

SECTION A: 40 MARKS

Questions 1 to 40 carry one mark each

1. Name the neighbouring country of Uganda to the Western direction.

2. Why should a good map have a key?

3. Mention any **one** way of conserving vegetation in an area.

4. Write the title of the political head of a district in Uganda.

5. State any **one** reason why the government of Uganda creates new districts.

Study the diagram below and use it to answer question 6.



6. Name the symbol of Uganda shown above.

7. How did iron smelting improve the life of the earlyman?

8. State any **one** importance of by -laws to people in a country.

9. Write any **one** method used to control soil erosion an area.

10. Give any **one** advantage of barter system of trade.

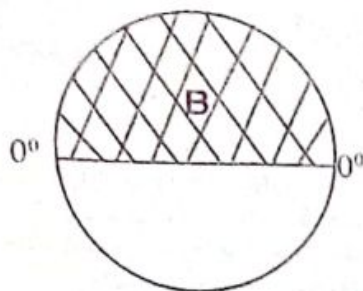
11. Mention any **one** way in which population growth can be controlled in a country like Uganda.

12. State **one** problem caused by prolonged drought on livestock farmers.

13. What type of mountain is formed when magma erupts onto the surface of the earth?



Study the diagram of a globe below to answer questions 14 and 15.



14. Name the half of the world shaded on the globe above.

15. Name any **one** month when the sun is overhead the line of latitude marked 0°.

16. What makes plateau areas good for human settlement?

17. State any **one** value of phosphates to farmers.

18. Give any **one** reason why people who make crafts live near swamps.

19. Write any **one** role played by religious leaders in a community.

20. Why was it hard for the British to rule Karamoja?

21. State any **one** reason why some parts of River Nile are not good for transport.

22. Give any **one** importance of kingdoms in East Africa.

23. Mention any **one** country that joined the East African Community through application.

24. Why do schools conduct general assemblies?

25. What name is given to the Luo speakers who are found in Kenya?

26. Why was slave trade in East Africa not good?

27. Which group of foreigners discovered the source of River Nile?

28. Give any **one** advantage of trees on a compound.

29. Mention any **one** element of a good home.

30. Write any **one** agreement the British signed with local leaders in Uganda.

31. State any **one** way of promoting tourism in Uganda.

32. Mention any **one** lesson we learn from the Legend of Kintu and his cow.

33. How are hills important to people in a given area?

34. State any **one** use of plants to animals.

35. Why are most rift valley lakes salty?

36. Give any **one** cause of rural-urban migration.

37. Write any **one** way in which children promote security at home.

38. Name any **one** cash crop which is commonly grown in Kalangala Islands.

39. State any **one** cause of domestic violence in Uganda today.

40. Mention any **one** example of mass media used in your community.

SECTION B: 60 MARKS

Questions 41 to 50 carry **four** marks each

41. (a) Mention any **one** means of water transport used in Uganda.

(b) State any **two** causes of accidents on water.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) Give any **one** item used for safety when travelling on water.

42. (a) Mention any **two** tourist attractions found in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Give any **two** ways in which tourism is important in a country.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

43. (a) Write any **two** examples of traditional customs still practised in Uganda today.

(i) _____

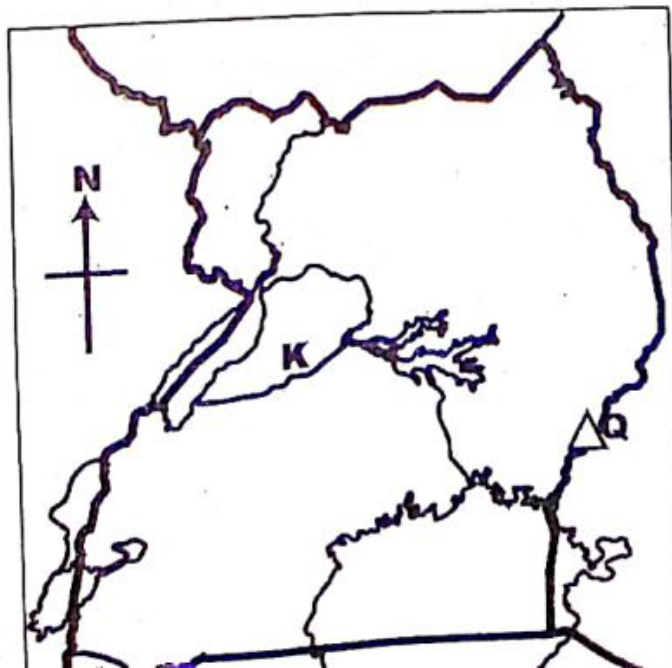
(ii) _____

(b) State any **two** importance of traditional customs.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

44. Study the sketch map of Uganda below and answer the questions about it.



(a) Mention the country marked **P** on the map above.

(b) Name any **one** national park in the area marked **Z**.

(c) Mention any **one** importance of the river marked **K** to the people.

(d) Name the highest peak on the mountain marked **Q**.

45. (a) Mention **one** product that is manufactured from each of the crops below:

(i) cotton _____

(ii) pyrethrum _____

(b) Give any **two** ways the government can promote crop growing in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

46. (a) Give the main reason why food is considered to be a basic need.

(b) Mention the basic need that is provided by the Uganda People's Defence Forces.

(c) State any **two** ways people meet their needs.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

47. (a) Name any **one** example of a lava dammed lake in Uganda.

(b) Give any **two** uses of lakes to people.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) State any **one** problem faced by people living around lakes.

48. (a) Write any **two** organs of the East African Community.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Give any **two** ways Uganda benefits from being a member of the East African Community.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

49. (a) Mention any **two** processes that help in the formation of convectional rainfall.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Name any **one** human activity which reduces on the amount of rainfall received in an area.

(c) State any **one** danger of heavy rainfall to people.

50. Match the personalities in A to their contributions in B correctly.

A	B
Sir Philip Mitchel	Raised the Union jack at Entebbe.
Sir Hesketh Bell	First Vice President of Uganda.
William Wilberforce Nadiope	Promoted higher education in Uganda.
Sir Gerald Portal	Promoted agriculture in Uganda.

a) Sir Philip Mitchel _____

b) Sir Hesketh Bell _____

c) William Wilberforce Nadiope _____

d) Sir Gerald Portal _____

51. (a) Why were early people called stone age people?

(b) How did the discovery of fire help the early people?

(c) In which **two** ways was a dog helpful to early people?

(i) _____

(ii) _____

52. (a) What role did King Muteesa I play in the coming of the Missionaries to Uganda?

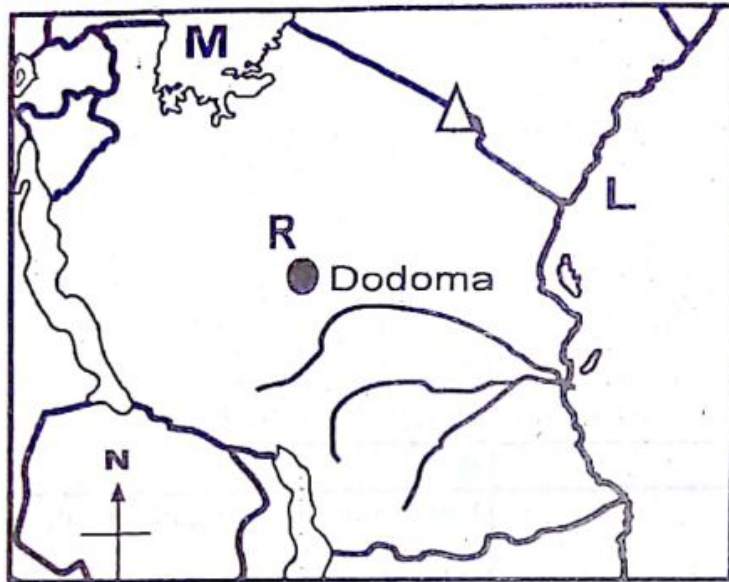
(b) State any **two** problems that affected the work of the missionaries.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) Mention any **one** positive effect of the missionaries in Uganda.

53. Study the sketch map of Tanzania below and use it to answer the questions that follow.



(a) Name the water bodies marked M and L on the map above.

(i) M _____

(ii) L _____

(b) Of what importance is the town marked R important to Tanzania?

(c) Use letter W, to show Mt. Kilimanjaro on the map above.

54. (a) Write any **two** sources of government income in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) Mention any **two** ways the government of Uganda spends its revenue.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

55. (a) Mention any **two** materials used when conducting elections.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) State any **one** role of the Electoral Commission in Uganda.

(c) Give any **one** challenge faced by the Electoral Commission in carrying out its work.