



SUREKEY EXAMINATIONS BOARD

PRE-PLE UNIQUE SERIES

2022

**SOCIAL STUDIES WITH RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
MARKING GUIDE**

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**“Don’t speak for Quality, Let the Quality Speak for
itself”**

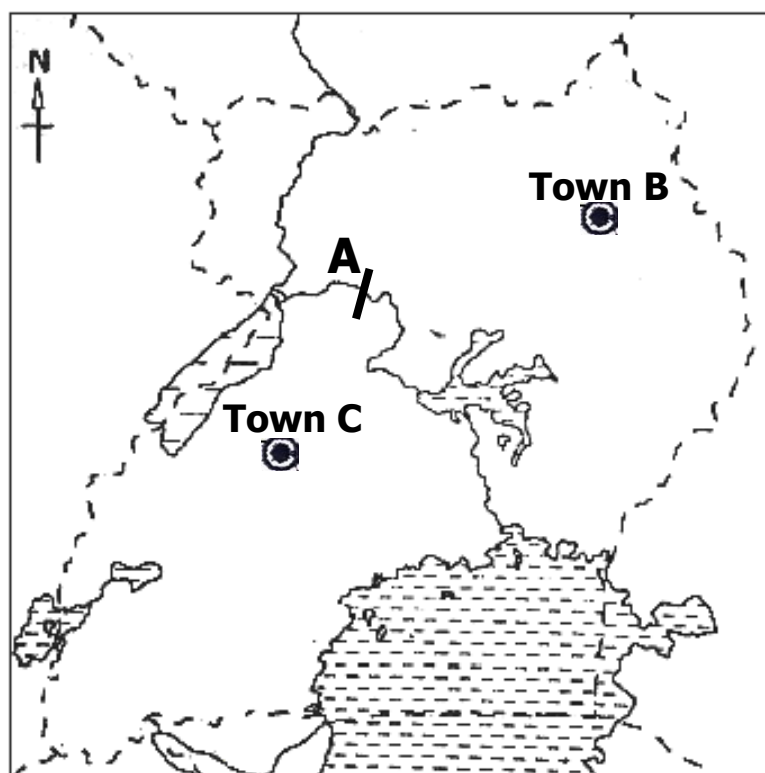
SECTION A: 40 MARKS

1. Name any **one** animal kept at home to provide labour.
 - Horse
 - Donkey
 - Camel
 - Oxen
2. State **one** role of a Local Council Chairperson in our village.
 - To settle conflicts
 - To promote peace and security
 - To implement government programs
 - To monitor government programs
3. How can people in your community improve on their incomes?
 - Through farming
 - Through saving resources
 - Through fishing
 - Through trade
 - Through accessing loans
 - Through tailoring
 - Through teaching
4. Name the Bantu tribe in South Africa that was much affected by the Great Trek.
 - The Xhosa.
5. Why is the government dividing Uganda into small administrative units?
 - To ease administration
 - To ease delivery of social services
 - To control rural urban migration
 - To promote development
 - To create employment opportunities
6. Give any **one** danger created by the use of mobile phones in our country.
 - High rate of immorality/antisocial behavior
 - Laziness
 - Cyber bullying
 - Accident
 - Decrease social / communication skills
 - Increase the rate of terrorism
 - Increase the rate of poverty
 - Domestic violence
 - Addiction
7. How are the monsoon winds useful to farmers?
 - The South East Monsoon winds bring rainfall in East Africa and equatorial region which water farmers crops to grow well.
8. Name any **one** African country that lies in the Eastern and Western hemisphere.
 - Ghana
 - Algeria - Togo.
 - Burkina Faso
 - Mali

9. How is Addis Ababa an important town to the African Union?
 - It hosts the headquarters of the African union
 - It is where the main seat of the African Union is found
10. Mention **one** way in which industrial growth is a danger to people around.
 - It increases pollution (air, land, noise and water pollution)
 - It leads to land grabbing due to increased population
 - Leads to high population
 - Leads to poor sanitation
 - Leads to poor housing near factories
 - Leads to creation of slums
11. Give any **one** factor that a trader considers before deciding on the type of transport to use to transport his goods.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type of weather • Type of goods • The distance to destination • The comfortability of means of transport • Nature of land scape • Speed of the means of transport. • Availability of transport means. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The cost of transport • The quantity of goods • Affordability • Accessibility.
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Study the sketch map of Uganda below and use it to answer questions **12** and **13**.



12. Name the feature marked **A** on the map.
 - **Karuma dam**
13. If town **B** is 6 cm from town **C**, find the actual ground distance between the two places given that 1cm:50km.

1cm = 50km

6cm = 6×50km

= 300km

14. Write **one** reason why a child is given a name.
- **It is a right to have a name.**
 - **To promote culture.**
 - **For easy identification.**
 - **To fit in the community.**
15. Name any **one** lake in the Western arm of the East African rift valley.
- **Lake Kivu**
 - **Lake Edward**
 - **Lake Albert**
 - **Lake Katwe**
 - **Lake Tanganyika**
 - **Lake George**
16. How did Johann Ludwig Krapf help the coastal people to understand the Bible?
- **He translated the New Testament from English to Kiswahili.**
 - **He taught people how to read and write**
17. Give **one** way slave trade affected the economy of some African states.
- **It retarded economic activities like agriculture since strong people who would carry out farming were taken as slaves.**
 - **It led to shortage of labour.**
18. How do people living in Sahara desert guard themselves against the sun's heat?
- **They put on sun glasses**
 - **They put on light clothes**
 - **They use air conditioners**
 - **They bathe regularly**
 - **They put on turbans**
 - **They take hot drinks**
19. Give any **one** effect of the rotation of the earth on its axis.
- **Causes movement of shadows**
 - **Day and night**
 - **Ocean currents**
 - **Tides (waves)**
 - **The rising and setting of the sun proves that the sun rotates on its axis day and night.**
 - **Time differences**
 - **Wind movement**

The diagram below shows Mr. Okumu's house. Study and use it to answer questions **20** and **21**.



20. State **one** problem that will affect Mr.Okumu and his house.
- **Floods**
 - **Landslide/ mudslide**
21. How is physical feature marked **B** useful to people?
- **It promotes tourism**
 - **It is a source of minerals**
 - **Helps in rain formation (relief rainfall)**
 - **Has fertile soil for cultivation**
 - **Provides space for setting up telecommunication masts**
22. How do plants in equatorial region adopt to climatic conditions?
- **They grow tall to compete for sunlight**
 - **They are evergreen due to plenty of rainfall received**
23. Name the horst mountain found in Uganda.
- **Mount Rwenzori.**
24. In which **one** way was the coming of missionaries a blessing to the people of East Africa?
- **Missionaries introduced new crops**
 - **They built schools**
 - **They built hospitals**
 - **They built churches**
 - **They stopped slave trade**
 - **They introduced new farming methods**
 - **They treated different diseases (sleeping sickness)**
 - **They built roads**
 - **They taught people reading, writing and arithmetic.**
 - **They introduced Christianity.**
25. Why are most district headquarters located near major towns and roads?
- **To ease administration.**
 - **For easy delivery of services.**
 - **There is a big population.**
26. Give **one** reason why the government discourages human settlement in and around game parks.
- **To prevent people from being attacked by wild animals**
 - **To prevent people's crops from being destroyed by wild animals**
 - **To prevent poaching**
 - **To prevent encroachment.**
 - **To conserve wildlife.**
27. Name the type of vegetation that usually has plants of the same species.
- **Planted vegetation.**

28. Apart from handling imports and exports, state any **one** other economic importance of ports to a country.
- **They generate income through tourism**
 - **They are major commercial centres**
 - **They are sources of taxes**
 - **They are recreation centers**
 - **They promote investment**
 - **They promote industrialization**
29. Mention any **one** effect of swamp drainage to animals.
- **Leads to destruction of animal habitats**
 - **Leads to destruction of vegetation**
 - **Leads to death of animals**
 - **Leads to shortage of pasture**
 - **Leads to shortage of water**
30. State any **one** cause of differences in climatic conditions experienced in different parts of Uganda.
- **Vegetation distribution**
 - **Prevailing winds**
 - **Relief**
 - **Altitude**
 - **Latitude**
 - **Land and sea breezes**
31. What title is given to a person who heads all civil servants in a Municipality?
- **Clerk /Town clerk**
32. Why should children be taught about child abuse?
- **To know their rights**
 - **To defend their rights**
 - **To know where to report in case they are abused.**
 - **To promote peace and security**
 - **To identify and report child abusers**
33. Give any **one** way people mark boundaries of their land.
- **Planting trees/hedge**
 - **By building a fence**
34. State any **one** role that was played by political parties in the struggle for independence of their countries.
- **They united people**
 - **They advocated for human rights**

35. Give **one** reason for raising the Uganda National flag as shown in the diagram below.



- **To show a national mourning**
- **To show that the country has been hit by a natural disaster**

For each of the questions **36** to **40**, answer **Either** the Christian **OR** Islamic questions but **not** both. No **marks** will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives in **a particular number**.

36. **EITHER:**
In which town was Jesus Christ buried?
• **Jerusalem**

OR:
In which town was Prophet Muhammad buried?
• **Medina**

37. **EITHER:**
Who is regarded as the last prophet according to Christianity?
• **John the Baptist**

OR:
Who is regarded as the last prophet according to Islam?
• **Prophet Muhammad**

38. **EITHER:**
Give any **one** way a Christian can keep away from evil.
• **By fasting**
• **By reading the Bible**
• **By praying**
• **By preaching the gospel**
• **By attending church services**
• **By participating in co-curricular activities.**
• **Avoiding tempting places.**

OR:

Give any **one** way a Muslim can keep away from evil.

- **By fasting**
- **By reading the Quran**
- **By praying**
- **By preaching Islam**
- **By attending Juma prayers.**

39. **EITHER:**

Mention any **one** way poverty can make a Christian sin to God.

- **It leads to theft**
- **It leads to suicide**
- **It leads to prostitution**
- **It leads to homosexuality and lesbianism**
- **It leads to hatred, envy and jealousy**
- **It leads to child abuse**
- **It leads to witchcraft**

OR:

Mention any **one** way poverty can make a Muslim sin to God.

- **As above**

40. **EITHER:**

Mention **one** category of books in the Bible.

- **Torah / law books/ Pentateuch**
- **Historical books**
- **Poetic books**
- **The Gospels**
- **Wisdom books**
- **Prophetic books**
- **Epistles/ letters**

OR:

Mention **one** division of the Quran.

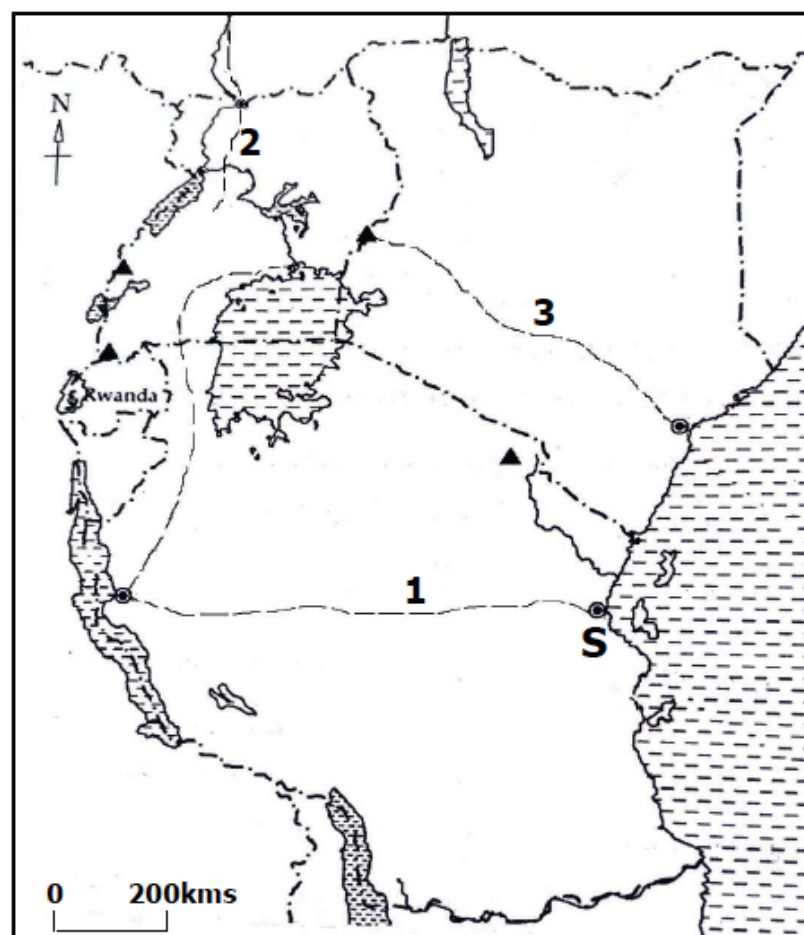
- **Juzzu.**
- **Ayyat (Verse)**
- **Surah (Chapter)**

SECTION B: 60 MARKS

41. a) Name the body in Uganda responsible for registering telephone companies.
• **Uganda Communications Commission (UCC)**
- b) Mention any **two** ways Ugandans have benefited from the registered telephone companies.
• **They have got jobs**
• **They have eased communication**
• **They have got taxes**
• **They have advertised goods using telephones**
• **It has eased banking**
• **They have eased security services**
- c) Give any **one** advantage of using a telephone over newspapers to send messages.
• **A telephone is faster than a newspaper**
42. a) Mention **one** factor that determines the settlement position of ethnic groups.
• **Climate**
• **Nature of the soil**
• **Weakness of the inhabitants**
• **Water bodies**
• **Vegetation**
- b) What was the first ethnic group to migrate into East Africa?
• **The Cushites/Hamites**
- c) State any **one** way of identifying an ethnic group.
• **By following their major occupation**
• **By following their Origin**
• **Language**
• **Cultural practices**
• **Cultural institution**
- d) Name any **one** Bantu tribe that is settled on the slopes of Mount Kilimanjaro.
• **The Chagga.**
• **The Kisi.**
43. a) State any **two** advantages of multiparty system of administration.
• **Promotes democracy**
• **It control dictatorship**
• **There is delegation of power**
• **There is room to choose better leaders**

- b) Why is political stability good for a country?
- **It promotes development**
 - **It promotes investment**
 - **It promotes trade**
 - **It promotes friendship and cooperation**
- c) How are many bye-elections a disadvantage to a country?
- **They lead to high government expenditures.**

44. Study the sketch map of East Africa below and use it to answer the questions that follow.



- a) Name one European explorer that used routes marked **1** and **2**.
- 1** - **John Speke / James Grant / Henry Morton Stanley**
 - 2** - **Sir Samuel Baker**
- b) Name town marked with letter **S**.
- **Bagamoyo**
- c) State any **one** reason why most European explorers did not use route marked **3** while entering the interior of East Africa.
- **They feared attacks from hostile tribes**
 - **It was far from Zanzibar.**
 - **Route 3 had fierce animals**
 - **Tanganyika had clear routes.**
 - **Route 3 had harsh climatic conditions.**
45. a) Give any **one** symbol of a clan.
- **Drumming**
 - **Royal regalia like stools, crown, throne, spear etc.**
 - **Clan leader**
 - **Totem**
 - **Clan name**

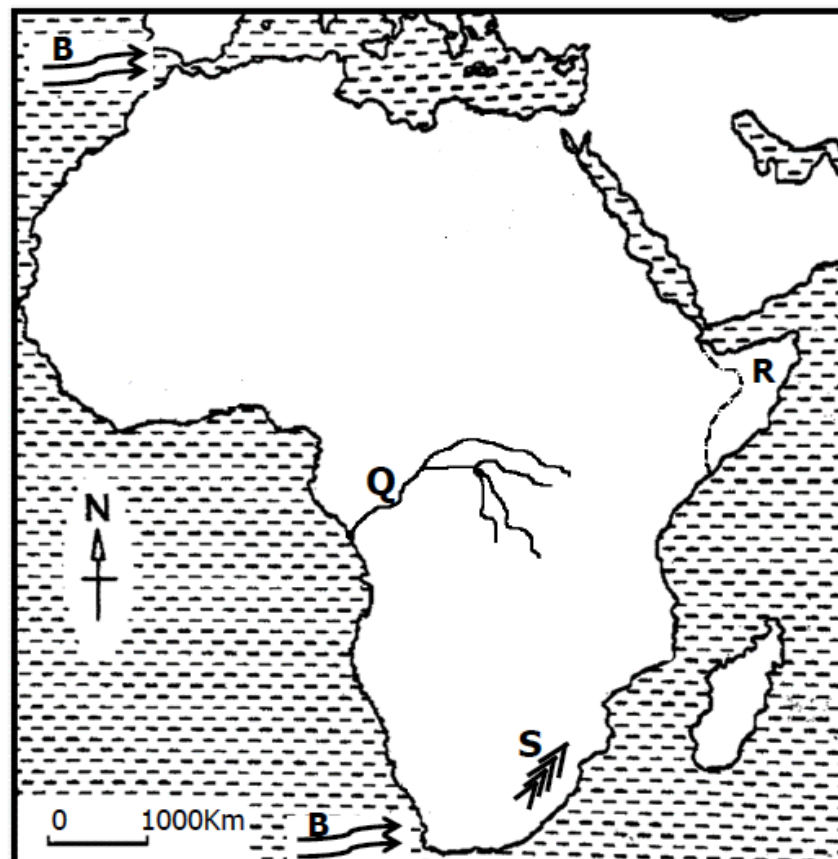
- b) Apart from clans, name any **one** other social set up of people in the pre-colonial times.
- **Had families**
 - **Had lineage**
 - **Had traditional education**
 - **Had age setups**
 - **Had religious beliefs**
- c) State any **two** ways family meetings promote unity.
- **They help to settle family disputes**
 - **They promote reconciliation**
 - **They promote family values**
 - **They bring family members together**

46. The table below shows multi-purpose river projects with rivers on which they were built in different countries of Africa. Study and complete it correctly.

River	Dam	Country
River Nile	Isimba dam	(i) Uganda
(ii) Zambezi	Kariba dam	(iii) Zambia , Zimbabwe
River Niger	(iv) Kainji dam	Nigeria

47. a) Name the specialized Agency of United Nations that fights the outbreak of pandemic diseases.
- **World Health Organization (WHO)**
- b) Give **one** way the United Nations similar to Commonwealth of Nations in their works.
- **Both promote respect for human rights**
 - **Both strengthen relationship with African countries**
 - **Both struggle to end poverty in African countries**
 - **Both promote peace.**
 - **Both aim at promoting peace and security in member states**
 - **Both promote education through encouraging open and distance learning programmes**
 - **Both promote democracy and development**
- c) Which Agency of United Nations ensures that people displaced by wars are catered for?
- **United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)**
- d) How did Rwanda become a member of Commonwealth of Nations yet it was not colonized by Britain?
- **Through application.**

48. a) What is plantation farming?
- **Plantation farming is the growing of one perennial crop on a large piece of land.**
- b) Mention **one** scheme in Africa where the following plantation crops are grown on a large scale.
- i) Cotton: **Gezira irrigation scheme , Managil**
- ii) Sugarcane: **Kilombero valley, Kenana**
- c) Give **one** reason why plantation farming is not common in densely populated areas.
- **Due to shortage of land // Needs a large piece of land which is usually not available in densely populated areas.**
49. Study the sketch map Africa below and then answer the questions that follow.



- a) Name the winds marked with letter **B**.
- **Westerly winds // Westerlies.**
- b) How were highlands marked **S** formed?
- **Volcanicity**
- c) Write down any **one** social problem faced by country marked **R**.
- **Famine**
 - **Diseases**
 - **Early marriages (high Birth rates)**
 - **High infant mortality rate**
 - **Low life expectancy**
 - **Illiteracy**
 - **Disunity**
 - **Civil wars.**
- d) How does river marked **Q** affect the transport network in DRC?
- **It floods during rainy season blocking means of road transport.**
 - **Makes road construction difficult.**

50. a) Name any **one** illegal practice that reduces on government revenue.
- **Smuggling**
 - **Corruption**
 - **Poaching**
 - **Tax defaulting/ evasions**
 - **Black marketing**
- b) State any **two** negative effects of illegal trade to a country.
- **It lowers government revenue**
 - **Leads to poor delivery of social services**
 - **Leads to under development**
- c) Give **one** reason why a country should fight against illegal trade.
- **To increase tax collection/ government revenue**
 - **To end trading of expired goods are sold**
 - **Leads to improvement**

For each of the questions **51** to **55**, answer **EITHER** the Christian **OR** Islamic questions but **not** both. **No mark** will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives in **a particular number**.

51. EITHER:

- a) How is a priest important during church service?
- **He leads prayers**
 - **He prays for people**
 - **He conducts sacraments**
 - **He guides and counsels people**
 - **He preaches the word of God**
 - **He preaches reconciliation**
- b) Mention any **two** groups of people a Christian can pray for.
- **The sick**
 - **The poor**
 - **The blind**
 - **The elderly**
 - **The candidates**
 - **The lame**
 - **The Babies**
 - **The pregnant women**
 - **The leaders**
 - **The street children**
 - **The orphans**
 - **The refugees**
 - **The prisoners**
 - **The travelers**
 - **The security officers**
- c) Name the type of prayer a Christian child who has excelled in exams says.
- **Thanks giving prayer**

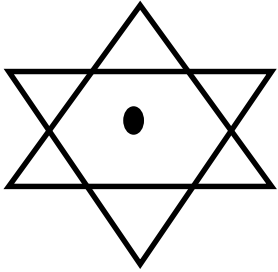
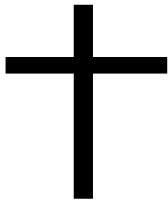
OR:

- a) How is an Imam important during Jumah prayers?
- **He leads prayers.**
 - **He prays for people**
 - **He guides and counsels people**
 - **He preaches the word of Allah**
 - **He teaches reconciliation**
 - **Delivers the Friday sermon.**

- b) Mention any **two** groups of people a Muslim can pray for.
- **The sick**
 - **The poor**
 - **The blind**
 - **The elderly**
 - **The candidates**
 - **The lame**
 - **The Babies**
 - **The pregnant women**
 - **The leaders**
 - **The street children**
 - **The orphans**
 - **The refugees**
 - **The prisoners**
 - **The travelers**
 - **The security officers**
- c) Name the first daily prayer in Islam.
- **Fajr/Subhi**

52. **EITHER:**



- a) Name the world religions whose symbols are drawn below.

	
Judaism	Christianity

- b) Who is the founder of the religion whose symbol is drawn in no.52a(i)?
- **Abraham**
- c) Give **one** importance of religious symbols to believers.
- **Help believers to deeply understand their faith**
 - **Strengthens a believer's faith.**
 - **They help them to share some common beliefs**
 - **For easy identification**
 - **They promote unity**

OR:

- a) Name the Islamic symbols drawn below.

	
Star	Crescent

- b) Give any importance of Islamic symbols to believers.
- **Help believers to deeply understand their faith**
 - **Strengthens a believer's faith.**
 - **They help them to share some common beliefs**
 - **For easy identification**
 - **-They promote unity**

53. **EITHER:**

"I baptize you with water to show that you have repented but the one who will come after me will baptize you with Holy Spirit and fire." (Matthew: 3:11)

- a) Who preached the above message?
 - **John the Baptist**
- b) Who will baptize with the Holy Spirit and fire according to the message?
 - **Jesus Christ**
- c) What is the importance of water during baptism?
 - **Washes away the original sin // Used as a cleanser.**
 - **Acts as a sign of purity.**
- d) Mention **one** lesson you learn from the above message.
 - **To get baptized**
 - **To welcome the holy spirit**
 - **To accept Jesus Christ**
 - **To repent**
 - **To be God fearing**

OR:

".....they shall bear their own loads and others loads besides their own. And they will surely be questioned on the Day of Resurrection about what they used to invent" (Quran: 29:13)

- a) Mention any **two** forms of punishments that will be given to non-believers according to the above Quran text.
 - **Being thrown in eternal fire.**
 - **Denial of blessings.**
 - **Curse.**
- b) What will happen to the non-believers on the day of judgement according to Islamic teachings?
 - **They shall be questioned for what they invented**
 - **They will have everlasting suffering in hell.**
- c) What lesson do you learn from the above Quran verse?
 - **To repent our sins**
 - **To be faithful**
 - **We shall be accountable for our sins.**
 - **To prepare for the day of resurrection**
 - **To follow Allah's teaching**

54. **EITHER:**

a) What are relief organizations?

- **These are organisations that provide assistance to people in need**
-

b) Mention any **two** Christian relief organizations operating in Uganda.

- **ADRA Adventist Development Relief Agency**
- **Christian Relief Uganda**
- **The Catholic Relief Service**
- **Joint Relief Agency**
- **Christian Aid Mission in Uganda**
- **Child of Hope**
- **Smile Charity Uganda**

c) Write any **one** way how relief organizations promote development in Uganda.

- **They employ people**
- **They build school**
- **They build hospital**
- **They set up social service centers**
- **They set up banks**
- **They set up radio station**
- **They set up TV station**

OR:

a) What are relief organizations?

- **These are organisations that provide assistance to people in need especially affected by disasters**

b) Mention any **two** Islamic relief organizations operating in Uganda

- **Islamic Relief Worldwide**
- **Islamic Relief**
- **International Islamic Relief Organisation (IIRO)**
- **Islamic Relief Organisation**
- **Salaam Charity**

c) Write any **one** way how relief organizations promote development in Uganda.

- **As above**

55. **EITHER:**

a) How is helping one another useful in Christian life?

- **It promotes peace**
- **It promotes unity**
- **He ate with sinners**
- **It promotes friendship**
- **It promotes love**
- **It promotes hardworking**
- **One gets blessings from God**
- **You get respect**
- **One gets security**

b) Give **two** ways how Jesus showed concern over his followers.

- **He prayed for his followers**
- **He healed the sick**
- **He died for their sins**
- **He washed the apostles feet**
- **He raised the dead**
- **He fed the hungry**
- **He made the blind to see**
- **He healed the lame**
- **He forgave the sinners**

c) What lesson do we learn from Jesus' concern?

- **To pray for others**
- **To forgive others**
- **To feed the hungry**
- **To share**
- **To heal the sick**
- **To love everyone**

OR:

a) How is helping one another useful in Islamic life?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| • It promotes peace | • It promotes hardworking |
| • It promotes unity | • One gets blessings from God |
| • He ate with sinners | • You get respect |
| • It promotes friendship | • One gets security |
| • It promotes love | |

b) Give **two** ways how Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) showed concern over his followers.

- **He prayed for his followers**
- **He healed the sick**
- **He fed the hungry**
- **He forgave the sinners**
- **He grazed their animals.**
- **He kept their property.**

c) What lesson do we learn from Prophet Muhammad's concern?

- **To pray for others**
- **To forgive others**
- **To feed the hungry**
- **To share**
- **To heal the sick**
- **To love everyone.**

