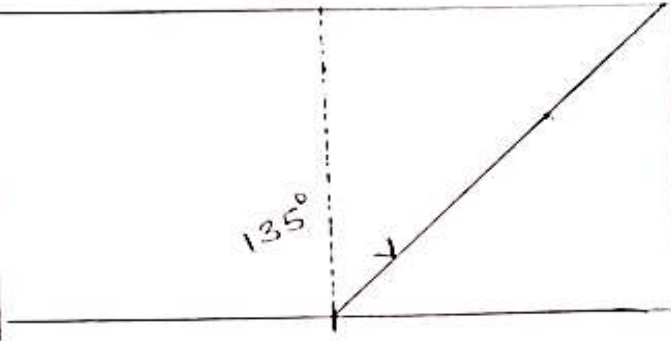
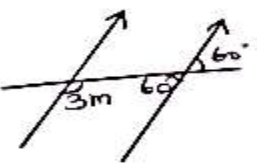


PRE MOCK ASSESSMENT-2023 MTC GUIDE

PRE - PRE MOCK ASSESSMENT MTC GUIDE 2023 (P.11)

Q/N	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVISE
1.	$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 128 \end{array}$ $2 \times 4 = 8$ $3 \times 4 = 12$	$B_2$	Award $B_2$ at 128
2.	$\begin{array}{c c c} D & XC & IV \\ \hline 500 & 90 & 4 \end{array}$ $\therefore DXCIV = 594$	$B_2$	Award $B_2$ at 594
3.	$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2} \quad (\text{LCM} = 6)$ $\frac{2 \times 2 - 1 \times 3}{6} = \frac{4 - 3}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$	$m_1$ $A_1$	Award $m_1$ for correct working Award $A_1$ for $\frac{1}{6}$
4.	$\begin{array}{r} 7.984 \\ + 0.116 \\ \hline 8.000 \end{array}$ $\therefore 7.984 \approx 8.0$	$m_1$ $A_1$	Award $m_1$ for correct working. Award $A_1$ for 8.0 Reject 8
5.	$\begin{array}{rcl} 6 - 2r & > & 4 \\ 6 - 6 - 2r & > & 4 - 6 \\ -2r & > & -2 \\ \frac{-2r}{-2} & < & \frac{-2}{-2} \\ r & < & 1 \end{array}$	$m_1$ $A_1$	Award $m_1$ for collecting like terms. (Advise chp to reverse the inequality sign at the right step as shown) Award $A_1$ for $r < 1$ OR $1 > r$
6.	$\begin{array}{r} -3 - +6 \\ -3 - (+6) \\ -3 - 6 \\ -9 \end{array}$	$m_1$ $A_1$	Award $m_1$ for simplifying the integer signs Award $A_1$ for -9
7.	$\begin{array}{r} 1:35 \text{ pm} \\ - 2:15 \\ \hline 11:20 \text{ am} \end{array}$	$m_1$ $A_1$	Award $m_1$ for correct working. Award $A_1$ for 11:20 am or 11 20 hours

Q/N	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE									
8.	<p>highest No = HCF</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>2</td><td>12</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>6</td><td>9</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr> </table> <p>HCF = <math>2 \times 3</math> 6</p>	2	12	18	3	6	9		2	3	<p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>A<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Award m<sub>1</sub> for correct Working or method.</p> <p>Award A<sub>1</sub> for 6 as the highest divisor.</p>
2	12	18										
3	6	9										
	2	3										
9.		<p>C<sub>1</sub></p> <p>C<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Award C<sub>1</sub> for the correct arcs leading to 135°</p> <p>Award C<sub>1</sub> for 135° indicated correctly.</p>									
10.	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>CX 1775042</td> <td>(100-1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+</td> <td>99</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"><hr/></td> </tr> <tr> <td>CX 1775141</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>∴ The last note reading is CX 1775141</p>	CX 1775042	(100-1)	+	99	<hr/>		CX 1775141		<p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>A<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Award m<sub>1</sub> for correct method</p> <p>Award A<sub>1</sub> for CX 1775141 as the last note reading.</p>	
CX 1775042	(100-1)											
+	99											
<hr/>												
CX 1775141												
11.	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>0</td><td>3</td></tr> </table> <p>five</p> <p><math>(1 \times 5^2) + (0 \times 5^1) + (3 \times 5^0)</math></p> <p><math>1 \times 5 \times 5 + 0 \times 5 + 3 \times 1</math></p> <p>25 + 0 + 3</p> <p>28<sub>ten</sub></p>	2	1	0	1	0	3	<p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>A<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Award m<sub>1</sub> for correct method</p> <p>Award A<sub>1</sub> for 28<sub>ten</sub> Accept 28 or 28<sub>10</sub></p>			
2	1	0										
1	0	3										
12.	Q' or P-Q	B <sub>2</sub>	<p>Award B<sub>2</sub> for Q' or P-Q</p> <p><u>Reject</u></p> <p>Set Q complement</p> <p>Accept correct description using symbols.</p>									

Q.N	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE
13	$2(l+w) = \text{perimeter}$ $2(8\text{dm} + h\text{dm}) = 24\text{dm}$ $16\text{dm} + 2h\text{dm} = 24\text{dm}$ $16\text{dm} - 16\text{dm} + 2h\text{dm} = 24\text{dm} - 16\text{dm}$ $2h\text{dm} = 8\text{dm}$ $\frac{2h\text{dm}}{2} = \frac{8\text{dm}}{2}$ $h = 4$	$m_1$          $A_1$	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for correct formation of the equation.</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for the value of <math>h</math> as 4.</p>
14.	$5k - 1(3k - 1)$ $5k - 3k + 1$ $2k + 1$	$m_1$  $A_1$	<p><math>m_1</math> for correct removing of the brackets.</p> <p><math>A_1</math> for <math>2k + 1</math></p>
15	<u>Penalty</u> $\frac{2\frac{5}{8}}{100} \times \text{Sh. } 400,000$ $(\frac{21}{8} \div \frac{100}{1}) \times \text{Sh. } 400,000$ $\frac{21}{8} \times \frac{1}{100} \times \text{Sh. } 400,000$ $21 \times \text{Sh. } 500$ $\text{Sh. } 10,500$ <u>Salary after the penalty</u> $\begin{array}{r} \text{Sh. } 400,000 \\ - \text{Sh. } 10,500 \\ \hline \text{Sh. } 389,500 \end{array}$	          $B_1$    $B_1$	<p>Award <math>B_1</math> for Sh. 10,500</p> <p>Award <math>B_1</math> for Sh. 389,500</p>
16.	 $3m + 60^\circ = 180^\circ$ $3m + 60^\circ - 60^\circ = 180^\circ - 60^\circ$ $3m = 120^\circ$ $\frac{3m}{3} = \frac{120^\circ}{3}$ $m = 40^\circ$	$m_1$          $A_1$	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for correct formation of the equation.</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for <math>40^\circ</math> as the value of <math>m</math>.</p>



QN	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE
17	$\left(\frac{4\frac{1}{2} \text{ cyfs}}{6 \text{ cyfs}}\right) \text{ pictures}$ $7 \text{ pictures}$	$m_1$  $A_1$	
18.	<p>1 dozen = 12 books</p> <p><math>\frac{1}{2} \text{ dozen} = \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \text{ books}</math></p> <p><math>6 \text{ books}</math></p> <p><u>Selling price for all the books</u></p> $\text{Sh. } 700 \times 12$ $\begin{array}{r} \text{Sh. } 1200 \\ \times \quad 7 \\ \hline \text{Sh. } 8,400 \end{array}$ <p><u>Profit +</u></p> $\begin{array}{r} \text{Sh. } 8400 \\ - \text{Sh. } 6000 \\ \hline \text{Sh. } 2,400 \end{array}$	$B_1$       $B_1$	<p>Award <math>B_1</math> for the selling price as Sh. 8400</p> <p>Award <math>B_1</math> for the total profit as Sh. 2,400</p>
19.	<p><u>Total distance</u></p> $\frac{1}{2}C + D$ $\frac{1}{2}JCD + D$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 14\text{cm} + 14\text{cm}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{14}{2}\text{cm} + 14\text{cm}$ $22\text{cm} + 14\text{cm}$ $36\text{cm}$	$\begin{array}{r} 22\text{cm} \\ + 14\text{cm} \\ \hline 36\text{cm} \end{array}$  $m_1$    $A_1$	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for correct method</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for 36cm.</p>
20.	<p><u>Distance in cm</u></p> <p>1m = 100cm</p> <p>3.6m = <math>\frac{36}{10} \times 100\text{cm}</math></p> <p><math>\therefore 3.6\text{m} = 360\text{cm}</math></p> <p>No of nails = <math>\frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Intervals}} + 1</math></p> $\frac{360\text{cm}}{30\text{cm}} + 1$ $12 + 1$ $13 \text{ nails}$	       $m_1$   $A_1$	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for the correct method</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for 13 nails.</p>

QN	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE
21. a)	$  \begin{array}{cc}  4, 0, 5 & \\    &   \\  405 & 504 \\  450 & 540  \end{array}  $ <p><math>\therefore</math> The 3-digit numerals are; 405, 450, 504 and 540.</p>	$B_1$     $B_1$	<p>Award <math>B_1</math> for 405 and 450.</p> <p>Award <math>B_1</math> for 504 and 540.</p>
b)	<p>Sum</p> $  \begin{array}{r}  540 \\  + 405 \\  \hline  945  \end{array}  $	$m_1$  $A_1$	<p><math>m_1</math> for correct working</p> <p><math>A_1</math> for 945</p>
22. a)	$  \begin{array}{lcl}  2K + 12 + 31 & = & 53 \\  2K + 43 & = & 53 \\  2K + 43 - 43 & = & 53 - 43 \\  2K & = & 10 \\  \frac{2K}{2} & = & \frac{10}{2} \\  K & = & 5  \end{array}  $ <p><u>Volleyball</u></p> <p>(<math>2K + K + 12</math>) pupils  (<math>3K + 12</math>) pupils  (<math>3 \times 5 + 12</math>) pupils  (<math>15 + 12</math>) pupils  27 pupils</p>	$m_1$    $A_1$   $B_1$	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for correct formation of the equation.</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for <math>K = 5</math>.</p> <p>Award <math>B_1</math> for 27</p>
b)	<p><u>Pupils in the class</u></p> $  \begin{array}{l}  27 + 31 + 2 \\  27 + 33 \\  60 \text{ pupils}  \end{array}  $ <p><math>\therefore</math> 60 pupils are in the class.</p>	$m_1$  $A_1$	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for correct working</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for 60.</p>

Q/N	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE												
23.	<table><tr><th>Sugar</th><th>Beans</th><th>Milk</th></tr><tr><td>Sh. 5800 <math>\times 2</math></td><td>Sh. 3200 <math>\times 3</math></td><td>Sh. 1800 <math>\times 15</math> <small>second 100gms</small></td></tr><tr><td>Sh. 11,600</td><td>Sh. 9600</td><td>Sh. 180 <math>\times 15</math> Sh. 2,700</td></tr><tr><td colspan="3"><u>Total Expenditure</u> Sh. 11600 Sh. 9600 + Sh. 2700 <u>Sh. 23,900</u></td></tr></table>	Sugar	Beans	Milk	Sh. 5800 $\times 2$	Sh. 3200 $\times 3$	Sh. 1800 $\times 15$ <small>second 100gms</small>	Sh. 11,600	Sh. 9600	Sh. 180 $\times 15$ Sh. 2,700	<u>Total Expenditure</u> Sh. 11600 Sh. 9600 + Sh. 2700 <u>Sh. 23,900</u>			B <sub>1</sub>  B <sub>1</sub>  B <sub>1</sub>  B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 11600  B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 9600  B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 2700  B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 23,900
Sugar	Beans	Milk													
Sh. 5800 $\times 2$	Sh. 3200 $\times 3$	Sh. 1800 $\times 15$ <small>second 100gms</small>													
Sh. 11,600	Sh. 9600	Sh. 180 $\times 15$ Sh. 2,700													
<u>Total Expenditure</u> Sh. 11600 Sh. 9600 + Sh. 2700 <u>Sh. 23,900</u>															
b)	Change = Income - Expenditure Sh. 25,000 - Sh. 23,900 <u>Sh. 1,100</u>	M <sub>1</sub> A <sub>1</sub>	Award M <sub>1</sub> for correct <del>Su</del> method. (subtraction) Award A <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 1,100												
24.	<table><tr><th>Jan-e</th><th>Joan</th><th>Jolly</th><th>Total ratio</th></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>2</td><td><math>\frac{3+4+2}{9}</math></td></tr><tr><td>a) <math>\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000</math> <math>\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000</math> <math>\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 30,000</math> Sh. 90,000</td><td><math>\frac{4}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000</math> <math>\frac{4}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000</math> Sh. 120,000</td><td><math>\frac{2}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000</math> <math>\frac{2}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 30,000 \times 2</math> Sh. 60,000</td><td></td></tr></table>	Jan-e	Joan	Jolly	Total ratio	3	4	2	$\frac{3+4+2}{9}$	a) $\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 30,000$ Sh. 90,000	$\frac{4}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{4}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ Sh. 120,000	$\frac{2}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{2}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 30,000 \times 2$ Sh. 60,000		B <sub>1</sub> B <sub>1</sub> B <sub>1</sub> B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub> for total ratio. B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 90,000 got by Jan-e. B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 120,000 got by Joan. B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 60,000 got by Jolly.
Jan-e	Joan	Jolly	Total ratio												
3	4	2	$\frac{3+4+2}{9}$												
a) $\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{3}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 30,000$ Sh. 90,000	$\frac{4}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{4}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ Sh. 120,000	$\frac{2}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 270,000$ $\frac{2}{9} \times \text{Sh. } 30,000 \times 2$ Sh. 60,000													
b)	Sh. 120,000 - Sh. 90,000 <u>Sh. 30,000</u>  ∴ Joan got Sh. 30,000 more than Jan-e	B <sub>1</sub>	Award B <sub>1</sub> for Sh. 30,000												
25.	a) 2 + 3 + 1 + 4 pupils 5 + 5 pupils 10 pupils	B <sub>1</sub>	Award B <sub>1</sub> for 10 pupils.												



Q/N	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE
b)	$\frac{\text{Sum of data}}{\text{No of pupils}} = \text{mean}$ $\frac{(80 \times 2) + (K \times 3) + (15 \times 1) + (10 \times 4)}{10} = 80.5$ $\frac{160 + 3K + 15 + 40}{10} = 80.5$ $\frac{(3K + 535)}{10} \times 10 = 80.5 \times 10$ $3K + 535 = \frac{805}{10} \times 10$ $3K + 535 = 805$ $3K + 535 - 535 = 805 - 535$ $3K = 270$ $\frac{3K}{3} = \frac{270}{3}$ $K = 90$ <p><math>\therefore</math> Three pupils scored 90.</p>	<p><math>m_1</math></p> <p><math>m_1</math></p> <p><math>m_1</math></p> <p><math>A_1</math></p>	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for correct method.</p> <p>Award <math>m_1</math> for the final collecting of like terms.</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for 90.</p>
26 a)	<p>Distance from Iganga to Jinja</p> $S \times T$ $\frac{90 \text{ km}}{\text{hr}} \times 2 \text{ hrs}$ $180 \text{ km}$ <p>Distance from Jinja to Mukono</p> $S \times T$ $\frac{50 \text{ km}}{\text{hr}} \times 3 \text{ hrs}$ $150 \text{ km}$ <p>Total distance</p> $\begin{array}{r} 180 \text{ km} \\ + 150 \text{ km} \\ \hline 330 \text{ km} \end{array}$	<p><math>B_1</math></p> <p><math>B_1</math></p> <p><math>B_1</math></p>	<p>Award <math>B_1</math> for 180 km</p> <p>Award <math>B_1</math> for 150 km</p> <p>Award <math>B_1</math> for 330 km.</p>

Q/N	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE											
b)	$\text{Ans} = \frac{\text{Total distance}}{\text{Total time}}$ $\frac{330 \text{ km}}{2 \text{ hrs} + 3 \text{ hrs} + \frac{1}{2} \text{ hr}}$ $\frac{330 \text{ km}}{5 \frac{1}{2} \text{ hrs}}$ $330 \text{ km} \div \frac{11}{2} \text{ hrs}$ $\overset{30}{330} \text{ km} \times \frac{2}{11 \text{ hrs}}$ $30 \text{ km} \times \frac{2}{\text{hr}}$ $60 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}}$	$\frac{11}{2}$  $m_1$       $A_1$	<p>Award <math>m_1</math> for correct substitution in the formula.</p> <p>Award <math>A_1</math> for <math>60 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{hr}}</math></p>											
27.	<p>Consider the eggs she carried in the first trip be <math>y</math>.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>1st trip</th><th>2nd trip</th><th>3rd trip</th><th>Total</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>y</math></td><td><math>y-3</math></td><td><math>y-6</math></td><td>36</td></tr> <tr> <td>15</td><td><math>15-3</math> 12</td><td><math>15-6</math> 9</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> $y + y - 3 + y - 6 = 36$ $y + y + y - 3 - 6 = 36$ $3y - 9 = 36$ $3y - 9 + 9 = 36 + 9$ $3y = 45$ $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{45}{3}$ $y = 15$ <p>Eggs carried in the last 2 trips</p> $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ + 9 \\ \hline 21 \text{ eggs} \end{array}$	1st trip	2nd trip	3rd trip	Total	$y$	$y-3$	$y-6$	36	15	$15-3$ 12	$15-6$ 9		   <
1st trip	2nd trip	3rd trip	Total											
$y$	$y-3$	$y-6$	36											
15	$15-3$ 12	$15-6$ 9												



Q.N	SOLUTION	M	PROFESSIONAL ADVICE
28. a)	$\frac{0.21 \times 0.4}{0.07 \times 0.12}$ $\left(\frac{21}{100} \times \frac{4}{10}\right) \div \left(\frac{7}{100} \times \frac{12}{100}\right)$ $\frac{21}{100} \times \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{100}{7} \times \frac{100}{12}$ $\frac{3}{1} \times \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{10}{1} \times \frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1 \times 1 \times 10 \times 1}{1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 1}$ $\frac{10}{1} = 10$	<p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>A<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Award m<sub>1</sub> converting the fractions into common fractions</p> <p>Award m<sub>1</sub> dividing</p> <p>Award A<sub>1</sub> for 10.</p>
b)	$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{2+1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{3} \times \frac{4}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{12 - 3}{12}$ $\frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$	<p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>A<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Award m<sub>1</sub> for correct working</p> <p>Award A<sub>1</sub> for <math>\frac{3}{4}</math></p>
29. a)	$180^\circ(n-2) = \text{Int. L. sum}$ $180^\circ(n-2) = 720^\circ$ $\frac{180^\circ(n-2)}{180^\circ} = \frac{720^\circ}{180^\circ}$ $n-2 = 4$ $n-2+2 = 4+2$ $n = 6$ <p><math>\therefore</math> The polygon has 6 sides</p>	<p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>A<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Award m<sub>1</sub> for correct working</p> <p>Award m<sub>1</sub> for division</p> <p>Award A<sub>1</sub> for 6 sides</p>
b)	$\text{Ext. L} = \frac{360^\circ}{\text{Sides}}$ $\frac{360^\circ}{6}$ $\therefore \text{Ext L} = 60^\circ$	<p>m<sub>1</sub></p> <p>A<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>m<sub>1</sub> for correct method/working.</p> <p>A<sub>1</sub> for 60°</p>
c)	Regular hexagon	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub> for regular hexagon.



Q2

32.

X	0	1	2	-2	<u>-3</u>	-4
Y	2	<u>3</u>	4	<u>0</u>	<u>-1</u>	<u>-2</u>

$$\begin{array}{l|l|l}
 Y = X + 2 & Y = X + 2 & X + 2 = Y \\
 Y = 1 + 2 & Y = -2 + 2 & X + 2 = -1 \\
 Y = 3 & Y = 0 & X + 2 - 2 = -1 - 2 \\
 & & X = -3
 \end{array}$$

$$Y = X + 2$$

$$Y = -4 + 2$$

$$Y = -2$$

B<sub>1</sub> for 3B<sub>1</sub> for 0B<sub>1</sub> for -3B<sub>1</sub> for -2

B<sub>2</sub> for correct  
plotting of the  
coordinates.

