road accidents.  Over loading Poor roads Over speeding Drunken drivers.		-Identifying the example of road accidents.  -Naming the cause of road accidents.  -Killing the ways of preventing road accidents.	-Effective communicatio nSelf-awareness -Creative thinking.		Ko bta P.2 Pg 11 8

WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
	2	Accident and safety	Comm on acciden ts		Accident. An accident is a sudden happening that may cause harm or death.  Examples of accidents at home.  Climbing trees Playing with electric wires. Walking bare footed. Playing near fire. Keeping poison near children.  Prevention of accidents at home.  Keep medicine out of reach of children. Do not play with fire. Avoid climbing trees.  Keep sharp objects away from children.	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Problem solving	-Defining accident.  -Identifying examples of accidents at home.  -Giving the ways of preventing accidents at home.	-Effective communication -Self-awareness -Creative thinking		Ko bta P.2 Pg 12 2 &1 24
	3	Accident s and safety	Comm on acciden ts	The learner,  -Identifies the examples of accidents at school.	Accidents at school.  Examples of accidents at school.  ✓ Fractures ✓ Dislocation	-Explanation -Guided discussion	-Identifying the examples of accidents at school.	-Effective communication n -Observation		

				-Identifies the causes of accidents at school.	<ul> <li>✓ Burns by hot porridge/tea</li> <li>✓ Falling down from the stairs.</li> <li>✓ -Nose bleeding</li> <li>✓ -Knocking feet on stones.</li> </ul>	-Problem solving	-Identifying the cause of accidents at school	-Self- awareness		
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
					Causes of accidents at school.  ✓ Careless running ✓ Playing with sharp objects. ✓ Climbing trees ✓ Walking bear footed.					Ko bta P.2 Pg 12 4
	4	Accident s and safety	Comm on acciden ts	The learner, -Identifies the ways of preventing accidents at school.  -Gives the examples of accidents on the way.  -name the cause of accidents on the way.	Prevention of accidents at school.  ✓ Avoid climbing trees. ✓ Do not play near open holes. ✓ Avoid careless running ✓ Avoid bad games.  Examples of accidents on the way. ✓ Fracture ✓ Dislocation ✓ Strain  Causes of accidents on the way. ✓ Playing on the road ✓ Playing in the bush ✓ Climbing trees. ✓ Poor roads ✓ Over speeding	-Explanation  -Guided discussion  -Problem solving	-Identifying the ways of preventing accidents at school.  -Giving the examples of accidents on the way.  -Naming the cause of accidents on the way.	-Effective communication -Self awareness -Creative thinking		

					✓ Drunken drivers					
	5			The learner,  -Gives the ways of preventing accidents on the way.	Prevention of accidents on the way.  ✓ Avoid playing on the road ✓ Do not play in the bush.	-Explanation -Guided discussion	-Giving ways of preventing accidents on the way	-Effective communication  -Self-awareness		
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
				-Identifies the effects of accidents.  -Telling how to manage accidents.	✓ Always walk carefully. ✓ Repairing roads. ✓ Do not drink and drive.  Effects of accidents. ✓ Death ✓ Lameness ✓ Loss of blood ✓ Injury and pain  Management of accidents. ✓ Reporting cases ✓ Good feeding ✓ Using bandage ✓ Taking of medicine ✓ Cleaning wounds ✓ Rushing to hospital	-Problem solving	-Identifying the effects of accidents -Telling how to manage accidents.	-Creative thinking.		Ko bta P.2 Pg 12 5
10	1	Accident s and safety	First aid	The learner,  -Defines first aid, casualty and first aider.  -Identifies the qualities of a good firs aider.  -Mentions the importance of first aid.	First aid. What is first aid? First aid is the first help given to a casualty before being taken to the hospital.  A causality Is a person who has got an accident.  First aider Is a person who gives first aid.	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Problem solving	-Defining first aid, causality and first aider  -Identifying the qualities of a good first aider  -Mentioning the importance's of first aid.	-Effective communication  -Self-awareness  -Creative thinking	A chart	Ko bta P.2 Pg 12 6

					Qualities o a good first  aider  ✓ Should be clean  ✓ Should be smart and kind.  ✓ Should be quick.					
WK	DP	THEME	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	CONTENT	METHODS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
			THEME		<ul> <li>Importance of first aid.</li> <li>✓ First aid reduces pain.</li> <li>✓ First aid gives hope for recovery.</li> <li>✓ It also prevents damage.</li> <li>✓ It reduces over bleeding.</li> </ul>					
	2	Accident s and safety	First aid	The learner,  -Defines first aid box and first aid kit.  Identifies the things found in the first aid box.  Gives the uses of things found in a first aid box.	First aid box This is a container that keeps the first aid materials.  A first aid kit is a set of all first aid instruments.  A first aid box  Things found in the firsts aid box  Razorblade Plaster Cotton wool Soap Bandage Gloves	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Problem solving	-Defining first aid box, first aid kit.  -Identifying things found in the first aid box.  -Giving the uses of things found in a first aid box.	-Effective communicationSelf awareness -Creative thinking -Critical thinking	-real objects	Ko bta P.2 Pg 12 6

					Spirit Pair of scissors Pain killers	Goose Spirit					
WK	DP	ТНЕМЕ	SUB THEME	COMPETENCES	Uses of things for Material Razorblade Plaster Gloves	<u>Uses</u> Cutting p Covering	olaster. wounds. en touching	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS	L/AIDS	REF
	3	Acciden ts and safety	First	The learner,  -Identifies the first aid treatment for some accidents	(b). Nose bleeding  ✓ P  tl  ✓ P  for  (c) Burns and s  ✓ Put the b  for about  (d) Fracture (b)  ✓ Tie a split  ✓ Take the  worker.	ock Disconnect  ng Pinch the nothrough the Put cold pactorehead.  scales. urnt part in a 15 minute  roken bon int casualty to	the circuit.  ose and breath mouth. d on the  to cold water s.	-Explanation -Guided discussion -Problem solving	-Identifying the first aid treatment for some accidents	-Self awarene ss - Creative thinking -Critical thinking	