# PRE PLE 2024



NAME:

**SCHOOL:** 



**0780-438054** 



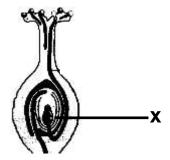
**O708-43805** 

#### **SECTION A: 40 MARKS**

Questions **1** to **40** carry **one** mark each.

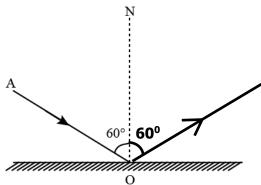
- 1. State any **one** habit that promotes personal hygiene.
  - ✓ Dental Flossing// Brushing teeth regularly//Rinsing the mouth after every meal//Regular bathing// Regular combing of hair//washing clothes
  - √ Grooming finger nails and toenails//washing clothes
  - √ Shaving hair (pubic hair under the armpits/on the head)
- 2. How is the reproduction in conifers different from that in other nonflowering plants?
  - ✓ Conifers reproduce by means of seeds while other non-flowering plants reproduce by means of spores.
- 3. Explain how plants are used as energy resources in the environment?
  - ✓ Plants are sources of firewood/ charcoal used for cooking and lighting/Sources of biofuels/bioethanol
- 4. Lenita burnt herself with hot porridge. What type of injury did she get?
  - ✓ Scald
- 5. State any **one** function of the ovaries in the female reproductive system.
  - ✓ Ovaries produce ova(eggs)/produce progesterone/produce oestrogen hormones

Study the diagram below and use it to answer questions 6 and 7



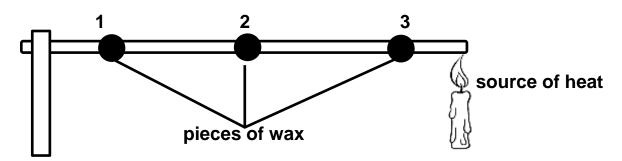
- 6. What general name is given to the above part of a flower?
  - √ Pistil /carpel
- 7. What does part **X** turn into after fertilization?
  - ✓ Seed/seeds
- 8. How does bush burning cause soil erosion?
  - ✓ Bush burning destroys vegetation cover exposing the soil to agents of soil erosion.
- 9. Give **one** characteristic of chemical changes.
  - √ Chemical changes form new substances//new substances formed are irreversible (cannot be taken back to their original form)
  - √ Heat is sometimes given off // there is change in weight of substances.
- 10. Why should electric wires be properly insulated?

- √ To reduce the risk of electric shock//short circuit/fire outbreak
- 11. Why is it advisable to put a solid object in the mouth of a person who has a convulsion?
  - ✓ To prevent the victim from biting the tongue.
- 12. Identify the role of smoke when harvesting honey bees.
  - √ Smoke calm bees /makes them dormant.
  - ✓ Drives bees away from honey chamber
- 13. Identify the childhood immunisable disease that causes muscles of baby to become stiff.
  - ✓ Tetanus
- 14. Name any **one** secondary sex characteristic change that is common to both adolescent boys and girls.
  - ✓ Growth of pubic hair//growth of hair under the armpits.
  - √ Sweat glands become more active
- 15. How does rural electrification help in the saving of the environment?
  - ✓ Reduces the rate of deforestation for firewood/wood fuel
- 16. Name any **one** method used in family planning.
  - ✓ Basal body temperature//calendar method//vasectomy//IUDs//Abstinence
  - ✓ Tuba ligation //withdraw method//use of condoms
    Study the diagram below and use it to answer numbers 17 and 18.



- 17. Complete the diagram above by showing the reflected ray.
- 18. State **one** law of reflection.
  - √ The angle of incident is equal to the angle of reflection.
  - √ The incident ray, normal ray and reflected ray at the point of incidence all lie
    on the same plane.
- 19. Which blood cells are attacked by plasmodia germs?
  - ✓ Red blood cells
- 20. What is the breeding place for mosquitoes?
  - √ Still water// stagnant water
- 21. Name any **one** example of farm record a dairy farmer can keep on his farm.
  - ✓ Production record // feeding record// health record//sales record
- 22. How do we call a turning point of a machine?
  - ✓ Pivot/fulcrum

The diagram below shows a method of heat transfer in matter. Use it to answer questions 23 and 24.



- 23. Name the method of heat transfer shown in the diagram above.
  - ✓ Conduction / heat transfer by conduction
- 24. Which piece of wax will fall off the metallic rod first?
  - ✓ Piece of wax 3(this is because it is closest to the source of heat.
- State any **one** characteristic of insect pollinated flowers. 25.
  - √ They have brightly coloured petals//good smell or scent
  - √ The have nectar//they produce light and small pollen.
  - ✓ They are big in size.
- What is the importance of leaving telephone and electric wires loosely fixed between 26. the poles?
  - √ To give room for contraction on cold days.
- State **one** way of controlling poultry vices in a poultry farm. 27.
  - ✓ Keeping poultry houses clean and dry/debeaking/placing perches for birds to play and rest//removing broken eggshells from poultry houses.
  - ✓ Avoid overcrowding of poultry//hanging green vegetables to keep poultry busy.
- Identify the part of air needed for respiration to take place. 28.
  - √ Oxygen /O<sub>2(g)</sub>
- How does the boiling of water make it safe for drinking? 29.
  - ✓ Boiling kills germs
- Give **one** way termites depend on soil. 30.
  - ✓ Termites use soil to build anthills/it is a home for termites/feed on soil
  - ✓ For protection
- Which component of an electric circuit melts in order to break the circuit? 31.
  - ✓ fuse
- Mention the method of harvesting trees shown below. 32.



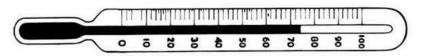
### **Lopping method**

- 33. How does poor feeding affect the production of milk in lactating cows?
  - ✓ It lowers the volume of milk produced.
- 34. Name the set of teeth that develops in a two year's child mouth.
  - ✓ Milk set
- 35. Which advise can you give to a mother whose child is suffering from Scurvy?
  - √ To feed her baby on foods rich in vitamin C
  - √ To feed her baby on a balanced diet.
- 36. Identify **one** solute used to make ORS.
  - √ Salt /sugar
- 37. State any **one** function of the liver in the body.
  - √ Regulates blood sugar levels//carries out detoxification
  - √ Stores vitamins//produces bile juice//excretes bile
- 38. How is the role of gills in a fish different from those of a mushroom?
  - ✓ Gils in fish are used for breathing while gills in mushrooms are used for producing and dispersing spores
- 39. Give any **one** example of a crop pest.
  - ✓ Monkeys //rats//white flies//aphids//squirrels
- 40. Identify any **one** disease that affects both poultry and rabbits.
  - ✓ Pneumonia//coccidiosis

#### **SECTION B: 60 MARKS**

Questions **41** to **55** carry four marks each

- 41. (a) Give any **one** example of a legume.
  - √ Soya beans //cow peas// mimosa//ground nuts // peas
    - (b) Which gas is used by legumes to form nitrates in the soil?
  - ✓ Nitrogen
    - (c) What food value do we get from leguminous plants?
  - ✓ Proteins
    - (d) Give any **one** characteristic of leguminous plants.
  - ✓ Legumes store food in pods//have root nodules on their roots
- 42. The diagram shows a clinical thermometer. Use it to answer the questions that follow:



- (a) What is the use of the above instrument to a health worker?
- ✓ For measuring the human body temperature.
  - (b) Give the importance of a kink on a clinical thermometer.
- ✓ A kink prevents the backflow of mercury.
  - (c) Why do health workers shake the above thermometer before using it to another person?
- √ To restart the clinical thermometer //To reset the clinical thermometer
- √ To draw the mercury back to the bulb for accurate reading.
  - (d) Mention any **one** part of the body where a clinical thermometer is put to record the body temperature.
- ✓ Under the tongue//anus//under the armpits//in the mouth//in the vagina
- 43. Name the blood component that carries out the following functions.
  - (a) Body defence.
  - ✓ White blood cells
    - (b) Carrying of oxygen.
  - ✓ Red blood cells
    - (c) Clotting of blood
  - √ Blood platelets
    - (d) Carrying of digested food.
  - √ Blood plasma
- 44. (a) Identify **one** condition necessary for rusting to take place.
  - ✓ Oxygen /O₂(g)//moisture//water
    - (b) State **one** way of preventing rusting in garden tools.
  - √ Galvanizing them// keeping them in cool dry places//painting them
    - (c) How are the following garden tools used during farming activities?
      - (i) Forked hoe.
  - √ For digging hard/stony soils
    - (ii) Secateurs.
  - ✓ For pruning crops.
- 45. Study the life cycle of an insect below and use it to answer the questions about it.



(a) Identify the insect with such life cycle.

- ✓ Tsetse fly
  - (b) Name any **one** disease spread by the insect named in (a) above.
- √ Sleeping sickness//nagana//trypanasomiasis
  - (c) List down **two** other examples of insects that are vectors.
- √ Houseflies //lice ticks //mosquitoes//cockroaches
- √ Black fly or simulium fly//Jinja fly//rat fleas//housefly
- 46. (a) Identify **one** method used in production of alcohol.
  - ✓ Fermentation //distillation
    - (b) Name **one** body organ that is greatly affected by alcohol.
  - ✓ Liver//Brain
    - (c) State **one** effect of alcohol to an individual.
  - √ It causes liver cirrhosis//damages the liver//brain//leads to self-neglect
  - ✓ Alcohol leads to poverty
    - (d) Write down one factor that leads to alcoholism.
  - ✓ Peer influence //desire to fit in groups//too much excitement//stress
  - ✓ Extreme sorrow
- 47. (a) Give any **one** component of the soil.
  - √ Humus //water//air //living organisms//rock particles
  - ✓ Dissolved mineral salts
    - (b) Name the type of soil that has rough particles.
  - ✓ Sand soil
    - (c) How are the following organisms useful to the soil?
      - (i) Earthworms
  - ✓ Earthworms aerate the soil.
  - ✓ Earthworms improve on soil fertility.
    - (ii) Bacteria.
  - ✓ Help in soil formation
- 48. Study the diagram below and use it to answer the questions about it.



- (a) Name the simple machine illustrated above
- ✓ scissor
  - (b) Why is the above machine grouped under first class levers?

## √ The pivot is in between the load And effort

- (c) Name any **one** other example of machine that can be placed in the same class of levers like the one above.
- ✓ Seesaw //borehole //pliers ///crow bars//pincers //claw hammer
  - (d) State any **one** way how machines simplify work.
- √ By increasing speed during work//by reducing the effort needed to do work
- ✓ By changing the direction of forces
- 49. Match the items in A with those in B correctly.

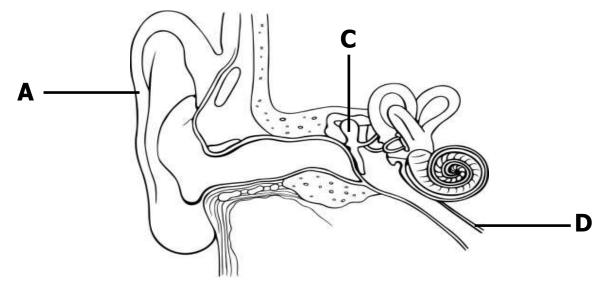
A B

Proteins Goitre

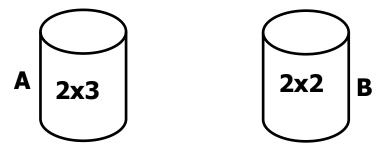
Vitamin A Kwashiorkor lodine Night blindness

Iron Anaemia

- (i) Proteins **kwashiorkor**
- (ii) Iron anaemia
- (iii) Vitamin A **Night blindness**
- (iv) Iodine **goiter**
- 50. (a) Identify **one** product got from sheep.
  - √ Fleece(wool)//mutton
    - (b) How long is the gestation period of a ewe?
  - √ 150 days
    - (c) How is docking an important practice in sheep management?
  - ✓ Docking makes mating easy
    - (d) Write down any one ecto parasite that affects sheep.
  - √ Fleas//mites//ticks
- 51. Study the diagram below and answer the questions about it.



- (a) Name the parts labeled **C** and **D**.
  - (i) C ear drum
  - (ii) D Auditory nerves
- (b) State the function of the part marked with letter A
- ✓ It collects sound waves.
  - (c) A part from hearing, give **one** other function of the human ear.
- √ For body balance/balancing the body
- 52. (a) Define an Alloy.
  - ✓ Is a substance formed from a mixture of two or more metals.
    - (b) List down **one** example of an alloy.
  - √ Bronze //brass//solder
    - (c) State **one** importance of making alloys.
  - √ To make metals stronger/resistant to corrosion //prevent rusting.
    - (e) Why are overhead cables (wires) made of aluminium?
  - ✓ Aluminium does not rust easily //it is light in weight//it's a good conductor of electricity
- 53. Identify the type of weather where the following activities are carried out easily.
  - (i) Winnowing of cereal crops. windy weather
  - (ii) Harvesting of cereal crops. **sunny weather**
  - (b) How are the following weather instruments useful at a weather station?
    - (i) Wind sock shows the strength of wind
    - (ii) Rain gauge measures the amount of rainfall received in an area
- 54. (a) Briefly give the meaning of drug prescription.
  - √ drug prescription is the written information on how to use a certain drug.
    - (b) Musa was given a drug to take as shown in A below, when his friend came he removed the drug and kept in another container as shown in **B**



- (c) What danger was Musa likely to face if he later used the drug?
- √ under dose // prolonged recovery due to under dose.
- ✓ Drug resistance due to under dose
  - (d) Give **one** condition under which medical drugs are supposed to be kept.
- ✓ Out of children's reach//in sealed containers //Cool dry conditions.
- ✓ Away from direct sunlight.

- (e) Give **one** example of essential drug.
- ✓ All vaccines (BCG//DPT Heb B//MMR
- ✓ Panadol accept all pain killers
- ✓ Condoms accept all contraceptives
- √ Fansidar accept all curative drugs
- 55. (a) Identify any **one** part of the body where each of the following joints are found.
  - (b) Ball and socket joint.
  - √ Hip //shoulder
    - (d) Hinge joint.
  - ✓ Elbow //knee//phalanges

**Note:** the phalanges (bones in the fingers and toes) are connected by hinge joints: Interphalangeal joints (IP Joints)

Metaphalangeal Joints (MCP Joints)

These hinge joints allow flexion(bending

and extension(straightening) of fingers and toes. The phalanges are designed to work together with these joints to enable gasping, manipulation and movement.

The knee joint is a type of hinge joint, specifically a synovial hinge joint. It connects the femur (thigh bone) allowing for:

- -Flexion (bending)
- -Extension (straightening)
- (b) Mention **two** functions of the skeleton to animals.
- √ To protect delicate body organs. accept specific answers
- √ For body movement//they give the body shape
- √ They provide surfaces for muscle attachment.
- √ The skeleton stores essential minerals like calcium and phosphorus that can be released into the bloodstream when needed.