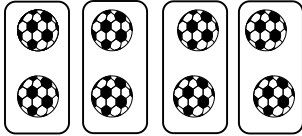
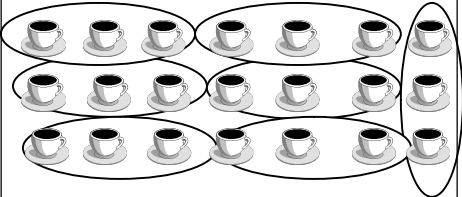
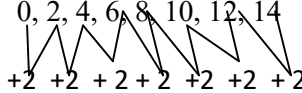
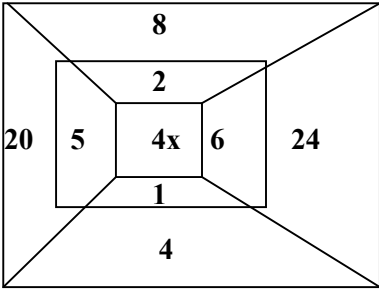
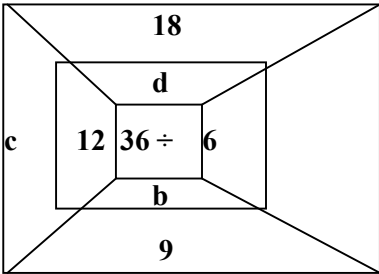


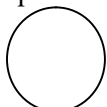
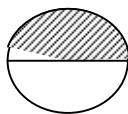

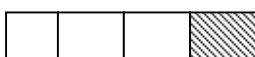
MATHEMATICS SCHEME OF WORK FOR PRIMARY 3 TERM II

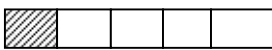

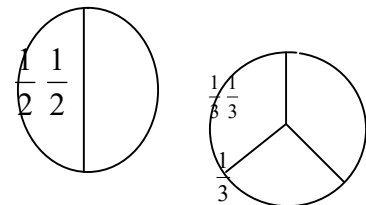
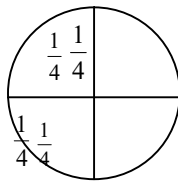
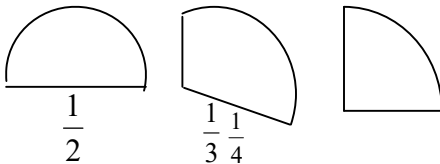
W K	P D	THEME	TOPIC	SUB – TOPIC	COMPETENCES		CONTENT	MTDS	ACTIVITY	LIFE SKILLS & VALUES	T/ L AIDS	REF
					LANGUAGE	SUBJECT						
1	1	Living things	Number patterns and sequence	Finding missing numbers in groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Finding missing numbers in grouping. - Multiple the numbers correctly. 		<p>Finding the missing numbers in the groups Example 1</p>  <p>There are 4 groups of 2 books. there are 8 balls grouped into twos</p> <p>$4 \times 2 = 8$ $8 \div 2 = 4$</p> <p>Example 2</p>  <p>There are 7 groups of 3 cups there are 21 cups group into 3</p>	<p>Guided discussion</p> <p>Question and answer techniques</p>	<p>Finding grouping</p> <p>Multiplying</p>	<p>- critical thinking</p> <p>Decision making</p> <p>Creative thinking</p>	<p>Sticks</p> <p>Straw</p> <p>Counters</p>	Mk 3 pg 82
	2	Our community			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Counting in groups of two, three, four and fives. - Write the number patterns - Identifying the number sequence - Counting the number sequence 		<p>Fill in the missing number Examples</p> <p>0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14</p> 	<p>Demonstration</p> <p>Observation</p>	<p>Counting</p> <p>Writing</p>	<p>Accuracy</p>	<p>Real object like orange</p>	Mk bk 3 pg 84

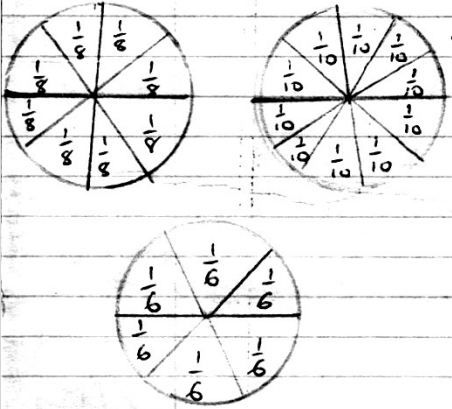

					$a = 24 - 17$ $a = 7$ $c = 24 - 10$ $c = 14$ $e = 24 - 12$ $e = 12$	$b = 24 - 8$ $b = 16$ $d = 24 - 15$ $d = 9$ $f = 24 - 9$ $f = 15$					
	5			Finding the missing number by multiplying	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The learner identifies the two sides of the equation - Finds the missing number by solving. - Fills in the missing number with the multiplication table 	Finding the missing numbers in the diagram  Outer part = answer middle part = members in group inner part = group $4 \times 6 = 24$ $4 \times 4 = 16$ $20 \div 4 = 5$ $8 \div 4 = 2$	Guided discussion Observation	Finding Solving Multiplying Solving Dividing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Critical thinking - Decision making 	A chart showing webs using multiplication	MK Pg 82
2	1	Our Community		Finding the missing number by division	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Finding the missing the number by division. - Fills in the unknown number - The learner solves to find the missing number 	Finding the missing numbers by division  	Observation Guided discovery	Solving Interpreting Identifying	Critical thinking Appreciation	Chalk board illustration	Mk bk 3 pg 82

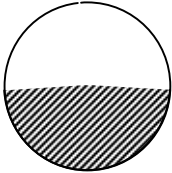
						$a = 36 \div 6$ $a = 9$ $c = 36 \div 12$ $c = 3$	$b = 36 \div 9$ $b = 4$ $d = 36 \div 18$ $d = 2$				
	2			<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Identifies the operational signs- Finds the missing number.- Identifies the relationship between division and multiplication- Solving the given fraction	<p>Finding the relationship between multiplication and division</p> <p>$40 \div 5 = 8$ $5 \times 8 = 40$ $40 \div 8 = 5$ $40 \div 5 = 8$ $7 = 8 \times 5$ $= 40$</p>	Guided discovery Demonstration	Identifies Soling Finding	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Problem solving- Appreciation	A chart showing relationship between division and multiplication		
	3		Finding missing numbers in group	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Finds missing numbers in groups of 2, 3, 4.- Finds missing number ascending order- Finds missing number in descending order	<p>Finding missing numbers in groups of 2, 3, 4,</p> <p>Examples 0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10 Keep adding 2 Being with $0 + 2 = 2$ $2 + 2 = 4$ $4 + 2 = 6$ $6 + 2 = 8$ $8 + 2 = 10$</p> <p>Example 2 60, 55, 50, __, __, __ Keep on subtracting 5</p>	Guided discovery Observation Question and answer technique	Grouping Identifying Solving Finding	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Critical thinking- Responsibility		Mk bk 3 pg 88	

					<p>Begin with 60</p> $60 - 5 = 55$ $55 - 5 = 50$ $50 - 5 = 45$ $45 - 5 = 40$ $40 - 5 = 35$ 60, 55, 50, 45, 40, 35					
4				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Counts the missing numbers - Solves the number patterns - Identifies the number sequence - Multiplies the given number 	<p>Counting and finding missing numbers in groups</p> <p>Example 1</p> $1 \times 2 = 1 \text{ two} = 2 = 2$ $2 \times 2 = 2 \text{ twos} = 2 + 2 = 4$ $3 \times 2 = 3 \text{ two's} = 2 + 2 + 2 = 6$ $4 \times 2 = 4 \text{ twos} = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 8$	<p>Observation</p> <p>Guided Discovery</p>	<p>Identifying</p> <p>Multiplying</p> <p>Solving</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Problem solving - Responsibility 	<p>A chart showing multiplication table 3 and 4</p>	<p>Mk bks pg 84</p>
5			<p>Find the un known in a magic square</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Completes the magic square - Finds the magic square - Finds the unknown - Solve the equation to find the unknown 	<p>Find the missing number in a magic square</p>	<p>Demonstration</p> <p>Guided discovery</p>	<p>Completing</p> <p>Finding</p> <p>Solving</p>	<p>Problem solving responsibility</p>	<p>A chart showing a magic square</p>	<p>Mk bk 3 pg 87</p>

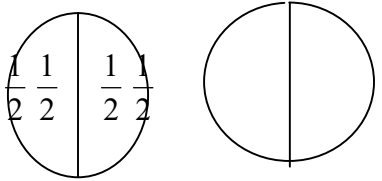
						<div>Example 1</div> <div>Complete the magic square</div> <div><table><tr><td>7</td><td>a</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>4</td><td>c</td></tr><tr><td>b</td><td>8</td><td>1</td></tr></table></div> <div>Magic sum = 7 + 4 + 1 = 12</div> <div>a = 12 – 12</div> <div>a = 0</div> <div>b = 7 + 2 = 12</div> <div>b = 12 – 9</div> <div>b = 3</div> <div>c + 5 + 1</div> <div>c = 12 – 6</div> <div>c = 6</div>	7	a	5	2	4	c	b	8	1					
7	a	5																		
2	4	c																		
b	8	1																		
3	1	Keeping peace in our community	Fraction	Naming of fractions	<div><div>- Defines a fraction</div><div>- Writes fractions and their equivalents</div><div>- Reads fractions</div><div>- Compares fractions</div></div>	<div>Naming fractions</div> <div>A fraction is a part of a whole</div> <div>1 a whole </div> <div>$\frac{1}{2}$ </div>	Observation Demonstration	Identifying Naming	Problem solving	A chart showing fraction	Mk bk 3 pg 94									
					<div><div>- Identifies the fraction</div><div>- Names the fraction</div></div>	<div>$\frac{1}{3}$ a third </div> <div>$\frac{1}{4}$ a quarter </div>	Guided discovery Observation	Identifying Naming Drawing	Critical thinking Problem solving											

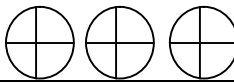

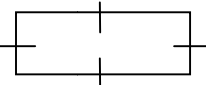
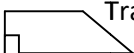

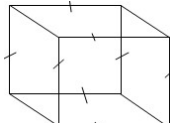
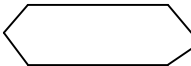
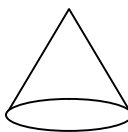



					$\frac{1}{5}$ a fifth 					
					$\frac{2}{3}$ 					
					The top number is a numerator and the bottom number is a denominator.					
2			Comparin g fractions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Identifies the size of fraction- Orders fractions according to size.- Compares fractions using great than and less than	Comparing fractions using greater than and less than   	Demonstr ation Guided discovery	Comparing Naming Drawing	-Respon sibility and care		
			Comparin g fractions using greater than or less than	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Identifies the size of faction- Order fraction according to size.- Compares fractions according to size	$\frac{1}{2}$ is greater that $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ is greater than $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ is less than $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ is less than $\frac{1}{4}$	Guided discovery Observati on	Identifying Ordering fractions in ascending order Descending	-Proble m solving		Mk bk 3 pag e 99





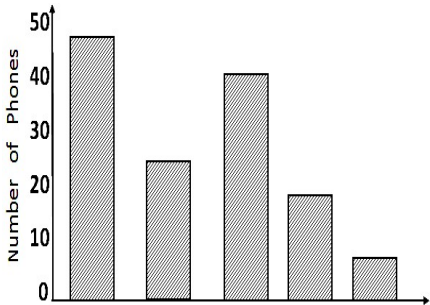
3				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the size of the fraction - Identifies the different symbols - Compares the fraction according to the fraction according to size 	<p>Comparing fractions using symbols</p>  <p>Fill in > greater than, = equal to or less than < using symbols</p> <p>$\frac{1}{10}$ is less than $\frac{1}{8}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{10} < \frac{1}{8}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{6}$ is greater than $\frac{1}{10}$</p> <p>$\frac{1}{6} > \frac{1}{10}$</p> <p>Use > < or = to complete</p> <p>a) $\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{4}$</p>  <p>b) $\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{3}$</p>	Guided discovery	Drawing	- Empathy		Mk bk 3
				-		Observation	Identifying	- Responsibility		page 100

	4			Shade and un shade fraction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the given fractions - Name the given fraction - Write the shaded and un shaded fraction 	<p>Shaded and un shaded fractions</p> <p>Example 1</p>  <p>1 of the 2 parts is shaded. The shaded fraction is $\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>1 of the 2 parts is un shaded the un shaded fraction $\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>5 of the 8 parts are shaded = $\frac{5}{8}$</p> <p>3 of the 8 parts are un shaded part = $\frac{3}{8}$</p>	Guided discovery Question and answering techniques	Shading Identifying Naming	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Appreciation - Concern - Effect communication 	A chart showing names of fraction	Mk bk 3 page 97


	5	Keeping peace in our sub – county	Fractions	Addition of fractions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Adds fractions with the same denominator - Reads and writes fraction - Identifies the numerator and the denominator 	<p>Addition of fraction with the same denominator</p> <p>Example 1</p> $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2+1}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$ <p>Example 2</p> <p>A pupil reads $\frac{2}{8}$ of the book on Monday and $\frac{4}{8}$ of it on Tuesday.</p> <p>What fraction did he read altogether.</p> <p>Monday $\frac{2}{8}$</p> <p>Tuesday $\frac{4}{8}$</p> <p>Altogether = $\frac{2}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{2+4}{8} = \frac{6}{8}$</p> <p>Example 3</p> $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{1+1+2}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$	<p>Guided discovery</p> <p>Question and answer techniques</p>	<p>Reading</p> <p>Writing</p> <p>Adding</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Accuracy - Effect communication 		Mk bk 3 page 101 nag page 104
4	1			Subtraction of fractions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Reads fraction of the same denominator - Comprehends and solves problems - Carries out the operation correctly 	<p>Subtraction of fractions</p> <p>Example</p> <p>Subtraction</p> $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3-2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$	<p>Demonstration</p> <p>Observation</p>	<p>Reading</p> <p>Subtraction</p> <p>Comprehens</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Effect communication 		Mk bk 3 pg 107 and

					<p>Example 2 A boy had $\frac{5}{6}$ of the cake. He ate $\frac{2}{8}$ of it. What fraction remained?</p> $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = \frac{5-2}{6} = \frac{3}{6}$	Guided discovery	ion	- Problem solving		108
					<p>Example 3 What is difference between $\frac{8}{12}$ and $\frac{2}{12}$</p> $\frac{8}{12} - \frac{2}{12} = \frac{6}{12}$					
	2			<p>Finding number of fraction in a whole</p> <p>Identifies properties of shapes</p> <p>Traces and copies shapes</p> <p>Identifies different shapes</p>	<p>- Finding number of fractions in a whole Examples How many halves are in 2 wholes</p>  <p>4 halves</p> <p>Example 2</p> <p>What is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 8</p> <p>Note. The word “of” changes to multiply.</p> <p>$\frac{1}{2}$ of 8</p>	<p>- Guided discovery</p> <p>- Question and answer techniques</p>	<p>Identifying</p> <p>Drawing</p> <p>Tracing</p>	<p>Problem solving</p> <p>Critical thinking</p> <p>Accuracy</p>	-	Trs resource bk mk bk 4 pg 73

					$\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = \frac{8}{2}$ <p>4 x 8</p> <p>How many quarters are in 3 wholes</p> <div>  12 quarters </div>					
	3	Geometry	Types of shapes	Square  Rectangle  Trapezium 	Types of shapes 2 dimensional shapes Refer to lesson notes	-			-	
	4	Geometry	Types of shapes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies shapes and properties. - Define a polygon - Identifies the number of sides - Draws different shapes 	Types of shapes and there properties Cylinder  Cube  Hexagon  Cone   zigzag Triangle  Oval 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Guide d discovery - Questi on and answe r techni ques - Demo nstrati on 	Defining Identifying Drawing	Accurac y Problem solving Effectiv e commun ication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Boxe s - Chal k boar d illust ratio n 	Mk bk 3 pg 123

	5			Picture graph <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the pictures representing a number. - Draws the pictures to represent a number - Identifies the picture representing graph - Interprets information 	Picture graphs When using picture graphs one picture stands for a given number of picture Example If  stands the 10 flowers How many flowers are represented by    (10 + 10 + 10) flowers 30 flowers	Guided discovery	Defining Identifying	Accurac y Problem solving	- Real objec ts	
5	1			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Draws a column graph - Interprets the information on a graph. - Records information on a graph. Solves would problem 	Column graphs Information is recorded in a bar form or column graph. Pupils carried 5 pupils to the head teachers office. Roshin carried 5 boxes Ashley carried 3 boxes Ssali carried 8 boxes Cate carried 2 boxes Joy carried 5 boxes The above information is repeated in.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Obser vation - Guide d discus sion 	Interpreting Drawing Recording	A accurac y Problem solving Critical thinking	- A chat showi ng a bar graph	Mk bk 3 pg 113
			Graphs	Column graphs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Interprets information - Records information on a column graph 		-	-			-

	2		Measures	Money Recognizes money currency Solves word problem as money Identifies the amount of money Differentiates	Money Recognition of money <div> NotesCoins Sh. 1000 noteSh. 50 Sh. 2000 noteSh. 100 Sh. 5000 noteSh. 200 Sh. 10,000 noteSh. 500 Sh20,000 note sh. 1000 Sh. 50,000 note </div>	- Guided discussion - Observation	- Recognition - Identifications	Critical thinking Problem solving	Real paper notes and concern	- Mk bk 3 pg 176
					Addition of money Example 1 Sh. 200 + Sh. 50 Sh. 200 +Sh. 50 <hr/> Sh. 250	Guided Discussion Observation	Recognition Identifying	Critical thinking Problem solving	Real paper notes and concern	Mk bk 3 pg 176
				Identifies money Differentiates paper money and coins Add money	Content Example 2 Sh. 1000 + sh. 500 + sh. 50 <div> Sh. 10000 + 0 + 0 = 0 Sh. 5000 + 0 + 5 = 5 +Sh. 500 + 5 = 5 <hr/> Sh. 15501 + 0 = 1 </div> Example 3 I had sh. 100. My father gave me sh. 50. How much money do I have altogether <div> Sh. 5000 + 0 = 0 +sh. 500 + 5 = 5 <hr/> Sh. 5505 + 0 = 5 </div>	Guided discovery Observation	Adding Differentiating Identifying	Problem solving Critical thinking		

3				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the money given - Comprehends and solves the word application - Subtracts the given word application 	Subtraction of money Example 1 Sh. 450 - sh. 350 Sh. 4 5 0 - Sh. 3 5 0 <hr/> Sh. 1 5 0 <hr/> Example 2 Sh. 700 - sh. 350 Sh. 7 0 0 - Sh. 3 5 0 <hr/> Sh. 3 5 0 <hr/> Mukasa had sh. 350. He gave a way sh. 100. How much money did he remain with Mukasa had sh. 3 5 0 He gave a way – sh. 1 0 0 Remained with <u>sh. 2 5 0</u>	Guided discovery Question and answer techniques	Subtracting Comprehension	Problem solving Critical thinking	Real paper note and coins	- Mk bk pg 3 179
4				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the amount of money. - Comprehends and solves word application. - Interprets the shopping list. 	Shopping using pencils Refer to lesson notes	Guided discussion Observation	Adding Comprehending Interpreting	Problem solving Effective communication	Real paper notes and coins	- Mk bk 3 page 183
5				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the money for the given item. - Carries out the operation correctly. - Comprehends and solves the word application 	Shopping with pictorials  Sh. 500 sh. 800 sh. 100 sh. 700 What is the cost of 2 pencil 1 pencil = Sh. 200 2 pencils = Sh. 200 x 2 = Sh. 400	Guided discussion Question and answer technique	Identifying Comprehending Solving	Effective communication Problem solving	Real objects like apple, pencil	- Mk bks pg 184

					-	What is the cost of 3 bags and 2 book Bags = 3 x 500 = sh. 1500 Books = 2 x 700 = sh.1400 = sh.2900					
6	1	Keeping peace in our sub – county	measure	Division of money	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Divides money correctly - Comprehends and interprets the word application - Identifies the money given 	Division of money Divides sh. 1200 by 3 $\begin{array}{r} 0\ 400 \\ 3 \overline{) 1200} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 0\ X\ 3 = 0 \\ 4\ x\ 3 = 1\ 2 \\ 0\ \ x\ 3 = -0 \\ 0\ x3\ \ \ 0 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 00 \\ -0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ Sh. 1200 ÷ 3 = Sh. 400 Example 2 Mr. Kasule had sh. 800. He shared it equally between his two children. How much did each child get? $\begin{array}{r} 400 \\ 2 \overline{) 800} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 4\ X\ 2 = 8 \\ 0\ \ x\ 2 = 1\ 2 \\ 0x\ 2 = -0 \\ 0\ x2\ \ \ 0 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} 00 \\ -0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ Sh. 800 ÷ 2 = Sh. 400 Find the quotient of Sh. 3600 and 9	Guided discussion Observation Question and answer techniques	Dividing Identifying Interpreting	Problem solving Critical thinking Effective communication	Real objects like pens and pencils Real paper	-

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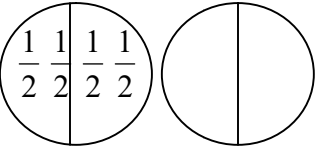
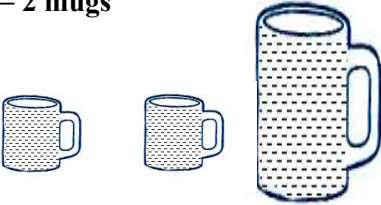
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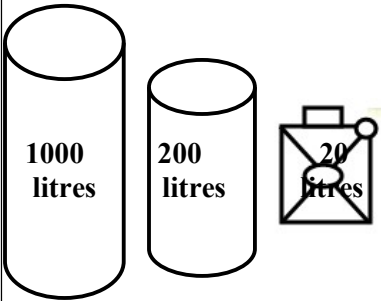
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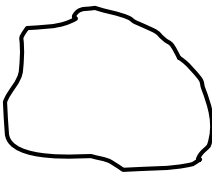

	3			Measuring length of objects	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies things we use to measure length - Uses standard and non – standard units - Measures distance in metres and cm 	Measuring length of things/ objects Measuring length is about measuring distance. 1metre is made up of 100 centimetre 1 metre = 100 cm object length of object in metre length of classroom _____ width of class _____ length of bb _____ length of table _____ length of tx bk _____ length of bench _____	Observation Question and answer techniques	Identifying Measuring Writing	Problem solving Effective communication		-
	4				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the units used. - Measures length using metres - Converts metres to centimetres 	Changing metres to centimetres Convert 2 m to centimetres $1\text{ m} = 100\text{cm}$ $2\text{m} = (2 \times 100)\text{ cm}$ $= 200\text{ cm}$ Example 2 Wasswa's rope is 15m long. Convert this length to 15 m $1\text{m} = 100\text{ cm}$ $15\text{m} = 15 \times 100$ 1500cm					- Mk bk 4 page 186 standard maths bk 4

	5			Changing centimeters to metre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Divides centimetres to get metres - Change centimetre to refer - Converts centimetres to metres 	<p>Changing centimetres to metres</p> <p>Example 1 Change 400cm to M</p> $1 \text{ m} = \frac{1}{100} \text{ m}$ $400\text{cm} = \frac{1}{100} \times 400$ 1×4 4m <p>Example 2 Agnes bought a table cloth where length was 1500cm. convert this length to m.</p> $1 \text{ m} = \frac{1}{100} \text{ m}$ $1500\text{cm} = \frac{1}{100} \times 1500$ 1×15 15m	Guided discovery demonstration	Critical thinking Problem solving	Measuring Metre ruler		- Mk bk 4 page 155standard maths bk 4 pg 153
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7	1		Living things	Measure	Adds metre and centimetres Interprets the word application Solves the word application	Addition of metres and centimetres Add 3m 42cm + 4m 17 cm <table><tr><td>M</td><td>CM</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>42</td></tr><tr><td>+ 4</td><td>17</td></tr><tr><td>7</td><td>59</td></tr></table> Example 2 The length of our blackboard is 10m 35cm. the length of the P5 class blackboard is 2m 47 cm. find the length of the two black board <table><tr><td>M</td><td>CM</td></tr><tr><td>10</td><td>35</td></tr><tr><td>+ 2</td><td>47</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>82</td></tr></table> 12 m and 82 cm	M	CM	3	42	+ 4	17	7	59	M	CM	10	35	+ 2	47	12	82	Guided discovery observation	Adding Interpreting Solving	Critical thinking Problem solving	Measuring tape 1 metres ruler	-
M	CM																										
3	42																										
+ 4	17																										
7	59																										
M	CM																										
10	35																										
+ 2	47																										
12	82																										
	2				- subtracts metres and centimetres Identifies the units Arranges numbers according to units Subtracts metres and centimetres Interprets the word application Identifies the units in the word application	Subtracts metre and metres Examples Subtraction 6m 40 cm from 8 m 75 cm <table><tr><td>M</td><td>CM</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>75</td></tr><tr><td>- 6</td><td>40</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>35</td></tr></table> What is the difference between 4m 20 cm and 1m 12 cm <table><tr><td>M</td><td>CM</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>- 1</td><td>12</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>08</td></tr></table>	M	CM	8	75	- 6	40	2	35	M	CM	4	10	- 1	12	3	08	Guided discussion Observation Question and answer technique	Subtracting Identifying Arranging	Effective communication Accuracy	Measuring tape 1 metre ruler	- M k b k 3 p g 1 6 0
M	CM																										
8	75																										
- 6	40																										
2	35																										
M	CM																										
4	10																										
- 1	12																										
3	08																										

	3				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies common liquids - Identifies the units used to measure liquid - Compares half litres and litres 	Measuring and comparing different containers Common liquids are Mk pupils bk 3 pg. 160 and 159 Practical lesson Use text book teaching	Guided discussion Observation Question and answer technique	Measuring Comparing Identifying	Problem solving Critical thinking		-
	4			Comparing different container	Identifies common liquids Identifies units, used to measure liquids. Solve the word application Compares half litre and litre How many $\frac{1}{2}$ litre cups can fill a 5 litre jerry can.  How many half litre cups can fill a 2 litre bottle 	Measuring and comparing different containers Example How many mugs can fill a 1 litre container 1 mug = litre 2 mugs = ($\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$) litre = 2 mugs  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ litre}$ How many $\frac{1}{2}$ liter cups can fill a 10 litre jerry can 1 litre = 2 ($\frac{1}{2}$ litres) cups 10 litres = 2 x 10 10 ($\frac{1}{2}$ litre cups)	Guided discussion Observation Question and answer technique	Adding Identifying Arranging	Effective communication Accuracy	Real objects like mugs Jerry can	- Mk bk 3 pg 162

	5				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Identifies the units used to measure liquids - Adds litres to collect - Interprets the question given 	<p>Additions of litres</p>  <p>How many litres are there in the tank and the drum</p> $\begin{array}{r} \text{TANK} = 1000 \text{ LITRES} \\ \text{DRUM} = + 200 \\ \hline 1200 \end{array}$	<p>Guided discussion</p> <p>Observation</p> <p>Question and answer technique</p>	<p>Adding</p> <p>Identifying</p> <p>Arranging</p>	<p>Effective communication</p> <p>Accuracy</p>	<p>Real objects like mugs</p> <p>Jerry can</p>	- Mk bk 3 pg 162
8	1			Subtracting of liquids	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - identifies the units for measuring liquids - subtracts liquids correctly - interprets the questions correctly 	<p>Subtraction of litres</p> <p>Subtracts 23 litres from 48 litres</p> $\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 8 \text{ litres} \quad 8 - 3 = 5 \\ - 2 \quad 3 \text{ litres} \quad 4 - 2 = 2 \\ \hline 2 \quad 5 \text{ litres} \end{array}$ <p>Example 2</p> <p>Mugoya boiled 175 litres of milk in a sauce pan of 68 litres poured down. How many litres of milk remained</p> $\begin{array}{r} \text{Mugoya boiled} \quad 1 \quad 7 \quad 5 \\ \text{Poured milked} \quad - \quad 6 \quad 8 \\ \hline \quad \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 7 \end{array}$ <p>107 litres</p> $\begin{array}{r} \quad \quad \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 6 \\ \text{Poured milked} \quad - \quad 5 \quad 7 \\ \hline \quad \quad 3 \quad 7 \quad 9 \text{ litres} \end{array}$	<p>Guided discussion</p> <p>Demonstration</p>	<p>Identifying</p> <p>Subtractions</p> <p>Interpreting</p>	<p>Creative thinking</p> <p>Effective communication</p>	<p>Real objects like jerry can</p>	- mk bk 3 pg 164 and 165

2			Comparing objects in weight	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Define weight - Compares weight of different objects - Using heavier or lighter 	Comparing objects in weight Weight is how heavy or light an object <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> A  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> B  </div> </div> <p>Stone A is heavier than pencil B Pencil B is lighter than stone A</p>	Guided discovery Question and answer techniques	Comparing Defining	Critical thinking Problem solving Effective communication	Real objects like stone and pencil	- Mk pupil bk 3 pg 159
3			Comparing weight in kilograms and grams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tells various units of weight - Identifies the units of weight - Compares objects in weights - Identifies grams in a kilogram - 	Comparing weight in kilogram and gram Weight is measured using standard units Kilograms (kg) Grams (g) Stones used on the weighing scale are 250g, 500g 1kg, 2kg, 5kg Use an experiment using a weighing scale	Guided discussion Observation Inquiry	Identifying comparing According	Problem solving Critical thinking	Weighing scale weighing Weighing stones	- Mk bk 3 pg 170
4				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Adding kilograms and grams - Solves the work application - Interprets the world application 	Measuring kilograms (kg) and grams (g) <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> Add. Kg 5 + 3 <hr/> 8 </div> <div> g 250 150 <hr/> 400 </div> </div> <p>Naiga has 4kg 280g of sugar. Her father gave her 3kg 25g. How much sugar does she have now?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> Add. Kg 4 + 3 <hr/> 7 </div> <div> g 280 25 <hr/> 305 </div> </div>	Guided discussion Question and answer techniques	Solving Adding	Creative thinking Decision making	Chalk board illustration	- Mk bk s 171 and 172

	5				<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Identifies units for measuring weight- Subtracts kilograms and gram- Comprehends and solves application	<p>Subtracting kilograms and grams</p> <p>Example 1</p> <p>Subtraction .</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>Kg</td><td>g</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>9</td><td>650</td></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>3</td><td>200</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2</td><td>450</td></tr></table> <p>Example 2</p> <p>1. Otim weighs 17kg, 750g and Okello weighs 20kg 900g</p> <p>2. Who is heavier? Okello by how many kilograms is Okello heavier than Otim</p> <p>Subtraction .</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>Kg</td><td>g</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>20</td><td>900</td></tr><tr><td>-</td><td>17</td><td>750</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>3</td><td>150</td></tr></table> <p>3kg 150g</p>		Kg	g		9	650	-	3	200		2	450		Kg	g		20	900	-	17	750		3	150	Observation Guided discovery Question and answer	Identifying subtracting Solving Comprehend	Problem Solving Critical thinking	Chalk board illustration	-
	Kg	g																																	
	9	650																																	
-	3	200																																	
	2	450																																	
	Kg	g																																	
	20	900																																	
-	17	750																																	
	3	150																																	