CREATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA

MID TERM ONE EXAMINATIONS 2024

PRIMARY SIX

INTEGRATED SCIENCE

Time allowed: 2 hours 15 minutes

Time anowea. 2 hours 15 minutes						
CANDIDATE'S NAME:						
INDEX NUMBER						
SIGNATURE:						
DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNLESS YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO						
Read and follow these instructions carefully:						
1. The paper has two sections: A and B.						
2. Section A has 40 questions (40 marks)	FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY					
2. Section A has 40 questions (40 marks)	QN. NUMBER	_	EXAMINER'S INITIAL			
3. Section B has 15 questions (60 marks)	1-10		INTITAL			
4. Answer ALL questions. All answers to both Sections A and B must be written in the	11-20					
spaces provided.	21-30					
5. All answers must be written using a blue or	31-40					
black ball point pen or ink.	41-50					
6. Diagrams should be drawn in pencil.	51					
7. Unnecessary crossing of work may lead to loss of marks.	52					
9 Any handwriting that cannot be easily read	53					
8. Any handwriting that cannot be easily read may lead to loss of marks.	54					
9. Do not fill anything in the boxes indicated; For	55					
Examiner's use only.	TOTAL					

COMMENT TO THE CANDIDATE

Turn over

SECTION A

1.	Name the part of the ear that maintains body posture.			
2.	What is the major role of leaves on plants?			
3.	Give one use of antennae to an insect.			
4.	How does heat travel in a vacuum?			
5.	Why does a millet farmer need sunshine?			
6.	In what state of matter is water vapour?			
7.	Which element of PHC caters for casualties?			
8.	What is the gestation period of a sow?			
9.	How can a family protect children from nutritional deficiency diseases?			
10.	Calculate the mass of an object whose volume is 15cc and density of 2g/cc			
11.	Why is it good to chew food properly before swallowing it?			
12.	Name one example of birds with such a beak.			
13.	Explain why farmers are encouraged to plant leguminous crops during crop rotation.			
14.	Which part of air is needed for burning to take place?			

15.	Suggest one excuse people in your village give for drinking alcohol.
16.	Name one exotic breed of goats kept for milk production.
17.	What do you understand by the term "germination"?
18.	What eye disease do the Chlamydia germs spread?
19.	Apart from weaning babies, give one other example of vulnerable people.
20.	Why is the government of Uganda seriously giving its people free mosquito nets through VHT's?
21.	By what process is food broken down into simple soluble substances which can be absorbed into the body?
22.	Why is melting of ice to water considered as a physical change?
.3.	Give a reason why roughages should be included in our diet.
4.	Name the type of soil used for modelling.
5.	Why does a piece of paper float on water?
6.	Give a reason why farmers debeak their birds.
7.	Give one role of the worker bee in a hive.
8.	Why do earthworms come out of the ground immediately after it has rained?

Of w	hat importance is the garden tool drawn below?
Give	one example of an egg laying mammal.
How	does yeast reproduce?
Give	the importance of blood plasma in the body.
How	does a turtle protect itself?
Sugg	est one advantage of mulching.
Sugg	est one importance of transpiration to plants.
	is immunity?
Nam	e any one dangerous chemical found in tobacco.
Write	e one characteristic of essential drugs.
Why	do objects thrown in air come back on the ground.
Give	the importance of the garden tool shown below.

SECTION B

(Questions in this section carry 4 marks each)

- - (c) Who is a casualty?

42. Study the animals given in list A and those in list B and use them to answer questions that follow



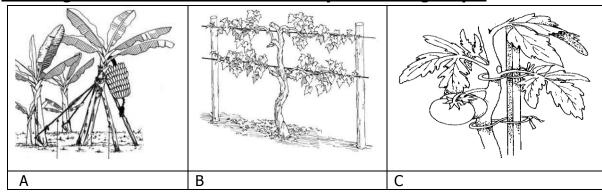
- (C) OIVE OHE SHIMMAHLY DELWEEH ANIMAIS IN HISL A AND HISL D.
- (d) How is a toad different from a fish in the way they breathe?
- 43. (a) What are weeds?
 - (b) Give any **two** disadvantages of weeds in a garden.
 - (i)

(a)

(b)

- ii) _____
- (c) Write down **one** way of controlling weeds in the garden.

44. The diagram below shows different ways of staking crops.



	(a)	Name the plant staked using the method marked;				
	(i)	B				
	(ii)	C				
	(b)	What name is given to	the method of staking marked B.			
	(c)	State any one importance of staking to plants.				
45.	(a)	What is temperature?				
	(b)	What is the normal body temperature of a person?				
	(c)	Change 40°C to Fahrenheit scale. (2 marks)				
46.	Mat	ch the diseases to the	air crons correctly			
70.	(i)	Panama	tomatoes			
	(ii)	Tomato blight	cassava			
	(iii)	Cassava mosaic	ground nuts			
	(iv)	Rosette	bananas			
	(i)	Panama	Sananas			
	(ii)	Tomato blight				
	(iii)	Cassava mosaic				
	(iv)					
47.	` '	t are aquatic animals?				
7/.	vviiai	t are aquatic ariimais:				
		lention any two example	·			
	(i)					
	(c) I	Mention one common pl	ace where aquatic animals live.			
40	(-)	Circ been common abo				
48.						
	(i) (ii)					
	(h)	How do the following				
	(i)	How do the following protect themselves? Tortoise				

(ii)	Millipede			
(a)	What is an accident?			
(b)	Write down any one cause of road accidents.			
(c)	State any	two reasons for g	iving First Aid.	
(i) '::\				
(ii) Use	the table b	elow to answer	questions that f	ollow.
	List A	List B	List C	List D
Kite)	Monkey	Tortoise	Housefly
Ost		Rat	Snake	Cockroach
	ture	Man	Lizard	Rickets
Her	<u> </u>	Kangaroo	Gecko	Moths
(d) (a) (i)	Ex Ac	070374506	68 / 078568120	
(ii)	Passive sn	noking		
(b)	Which boo	dy organ is greatly	damaged by smok	king?
(c)	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ubstances found in tob
(a)	State one	role of a health p	refect in your scho	ol.
(b)	Identify one activity done during a health parade.			
	identify o	ne activity done du	uring a health para	ade.
c)			uring a health para	

(d) Why do we use soap when washing clothes?

53. The diagram below shows a sanitation area . Use it to answer questions that follow.



		State State of		
	a) N	ame the sanitation area sh	own above.	
	b) G	ive one importance of the	sanitation area mentioned in (a) above.	
	c) M	lention one common health	n practice commonly done after visiting the latrines.	
	d) G	ive any one material used	for washing the hands.	
54.	(a)	Write STIs in full.		
(b) Mention one example of STIs.				
	(c) Why are STIs said to be communicable diseases?			
	(d)	Which STI causes blindness in babies?		
55.	Mate	ch the blood vessels in l	ist A to their functions in list B.	
		A	В	
	(i)	Veins	 carry oxygenated blood from the heart to all body parts. 	
	(ii)	Arteries	 carry blood away from the heart. 	
	(iii)	Pulmonary artery	 carry blood towards the heart. 	
	(iv)	Pulmonary vein	 carry de-oxygenated blood from the heart to the lungs. 	
	(i)	Veins		
	(ii)			
	(iii)	Pulmonary artery		
	(iv)			

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- 1. Semi-circular canal
- 2. To manufacture starch
- 3. Feeling/Sensing danger/temperature changes/communication
- 4. By means of radiation
- 5. To be able to dry the harvested millet.
- 6. Gas/Gaseous state
- 7. First Aid
- 8. 3 months 3 weeks 3 days
- 9. By providing a balanced diet regularly.
- 10. Mass= density x volume
 - $= 2g/cc \times 15cc$
 - = 30g
- 11. For easy swallowing/It eases digestion/It reduces risks of foreign bodies in the throat.
- 12. Eagle/Kite/Secretary bird/Owl/Hawk/ Vultures/ Crow
- 13. In order to fix nitrogen into the soil/To improve soil fertility.
- 14. Oxygen
- 15. Boredom/to relax and pass time/To socialize with colleagues/to forget their problems/To fit among their peers/To celebrate achievements.
- 16. Toggenburg/saanen
- 17. Germination is the process by which a seed develops into a seedling.
- 18. Trachoma
- 19. Expectant mothers/Breast feeding mothers/The sick/convalescents/The elderly/Invalids
- 20. To reduce cases of malaria/To reduce mortality due to malaria/To guard people against mosquito bites and malaria.
- 21. Digestion
- 22. No new substance is formed in melting of ice to water.
- 23. To prevent constipation/They allow easy digestion of food.
- 24. ...because a piece of paper is less dense than water.
- 25. Clay soil
- 26. To prevent cannibalism.
- 27. It protects the hive/Defends the hive/Builds the honey comb/Collects nectar for honey/Repairing the hive.
- 28. To get more oxygen
- 29. By means of conduction.

- 30. Duck-billed platypus
- 31. By means of cell budding
- 32. To transport digested food antibodies, homonies etc
- 33. By withdrawing its tail, head and legs into its hard shell.
- 34. Mulching is cheap/mulches are easily accessed/Mulches are affordable.
- 35. Transpiration helps a plant to cool down during hot weather.
- 36. The ability of the body to resist/fight germs that enter the body.
- 37. Tar/Nicotine
- 38. They are properly packed/They are available/They have clear dosage/They have a clear lifespan.
- 39. Due to gravitational force/pull.
- 40. Cutting down cereals/Cutting tall grass.
- 41. -
 - (a) First Aid is the first help/immediate help given to a casualty before being taken to the hospital.
 - (b) Kind/sympathetic/quick/empathetic
 - (c) A person who has got an accident
- 42.
 - (a) Mammals
 - (b) They all lay eggs as a way of reproduction.
 - (c) All animals in lists A and B are vertebrates.
 - (d) A toad breathes through lungs and moist skin whereas a fish uses gills to breath.
- 43.
 - (a) Weeds are the unwanted plants in a garden.
 - (b) Weeds compete for nutrients with the wanted crops which leads to poor yields/ Weeds act as home for pests.
 - (c) Mulching/spraying herbicides/digging out the weeds/uprooting the weeds and burying them.
- 44.
 - (a) Passion fruits, pumpkin, watermelons(ii) Tomatoes
 - (b) Trellising
 - (c) Staking protect fruits from damage from the groundStaking give support to the plants
- 45. -

- (a) Temperature is the degree of hotness or coldness of matter.
- (b) 37° C (98.6°F)

(c)
$${}^{0}F = \frac{9}{5} + 32$$

= $\frac{9}{5} \times 40 + 32$
= $72 + 32$
= $104 {}^{0}F$

46. -

(i) Bananas (ii)

Tomatoes

- (iii)Cassava
- (iv)Ground nuts

47.

- (a) Aquatic animals are animals which live on/ in water.
- (b) Frog, some snakes, fish crocodiles, hippos,
- (c) In/ on water

48. -

- (a) Both reptiles and birds lay eggs/Have scales/Both undergo internal fertilization/Both reptiles and birds are vertebrates.
- (b) (i) Withdrawing legs and head into its hard shell.
 - (ii) By coiling up/curling

49. –

- (a) An accident is a sudden happening that causes harm to the body.
- (b) Overloading vehicles/Using vehicles in dangerous mechanical condition/Over speeding/Driving under the influence of alcohol.
- (c) To save life/To stop bleeding/To reduce pain.

50. –

- (a) The gecko uses its suction pads.
- (b) Internal fertilization.
- (c) ...because their body temperature changes according to that of the surrounding environment.
- (d) They belong to birds.

51. –

(a) (i) Active smoking is the inhaling of tobacco smoke directly from a pipe or cigarette.

- (ii) The inhaling of tobacco smoke that is exhaled by an active smoke.
- (b) The lungs
- (c) Tar/Nicotin

52. -

- (a) A health prefect organizes health parades.
- (b) Checking the level of personal hygiene among children.
- (c) To prevent bad smell.
- (d) The chemicals in the soap make it easy to remove dirt/So that we can kill the germs in the clothes.

53. -

- (a)because there was oxygen in jar A.
- (b) ...because oxygen was used up in jar B.
- (c) Germination/rusting
- (d) Water in jar B rose to occupy the space left by the used up air.

54. –

- (a) Sexually Transmitted Infection.
- (b) HIV/AIDS/Gonorrhea/Syphilis/Candida/ etc
- (c) ..because STIs are spread from one infected person to a healthy person.
- (d) Syphilis

55. –

- (i) Veins carry blood towards the heart.
- (ii) Arteries carry blood away from the heart.
- (iii)Pulmonary artery carry de-oxygenated blood from the heart to the lungs.
- (iv)Pulmonary vein carry oxygenated blood from the heart to all body parts.