

**KAMPALA ARCHIDIOCESE CATHOLIC PRIMARY SCHOOLS
(KAPSMA)**

MOCK EXAMINATION 2022

PRIMARY SEVEN

SOCIAL STUDIES

Time allowed 2hrs 15 minutes

Date: _____

INDEX No.

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Candidate's Name: _____

School Name: _____

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Read the following instructions carefully.

1. This paper is made of Section A and B.
2. Section A, has 40 questions (40 marks) and Section B has 15 questions (60 marks).
3. Attempt all questions. All answers to both sections A and B must be written in the spaces provided.
4. All answers must be written using blue or black ball-point pen or ink.
5. Unnecessary alteration of work will lead to loss of marks.
6. Any handwriting that cannot easily be read may lead to loss of marks.

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SECTION	EXAMS MARKS	T/L MARKS	OFFICE
A			
B			
TOTAL			

SECTION A

1. Name any one cash crop grown in Lugazi - Buikwe District.

2. Mention any one tribe in Uganda that circumcises their males.

3. Which European country tried to colonise Uganda?

4. What discovery enable the early man to live a settled life?

5. Name the mineral used for making glass.

6. Give any one benefit of the community to the school.

7. State the commonest traditional method of preserving fish.

8. Mention any one activity that the Bachwezi are remembered for in East Africa.

9. Apart from Rwanda and Burundi, name one other country in Central Africa that is a member of the East African Community.

10. Why is rainfall measured in millimeters?

11. Give any one importance of children at home.

12. Mention any seaport that handles Uganda's good.

13. Name any one economic activity carried out in our community.

14. Mention any one citrus fruit grown in the Mediterranean climate regions of Africa.

15. Name the person who extended the British colonial rule to Western Uganda.

16. Mention any one cause of street children in Uganda today.

17. Why is road transport the most used type of transport?

18. State any one way of choosing leaders in our district.

19. How does the heading of a map help a map reader?
20. Name any one tool used in schools to change from one activity to another.
21. What does the road sign shown below mean?

22. State any one way democracy is practised in schools.
23. Give one reason why smuggling of goods should not be allowed in Uganda.
24. Mention any one social service centre in our community.
25. Why is tourism called an industry?
26. Give one social reason for the construction of the Kenya - Uganda railway line in 1896.
27. Name the falls along River Niger where Mungo Park drowned.
28. Where in South Africa is maize mainly grown?
29. Mention any one source of government revenue.
30. State any one way the Legislature helps the Judiciary to do its work.
31. Which plantation forest is located in West Nile?
32. Why is land considered as the major resource?
33. What time will it be in a country at 45°E if it is 2:00 p.m. at the Greenwich Mean Time?
34. How do government workers benefit from the taxes people pay?
35. Mention any one Island country found in the Indian Ocean in Africa.

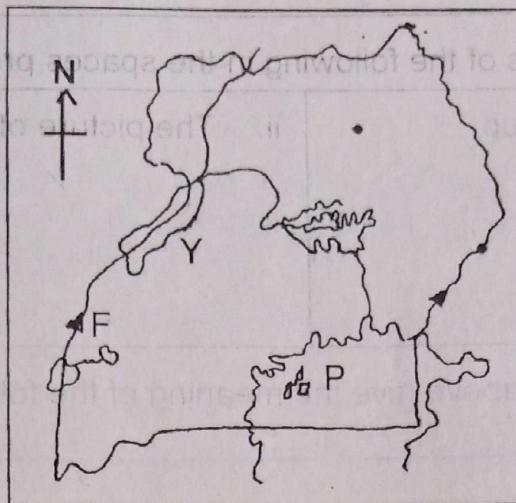
For each of the questions 36 to 40, answer EITHER the Christian Or Islamic question but not both. No marks will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives in a particular number.

36. Either: Name any one symbol of a Christian family.
Or: Name any one symbol of Muslim family.
37. Either: Name the person who led the Israelites across River Jordan.
Or: Name the person who led the Banu-Israelites out of Msiri.
38. Either: How did Abraham show his faith to God?
Or: How did Prophet Ibrahim show his faith to Allah?
39. Either: In which one way can you as a Christian treat those who mistreat you?
Or: In which one way can you as a Muslim treat those who mistreat you?
40. Either: How is Joseph related to Jesus?
Or: How is Abdallah related to Prophet Mohammed?

SECTION B

41. a) Name the two European Missionaries who contributed to the economic development of Uganda.
i. _____
ii. _____
b) Mention the two ways in which the two European Missionaries mentioned above promoted economic development in Uganda.
i. _____
ii. _____
42. a) What title is given to highest civil servant in a district?
b) State any one role played by the Resident District Commissioner in a district.
c) Give two ways in which leaders can improve the welfare of the people in their community.
i. _____
ii. _____

43. Study the sketch of Uganda below and answer the questions that follow.



a. Name the main cash crop grown in area marked P.

b. Mention the inland port on Lake marked Y.

c. How was Mountain marked F formed?

d. Use letter K to locate the swaggiest lake in Uganda.

44. a. Name the elements of wind that are measured at a weather station.

- i. _____
ii. _____

b) Why are North-East and South -East Monsoon winds called trade winds?

c) Give a reason why the Harmattan winds do not bring rainfall to the Sahara Desert.

45 a. In which country did the MAU-MAU rebellion take place

b. State any one cause of the MAU-MAU rebellion.

c. Name any one leader of the MAU-MAU rebellion.

d. Mention any one negative effect of the MAU-MAU rebellion on the Africans.

46. a. Name the first railway line to be constructed in East Africa in 1893.

b. In which country was the named railway above built?

c) Mention the foreign country that built the above named railway.

d. Give one reason why the above named railway was built.

47. a. Draw the diagrams of the following in the spaces provided below.

i. The map of a cup

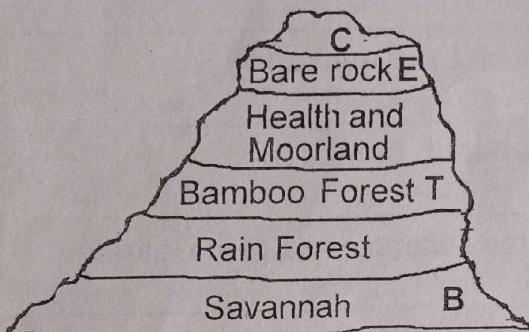
ii. The picture of a bottle.

b. Using the drawing above give the meaning of the following.

i. A map:- _____

ii. A picture:- _____

48. Use the diagram below to answer questions that follow.



a. Give one factor that leads to vegetation changes in the diagram above.

b. Why does the area E have less vegetation than area B in the diagram above.

c. Why is area marked C not good for human settlement?

d. Name the main economic activity carried out in area T.

49. a. Write the following in full.

i. NEMA _____

ii. EACT: _____

b. State the role played by NEMA in Uganda.

i. _____

ii. _____

50. Match the items in List A with those in list B correctly.

A: Persons

- i) Dentist
- ii) Optician
- iii) Surgeon
- iv) Midwife

B: Work

- Delivers pregnant women
- Treats the teeth.
- Provides eye glasses
- Operates the sick people.

- i) Dentist _____
- ii) Optician _____
- iii) Surgeon _____
- iv) Midwife _____

For each of the questions 51 to 55, answer Either Christian Or Islamic questions but not both. No mark will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternative in a particular number.

51. Either: a) Name any one church founded organisation that promotes Youth activities in Uganda.

b) State any two challenges faced by the organisation you have mentioned in (a) above.

- i. _____
- ii. _____

c) Mention any one example you can copy from the activities of the organisation named in (a) above.

Or: a) Name any one Islamic founded organisation that promotes youth activities in Uganda.

b) State any two challenges faced by the organisation you have mentioned in (a) above.

- i. _____
- ii. _____

c) Mention any one example you can copy from the activities of the organisation named in (a) above.

52. Either: a) Mention any two types of prayers in Christianity.

- i. _____
- ii. _____

b) Apart from praying, state any one other way Christians Communicate to God.

c) State any one way prayer is important in Christianity.

Or a) Mention any two types of prayer in Islam.

- i. _____
- ii. _____

b) Apart from praying, state any other way Muslims communicate to Allah.

c) State any one way prayer is important in Islam.

53. Either: a) Which sacrament makes one a child of God?

b) What do the following represent during Holy Communion?

i. Bread _____

ii. Wine _____

c) Why do Christians get the sacrament of Holy Communion?

Or: a) Which pillar of Islam brings the rich and poor together?

b) Give two types of the pillar you named in (a) above

i. _____

ii. _____

c) What is the importance of the pillar you have mentioned in (a) above?

54. Either: a) On which day do Christians start fasting in Christianity?

b) Mention any two reasons why fasting is a good practice in Christianity.

i. _____

ii. _____

c) Give any one thing a Christian can do during fasting to get blessings from God.

Or: a) What marks the beginning of fasting in Islam?

b) Mention any two reasons why fasting is good practice in Islam.

i. _____

ii. _____

c) Mention any one thing a Muslim can do during fasting to receive rewards from Allah.

55. Either: Match correctly the days of the Christian calender in List A to their events in List B.

List A

- a) Ash Wednesday
- b) Palm Sunday
- c) Good Friday
- d) Easter Sunday

List B

- Death of Jesus.
- Resurrection of Jesus
- Beginning of Lent
- End of Lent

Or: Match the information in List A to that in List B correctly.

List A

- a) 1st Muharram
- b) 12th Rabbil - Awwal
- c) 1st Shawwal
- d) 10th Dhul-hijjah

List B

- Celebration of Idd-el-Fitri
- Celebration of Iddi-Adhuha
- Birth of Prophet Muhammed
- Beginning of new year

MARKING GUIDE FOR SOCIAL STUDIES MOCK 2022

1. Tea - Sugarcane 2. - The Bagisu - The Bakonjo / Bakonzo
3. Germany 4. Discovery of farming / Farming 5. Soda Ash
6. - It provides pupils / learners. - It provides security
- It provides food. - It provides firewood.
- It provides workers - It provides land.
- It provides school fees. - It provides water
7. smoking
8. - Salt mining - Coffee growing - Cattle rearing / Long horned cattle rearing.
- Pottery - Bark cloth making - Iron smelting // Iron working
9. Democratic Republic of Congo // DRC
10. - They protect the home // provide security. - They sweep the home.
- They mop houses - They welcome visitors. - They fetch water. - They cook food.
- They collect firewood - The inspire the parents. - They keep siblings
12. - Port Mombasa - Port Dar-es - Salaam
13. - Farming - Charcoal burning - Fishing
- Animal rearing - Mining - welding - Brick making
14. - Farming - Limes - Drapes - Peaches - Lemons
- Tangerines - Clementines - Apples
15. Nuwa Mbaguta
16. - Broken families - Harsh parents - Alcoholism - Lack of food at home
- Poverty - Drug abuse - Peer influence - Child abuse
17. - It is cheap - It is common / available - It is convenient
18. - By elections - By appointment - By inheritance // succession
- By volunteering - By ordination
19. - It shows what the map is all about. - It tells what the map is all about
20. - Bell - Gong - Drum - Electric bell - Siren



Means Parking

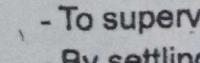
22. - Through children electing their own leaders (Prefects). - Through freedom of speech
- Through allowing children to stand for elections.
- Through freedom of Assembly // association / movement
23. - Leads to low income // tax // revenue collection. - It brings expired goods.
- It kills the local industries. - To protect the local market for local goods.
- Leads to low development. - It brings deadly weapons
24. - Schools - Hospitals // Medical Centres // Dispensaries // Clinics
- Markets - Police Stations - Banks - Post Offices - Petrol Stations
- Churches - Mosques - Water sources.
25. - It provides employment to the people. - It brings income
26. To stop slave trade
27. Bussa Falls
28. The Maize Triangle
29. - Taxes - Tourism - Loans - Exports - Donations - Fines and - - -
- Legislature makes laws that the Judiciary uses.
30. - Legislature appropriates Funds to the Judiciary

SECTION B

41. a) - Alexander Mackay - Kenneth Borup
b) Alexander Mackay:-
- Introduced the Printing Press Machine. - Taught practical / Vocational skills

42. a) - Chief Administrative Officer // CAO
b) - To maintain security in the district. - To settle land disputes in the district.
- To supervise government programmes. - To represent the President in the district
c) - By settling disputes. - By promoting development
- By promoting sanitation - BY providing social services
- By supervising government development programs

43. a) Oil Palm b) Port Butiabac) By faulting
d)



44. a) - Direction of wind - Speed of wind
b) - They used to drive the Dhows / boats of the Arabs traders to and from East Africa.
c) - They are dry winds. - They do not carry any moisture.

45. a) Kenya
b) - High taxation - To get their land back - The Kipande system - Need for independence
c) - Jomo Kenyatta - General China - Dedan Kimathi
d) - Many people died - The Mau Mau leaders were exiled
- The Mau Mau leaders were imprisoned. - Property was destroyed
- Famine broke out

46. a) - Tanga - Karogwe Line
b) - Tanzania / Tanganyika
c) Japan
d) - To transport cotton and sisal. - To make transport easy.

47. a) A map of a cup ii) A picture of a bottle

b) i) A map is a drawing of an object as seen from above.
ii) A picture is a drawing of an object as seen from the sides.

48. a) - Altitude - Rainfall
b) - Area E is barerock while area B has fertile soils.
- Area E is very cold while area B is warmer.
c) - Area C has snow throughout the year. - Area C is too cold for human settlement.
d) Tourism

49. a) i) National Environment Management Authority.
ii) East Africa Court of Justice
b) - To protect wetlands. - To protect the environment. - To promote tree planting activities.
- To sensitise people about the dangers of cutting down trees.
- To educate people about the importance of protecting the environment

50. a) i) Dentist - Treats the teeth.
ii) Optician - Provides eye glasses.
iii) Surgeon - Operates the sick people.
iv) Midwife - Delivers pregnant women

51. Either:
a) - Young Men's Christian Association // YMCA
- Young Women's Christian Association // YWCA
- Youth With A Mission // YWAM
- Adventist Development Relief Agency // ADRA
- World Vision International
- Compassion International
b) - Corruption - Bad leadership - Lack of funds - Nepotism // Tribalism - Greed
c) - Helping the needy - Giving funds - Giving food // clothing to the needy

Or:
a) Uganda Muslim Education Association // UMEA
b) As above
c) As above

52. Either
a) - Thanks giving prayers. - Petition prayers - Supplication Prayers
- Confession prayers - Praising prayers - Invocation prayers
- Liturgical prayers

- b) - Reading the Bible - Singing Gospel songs - Singing Hymns - Through worship
 c) - We talk to God. - Helps us to repent of our sins. - Helps us to thank God.
 - Helps us to request for our daily needs. - Helps to strengthen our faith in God
 - Draw us closer to God.
- Or: a) - Obligatory Prayers - Optional Prayers
 b) - Reading the Quran - Singing songs to Allah
 - Through playing the amatali to Allah.
 c) As above
53. a) Baptism
 b) Bread - Body of Jesus
 Wine - Blood of Jesus
 c) - To eat the body and blood of Jesus. - To share in the death and resurrection of Jesus.
 - To strengthen their faith in God
- Or: a) Zakat // Alms giving
 b) Zakat-el-Mail - Zakat-el-Fitri
 c) - Allah protects one's wealth. - The poor get help. - One gets blessings from Allah
 - One gets rewards from Allah

- 54 Either:
- a) - Ash Wednesday
 b) - Strengthens one's faith. - They share with others
 - They get blessings - Trains them to be patient.
 - Draws one closer to God. - Encourage them to pray
 - Encourages Bible reading - Promotes reconciliation
 - The overcome temptations - They are forgiven
 c) - To pray for one another. - To forgive one another - To repent
 - To read the Bible - Alms giving - Visiting the needy
- Or:
- a) - Sighting of the new moon of Ramadan. - Completing the 30/29 days of Shaban.
 b) As above
 c) - Recite the Quran - Giving sadaq. - Praying (Taraweeh)
 - Giving Zakat-el-Fitri - Visiting the needy. - Helping them break the fast

55. Either
- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Ash Wednesday | Death of Jesus |
| b) Palm Sunday | Resurrection of Jesus |
| c) Good Friday | Beginning of Lent |
| d) Easter Sunday | End of lent |
- Or:
- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) 1st Muharram | celebration of Idd-el-fitri |
| b) 12th Rabbi-Awwal | celebration of Idd-Adhuha |
| c) 1st Shawwal | Birth of Prophet Muhamad |
| d) 10th Dhul-Hijjah | Beginning of New Year |