

OUTREACH SCHOOLS EXAMINATION BOARD



END OF TERM II EXAMINATION 2023

PRIMARY THREE

ENGLISH

My name is _____

I am in _____

My school is _____

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

Fill in the missing letters.

1. Do__t__r
2. Cu__tom__r

Fill in the gaps with the most suitable word.

3. There is _____ sugar in my tea.
4. Leticia is interested _____ swimming.
5. The doctor treated _____ when I was sick.
6. Jethro saw an elephant _____ a lion.
7. Karen _____ not come to school today.

Use the correct form of the words in brackets to complete the sentences.

8. English is the _____ subjects of all. (easy)
9. Our secretary _____ in the office every morning. (sit)
10. Kasule is very good _____ for mathematics. (teach)
11. The boy _____ wrote the spelling test. (careful)
12. Andrew has broken _____ pencil. (he)

Use these words in sentences to show that you understand their meaning.

13. Eat: _____
14. It: _____

Arrange these words in alphabetical order.

15. drum, draw, dress, drop.

16. pig, cow, fish, goat.

Give the opposite of the underlined words.

17. We have a music lesson before lunch.

18. Lake Victoria is very big.

Punctuate the following sentences correctly.

19. Who was making noise in class

20. the barber cuts people's hair.

Re-arrange these words to make correct sentences.

21. pens do you have How many?

22. P.3 children like teacher their.

Write the following abbreviations in full.

23. St. _____

24. H/M _____

Fill in the gaps using "a", "the" or "an".

25. My brother has _____ book on his table.

26. _____ sun sets in the West.

27. Felix is eating _____ apple.

Give the plural form of the underlined words in the sentences.

28. There are many teacher in Saint Mary's.

29. Head teacher gave us a leaf yesterday.

30. We saw many monkey in the Zoo last year.

Re-write the sentences as instructed in brackets without changing their meaning.

31. The tailor brought cloths. He made nice dresses. (Join using and ...)

32. Martha makes mats. She gets little money. (Use.....but.....)

33. This is the boy. His bag was cut. (Join using.....whose.....)

34. Rose is a beautiful girl. (Underline a noun)

35. The pen is on the table. (Begin: Pens.....)

36. Karen was taken to the clinic. She was very sick. (Re-write using because)

37. I like soda. I like water more. (Use.....prefer.....to.....)

38. The farmer cut the tree. (Begin: The tree.....)

39. I cannot eat this food. It is as cold as.....(Complete correctly)

40. Joshua is tall. Jethro is tall. (Begin: Both.....)

41. John knows the girl. She made the room dirty. (Use.....who.....)

42. There isn't any salt in this tin. (Join using.....some.....)

43. The old woman was happy. The queen was also happy.
(Use...as.....as.....)

44. I saw the church. We pray from. (Join using.....where.....)

45. She runs very fast. You cannot catch her. (Use.....so.....that.....)

46. The teacher gave me a wrapper. It was torn. (Join using.....which.....)

47. It was a long journey. We woke up early. (Use.....so.....)

48. I was sweeping the room. Leticia was washing plates. (Join using while.....)

49. He drove us to school carefully. (Underline the adverb in the sentence)

50. Andrew edward and david are friends. (Punctuate correctly)

SECTION B

51. **Read the dialogue below carefully and answer the questions that follow in full sentences.**

CORRUPTION

Andrew: Hello Judith, how are you?

Judith: I'm alright.

Andrew: We go to school but do you know that there are some children who do not go to school?

Judith: Yes, some parents can't afford school fees.

Andrew: You're right. There is government schools that help children to study without school fees. They provide Universal Primary Education.

Judith: That is very good because every child can now get education service.

Andrew: There are some teachers who go to school late.

Judith: They make learning difficult for the children.

Questions

1. Who are talking in the dialogue?

2. Where are Andrew and Judith going?

3. Why don't some children go to school?

4. Write U.P.E in full.

5. What do corrupt officers do in hospitals?

6. What is the dialogue about?

7. What should be done to corrupt officers?

8. Write these words in long form.
a) I'm _____
b) Don't _____

52. **(a) Make correct sentences from the substitution table.**

A packet of pens				a loaf of bread.
A metre of cloth				a packet of salt.
A dozen of books				a dozen of pencils.
A bottle of soda	is	more	than	a bottle of water.
A litre of paraffin		expensive		a box of chalk.
A bar of soap		cheaper		

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

(b) Complete this table correctly.

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
bad	_____	worst
many	more	_____
_____	better	best
little	_____	least

53. Re-arrange the sentences to make a good story.

A

He makes nice pots.
 Mr. Essanyu is a potter.
 And sells them in the market.
 He lives near a swamp.
 He gets clay from the swamp.

Good story

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

B

She had a toothache.
 The dentist removed the bad tooth.
 He took her to the dentist.
 Leticia woke up one morning.
 She told her father about it.

Good story

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

54. **The table below shows the number of pupils in P.3 class. Study it carefully and answer in full sentences.**

Stream	Boys	Girls	Total
P.3 Blue	20	33	53
P.3 Green	25	33	58
P.3 Pink	15	32	47
P.3 Red	20	27	47
P.3 Yellow	21	22	43

Questions

1. What does the table show?

2. How many streams are shown?

3. Which stream has the highest number of pupils?

4. How many girls are in P.3 Red?

5. Which streams have the same number of pupils?

6. Which streams have the same number of girls?

7. Which stream has the least number of pupils?

8. How many girls are in P.3 Red and P.3 Yellow altogether?

9. How many boys are in P.3 Green?

10. Which stream has the least number of boys?

55. **Use the words below to complete the gaps in the story.**

teacher	priests	doctors	community	may
school	hospital	working	important	others

A _____ is a group of people living and _____ together for a common aim.

There are _____ types of communities; these include the _____ community, the church community, the village community and many _____

People give different services in various communities; for example the _____ work in the _____ community. The _____ work in the church community while the _____ work in the school community.

All the communities are very _____

END