P7 SOCIAL STUDIES MARKING GUIDE FOR B.O.T 1 2024

- 1. East African Community
- 2. The Portuguese explorers
- 3. To promote order in a school, To promote discipline in a school
- 4. Farming, Fishing, Tourism
- 5. The discovery of farming
- 6. It provides salt to the Kenyans
- 7. To reduce the rate of transpiration
- 8. It reduces illiteracy in schools
- 9. It was formed by faulting
- 10. Land pollution, Land Fragmentation
- 11. They provide free social services to the people of East Africa
- 12. A P.7 pupil reports wrong doers to the police
- 13. They provide employment to people, They are a source of income
- 14. Canoes, Bridges, Stepping on stones
- 15. Bahr-el-Ghazal in South Sudan
- 16. They built schools, They built hospitals, They introduced formal education, They introduced new crops
- 17. It is used for sweeping a classroom
- 18. Plateau
- 19. They wanted to get gifts from the colonialists, They wanted to be favored by the colonialists
- 20. Population explosion is the sudden increase of the number of people living in an area
- 21. To find the source of R.Nile
- 22. By painting them, By sweeping them
- 23. For easy identification
- 24. It leads to high tax collection, It creates a wider market for goods, It promotes investments
- 25. Bad weather conditions, Accidents, Diseases
- 26. Limestone
- 27. To look for better jobs, To look for better social services, To look for chances of trade, To run away from bad cultural services
- 28. Horticulture is the growing of fruits and vegetables

- 29. To make laws, To plan for the future of Uganda, To advise the colonial government
- 30. Semi desert climate/Semi-arid Climate
- 31. They provide rainfall to crop growers
- 32. It is because his father Kabaka Mwanga II was in exile
- 33. Mountains make road construction difficult and expensive
- 34. Chairperson LCI, Vice Chairperson, Secretary for defence
- 35. They attract tourists who bring income, They help in generation of hydro electricity
- 36. Either: On Saturday or Sunday, Or: On Friday
- 37. BOTH: The AIDS Support Organisation (TASO), Uganda Women's Effort to Save Orphans((UWESO), Carry American Relief Everywhere(CARE)
- 38. EITHER: Eating the last supper, Or: To show respect to Allah
- 39. BOTH: Both believe in one God/Allah, Both Believe in Angels and Prophets, Both believe in the day of judgement
- 40. EITHER: He was stoned to death, Or: She was pierced in her private parts
- 41. (a) Tourism is an act of visiting interesting places for pleasure and study purpose.
 - (b) Wildlife / water falls / historical sites / beautiful scenery
 - (c)poaching / poor transport and communication / outbreak of animal diseases
- 42. Mining is the extraction of minerals from underground.
 - (b)Gold, copper, mercury
 - (c)Low level of technology / shortage of funds / shortage of skilled labour
- 43. River Katonga
 - (b)It is because mountain Y crosses the snow line.
 - (c)Lake F was formed by faulting while lake H was formed by down warping.
 - (d) Murchison falls.
- 44. It was cheap
 - They wanted to solve the problem of language barrier
 - They wanted to control rebellions.
 - (b)Africans got jobs.
 - Africans got gifts from colonialists
- 45. East African development bank
 - East African flying school

- (b)To promote regional trade
- To create a wider market for goods.
- To promote free movement of goods and people with in the region.
- 46. Population explosion
 - (b) High taxation collection
 - It creates a wide market for goods.
 - It leads to cheap labour
 - (c)Presence of social amenities
 - presence of better social services
 - presence of better jobs.
- 47. Natural forests provide hard wood while planted forests provide softwood.
 - Natural forests grow on their own while planted forest are planted by man.
 - (b)papers / matchbox and sticks / plywood / toothpick / soft board
 - (c) mahogany / mvule / African walnut / greenheart / ebony
- 48. He brought the idea of constructing the Uganda railway
 - (b) To promote trade
 - to extend colonial rule
 - (c)It employed expensive workers
 - It lacked financial support from the British government.
 - It spent a lot of money on stopping rebellions.
- 49. A government is a group of people that control a country or a state.
 - (b) Executive / Legislature / judiciary
 - (c)He / she records Parliamentary proceedings (Hansards)
- 50. (a) Non-traditional cash crops / modern cash crops
 - (b)Maize / beans / bananas / cassava / millet
 - (c)To increase food production, income, exports, jobs
- 51. Either: (a) Spiritual /emotional / physical / economic / suffering
 - (b)Poverty / unemployment / illiteracy / diseases / natural disasters / death of beloved ones / wars / family breakdown / hunger
 - (c)Healed the sick / he raised the dead / he fed the hungry
 - Or: (a) Spiritual /emotional / physical / suffering
 - (b)Poverty / unemployment
 - (c)He provided food to the needy.

- 52. Either: (a) Marriage is the legal union of man and a woman to form husband and wife.
 - (b) Customary marriage / civil marriage / religious marriage
 - (c)To get children

Or: the same

- 53. Either:
 - (i) baptism (ii) confirmation (iii) Holy communion / Eucharist
 - (iv) Holy matrimony
 - Or: (i) Shahadat (ii) Zakat (iii) Saum / fasting (iv) Hijja
- 54. Either: (a) Old Testament / New Testament
 - (b) Genesis / Exodus / Leviticus / Numbers / Deuteronomy

Or: (a) Surat al fatiha / Surat Imran / Surat Jumah / Surat Nisa / Surat Nansi

- (b) 114
- 55. Both:
 - (a) Both believe in one God / Allah
 - Both believe in angles and prophets
 - Both have holy books
 - Both have worshiping places
 - Both believe in the judgment day.
 - (b) Muslims go for prayers on Friday while Christians go for prayers on Saturday or Sunday.
 - Muslims believe in Qur'an while Christians believe in Bible.
 - Muslims pray five times a day while Christians pray any time.