

SECTION A: 40 MARKS

Questions 1 to 40 carry one mark each.

1. Name the colonial capital city of Uganda.

2. Which was the first animal to be tamed by earlyman?

3. How can you help to control soil erosion in your compound at home?





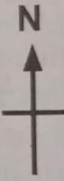
4. State any **one** challenge faced by the people who use mobile phones in rural areas.

5. Which lake in East Africa is famous for flamingoes?

6. Name any **one** group of people found in a nuclear family.

7. Mention the group of foreigners who introduced formal education in Uganda.

8. Which of the diagrams below explains the symbols used on a map?

Diagram A	Diagram B	Diagram C
 - Railway line  - Swamp  - Mountain peak		

9. How is the legend of Mundu and Seera important to the people of Eastern Uganda?

10. Name any **one** product got from cloves grown in Zanzibar and Pemba islands.

11. Why is Uganda considered to be in both the Northern and Southern hemispheres?

12. Mention any **one** resource used at home whose records we keep.



13. Which district official is in charge of family and children's affairs?

14. State any **one** way people honour public holidays in Uganda.

15. Give any **one** reason why Savanna areas are good for setting up national parks.

16. Name any **one** weather element which encourages people to use umbrellas.

17. What title is given to the political head of the Local Council I executive committee?

18. State the major role of the Clerk to the Parliament in a democratic government.

19. What does a handshake symbol represent on the East African Community emblem?

20. What term refers to people's way of life?

21. How do forests promote the craft industry?

22. State any **one** advantage of peace and security in our community.

23. Why is Olduvai Gorge believed to be the oldest stone age site in East Africa?

24. How is the tool drawn below important at school?



25. How did the Republican Constitution of 1967 affect Kingdoms in Uganda?

26. Name any **one** human basic need got from lakes.

27. Mention the social service provided from hospitals in your area.

28. Why do you think people clear forests in East Africa?

29. What can school children do to protect themselves against COVID-19?

30. Which political party led Uganda to independence in 1962?

31. How are parents in a nuclear family related?

32. Give **one** advantage of getting leaders through inheritance.

33. Why do areas along the equator receive heavy rainfall?

34. Name the largest fish caught from Uganda's lakes and rivers.

35. What does the term population mean?

36. Name the book in which a class teacher records the number of pupils present or absent.

37. State any **one** way of locating our district on the map of Uganda.

38. Mention any **one** method of irrigation used in Uganda.

39. Why is Mombasa hotter than Kampala?

40. Write any **one** way of identifying people of the same tribe.



SECTION B: 60 MARKS

Questions 41 to 55 carry **four** marks each.

41(a) Write **LEGCO** in full.

(b) Give any **two** duties that were performed by the **LEGCO** in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) Which organ of government does the work of **LEGCO** in Uganda today?

42. Complete the table below correctly.

Mineral	Place it is mined	Product
Copper	Kilembe (Kasese)	_____
Crude oil	_____	Petrol
_____	Hima and Tororo	Cement
_____	Mwadui	Glass cutters

43(a) Give any **two** reasons why people in our community go to banks.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Write any **two** advantages of keeping money in banks.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

44(a) What was the name of the East African Community before 1967?

(b) State any **two** problems facing the East African Community today.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) Name the organ of the EAC that runs its day to day activities.

45(a) Which symbol of a school;

(i) promotes smartness? _____

(ii) locates where the school is found? _____

(iii) is sung by members of the school? _____



(b) Why should neighbouring schools cooperate with each other?

46(a) Mention any **two** things which destroy social service centres.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) How are social services important to people?

(c) State any **one** reason why some people are unable to enjoy social services.

47. Below is how Ben spends his 40,000/= pocket money.

Item	Money spent
Books and pens	20,000/=
Juice	15,000/=
Bread	5,000/=
Transport	10,000/=

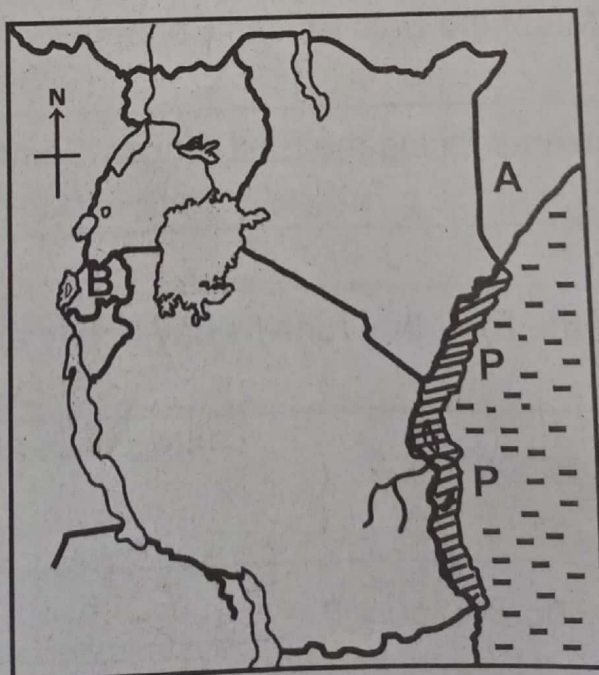
(a) How much money is Ben's total income?

(b) What type of budget does Ben experience?

(c) Give a reason to support your answer in (b) above.

(d) State the meaning of the term balanced budget.

48. Study the sketch map of East Africa below to answer the questions that follow.



(a) Name the countries marked **A** and **B** on the map above.

(i) **A** _____

(ii) **B** _____

(b) Which natural vegetation is so common in the shaded region **P** on the map above?

(c) How does the vegetation in (b) above support water transport in East Africa?

49(a) Mention any **two** tourist attractions found in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Give **two** reasons why tourism is called an industry.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

50(a) Which organisation sent most European explorers to Uganda?

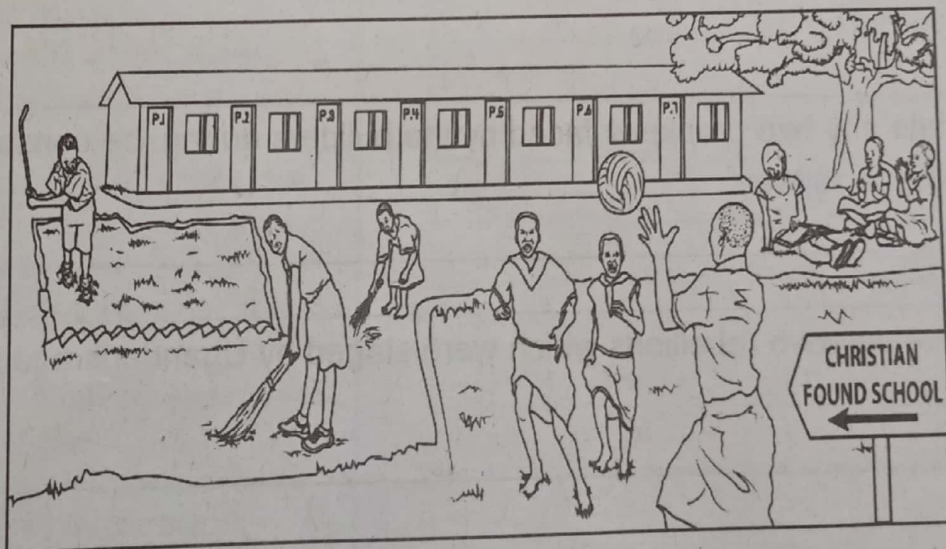
(b) Why did most European explorers come to Uganda?

(c) Mention any **two** examples of European explorers who came to Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

51. Study the picture of an important place below to answer the questions that follow.



(a) Name the important place shown above.

(b) Mention any **one** group of people who work in the place above.



(c) In which **two** ways is the government of Uganda supporting such places in (a) above?

(i) _____

(ii) _____

52(a) Name any **two** building materials people get from hills.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Apart from providing building materials, how else are hills useful to people?

(c) Write any **one** danger caused by hills to people.

53(a) Who were the original settlers of Uganda before ethnic migrations?

(b) How did the coming of the Bantu affect the original settlers of Uganda?

(c) State any **two** positive effects of the coming and settlement of the Bantu in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

54(a) What was the first railway line to be built in East Africa?

(b) Why was the railway line from Mombasa to Kisumu called the Uganda railway?

(c) State any **two** problems faced by the builders during the construction of the Uganda railway.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

55(a) Give any **two** rebellions which were staged by Ugandans against the British rule.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Why were Ugandans easily defeated in their resistance against the British?

(c) What shows that Uganda was once ruled by the British?

