SCHEME OF WORK FOR P.3 TERM ONE 2025



P D		DAY	THEME	S/THEM E	CONTENT	COMPETENCES	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	INDI.OF LSV	INSTR. MAT	REF	R E M	
	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Soil	Soil Soil is the top layer that covers the earth's surface Components/co mposition of soil Rock particles - Humus/Organi	The learner; States the meaning of soil Mentions the components of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer	Stating the meaning of soil Mentioning the componen ts of soil	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	M	
					c matter Importance of each component of environment (a) Water		demonstr ation						

				Importance of water in the soil - Water dissolves mineral salts in the soil so that they can be absorbed by plant roots. b) Air - Air helps living things in to breathe. c) Humus - Humus makes the soil fertile for plant growth. Living organisms - Aerate the soil. Examples of living organisms - Rats - Bacteria							
2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Soil	Types of soil and their texture 1. Loam soil 2. Sand soil 3. Clay soil	Mentions the types of soil Compares different types of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided	Mentioning the types of soil Comparing different	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy	

					aracteristics of erent types of		discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	types of soil	critical thinking awaren ess		bo ok thr ee	
3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Soil	Cl a y s oi l L o a m s oi l	 ⇒ Clay soil is made of very small, smooth fine particles of soil. ⇒ Clay soil particles are very close to each other ⇒ It has a uniform mixture of sand, clay and humus ⇒ It is dark in colour 	Mentions the types of soil Compares different types of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the types of soil Comparing different types of soil	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Soil texture	soil froug smo soil. Text diffe soil	texture texture is the ghness or othness of the context of the con	of	Gives the meaning of soil texture Identifies the textures of types of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question	Giving the meaning of soil texture Identifying the textures of types of soil	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr
				Typ of s		re		and answer		ess		ee
				San	- Soil - This big space	is be soil		demonstr ation				
5	5	Our environ ment in our division	Soil profile	⇒ So the state of the state	ers of soil oil profile is ne natural ertical irrangemen of soil layers Top soil Gravels Parent rocks	nts	Defines soil profile Identifies the layers of the soil profile	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr	Defining soil profile Identifying the layers of the soil profile	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing soil profile	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

					 ⇒ -The different layers of soil profile are easily seen in 1. Dug pit 2. Cliff 		ation				
2	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Uses of soil	Uses of soil ⇒ We grow crops in the soil ⇒ We use sand soil in making of glass ⇒ Building, or construction Uses of sand soil ⇒ For building houses ⇒ For making bricks ⇒ For making glasses ⇒ For making sand paper Uses of clay soil ⇒ For pottery ⇒ For making bricks	States the uses of different types of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the uses of different types of soil	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil sample	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

				⇒ For making tiles							
2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Soil formati on	Soil formation ⇒ Soil is formed in two ways/methods namely. 1. Decomposition 2. Weathering a)Decomposition . Causes of decomposition Fungi ✓ Bacteria b) Weathering is the breaking down of small rock particles from the parent or main rock to form soil.	States ways through which soil is formed Defines the term weathering	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating ways through which soil is formed Defining the term weathering	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				Causes of weathering ✓ Earth quake							
3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Soil formati on	Experiments about soil components a) An experiment to prove that soil contains humus Things to be used (Apparatus) 1. Soil sample 2. Empty glass, 3. Water Steps followed 1. Get a big glass 2. Pour in soil up to quarter way the glass. 3. Add water to the brim of the glass. 4. Now cover the glass, shake it and let it to	Performs an experiment to show that soil contains air and humus Draws the illustrations of the experiments	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Performing an experiment to show that soil contains air and humus Drawing the illustrations of the experiment s	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				settle.							
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Soil formati on	An experiment to prove that soil contains water Things you will need 1. Water 2. Sauce pan 3. Cover 4. Heat source Procedure 1. Get some garden soil and put it in a saucepan. 2. cover the saucepan with another saucepan 3. Put the sauce pan on fire	Carries out an experiment to show that soil contains water Draws the diagram to show that soil contains water	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Carrying out an experiment to show that soil contains water Drawing the diagram to show that soil contains water	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

5	5 Our enviror ment in our divisior	of change	Types of changes in our surroundings 1. Natural changes 2. Human activities /man-made changes Natural changes ⇒ Changes which are brought about by nature are called natural changes ⇒ Man has little or no control over them. Natural changes around us Floods Earthquakes	States the meaning of natural changes Mentions the examples of natural changes	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the meaning of natural changes Mentioning the examples of natural changes	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Flash cards	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
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					Landslides Thunder							
3	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Weathe r and its elemen t	Changes in weather ⇒ Weather is the condition of the atmosphere of a given place at a given time. Weather is made up of the following factor/elements Sunshine Rainfall Humidity Cloud cover	Defines weather Mentions the elements of weather	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining weather Mentioning the elements of weather	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Causes of a natural change s	Causes of changes in the environment Floods ⇒ Draining swamps. ⇒ Too much rain	Gives the causes of floods , drought and landslides	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n	Giving the causes of floods , drought and landslides	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok	

				fall. Drought ⇒ Deforestation ⇒ Too much sunshine. Land slides ⇒ Too much rain fall.		Question and answer demonstr ation		awaren ess		thr ee	
3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Effects of change s in the environ ment	Effects of changes in the environment 1. Floods ⇒ A flood is when there is a lot of running water covering a large place after it has rained. Effects of floods ⇒ Floods kill many people and other animals. ⇒ Floods destroy buildings. ⇒ Floods destroy a lot of	Defines floods Mentions the effects of floods	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining floods Mentioning the effects of floods	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Chalk board illustratio n	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				property in shops and houses. ⇒ Floods cause soil erosion. ⇒ Floods lead to displacement of people.							
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Drought	Drought Drought (natural causes) ⇒ Drought is a long period of sunshine without rain. Effects of drought in the environment ■ Drought causes many changes in the environment t ⇒ Drought destroys crops. ⇒ Animals will die when there	States the meaning of drought Mentions the effects of drought	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the meaning of drought Mentioning the effects of drought	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our daily experien ces	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				are no plants for them to eat as food. ⇒ Drought dries water sources							
5	5	Our environ ment in our division	Managi ng effects of change s in the environ ment	Managing effects of changes in the environment a) Floods ⇒ Dig big trenches to avoid floods. Trenches direct water to the right place. b) Drought ⇒ Planting trees ⇒ Digging valley dams ⇒ Planting drought resistant crops. Land slides ⇒ Avoid building in valleys or at the slopes of hills or	States the effects of changes in the environment	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the effects of changes in the environme nt	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Illustratio n on chalk board	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

					mountains. ⇒ Planting trees							
4	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Chang es in the environ ment through human activitie s	Human activities/man- made changes ⇒ These are changes brought about by people or man. Examples of man- made changes ⇒ Cutting down trees ⇒ Construction of buildings and roads ⇒ Making bridges	Defines man made changes States the examples of man made changes	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining man made changes Stating the examples of man made changes	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Brick building	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
	2	2	Our	Chang	Possible ways of	Gives the ways	Observat	Giving the	Appreci	Brick	Mk	
			environ	es in	managing	of managing	ion	ways of	ation	building	juni	
			ment in	the	people made	man made	Guided	managing	Fluency		or I:Lor	
			our	environ	changes	changes	discovery	man made	Care		liter	
			division	ment	\Rightarrow Planting more		Guided	changes	Love		acy	

		throu hum activ s	⇒ Preserving swamps. ⇒ Dig valley dams to keep water for animals and irrigation of crops. ⇒ Avoiding burning bushes. ⇒ Planting grass. ⇒ Avoid throwing things that do		discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation		critical thinking awaren ess		bo ok thr ee	
3	er m ou	our Air of the strength in ur ivision		Defines air States the components of air Mentions the percentages for each gas	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining air Stating the componen ts of air Mentioning the percentag es for each gas	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing compon ents of air	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	1. Nitrogen - 78% 2. Oxygen - 21% • Properties of air Air has weight.	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr	Identifying the property of air Drawing the property of air	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Balloons	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
5	5	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Air occupies space.	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr	Identifying the property of air Drawing the property of air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Water Glass contain er	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

5	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Air exerts pressure. Water gloss Cardboard Air pressure	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the property of air Drawing the property of air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Water Glass contain er	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Air can be compressed. Compressed air	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the property of air Drawing the property of air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Water Glass contain er	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	 Uses of wind /air ⇒ Wind helps in winnowing. ⇒ Wind helps in 	Mentions the uses of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided	Mentioning the uses of air	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love	Candles Soft drinks	Mk juni or liter acy

				flying kites. ⇒ Wind helps to dry clothes. ⇒ Wind helps to sail boats. ⇒ Wind helps in pollination. ⇒ Wind runs wind mills .		discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation		critical thinking awaren ess		bo ok thr ee	
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Dangers of wind ⇒ Strong wind destroys houses ⇒ Strong wind breaks trees ⇒ Strong wind destroys crops ⇒ Strong winds capsises boats	Gives the dangers of wind /air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Giving the dangers of wind /air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Chalk board illustratio ns	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

5 5 Our environ ment in our division Air and ment in our division States the natural sour ce of heat and light. ⇒ The sun rises in the East and sets in the west. ⇒ When light from the sun is blocked by an opaque object, a shadow is formed. ⇒ In the morning, shadows are formed in the evening shadows are formed in the East. At noon, midday, shadows are shortest. States the main source of light States the discovery directions from which the sun rises and sets Identifies an illustration of a shadow from its objects Mentioning the main source of light States the discovery directions from which the sun rises and sets Identifies an illustration of a shadow from its objects Identifying an illustration of a shadow from illustration	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
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6	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Uses of the sun ⇒ The sun gives us light ⇒ Sun heat helps to keep our bodies warm. ⇒ Sun light helps our bodies to make vitamin D. ⇒ The sun is the source of solar energy. ⇒ The sun dries harvested	Gives the uses of the sun	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Giving the uses of the sun	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
					\Rightarrow The sun dries						

2	er m ou	nviron t nent in	Air and the sun	Dangers of the sun Too much sunshne dries water sources. Too much sunshine makes land too hard to dig. Direct sun heat may lead to skin cancer.	States the dangers of the sun	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the dangers of the sun	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Chalk board illustratio ns	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
3	er m oı	nviron t nent in	Air and the sun	An experiment to show that plants need sunlight. ⇒ Plants need sunlight to grow well ⇒ Sunlight is used by plants to make their own food. Conditions	Performs an experiment to show why plants need light Draws a diagram to show why plants light	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr	Performing an experiment to show why plants need light Drawing a diagram to show why plants light	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Box seeds	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				needed by plants to grow well. ⇒ Sunlight ⇒ Water		ation					
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	water	Rainfall formation ⇒ Rain is the amount of water falling in separate drops from clouds. Process in the rain formation(water cycle) 1. Evaporation ⇒ This the process by which water changes into vapour. 2. Condensation ⇒ This is the process by which vapor changes into water. 3. Transpiration. ⇒ This is the process by	States the meaning of rain Identifies the processes by which rain is formed Defines the processes of rain formation	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the meaning of rain Identifying the processes by which rain is formed Defining the processes of rain formation	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Flash cards	Mk juni or liter acy bo k thr ee	

in the sky. Types of clouds Nimbus clouds Cirrus clouds Cirrus clouds Cumulus clouds Nimbus clouds Nimbus clouds Nimbus clouds Nimbus clouds Nimbus clouds Nimbus clouds They are dark grey in colour Nimbus clouds are the nearest to the earth's surface They give us rain	5	5	Our environ ment in our division	water	 Types of clouds Nimbus clouds Cirrus clouds Stratus clouds Cumulus clouds Nimbus clouds They are dark grey in colour Nimbus clouds are the nearest to the earth's surface ⇒ They give us 	Defines clouds Mentions the types of clouds	n Question and answer demonstr	Defining clouds Mentioning the types of clouds	thinking awaren	A chart showing clouds	ok thr	
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7	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	water	Uses of clouds: ⇒ Nimbus clouds give us rain. ⇒ Clouds cool the environment. ⇒ Clouds protect us from direct	Mentions the uses of clouds	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the uses of clouds	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	water	sun rays. Effects/ dangers of clouds Clouds can bring heavy rainfall which causes floods	States the dangers and effects of clouds	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer	Stating the dangers and effects of clouds	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

						demonstr ation				
3	3	Our environ ment in our division	water	An illustration of water cycle. A- Transportation B- Evaporation	Identifies the processes in the water cycle	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the processes in the water cycle	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing the water cycle	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	water	Measuring rainfall Rainfall is measured using an instrument called a rain gauge. A diagram of a	Identifies the instruments used to measure rain fall Draws the diagram of rain gauge	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and	Identifying the instruments used to measure rain fall Drawing the diagram of	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing a rain gauge	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

rain gauge	answer demonstr ation	rain gauge		
 ⇒ A rain gauge should be placed in an open place to prevent obstruction of rain drop. ⇒ A rain gauge should be placed above the ground level to prevent flowing water and splashing water from entering in the rain gauge. 				

5	5	Our environ ment in our division	water	Importance of rain on soil and animals ⇒ Animals get water for drinking ⇒ Rain water helps plants to grow well ⇒ Rain makes the soil soft and supports plants to grow ⇒ People get water for domestic use. ⇒ Rain makes the environment cool. ⇒ Animals get enough pasture when it rains.	Mentions the uses of rain on soil and animals	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the uses of rain on soil and animals	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Rain water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
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8	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	water	Dangers of rain on soil and animals Too much rain causes landslides Too much rain destroys crops Too much rain kills people and animals	States the dangers of rain on soil and animals	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the dangers of rain on soil and animals	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	School compou nd	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	water	Importance of water water wathing, washing and cooking Animals use it for drinking. ⇒ It is used for irrigation. ⇒ It is used for transportation. ⇒ It helps in seed germination and growth.	Mentions the uses of water to people	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the uses of water to people	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing uses of water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

3	3	Our environ ment in our division	water	Sources of water Natural sources Man-made sources of water Natural sources These sources of water occur naturally e.g. lakes Man-made sources These sources of water are made by man e.g. borehole	Identifies the natural and man-made sources of water	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the natural and manmade sources of water	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing sources of water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	water	Maintenance of water sources Clean all the parts around water sources	Mentions ways of maintaining water sources	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n	Mentioning ways of maintainin g water sources	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking	A chart showing sources of water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok

				Build toilets and latrines 30m away from the water sources Do not bathe in		Question and answer demonstr ation		awaren ess		thr ee
				or near a water source						
5	5	Our environ ment in our division	water	Water harvesting This is the way of collecting water Items Basins Buckets Sauce pans Water tanks	Defines water harvesting Identifies items used to harvest water	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining water harvesting Identifying items used to harvest water	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing sources of water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

SCHEME OF WORK FOR P.3 TERM TWO 2025

W K	P D	DAY	THEME	S/THEM E	CONTENT	COMPETENCES	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	INDI.OF LSV	INSTR. MAT	REF	R E M
1	1	1	Living things in our sub county	Living things	Living things ⇒ Living things are things that have life. ⇒ Types of living things. Plants Animals Characteristic of living things. 1. They breathe 2. They reproduce 3. They feed 4. They move 5. They grow	The learner; defines living things mentions the types of living things outlines characteristics of living things	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	defining living things mentioning the types of living things outlining characteris tics of living things	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	A chart showing different living things	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

2	2	Living	Living	Classes of	Describes the	Guided	Describing	Fluency	A chart	Mk	
		things in our sub county	things	animals ⇒ The following are the classes of animals in our environment. 1. Animals in air e.g. bats , birds 2. Animals in water e.g. fish, crocodile, hippopotamus, whale, etc. 3. Animals on the ground examples; rats, lizards, dogs , rabbits , cats , Types of animals • Domestic animals • Wild animals	different classes of animals in the environment Gives examples under each Defines domestic and wild animals and gives examples	discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer brain storming	the different classes of animals in the environme nt Giving examples under each Defining domestic and wild animals and gives examples	Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	showing different animal in the environ ment	juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

3	3	Living things in our sub county	Living	Characteristic of animals. Some animals have skins which are covered with fur or hairs Some animals have skins which are covered with scales Animals have four legs Some animals have two legs e.g. monkey, gorilla, baboon, Kangaroo etc. Some animals have claws e.g. dogs,	States characteristics of animals and gives examples under each	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating characteris tics of animals and giving examples under each	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	A chart showing animal with different charact eristics	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
4	4	Living things in our sub county	Living things	Habitat ⇒ A habitat is a place where animals live. Examples 1. Water 2. Soil	Tells the meaning of the word habitat Mentions animals and their habitats	Guided discovery Guided discussio n	Telling the meaning of the word habitat Mentioning animals and their	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love	A chart showing different houses for animals	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok	

				3. Bush			Question	habitats	Proble		3
				Home	Animal		and answer		m solving		
				Sty	pig		brain storming		3311119		
				Kraal	cow						
				Kennel	dog						
				Hutch	rabbit						
				House	man						
				Nest	bird						
				Pen	goat						
				Water Bodies	fish						
					lion						
				den							
5	5	Living things in our sub	Birds and insects	Birds These are things with feathers	_	Defines birds Names external parts of the bird	Guided discussio n	Defining birds Naming external	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci	A chart showing the structure	Mk juni or liter
		county					Question and answer	parts of the bird	ation Care Love	of a bird	acy bo ok

					Types of birds. 1. Domestic birds 2. Wild birds Domestic birds Domestic birds are birds that are kept at home. E.g. hen, turkey,		brain storming		Proble m solving		3
2	1	1	Living things in our sub county	Wild Birds	pigeon and duck. Wild birds ⇒ Wild birds are birds which live in the bush , forest e.g. owl ,	Defines wild birds Gives examples of wild birds	Guided discussio n Question	Defining wild birds Gives examples of wild	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation	Pictures of different birds	Mk juni or liter acy

				eagle , dove , ostrich , parrot , crested crane , crow, kite, weaver birds , etc. Characteristics of birds. ⇒ They have feathers. ⇒ They lay eggs. ⇒ Their legs are covered with scales. Habitats for birds. ⇒ A habitat is a home of a bird. e.g. nests , trees	Mentions the habitats of birds	and answer brain storming	birds Mentioning the habitats of birds	Care Love Proble m solving		bo ok 3
2	2	Living things in our sub county	Insects	Insects ⇒ Insects are small creatures with six jointed legs.	Mentions the three main parts of an insect Observes and	Guided discussio n Question	Mentioning the three main parts of an insect	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation	A chart showing different parts of an	Mk juni or liter acy

				Examples of insects White ants Butterflies Tsetse fles Parts of an insect compound eye antenna head thorax leg abdomen wing Their bodies are divided into three main body parts. 1. Head 2. Thorax 3. Abdomen	names parts of an insect Draws and names the parts of an insect Gives the examples of insects	and answer brain storming	Observing and naming parts of an insect Drawing and names the parts of an insect Giving the examples of insects	Care Love Proble m solving	insect	bo ok 3
3	3	Living things in our sub	Insects	Characteristics of insects.	States the characteristics of insects	Guided discussio n	Stating the characteris tics of insects	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci	A chart showing different insects	Mk juni or liter

county	three main body parts. 2. Insects breathe through holes called spiracles. 3. They have six jointed legs. Habitat for insects. Insects stay in different places e.g. soil, plants, water.	Question and answer brain storming	ation Care Love Proble m solving	acy bo ok 3
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4	4	Living things in our sub county	Insects	Caring for bees. ⇒ Provide a hive. ⇒ Provide water for drinking. ⇒ Provide water for drinking. ⇒ Plant flowers for nectar. Caring for birds and animals. 1. Feeding them. 2. Provide shelter or a habitat. 3. Provide water. 4. Clean their homes / habitats 5. Treat them when they are sick. Caring for wild birds and animals. 1. Protect them from hunters. 2. Discourage bush burning. 3. Avoid destroying forests.	States ways of caring for bees Suggests ways of caring for wild birds and animals	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating ways of caring for bees Suggesting ways of caring for wild birds and animals	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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				4. Provide food						
5	5	Living things in our sub county	Plants	Flowering plants; ⇒ Flowering plants are plants which bear flowers. Most flowering plants reproduce by means of seeds. Examples of flowering plants maize plant sweet potato orange plant Parts of a flowering plant. stem leaf	Defines flowering plants Gives the examples of flowering plants Mentions the three main parts of a plant Draws and names the parts of a flowering plant	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining flowering plants Giving the examples of flowering plants Mentioning the three main parts of a plant Drawing and naming the parts of a flowering plant	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3

3	1	1	Living	Plants	Uses of roots to a	States the uses	Guided	Stating the	Fluency	Real	Mk	
3			Living things in our sub county	Plants	plant. ⇒ Roots hold the plant upright in the ground. ⇒ They absorb water and mineral salts from soil. ⇒ Some roots store food for the plant e.g. cassava, carrots, sweet potatoes. Uses of stems to a plant. ⇒ Some stems store food for the plant. ⇒ Some stems store food for the plant. ⇒ Stems transport water and	of roots to a plant Outlines uses of stems to a plant	discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating the uses of roots to a plant Outlining uses of stems to a plant	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	roots Word cards	juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

				from the roots to the leaves. ⇒ Stems hold branches, leaves, fruits and flowers.						
2	2	Living things in our sub county	Plants	Types of root systems. There are two types of root systems namely; 1. Tap root system 2. Fibrous root system. Tap root system Main tap root Root hairs Root cap Examples of plants with tap root system Beans	Mentions the two root systems Gives examples of plants with the tap root system Draws the fibrous root system Mentions plants with fibrous root system	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the two root systems Giving examples of plants with the tap root system Drawing the fibrous root system Mentioning plants with fibrous root system	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	A chart showing the root systems Real roots	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3

				Examples of plant with fibrous root system maize sorghum millet							
3	3	Living things in our sub county	Plants	Types of stems. ⇒ There are four types of stems namely; 1. Upright stems 2. Underground stem 3. Creeping stems 4. Climbing stems Upright stems ⇒ These are stems which grow straight above the soil. Examples of	Mentions the types of stems Defines upright stems Gives examples of plants with upright stems Defines underground stems and gives examples Defines creeping stems and	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the types of stems Defining upright stems Giving examples of plants with upright stems Defining undergrou nd stems and giving	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Plants in the environ ment Onions Ginger Irish potato Sweet potatoes	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

plants which	n gives	examples	
have upright	I =	Defining	
stems		creeping	
1. Banana pl	ant	stems and	
2. maize plar	nt	giving	
Underground		examples	
stems			
\Rightarrow These are ste	ems		
which grow			
underground	d b		
Examples;			
Onions, garlic,			
ginger, Irish			
potatoes, yam:			
turmeric, shallo	ot.		
Onion			
ginger			
Irish potatoes.			
Creeping stem	S		
These are weather			
stems that gro			
spreading alor			
the ground.			

4	4	Living	Climbin	Climbing stems;	Defines	Guided	Defining	Fluency	Climbing	Mk	
		things	g stems	\Rightarrow These are	climbing stems	discussio	climbing	Critical	stems	juni	
		in our		stems which	Gives	n	stems	thinking		or	
		sub		are weak	examples of		Giving	Appreci	Diagram	liter	
		county		and cannot	plants with	Question	examples	ation	s to	асу	
				support	climbing stems	and	of plants	Care	illustrate	bo	
				themselves	States ways	answer	with	Love	Climbing	ok	
				upright.	plants with	brain	climbing	Proble	stems	3	
				Examples of	weak stems	storming	stems	m			
				plants with	climb others		Stating	solving			
				climbing stems;	Observes and		ways plants				
				passion	draws the		with weak				
				white yams	diagrams to		stems				
				vine grapes	show ways		climb				
				sponge plant	pants with		others				
				climbing beans	weak stems		Observing				
				Ebombo	climb others		and				
				Ways plants with			drawing				
				weak stems climb			the				
				others;			diagrams				
				By twinning or			to show				
				clasping			ways pants				
							with weak				
							stems				
				By using tendrils			climb				
				By using hooks			others				

5	5	Living things in our sub county	leaves	Structure of a leaf. Apex Parts of a Leaf Petiole Uses of leaves to a plant Leaves make food for a plant. Plants breathe through stomata found on leaves. Some leaves store food for some plants.	Draws and names the parts of a leaf Gives the uses of leaves to plants	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Drawing and naming the parts of a leaf Giving the uses of leaves to plants	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real leaves A chart showing the structure of a leaf	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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4	1	1	Living	flowers	A flower	Defines a	Guided	Defining a	Fluency	A chart	Mk	
			things		A flower is a part	flower	discovery	flower	Critical	showing	juni	
			in our		of a plant which	Observes and		Observing	thinking	parts of	or	
			sub		produces seeds.	names the	Guided	and	Appreci	a flower	liter	
			county		External parts of a	external parts	discussio	naming the	ation		асу	
Ì					flower	of a flower	n	external	Care		bo	
								parts of a	Love		ok	
					antherstigma		Question	flower	Proble		3	
					filamentstyle		and		m			
					sepal ovules ovary		answer		solving			
					Flower stalk		brain		_			
					Functions of a		storming					
					parts of a flower		_					
					a) Petals							
					⇒ Petals							
					protect the							
					inner parts							
					of a flower.							
					b) Sepals							
					⇒ Sepals							
					protect the							
					flower at							
					bud stage.							
					Uses of a flower							
					top a plant.							
					⇒ The flower							
					helps in							
					reproductio							
					n.							
					η,							

2	2	Living things in our sub county	plants	Use of plants to people / animals ⇒ Some plants are eaten as food. ⇒ Some plants are used as local medicine. Dangers of some plants to people and animals. ⇒ Some plants are poisonous to people and animals when eaten. ⇒ Some plants have thorns which prick people. ⇒ Plants keep some pests, vectors and some dangerous	States the uses of plants to people States the dangers of plants to people and animals	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating the uses of plants to people Stating the dangers of plants to people and animals	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Word	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

3	3	Living things in our sub county	Crop growin g practic es	Crop growing practices. ⇒ Crop growing practices are activities done by a farmer when growing crops. Examples of crop growing practices. ⇒ Clearing land-digging / ploughing the land Clearing land ⇒ This is the first step of crop growing practices. Ways of clearing land. o by slashing o	Defines crop growing practices Gives the examples of crop growing practices Mentions different ways of clearing land Gives examples of planting materials	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining crop growing practices Giving the examples of crop growing practices Mentioning different ways of clearing land Giving examples of planting materials	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real seeds	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
				practices. Ways of clearing land.							

							T			
				plant that can be planted. Examples of planting materials. seeds like bean seeds, maize, seeds, millet seed vines e.g. sweet potatoes stem cuttings e.g. cassava stems suckers like banana crown e.g. pineapple						
4	4	Living things in our sub county	Planting	Planting Planting is putting of planting materials into the soil. Ways of planting (methods) 1. Row planting	Defines planting Mentions ways of planting Defines row planting Gives examples of crops planted	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and	Defining planting Mentioning ways of planting Defines row planting Giving examples	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m	A chart showing ways of planting	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3

Row plays sowing scattering method are proved in rows. Example crops the solution of the solu	planting Defines broad casting Gives planted in s or lines. les of hat can be Defines broad casting Gives examples of crops planted by broad casting	brain pla storming row Dro illus for pla Der bro cas Giv	awing an stration row unting fining bad sting	
scatteri method ⇒ In ro met are rows Examp crops tl planted include beans maize cassav illustrati Broadc method ⇒ In th of p seed scat the g	planting Defines broad casting Gives planted in s or lines. les of hat can be d in rows e;- casting Draws an illustration of broad casting d is method lanting, ds are just rered in garden. les of hat can be cast	Dro illus for pla Der bro cas Giv exc of o pla bro cas Dro illus of k	awing an stration row anting fining bad sting	

5	5	Living things in our sub county	Caring for crops	Care for crops. Example; Weeding ⇒ This is the removal of unwanted plants from the garden. The unwanted plants are called weeds. Importance of weeding ⇒ It helps to control pests. Mulching ⇒ Mulching is the covering of top soil with dry plant materials like grass, leaves, sticks Importance ⇒ It helps to keep water or	Defines the term weeding States the importance of weeding Defines mulching Gives examples of mulches States the importance of mulching	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining the term weeding Stating the importanc e of weeding Defining mulching Giving examples of mulches Stating the importanc e of mulching	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Hoe	Mk juni or liter acy	
				•							

		1	1		T	T	1			1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
5	1	1	Living	Pruning	Pruning	Defines	Guided	Defining	Fluency	Pruning	Mk	
			things	and	\Rightarrow Pruning is the	pruning	discovery	pruning	Critical	saw	juni	
			in our	thinning	removal of	States the		Stating the	thinking		or	
			sub		unwanted	importance of	Guided	importanc	Appreci		liter	
			county		branches	pruning	discussio	e of	ation		асу	
					from the	Defines	n	pruning	Care		bo	
					plant?	thinning		Defining	Love		ok	
					\Rightarrow It also helps to	States the	Question	thinning	Proble		3	
					control pests.	importance of	and	Stating the	m			
					Thinning	thinning	answer	importanc	solving			
					⇒ Thinning is the	Discusses	brain	e of				
					removal of	watering	storming	thinning				
					excess crops	_		Discussing				
					from the			watering				
					garden in							
					order to							
					create space							
					for the growing							
					crops.							
					Importance							
					⇒ It reduces							
					competition of							
					the crops for							
					sunlight, water,							
					Watering							
					⇒ Watering of							
					crops is done							
					in dry season.							
					11 41, 3043011.							

2	2	Living things in our sub county	Sprayin g and staking	Spraying; ⇒ Spraying is the applying of chemicals to plants to kill pests and control diseases. ⇒ The chemicals used for spraying are called pesticides. Staking ⇒ This is the giving of extra support to the growing crop. ⇒ Staking prevents plants from falling.	Defines spraying Discusses staking	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining spraying Discussing staking	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Knapsac k sprayer	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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3	3	Living things in our sub county	Croprotation	of diffe types on the	otation growing erent of crops same of land n after n.	Defines crop rotation States the importance of crop rotation	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining crop rotation Stating the importance of crop rotation	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Chart showing the illustratio n of crop rotation	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
					tion							

4	4	Living things in our sub county	Garden tools	used farme garde farm. ⇒ Below some	e are coment by a er in the een or v are of the en tools by	Defines garden tools Draws and names the garden tools Gives the uses of different garden tools	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining garden tools Drawing and naming the garden tools Giving the uses of different garden tools	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real garden tools	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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5	th in su	iving nings n our ub county	Garden tools	Rake	-For collectin gdry weeds. For kæling soil on a nursery bedFor slashing	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Drawing and naming the garden tools Giving the uses of different garden tools	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real garden tools	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
				slashe r An axe	-For cutting big trees -For splitting firewoo d						

		 		1	<u> </u>				İ		
6	1	1	Living	Caring	Ways of caring for	States ways of	Guided	Stating	Fluency	Real	Mk
			things	for	garden tools.	caring for	discovery	ways of	Critical	garden	juni
			in our	garden	⇒ Garden tools	garden tools		caring for	thinking	tools	or
			sub	tools	have to be	_	Guided	garden	Appreci		liter
			county		cared for in		discussio	tools	ation		acy
			•		order to do		n		Care		bo
					work well and				Love		l ok
					last long.		Question		Proble		3
					\Rightarrow We can care		and		m		
					for garden		answer		solving		
					tools in the		brain				
					following		storming				
					ways.						
					1. Keep the tools						
					in a clean dry						
					place.						
					2. Paint the tools						
					to avoid						
					rusting.						
					3. Clean the						
					tools after use						
					and before						
					storing them.						
					4. Oil them or						
					grease them						

2	2	Living things in our sub county	Nursery	 ⇒ A nursery bed is a place where seedlings are raised before taken to the main garden. Importance of a nursery bed ⇒ It provides shelter to the seedlings. ⇒ It gives farmers time to prepare the main garden. ⇒ Proper care is given to seedlings. ⇒ There is proper selection of seedlings for planting. Crops that can be grown in a nursery bed. cabbage onions carrots 	Defines a nursery bed States the importance of a nursery bed Draws the structure of a nursery bed Mentions crops Raised in the nursery bed	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining a nursery bed Stating the importanc e of a nursery bed Drawing the structure of a nursery bed Mentioning crops Raised in the nursery bed	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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3	3	Living things in our sub county	germin ation	Germination ⇒ Germination is the growing of a seed into a seedling. Conditions for germination. 1. oxygen 2. water / 3. warmth An experiment to show that seeds. Need water, oxygen and warmth to germinate. Things we need. Seeds, containers, soil, oil, ice, water. Procedure; ⇒ Get all the above items in the list above, plant your seeds as illustrated below	Defines germination Mentions the conditions for germination	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining germination Mentioning the conditions for germination	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Seeds water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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4	4	Living things in our sub county	Types of germin ation	Types of germination. I) Epigeal germination II) hypogeal germination Epigeal germination This is the type of germination in which the cotyledon comes Examples of seeds that undergo epigeal germination 1. Beans 2. Soya Hypogeal germination ⇒ This is a type of germination in which the cotyledon remains in the ground. ⇒ It takes place in maize, rice.	Mentions the two types of germination Defines each type of germination Draws the types of germination Gives the examples of crops that undergo each type of germination	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the two types of germinatio n Defining each type of germinatio n Drawing the types of germinatio n Giving the examples of crops that undergo each type of germinatio n	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	practica	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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5	5	Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Saving resourc es	Resources ⇒ Resources are things that satisfy human needs. Examples of basic resources. water money land food fuel time minerals animals forests air Ways of saving resources ⇒ Turn off the water taps when not in use. ⇒ Turn off the electricity when not in use. ⇒ Recycling ⇒ Planting more trees	Defines the term resources Gives examples of basic resources Mentions the ways of saving resources	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining the term resources Giving examples of basic resources Mentioning the ways of saving resources	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real objects	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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7	1	1	Managi	Saving	Reasons for	States why we	Guided	Stating why	Fluency		Mk
			ng	resourc	saving resource	save resources	discovery	we save	Critical	Real	juni
			resourc	es	⇒ To reduce	Defines the		resources	thinking	objects	or
			es in		costs e.g.	term records	Guided	Defining	Appreci		liter
			our sub		electric bill.	Gives	discussio	the term	ation		асу
			county		\Rightarrow To avoid	examples of	n	records	Care		bo
					wastage	records kept		Giving	Love		ok
					Keeping records	at home and	Question	examples	Proble		3
					on daily activities.	school	and	of records	m		
					⇒ Records are		answer	kept at	solving		
					documents		brain	home and			
					kept and used		storming	school			
					for further						
					reference						
					Examples of						
					records kept at						
					home, and at						
					school						
					a) At home						
					Electricity bills						
					Health / medical						
					reports						
					b) At school						
					⇒ Register						
					⇒ Money spent						
					on food and						
					water						
					⇒ Number of						
					support staff						
		L	<u> </u>						l		

2	2	Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Saving resourc es	Importance of keeping records. ⇒ They help people to avoid being cheated. ⇒ They help people to know their income and expenditure ⇒ They help in proper planning. They enable people to be taxed fairly	Mentions the importance of keeping records	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the importanc e of keeping records	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real objects	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
3	3	Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Spendi ng resourc es	Spending ⇒ Spending is the buying of things using money. Things we use and spend on. food medication water school fees clothes	Defines spending States the things we use and spend on Identifies the ways of spending wisely Gives the importance of spending	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining spending Stating the things we use and spend on Identifying the ways of spending wisely Giving the importanc	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real objects	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

shelter electricity transport Ways of spending wisely / importance ⇒ By budgeting ⇒ By negotiating or bargaining	wisely	e of spending wisely		
 ⇒ By comparing prices. ⇒ By comparing the quality and quantity. Importance of spending wisely. ⇒ It controls cheating. ⇒ It controls over spending ⇒ It helps one to save ⇒ It helps one to get quality items. 				

4	4	Managi	projects	Projects;		Defines	Guided	Defining	Fluency		Mk
'	-	ng	15. 5, 50.0		⇒ Projec		discovery	projects	Critical	Pictures	juni
		resourc			activiti			Giving	thinking	showing	or
		es in				examples of	Guided	examples	Appreci	the	liter
		our sub			get	projects	discussio	of projects	ation	projects	асу
		county			•	Mentions the	n	Mentioning	Care	'	bo
		,				requirements		the	Love		ok
						for starting a	Question	requiremen	Proble		3
					Examples	_	and	ts for	m		
					projects.		answer	starting a	solving		
					Bee keep		brain	project			
					Fish farmi		storming				
					poultry ke						
					cattle ke						
					Tree plan						
					crop grov						
					Brick mak						
					goat rear						
					Preparing						
					projects.						
					Before sto						
					project, c						
					needs the						
					following						
					money						
					transport						
					market						
				J	labour						

5	5	Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Managi ng a project	Managing a project. ⇒ Projects should be well managed in order to produce profits. Ways of managing a project. Record keeping maintenance Good administration commitment Division of labour supervision Importance of projects ⇒ They help us to get jobs. ⇒ They keep us busy to avoid bad groups ⇒ They help us to earn money.	States why managing a project well is of a benefit Gives the ways of managing a project Mentions the importance of a project	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating why managing a project well is of a benefit Giving the ways of managing a project Mentioning the importanc e of a project	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Word	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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SCHEME OF WORK FOR P.3 TERM THREE 2025

W K	P D	DA Y	THEME	S/THEM	CONTENT	COMPETENCES	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	INDI.OF LSV	INSTR. MAT	RE F	R
		•		_						7417-41	•	M
1	1	1	Health	Diseas	The concept and	Defines vectors	Guided	Defining	Fluency	Real	М	
			in our	е	meaning of vectors,	Mentions	discovery	vectors		vecto	k	
			sub	vector	A vector is an	examples of	Guided	Mentioning	Critical	r	Jυ	
			county	S	organism that	vectors	discussion	examples of	thinking	Α	ni	
					spreads disease		Brain	vectors	Care	chart	or	
					germs.		storming			showi	Lit	
					A germ is a tiny				love	ng	er	
					living organism that					vecto	ac	
					causes diseases.					rs	У	
					Common vectors						Во	
					and characteristics						ok	
					Examples of vectors						3	
					Mosquitoes							
					House flies							

2	2	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Characteristics of vectors. ⇒ Some vectors suck blood from other animals. ⇒ Some vectors	States characteristics of vectors	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating characteristi cs of vectors	Fluency Critical thinking Care	Real vecto r A chart showi ng	M k Ju ni or Lit er
				live in dirty places. ⇒ Some vectors have the proboscis for sucking blood. Some vectors have the hairy body for carrying germs					vecto rs	ac y Bo ok 3
3	3	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Life cycle of vectors House fly Houseflies are found in dirty places like latrines and rubbish pits External parts of a housefly. Compound Abdome Life cycle of vectors Housefly Housefly Wings	Identifies the external parts of a house fly States the characteristics of a house fly	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Identifying the external parts of a house fly Stating the characteristi cs of a house fly	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a house fly	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3

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4	4	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Characteristics of a house fly A house fly has three main body parts Life cycle of a housefly. A house fly undergoes a complete metamorphosis.	Identifies the stages in the lifecycle of a house fly Names the states in the life cycle of a house fly	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Identifying the stages in the lifecycle of a house fly Naming the states in the life cycle of a house fly	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of the life cycle of a house fly	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
5	5	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Types of mosquitoes 1. Anopheles mosquitoes 2. Tiger / aedes mosquitoes 3. culex mosquitoes External parts of a mosquito	Identifies the types of mosquitoes Names the external parts of a mosquito	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Identifying the types of mosquitoes Naming the external parts of a mosquito	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a mosq	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac	

					proboscis feeler / antenna Thorax Abdomen leg					uito	y Bo ok 3	
2	1	1	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Characteristics of mosquitoes 1. Mosquitoes lay their eggs in stagnant (still) water. 2. Mosquitoes use proboscis to bite and suck blood from people. The life cycle of a mosquito. A mosquito undergoes a complete metamorphosis	States the characteristics of mosquitoes Identifies the stages in the life cycle of a mosquito	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating the characteristics of mosquitoes Identifying the stages in the life cycle of a mosquito	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a life cycle of a mosq uito	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

-		T	T	1		1	T	T		, ,	
				Adult Pupa							
2	2	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Cockroaches - Cockroaches are brown winged insects. Where cockroaches are found. i)pit latrines ii) cracks on walls iii) dark corners External parts of a cockroach Antenna Leg Wing	Mentions the places where cockroaches can be Name the external parts of a cockroach	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the places where cockroache s can be Naming the external parts of a cockroach	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a cockr oach	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

3	3	Health	Diseas	Dangers of	Mentions the	Guided	Mentioning	Fluency	chart	M	
		in our	e	cockroaches.	dangers of	discovery	the dangers	<u> </u>	showi	k	
		sub .	vector	They spread germs	cockroach	Guided	of	Critical	ng	Jυ	
		county	S	that cause diseases.	Mentions the	discussion	cockroach	thinking	the	ni	
				They destroy our	economic	Brain	Mentioning	Care	struct	or	
				property like books	importance of	storming	the		ure of	Lit	
				and clothes.	vectors		economic	love	the	er	
					Names the		importance		life	ac	
				The life cycle of a	stages in the life		of vectors		cycle	У	
				cockroach.	cycle of a		Naming the		of a	Во	
				A cockroach	cockroach		stages in the		cockr	ok	
				undergoes			life cycle of		oach	3	
				incomplete			а				
				metamorphosis			cockroach				
				It has three stages.							
				Nymph							
				Economic							
				importance of							
				vectors.							
				Vectors spread							
				germs that cause							
_				diseases.							
4	4	Health	Diseas	The concept and	Mentions signs	Guided	Mentioning	Fluency		М	
		in our	е	meaning of	and symptoms of	discovery	signs and		Flash	k	
		sub	vector	diseases.	malaria	Guided	symptoms of	Critical	cards	Jυ	
		<u> </u>									

county	S	Diseases spread by mosquitoes.	States the ways of preventing malaria	discussion Brain storming	malaria Stating the ways of	thinking Care	
		Malaria Malaria is spread by a female anopheles mosquito. Signs and symptoms of malaria 1. Body weakness 2. high temperature(fev er) 3. headache 4. Rapid breathing. 5. Shivering			preventing malaria	love	
		Ways of preventing malaria ⇒ Draining stagnant water around homes. ⇒ Spraying using insecticides ⇒ Pouring oil on stagnant water.					

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5	5	Health	Diseas	Diseases spread by	Mentions the	Guided	Mentioning	Fluency		M	
		in our	е	a housefly.	diseases spread	discovery	the diseases		Flash	k	
		sub	vector	✓ cholera	by a house fly	Guided	spread by a	Critical	cards	Jυ	
		county	S	✓ typhoid	States ways of	discussion	house fly	thinking		ni	
		!		✓ Diarrhoea	controlling	Brain	Stating ways	Care		or	
				✓ trachoma	diseases spread	storming	of			Lit	
				✓ dysentery	by house flies	_	controlling	love		er	
				How a housefly is			diseases			ac	
				able to spread			spread by			y	
				diseases.			house flies			Во	
				✓ It has a hairy						ok	
				body that						3	
				carries germs							
				from dirty							
				places into our							
				food.							
				Ways of controlling							
				diseases spread by							
				houseflies.							
				✓ By covering							
				left over food.							
				1011 0 101 1000.							

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1	1	Health	Diseas							Fluency			
		in our	е	othe	<u>r vect</u>	ors.						k	
		sub	vector		Ve	Disea	by other vectors	Guided	spread by	Critical	cards	Jυ	
		county	S		cto	se		discussion	other	thinking		ni	
					r			Brain	vectors	Care		or	
					itch	scabi		storming				Lit	
					mit	es				love		er	
					es							ac	
					rat	bubo						У	
					flea	nic						Во	
					S	plag						ok	
						ue						3	
					lice	Rela							
						psing							
						fever							
					tick	typh							
					S	US							
						fever							
					wat	bilhar							
					er	ziasis							
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					1								
					bla	River							
					ck	blind							
					fly	ness							
					•								
	1		sub	in our e sub vector	in our e othe sub vector	in our sub vector county s other vector cto r itch mit es rat flea s lice tick s wat er snai l bla ck	in our sub vector county s other vectors. Ve Disea cto se r itch scabi mit es es rat bubo flea nic s plag ue lice Rela psing fever tick typh s us fever wat bilhar er ziasis snai l bla River ck blind	in our sub county sub	in our sub county sub	in our sub county s	in our sub vector county s vector s vector sub vector s v	other vectors by other vectors of series of the country sub countr	in our sub vector county sub vector county sub vector s

2	2	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Ways through which vectors spread diseases 1. Through bites 2. Through the 4Fs chain Diseases spread through bites - Malaria - elephantiasis - typhus fever - sleeping sickness - yellow fever - relapsing fever Diseases spread through 4Fs chain - diarrhoea - dysentery	Mentions ways through which vectors spread diseases	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning ways through which vectors spread diseases	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

3	3	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Prevention and controlling vectors - Proper disposal of human wastes. (defecating and urinating in latrines or toilets) - Slashing tall bushes near our homes By spraying vectors using insecticides.	Mentions ways of controlling vectors	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning ways of controlling vectors	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
4	4	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	HIV / AIDS HIV in full is Human immunodeficiency virus. Ways of spread. ⇒ Through have unprotected sex with an infected person. ⇒ Through sharing sharp objects like needles, razor blades, nail cutters with an infected person. ⇒ Through	States the meaning of HIV/AIDS Mentions ways through which HIV is spread	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating the meaning of HIV/AIDS Mentioning ways through which HIV is spread	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				accidents. ⇒ At birth from mother to child. ⇒ Through cultural practices like circumcision.							
5	5	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Effects of HIV - AIDS ⇒ It leads to death. ⇒ Falling sick all the time. ⇒ Loss of employment when one is sick. ⇒ It brings poverty in a home ⇒ Self-neglect ⇒ It causes stigma Care for HIV / AIDS patients ⇒ Feeding the patients on a balanced diet. ⇒ Guidance and	States the effects of HIV/AIDS States ways how to care for HIV/AIDS	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating the effects of HIV/AIDS Stating ways how to care for HIV/AIDS	Critical thinking Care	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

					counseling.							
4	1	1	Health in our sub county	HIV/AI DS	Control measures ⇒ Abstain from sex. ⇒ Do not share sharp objects ⇒ Use gloves when helping HIV / AIDS patients. ⇒ Test the blood before you go for blood transfusion. ⇒ Follow PIASCY messages.	Mentions the control measures for HIV/AIDS	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the control measures for HIV/AIDS	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

2	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	The concept of technology. Technology is the way of doing things practically. Natural materials ⇒ These are	Defines technology Identifies the natural materials and their characteristics	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Defining technology Identifying the natural materials and their characteristi	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er	
			by God. Examples of Natural materials. Banana fibres Sisal Clay Palm leaves Animal skin Raffia Papyrus reeds Tree trunks seeds Characteristic of natural materials ⇒ Some are rough while others are						y Bo ok 3	

				papers							
5	5	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy		Gives the examples of materials and their sources	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Giving the examples of materials and their sources	Critical thinking Care	Clay Papyr us Palm leave s	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

					sand reeds clay bana na fibre	swamp							
5	1	1	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy		ts from I materials. Products	Gives examples of materials and their products	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain	Giving examples of materials and their products	Fluency Critical thinking Care	Clay Papyr us Palm leave	M k Ju ni or	
					cla 1	pots , cups , plates , bricks , flowers vases, tiles etc.		storming		love	S	Lit er ac y Bo	
					m lea ves	mats , bags , hats , etc. mats , bags						ok 3	
					us Us								

ba mats, ropes, na dolls, bag
na lasiis, sag
fibr
sisa ropes, door
I mats, sacks,
bags
raff raffia skirts,
ia brooms,
mats
ani bags, belts,
ma brooms,
I mats
skin
ds bracelets,
earrings
tre Mortars,
e pestles,
tru stools, drums
nks

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2	2	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	from mathematical states and the states are states as the states are states as the states are states are states are states as the states are s	s of products got n natural derials. The products can be sold for money. (a source of income) Some products are used as utensils.		Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the use of products got from natural materials	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Raffia Drum Bells ropes	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
3	3	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy		mats, bags, ropes candles, plates, cups, buckets,	Mentions the products got from artificial crowns materials	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the products got from artificial materials	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Beads pape rs	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				s chairs etc. B necklaces, e rosaries, a anklets,, d bags, s wallets							
4	4	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	Uses of products made from artificial materials. - We sell them and get money. - They are used for playing. - They can be used for decoration. - They are used for weaving mats, baskets. - They are used for study purpose.	Mentions the uses of products made from artificial materials	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the uses of products made from artificial materials	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Chalk boar d illustra tion	M k JU ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

			1	t		i			i			
6	1	1	Energy	energy	Air / wind as a	Mentions the	Guided	Mentioning	Fluency	Chalk	М	
			in our		source of energy.	uses of the sun as	discovery	the uses of		boar	k	
			sub		- Wind helps in	a source of	Guided	the sun as a	Critical	d	Jυ	
			county		turning wind mills.	energy	discussion	source of	thinking	illustra	ni	
•					- Wind is also used in		Brain	energy	Care	tion	or	
					turning of turbines		storming				Lit	
					that help in				love		er	
					generating						ac	
					electricity.						У	
					The sun as a source						Во	
					of energy.						ok	
					- The sun provides us						3	
					with solar energy.							
					- The sun provides							
					plants with light to							
					make their own							
					food.							
					- The sun helps dry							
					our harvested crops							
					and wet clothes							
				l	<u> </u>			l	J			

2	2	Energy in our sub county	energy	Artificial sources of energy These are sources of energy made by man. Examples of artificial sources of energy electricity - charcoal - diesel - petrol - paraffin - gas - firewood Uses of electricity; - It is used for lighting It is used for cooking. Charcoal Charcoal is used for cooking. Charcoal is used for ironing clothes	Gives examples of artificial sources of energy Mentions uses of electricity and wood fuel	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Giving examples of artificial sources of energy Mentioning uses of electricity and wood fuel	Critical thinking Care love	Chalk boar d illustra tion	MkJ notited y Bok3	
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4	$\overline{}$											
3	3 3	i	Energy in our sub county	Ways of saving energy	Ways of conserving electricity - By using energy saving bulbs and stoves - By switching off electric appliances when not in use. - By planting trees. - By recycling Importance of saving energy. - To avoid wastage - To reduce costs - For future use	Mentions ways of saving energy States the importance of saving energy	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning ways of saving energy Stating the importance of saving energy	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Chalk boar d illustra tion	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
4	1 4	i	Energy in our sub county	Uses of energy	Use of energy - Heat energy from the sun dries harvested crops Light energy enables us to see Fast flowing water produces hydro – electricity Wind runs wind mills Solar energy gives us solar electricity.	States uses of energy	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating uses of energy	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Chalk boar d illustra tion	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				 Light energy enables plants to make their own food. For running machines. Electricity is used for cooking food, lighting, running machines 							
5	5	Dange rs of energy and ways of mana ging dange rs associ ated with energy	Dange r of energy	Dangers associated with energy. - Electricity shocks people if not handled well. - It can lead to fire out breaks. - Strong wind destroys houses and plants. - Strong wind causes soil erosion. - Prolonged sunshine causes drought.	Mentions the dangers of energy	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the dangers of energy	Critical thinking Care	Word cards	N N S in o Li e α > B o k o s o in E v S o k o s o in E v S o k o in E v S	

7	1	1	Dange	Ways	Ways of avoiding	States the ways	Guided	Stating the	Fluency	Word	М	
			rs of	of	problems	of avoiding	discovery	ways of		cards	k	
			energy	avoidi	associated with	dangers	Guided	avoiding	Critical		Jυ	
			and	ng	energy.	associated with	discussion	dangers	thinking		ni	
			ways	dange	- By covering	energy	Brain	associated	Care		or	
			of	rs	electric wires with		storming	with energy			Lit	
			mana	associ	insulators.		_		love		er	
			ging	ated	- By using fire						ac	
			dange	with	extinguishers.						У	
			rs	energy	- By planting trees.						Во	
			associ		- By carrying out						ok	
			ated		irrigation.						3	
			with									
			energy									