SST MODERATED ITEMS 2023 ITEM 5/15 MAKING GUIDE 5/15

SECTION A

- 1. Why are symbols instead of real objects used in maps?
- To make the map tidy/ To avoid overcrowding the map
 - 2. Which type of transport is commonly used in Uganda today to travel to and from Kalangala District?
- Water transport
 - 3. State one reason which kept the interior of Africa to be unknown to Europeans in the early days.
- Presence of huge highlands at certain entry points
- Africa's interior had hostile people.
- Presence of hot deserts at both extremes of the continent.
- Presence of dangerous animals in the interior of Africa.
- Lack of proper routes to the interior of Africa.
- <u>Africa's interior had thick forests which harboured</u> disease vectors.

- 4. What was the work of the Legislative Council (LEGCO) during colonial days in Uganda?
 - To make laws.
 - advise the colonial government.
 - get information from various regions of Uganda.

• To plan for the development of Uganda

5. Which is the major factor of weather that influences population distribution?

• Rainfall

6. How are the Drakensberg Mountains similar to the mountain Kilimanjaro in terms of formation?

Both were formed by volcanicity

7. Give one reason why Ugandans should stand up when singing the national anthem.

To show respect to the anthem

8. Name the East African country which was ruled by Germany and Britain.

• <u>Tanzania/Tanganyika</u>

9. Why does Uganda use English as her national language?

• It was colonized by the British who use English

- 10. State the role of political parties in Uganda before 1962.
- To unite people in their struggle for independence.
- To deal with common problems affecting people.
- To protest harsh government laws and policies.
- To advise the government.
 - 11. Which type of vegetation favours the establishment of national game parks in Africa.

Savannah vegetation

12. What causes wind?

• Difference in atmospheric pressure

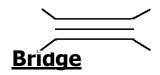
13. How were Bushmen in Southern Africa affected by the early settlers?

• They were displaced

- 14. Give one contribution of Asia to the economic development of Uganda.
- They started up business that gave people jobs
- They brought new trade items
 - 15. How did river Nile influence the coming of the early European explorers to Africa?
- They came to find out it's source

- 16. Why are PIASCY messages displayed in most school compounds?
- To control early marriages
- To prevent school dropouts
- They teach children to prevent contracting STIs
 - 17. State one way the British colonialists helped to improve the way of living of the people in East Africa.
- They introduced new gaming methods
- They indroduced cash crop growing
- They educated people through construction of schools
- They built hospitals
 - 18. How is Fort Jesus important to the government of Kenya.
- It attracts tourists
 - 19. Why is the road network in the Democratic Republic of Congo underdeveloped?
- The presence of many thick forests which hinder road construction.
- The presence of many rivers which make construction of bridges very expensive.
- The heavy rainfall received making the soil soggy.

- Destruction of existing roads due to civil wars.
 - 20. Mention one method Europeans used to acquire colonies in Africa.
- Use of military force.
- Through signing agreements/ treaties.
- Through divide and rule policy (fueling existing misunderstandings)
- Use of trading companies like IBEACo, GEACo.
- Through missionary work.
- Use of collaborators.
 - 21. How is the duty of the police similar to that of a prefect in a school?
- They promote Oder in the society
 - 22. What is Customs Duty?
- Is the type of tax charged on imported goods
 - 23. Name the map symbol given below.



- 24. Suggest one reason why African natural resources have not been fully utilized.
 - Limited capital.

- Low levels of technology.
- Shortage of skilled labourforce.
- Insecurity in some parts of the country.
- Poor transport and communication.
- Some natural resources exist in scattered places.
- 25. Which international organization was replaced by the United Nations? (U.N.)

• League of Nations

26. How are the Fulani of Nigeria similar to the Turkana of Kenya?

• Both carry out pastoralism

27. Who is the current Speaker of the East African Legislative Assembly (EALA)?

• Joseph Ntakirutimana

28. State the rebellion that resulted into the forced registration of guns in Uganda.

• Lamogi rebellion

29. How did the Christian missionaries benefit from the presence of IBEACo.?

IBEACO protected missionaries

30. State one reason why terrace farming is recommended to be used by farmers in mountainous areas.

• To control soil erosion

31. Which irrigation scheme in Sudan is famous for sugarcane growing?

• Kenana sugarcane scheme

- 32. Give one way in which the 1900 Buganda Agreement affected the Kabaka.
- Kabaka's powers were reduced and given to the lukiiko
- Kabaka's title of His Majesty was changed to His Highness
 - 33. What were the Bantustans in South Africa?
- These were separate homelands that were created for the black Africans in South Africa.
 - 34. State one function of the Central Bank.
- To print new currency
- To control the amount of money in circulation
- To control commercial banks in the country
- <u>To keep government's money and money from other</u> <u>banks</u>
- To manage government's debts
- To lend money to other banks
- To give license to new banks

35. Identify any one process involved in the formation of rainfall.

In questions 36 to 40, answer either Christian or Islamic questions but not both.

36. **Either:** Why did God send away Adam and Eve from the garden of Eden?

They are the forbidden fruit

Or: Why did Allah send away Adam and Hawa from paradise?

37. **Either:** Who is a martyr?

• Is a person who accepts to die for their religion

Or: What is Jihad?

38. **Either:** How do Christians benefit from reading the Bible?

- They are guided
- The get to know more about God
- It keeps them closer to God

Or: How Muslims benefit from reading the Koran?

39. **Either:** Why did Simon Peter deny Jesus Christ?

• He was scared

Or: On which mountain did prophet Muhammad receive the first revelation?

40. **Either:** Why do Christians receive the Holy Communion?

• To remember the death and resurrection of Jesus

Or: How does a Muslim get the title of Haji or Hajat?

SECTION B

41. Study the table below and answer the questions that follow.

Month	7	F	М	Α	М	7	J	Α	S	0	N	D
Temperature in 0C	22	22	21	20	17	15	14	17	20	23	23	22
Rainfall in mm	191	148	144	280	18	ı	ı	8	თ	28	94	148

(a) Find the temperature range.

• Temp Range = Highest-Lowest 23-14=09°C

- (b) State the highest amount of rainfall recorded on the table.
 - 280mm
- (c) Name the type of climate shown on the table above.
 - Temperate climate
 - (d) What is the relationship between temperature and rainfall?
 - Temperature increases with increase in Rainfall
 - <u>Temperature reduces with reduction in rainfall</u> 42(a) Write NEMA in full.
 - National environment management Authority

- (b) Mention any one duty of NEMA.
 - It teaches people about the importance of forests and swamps. It creates forest reserves.
 - It enforces laws against wetland degradation.
 - It evicts people settling in wetlands
- (c) Write down any two human activities that lead to environmental degradation.
 - Over population
 - Wide spread of poverty
 - **Unemployment**
 - Insecurity/ political instability
 - Industrialisation
- 43(a) Which type of administration did the British colonialists use in Uganda?
 - Indirect rule
 - (b) Give two reasons why the British colonialists used the type of administration mentioned in (a) above.
 - To control rebellions against colonial rule.
 - It was cheap in terms of paying local leaders.
 - They wanted to increase manpower for the colonialists.

• They wanted to ease communication with their subjects

- (c) How was Semei Kakungulu useful to the British colonialists in Uganda?
- He helped to extend British rule to Eastern parts of Uganda
 - 44(a) Name the organization in Africa that was formed to replace the Organisation of African Unity (OAU).
- African Union(AU)
- (b) Give two reasons why the organization given in (a) above was formed.
 - To promote peace and security in Africa.
 - To promote rule of law in Africa.
 - To promote economic development in Africa.
 - To support and defend African countries.
 - To enable regional bodies improve their work.
 - (c) Mention one problem facing the organization you have mentioned in (a) above.
 - Shortage of funds to run AU programmes.
 - Civil wars in some African countries.
 - <u>Dictatorship among African leaders.</u>
 - Famine in some member states.

- It provides relief to refugees.
- Neocolonialism in many African countries.
- Abuse of human rights in many African countries.
- <u>Differences in political systems among the member</u>
 <u>states.</u>
 - 45. Use the diagram to answer the questions that follow.



(a) Name the attribute shown above.

• Uganda coat of arms

(b) What crops are represented on the above attribute?

• Coffee and cotton

(c) Name the part of the attribute marked Y.

• Uganda motto

(d) Who designed the above attribute?

• Paul mukasa

46(a) Where are the headquarters of the East African Community?

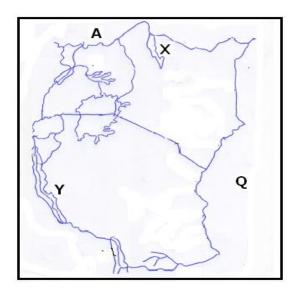
• Arusha In Tanzania

- (b) Suggest two reasons why the East African Community has been revived.
- To have common taxes on goods.
- To reduce smuggling of goods.
- To have a common currency in East Africa.
- To promote peace and security in the region.
- <u>To promote cooperation and unity among the</u> <u>member states.</u>
- <u>To promote easy movement of people and goods</u> across borders of the member states.
- To reduce on trade barriers.
- (c) Which organ of the East African Community is responsible for making laws?
 - The East African Legislative Assembly(EALA)
 - 47(a) Name the organization responsible for controlling oil production and prices in Africa.
 - Oganisation for Petroleum exporting countries
 (OPEC)
 - (b) State one reason why northern Libya is more populated than the south.
 - There are many job opportunities due to oil mining.

- <u>Presence of the Mediterranean Sea which promotes</u> fishing.
- The Northern part experiences Mediterranean climate which promotes farming.
- There are many trade opportunities since it is near Europe.
- There are better social services because of the presence of the capital city.
- (c) State one way the people of Libya benefit from the great man made river.
 - It's a source of water for irrigation
 - (d) Compare Libya and Uganda in terms of location.
 - <u>Libya is located in west Africa while Uganda in the</u>
 <u>East</u>
 - 48(a) What is population distribution?
 - Is the way people are spread in an area
 - (b) State two factors that influence population distribution in East Africa.
 - Rainfall distribution/ climate
 - Provision of social services
 - Availability of food.
 - Nature of the soils/ soil fertility

- Relief of an area
- Water supply
- Government policy
 - (c) Mention one problem facing people living in mountainous areas.
- Poor road transport network
- 49(a) Who is the founder of the Bunyoro-Kitara Empire?
 - The Batembuzi
 - (b) State two contributions the Bachwezi made to the modern economy of Uganda.
 - They started salt mining at lake Katwe.
 - They introduced the knowledge of iron
 - smelting.
 - They introduced long-horned cattle in Uganda.
 - The introduced coffee growing.
 - Long horned cattle introduced by the Bachwezi
 - They introduced bark cloth making.
 - (c) Give one reason why the Chwezi Empire declined.
 - The empire was too large to be controlled by one ruler.
 - Death of their beloved cow (Bihogo).
 - Outbreak of drought and famine in the empire.

- Disunity among the people.
- Outbreak of epidemic diseases in the empire.
- Rebellions by distant princes.
- The Luo invasion. This led to the final collapse of the Chwezi dynasty.
 - 50. Study the map of East Africa below and answer the questions that follow.



- (a) Name the country marked A.
- South Sudan
- (b) How is Lake X similar to Lake Y in terms of formation?
 - Both were formed by faulting/ they are rift valley
 lakes

(c) Name the water body marked Q.

Indian Ocean

- (d) How is port Mombasa useful to a country like Uganda in terms of trade?
- It handles ugandas imports and exports
 For questions 51 55 answer either Christianity or
 Islam but not both
- 51. **Either:** (a) On which mountain did Moses receive the ten commandments?
 - Mt Sinai
- (b) Give one way in which the Ten Commandments are important to school children.
 - They promote order at school.
 - Commandments guide us to be faithful.
 - They instill discipline and good morals to us.
 - Commandments unite us with God.
 - They give us good Christian life.
 - They help us not to commit sins.
- (c) Identify the commandment broken in each of the following:
- (i) having many wives
 - Do not commit adultery
- (ii) engaging in corruption

Do not steal

- **Or:** (a) There are five Arkans on which Islam stands. State any two Arkans.
- (b) State any two a Muslim should fulfill before undertaking the Haji.
- 52 **Either:** (a) Mention two gospel writers.
 - St Mathew
 - St. mark
 - St. Luke
 - St. John
 - (b) How did the Holy Spirit help the gospel writers to carry out their work?
 - It inspired them
- (c) Which book of the Bible was written by St. Paul?
 - Romans
 - Galatians
 - 1&2 corinthians
 - **Or:** (a) Who is a Caliph?
- (b) Name any two Caliphs you know.
- (c) What was the work of Caliphs?
 - 53 **Either:** (a) Where did Jesus perform his first miracle?

- At cana
 - (b) Mention any two miracles Jesus performed.
- Raised Jairus' daughter (Luke 8:40)
- Raised Lazarus (Luke 7:11-17)
- Walked on water (Matt. 14:22-32)
- He fed 5000 people (Mark 6:30-44)
- He turned water into wine (John 2:1-12)
- Made Simon to catch large number of fish (Luke 5:4-11)
- He calmed the storm (Matt. 8:23-27)
- He healed the lame (Mark 1:29-34)
- He cast demons (Matt. 8:28-24)
- Healed a woman who suffered from bleeding for 12
 years. (Luke 8:24-48)
- (c) Why did Jesus Christ perform miracles?
 - To show love to people.
 - To show God's power.
 - To show care to people
 - To help people.
 - **Or:** (a) Name any two Holy books in Islam.
 - (b) Identify the prophets to whom the books you have mentioned in (a) above were revealed.

- 54. **Either:** (a) What is prayer?
- Is a special way of talking to God
- (b) Suggest any three importance of praying together.
 - We pray to be forgiven
 - We pray to get blessings
 - We pray to be healed
 - We pray to get knowledge
 - We pray to get wisdom, food
 - Or: (a) What is salat?
- (b) Mention any three things a Muslim should do before performing salat
 - 55. **Either:** (a) Why is the 3rd of June celebrated in Uganda?
 - To remember the Uganda martyrs
 - (b) Which religious leader was killed on the orders of kabaka Mwanga at Luba palace in Busoga?
 - Bishop Hannington
- (c) Suggest any two lessons learnt from the Uganda matyrs.
 - To suffer for faith
 - When one dies for faith, it strengthens the faith of others.

- **Or:** (a) Why was prophet Muhammad unable to see his father?
- (b) Name the foster mother of Prophet Muhammad.
- (c) Identify two towns in Saudi Arabia related to Prophet Muhammad.