

1. State one way insects are useful to farmers.
2. Give one way wax from bees is useful to people.
3. How can a farmer improve the breed of their cattle without using artificial insemination?
4. Why is it important to wash hand before touching our eyes?
5. State one difference between mammals and birds.
6. How does crop rotation help to improve soil fertility in the garden?

The diagram below shows one of the fingerlike structures found in the body of a human being. Use it to answer questions 7 and 8



7. Name the body part where the structure above is found.
8. How is the above structure adapted to its function in the human body?
9. How do expectant mothers benefit from visiting hospitals for antenatal care?
10. Name one material needed by a farmer to prepare composed manure.
11. State one advantage of natural incubation.



Mr. Peter Ssemenda
Mugwanya Prep Sch.
Kaboolja



Mr. Stephen Efumbi
St Savio Junior School
Kisubi



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INTEGRATED SCIENCE

ISSUE
11

SECTION A

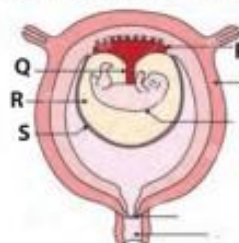
12. Why are flamingoes able to walk easily in shallow water?
13. How is immunisation able to improve a child's immunity against certain diseases?
14. State one way plants reduce the rate of transpiration apart from shedding their leaves.
15. Mention one thing you can do if an insect enters your friend ear at home.
16. Name the odd man out in the list below:
osteomalacia, osteoporosis, kwashiorkor and rickets.
17. Give a reason why the above disease in 16) above is odd man out.
18. State the difference between a simple fracture and a compound fracture.
19. How does the respiratory system benefit from the circulatory system in the human body?
20. Why do metals bend when heated?
21. State any one reason why peas are regarded as dicot seeds
22. Mention one reason why mosquitoes cannot spread HIV/AIDS

23. Name any one non fuel product of petroleum

24. State any one cause of short circuit.

25. How do marine birds keep their temperature warm always in water?

The diagram below shows growth of a foetus in the womb. Use it to answer questions 26 and 27.



26. Name the part labelled with letter P
27. How is part Q important to the foetus in the womb?
28. Give the main reason why food is reheated before eating.
29. How does heating of a magnet for long cause demagnetisation?
30. Give one danger of eating left over cold foods.

SECTION B

31. The diagram below shows an experiment done to show a property of water as matter. Use it to answer questions that follow.



- a) What does the experiment show about air?

.....

- b) Mention two other properties of air as matter.

i)

ii)

- i)

- ii)

- c) Which property of air helps a nurse to suck medicine from a bottle?

.....

32. a) How are the following structures useful to organisms with them?

i) Nictitating membrane" -----

ii) Blubber: -----

b) Which group of animals have blubber for their survival in their habitat?

c) Name any one animal whose body temperature is maintained by blubber in water.

33. a) Why does malaria cause anaemia in a patient?

b) State any two symptoms of malaria in babies.

i) -----

ii) -----

c) How can a mother protect a newly born baby from malaria at home?

34. a) State any two functions of blood in the human body.

i) -----

ii) -----

b) How do the white blood cells help to defend the body against diseases?

c) Mention the disease of blood caused due to lack of vitamin K.

35. a) State any two examples of aero phones

i) -----

ii) -----

b) How do aero phones produce sound during a music festival?

c) Mention any one way sound from an aero phone can be stored for future use.

36. The table below shows immunization schedule. Use it to answer questions that follow.

Vaccine	Site	Mode of administration	Age
Yellow fever vaccine		Injection on the right upper arm	Any age
	Mouth	Drops in the mouth	
DPT vaccine	Left upper thigh		1 month and two weeks

37. a) Give one reason why oxen are regarded as beast of burden.

b) State the main product got from a cattle ranch.

c) Mention any two factors that may reduce production in the cattle ranch.

i) -----

ii) -----

i) Human beings

ii) Cattle

d) Mention any two ways of controlling tse tseflies in the environment

i) -----

ii) -----

38. a) Mention any one example of a heat reflector.

b) How is the effect of expansion controlled in railway lines?

c) Mention any one use of heat to the following groups of people

i) Crop farmers: -----

ii) Iron smelters: -----

39. a) How are tse tseflies dangerous to

i) Human beings: -----

ii) Cattle: -----

b) Mention any two ways of controlling tse tseflies in the environment.

i) -----

ii) -----

40. With the help of the diagram explain the formation of rain include all the processes involved.

MATHEMATICS ANSWERS TO ISSUE 11 (27TH MAY 2024)

1. 5.8

$$\frac{+5.2}{11.0}$$

2. $3 - 4x > 15$

$$3 - 4x > 15 - 3$$

$$-4x > 12$$

$$-4x < \frac{12}{4}$$

$$x < -3$$

3. In 1 day christian slashes $\frac{1}{3}$ of the compound

- In 1 day Zethu slashes $\frac{1}{6}$ of the compound

- In 1 day both Christian and Zethu will slash

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{(2 \times 1) + (1 \times 1)}{6}$$

$$= \frac{2+1}{6} = \frac{3}{6} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{1} = \frac{2}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

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5. $0.75 = \frac{75}{100}$

Let the multiplication be m

$$\frac{75}{100} \times m = 1$$

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10. $N_1 \times N_2 = LCM \times GCF$

$$A \times B = LCM \times GCF$$

$$a \times 24 = 48 \times 8$$

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15. $\frac{6}{10^2} \times \frac{7}{10^4} \times \frac{4}{10^1} \times \frac{9}{10^3} \times \frac{3}{10^1} \times \frac{8}{10^2}$

$$= \frac{6 \times 7 \times 4 \times 9 \times 3 \times 8}{10^2 \times 10^4 \times 10^1 \times 10^3 \times 10^1 \times 10^2}$$

$$= \frac{6 \times 7 \times 4 \times 9 \times 3 \times 8}{10^{2+4+1+3+1+2}}$$

$$= \frac{6 \times 7 \times 4 \times 9 \times 3 \times 8}{10^{13}}$$

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SUB SECTION I

In each of the question I to 5, fill in the blank space with a suitable word.

- Our class teacher has brought a new for cleaning the chalkboard.
- Mrs. Mambo will buy beef from the
- Are the primary seven girls stronger the primary seven boys?
- The baby is pointing the doll.
- Their grandmother taught us to knit sweaters.

In each of the questions 6 to 14, use the correct form of the word given in brackets to complete the sentence.

- The furniture in our house is than theirs. (pretty)
- The hen two eggs yesterday. (lay)
- Mr. Okumu spoke during the assembly. (clear)
- Of all the candidates, Brian the least number of votes. (poll)
- Their neighbor speaks fluently. (France)
- We clapped to welcome our visitors. (three)
- Toto lost his after the accident. (see)
- The bought many guavas from our garden. (tour)
- Before leaving the restaurant, we gave the money to the (cash)

In questions 15 and 16, arrange the given words in alphabetical order.

- example, exact, excavate, extract
- intestine, intensive, intake, internal

In questions 17 and 18, write the singular form of the given words

- brothers-in law
- syllabi

In questions 19 and 20, rearrange the given words to form a correct sentence

- important A is as teacher pilot as a.
- they dry the Were during also season born?



Mr. John Ituma
St. Theresa Namulyango
Girls



Mr. Robert Kavuma
Gayaza Junior School



Monica Nakabugo
Uganda Martyrs
Primary School Katwe

ENGLISH

SECTION A

In questions 21 to 23 re-write the sentence giving the opposite form of the underlined word.

- It is possible to reach the Indian ocean by bus.
- The lion ate the goat.
- David is junior to Paul.

In questions 24 and 25, write the given abbreviations in full.

- can't
- Feb

In questions 26 and 27, use each of the given words in a sentence to show that you know the difference in their meaning.

- park
- pack

In questions 28 to 30, re write the sentences giving one word for the underlined group of words.

- Ugandans are not lazy people.
- During the tour, we shall visit the place where the King lives.
- In December holidays, I will work as a person who moves from place to place selling goods.

SUBS-SECTION II

In each of the question 31 to 50 rewrite the sentence as instructed in the brackets.

- Hasson is polite. Abbas is rude. (Re-write as one sentence using but)
- The boys are using banana fibers to make balls. (Re-write using making...)
- Jemima had a thimble on her thumb but she still cut her fingers. (Re-write beginning: Even though.....)
- The carpenter repaired twenty tables. (Re-write Beginning :Twenty tables.....)
- We shan't get holidays in September, shall we? (Re-write ending shan't we?)
- Our headmistress has given birth to twins. (Re-write beginning: Twins.....)
- The dictionary gives meaning of the words. The dictionary gives the classes of words (Re-write using: not only.....)
- It is not good to dock cows because it hurts them. (Re-write beginning: You should.....)
- Every time she borrows my textbooks, she doesn't keep well. (Re-write beginning: Whenever...)
- Don't share sharp objects if you want to avoid HIV/AIDS. (Re-write and begin: Never.....)

SECTION B

41. Read the poem below carefully and then answer, in full sentences, the questions that follow:

Money, you are great!
You make children bosses.
You make women queens.
You make men kings.

Money, you are great!
All children cry for you
All wives struggle for you
All husbands sweat for you.

Money, you are great!
You wake up people very early.
You send them to bed at midnight.
You cause them to work like donkeys.

Money, you are great!
You are friend to beggars
You are medicine to the sick.
You are shield to the weak.
Ketty Lubyayi

a) What is talked about in the poem?

b) When do people go to sleep?

e) Which people in the poem are poor?

d) Who is the writer of the above poem?

e) How many stanzas are in the poem?

QUESTIONS

f) Which group of people sweat to get you money?

g) What does money make children?

h) Who in the poem struggle for money?

Give one word or group of words with the same meaning as the underlined words in the poem.

i) great:

j) cause:

42. Read the passage below and then answer, in full sentences, the questions that follow

Teenage Pregnancy in Uganda:

In Uganda, teenage pregnancy has become a very big problem. Rural areas have more cases of teenage pregnancy than urban areas. Teenage pregnancy occurs when girls of 13-19 years conceive.

There are mainly four causes of teenage pregnancy in Uganda. Firstly, early involvement of teenagers in sexual activity. Girls are deceived by boys or men to have sex. Sometimes girls may be defiled or raped.

Secondly, some girls desire to get gifts like clothes, shoes, necklaces, watch, mobile phone and money for sex. Thirdly, peer pressure leads girls to have sex. Peer pressure is usually from the teenagers they study or move with.

In some areas, parents force their daughters who are teenagers to marry in order to get dowry. The parents use the dowry they get as capital for their businesses or pay the boys' fees.

Finally, watching bad films and reading books about sexual activities make teenagers get stronger feelings for sex. Ministry of Education and Sports, through the subjects we study at school has educated us about teenage pregnancy. Besides Non-Governmental organisations like United Nations Population Fund, religious institutions have also helped to fight teenage pregnancy. Teenagers have been sensitised about the dangers of teenage pregnancy.

Teenage pregnancy has led to loss of lives of some girls. The girls have died while trying to abort to get rid of unwanted pregnancies. Other girls have dropped from school on getting pregnant. Some girls have turned to prostitution to get money to look after babies. All people should help teenagers to avoid becoming victims of teenage pregnancy.

a) Which areas have more cases of teenage pregnancy?

QUESTIONS

b) When does teenage pregnancy occur?

c) How do the teenagers get the gifts they desire?

d) Why do some parents force their daughters to marry when they are teenagers?

e) Which Non-Government Organization is helping to stop teenage pregnancy?

f) What is the first cause of teenage pregnancy?

g) Why do some teenagers try to abort?

Give one word or group words with the same meaning as the underlined words in the passage.

h) conceive:

i) dowry:

43. Kiwafu meets his friend Nakiwogo at a supermarket in Kigungu-Entebbe statements are given below. Fill in what Nakiwogo said in response to Kiwafu's statements.

Kiwafu: Good morning, Nakiwogo.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: I am fine, thank you.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: It was a very interesting match.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: Our team won the match.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: We scored one goal.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: Our star, Kadenge scored the lone goal.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: Yes, that's what it means. It's our school that will be playing in the Semi-Final.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: It will be held on 30th July, 2024.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: The teams will meet at Council Grounds near Central Market.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: The finals will then be held on 6th August 2024.

Nakiwogo: _____

Kiwafu: Yes, we expect to reach the finals.

44. Imagine the schools have been opened and you are back to school. Write a letter to your friend and tell him or her how you spent the first term holiday. Tell him or her how you have prepared for the beginning of second term.

SST ANSWERS TO ISSUE 11 (27TH MAY 2024)

1. Compass rose/ compass direction

2. They cause Saharadesert/ they do not bring rainfall

3. degrees

4. A place where crude oil is made pure/ purified

5. There are many meanders at the old stage of a river

6. Climate change

7. Presence of salty water/ high temperatures

8. To protect wild animals against poachers

9. Flowers are perishable/ they can easily get spoilt on the way

10. Coral reefs attract tourists who bring income/ they provide limestone for making cement

11. They feed differently/ due to difference in their feeding habits

12. Nearness to the equator/ thick forests/ nearness to large water bodies / warm guinea ocean currents

13. They receive a lot of rainfall

14. Cape ranges

15. It is found within the tropics

16. They help in the generation of hydro electricity power/ they provide water to cool down machines

17. River Congo/river Orange/river Limpopo

18. This is the lowering of the quality of land

19. It is infested with tse tse flies

20. They shed their leaves to reduce the rate

of transpiration

21. Oases

22. To pay taxes/ to provide labour

23. The velds provide pasture for dairy farming/ they have plenty of pasture to support sheep/ goat and dairy farming

24. The wind ward side receives much rainfall

25. Lowlands are on a lower altitude than highlands/ highlands are on a higher altitude than lowlands

26. **Either:** Marriage brings people from different families together
Or: Marriage brings people from different families together

27. **Either:** Faith in marriage promotes love/ respect among married people/ prevents adultery/ cheating in marriage

Or: Faith in marriage promotes love/ respect among married people/ prevents adultery/ cheating in marriage

28. **Either:** God **Or:** Allah

29. **Either:** Revelation

Or: Surah An_Nasr

30. **Either:** Should obey God's words/ worship God/ honour the Sabbath day and keep it holy/ love one another/ respect parents

Or: Should pray/ fast/ recite the Quran/ pay zakat/ donate to the poor/believe in Allah

31. i) Akosombo dam ii) R.Niger

iii) Mozambique iv) Aswan high dam

32. a) This is the way vegetation is spread in

an area

b) Rainfall (climate) / nature of soil/ human activities

c) Wetlands have been drained to get land for setting up industries

33. a) Climate is the average weather conditions of a place/ area recorded for a long period of time.

b) Temperate climate c) latex tapping

d) It provides latex used for making balls/ rubber bands/ rubber soles for school children/ adhesives used in schools/ car tyres used by the ministry

34. a) To strengthen British rule in Buganda

b) Land/ taxation/ governance

c) i) Kabaka's powers were reduced

ii) they started paying hut taxes

35. a) Bachwezi

b) For protection

c) They introduced local chess/ they introduced cowhide sandals/ they started the idea of building grass thatched houses

38. a) K. _____ R. Niger

Z. _____ R. Benue

b) It is a mining area for crude oil/ attracts tourists who bring income/ it is a fishing ground

c) River Rufiji

36. a) Dry winds/ cold ocean currents

b) Due to absence of clouds in the sky

c) Marine desert

d) due to intense/ high evaporation rate

37. a) There is enough space for settlement/ it has enough space for farming

b) Many game parks located in Savanna grasslands/ It has many tourist attractions

c) Some foreign tourists come as spies to host governments/ they bring foreign diseases/ they introduce bad foreign cultural practices to the natives

39. **Either:** a) Baptism washes away the original sin/ baptism makes one a member of God's family

b) Lit candle/ white cloth/ holy water/ anointing oil

c) Baptism by water/ immersing in water/ baptism by fire/ baptism by the Holy spirit.

Or: a) It promotes cleanliness/ promotes purity

b) Holy Quran/ Crescent(moon and star)/ Tasbeeh beads

c) Clean water/ clean wall/ sand

40. **Either:** a) Christianity

b) Language barrier/ tropical diseases/ poor transport/ attacks from hostile people

c) For easy location

Or: a) Islam

b) Language barrier (difficulty)/ poor transport/ attacks from dangerous wild animals

c) To provide water for ablution/ to provide water for cleaning the mosque/ toilets