# KAZO DISTRICT LOCAL GOVERNMENT EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

#### PRIMARY SIX ENGLISH LESSON NOTES TERM TWO 2023

## **LESSON 1**

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

- Sister -in-law

- Mother-in-law

- Father-in-law

#### Grammar

Giving opposites

Example

Mother-in-law

Sister -in-law

#### **Structure**

Using.....rather.....than....

## **EXAMPLE**

I would rather visit my uncle than my aunt.

Activity (Spotlight English Bk 6 page 46).

Use the words....rather than....to construct correct sentences.

- 1. Have many nephews, have many nieces.
- 2. Arrest defilers, let them go.
- 3. A kind half-sister.
- 4. Wait, marry a young girl.
- 5. Get twins, get triplets.
- 6. Small family, large family.

#### LESSON 2

TOPIC: Family relationships. SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships.

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

Nephew

**Nieces** 

Cousin

Half brother

#### Structure

Using... rather..... than......

Example

I would rather have twins than triplets.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English Bk 6 page 46)

Construct six sentences using..... rather.... than....

### **Examples**

- 1. I would rather have triplets than one son.
- 2. I would rather have younger sister than my brothers.

## **LESSON 3**

TOPIC: Family relationships

SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Half sister

Step brother

Step sister

**Twins** 

#### Grammar

Giving opposites

## Example

Half sister

Half brother

Structure

Using......too.....to

## Example

Your half sister is very young.

She cannot marry.

Your half sister is too young to marry.

## **Activity**

(Fountain primary English learners Bk6 Page 85)

Join these sentences using....too....to....

- 1. My cousin is very young. She cannot travel alone.
- 2. He is old. He cannot run.

- 3. Her mother-in-law is short. She cannot touch the ceiling.
- 4. Grandmother is old. She cannot walk very well.
- 5. Our uncle is drunk. He should not drive.

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Vocabulary

**Triplets** 

Quadruplets

#### Grammar

Forming plurals

## **Example**

**Twin-twins** 

**Triplet-Triplets** 

Quadruplet-quadruplets

Structure

Using......just.....

#### **Example**

- 1. My aunt has just given birth to triplets.
- 2. My nephew has just been arrested.
- 3. My brother has just finished his college education.

## **Activity**

(Fountain primary English learners Bk6 Page 85)

Complete the sentences using ....just......

- 1. Our cousin has.....married.
- 2. My Sister and brother-in law has -----arrived.
- 3. My nephew has -----been arrested.
- 4. Our uncle has -----left for Cairo.
- 5. Her sister –in-law has-----been to Kampala.
- 6. Her mother-in-law has -----been admitted to Mulago Hospital.

## **LESSON 5**

TOPIC: Family relationships

SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Birth to Incest tribe

#### Grammar

Making sentences

## Example

Our half sister gave birth to quadruplets

#### Structure

Using......already ......

## Example

- 1. My uncle has already died.
- 2. John has already gone to Aunt Mary's house.

## **Activity**

(Fountain primary English learners Bk6 Page 86)

Complete the following sentences using already and the correct form of the words in brackets.

- 1. My sister has -----. (go)
- 2. They have -----to see my grandfather. (go)
- 3. Our cousin is -----(marry)
- 4. Their nephew has -----them the said news. (tell)
- 5. My brother has -----for England. (leave)
- 6. We have -----at the airport. (arrive)

## **LESSON 6**

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Populated Marry Give

#### Grammar

Completing sentences using the word in brackets.

	Example		
	1. Our cousin is	(marry)	
	Our cousin is already	married.	
	2. My mother has	for England. (lea	ve)
	My mother has alread	dy left for England.	
	Structure		
	Usingbut		
	Example		
	Hawa is my niece but her	r brother is my nephew.	
	Activity		
	(Fountain primary English	h learners Bk6 Page 86).	
	Complete the sentences	correctly	
		but his sister is my	
		his son is my	
		ut his son is my	
		ut her brother is my	
	5. Joy is my mother-in-la	aw but her son is my	
LESSON 7			
	Family relationships		
SUB-TOPIC:	Family relationships		
CONTENT:	<u>Vocabulary</u>		
	Young		
	Old		
	Elder		
	Eldest		
	Grammar		
	Comparison of adjective.		
	Example		
	<u>Positive</u>	<b>Comparative</b>	<b>Superlatives</b>
	Young	Younger	Youngest
	Small	smaller	Smallest
	Tall	taller	tallest
	Big	bigger	biggest
	Structure		
	Usingtoo	to	
	Example		

Her half-brother is very young. He cannot go to go school. Her half brother is too young to go to school.

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(Fountain primary English learners Bk6 Page 84) Complete the sentences using .....too..... to....

- 1. Your grandmother is......old.....play hide and seek.
- 2. His half brother is ......young .....to go to boarding school.
- 3. Their cousin is.....weak.....carry that heavy box.
- 4. All my nephews were .....tired.....eat.

### **LESSON 8**

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Scarcely Densely

#### Grammar

Forming adverbs from adjectives

## Example

- 1. Scarce-Scarcely
- 2. Dense-densely

#### Structure

Using......that.....that.....

## Example

Our step-sister was a wise lady.

She educated all her cousins.

Our step-sister was such a wise lad that she educated all her cousins.

### **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English Bk 6 page 75)

Join these sentences using....such a .... that.....

1. My aunt was a wise lady. She educated all her children.

- 2. It was a very large family. They could not afford basic needs.
- 3. It was a cold day. The children could not go out to play.
- 4. Your brother is a very tall man. He can touch the wire.
- 5. It was a very busy day for us. We worked up to midnight.
- 6. Their uncle was a very strong man. He won the battle.

TOPIC: Family relationships. SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships.

**CONTENT:** The text or passage with the title family relationships.

## **Activity**

(Fountain primary English learners Bk6 Page 88)
Answer the following questions in full sentences.

- 1. What is the name of the grandfather?
- 2. In which district does Mr. Othieno live?
- 3. Who came from Mbale district?
- 4. Why do you think Mr. Othieno woke up his grandchildren?
- 5. How many children came with Aunt Mebbo?
- 6. List any five grand children.

## **LESSON 10**

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: A dialogue between Anita and her uncle entitled THE QUADRUPLETS.

## Activity

(St. Bernard's English Bk 6 Page 63)

Answer the questions in full sentences.

- 1. When did the dialogue take place?
- 2. Whom had Aunt grace gone to see in the hospital?
- 3. How many babies were born?
- 4. How is Anita related to the Quadruplets?
- 5. Mention the place where the babies are.

## **LESSON 11**

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Study the poem entitled WHY GRAND FATHER LIMPS and answer

the questions in full sentences.

**Activity** 

(Fountain primary English Bk 6 page 95)

Study the poem and answer the questions below in full sentences.

- 1. How old is Grandfather?
- 2. How many grandchildren does he have?
- 3. Where have his sons and daughters gone?
- 4. Where does he cut firewood?
- 5. What causes the old man to limps?
- 6. What causes the old man to limp?
- 7. What does the old man think of at night?

## **LESSON 12**

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: A family tree

Study the family tree

## **Activity**

(Fountain primary English learners Bk6 Page 94) Study the family tree and answer the questions.

- 1. What does this family tree show you?
- 2. What is the relationship between Robert and Sarah?
- 3. How many children does John have?
- 4. What relation is Sarah to John?
- 5. What is the relationship between Anne and Jonathan?
- 6. What is the relationship John call Martin?
- 7. Which word can you use to describe Jonathan?
- 8. What does Betty call Susan?
- 9. What is the relationship between Jane and Peter?
- 10. What relationship does Anne have with Suzan?

## **LESSON 13**

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Read the Poem entitled A NEW FAMILY MEMBER.

## **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English Pupil's Bk 6 page 78)

Read the poem and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

- 1. How many long months' doe the Poem talk about?
- 2. What are the parents waiting for all these months?
- 3. Who names the new family members?
- 4. Who pronounces blessings upon the baby?
- 5. How many lines make up the first Stanza?
- 6. Write another word that means happily.

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Dialogue between Fatima and Suleiman

## **Activity**

(Spotlight English pupil's Book 6 page 45)

Read out the dialogue with your friend and discuss the questions that follow. Discuss the following questions.

- 1. What is the name of Omar's twin sister?
- 2. Who is a grandparent?
- 3. How does Mrs. Mwanaisha call Fatuma?
- 4. Who is Suleiman to Omar?
- 5. What is the relationship between Fatuma and the triplets?

#### **LESSON 15**

TOPIC: Family relationships

SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Read the riddles

**ACTIVITY** 

## (ST. BENARDS ENGLISH BOOK 6 PAGE 62)

Read these riddles with your friend and give a correct answer to each.

- 1. I am a daughter of your sister or brother I have five letters. What am I?
- 2. I am a son of your brother or sister I have six letters, what am I?
- 3. We are three babies born on the same day by the same mother we have eight letters what are we?

- 4. We are two babies born on the same day by the same mother. We have five letters. What are we?
- 5. We are four babes born on the same day by the same mother. We have eleven letters. What are we?

TOPIC: Family relationships

SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: spelling game

**ACTIVITY** 

## (ST. BENARDS ENGLISH BOOK 6 PAGE 51)

Practice spelling the following words alone in pairs or with the whole class.

- Now read them aloud by pronouncing each word clearly
  - 1. Grand parent
  - 2. Mother -in-law
  - 3. Half –brother
  - 4. Populated
  - 5. Nephew
  - 6. Niece
  - 7. Triplets
  - 8. Densely
  - 9. Birth

10.Defile

## LESSON 17

TOPIC: Family relationships

SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: Read the riddles

**ACTIVITY** 

## (ST. BENARDS ENGLISH BOOK 6 PAGE 73)

Read and make sentences from the table below with a friend Examples

- 1. My cousin is too young to get married.
- 2. Their brother was too proud to get a job.

Cousin						
--------	--	--	--	--	--	--

My	sister			young			
	brother	is		old rude			married
Our	step-sister			cruel		get	
Their	half-brother	was	too	busy	to		a job
	niece			proud			
Your	nephew			carefree			

TOPIC: Family relationships SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships

CONTENT: A guided composition about Mr. and Mrs. Barigye's family

**ACTIVITY** 

(Fountain primary English Bk 6 page 90)

Use these words to fill in this gaps

evening, time table, at 4:30pm, children, smoothly, mother, supper, six, also

Mr. and Mrs. Barigye's family,	
Mr. & Mrs, Barigye's family gets up at	O'clock and has breakfast.
Mrs. Barigye is a teacher. She and he child	dren go to schoolseven O'Clock.
The children and their	have lunch between twelve-thirty and
two O'clock.	
The School closes atMrs. Bari	gye prepares the evening meal as the
do their home work. Mr. Ba	arigye normally comes home late in the
The family eats	at 8:30pm.
After supper they go to bed. This	helps the family to run
LESSON 19	

Family relationships **TOPIC:** SUB-TOPIC: Family relationships CONTENT: picture Discussion

#### **ACTIVITY**

## (ST. BENARDS ENGLISH BOOK 6 PAGE 61)

Study the picture with a friend and answer the questions about it.

## **Questions**

- 1. How many people are in the this family?
- 2. Give the number of people I your family
- 3. Where does your family live?

- 4. Who is the oldest person in your family?
- 5. How has the family been helpful to you?
- 6. Share with a friend what happens in your family when a baby is born?

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry CONTENT: Vocabulary

Wood Saw plane

#### Grammar

Constructing sentences using the key words in Vocabulary

- 1. I use a hammer to drive nails into a wood.
- 2. I use a saw to cut wood.

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		 						used	for

#### **EXAMPLE**

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What is a plane used for? To make the wood smooth Complete the sentences using the sentences above

1	a hammer used for? To knock in nails.
2	a saw used for? To cut the wood.
3	sand paper used for? To make the wood smooth.
4	polish used for? To make the wood shine.
5	timber used for? To make furniture.
6	a plane used for? To smoothen wood

## LESSON 21

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry
CONTENT: Vocabulary

carpenter bench drill

Grammar

Constructing sentences using the key words

Example You should call the carpenter to repair these chairs. Structure Firstnextthen Examples
<ol> <li>First you decide what to make, next you buy the wood, then you start work.</li> <li>First she learnt wood work at school, next she worked for a carpenter, then she got her certificate.</li> <li>ACTIVITY</li> <li>Complete these sentences using</li> <li>First</li></ol>
TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry CONTENT: Vocabulary Hammer Nails Planks
Grammar Constructing sentences using he key words Example The carpenter used a hammer to fix nails into a plank.
Structurebesides Example The carpenter bought a plane. He bought a hammer.

## ACTIVITY

The carpenter bought a plane besides a hammer.

(St. Bernard's English Bk 6 page 94)

Join the sentences using....besides.....

1. Our father bought a wardrobe.

He bought a dining table.

- 2. The carpenter sold a table. He sold a book shelf.
- 3. H has polished the tables. He has polished the chairs.
- 4. The carpenter has lost his screw driver. He has lost his drill.
- 5. You have used the hammer.

You have used the plane.

6. You must repair the bench.

You must repair the desk.

## LESSON 23

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry CONTENT: Vocabulary

Wood glue

tools furniture

#### Grammar

Filling in the blank spaces with the correct words.

The sticky substances used to join pieces of wood is called wood glue.

#### **Structure**

....though...

## **Example**

He makes nice furniture. He has never taken any carpentry course.

He makes nice furniture thought he has never taken any carpentry course.

## Activity

(St. Bernard English Pupil's Book 6 page 95).

Join these sentences using though in the middle.

- 1. The carpenter likes this plane. It is very old.
- 2. This drill does not work properly. It is a modern type.
- 3. Pinto is always the first to arrive at the workshop. He lives very far.
- 4. That carpenter gets so many customers. He has never advertised his products.

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry CONTENT: Vocabulary

Sandpaper Polish

Screwdriver

Grammar

Passive voice with the present

Simple tense

## **Example**

John uses the sandpaper to smoothen our furniture.

Our furniture is smoothened by John.

#### **STRUCTURE**

Using...though.....

Example

James makes god chairs. He is not a trained carpenter.

James makes good chairs though he is not a trained carpenter.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English Bk 6 Page 71)

Change these sentences from the active voice to passive voice.

- 1. Mukuyu is planning the wood.
- 2. They get wood from Bundibugyo.
- 3. Ali fixes the nuts every evening.
- 4. Dorothy will sell all the furniture.
- 5. My teacher taught me how to varnish furniture.
- 6. I am using the sand paper.

## **LESSON 25**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

timber varnish sawdust

#### Grammar

Using words in active and passive voice with the present continuous tense.

Example

Tom is cleaning the tools.

The tools are being cleaned by Tom.

### Structure

Begin: Though....

Example

I was very tired. I went to the carpentry workshop. Though I was tired, I went to the carpentry workshop.

### **ACTIVITY**

## (St. Bernard English book 6 pag 90)

## Change the sentences from active to passive voice

- 1. Sentamu is writing a poem about carpentry.
- 2. David is cutting wood.
- 3. Awilo is fixing the nails into the wood.
- 4. Abwoli is arranging the tools.
- 5. Agaba is cleaning the carpentry tools.
- 6. Jesse is designing a dining table.

#### LESSON 26

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry CONTENT: Vocabulary

fix paint collect use

#### Grammar

Changing sentences into present simple tense.

The carpenter fixed is nail into the wood.

The carpenter fixes his nail into the wood.

#### Structure

Using....besides....

Example

Example

The carpenter made a bed. The carpenter made a sofa set.

The carpenter made a bed besides a sofa set.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(spotlight English Bk 6 Page 68)

Re-write the sentences using

....besides.....

- 1. John can make a bench. John can make a desk as well.
- 2. He can fix wood using not only a hammer but also a screw driver.
- 3. Nails can tighten. Wood glue can also tighten.
- 4. A screw driver fixes. A screw driver loosens.

### LESSON 27

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: A story about a carpenter's pride

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Fountain English BOOK 6 page 113)

## Read the story and answer the questions

- 1. What do carpenters make?
- 2. What is the carpenter's raw material?
- 3. Why are nails and glue important to a carpenter?
- 4. What would happen to a piece of furniture if there were no nails or glue?
- 5. What does sand paper do?
- 6. What are the carpenter's main tools?
- 7. Why do you think the surface of a chair should be smoothen?
- 8. Why do you think carpentry is a useful skill?
- 9. What is a hammer used for?
- 10. Give the meaning of the word "plane".

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: a poem about never lose Hope!

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Fountain English Book 6 Page 120)

Read the poem and answer the questions.

- 1. Was the carpenter's father a rich man?
- 2. Who brought up the carpenter?
- 3. Who died?
- 4. What helped the carpenter to earn her living?
- 5. Why did the carpenter's mother suffer?
- 6. What did the carpenter make?
- 7. What is the use of the following tools to a carpenter?
- (a) A saw
- (b) a hammer

## LESSON 29

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: A poem about the proud carpenter.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English Book 6 page 63)

Recite the poem with your friends and discuss the following questions.

- 1. In order to smooth timber, you can use\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Mention any three things that a carpenter makes.
- 3. The glue is used for\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What is he Writer's occupation?
- 5. Does the writer have to please customers?

## **LESSON 30**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: An advertisement with the title MUGUMIRA FURNITURE MART

COMPANY.

### Activity

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 page 96)

Read the advertisement and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

#### Questions

- 1. What does Mugura's company deal in?
- 2. Where is the company located?
- 3. At what time does business open?
- 4. What type of beds do they have in stock?
- 5. On which day does this business remain closed.
- 6. What item can you buy for a baby from this company?
- 7. When was the advertisement written?
- 8. Who wrote the advertisement?
- 9. Write your own advertisement about carpentry products.

### LESSON 31

TOPIC: OCCUPATIONS SUB-TOPIC CARPENTRY

CONTENT: A NOTICE ABOUT A CARPENTER NEEDED

#### **ACTIVITY**

## (Fountain English Book 6 Page 121)

Study the notice and answer the questions

- 1. What kind of Job is being advertised?
- 2. What does this factory make?
- 3. What is the name of the factory?
- 4. In which town is the factory?
- 5. How old should the applicant be?
- 6. What certificate must the applicant have?
- 7. To whom should the applicant be addressed?

#### LESSON 32

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: A dialogue between a student and a carpenter entitled AT THE

CARPENTER'S WORKSHOP.

### Activity

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 page 88).

Read and act the dialogue with your partner.

Answer the questions in full sentences

- 1. Where did the dialogue take place?
- 2. Why did the student go to the carpenter?
- 3. Who was making the furniture?
- 4. Which tool does a carpenter use to make the surface of "wood smooth?
- 5. What is a saw used for?
- 6. Why does a carpenter need a drill?

## **LESSON 33**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: Re-arrange the sentences

## **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 page 93)

Re-arrange the given sentences in the correct order following the given guide words.

#### **Jumbled sentences**

## Example

Then you plane them.

Finally you make the furniture.

First you get a saw.

Next you cut the pieces of wood.

#### **Correct Order**

- First you get a saw.
- Next you cut the pieces of wood.
- Then you plane them.
- Finally you make the furniture.
- 1. Next you get the nails.
- 2. Finally you make the furniture.
- 3. Then you hit the nails into the wood.
- 4. First you pick a hammer.

\_\_\_\_\_

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: A dialogue between Mark and Peter

#### **Activity**

(Spotlight English Book 6 Page 79)

- In pairs, read the following dialogue as you friend listens carefully Discuss the questions

- 1. Why didn't peter go to the workshop that day?
- 2. What time of the day did Mark and Peter meet?
- 3. What was Peter doing when he got hurt?
- 4. Did Peter receive treatment?
- 5. Do you think Mark is a good friend?

#### LESSON 35

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: An advertisement about a workshop.

#### Activity

(Spotlight English book 6 Page 80).

Imagine that you own a workshop in Bundibugyo and you make quality furniture. Design an advertisement informing people to come and buy your furniture.

## Writing tips

- Be imaginative
- Use persuasive language
- Write simple clear sentences.

## LESSON 36

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: A composition about carpentry

## **Activity**

(Fountain English Bk 6 page 124)

Write your own composition of about 120 words about carpenter. Include some of the vocabulary and patterns learnt in this chapter.

#### **Guidelines**

- 1. You could imagine a visit to a carpenter's workshop.
- 2. What do you see there?
- 3. How any people are working there?
- 4. What are they making.
- 5. What can you smell when you are there?
- 6. What do the finished pieces of furniture look like?

### LESSON 37

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry

CONTENT: A guided composition about preparing timber

**Activity** 

(Fountain English book 6 page 115)

Use the words below to complete this composition

first, then, timber lastly cut after carpentry furniture next country

	is one of the best	business in Uganda. The be	st hardwood comes
from natural fore	sts like Mabira, Bug	oma and the Ssese islands.	the
trees are	down,	they are san into	which is transported
for sale t differen	t areas of the		carpenters cut up the
timber according	to the type of	they war	nt to make.

#### LESSON 38

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring CONTENT: Vocabulary

Tailor
Garments
Bobbins
Material

Grammar

**Constructing sentences** 

**Examples** 

- 1. We use a bobbin to hold threads for sewing.
- 2. We use stitches to join materials.

#### **STRUCTURE**

Be careful when.....

**Examples** 

- 1. Be careful when stitching a cloth because you may hurt your finger.
- 2. Be careful when ironing your uniform because you may burn it.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard English Book 6 Page 104)

Read and make eight correct sentences from the table below

			Sewing		Clothes
Ве	Careful	when	Stitching	the	Suit
		while	ironing	your	dress
			cutting	our	gown
			measuring		shirt
			mending		gomesi
			handling		uniforms
			removing		

## LESSON 39

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Carpentry CONTENT: Vocabulary

Tape measure

button stitch texture

#### Grammar

Checking spellings

#### **Examples**

In each case, of the two words, which is spelt correctly

- 1. Tailor-trailor
- 2. Texture-tetuxre
- 3. Measure tape-tape measure

## What is/are....used for?

## **Examples**

- 1. What is a tape measure used for? For taking measurements.
- 2. What is a pair of Scissors used for? For cutting materials.

## **Activity**

(Spotlight English Bk 6 page 87)

Write what each item is used for.

- 1. What is a needle used for?
- 2. What is a stitch used for?
- 3. What is a bobbin used for?
- 4. What is a thread used for?
- 5. What is a sewing machine used for?

#### LESSON 40

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring CONTENT: Vocabulary

Cloth Needle Seam Sew

#### Grammar

Constructing sentences using the words in vocabulary.

## Examples

- 1. Sarah used the needle when she was sewing her cloth.
- 2. John used a tape measure when he was taking the measurements.

#### Structure

....prefer....to...

- 1. I like sewing more than knitting.
- 2. I prefer sewing to knitting.
- 3. She likes tailoring better than baking. She prefers tailoring to baking.

## **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English Bk6 page 105).

Re-write these sentences using...prefer...to...

1. We like this design more than that one.

- 2. They like using black treads more than the while ones.
- 3. I like flowered clothes more than the plain ones.
- 4. You like weaving more than sewing.
- 5. I like a small thimble more than a big one.

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring CONTENT: Vocabulary

Article

Button hole

Thread
Tailoring
scissors

#### Grammar

Making correct sentences from the table.

## **Examples**

- 1. Be careful when sewing the clothes.
- 2. Be careful when ironing your uniform.

#### Structure

Beginning: As soon as...

#### **EXAMPLE**

1. She started crying the moment the needle pricked her thumb. As soon as the needle pricked her thumb, she started crying.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard's English Bk 6 Page 106)

As soon as....

- 1. She cut the cloth the moment she found her pair of scissors.
- 2. The tailor took my measurements the moment I arrived at his shop.
- 3. When my mother finished sewing the dress she ironed it.
- 4. We started weaving the mats when we got the palm leaves.

#### LESSON 42

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring CONTENT: Vocabulary

Sewing machine

Zip

Patch

Thimble

Seam stress

#### Grammar

## **Constructing sentence**

## **Examples**

- 1. Her sewing machine has got a mechanical problem
- 2. Sarah's zip is not functioning well

Forming plurals

1. Seam stress.

Seam stresses

2. cloth

Clothes

### **STRUCTURE**

Using.....as soon as.....

Example

Mother stopped sewing. The needle dropped

Mother stopped sewing as soon as the needle dropped

### **ACTIVITY**

(SPOTLIGHT English Bk 6 page 94)

Construct six sentences from the table

The tailor		Felt the texture of the dresses
We	Has	Repaired a seam
Sheila	Have	Woven some gloves
They		Designed a beautiful gown
I		Taken my measurements for the suit
The seamstress		

## **LESSON 40**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring CONTENT: Vocabulary

Design

Mend Weave Hemming Knitting

#### Grammar

Verbs in present perfect tense.

## **Examples**

- 1. Farida has knitted a nice cloth.
- 2. The tailors have sewn all our uniforms.

#### **STRUCTURES**

Begin: Immediately ......
Example

I saw the seamstress, I gave her the money.

Immediately I saw the seamstress, I gave her the money.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 page 102).

Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the word in the brackets.

<ol> <li>My mother hasher cloth to the tailor (take</li> </ol>

- 2. He has \_\_\_\_\_only two shirts today. (sew)
- 3. Who has \_\_\_\_\_his mat?(Weave)
- 4. They have \_\_\_\_\_\_to the tailor. (Speak)
- 5. Have you\_\_\_\_\_for the materials? (Pay)
- 6. Tina had the thimble when I saw her. (lose)

## LESSON 44

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

CONTENT: A story about Alice the seamstress

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Fountain English Bk 6 page 136)

Read the story and answer the given questions in full sentences.

- 1. What is the story about?
- 2. Who was Alice's uncle?
- 3. How many years did Alice spend in Kampala?
- 4. Identify any three things that we done in her workshop.
- 5. How many children did Alice have?

- 6. Name the oldest son.
- 7. Of what use is a tailor to our Community?

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

CONTENT: A conversation between Nabwire and Fatuma entitled My OCCUPATION

#### **ACTIVITY**

#### (Fountain English Book 6 page 142)

Read the conversation below and answer the questions that follow in full sentences.

- 1. At what time did the girls' discussion take place?
- 2. What were the girls doing?
- 3. Where were they seated?
- 4. How many girls took part in the discussion?
- 5. What is the title of the conversation?
- 6. Which girl likes to become a designer?
- 7. Give any one reason why Agaba wants to become a teacher.
- 8. What stopped the girls from their discussion.

#### LESSON 46

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

CONTENT: A TEXT ABOUT DETAILS OF THE ITEMS

Mr. Nkonge made last week.

#### **ACTIVITY**

#### (St. Bernard's English Book 6 Page 111)

Study the details about the items Mr. Nkonge made last week.

Answer the questions about them in full sentences

#### Questions

- 1. When did Mr. Nkonge make these items?
- 2. What items did he make on Monday?
- 3. How many pairs of trousers did he make?
- 4. From which materials did he make the skirts?
- 5. What colour were the trousers?
- 6. How much did he charge for each gomesi?

- 7. Which items were red?
- 8. On which day did he make the biggest number of items?
- 9. How many days did Mr. Nkonge work that week?
- 10. Which materials did Mr. Nkonge use to use the bed sheets?

TOPIC: OCCUPATIONS SUB-TOPIC: TAILORING

CONTENT: A passage about MR. KASULE'S JOB

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 Page 112).

Read the passage and answer the questions in full sentences.

#### Questions.

- 1. When does Tusabe's class have the Art and Crafts lesson?
- 2. Why is Art and crafts a good subject for children?
- 3. Which materials does Tusabe's class use to make crafts?
- 4. Give one advantage of using the materials you have mentioned above.
- 5. Why should the thread be of different colours?
- 6. Why does a tailor need a tape measure?
- 7. Mention one good thing Mr. Kasule has got from his job?
- 8. How is a thimble useful to a tailor?

#### LESSON 48

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

CONTENT: A dialogue between Tailor and Mweru.

#### Activity

(Spotlight English Book 6 Page 84)

Read aloud the dialogue as the class listens carefully.

#### Discuss these questions.

- 1. What was Mweru using to cut the material?
- 2. Why was it not easy to cut the material?
- 3. The tailor told Mweru to use a tape measure to \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Which stitches were to be used?

5. Does someone need a thimble when using a sewing machine?

## LESSON 49

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

CONTENT: A dialogue between Obunga and Amego entitled LEARNING

**TAILORING** 

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 page 100)

- Read and act the dialogue with a Partner.
- Answer the questions in full sentences
- 1. Where was Amego going?
- 2. Who are the people taking part in the dialogue?
- 3. Why is tailoring a good job?
- 4. Who needs to get permission from his parents?

#### **LESSON 50**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

**CONTENT:** A picture Composition

## **Activity**

### (spotlight English book 6 page 102)

- Study the pictures and write about what is happening in each picture.
- Use the words given in each picture.

## Words in pictures to use.

- 1. Material, choosing.
- 2. Measuring, tape measure
- 3. Paying, tailor
- 4. Material, scissors
- 5. Cutting, sewing
- 6. Garment, ready.

### LESSON 51

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

CONTENT: A composition about MY VISIT TO THE TAILOR.

## **Activity**

(Spotlight English Book Page 102)

In about 100 words, write a composition about MY VISIT TO THE TAILOR.

## **Writing Tips**

- 1. Be imaginative
- 2. Use short and clear sentences

## **LESSON 52**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Tailoring

CONTENT: a guided composition about making A SUIT FOR THE GROOM.

## **ACTIVITY**

(Fountain English Book 6 page 145)

Use the words in the box to fill in the blank spaces.

Tailor, scissors, stitch, needle,

Material, tape measure, design, button, sewing machine, zips,

## Making a suit for the groom

The groom ar	nd his best man w	vent to the	who was good at making suits.
They first cho	se the	and then he t	ook their measurements using a
	after that he got	a pair of	and started cutting the cloth
He made the	th	ey wanted with his	, he was to
	_ and make	holes.	
Then for the t	trousers, he put _	on th	ne fly and the rear pockets and lastly
made the her weeks.	n with a	he told them to	come and pick them up after two

## **LESSON 53**

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Even
Butter
Baking tin
Cookie cutter

#### Grammar

Constructing sentences related to baking.

## Examples.

- 1. My aunt told me to put the cake in the oven.
- 2. We mixed the butter and sugar.

#### Structures

....to....infinitive

## **Examples**

- 1. Don't forget to shut the oven.
- 2. Don't forget to invite your teachers for the party.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(ST. Bernard's English book 6 page 121)

## RE-write the following sentences by beginning. Do don't to ....

- 1. Wash the utensils.
- 2. Peel the pineapples.
- 3. Time the care.
- 4. Cover the food.
- 5. Repair the oven.
- 6. Write the recipe.
- 7. Buy cakes for us.
- 8. Bake the cakes.

### LESSON 54

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

Icing sugar Food colour

Yeast slice

#### Grammar

Matching the words

examples

A B

Yeast A fine white powder

Icing sugar made from Sugar that is mixed with water to make icing

Make icing

A type of fungus used in baking bread.

#### Structure

....used to.....

- 1. I used to mix butter and sugar.
- 2. I used to bake cakes during the holidays.

#### **ACTIVITY**

### (St. Bernard's English Book 6 Page 123)

Re-write the sentences using...used to....)

- 1. The boys always kneaded the dough in the evenings.
- 2. She worked at the bakery before joining the army.
- 3. We sold bread when we were young.
- 4. We got dirty each time we baked cakes.
- 5. He mixed ingredients with his hands before he bought a mixer.

#### **LESSON 55**

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

Bun Cake Bread Biscuit

#### Grammar

Forming nouns from verbs

## **Examples**

- 1. Bake- baker
- 2. Celebrate Celebration

#### **STRUCTURE**

....used to.....

**EXAMPLE** 

I used to bake cakes when I was young.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English Book 6 Page 108(

Write five sentences of your own using.....used to.....used to.....

#### **Examples**

1. Nanzilime **used to** decorate cakes on Sundays.

- 2. Husein **used to** sprinkle Sugar on his cookies.
- 3. Grandmother used to knead the dough for us.
- 4. The chef **used to** bake bread and biscuits only.

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

cookies loaf bakery baker

#### Grammar

Forming plurals

**Examples** 

- 1. Loaf-loaves
- 2. Baker- bakers
- 3. Cookies

St	rı		+.	ır	^
Jι	ΙL	ıL	ιι	41	E

		prefer	to	
--	--	--------	----	--

## Example

Which do you prefer?.....

(Visiting a bakery or the market).

- She prefers visiting a bakery to visiting the market.

### **Activity**

## (Fountain English Book 6 Page 152)

Complete the sentences	using
Preferto	

Which does he prefer, visiting a bakery or visiting a zoo?
 He Prefers

2. Which does Nulu Prefer, meat or rice?

Nulu prefers \_\_\_\_\_

3. Which does Joyce prefer, Cookie or biscuits?
Joyce Prefers

#### **LESSON 57**

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Weeding cake

Dough

Baking flour Pinch of

#### Grammar

Using the words in filling the gaps

## **Examples**

- 1. As the dough was still hard, he added some water and continued kneading it.
- 2. He wanted to bake a cake so he switched on the oven.

#### Structure

.....neither.....nor.....

## Example

1. The bread we baked did not burn.

It was not half cooked.

The bread we baked neither burn nor cooked.

2. Kabalega did not buy eggs. Kabalega did not bay milk.

Kabalega bought neither eggs nor milk.

## **Activity (Spotlight English Bk 6 Page 111)**

Join the following sentences using...... neither.....nor.......

- 1. I have not eaten cream biscuits. I have eaten ginger biscuits
- 2. Auma did not use Yeast. Auma did not use Sugar.
- 3. There is no bakery in our village. There is no shop in our village.

## LESSON 58

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Margarine Ingredients Recipes Flavor

#### Grammar

Writing sentences giving the plural form of the words in brackets EXAMPLES

1.	I have enough	to bake a cake.	(ingredient)
	I have enough ingredients to b	oake a cake	

#### STRUCTURE

Use.....even....though...

#### Example

1. The bread tasted good. We put in a lot of salt.

The bread tasted good even though we put in a lot of salt.

## Activity

## (Fountain English Bk 6 Page 163)

Write these sentences giving the plural form of the words in brackets

- 1. I ate two\_\_\_\_\_of my birthday Cake yesterday. (slice)
- 2. We used two\_\_\_\_\_in the cakes. (Kilogram of butter).
- 3. I need four \_\_\_\_\_.(baking tin)
- 4. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ in this town. (bakery)5. Joel has eaten four \_\_\_\_\_.(biscuit)

## LESSON 59

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Bake

Turn off

Taste

Pinch

Tier

#### Grammar

Forming nouns from verbs

#### Examples

- 1. Bake baker, bakery
- 2. Taste-tasty

#### **STRUCTURE**

Using ....to....

#### **Examples**

- 1. We went to the bakery. We bought bread.
  - We went to the bakery to buy bread.
- 2. We went to town. We want to buy cakes.

We went to town to buy cakes.

#### **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 Page 122)

Join the sentences using...to....

- 1. We went to the Bakery. We bought bread.
- 2. You need a spoon. You mix the butter and sugar.
- 3. I did not have enough money. I cannot buy bread.
- 4. You have enough knowledge. You can bake your cake.

5. I bake bread. I get money for school fees.

# LESSON 6

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

Sprinkle Knead Roll out Sieve Mix

Grammar

Spelling words

Example

Sprinkle

Tense formation

# **Examples**

Sprinkle Sprinkled – Sprinkled
 Knead Kneaded

#### Structure

Begin: Even though.....

Example

1. The party was not colourful. There was a big cake. Even though there was a big cake, he party was not colourful.

2. The bread was not delicious. We added butter to fill.

The bread was not delicious even though we added butter to it.

#### **ACTIVITY**

Spotlight English Book 6 page 113)

Write six sentences using.....even though,.....use the following words.

Cookie, cutter
 Margarine
 Knead
 Recipe
 Sugar
 Sieve

## LESSON 61

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: A passage about EARNING A LIVING FROM BAKING.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(ST. Bernard's English Book 6 page 127)

Read the passage and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

Questions.

- 1. In which village does Bingi come from?
- 2. Why did the Local council leaders call the villagers to a meeting?
- 3. Where did the women get the money to set up a bakery?
- 4. Why is everyone happy about this bakery?
- 5. How many tiers was the wedding cake for Bingi's niece?
- 6. How much flour was needed or each cake?
- 7. Why is it good to sieve all the dry ingredients?
- 8. How long did the cake take to bake?

# **LESSON 62**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Banking

CONTENT: a dialogue between mother and Ngabre entitled NGABIRE AND HER

**BAKING LESSONS** 

# **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English book 6 page 119)

Read the dialogue with a partner and then act it.

Answer the questions in full sentences.

- 1. Why was Ngabire very happy that day?
- 2. Which ingredients did Ngabire need to bake the cake?
- 3. Where did the bakers who taught pupils to bake come from?
- 4. How is a recipe useful in banking?
- 5. Who are the people taking part in the dialogue?

## **LESSON 63**

TOPIC: Occupations.

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: Discussion about the pictures on how bread is made.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Fountain Primary English Book 6 Page 149)

Study the pictures and discuss the ways how bread is made.

Guiding questions.

- 1. Have you ever eaten bread?
- 2. Do you know where bread is made?

- 3. Do you know how to make bread?
- 4. What do you think are the ingredients used to make bread?
- 5. What are the steps taken when making a bread.
- 6. Do you think it is useful to know how to make cakes and biscuits.

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: A conversation between Mukasa and Baker about-BAKING BREAD.

## **ACTIVITY**

# (Fountain English book 6 Page156)

Read and act out this conversation

Mukasa: Do you have any brown bread?

Baker: I am sorry, we don't have any today.

I am still waiting for the dough to raise.

Mukasa: Rose? Does it rise like a ballon?

Baker: It the yeast that makes the dough rise. When we mix it with flour,

water and some sugar and salt, the dough rises

Mukasa Does this take long to happen?

Baker: Oh! Yes, It takes guite a long time. We have to knead it with our

hands to make sure there is no air left inside.

Mukasa: And then what happens next?

Baker: Then we put it in a baking tin or make it into a loaf shape and bake it

in a very hot oven.

#### LESSON 64

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Steps needed to make a cake

#### **Activity**

(Fountain English book 6 page 170)

Write down the steps needed to make a cake.

- 1. Buy the ingredients.
- 2. Prepare the ingredients which include wheat, sugar.
- 3. Mix the ingredients.
- 4. Knead the ingredients to form the dough.
- 5. Then shape the dough.

- 6. Place the dough in an oven.
- 7. Remove the cake after 10-15 minutes
- 8. Mix icing sugar.
- 9. Spread the icing sugar on the cake.
- 10. Finally serve the cake.

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Baking

CONTENT: A passage about

A VISIT TO KAMULI BAKERY

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English book 6 page 117)

Read the following comprehension and answer the questions that follow

Write the answers to the following questions.

Read the following comprehension and answer the questions that follow.

Writ the answers to the following questions in full sentences.

- 1. When did the primary six pupils go to Kamuli District?
- 2. Why did the pupils visit the bakery?
- 3. Write the plural of these words
- 4. Which oven uses firewood?
- 5. Why are modern ovens usually not used in most villages?
- 6. Name any fie ingredients used to make cakes according to the passage.
- 7. Why does Mbwari want to become a baker after primary Seven?
- 8. Write down the title of the passage.

# LESSON 67

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Keeping animals

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Dock
Pet
Animals
Sounds

#### Grammar

# If (2) Conditional clauses

# **Examples**

- 1. If I were a cow, I would moo
- 2. If I were a dog, I would bark

## **STRUCTURE**

Use:....need not.....

## Example

- 1. You need not to buy cooking oil when you have ghee.
- 2. You need not to boiled flavored milk.

## **ACTIVITY**

# (ST. Bernard's English Book 6 page 133-138)

- 1. It is not necessary to dip animals everyday. (Use....need not....)
- 2. It is not necessary for Sarah to call a veterinary doctor when her cow delivers well.
- 3. It is not necessary for you to boast when you slaughter a bull.
- 4. It is not necessary for you to starve your animals.

# **LESSON 68**

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Keeping animals

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Misery Comfort Discomfort Welfare

#### **GRAMAR**

- 1. The pet has a nice house.
- 2. Animals should be treated equally like human beings.

#### Structure

Begin

Not only....but also.....

sick.

# Example

- They docked their cows. They de-horned their cows.
   Not only should they dock their cows but also de-horned them.
- They feed their animals. They treat them when they are sick.Not only should they feed their animals but also treat them when they are

# **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English book 6 page 138 Join the sentences beginning with Not only---to also----

- 1. The herdsman was kind to the animals. He encouraged other people to do the same.
- 2. The man slaughtered the bull. He roasted its meat.

# LESSON 69

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

**CONTENT:** Vocabulary

Anxiety Cruelty Sorrow Cruel

#### Grammar

# **Changing nouns to adjectives**

- 1. Anxiety- Anxious
- 2. Sorrow Sorrowful
- 3. Arranging the adjectives in their order.

## **Example**

The Police has a (big, fierce, sniffer) dog.
 A police has a fierce big sniffer dog.

Structure	
	need not

#### **EXAMPLE**

- 1. We don't need to be cruel to animals because they are our friend. We need not to be cruel to animals because they are our friends.
- 2. You won't need to starve your animals. You need not to starve your animals.

Activity

# (ST. Bernard's English book 6 Page 135-139)

- 1. You don't need to get permission to slaughter your own goat.
- 2. You don't need to boast when you slaughter a bull.

#### **LESSON 70**

TOPPIC: Occupations
Sub topic: Keeping animals

Content: Vocabulary

Body signs

Torture

Husbandry Veterinary Mistreatment

## <u>Grammar</u>

Meaning of words

Example:

1.mistreatment

Treating of a person or an animal in a cruel way.

Structure

You should .....

Example:

You should mind about the welfare of animals.

## **Activity**

(Fountain English book 6page 176)

Complete these sentences using: You should......)

1.....be kind to animals.

2.....care for the animals on your farms.

3.....treat animals when they are sick.

4.....give comfort to your domestic animals because they

support us.

5.....provide good shelter and food to your animals.

6.....clean where animals sleep.

#### LESSON 71

TOPIC : Occupations

SUB-TOPIC : Keeping animals

CONTENT : Vocabulary

Dip

Slaughter

#### Tether

#### Grammar

Choosing the good practices and bad practices of caring for animals.

# **Example:**

Group A(Good practices) Group B (bad practices)

1 . Dipping animals beating animals regularly.

2 Cleaning where animals sleep Docking the animals.

## **Structure**

You should not .....

# Example:

- 1 You should not starve the animals.
- 2 You should not mistreat animals.

# **Activity**

(St Bernard's English book Pg 139.)

Write the sentences using : You should not .....instead of you don't need to

- 1 You don't need to buy cooking oil when you have ghee.
- 2 You don't need to buy fertilizers when you have cow dung.
- 3 You don't need to boil flavored milk.

#### LESSON 72

TOPIC : OCCUPATION SUB-TOPIC : Keeping animals

CONTENT : Vocabulary

Anxious Stray Tether Cruelty

Grammar

Spell the following words

- 1 anxious
- 2 animal sounds
- 3 husbandry

# **Structure**

.....would.....

# Example:

- 1. If Naluzinga bought a cow, she would take care of it.
- 2.. If Chemoiko had a pet, he would feed it.

# **Activity**

# (Spotlight English Book 6 Page 133)

Provide suitable endings to the following sentences (use...would...)

- 1. If Babirye bought more cows,\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. If Nabirye tethered his sheep well, \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. If Tabiha treated her goat in time, \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. If Wanyama tortured the cows, \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. If we listened to animal sounds, \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **6.** If people cared for the animals more , \_\_\_\_\_

#### LESSON 73

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Overstock

Steal Eat Throw Beat

#### Grammar

# Filling in the space with a correct word from the box

# Example

- 1. You should not eat meat of sick animals.
- 2. You should not beat animals because it hurts them.

#### **STRUCTURE**

need not
----------

#### Example

- 1. You should not overstock animals on a piece of land. You need not overstock animals on a piece of land.
- 2. You should not beat animals because it hurts them. You need not beat animals because it hurts them.

# **Example**

- 1. You should not overstock animals on a piece of land. You need not overstock animals on a piece of land .
- 2. You should not beat animals because it hurts them. You need not beat animals because it hurts them.

# **Activity**

(St. Bernard's English Book 6 page 137)
Fill in the blank spaces with a correct word from the box.
(Overstock, steal, dock, eat, beat, cruel, throw, overload.

1.	You should not be	to animals
า	Vou should not	animals on the had

<ol><li>You should notanimals on the ba</li></ol>
---

## LESSON 74

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Animals sounds

#### **GRAMMAR**

# Writing animal sounds

Examples

Dogs - bark/growl
Cows - moos/low
Bulls - bellow

#### Structure

If .....would.....

## **Examples**

- 1. If I were a bull, I would bellow.
- 2. If I were a dog, I would bark.

# **Activity**

# (Spotlight English Bok6 Page 135)

White the pages of con	_ ,
	me animals and the sounds they produce
Animal	Sound
Donkeys	
Hens	
Horses	
Ducks	
Sheep	
Goats	
Bees	
Geese	
Cats	
Doves	
Bulls	
Cows	
Dogs	
LESSON 75 TOPIC:	Occupations
SUB-TOPIC:	Keeping Animals
CONTENT:	Vocabulary
CONTLINT.	fat
	Thin
	White
	Black
GRAMMAR	
Looking at the pictures	and telling what is seen.
Examples	Ü
A fat cow	
A thin cow	
7 ( 65 )	
Structure	
need not	
Example	

- 1. It was not necessary for you to slaughter a fat bull.
  - You needn't have slaughtered a fat bull.
- 2. It was not necessary beat animals at back. You needn't have beaten animals at backs.

Δ	C	Г۱۱	/	T	V
_	•				

(Spotlight English book 6 page 1	133-134	.)
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Choose the o	correct word	from th	e brackets <sup>•</sup>	to complete	the sentences

1.	My	_cat meowed.	(hungry,	hunger)

- 2. Achen and Aduk have \_\_\_\_\_dogs. (fierce, fiercely)
- 3. Mazune saw a\_\_\_\_\_cow. (thin, thinks)
- 4. Nalumansi treated the \_\_\_\_\_\_ bull. (injured, injury)
- 5. The\_\_\_\_\_\_ donkey started braying. (angrily, angry)
- 6. A\_\_\_\_\_ bull was slaughtered by the farmer. (fat, fatty

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: Vocabulary

Kitten puppy piglets kid bunny

#### Grammar

Telling the young one of each animal.

Examples

Rabbit bunny
Cat kitten
Dog puppy
Pig piglet
Got kid

## **STRCUTURE**

Using: Not only\_\_\_\_\_but also\_\_\_\_\_

## Examples

- 1. Not only should you be kind to cattle but also feed them.
- 2. Not only do hens give us eggs but also meat.

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Join the following sentences using: Not only.....but also....

- 1. We should know when an animal is sick. We should treat it.
- 2. You should wash your pet. You should feed it well.
- 3. Beating animals is cruel. It causes great discomfort.
- 4. Semogerere should dock the ram. He should dock all the sheep.

#### **LESSON 77**

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals
CONTENT: Vocabulary

Sty Kennel Kraal pen

#### Grammar

Writing the habitats of animals

**Examples** 

Sty pig
Pen goat
Kennel dog
Kraal cow

#### Structure

Use: Not only.... But also....

**Examples** 

Animals need to be protected. They need care.
 Not only do animals need to be protected but also need our care.

# **Activity**

(Fountain	English book 6 page 177)		
Complete	these sentences using: not only		
1	should you milk the cows	give them go	ood shelter.
2	should you be kind to the ar	ıimals	comfort them.
3	_should you dip these animals	call the veterina	ry Doctor to check
on them.			
4.	should one keep domestic ar	nimals	some birds.

5	should you look after the animals	learn their
hehaiyour		

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A passage about keeping animals

#### **ACTIVITIES**

(Fountain English Book 6 Page 181)

# Read the passage and answer the questions about it in full sentences

- 1. Who started keeping domestic animals?
- 2. Name the first animal to be tamed by human beings.
- 3. What do we call animals which live in our homes and farms?
- 4. Identify any one animal that is kept as a pet.
- 5. What do we call the keeping of animals?
- 6. Which person treats animals and advises farmers on how to look after them?

#### LESSON 79

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A dialogue about animal care

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard English book 6 Page 133)

Read the dialogue and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

- 1. Where did the vaccination exercise take?
- 2. Of the two people in the dialogue, who is likely to be a Veterinary Officer?
- 3. Why was the vaccination exercise tough?
- 4. Write two good practices of animal care.
- 5. Why is dipping animals a good practice?

6. Design five messages about animal care.

#### **LESSON 80**

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: Ways of caring our animals

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English book 6 page 124)

Read the ways of caring for our animals).

Good animal husbandry requires farmers to care for the welfare of their animals. A caring farmer should read the **body signs** of the animals and known when they have **discomfort** or **anxiety.** 

**Mistreatment** of animals should not be allowed.

If anybody tortures an animal in a cruel way, the police should arrest such a person.

Any animal that shows signs of <u>Misery</u> or <u>sorrow</u> should be taken to a veterinary Doctor

If a famer wants to **dock** or **slaughter** an animal then the farmer should do it in a gentle way.

#### LESSON 81

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A conversation about ANIMAL FREEDOM

**ACTIVITY** 

## (Fountain English book 6 page 180)

Read the conversation and answer the questions that follow in full sentences.

- 1. Who do you think Kuku is?
- 2. Why are Kuuu and Sina not happy with people?
- 3. Who is Sina?

- 4. Where does Sina Stay?
- 5. Which animal is not a good friend to the rest?
- 6. Who eats Kuku's children?
- 7. What do we call Sina's children?
- 8. Where do Kuku's eggs go?
- 9. What do you think happened in the meeting?

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A poem about WHO AM I?

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Fountain English book 6 page 188)
Recite the poem below
WHO AM I?
I am a domestic animal
With Seven branches
Four are normal
Two are dry and one went mad.

I give people many things They depend on me I help them to work I am their transport

I help them with their digging But they don't appreciate me Who am I?

Poor me, when it rains I cannot step on the veranda They beat me with their sticks Coldness, rain and darkness are my Company. Gideon

#### **LESSON 83**

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals CONTENT: A poem about;

ANIMALS TOO NEED CARE

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English book 6 Page 140)

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions about it.

- 1. What should we do to a sick animal?
- 2. A part from eggs, what else do you think we get from the Children?
- 3. According to Stanza two, write any three things animals should not suffer.
- 4. Do animals need comfort?
- 5. The word vet in Stanza one is the short form of a word. Write the word in full.

#### **LESSON 84**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A picture discussion about

**GRAZING ANIMALS** 

## **ACTIVITY**

# (St. Bernard English book 6 page 132)

Study the picture below and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

- 1. Which animal can you see in the picture.
- 2. Why do people keep animals in their communities?
- 3. Give one problem cattle keepers face?

#### **LESSON 85**

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A notice about Vaccination

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard English book 6 Page 140)

Read the notice below and answer the questions based on it in full sentences.

- 1. What is the notice informing the people about?
- 2. How many days will the exercise take?
- 3. At what time will the exercise end on Tuesday?
- 4. On which day will the doctor work for fewer hours?
- 5. On which day will the cattle be vaccinated?
- 6. Which animals will be vaccinated against rabies?
- 7. What will be done on Friday?
- 8. What will the pigs be vaccinated against?
- 9. When will the doctors work longest?
- 10. How much will each person pay for the vaccination?

#### **LESSON 86**

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A crossword Puzzle

#### **ACTIVITY**

(Spotlight English Book 6 page 138)

Complete the cross word puzzle by answering he questions that follow.

#### A cross

- 1. To kill an animal for food.
- 3. A feeling of being worried or troubled.
- 5. To cut the nail of animal.
- 9. An animal you keep as a companion.
- 10. The sound produced by a cat.
- 11. A feeling of sadness.

## **Down**

- 2. Feeling uneasy, nervous or worried.
- 4. To treat an animal in a very cruel manner.
- 6. The cows that had ticks were taken to the cattle\_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Not kind
- 8. The sound produced by a lion.
- 10. The sound produced by a cow.

#### LESSON 87

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A dialogue between Aseto and Mark entitled NJUBUGA'S

**FARM** 

## **Activity**

(Spotlight English Book 6 page 136)

Act out the following dialogue. Let your teacher grade who spoke well.

Njubuga's Farm

Aseto: Animals are very helpful at home.

Mark: Yes, you are right. We should take good care of them.

Aseto: Do you keep animals at home?

Mark: Yes, we have goats, a dog and a horse. Asto: That is nice, I have never seen a horse.

Mark: Horses and dogs are good friends to man. I will show you one.

## **LESSON 88**

TOPIC: Occupations
SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A passage about NSUBUGA'S FARM

# **Activity**

# (Spotlight English Book 6 page 136

Read the following passage carefully and then answer the questions that follow in full sentences.

Discuss the following questions).

- 1. Which things show that Nsubuga cares for his animals?
- 2. In which way can you also take good care of the animals in your home?

Write the answers to the following questions in your book.

- 1. Where is Nsubuga's farm?
- 2. Name the animals that Nsubuga keeps on his farm.
- 3. Nsubuga knows the sounds that a dog can produce? What does this show?
- 4. When does a sheep bleat?
- 5. Name the two sounds that a dog can produce?
- 6. What do we call a doctor who treats animals?
- 7. What is docking?
- 8. When does the farmer tether his animals?

#### **LESSON 77**

TOPIC: Occupations

SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A composition and a poem about any domestic animal

# **Activity**

# (Fountain English book 6 page 191)

# A. Compose a poem about any domestic animals

B. Write a short composition of between 100 and 150 words about a domestic animal you would like to keep.

Remember to use paragraphs and proper punctuation.

# Consider the following

- 1. What is the animal?
- 2. Where does it live?
- 3. What are its young ones called and what sound does it make?
- 4. Why should you like to keep it?
- 5. How would you feed it?

#### **LESSON 90**

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A passage about CARING FOR OUR ANIMALS

#### **ACTIVITY**

(St. Bernard English Book 6 page 141

With a friend, discuss and answer the questions orally

- (i) Which animals can you see in the picture?
- (ii) Why should animals be taken for dipping?
- (iii) What is the work of a veterinary doctor?

Read the passage and answer the questions about it in full sentences

#### Questions

- 1. Name any one animal that gives us milk.
- 2. Mention any two products we can get from milk.
- 3. Why is cow dung important to a famer?
- 4. Why do people keep donkeys and camels?
- 5. Name two animals that are kept as pets.
- 6. Mention one bad cruel thing that people do to the animals.
- 7. Which two things can we get from hides and skins.
- 8. Give the name of the shelter for rabbits.

#### LESSON 91

TOPIC: Occupations SUB-TOPIC: Keeping Animals

CONTENT: A dialogue between Hassan and Sarah entitled KEEPING

**ANIMALS** 

# **ACTIVITY**

# (Fountain primary English Bk 6 page 187

Read Sarah's responses and fill in the gaps in Hassan's questions.

<b>Keeping animals</b> Hassan:	Do you keep		_?
Sarah:	Yes, we have a good nur	nber of goats	
Hassan:	How many		
Sarah:	We have six sheep		
Hassan:	Is the	_the most useful	animal of them all?
Sarah:	Yes, it gives us milk, beef, hides and many other things.		
Hassan:	Do you	_at home?	
Sarah.	No, my friend Wanambwa is the one who has a pet cat		
Hassan	How helpful is a		