

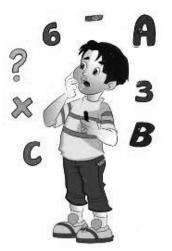
# SUREKEY EXAMINATIONS BOARD 2022

SOCIAL STUDIES WITH RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
OFFICIAL P.L.E SPECIAL MOCK GUIDE

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#### **SECTION A: 40 MARKS**

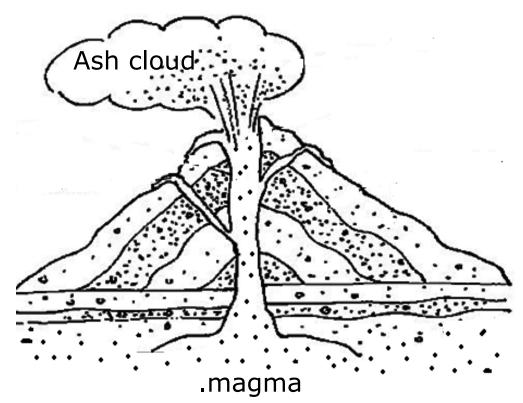
- 1. What do we call a person who makes tools from iron and steel?
  - Blacksmith // A blacksmith.
- 2. State any **one** way a school library is important to pupils.
  - It stores school textbooks and readers.
  - It is a study /revision and research room.
  - It promotes reading culture among pupils.
- 3. What do the shield and spear stand for on the Uganda Coat of Arms?
  - They show Uganda's readiness to defend herself
  - They represent traditional weapons of defense and protection.
- 4. Give any **one** reason why it is important to study about sites where Early man lived.
  - To know their history

- To promote tourism
- To appreciate the work of Early man.
- To know the origin of man.
- 5. Give any **one** way through which the Uganda government receives information from its citizens.
  - Through its spies

- Through birth registration
- Through national ID registration
- Through conducting national population census
- Through members of parliament
- Through passport and Visa registration
- Through Uganda National Examinations Board (UNEB)
- Through some means of mass media
- 6. Write in full, the political party that led Uganda to self rule.
  - Democratic Party. // D.P (Reject U.P.C / K.Y/ UNC)
- 7. What role did Kenneth Borup play in the development of agriculture in Uganda?
  - He introduced the fast growing cotton seeds (American upland)
- 8. How did the construction of the Uganda railway help to reduce on slave trade activities in East Africa?
  - Trains started carrying goods which were carried by slaves.
  - The British started using the railway to transport soldiers who fought against slave trade into the interior of East Africa.

- 9. In which way is land important in the establishment of an industry?
  - Industries are set up on land
  - Crops used in agro based industries are grown on land.
  - Land is a source of minerals used in some industries.
- 10. Why is a rain gauge placed in an open space at a weather station?
  - In order to give an accurate measurement of rainfall.
  - To avoid obstructions
- 11. What was the work of the Legislative Council (LEGCO) in colonial Uganda?
  - To make colonial laws
  - To advise the colonial government
  - To get information from different regions.

The diagram below shows formation of a type of volcano, study and use it to answer questions **12** and **13**.

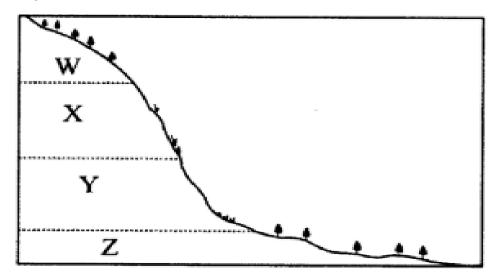


- 12. Name the type of volcano shown above.
  - Active volcano
- 13. Mention any **one** example of such a volcano in Uganda.
  - Mount Mufumbiro
- 14. Give any one political similarity between Uganda and Ghana.
  - Both were colonised by Britain
  - Both are independent African countries

- 15. How has the East African community helped to promote peace among member states?
  - Through establishing the East African Community army.
  - Through organising peace talks.
  - Through organising regular summits.
  - Through strengthening friendship and cooperation.
- 16. State any one way apartheid was practiced in South Africa.
  - Blacks were not allowed to move out of their homelands without pass ID's.
  - Blacks were not allowed to participate in politics.
  - Blacks were not supposed to use roads for whites.
  - Blacks were put in separate homelands called Bantustans.
  - Intermarriage between blacks and whites was illegal and immoral.
  - Sporting clubs catered for only one race not both.
  - Blacks in South Africa were taught in Afrikaans
  - There were separate schools for blacks and whites.
- 17. How does clearing of natural vegetation affect the fertility of the soil?
  - It leaves the land bare exposing it to agents of soil erosion
  - It leads to soil erosion.
- 18. Write any **one** factor that has delayed economic development in most countries of Africa.
  - Corruption
  - Unemployment
  - Low level of technology
  - Brain Drain
  - Inflation

- Economic collapse
- Production of similar goods
- Poverty
- Debt burden
- 19. Give any one reason why there are more goods transported by road than by train in East Africa.
  - It is cheaper to construct roads than railway lines.
  - Road transport doesn't have a fixed timetable unlike railway transport.
  - Road transport is faster than railway transport
  - Road transport is commoner than railway transport
  - Road transport provides door to door services unlike railway transport.

The diagram below shows sections of a slope marked **W**, **X**, **Y** and **Z**. Use it to answer questions **20** and **21**.



- 20. In which part of the slope would soil erosion be least destructive?
  - Z
- 21. How can road transport be made possible along such slopes?
  - By constructing winding roads
  - By rearing donkeys for transport
- 22. Name any one type of a family without biological children.
  - Foster family
  - Institutional family (Reject extended and nuclear families)
- 23. Give any **one** way in which order can be kept at school.
  - By fencing the school
  - By organising prayers at school
  - By organising elections for prefects at school
  - By organising assemblies
  - By providing good meals
  - Through guidance and counselling
  - Through punishing wrongdoers / undisciplined learners
  - Through setting up school rules and regulations
  - Through awarding disciplined learners
  - By preparing a school timetable
- 24. State any **one** way the Bank of Uganda differs from other Commercial banks.
  - Bank of Uganda regulates other banks
  - Bank of Uganda prints new currency
  - Gives loans to commercial banks
  - Bank of Uganda regulates the circulation f Money.

- Why is Uganda Revenue Authority working hard to control smuggling of goods in and out of Uganda?
  - To increase tax collection
- To prevent black marketing
- To prevent importation and exportation of dangerous / harmful or expired goods
- 26. Give any **one** disadvantage associated with a dense population.
  - Leads to shortage of food
     Leads to creation of slums

  - Leads to poor sanitation
     Leads to shortage of land

Rise of small kingdoms

Disunity among people

Death of strong leaders

- Leads to poor social services
- Leads to unemployment
- Leads to high rate of crimes
- Leads to shortage of accommodation
- Leads to easy spread of diseases.
- 27. Mention any **one** factor that led to the downfall of the famous Chwezi empire.
  - Death of Bihogo
- Outbreak of famine
- Outbreak of civil wars
- The invasion of the Luo speakers
- Outbreak of pests and diseases
- It was too big to be ruled by one leader
- 28. State any **one** factor that has led to improved dairy farming in East Africa.
  - Presence of ready market
     Good government policy
- - Good transport Network
- Presence of enough pasture
- Presence of better veterinary services
- 29. Give any **one** advantage of a surplus budget to a country.
  - It promotes development
  - It limits borrowing and debts
  - It promotes saving and investments
- 30. Mention any **one** way NEMA promotes environmental protection in Uganda
  - By setting up laws that protect the environment
  - By arresting people who practice environmental degradation
  - By teaching people the importance of environmental protection
  - But encouraging tree planting
  - By discouraging people from settling in wetlands
  - By conserving wildlife

- 31. Why were the Bantu able to form centralized societies?
  - They lived a settled life
  - They were organised and united
- 32. Kasakya is facing in the North-West direction. If he turns 45° clockwise, which new direction will he face?
  - North // Northern // North direction.
- 33. Give any **one** reason why missionaries funded IBEACO activities in East Africa.
  - They wanted to get further protection.
- 34. Give any **one** advantage cotton farmers in the Gezira irrigation scheme have over cotton farmers in Uganda.
  - They have ready market
     They access technical advice
  - They access fertilizers from the board
  - They access machinery from the board
  - They access free cotton seeds from the board
  - They access transport service on the scheme
  - They access storage facilities on the scheme
  - They grow cotton at any time due to presence of irrigation water
- 35. What do we call the type of trade carried out between two or more countries across borders?
  - International trade

For each of the questions **36** to **40**, answer **Either** the Christian **OR** Islamic questions but **not** both. No **marks** will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives in **a particular number**.

#### 36. **EITHER:**

To show respect When does a Christian become a member of God's family?

After baptism

#### OR:

When does a person who is not born by Muslim parents become a Muslim?

When one takes Shahada

Why do Christians close their eyes when praying?

- To show respect to God
- To avoid disruption during prayer/ To avoid temptations

#### OR:

Why do Muslims remove their shoes before entering a mosque?

- To show respect to Allah
- To follow Allah's command
- To promote sanitation

#### 38. **EITHER:**

Write any one duty performed by U.J.C.C in Uganda today.

- To unite all Christian religious denomination
- To promote peace and consensus building
- To settle conflicts
- To promote mediation and negotiation
- To promotes democracy and good governance
- To promote economic development
- To promote gender and social rights
- To promote health
- To promote education
- To promote capacity building for other civil society organisations
- To advocate for the rights of citizens
- To promote health communication.
- To implement government policies
- To promote Christianity

#### OR:

Write any **one** duty performed by U.M.S.C in Uganda today.

- To unite all Muslim religious denominations
- To promote peace and consensus building
- To settle conflicts
- To promote mediation and negotiation
- To promote democracy and good governance
- To promote economic development
- To promote gender and social rights
- To promote health
- To promote education
- To promote capacity building for other civil society organisations

8

- To advocate for the rights of citizens
- To promote health communication.
- To implement government policies
- To promote the spread of Islam in Uganda

Mention any **one** of God's promises to Abraham.

- To become father of all nations
- To have many descendants
   To bless those who bless him
- To become famous
   To curse those who curse him
  - To have a son

#### OR:

Mention any one promise Allah made to Prophet Ibrahim.

- To become famous
- To become father of all nations
- To have many descendants
   To bless those who bless him
  - To curse those who curse him
  - To have a son

#### 40. **FOR BOTH CANDIDATES:**

Give any **one** danger that may happen to a society when there is no peace.

- Theft
- Rioting
- Demonstration
- Striking

- Brain drain
- Death of people
- Looting

- Boycotting
- Mob justice
- Witchcraft

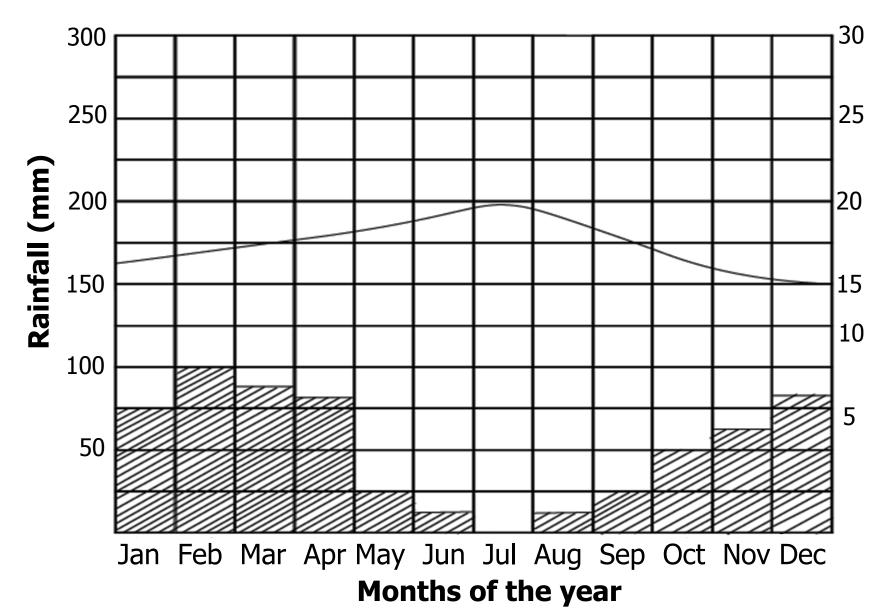
#### **SECTION B: 60 MARKS**

Questions **41** to **55** carry four marks each.

- 41. a) What title is given to the person who chairs meetings in the parliament?
  - The speaker of parliament/ The parliamentary speaker
  - b) Which organ of the government enforces national laws?
    - The executive
  - c) Under which arm of the government do the following belong?
    - i) teachers **Executive**
    - ii) magistrates The Judiciary
- 42. a) Name the British governor who exiled Kabaka Edward Muteesa II to England.
  - Sir Andrew Cohen
  - b) State any **two** reasons why Kabaka Muteesa II was exiled.
    - He demanded for separate Buganda independence
    - He rejected the idea of the East African federation
  - c) Give any **one** way the Baganda reacted towards the exiling of Kabaka Muteesa II.
    - They rioted

- They boycotted European goods
- They demanded for the return of their king
- 43. a) Give any **two** ways in which a drum was useful in communities of long ago.
  - It was used for entertainment
  - It was used for communication
  - b) State any **two** ways in which mobile phones have made communication easy today.
    - They help to send and receive messages faster
    - They are portable
    - They are easy to make calls everywhere there is network.

44. Study the climate graph of **Place A** below carefully and use it to answer the questions that follow.



Temperature (°c)

- a) Which was the wettest month in Place A?
  - February
- b) How can farming activities in Place A be made possible during the month of July?
  - Through irrigation
- c) What type of climate is experienced in Place A?
  - Tropical climate
- d) Calculate the temperature range of Place A.
  - Highest –Lowest
  - 20-15
  - 5°c

- 45. Apart from Uganda and Kenya, mention any **one** other country a) in Africa where indirect rule was used.
  - Egypt
- Gambia

Seychelles

- Sudan
- Sierra Leone
- Nigeria

- South
- Somaliland

• Ghana

- Africa
- Zimbabwe

Malawi

- LesothoZambia
- Eswatini
- Botswana
- b) State any **one** reason why the British used indirect rule in Uganda.
  - It preserved the African political system
  - It preserved African culture
  - It was cheap to carry out
  - It solved the problem of language barrier.
  - It reduced African resistance to colonial rule. / It reduced rebellions
  - It solved a problem of labour shortage
- c) Give any **two** ways in which local kings and chiefs were helpful to the British colonialists in Uganda.
  - They collected taxes
  - They settled disputes
  - They extended colonial rule
  - They arrested colonial resistors
  - They implemented colonial policies
  - They encouraged the growing of cash crops
  - They supplied cotton seeds and other crops to people on their behalf.
  - They allocated work to their subjects on behalf of the colonialists
  - They built roads which eased colonial administration
- 46. Name the smallest local government unit in Uganda. a)
  - Local Council I
  - Mention any **two** posts on the committee of the smallest b) government unit you have named in (a) above.
    - The chairperson
    - The general secretary
    - The secretary for finance
- The secretary for security
- The vice chairperson
- The secretary for the disabled

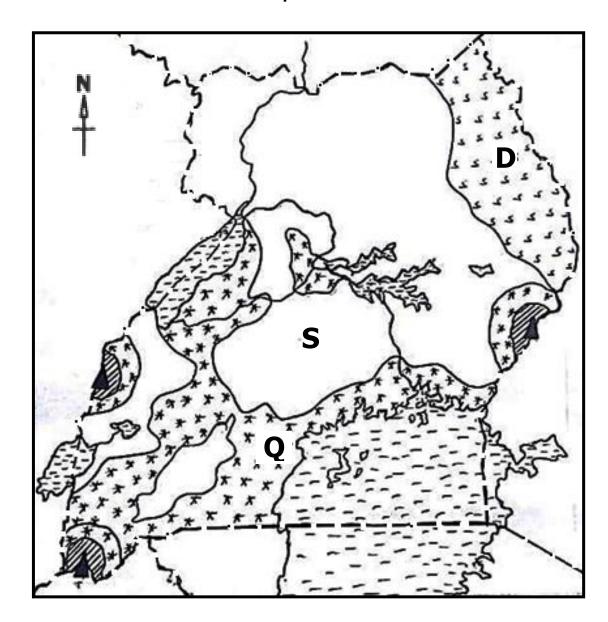
- The secretary for youth
- The secretary for women
- The secretary for information
- The secretary for production
- The secretary for the elderly
- c) State any **one** way the central government can help the local government to overcome challenges they face.
  - By funding the local government
  - By fighting corruption
  - Promoting decentralization
  - By empowering magistrate courts to solve conflicts
  - By regulating salaries of local government workers.
- 47. a) Which organ of ECOWAS maintains economic stability among West African states?
  - The Economic and Social Council // ECOWAS Economic and Social Council

(Reject: ECOMOG)

- b) Give any **two** reasons why there was need for West African states to form ECOWAS.
  - To promote unity

- To create jobs
- To widen market for goods
- To Foster development
- To promote trade by removing trade barriers e.g taxes
- To promote peace, security and stability
- To allow free movement of people and goods
- To promote research in science and technology
- To organize regular investments
- To promote international friendship and cooperation
- To access goods other countries can't produce
- To improve on the delivery of social services
- c) In which town where the headquarters of ECOWAS established?
  - Abuja in Nigeria

48. The sketch map below shows the different vegetation zones in Uganda. Study and use it to answer the questions that follow.



- a) Give any **one** characteristic of trees that grow in vegetation zone marked **D**.
  - Trees have thorns
  - Trees have rough scattered grass.
  - Trees are few because of little rainfall received.
  - Trees have deep roots to tap water from deep the ground.
  - Trees have small leaves to reduce transpiration.
- b) How does competition for sunlight affect trees in vegetation zone marked **S**?
  - They grow tall
- c) Why do most trees in vegetation zone marked **Q** produce hard wood timber?
  - They take long to mature
- d) Mention the element of a good map that would make the above vegetation zones more clearly understood by a map reader.
  - A key // Map key

- 49. a) Name any **two** tribes under the Plain Nilotes in East Africa.
  - Iteso

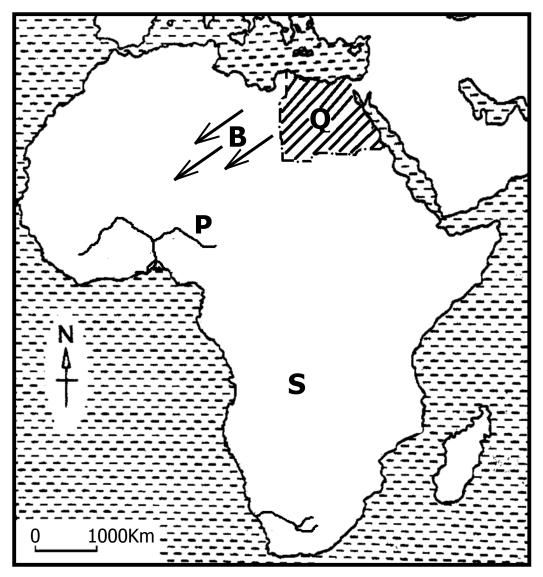
- Samburu
- Kakwa

Kumam

- Masai
- Jie

Turkana

- Langi
- Karimojong
- b) Give any **two** reasons why the Plain Nilotes migrated to East Africa.
  - To look for water and pasture
  - To look for enough land
  - To escape drought/ harsh climate
  - To escape epidemic diseases
  - To escape famine
  - To escape internal and external conflicts
- 50. Study the sketch map Africa below and then answer the questions that follow.



- a) Name rivers marked **P** and **S**.
  - P River Benue
- ii) S River Orange
- b) Name the African nationalist that led country **Q** to independence
  - Gamal Abdel Nasser
- c) State any **one** characteristic of winds marked **B** 
  - They are cold

They are dry

They are heavy

For each of the questions **51** to **55**, answer **EITHER** the Christian **OR** Islamic questions but **not** both. **No mark** will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives in a **particular number**.

### 51. **EITHER:**

- a) What was the purpose of creating Adam by God?
  - To worship Him
  - To control other creatures
- b) Mention any **one** way God showed Adam a special treatment as compared to other creatures.
  - God breathed into the nostrils of Adam
  - Adam was put in the garden of Eden
  - God created a helper (Eve) for Adam
  - God created Adam from dust
  - God created Adam in his own image
  - Adam controlled other creatures
  - Adam had a free will (To serve God or Satan)
  - Adam had large complex brain.
  - Adam had the ability to communicate with Ever.
  - Adam had the ability to talk to God through prayers.
  - Adam had the ability to walk on two legs
  - Adam is the summit of God's creation
- c) From what was Eve created?
  - Adam's rib
- d) How was Adam's creation different from that of other creatures?
  - God created Adam from dust

#### OR:

- a) What was the purpose of creating Adam by Allah?
  - As above
- b) Mention any **one** way Allah showed Adam a special treatment as compared to other creatures.
  - As above
- c) From what was Hawa created?
  - As above
- d) How was Adam's creation different from that of other creatures?
  - As above

- a) Identify any two sects in Christianity.
  - Catholics
  - Pentecostals
  - Seventh Day Adventists
  - Protestants / Anglicans

- Orthodox
- Born Again
- **b)** Mention any **one** economic contribution of the church in Uganda
  - The church has built schools which employ people
    - The church has built hospitals which employ people
    - The church has opened up television stations
    - The church has opened up radio stations
    - The church has started banks
    - The church has given financial advice to people
- c) How are Christian religious leaders useful in the community?
  - They guide and counsel people
  - They preach reconciliation
  - They organise ecumenical prayers
  - They settle disputes
  - They preach the gospel
  - They conduct or perform Sacraments
  - They implement government policies
  - They pray for sick people
  - They promote and organize charity work
  - They lead prayers in the community
  - They promote unity
  - They promote friendship and cooperation
  - They encourage people to repent

#### OR:

- a) Identify any one Islamic sect in Uganda.
  - Shia
  - Tabliq
  - Ahamadia
- b) Why did Islam take so long to spread in East Africa?
  - People feared circumcision
  - Some Arabs were harsh and cruel
  - Most Arabs concentrated on trade
  - Most Arabs participated in Slave trade

- c) Mention any **one** social contribution of the Islamic religion in Uganda.
  - They have built mosques
  - They have spread Islam
  - They have built schools
  - They have introduced Arabic language
  - They have taught morals
  - They have introduced new dressing styles
  - They introduced new styles of building houses
- d) How are Islamic religious leaders useful in the community?
  - They guide and counsel people
  - They preach reconciliation
  - They organise ecumenical prayers
  - They settle disputes
  - They spread Islam
  - They implement government policies
  - They pray for sick people
  - They promote and organize charity work
  - They lead prayers in the community
  - They promote unity
  - They promote friendship and cooperation
  - They encourage people to repent

"He cried out in a loud voice, Father! In your hands I place my spirit." He said and died. (Luke 23: 46)

- a) Who said the words in the given quotation?
  - Jesus
- b) Name any **two** extra ordinary events which took place as the named person in 53 (a) died.
  - The curtain in the temple was torn into two from top to bottom
  - The earth shook
  - The rocks split
  - The graves broke open
  - Many of God's people who had died were raised

- c) Why is death very important to any Christian believer?
  - It brings us closer to God
  - It leads us to eternal life
  - It enables s to go to heaven
  - It enables a Christian to rest from the evils f the world.
  - It enables Christian to rest from the works of the flesh

#### OR:

"....whoever amongst you worshiped Muhammad, then Muhammad is dead, but whoever worshiped Allah, Allah is alive and will never die" (Sahih BuKhari: Vol.2)

- a) Who said the above words to the grieving Muslims?
  - Abu Baker
- b) Mention any **two** extra ordinary events that happened before Prophet Muhammad (P.B.U.H) was buried.
  - Umar announced to kill whoever said that Muhammad is dead because Umar did not believe that he was dead.
  - Abubakar addressed the gathering and convinced all Muslims that Muhammad (S.A.W) was indeed dead amidst Umar's threats.
  - Abubakar read a verse from the Quran which was announcing the eminent death of the prophet which everyone seemed like they had heard it for the first time.
  - A committee sat down and selected Abubakar as the immediate successor of the Prophet and the first caliph.
  - Prophet Muhammad's body was bathed / washed.
  - His body was shrouded / wrapped in clean sheets.
  - Angels prayed for his body.
  - Muslims prayed for his body in groups
  - He was buried at the spot where he died from (in Aisha's bedroom)
- c) Why is death very important to any Muslim believer?
  - It brings us closer to Allah
  - It leads us to eternal life
  - It enables us to go to heaven/ Jana
  - It enables a Muslim to rest from the evils of the world.
  - It enables a Muslim to rest from the works of the flesh.

- a) Give any **two** ways Christian parents can help their children to be strong in faith.
  - By taking them to church
  - By praying together
  - By guiding and counselling them
  - By encouraging them to read the Bible
  - By encouraging them to pray
  - By conducting confirmation
  - By teaching them praising or gospel songs
  - By encouraging them to fast
  - By encouraging them to participate in charity work
- b) Write any **two** benefits Christian children can get from having strong faith.
  - Helps them to pass examinations
  - Helps them to trust God
  - It helps them to work for the kingdom of God
  - Helps them to fulfill promises
  - Helps them to obey God and parents
  - It gives them courage to do great things
  - It brings healing to them
  - Helps them to preach the gospel
  - It promotes morals
  - It promotes a Sense of belonging to a particular church.
  - It brings children closer to God
  - It helps children to overcome temptations

#### OR:

- a) Give any **two** ways Muslim parents can help their children to be strong in faith.
  - By taking them to the mosque.
  - By praying together
  - By guiding and counselling them
  - By encouraging them to read the Qur'an
  - By encouraging them to pray
  - By conducting confirmation
  - By encouraging them to fast
  - By encouraging them to participate in charity work

- b) Write any **two** benefits Muslim children can get from having strong faith.
  - Helps them to pass examinations
  - Helps them to trust Allah
  - It helps them to work for the kingdom of heaven
  - Helps them to fulfill promises
  - Helps them to obey Allah and parents
  - It gives them courage to do great things
  - It brings healing to them
  - Helps them to preach Islam
  - It promotes morals
  - It promotes a sense of belonging to a particular religion.
  - It brings children closer to Allah
  - It helps children to overcome temptations

- a) Give any **one** example of a sin in Christianity.
  - Adultery
  - Incest
  - Theft/ stealing
  - Abusing
  - Telling lies
  - Alcoholism
  - Murder
  - Fornication
  - Worshipping idols

- Polygamy
- Disrespecting elders
- Accusing others falsely
- Fornication
- Rape
- Kidnapping
- Admiring other people's property

By fasting

- b) How can you avoid sin as a Christian?
  - By praying
  - By reading the Bible
  - By seeking guidance and counseling
  - By following God's commandments
  - By attending church services
  - By singing gospel songs
- c) Give any **two** ways Jesus Christ showed that He was the light of the world.
  - He healed the sick
  - He died for our sins
  - He performed miracles
  - He blessed the children
- He fed the hungry
- He forgave the sinners

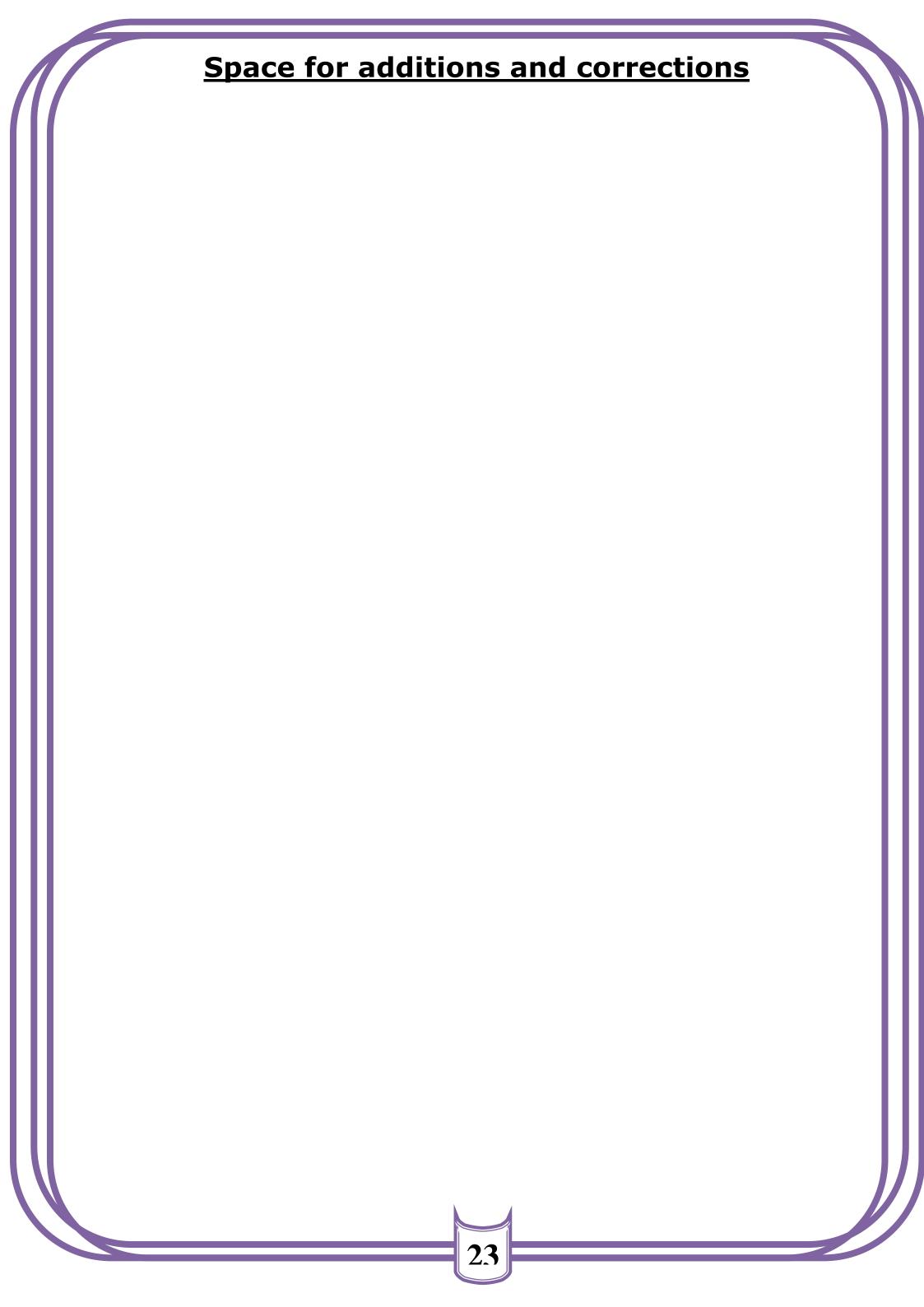
- He trained his disciples
- He preached the gospel
- He was obedient to his parents
- He taught his disciples how to pray
- He was sympathetic o people

#### OR:

- a) Give any **one** example of a sin in Islam.
  - Adultery
  - Theft/stealing
  - Incest
  - Abusing
  - Murder
  - Worshipping idols
  - Polygamy
  - Disrespecting elders
  - Accusing others falsely

- Fornication
- Rape
- Kidnapping
- Alcoholism
- Fornication
- Telling lies
- Admiring other people's property
- b) How can you avoid sin as a Muslim?
  - By reading the Qur'an
  - By praying
  - By fasting
  - By seeking guidance and counseling
  - By following Allah's commandments
  - By attending prayers
- c) Give any **two** ways Prophet Muhammad showed that He was the light of the world.
  - He performed miracles
  - He was obedient to his parents
  - He trained his followers
  - He fed the hungry
  - He forgave the sinners
  - He blessed the children
  - He spread Islam
  - He healed the sick
  - He was sympathetic to people

**END** 



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