THE SIPRO PRE PLE SET I MATHEMATICS MARKING GUIDE - 2023

NO	LEVEL	SOLUTION	AWARD	REASON	COMMENT
1.	P.2	5 2 7 -1 0 3	B_2	For the answer	Expose candidates to operations with regrouping
		424			
2.	P.4	CIX = C IX	B ₁	For 109	Make a review on
		= 100 + 9 = 109	B_1	For the answer	conversion of Roman numerals to Hindu-Arabic.
		One hundred nine.	D 1	Tor the answer	numeruis to minut music.
3.	P.5	1 - <u>3</u>			Operate fractions and
		$\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 1 - 3 = (1 \times 4) - (3 \times 1) \end{array}$	M_1	For the method	involve word problems.
		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$			
		= 4 - 3			
		4 = <u>1</u>	A_1	For the answer	
		4	7.21		
4.	P.6	2(e-3) =18			Revisit a variety of
		$(2xe) - (2 \times 3) = 18$ 2e - 6 = 18			equations for practice.
		2e - 6 = 18 2e - 6 + 6 = 18 - 6	M_1	For the method	
		2e = 12			
		<u>2</u> e = <u>12</u> ⁶			
		2 21		For the answer	
		e = 6	A_1		
5.	P.7	W (3, 0)	B_2	For the answer	Make a review on
					co-ordinate graph.
6.	P.6	Set H = {4, <u>6</u> , 8, 9, 10}			Make practice on reciting
		Set G= {1, 3, 6, <u>10</u> , 15}	M_1	For set H∪G	types of numbers.
		Set H∪G = {1, 3, 4, 8, 9, 15}			
		$n(H \cup G) = 6$	A_1	For n(H∪G)	
7	D 7	1	N/I		Evmogo gondidatas ts
7.	P.7	$\begin{bmatrix} 8, 4, 2, 1, \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$	M_1	For the pattern	Expose candidates to sequences involving
		÷2 ÷2 ÷2	A_1	For the answer	division and multiplication
					as well.
8.	P.7	12: 00hours 5: 20am	B ₁	For 1:55	Accept any other method
		1: 55pm + 1: 55	<u> </u>	For 7 1hrs	leading to correct answer.
		7:15	B_1	4	
		The journey took 7 hours 15minutes	1		
		or 7^{1}_{4} hours			
9.	P.7	No of poles = 20			Help candidates to
		Interval = 5m No of intervals = 20 – 1	M_1	For 19	understand the concept of
		No of intervals = $20 - 1$ Length of the road = (19×5) metres	A_1	For 95 metres	poles, distance and the intervals.
		= 95metres	1		
<u> </u>		1		1	

1

10.	P.6	-46 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 Alternative -(-6)	B ₁ B ₂ 3	For ·6 For ·2	Expose candidates to a variety of operations on the number line.
	*1 -7 -6	5 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 	2 3 >		
11.	P.7	616 7712 -572 199+1 = 200cards Sh. 20,000 x 200	B_1	For 200 cards	Assist the learners to understand why one is added.
12.	P.7	Sh. 4,000,000	B_1	For the answer	Malanania
12.	r./	$1\pi d = c$ 2 $\frac{1}{2} \times 31 \times d = 22dm$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{d}{1} = \frac{22}{2}dm$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 1 \times 1$	M_1	For the method For the answer	Make a review on area and circumference on parts of a circle.
13.	P.7	Sh.216000 -Sh.180000 Sh. 36.000 P x R X T = ST sh.180,000 x R x 3 = sh 36,000 100 x sh 180,000 x R x 3 1 Sh 180,000 x 3 x R = sh 36000 x 100 Sh 180000 x 3 R = 20 3 Rate = 62%	M_1 M_1	For the method For the answer	Expose candidates to finding time, Principal, rate etc.
		3			

14.	n×	**	B ₁ B ₁	For the answer	Emphasise accuracy and sharp pencils
15.	P.7	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	M ₁	For the method For the answer	Make a review on operation of indices.
16.	P.7	Mass of 4 girls 35x4 kg = 140kg Mass of 3 girls (90 x 3)kg = 270kg Mass of 3 rd girl 2 70 kg -1 4 0	M_1	For the method	Expose candidates to a variety of such related questions.
17.	P.6	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A ₁ M ₁	For the answer For the method For the value of n	Make a review on area of different figures and their perimeter.
18.	P.7	3(2 - P) < 15 (3x2) - (3 x P) < 15 6 - 3p < 15 6 - 6 - 3p < 15 - 6 3p < 9 -3p > 2 3 -3 -3 -3	M_1 A_1	For the method For P > -3	Help the candidates to operate the inequality and find the solution set.
19.	P.7	$P > -3$ $\underline{M} = 6 \pmod{7}$ 5 $5 \times \underline{M} = 6 \times 5 \pmod{7}$ 5	M ₁	For the method	Expose candidates to a variety of solving integers with word problems.

	1		Tr.	1	
		$M = 30 \ 7 \ (mod \ 7)$			
		4			
		7 30	A_1		
		<u>'-28</u>		For the answer	
		M = 2 (mod 7)			
20.	P.7	5034	B ₁	For 5034	Make fraction of standard
	1.7	5034 ÷ 10 = 503.4	21		form, and distributive
		503.4 ÷ 10 = 50.34			property.
		$50.34 \div 10 = 5.034$	B_1	For 5.034 x 10 ³	
		5.034 x 10 ³	1		
	Į.		N B (60 Mai	rks)	
21.	a)	n(∈) = 28			Do a variety on application
		n(T) = 11 n(N)			of sets and make enough
			B_1		practice.
				For each correct	
		(<u>11-h</u> (h) <u>5+h</u>)	B_1	gap filled	
			B_1		
		<u>2h</u>			
	b)	11 - h + h + 5 + h + 2h = 28	B ₁	For the equation	
		11 + 5 + h + h + 2h = 28			
		16 + 4h = 28	D	п 1 2	
		16 - 16 + 4h = 28 - 16 $4h = 12$	B_1	For h = 3	
		4 4			
		h = 3	B_1	For 14 girls	
		11 – h + 2h	_	G	
		11 + h			
		11 + 3			
22	ما	14 girls In one minute			Follow through and dates.
22	a)	Tap w fills <u>1</u>			Follow through candidates' work and revisit
		9	M	For the method	applications of fractions.
		Tap Z fills $\underline{1} = \underline{1}$	M_1	roi the method	approximent of a second
		9 + 3 12 Combined			
		$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 $	B_1	For <u>7</u>	
		9 12 36	\mathbf{D}_1	36	
		= 7		30	
		36 <u>7.</u> = 700 litres			
		36			
		= 700 ÷ <u>7</u>			
		100 36			
		= 700 -x <u>36</u> — 7 _1	B_1	For 3600litres	
		3600 litres	D 1	101 0000111103	
	b)	20litres→1 jerrycan	B ₁	For180	
		1litre → <u>1</u>			
		20 180			
		3600 litre $\rightarrow \frac{1}{3}$ x $\frac{360}{9}$			
		$\frac{-2\emptyset}{1 \text{ ion regan}} \Rightarrow \text{ch } 16000$	_	п 10000000	
		1 jerrycan → sh 16000 180 jerrycan → sh 1600 x 180	B_1	For sh.2,880,000	
		sh 2,880,000			

23	a)	1250 K550 550	e 			Make a review on terms involved and how to apply them.
		$k + k + 70^{0} = 180^{0}$ $2k + 70^{0} - 70^{0} = 180^{0} - 70^{0}$ $2k = 110^{0}$				
		2 2 K =55 ⁰ 180 ⁰		B_1	For 55 ⁰	
		-550 1250 nº +1250 + 250 nº +1500 + 1500		B ₁	For 125 ⁰	
		$ \begin{array}{rcl} & n^0 & = 30^0 \\ & \underline{n}^{\emptyset} & = 30^{\emptyset} \\ & 1^{\emptyset} & 1^{\emptyset} \\ & n & = 30 \end{array} $		B ₁	For n =30	
		ii) $55^{\circ} + 250 + 80 + w = 180^{\circ}$		B ₁	For 100 ⁰	
		$80^{\circ} - 80^{\circ} + w = $ $w = 100^{\circ}$ $e = 100^{\circ} + 25^{\circ}$ $e = 125^{\circ}$		B ₁	For 125 ⁰	
24	P.6	Water melons Sh.9000	Rice 1200 x sh 5000 1000	B ₁	For sh.6000	Emphasise the units
		Sweets 20 x sh 300	Sh 500 x 12 Cooking oil Sh 6000 2,000 2	B ₁	For sh.1200	
		= 4 x sh 300 = sh 1200	Sh. 42,000	B_1	For sh.42000	
		sh 9 0 0 0 sh 6 0 0 0 sh 1 2 0 0 + sh 42000 Sh.58200		B ₁	For the sum	
		$ \frac{311.38200}{100\% - 10\%} = 90\% \underline{90} \times \text{shs } 5820\% \underline{100} \text{Sh.5820} \times 9 \text{Sh.52380} $		B ₁	Forsh.52380	
25.	P.7 a)	2m - <u>m</u> = 5 5		M_1	For the method	Expose candidates to a variety of equations
		$ \frac{2m \times 3}{1} - \frac{m \times 3}{3} = \frac{5 \times 3}{1} $ $ 6m - m = 15 $				
		$\frac{5}{5}m = \frac{15}{3}$ $\frac{5}{5} = \frac{5}{1}$ M = 3		A_1	For the answer	

		b) 4(4g - 2) -4 (2g + 6) = 16	B ₁	For collecting like	
		(4x4g)-(4x2) - (4 x 2g)+(-4 x 6) =16 16g - 8 - 8g - 24 = 16		terms	
		$ \begin{array}{r} 16 - 8g - 8 - 24 = 16 + 32 \\ \underline{8g} = 48 \end{array} $	B_1	For the method	
		8 8 g = 6	B ₁	For the answer	
26	P.7	a) 3 - 4 = (mod 6)	M_1	For the method	Make a review on application of integers.
		5 (mod 6)	A_1	For the answer	
		b) 5(finite 6) 5, 11, 17, 23, 29, 35,(41), 46	B_1	For the 5 (finites)	
		6(finite)	B ₁	For 6 (finites)	
		6, 13, 20, 27, 34, (41), 48, They were 41 apples	B_1	For 41 apples	
27	P.7	$\pi d = c$ $\frac{22}{2} \times d = 88m$ 7 7 $\times \frac{22}{7} \times d = 88m \times 7$ $\frac{22d}{7} = \frac{88m \times 7}{22}$ $\frac{22}{2} = 1 \times 28m$	B_1	For 28m	Revisit finding area and circumference plus their applications.
		= 1 x 28m = 14m	B_1	For 14m	
		Area of the circle Area = πr^2 2 = $\frac{22}{5}$ x $\frac{14m}{5}$ x $\frac{14m}{5}$ = $\frac{44m}{5}$ x $\frac{14m}{5}$ = $\frac{616m^2}{5}$	B ₁	For 616m ²	
		Area of unshaded region 616m ² -196m ²	B_1	For 196m ²	
		420m ²	B ₁	For420m ²	
28	P.7 a)	2 60 75 90 2 30 25 45 3 15 25 45 5 5 25 15 5 1 5 1 1 1 1 (2 x 2)+(3 x 3)+(5 x 5)+(4 x 9) x 25	M_1	For the method For the answer	Make a review on application of L.C.M
		900 seconds			

	1.3	1000 11	n		
	b)	1000m = 1km $1m = 1 km$	B_1		
		1000			
		$1000m = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{x} \times 1000 \text{ km}$			
		[1000 J			
		= <u>(1000)</u> km	B_1	For the	
		[1000]	21	substitution	
		2600 11			
		3600sec = 1hr 1sec <u>1</u>			
		360			
		90sec = $\frac{1}{2}$ x 90hr		T (1 (1 1	
		360	M_1	For the method	
		= <u>90</u>			
		3600 = <u>1000</u> ÷ <u>90</u>			
		1000 3600			
		$= 1000 \times 3600$			
		1500 90		D (1	
		40km/h	A_1	For the answer	
29.		S A ROLL K	S ₁	For the sketch	Emphasise neatness and accuracy.
		60°	L_1	For 6cm	accuracy.
		* 1	C_1	For 120 ⁰	
		/ 1 120°/			
		hu (20)	J_1	Paulainina	
		Ecn Q		For joining	
	P	6Cm			
	9	/	ρ C_1	For angle PSW	
		X × X			
	S-1000-11-17-15-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	60, 7			
	*	↑			
	/	1200			
1					
Λ		W GCM			
P		Q			
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	\				
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1					

30.	P.7 a)	2 7 7 -1 1 3 1 6 4km	B ₁	For 164km	Make a view on time tables when its given in 24hour clock system.
	b)	6:10pm = 6:10pm	M_1	For the method	
	U)	+ 12: 00hour	IVI1	For the method	
		18:10hour	Δ.		
			A_1	For the answer	
	c)	9 :45am	B_1	For 45 minutes	
		-9:00			
	15	45minutes			
	d)	Speed = <u>D</u> T			
		Distance = 277			
		165			
		 112km			
		Time = ${6:10pm}$			
		2:10pm_	B_1	For 4hours	
		4:00			
		It took 4hours			
		Speed = <u>112km</u>	B_1	For 28km/hr	
		4hours	D 1	rui Zokiii/iii	
0.4	7.5	=28km/h			D 111
31.	P.7	(15(00) +			Expose candidates to a variety of related
		$\begin{pmatrix} 15600 \\ 30 \end{pmatrix}$ trays			questions.
			M_1	Ean F20 thorra	1,
		(15600) trays	IVII	For 520 trays	
		$\left(\frac{13000}{30}\right)^{113/3}$			
		(520) number of trips	M_1	For the method	
		$\left[\begin{array}{c} 40 \end{array}\right]$			
		- <u>520</u> trips			
		-40 12tring	A_1	For 13 trips	
32.	P.7	13trips			Make a review on how the
32.	P.7	$\left \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	B_1		co-ordinates can be plotted
			<i>D</i> 1	For each correct	on the grid.
		Y 7 ·2 ·4 ·8 4		filled	
		Y = 3x - 5 $Y = 3x - 5$	B_1		
		$Y = (3 \times x)^{-5}$			
		$Y = (3 \times 4) - 5$ Y = 12 - 5 $-2 + 5 = 3x - 5 + 5$			
		$Y = 7$ $\frac{3}{2} = 3x$	B_1		
		3 3			
		x = -1	-		
		Y = 3x - 5	B_1		
		Y = 3x - 5 $8 = 3x - 5$			
		Y = 3x - 5 + 5 Y = 3x - 5 + 5			
		3 <u>3</u> = <u>8</u> X	-		
		$ \begin{array}{c cccc} Y = 1 - 5 & 3 & 3 \\ Y = -4 & x = -1 \end{array} $	B_1		
		Y = -4 $X = -1$ $Y = 3x - 5$			
		Y = 3X - 5 $Y = (3 \times 3) - 5$			
		Y = 9 - 5			
		Y = 4			