SCHEME OF WORK FOR P.3 TERM ONE



W K	P D	DAY	THEME	S/THEM E	CONTENT	COMPETENCES	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	INDI.OF LSV	INSTR. MAT	REF	R E M
1 1	1 1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Soil	Soil Soil is the top layer that covers the earth's surface Components/co mposition of soil Rock particles - Humus/Organi c matter Importance of	The learner; States the meaning of soil Mentions the components of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the meaning of soil Mentioning the componen ts of soil	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	E M
					each component of environment (a) Water							

				Importance of water in the soil - Water dissolves mineral salts in the soil so that they can be absorbed by plant roots. b) Air - Air helps living things in to breathe. c) Humus - Humus makes the soil fertile for plant growth. Living organisms - Aerate the soil. Examples of living organisms - Rats - Bacteria						
2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Soil	Types of soil and their texture 1. Loam soil 2. Sand soil 3. Clay soil	Mentions the types of soil Compares different types of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided	Mentioning the types of soil Comparing different	Appreciation Fluency Care Love	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy

						aracteristics of erent types of		discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	types of soil	critical thinking awaren ess		bo ok thr ee	
3	3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Soil	CI a y s oi I	 ⇒ Clay soil is made of very small, smooth fine particles of soil. ⇒ Clay soil particles are very close to each other ⇒ It has a uniform mixture of sand, clay and humus ⇒ It is dark in colour 	Mentions the types of soil Compares different types of soil	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the types of soil Comparing different types of soil	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Soil texture	roughn smooth soil. Texture	cture is the ness or hness of e of nt types of texture		Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Giving the meaning of soil texture Identifying the textures of types of soil	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
5	5	Our environ ment in our division	Soil profile	the verti arra	of soil profile is natural tical angements oil layers.	Defines soil profile Identifies the layers of the soil profile	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr	Defining soil profile Identifying the layers of the soil profile	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing soil profile	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

					⇒ -The different		ation					
					layers of soil							
					profile are							
					easily seen in							
					1. Dug pit							
					2. Cliff							
2	1	1	Our	Uses of	Uses of soil	States the uses	Observat	Stating the	Appreci	Soil	Mk	
			environ	soil	⇒ We grow	of different	ion	uses of	ation	sample	juni	
			ment in		crops in the	types of soil	Guided	different	Fluency		or	
			our		soil	, ,	discovery	types of soil	Care		liter	
			division		⇒ We use		Guided	, .	Love		асу	
					sand soil in		discussio		critical		bo	
					making of		n		thinking		ok	
					glass		Question		awaren		thr	
					⇒ Building, or		and		ess		ee	
					construction		answer					
					Uses of sand soil		demonstr					
					⇒ For building		ation					
					houses							
					⇒ For making							
					bricks							
					⇒ For making							
					glasses							
					⇒ For making							
					sand paper							
					Uses of clay soil							
					⇒ For pottery							
					⇒ For making							
					bricks							

				⇒ For making tiles							
2	2	2 Our enviror ment in our divisior	on	Soil formation ⇒ Soil is formed in two ways/methods namely. 1. Decomposition 2. Weathering a)Decomposition Causes of decomposition Fungi ✓ Bacteria b) Weathering is the breaking down of small rock particles from the parent or main rock to form soil.	States ways through which soil is formed Defines the term weathering	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating ways through which soil is formed Defining the term weathering	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				Causes of weathering ✓ Earth quake							
3	e n o	Our environ ment in our division	Soil formati on	Experiments about soil components a) An experiment to prove that soil contains humus Things to be used (Apparatus) 1. Soil sample 2. Empty glass, 3. Water Steps followed 1. Get a big glass 2. Pour in soil up to quarter way the glass. 3. Add water to the brim of the glass. 4. Now cover the glass, shake it and let it to	Performs an experiment to show that soil contains air and humus Draws the illustrations of the experiments	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Performing an experiment to show that soil contains air and humus Drawing the illustrations of the experiment s	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				settle.							
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Soil formati on	An experiment to prove that soil contains water Things you will need 1. Water 2. Sauce pan 3. Cover 4. Heat source Procedure 1. Get some garden soil and put it in a saucepan. 2. cover the saucepan with another saucepan 3. Put the sauce pan on fire	Carries out an experiment to show that soil contains water Draws the diagram to show that soil contains water	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Carrying out an experiment to show that soil contains water Drawing the diagram to show that soil contains water	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Soil samples	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

5	5	Our environ ment in our division	Natural causes of change s in the environ ment	Types of changes in our surroundings 1. Natural changes 2. Human activities /man-made changes Natural changes ⇒ Changes which are brought about by nature are called natural changes	States the meaning of natural changes Mentions the examples of natural changes	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the meaning of natural changes Mentioning the examples of natural changes	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Flash cards	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
				by nature are						

					Landslides Thunder							
3	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Weathe r and its elemen t	Changes in weather ⇒ Weather is the condition of the atmosphere of a given place at a given time. Weather is made up of the following factor/elements Sunshine Rainfall Humidity Cloud cover	Defines weather Mentions the elements of weather	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining weather Mentioning the elements of weather	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Causes of a natural change s	Causes of changes in the environment Floods ⇒ Draining swamps. ⇒ Too much rain	Gives the causes of floods , drought and landslides	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n	Giving the causes of floods , drought and landslides	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok	

				fall. Drought ⇒ Deforestation ⇒ Too much sunshine. Land slides ⇒ Too much rain fall.		Question and answer demonstr ation		awaren ess		thr ee
3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Effects of change s in the environ ment	Effects of changes in the environment 1. Floods ⇒ A flood is when there is a lot of running water covering a large place after it has rained. Effects of floods ⇒ Floods kill many people and other animals. ⇒ Floods destroy buildings. ⇒ Floods destroy a lot of	Defines floods Mentions the effects of floods	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining floods Mentioning the effects of floods	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Chalk board illustratio n	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

				property in shops and houses. ⇒ Floods cause soil erosion. ⇒ Floods lead to displacement of people.							
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Drought	Drought Drought (natural causes) ⇒ Drought is a long period of sunshine without rain. Effects of drought in the environment ■ Drought causes many changes in the environment t ⇒ Drought destroys crops. ⇒ Animals will die when there	States the meaning of drought Mentions the effects of drought	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the meaning of drought Mentioning the effects of drought	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our daily experien ces	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				are no plants for them to eat as food. ⇒ Drought dries water sources							
5	5	Our environ ment in our division	Managi ng effects of change s in the environ ment	Managing effects of changes in the environment a) Floods ⇒ Dig big trenches to avoid floods. Trenches direct water to the right place. b) Drought ⇒ Planting trees ⇒ Digging valley dams ⇒ Planting drought resistant crops. Land slides ⇒ Avoid building in valleys or at the slopes of hills or	States the effects of changes in the environment	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the effects of changes in the environme nt	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Illustratio n on chalk board	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

					mountains. ⇒ Planting trees							
4	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Chang es in the environ ment through human activitie s	Human activities/man- made changes ⇒ These are changes brought about by people or man. Examples of man- made changes ⇒ Cutting down trees ⇒ Construction of buildings and roads ⇒ Making bridges	Defines man made changes States the examples of man made changes	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining man made changes Stating the examples of man made changes	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Brick building	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
	2	2	Our	Chang	Possible ways of	Gives the ways	Observat	Giving the	Appreci	Brick	Mk	
			environ ment in	es in the	managing people made	of managing man made	ion Guided	ways of managing	ation Fluency	building	juni or	
			our	environ	changes	changes	discovery	man made	Care		liter	
			division	ment	⇒ Planting more		Guided	changes	Love		асу	

			through human activitie s	trees. ⇒ Preserving swamps. ⇒ Dig valley dams to keep water for animals and irrigation of crops. ⇒ Avoiding burning bushes. ⇒ Planting grass. ⇒ Avoid throwing things that do not rot into soil.		discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation		critical thinking awaren ess		bo ok thr ee
3	e n o	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	 Air Air is a mixture of gases Components of air Nitrogen Oxygen Carbohydrates Rare gases Percentage of gases in the atmosphere 	Defines air States the components of air Mentions the percentages for each gas	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining air Stating the componen ts of air Mentioning the percentag es for each gas	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing compon ents of air	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	1. Nitrogen - 78% 2. Oxygen - 21% • Properties of air Air has weight.	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio	Identifying the property of air Drawing the	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical	Balloons	Mk juni or liter acy bo
				air 217		n Question and answer demonstr ation	property of air	thinking awaren ess		ok thr ee
5	5	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Air occupies space.	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the property of air Drawing the property of air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Water Glass contain er	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

5	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Air exerts pressure. Water glass Cardboard Air pressure	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the property of air Drawing the property of air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Water Glass contain er	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Air can be compressed. Compressed air	Identifies the property of air Draws the property of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the property of air Drawing the property of air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Water Glass contain er	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	 Uses of wind /air ⇒ Wind helps in winnowing. ⇒ Wind helps in 	Mentions the uses of air	Observation Guided discovery Guided	Mentioning the uses of air	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love	Candles Soft drinks	Mk juni or liter acy

				flying kites. ⇒ Wind helps to dry clothes. ⇒ Wind helps to sail boats. ⇒ Wind helps in pollination. ⇒ Wind runs wind mills .		discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation		critical thinking awaren ess		bo ok thr ee
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	 Dangers of wind ⇒ Strong wind destroys houses ⇒ Strong wind breaks trees ⇒ Strong wind destroys crops ⇒ Strong winds capsises boats 	Gives the dangers of wind /air	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Giving the dangers of wind /air	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Chalk board illustratio ns	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

5	r	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	 The sun ⇒ The is the natural sour ce of heat and light. ⇒ The sun rises in the East and sets in the west. ⇒ When light from the sun is blocked by an opaque object, a shadow is formed. ⇒ In the morning, shadows are formed in the West. In the evening shadows are formed in the East. At noon, midday, shadows are shortest. 	Mentions the main source of light States the directions from which the sun rises and sets Identifies an illustration of a shadow from its objects	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the main source of light Stating the directions from which the sun rises and sets Identifying an illustration of a shadow from its objects	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
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6	1	1	Our .	Air and	Uses of the sun	Gives the uses	Observat	Giving the	Appreci	Our _.	Mk
			environ ment in our division	the sun	 ⇒ The sun gives us light ⇒ Sun heat helps to keep our bodies warm. ⇒ Sun light helps our bodies to make vitamin D. ⇒ The sun is the source of solar energy. ⇒ The sun dries harvested crops. ⇒ The sun dries clothes. ⇒ The sun helps plants to make theor own food. 	of the sun	ion Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	uses of the sun	ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	environ ment	juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

2	2	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	Dangers of the sun Too much sunshne dries water sources. Too much sunshine makes land too hard to dig. Direct sun heat may lead to skin cancer.	States the dangers of the sun	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the dangers of the sun	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Chalk board illustratio ns	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
3	3	Our environ ment in our division	Air and the sun	An experiment to show that plants need sunlight. ⇒ Plants need sunlight to grow well ⇒ Sunlight is used by plants to make their own food. Conditions	Performs an experiment to show why plants need light Draws a diagram to show why plants light	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr	Performing an experiment to show why plants need light Drawing a diagram to show why plants light	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Box seeds	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

				nooded by plants		ation					
				needed by plants		dilon					
				to grow well.							
				⇒ Sunlight							
				⇒ Water							
4	4	Our	water	<u>Rainfall</u>	States the	Observat	Stating the	Appreci	Flash	Mk	
		environ		<u>formation</u>	meaning of	ion	meaning of	ation	cards	juni	
		ment in		\Rightarrow Rain is the	rain	Guided	rain	Fluency		or	
		our		amount of	Identifies the	discovery	Identifying	Care		liter	
		division		water falling in	processes by	Guided	the	Love		асу	
				separate drops	which rain is	discussio	processes	critical		bo	
				from clouds.	formed	n	by which	thinking		ok	
				<u>Process in the rain</u>	Defines the	Question	rain is	awaren		thr	
				formation(water	processes of	and	formed	ess		ee	
				cycle)	rain formation	answer	Defining				
				1. Evaporation		demonstr	the				
				⇒ This the		ation	processes				
				process by			of rain				
				which water			formation				
				changes into							
				vapour.							
				2. Condensation							
				⇒ This is the							
				process by							
				which vapor							
				· ·							
				changes into							
				water.							
				3. Transpiration.							
				⇒ This is the							
				process by							

5	5	Our environ ment in our division	water	which plants lose water into the atmosphere. • Clouds ⇒ Clouds are a mass of condensed water floating in the sky. • Types of clouds 1. Nimbus clouds 2. Cirrus clouds 2. Cirrus clouds 4. Cumulus clouds • Nimbus clouds ⇒ They are dark grey in colour ⇒ Nimbus clouds	Defines clouds Mentions the types of clouds	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Defining clouds Mentioning the types of clouds	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing clouds	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

7	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	water	Uses of clouds: ⇒ Nimbus clouds give us rain. ⇒ Clouds cool the environment. ⇒ Clouds protect us from direct sun rays.	Mentions the uses of clouds	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the uses of clouds	Appreci ation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	water	Effects/ dangers of clouds ⇒ Clouds can bring heavy rainfall which causes floods	States the dangers and effects of clouds	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer	Stating the dangers and effects of clouds	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	Our environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

						demonstr ation					
3	3	Our environ ment in our division	water	An illustration of water cycle. A- Transportation B- Evaporation	Identifies the processes in the water cycle	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the processes in the water cycle	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing the water cycle	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	water	Measuring rainfall Rainfall is measured using an instrument called a rain gauge. A diagram of a	Identifies the instruments used to measure rain fall Draws the diagram of rain gauge	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and	Identifying the instruments used to measure rain fall Drawing the diagram of	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing a rain gauge	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee	

rain gauge ⇒ A rain gauge should be placed in an open place to prevent obstruction of rain drop. ⇒ A rain gauge should be placed above the ground level to	answer demonstr ation	rain gauge		
should be placed above				

5	5	Our	water	Importance of	Mentions the	Observat	Mentioning	Appreci	Rain	Mk	
		environ		<u>rain on soil and</u>	uses of rain on	ion	the uses of	ation	water	juni	
		ment in		<u>animals</u>	soil and	Guided	rain on soil	Fluency		or	
		our			animals	discovery	and	Care		liter	
		division		⇒ Animals get		Guided	animals	Love		асу	
				water for		discussio		critical		bo	
				drinking		n		thinking		ok	
				⇒ Rain water		Question		awaren		thr	
				helps plants to		and		ess		ee	
				grow well		answer					
				\Rightarrow Rain makes the		demonstr					
				soil soft and		ation					
				supports plants							
				to grow							
				\Rightarrow People get							
				water for							
				domestic use.							
				\Rightarrow Rain makes the							
				environment							
				cool.							
				⇒ Animals get							
				enough							
				pasture when it							
				rains.							

8	1	1	Our environ ment in our division	water	Dangers of rain on soil and animals Too much rain causes landslides Too much rain destroys crops Too much rain kills people and animals	States the dangers of rain on soil and animals	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Stating the dangers of rain on soil and animals	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	School compou nd	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
	2	2	Our environ ment in our division	water	Importance of water water wathing, washing and cooking Animals use it for drinking. It is used for irrigation. It is used for transportation. It helps in seed germination and growth.	Mentions the uses of water to people	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Mentioning the uses of water to people	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing uses of water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee

3	3	Our environ ment in our division	water	Sources of water Natural sources Man-made sources of water Natural sources These sources of water occur naturally e.g. lakes Man-made sources These sources of water are made by man e.g. borehole	Identifies the natural and man-made sources of water	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer demonstr ation	Identifying the natural and manmade sources of water	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking awaren ess	A chart showing sources of water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok thr ee
4	4	Our environ ment in our division	water	Maintenance of water sources Clean all the parts around water sources	Mentions ways of maintaining water sources	Observation Guided discovery Guided discussio n	Mentioning ways of maintainin g water sources	Appreciation Fluency Care Love critical thinking	A chart showing sources of water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok

				Build toilets and latrines 30m away from the water sources		Question and answer demonstr ation		awaren ess		thr ee
				Do not bathe in						
				or near a water						
		_	_	source						
5	5	Our environ	water	Water harvesting	Defines water harvesting	Observat ion	Defining water	Appreci ation	A chart showing	Mk juni
		ment in our division		This is the way of collecting water	Identifies items used to harvest water	Guided discovery Guided	harvesting Identifying items used	Fluency Care Love	sources of water	or liter acy
				Items		discussio	to harvest	critical		bo
				Basins		n Question	water	thinking awaren		ok thr
				Buckets		and answer		ess		ee
				Sauce pans		demonstr ation				
				Water tanks						

SCHEME OF WORK FOR P.3 TERM TWO

W K	P D	DAY	THEME	S/THEM E	CONTENT	COMPETENCES	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	INDI.OF LSV	INSTR. MAT	REF	R E M
1	1	1	Living things in our sub county	Living things	Living things ⇒ Living things are things that have life. ⇒ Types of living things. Plants Animals Characteristic of living things. 1. They breathe 2. They reproduce 3. They feed 4. They move 5. They grow	The learner; defines living things mentions the types of living things outlines characteristics of living things	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	defining living things mentioning the types of living things outlining characteris tics of living things	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	A chart showing different living things	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

2	2	Living things in our sub county	Living	Classes of animals ⇒ The following are the classes of animals in our environment. 1. Animals in air e.g. bats, birds 2. Animals in water e.g. fish, crocodile, hippopotamus, whale, etc. 3. Animals on the ground examples; rats, lizards, dogs, rabbits, cats, Types of animals • Domestic animals • Wild animals	Describes the different classes of animals in the environment Gives examples under each Defines domestic and wild animals and gives examples	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Describing the different classes of animals in the environme nt Giving examples under each Defining domestic and wild animals and gives examples	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	A chart showing different animal in the environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

3	3	Living things in our sub county	Living	Characteristic of animals. Some animals have skins which are covered with fur or hairs Some animals have skins which are covered with scales Animals have four legs Some animals have two legs e.g. monkey, gorilla, baboon, Kangaroo etc. Some animals have claws e.g. dogs,	States characteristics of animals and gives examples under each	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating characteris tics of animals and giving examples under each	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	A chart showing animal with different charact eristics	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3
4	4	Living things in our sub county	Living things	Habitat ⇒ A habitat is a place where animals live. Examples 1. Water 2. Soil	Tells the meaning of the word habitat Mentions animals and their habitats	Guided discovery Guided discussio n	Telling the meaning of the word habitat Mentioning animals and their	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love	A chart showing different houses for animals	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok

				3. Bush			Question	habitats	Proble		3	
				Home	Animal		and answer		m solving			
				Sty	pig		brain storming		33.11.19			
				Kraal	cow							
				Kennel	dog							
				Hutch	rabbit							
				House	man							
				Nest	bird							
				Pen	goat							
				Water Bodies	fish							
					lion							
				den								
5	5	Living things in our sub	Birds and insects	Birds These are things wit feathers		Defines birds Names external parts of the bird	Guided discussio n	Defining birds Naming external	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci	A chart showing the structure	Mk juni or liter	
		county					Question and answer	parts of the bird	ation Care Love	of a bird	acy bo ok	

					Types of birds. 1. Domestic birds 2. Wild birds Domestic birds Domestic birds are birds that are kept at home. E.g. hen, turkey, pigeon and duck.		brain storming		Proble m solving		3	
2	1	1	Living things	Wild Birds	Wild birds ⇒ Wild birds are	Defines wild birds	Guided discussio	Defining wild birds	Fluency Critical	Pictures of	Mk	
			inings in our	טוועט	birds which live	Gives	n	Gives	thinking	different	juni or	
			sub		in the bush ,	examples of	11	examples	Appreci	birds	liter	
			county		forest e.g. owl ,	wild birds	Question	of wild	ation	Dilas	асу	
					101031 0.9. 0441 ,	77110 01100	GOOJHOH	01 11110	GIIOII		JOY	

				eagle , dove , ostrich , parrot , crested crane , crow, kite, weaver birds , etc. Characteristics of birds. ⇒ They have feathers. ⇒ Their legs are covered with scales. Habitats for birds. ⇒ A habitat is a home of a bird. e.g. nests , trees	Mentions the habitats of birds	and answer brain storming	birds Mentioning the habitats of birds	Care Love Proble m solving		bo ok 3
2	2	Living things in our sub county	Insects	Insects ⇒ Insects are small creatures with six jointed legs.	Mentions the three main parts of an insect Observes and	Guided discussio n Question	Mentioning the three main parts of an insect	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation	A chart showing different parts of an	Mk juni or liter acy

				Examples of insects White ants Butterflies Tsetse fles Parts of an insect compound eye antenna head thorax abdomen wing Their bodies are divided into three main body parts. 1. Head 2. Thorax 3. Abdomen	insects	and answer brain storming	Observing and naming parts of an insect Drawing and names the parts of an insect Giving the examples of insects	Care Love Proble m solving	insect	bo ok 3
3	3	Living things in our sub	Insects	Characteristics of insects.	States the characteristics of insects	Guided discussio n	Stating the characteris tics of insects	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci	A chart showing different insects	Mk juni or liter

county	three main body parts. 2. Insects breathe through holes called spiracles. 3. They have six jointed legs. Habitat for insects. Insects stay in different places e.g. soil, plants, water.	Question and answer brain storming	ation Care Love Proble m solving	acy bo ok 3	

	Living things in our sub county	Insects	Caring for bees. ⇒ Provide a hive. ⇒ Provide water for drinking. ⇒ Provide water for drinking. ⇒ Plant flowers for nectar. Caring for birds and animals. 1. Feeding them. 2. Provide shelter or a habitat. 3. Provide water. 4. Clean their homes / habitats 5. Treat them when they are sick. Caring for wild birds and animals. 1. Protect them from hunters. 2. Discourage bush burning. 3. Avoid destroying forests.	States ways of caring for bees Suggests ways of caring for wild birds and animals	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating ways of caring for bees Suggesting ways of caring for wild birds and animals	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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				4. Provide food						
5	5	Living things in our sub county	Plants	Flowering plants; ⇒ Flowering plants are plants which bear flowers. Most flowering plants reproduce by means of seeds. Examples of flowering plants maize plant sweet potato orange plant Parts of a flowering plant. stem	Defines flowering plants Gives the examples of flowering plants Mentions the three main parts of a plant Draws and names the parts of a flowering plant	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining flowering plants Giving the examples of flowering plants Mentioning the three main parts of a plant Drawing and naming the parts of a flowering plant	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real plants	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3

3	1	1	Living things in our sub county	Plants	Uses of roots to a plant. ⇒ Roots hold the plant upright in the ground. ⇒ They absorb water and mineral salts from soil. ⇒ Some roots store food for the plant e.g. cassava, carrots, sweet potatoes. Uses of stems to a plant. ⇒ Some stems store food for the plant. ⇒ Stems transport water and mineral salts	States the uses of roots to a plant Outlines uses of stems to a plant	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating the uses of roots to a plant Outlining uses of stems to a plant	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real roots Word cards	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

				from the roots to the leaves. ⇒ Stems hold branches, leaves, fruits and flowers.							
2	2	Living things in our sub county	Plants	Types of root systems. There are two types of root systems namely; 1. Tap root system 2. Fibrous root system. Tap root system Main tap root Root hairs Root cap Examples of plants with tap root system Beans	Mentions the two root systems Gives examples of plants with the tap root system Draws the fibrous root system Mentions plants with fibrous root system	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the two root systems Giving examples of plants with the tap root system Drawing the fibrous root system Mentioning plants with fibrous root system	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	A chart showing the root systems Real roots	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

				Examples of plant with fibrous root system maize sorghum millet							
3	3	Living things in our sub county	Plants	Types of stems. ⇒ There are four types of stems namely; 1. Upright stems 2. Underground stem 3. Creeping stems 4. Climbing stems Upright stems ⇒ These are stems which grow straight above the soil. Examples of	Mentions the types of stems Defines upright stems Gives examples of plants with upright stems Defines underground stems and gives examples Defines creeping stems and	Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the types of stems Defining upright stems Giving examples of plants with upright stems Defining undergrou nd stems and giving	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Plants in the environ ment Onions Ginger Irish potato Sweet potatoes	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

nlar	nts which gives	examples	
	e upright examples	Defining	
ster			
		creeping	
	anana plant	stems and	
	aize plant	giving	
	ground	examples	
stems			
	se are stems		
	ch grow		
	erground		
Exa	mples;		
	s, garlic,		
ginge			
	pes, yams,		
	ric, shallot.		
Onion			
ginge			
	otatoes.		
	ping stems		
	are weak		
	that grow		
	<u> </u>		
	ding along		
the gr	ouna.		

4	4	Living	Climbin	Climbing stems;	Defines	Guided	Defining	Fluency	Climbing	Mk
		things	g stems	⇒ These are	climbing stems	discussio	climbing	Critical	stems	juni
		in our		stems which	Gives	n	stems	thinking		or
		sub		are weak	examples of		Giving	Appreci	Diagram	liter
		county		and cannot	plants with	Question	examples	ation	s to	асу
				support	climbing stems	and	of plants	Care	illustrate	bo
				themselves	States ways	answer	with	Love	Climbing	ok
				upright.	plants with	brain	climbing	Proble	stems	3
				Examples of	weak stems	storming	stems	m		
				plants with	climb others		Stating	solving		
				climbing stems;	Observes and		ways plants			
				passion	draws the		with weak			
				white yams	diagrams to		stems			
				vine grapes	show ways		climb			
				sponge plant	pants with		others			
				climbing beans	weak stems		Observing			
				Ebombo	climb others		and			
				Ways plants with			drawing			
				weak stems climb			the			
				others;			diagrams			
				By twinning or			to show			
				clasping			ways pants			
							with weak			
							stems			
				By using tendrils			climb			
				By using hooks			others			
				<u> </u>						

5	5	Living	leaves	Structure of a leaf.	Draws and	Guided	Drawing	Fluency	Real	Mk	
		things		Apex	names the	discovery	and	Critical	leaves	juni	
		in our		Vein Margin	parts of a leaf		naming the	thinking		or	
		sub			Gives the uses	Guided	parts of a	Appreci	A chart	liter	
		county		Blade	of leaves to	discussio	leaf	ation Care	showing the	асу	
					plants	n	Giving the uses of	Love	structure	bo ok	
				Base		Question	leaves to	Proble	of a leaf	3	
				Parts of a loof to a man		and	plants	m	or a loar		
				Parts of a Leaf		answer		solving			
						brain					
				Uses of leaves to		storming					
				a plant							
				⇒ Leaves make food for a							
				plant.							
				⇒ Plants breathe							
				through							
				stomata found							
				on leaves.							
				\Rightarrow Some leaves							
				store food for							
				some plants.							

T	ı			_	T	1	T		Т	1
4 1	1	Living	flowers	A flower	Defines a	Guided	Defining a	Fluency	A chart	Mk
		things		A flower is a part	flower	discovery	flower	Critical	showing	juni
		in our		of a plant which	Observes and		Observing	thinking	parts of	or
		sub		produces seeds.	names the	Guided	and	Appreci	a flower	liter
		county		External parts of a	external parts	discussio	naming the	ation		асу
				flower	of a flower	n	external	Care		bo
							parts of a	Love		ok
				aniher stigma		Question	flower	Proble		3
				filamentstyle		and		m		
				sepal ovules ovary		answer		solving		
				Flower stalk		brain		J		
				Functions of a		storming				
				parts of a flower						
				a) Petals						
				⇒ Petals						
				protect the						
				inner parts						
				of a flower.						
				b) Sepals						
				⇒ Sepals						
				→ sepais protect the						
				flower at						
				bud stage.						
				Uses of a flower						
				top a plant. ⇒ The flower						
				helps in						
				reproductio						
				n.						

2	2	Living things in our sub county	plants	Use of plants to people / animals ⇒ Some plants are eaten as food. ⇒ Some plants are used as local medicine. Dangers of some plants to people and animals. ⇒ Some plants are poisonous to people and animals when	States the uses of plants to people States the dangers of plants to people and animals	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating the uses of plants to people Stating the dangers of plants to people and animals	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Word cards	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
				eaten. ⇒ Some plants have thorns which prick people. ⇒ Plants keep some pests, vectors and some dangerous wild animals e.g. snake							

3	3	Living things	Crop growin	Crop growing practices.	Defines crop growing	Guided discovery	Defining crop	Fluency Critical	Real seeds	Mk juni	
		in our	g	⇒ Crop growing	practices	,	growing	thinking		or	
		sub	practic	practices are	Gives the	Guided	practices	Appreci		liter	
		county	es	activities done	examples of	discussio	Giving the	ation		асу	
		-		by a farmer	crop growing	n	examples	Care		bo	
				when growing	practices		of crop	Love		ok	
				crops.	Mentions	Question	growing	Proble		3	
				Examples of crop	different ways	and	practices	m			
				growing	of clearing	answer	Mentioning	solving			
				practices.	land	brain	different				
				⇒ Clearing land-	Gives	storming	ways of				
				digging /	examples of		clearing				
				ploughing the	planting		land				
				land	materials		Giving				
				Clearing land			examples				
				\Rightarrow This is the first			of planting				
				step of crop			materials				
				growing							
				practices.							
				Ways of clearing							
				land.							
				by slashing							
				by digging							
				Selection of							
				planting materials							
				⇒ Planting							
				materials are							
				parts of a							

				plant that can be planted. Examples of planting materials. seeds like bean seeds, maize, seeds, millet seed vines e.g. sweet potatoes stem cuttings e.g. cassava stems suckers like banana crown e.g. pineapple						
4	4	Living things in our sub county	Planting	Planting Planting is putting of planting materials into the soil. Ways of planting (methods) 1. Row planting	Defines planting Mentions ways of planting Defines row planting Gives examples of crops planted	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and	Defining planting Mentioning ways of planting Defines row planting Giving examples	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m	A chart showing ways of planting	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3

2. Broadcasting Row planting / sowing/ scattering method ⇒ In row planting method, crops are planted in rows or lines. Examples of crops that can be planted in rows include;- beans maize cassava illustration Broadcasting method ⇒ In this method of planting, seeds are just	in rows Draws an illustration for row planting Defines broad casting Gives examples of crops planted by broad casting Draws an illustration of broad casting	answer brain storming	of crops planted in rows Drawing an illustration for row planting Defining broad casting Giving examples of crops planted by broad casting Drawing an illustration of broad casting	solving	
method ⇒ In this method			of broad		
seeds are just scattered in the garden.					
Examples of crops that can be broadcast 1. millet					

5	5	Living things in our sub county	Caring for crops	Care for crops. Example; Weeding ⇒ This is the removal of unwanted plants from the garden. The unwanted plants are called weeds. Importance of weeding ⇒ It helps to control pests. Mulching ⇒ Mulching is the covering of top soil with dry plant materials like grass, leaves, sticks Importance ⇒ It helps to keep water or moisture in soil.	Defines the term weeding States the importance of weeding Defines mulching Gives examples of mulches States the importance of mulching	Guided discovery Guided discussio n Question and answer brain storming	Defining the term weeding Stating the importanc e of weeding Defining mulching Giving examples of mulches Stating the importanc e of mulching	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Hoe	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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1			1	-	T	T		I	-		 	
5	1	1	Living	Pruning	Pruning	Defines	Guided	Defining	Fluency	Pruning	Mk	
			things	and	\Rightarrow Pruning is the	pruning	discovery	pruning	Critical	saw	juni	
			in our	thinning	removal of	States the		Stating the	thinking		or	
			sub		unwanted	importance of	Guided	importanc	Appreci		liter	
			county		branches	pruning	discussio	e of	ation		асу	
					from the	Defines	n	pruning	Care		bo	
					plant?	thinning		Defining	Love		ok	
					\Rightarrow It also helps to	States the	Question	thinning	Proble		3	
					control pests.	importance of	and	Stating the	m			
					Thinning	thinning	answer	importanc	solving			
					⇒ Thinning is the	Discusses	brain	e of				
					removal of	watering	storming	thinning				
					excess crops	_		Discussing				
					from the			watering				
					garden in							
					order to							
					create space							
					for the growing							
					crops.							
					Importance							
					⇒ It reduces							
					competition of							
					the crops for							
					sunlight, water,							
					Watering							
					⇒ Watering of							
					crops is done							
					in dry season.							
					,							

2	2	Living	Sprayin	Spraying;	Defines	Guided	Defining	Fluency	Knapsac	Mk	
		things	g and	⇒ Spraying is	spraying	discovery	spraying	Critical	k	juni	
		in our	staking	the	Discusses		Discussing	thinking	sprayer	or	
		sub		applying of	staking	Guided	staking	Appreci		liter	
		county		chemicals		discussio		ation		асу	
				to plants to		n		Care		bo	
				kill pests				Love		ok	
				and control		Question		Proble		3	
				diseases.		and		m			
				⇒ The		answer		solving			
				chemicals		brain					
				used for		storming					
				spraying are							
				called							
				pesticides.							
				Staking							
				\Rightarrow This is the							
				giving of							
				extra							
				support to							
				the growing							
				crop.							
				⇒ Staking							
				prevents							
				plants from							
				falling.							

3	3	Living things in our sub county	Crop	of diffe types on the	otation growing erent of crops same of land n after n.	Defines crop rotation States the importance of crop rotation	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining crop rotation Stating the importance of crop rotation	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Chart showing the illustration of crop rotation	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
				Importan crop rota ⇒ It help contro	tion							

4	4	Living things in our sub county	Garden	used farme garde farm. ⇒ Below some	e are coment by a er in the en or of the en tools by	Defines garden tools Draws and names the garden tools Gives the uses of different garden tools	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining garden tools Drawing and naming the garden tools Giving the uses of different garden tools	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real garden tools	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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5	5	Living things in our sub county	Garden		-For collectin g dry weeds. -For leveling soil on a nursery bed. -For slashing	Draws and names the garden tools Gives the uses of different garden tools	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Drawing and naming the garden tools Giving the uses of different garden tools	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real garden tools	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
				An axe	-For cutting big trees -For splitting firewoo d							

6	1	1	Living	Caring	Ways of caring for	States ways of	Guided	Stating	Fluency	Real	Mk
			things	for	garden tools.	caring for	discovery	ways of	Critical	garden	juni
			in our	garden	⇒ Garden tools	garden tools	,	caring for	thinking	tools	or
			sub	tools	have to be		Guided	garden	Appreci		liter
			county		cared for in		discussio	tools	ation		асу
			,		order to do		n		Care		bo
					work well and				Love		ok
					last long.		Question		Proble		3
					⇒ We can care		and		m		
					for garden		answer		solving		
					tools in the		brain		3011119		
					following		storming				
					ways.		31011111119				
					1. Keep the tools						
					in a clean dry						
					place.						
					2. Paint the tools						
					to avoid						
					rusting.						
					3. Clean the						
					tools after use						
					and before						
					storing them.						
					4. Oil them or						
					grease them						
										<u> </u>	

2	2	Living things in our sub county	Nursery	 ⇒ A nursery bed is a place where seedlings are raised before taken to the main garden. Importance of a nursery bed ⇒ It provides shelter to the seedlings. ⇒ It gives farmers time to prepare the main garden. ⇒ Proper care is given to seedlings. ⇒ There is proper selection of seedlings for planting. Crops that can be grown in a nursery bed. cabbage onions carrots 	Defines a nursery bed States the importance of a nursery bed Draws the structure of a nursery bed Mentions crops Raised in the nursery bed	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining a nursery bed Stating the importanc e of a nursery bed Drawing the structure of a nursery bed Mentioning crops Raised in the nursery bed	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	environ ment	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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3	3	Living things in our sub county	germin	Germination ⇒ Germination is the growing of a seed into a seedling. Conditions for germination. 1. oxygen 2. water / 3. warmth An experiment to show that seeds. Need water, oxygen and warmth to germinate. Things we need. Seeds, containers, soil, oil, ice, water. Procedure; ⇒ Get all the above items in the list above, plant your seeds as illustrated below	Defines germination Mentions the conditions for germination	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining germination Mentioning the conditions for germination	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Seeds water	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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4	4 Living things in our sub county	Types of germin ation	Types of germination. i) Epigeal germination germination Epigeal germination This is the type of germination in which the cotyledon comes Examples of seeds that undergo epigeal germination 1. Beans 2. Soya Hypogeal germination ⇒ This is a type of germination in which the cotyledon remains in the ground. ⇒ It takes place in maize, rice.	Mentions the two types of germination Defines each type of germination Draws the types of germination Gives the examples of crops that undergo each type of germination	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the two types of germinatio n Defining each type of germinatio n Drawing the types of germinatio n Giving the examples of crops that undergo each type of germinatio n	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	practica	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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5	5	Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Saving resourc es	Resources are things that satisfy human needs. Examples of basic resources. water money land food fuel time minerals animals forests air Ways of saving resources ⇒ Turn off the water taps when not in use. ⇒ Turn off the electricity when not in use. ⇒ Recycling ⇒ Planting more trees	Defines the term resources Gives examples of basic resources Mentions the ways of saving resources	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining the term resources Giving examples of basic resources Mentioning the ways of saving resources	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real objects	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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7	1	1	Managi	Saving	Reasons for	States why we	Guided	Stating why	Fluency		Mk	
	•	•	ng	resourc	saving resource	save resources	discovery	we save	Critical	Real	juni	
			resourc	es	⇒ To reduce	Defines the	discovery	resources	thinking	objects	or	
			es in	C 3	costs e.g.	term records	Guided	Defining	Appreci	ODJCCIS	liter	
			our sub		electric bill.	Gives	discussio	the term	ation		_	
					⇒ To avoid			records	Care		acy bo	
			county			examples of	n					
					wastage	records kept	Ougation	Giving	Love		ok 3	
					Keeping records	at home and	Question	examples	Proble		3	
					on daily activities.	school	and	of records	m			
					⇒ Records are		answer	kept at	solving			
					documents		brain .	home and				
					kept and used		storming	school				
					for further							
					reference							
					Examples of							
					records kept at							
					home, and at							
					school							
					a) At home							
					Electricity bills							
					Health / medical							
					reports							
					b) At school							
					⇒ Register							
					⇒ Money spent							
					on food and							
					water							
					⇒ Number of							
					support staff							

2	2	Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Saving resourc es	Importance of keeping records. ⇒ They help people to avoid being cheated. ⇒ They help people to know their income and expenditure ⇒ They help in proper planning. They enable people to be taxed fairly	Mentions the importance of keeping records	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Mentioning the importanc e of keeping records	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real objects	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
3	3	Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Spendi ng resourc es	Spending ⇒ Spending is the buying of things using money. Things we use and spend on. food medication water school fees clothes	Defines spending States the things we use and spend on Identifies the ways of spending wisely Gives the importance of spending	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Defining spending Stating the things we use and spend on Identifying the ways of spending wisely Giving the importanc	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Real objects	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	

sla alta v	v dia alv	l o of	
shelter	wisely	e of	
electricity		spending	
transport		wisely	
Ways of spe	ending		
wisely /			
importance			
⇒ By budge	eting		
\Rightarrow By negot	iating		
or bargai	ning		
⇒ By comp			
prices.			
\Rightarrow By comp	arina		
the quali			
quantity.			
Importance			
spending w			
⇒ It controls			
cheating			
⇒ It controls			
spending			
⇒ It helps o	ne io		
save			
⇒ It helps o			
get quali	ty		
items.			

4	4	Managi ng resourc	projects	Projects; ⇒ Projects are activities done	Defines projects Gives	Guided discovery	Defining projects Giving	Fluency Critical thinking	Pictures showing	Mk juni or	
		es in our sub		by people to get	examples of projects	Guided discussio	examples of projects	Appreci ation	the projects	liter acy	
		county		knowledge,	Mentions the	n	Mentioning	Care	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	bo	
				skills and money.	requirements for starting a	Question	the requiremen	Love Proble		ok 3	
				Examples of	project	and	ts for	m		3	
				projects. Bee keeping Fish farming poultry keeping cattle keeping Tree planting crop growing Brick making goat rearing Preparing for projects. Before starting a project, one needs the following; money transport market land labour		answer brain storming	starting a project	solving			

5		Managi ng resourc es in our sub county	Managi ng a project	Managing a project. ⇒ Projects should be well managed in order to produce profits. Ways of managing a project. Record keeping maintenance Good administration commitment Division of labour supervision Importance of projects ⇒ They help us to get jobs. ⇒ They keep us busy to avoid bad groups ⇒ They help us to earn money.	States why managing a project well is of a benefit Gives the ways of managing a project Mentions the importance of a project	Guided discovery Guided discussion Question and answer brain storming	Stating why managing a project well is of a benefit Giving the ways of managing a project Mentioning the importanc e of a project	Fluency Critical thinking Appreci ation Care Love Proble m solving	Word	Mk juni or liter acy bo ok 3	
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SCHEME OF WORK FOR P.3 TERM THREE

W K	P D	DA Y	THEME	S/THEM E	CONTENT	COMPETENCES	METHODS	ACTIVITIES	INDI.OF LSV	INSTR. MAT	RE F	R E
												M
1	1	1	Health	Diseas	The concept and	Defines vectors	Guided	Defining	Fluency	Real	М	
			in our	е	meaning of vectors,	Mentions	discovery	vectors		vecto	k	
			sub	vector	A vector is an	examples of	Guided	Mentioning	Critical	r	Jυ	
			county	S	organism that	vectors	discussion	examples of	thinking	Α	ni	
					spreads disease		Brain	vectors	Care	chart	or	
					germs.		storming			showi	Lit	
					A germ is a tiny				love	ng	er	
					living organism that					vecto	ac	
					causes diseases.					rs	У	
					Common vectors						Во	
					and characteristics						ok	
					Examples of vectors						3	
					Mosquitoes							
					House flies							

2	2	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Characteristics of vectors. ⇒ Some vectors suck blood from other animals. ⇒ Some vectors live in dirty places. ⇒ Some vectors have the proboscis for sucking blood. Some vectors have the hairy body for carrying germs	States characteristics of vectors	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating characteristi cs of vectors	Critical thinking Care	Real vecto r A chart showi ng vecto rs	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
3	3	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Life cycle of vectors House fly Houseflies are found in dirty places like latrines and rubbish pits External parts of a housefly. Compound Abdome Life cycle of vectors Housefly Housefly Wings	Identifies the external parts of a house fly States the characteristics of a house fly	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Identifying the external parts of a house fly Stating the characteristi cs of a house fly	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a house fly	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

4	4	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Characteristics of a house fly A house fly has three main body parts Life cycle of a housefly. A house fly undergoes a complete metamorphosis.	Identifies the stages in the lifecycle of a house fly Names the states in the life cycle of a house fly	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Identifying the stages in the lifecycle of a house fly Naming the states in the life cycle of a house fly	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of the life cycle of a house fly	M k Ju or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
5	5	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Types of mosquitoes 1. Anopheles mosquitoes 2. Tiger / aedes mosquitoes 3. culex mosquitoes External parts of a mosquito	Identifies the types of mosquitoes Names the external parts of a mosquito	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Identifying the types of mosquitoes Naming the external parts of a mosquito	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a mosq	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac	

					proboscis feeler / antenna Thorax Abdomen leg					uito	y Bo ok 3	
2	1	1	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Characteristics of mosquitoes 1. Mosquitoes lay their eggs in stagnant (still) water. 2. Mosquitoes use proboscis to bite and suck blood from people. The life cycle of a mosquito. A mosquito undergoes a complete metamorphosis	States the characteristics of mosquitoes Identifies the stages in the life cycle of a mosquito	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating the characteristics of mosquitoes Identifying the stages in the life cycle of a mosquito	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a life cycle of a mosq uito	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				Adult Eggs Pupa							
2	2	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Cockroaches - Cockroaches are brown winged insects. Where cockroaches are found. i) pit latrines ii) cracks on walls iii) dark corners External parts of a cockroach Antenna Ihorax Leg Wing	Mentions the places where cockroaches can be Name the external parts of a cockroach	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the places where cockroache s can be Naming the external parts of a cockroach	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	chart showi ng the struct ure of a cockr oach	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

3	3	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Dangers of cockroaches. They spread germs that cause diseases. They destroy our property like books and clothes. The life cycle of a cockroach. A cockroach undergoes incomplete metamorphosis It has three stages. Economic importance of vectors. Vectors spread germs that cause diseases.	Mentions the dangers of cockroach Mentions the economic importance of vectors Names the stages in the life cycle of a cockroach	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the dangers of cockroach Mentioning the economic importance of vectors Naming the stages in the life cycle of a cockroach	Critical thinking Care love	chart showing the struct ure of the life cycle of a cockroach	M k Ju ni or Lit er c y Bo k 3	
4	4	Health in our sub	Diseas e vector	The concept and meaning of diseases.	Mentions signs and symptoms of malaria	Guided discovery Guided	Mentioning signs and symptoms of	Fluency Critical	Flash cards	M k Ju	

county	S	Diseases spread by	States the ways	discussion	malaria	thinking	ni	
,		mosquitoes.	of preventing	Brain	Stating the	Care	or	
		•	malaria	storming	ways of		Lit	
		Malaria		O	preventing	love	er	
		Malaria is spread by			malaria		ac	
		a female anopheles					У	
		mosquito.					Во	
		Signs and symptoms					ok	
		of malaria					3	
		 Body weakness 						
		2. high						
		temperature(fev						
		er)						
		3. headache						
		4. Rapid breathing.						
		5. Shivering						
		Ways of preventing						
		malaria						
		⇒ Draining stagnant						
		water around						
		homes.						
		⇒ Spraying using						
		insecticides						
		⇒ Pouring oil on						
		stagnant water.						

					•							
{	5	5	Health	Diseas	Diseases spread by	Mentions the	Guided	Mentioning	Fluency		М	
			in our	е	a housefly.	diseases spread	discovery	the diseases		Flash	k	
			sub	vector	√ cholera	by a house fly	Guided	spread by a	Critical	cards	Jυ	
			county	S	√ typhoid	States ways of	discussion	house fly	thinking		ni	
					✓ Diarrhoea	controlling	Brain	Stating ways	Care		or	
					✓ trachoma	diseases spread	storming	of			Lit	
					√ dysentery	by house flies		controlling	love		er	
					How a housefly is	·		diseases			ac	
					able to spread			spread by			У	
					diseases.			house flies			Во	
					✓ It has a hairy						ok	
					body that						3	
					carries germs							
					from dirty							
					places into our							
					food.							
					Ways of controlling							
					diseases spread by							
					houseflies.							
					✓ By covering							
					left over food.							

	,	1		Б.	D :				0	CI I' II	FI			
3	1	1	Health	Diseas			pread by	States the	Guided	Stating the	Fluency		M	
			in our	е	othe	r vect		diseases spread	discovery	diseases		Flash	k	
			sub	vector		Ve	Disea	by other vectors	Guided	spread by	Critical	cards	Jυ	
			county	S		cto	se		discussion	other	thinking		ni	
						r			Brain	vectors	Care		or	
						itch	scabi		storming				Lit	
						mit	es				love		er	
						es							ac	
						rat	bubo						У	
						flea	nic						Во	
						S	plag						ok	
							ue						3	
						lice	Rela							
							psing							
							fever							
						tick	typh							
						S	US							
							fever							
						wat	bilhar							
						er	ziasis							
						snai								
						1								
						bla	River							
						ck	blind							
						fly	ness							

2	2	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Ways through which vectors spread diseases 1. Through bites 2. Through the 4Fs chain Diseases spread through bites - Malaria - elephantiasis - typhus fever - sleeping sickness - yellow fever - relapsing fever Diseases spread through 4Fs chain - diarrhoea - dysentery - cholera - typhoid	Mentions ways through which vectors spread diseases	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning ways through which vectors spread diseases	Critical thinking Care	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
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3	3	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Prevention and controlling vectors - Proper disposal of human wastes. (defecating and urinating in latrines or toilets) - Slashing tall bushes near our homes By spraying vectors using insecticides.	Mentions ways of controlling vectors	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning ways of controlling vectors	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
4	4	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	HIV / AIDS HIV in full is Human immunodeficiency virus. Ways of spread. ⇒ Through have unprotected sex with an infected person. ⇒ Through sharing sharp objects like needles, razor blades, nail cutters with an infected person. ⇒ Through	States the meaning of HIV/AIDS Mentions ways through which HIV is spread	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating the meaning of HIV/AIDS Mentioning ways through which HIV is spread	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				accidents. ⇒ At birth from mother to child. ⇒ Through cultural practices like circumcision.							
5	5	Health in our sub county	Diseas e vector s	Effects of HIV - AIDS ⇒ It leads to death. ⇒ Falling sick all the time. ⇒ Loss of employment when one is sick. ⇒ It brings poverty in a home ⇒ Self-neglect ⇒ It causes stigma Care for HIV / AIDS patients ⇒ Feeding the patients on a balanced diet. ⇒ Guidance and	States the effects of HIV/AIDS States ways how to care for HIV/AIDS	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating the effects of HIV/AIDS Stating ways how to care for HIV/AIDS	Critical thinking Care	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

					counseling.							
4	1	1	Health in our sub county	HIV/AI DS	Control measures ⇒ Abstain from sex. ⇒ Do not share sharp objects ⇒ Use gloves when helping HIV / AIDS patients. ⇒ Test the blood before you go for blood transfusion. ⇒ Follow PIASCY messages.	Mentions the control measures for HIV/AIDS	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the control measures for HIV/AIDS	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

2	2	Basic	Conce	The concept of	Defines	Guided	Defining	Fluency		Μ	
		techno	pt of	technology.	technology	discovery	technology	,	Flash	k	
		logy	techno	Technology is the	Identifies the	Guided	Identifying	Critical	cards	Jυ	
			logy	way of doing things	natural materials	discussion	the natural	thinking		ni	
				practically.	and their	Brain	materials	Care		or	
				Natural materials	characteristics	storming	and their			Lit	
				\Rightarrow These are			characteristi	love		er	
				materials made			CS			ac	
				by God.						У	
				Examples of Natural						Во	
				materials.						ok	
				Banana fibres						3	
				Sisal							
				Clay							
				Palm leaves							
				Animal skin Raffia							
				Papyrus reeds Tree trunks							
				seeds							
				Characteristic of							
				natural materials							
				⇒ Some are rough							
				while others are							

	$\overline{}$				т —		т					
3		3	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	Artificial materials These are materials made by man. Examples of artificial materials. Straws Plastic metals paper beads threads polythene wires Characteristics of artificial materials.	Defines artificial materials Mentions the examples of artificial materials and their characteristics	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Defining artificial materials Mentioning the examples of artificial materials and their characteristi cs	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Flash cards	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
4		4	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	Collecting and displaying materials for use. Request your parents to avail you with the following materials; wire threads beads polythene straws rubbers	Collects the local materials in the environment	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Collecting the local materials in the environment	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Wires Threa t bead s	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				papers								
5	5	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	materia sources	Source Quarry forest	Gives the examples of materials and their sources	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Giving the examples of materials and their sources	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Clay Papyr us Palm leave s	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				sand reeds clay bana na fibre	s bush swamp banana plantation							
5	1	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	natura Ma teri al cla y pal m lea ves	pots , cups , plates , bricks , flowers vases , tiles etc. mats , bags , hats , etc.	Gives examples of materials and their products	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Giving examples of materials and their products	Critical thinking Care love	Clay Papyr Us Palm leave s	K k J ni or ti e a y B ok 3	

ba na	mats , ropes , dolls , bag				
	aons , bag				
na					
fibr					
е					
sisa					
	mats, sacks ,				
	bags				
raff	raffia skirts ,				
l ia	brooms,				
	mats				
ani	bags , belts ,				
ma	brooms,				
	mats				
skin					
see	necklaces,				
ds	bracelets,				
	earrings				
tre	Mortars,				
e	pestles,				
tru	stools , drums				
nks	310013 , 0101113				

2	2	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	from no materia ⇒ The be s mon of ir ⇒ Som are		Mentions the use of products got from natural materials	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the use of products got from natural materials	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Raffia Drum Bells ropes	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
3	3	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	artifición M Pro a t e ri al St mo r , ro a w s pl co a plo st cu	cts from al materials roduct nats , bags ropes andles , lates , ups , uckets ,	Mentions the products got from artificial crowns materials	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the products got from artificial materials	Critical thinking Care love	Beads pape rs	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

				s chairs etc. B necklaces, e rosaries, a anklets,, d bags, s wallets							
4	4	Basic techno logy	Conce pt of techno logy	Uses of products made from artificial materials. - We sell them and get money. - They are used for playing. - They can be used for decoration. - They are used for weaving mats, baskets. - They are used for study purpose.	Mentions the uses of products made from artificial materials	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the uses of products made from artificial materials	Critical thinking Care love	Chalk boar d illustra tion	M k Ju or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

 				•	•						
5	5	Basic	Conce	Meaning of energy	Mentions the	Guided	Mentioning	Fluency	Chalk	M	
		techno	pt of	Energy is also the	types of sources	discovery	the types of		boar	k	
		logy	techno	ability to do work.	of energy	Guided	sources of	Critical	d	Jυ	
			logy	Types of energy	States the	discussion	energy	thinking	illustra	ni	
				 Potential energy. 	examples of	Brain	Stating the	Care	tion	or	
				2. Kinetic energy	natural sources	storming	examples of			Lit	
				•	of energy and		natural	love		er	
				Sources of energy	their uses		sources of			ac	
				Natural sources of			energy and			У	
				energy;			their uses			Во	
				These are sources						ok	
				made by God.						3	
				Examples;-							
				- water -							
				air/wind - sun							
				Water as a source of							
				energy							
				-Water is a source of							
				energy that is used							
				in generating							
				electricity.							

									l			
6	1	1	Energy	energy	Air / wind as a	Mentions the	Guided	Mentioning	Fluency	Chalk	Μ	
			in our		source of energy.	uses of the sun as	discovery	the uses of		boar	k	
			sub		- Wind helps in	a source of	Guided	the sun as a	Critical	d	Jυ	
			county		turning wind mills.	energy	discussion	source of	thinking	illustra	ni	
					- Wind is also used in		Brain	energy	Care	tion	or	
					turning of turbines		storming				Lit	
					that help in		C		love		er	
					generating						ac	
					electricity.						У	
					The sun as a source						Во	
					of energy.						ok	
					- The sun provides us						3	
					with solar energy.							
					- The sun provides							
					plants with light to							
					make their own							
					food.							
					- The sun helps dry							
					1							
					our harvested crops							
					and wet clothes							

2	2	Energy	energy	Artificial sources of	Gives examples	Guided	Giving	Fluency	Chalk	Μ	
		in our		energy	of artificial	discovery	examples of		boar	k	
		sub		These are sources of	sources of	Guided	artificial	Critical	d	Jυ	
		county		energy made by	energy	discussion	sources of	thinking	illustra	ni	
				man.	Mentions uses of	Brain	energy	Care	tion	or	
				Examples of artificial	electricity and	storming	Mentioning			Lit	
				sources of energy.	wood fuel		uses of	love		er	
				- electricity -			electricity			ac	
				charcoal -			and wood			У	
				diesel - petrol			fuel			Во	
				- paraffin -						ok	
				gas -						3	
				firewood							
				Uses of electricity;							
				- It is used for							
				lighting.							
				- It is used for							
				cooking.							
				Charcoal							
				Charcoal is used for							
				cooking.							
				Charcoal is used for							
				ironing clothes							

3	3	Energy in our sub county	Ways of saving energy	Ways of conserving electricity - By using energy saving bulbs and stoves - By switching off electric appliances when not in use. - By planting trees. - By recycling Importance of saving energy. - To avoid wastage - To reduce costs - For future use	Mentions ways of saving energy States the importance of saving energy	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning ways of saving energy Stating the importance of saving energy	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Chalk boar d illustra tion	M k JU ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	
4	4	Energy in our sub county	Uses of energy	Use of energy - Heat energy from the sun dries harvested crops Light energy enables us to see Fast flowing water produces hydro – electricity Wind runs wind mills Solar energy gives us solar electricity.	States uses of energy	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Stating uses of energy	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Chalk boar d illustra tion	M k Ju ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

			 Light energy enables plants to make their own food. For running machines. Electricity is used for cooking food, lighting, running machines 							
5 5	Dange rs of energy and ways of mana ging dange rs associ ated with energy	Dange r of energy	Dangers associated with energy Electricity shocks people if not handled well It can lead to fire out breaks Strong wind destroys houses and plants Strong wind causes soil erosion Prolonged sunshine causes drought.	Mentions the dangers of energy	Guided discovery Guided discussion Brain storming	Mentioning the dangers of energy	Fluency Critical thinking Care love	Word cards	M k JU ni or Lit er ac y Bo ok 3	

7	1	1	Dange	Ways	Ways of avoiding	States the ways	Guided	Stating the	Fluency	Word	М	
			rs of	of	problems	of avoiding	discovery	ways of		cards	k	
			energy	avoidi	associated with	dangers	Guided	avoiding	Critical		Jυ	
			and	ng	energy.	associated with	discussion	dangers	thinking		ni	
			ways	dange	- By covering	energy	Brain	associated	Care		or	
			of	rs	electric wires with		storming	with energy			Lit	
			mana	associ	insulators.				love		er	
			ging	ated	- By using fire						ac	
			dange	with	extinguishers.						У	
			rs	energy	- By planting trees.						Во	
			associ		- By carrying out						ok	
			ated		irrigation.						3	
			with									
			energy									