

PEAK JUNIOR SCHOOL NAKABUGO



P.7 INTERVIEW EXAMINATIONS

2025

SOCIAL STUDIES AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time allowed: 2 hours 15 minutes

Candidate's name:

Read the following instructions carefully:

1. This paper has two sections A and B.
Section A has 50 questions and section B has 5 questions.

2. Answer all questions. All the Working must be shown in the spaces provided.

3. All working must be done using a blue or black ball point pen or ink.

4. Unnecessary changes in your work and handwriting may lead to loss of marks.

5. Do not fill anything in the table indicated "For examiners' use only".

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

SECTIONS	MARKS	COMM.
SEC A		
SEC B		
TOTAL		

Turn Over

SECTION A

1. Name the largest country in East Africa.

2. Name the physical feature where temperatures go below freezing point in Uganda.

3. Why does government set up national parks?

4. What is latitude?

5. Mention the mineral commonly used in making electric wires.

6. State one reason why crop farmers should grow cotton.

7. Give one way in which river Nile is useful to industries in Uganda.

8. State the use of a barometer at a weather station .

9. Mention any one advantage of communicating by telephone.

10. Give any one way of controlling soil erosion in a compound.

11. In the space below, draw the map symbol for swamp.



12. Why did the presidents of East African countries agree to bring back the East African Community?

13. What is humidity?

14. Name the main cash crop grown on the Island of Zanzibar.

15. How did early man get food before he started to grow crops?

16. State one cause of migration of people today in East Africa.

17. What was the main occupation of the Bantu ethnic group?

18. Mention one way school pupils benefit from visiting a historical site.

19. Give one reason why Mombasa experiences higher temperature than Kampala.

20. Name the British administrator who brought Sudanese soldiers in Buganda and Bunyoro.

21. State any one type of mining used in Uganda.

22. Mention any one example of royal regalia used in Kingdoms today.

23. What is population density?

24. State the work of an archaeologist.

25. Why does Kalangala district experience convectional rainfall?

26. Who was the first European explorer to come to Uganda?

27. State one way in which weather records are important to farmers.

28. How many countries share lake Edward?

29. What was the work of the Imperial British East Africa Company (IBEACo) in Uganda?

30. Give any one reason why Ugandans should respect the national flag.

31. State one reason why Sir Hesketh Bell is remembered in the history of Uganda.

32. Which organization was succeeded by the East African Community in 1967?

33. How are school rules similar to the national constitution?

34. Mention the service provided by dogs in people's homes.

35. Write the title given to the head of the Police in Uganda.

For questions 36 to 40, answer EITHER the Christian OR Islamic question but not both. No marks will be awarded to a pupil who attempts both alternatives in a number.

36. **Either:** What is prayer?

Or: What is Kufr?

37. **Either:** How did Jesus show concern for people's needs?

Or: Give any one example of Shirk.

38. **Either:** Where were Adam and Eve living before they disobeyed God?

Or: Where were Adam and Hawa living before they disobeyed Allah?

39. **Either:** Which Sacrament did Jesus get in river Jordan?

Or: Which group of foreigners introduced Islam in Uganda?

40. **Either:** What is the meaning of Exodus?

Or: What is the meaning of Hejira?

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

41 a) Name any one natural forest in Uganda.

(b) Mention two reasons why people cut down trees.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) State one way of conserving natural forests in East Africa.

42. **Study the table about national parks below and fill in the missing words.**

Name of National Park	Country where Park is found.
Akagera National Park	_____
_____	Tanzania
_____	Uganda
Marsabit National Park	_____

- 43a) What is land fragmentation?

- (b) Name two regions where land fragmentation is common in Uganda.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

- (c) State one reason why land fragmentation is common in the regions mentioned above.

- 44a) Which organ of the East African Community is headed by a Secretary General?

- (b) Give one way the member countries of East African Community benefit from the East African Development Bank. (EADB)

- (c) Name the organ which makes laws for member countries of the EAC.

- (d) How do ports Mombasa and Dar-es-Salam make trade easy in the East African Community?

45. Study the map below and use it to answer questions that follow.



a) Name the rivers marked with letters M and K.

(i) M _____

(ii) K _____

(b) Why are the countries marked S and T referred to as landlocked?

(c) Name the East Africa's neighbor marked with letter V.

46a) State any two advantages of a high population in an area.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(b) State any two disadvantages of a high population in an area.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

47 a) Name the first missionary to come to East Africa.

(b) Why is the place Rabai Mpya in Kenya remembered in the spread of Christianity?

(c) Apart from teaching Christianity, mention any services the missionaries improved in East Africa.

48 a) From which country did the Bantu enter Uganda?

(b) Give one reason why the Bakiga, Bakonzo, Baganda , Basoga are grouped as Bantu people.

(c) Apart from the tribes named in (b) above, mention two tribes that belong to the Bantu of Uganda.

(i)

(ii)

49 a) Who composed the Uganda national anthem?

(b) In which year was the national anthem of Uganda first sung?

(c) Write any two messages that you get from the national anthem.

(i)

(ii)

50a) What is a national Constitution?

(b) Give any two reasons why the national Constitution should be obeyed and respected.

(i)

(ii)

(c) In which year did the current national constitution start working?

For each of the questions 51 to 55, answer EITHER the Christian OR Islamic question, but not both. No marks will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives in a number.

51. Either:

(a) What is the meaning of "forgiveness".

(b) State any two reasons why you should forgive those who do wrong to you.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) What did Jesus do that saved people from sin?

Or:

(a) What is shirk?

(b) State one example of major shirk and minor shirk.

(i) Major shirk _____

(ii) Minor shirk _____

(c) Why is shirk bad?

52. Either:

(a) How did the Holy Spirit appear to the disciples on Pentecost day?

(b) In what form did the Holy Spirit appear to Jesus on baptism?

(c) Give two ways in which the Holy Spirit helped the apostles to spread the word of God.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

Or:

(a) What is Zakkah?

(b) Mention any one category of people to whom Zakkah should be given.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(c) Give one reason why the people you mentioned above should be given Zakkah.

(d) State any one reason why Muslims should give Zakkah.

53. **Either:**

(a) What does each of the following represent in Holy communion.

(i) bread _____

(ii) wine _____

(b) Apart from Holy Communion mention two other sacraments.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

Or:

(a) In which month was the Qur'an revealed to Prophet Muhammad?

(b) Mention any three things you learn about Allah from surat- Al Baqara.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

(iii) _____

54. **Either:**

(a) Who tempted Adam and Eve to disobey God?

(b) How did the disobedience of Adam and Eve bring suffering in the world?

(c) State any two ways a Christian can avoid temptation.

(i) _____

(ii) _____

Or:

(a) Name the first Arab trader to teach Islam in Buganda.

(b) State any two ways the early Muslim converts in Uganda were mistreated.

(i)

(ii)

(c) What lesson do you learn from the acts of early Muslim converts in Uganda?

55. **Either:**

(a) What message did Angel Gabriel take to Mary?

(b) Who were the first people to hear the news about Jesus' birth?

(c) Why was the birth of Jesus called "Good News"?

(d) In which town was Jesus born?

Or:

(a) Mention the two sons of Prophet Ibrahim who became Prophets.

(i)

(ii)

(b) Why did Prophet Ibrahim build the Ka'abah?

(i)

(ii)

Good Luck

Marking guide for P.7 SST INTERVIEW

EXAMS 2025

1. Tanzania
2. On top of mountain Rwenzori
 - Mt. Rwenzori (Reject: mountain)
3. To conserve wild animal life
 - To attract tourists
4. Latitude is the distance from Equator toward the north or South (measured in degrees)
5. Copper/ Silver
6. To sell it and get money
 - To promote the textile industry
7. It is a source of hydro electric power used in industries in Uganda.
8. A barometer is used to measure atmospheric pressure.
9. The message goes directly to the intended recipient.
 - It is possible to keep the message private.
 - Telephone messages are fast and precise
 - It is cheap
 - Telephones (mobile) are flexible, wherever a person is can get the message.
10. By planting trees.
 - By harvesting rain water that flows from roofs.
 - By planting grass in the compound
- 11.
12. To promote trade
 - To promote peace and unity
 - To foster economic growth in the region.
13. Humidity is the amount of water vapour in the atmosphere at a given time.
14. Cloves
15. By gathering wild fruits and tubers.
 - By hunting for animals
16. Insecurity
 - Wars
 - search for better jobs
 - Employment opportunities
 - Prolonged droughts/ famine .
17. Crop growing
18. Children learn history of a place (knowledge)
19. Due to differences in altitude or because Mombasa lies at a lower altitude than Kampala.
20. Fredrick John Dealtry Lugard a.k.a F.D Lugard
21. Traditional
 - Modern
22. Spear, shield, royal seat(Namulondo)/ the king's crown.
23. Population density is the number of people per square Kilometre.
24. To study human history through remains dug from underground in historical sites.
25. It is surrounded by Lake Victoria and has thick forest cover.
26. John Hanning Speke
27. Weather records help farmers to plan their farm activities/ Weather records help farmers to predict future weather.
28. Two countries.
29. To control trade.
 - To administer areas of influence.
 - To ensure security.
 - Defeat rebellious groups.
 - Collect taxes.
30. Because the national flag symbolizes Uganda as an independent nation.
31. He fought sleeping sickness.(together with Albert Cook)
 - Introduced steamers on major lakes to ease water transport.
 - Promote cash crop growing.
32. The East African Common services Organisation.(EACSO)
33. Both school rules and constitution are laws that govern people.
34. Security / Company
35. Inspector General of Police.
36. Either: Prayer is a deliberate request for help or expression of thanks to God.
Or: Kufr is the denial of religious truths
37. Either: He healed the sick and fed the hungry. /Jesus prayed for them
Or: Witch craft
38. Either: In the garden of Eden
Or: In paradise
39. Either: Baptism
Or: The Arabs or Arab traders
40. Either: The mass movement of the Israelites from Egypt to promised land.

Or: Prophet Muhammad's journey from Mecca to Madina.

SECTION B

41. –

- (a) Mabira forests/ Budongo/ Bugoma/ Malamagambo
- (b) (i) To get timber
 - To get firewood
 (ii) To get space for farming
- (c) By avoiding encroachment on natural forest land.
 - By putting strict laws against tree cutting and bush burning.
 - By carrying out selective tree harvesting.
 - By planting new trees where others have been cut.

42. –

Name of national park	Country where park is found
Akagera National Park	Rwanda
Serengeti/ L.Manyara/Ungaja etc	Tanzania
Queen Elizabeth/ Murchison falls/ Rwenzori / Kidepo	Uganda
Marsabit National Park	Kenya

43. –

- (a) Land fragmentation is dividing land into smaller pieces among family members.
- (b) (i) South west Uganda/ Kabale or Kigezi region
- (ii) Central Uganda
- (c)
 - Cultural tradition of inheritance of property e.g land.
 - High population growth rate.
 - Scarcity of land due to the uneven terrain e.g in Kigezi.

44. –

- (a) (i) M. River Rufiji
- (ii) K. River Tana
- (b) They are not bordered by a coastline.
 - They have no direct route to the coast
 - They don't own any sea port
 - Their imports and exports go through other countries.
- (c) Zambia.

45. –(a)The EAC Secretariat

(b)Members get loans from EADB

- Members get financial/ development advice from EADB

(c) The EAC Legislative Assembly.

(d) Both Mombasa and Dar-es-Salam handle imports and exports of member countries of EAC.

46. –

- (a) (i)Abundant labour in different fields
 - Plenty of market for the products(Both tangible & intangible)
 (ii)More tax payers thus more income for government
 - Exploitation of resources which increases production.
- (b) (i) Burden on economy
 - Over exploitation of resources leading to degradation
 - Population
 (ii)Internal conflicts
 - Increase in rate of crime.

47. –

- (a) Ludwig Krapf
- (b) Because the first mission station in East Africa was set up at Rabai Mpya
- (c) (i) health services
 - Education
 (ii) agriculture

48. –

- (a) From the DRC
- (b) Because they all speak related languages or languages with similar words.
 - Because they share the same origin
- (c) Batooro / Banyoro / Bagwere / Samia

49. –

- (a) George Kakoma
- (b) 1962
- (c) (i) A message of unity(and togetherness)
 - Friendship and peace to all Ugandans.
 (ii) Leading and Prosperity (stanza 3)

50. –

- a) A national constitution is a set of laws governing a country.
- b) (i) It is a symbol of power for the President.
 - It provides guidance to leaders
 (ii)Because it is a symbol of peace in Uganda when followed
 - It is a legal and national document
- c) In 1995.

51. – Either:

(a) The act of stopping to feel anger toward someone who has done wrong.

- Stop requirement for someone to pay back money.

(b) (i) In order to be forgiven of our own sins.

- Forgiving helps you to stop harbouring bitterness and anger that may lead to temptation.

(ii) You should forgive to avoid carrying a burden.

- Forgiving makes us move forward since it prevents getting stuck in the past.
- Forgiveness leads to healing and physical wellness.
- Forgiveness leads to purification of spirit (1John 1:9)
- God forgiveness therefore we ought to forgive others.

(c) Jesus died on the cross in order to save people from sins.

Or:

(a) (Worshipping of idols

(b) (i) praying to others than Allah

- Doing an act of worship not for Allah's sake
- Obeying any authority against the order of Allah

(ii) Worship for purpose of worldly things- benefit

- Discontentment with Allah's decision especially in terms of death/accident/ Omen

(c) Shirk is bad because it is sin against Allah.

52. –Either

a) In form of tongues of fire

b) In form of a dove

c) (i) The Holy Spirit gave the apostles courage to preach in strange areas

(ii) The Holy Spirit gave them knowledge and wisdom / Power to preach/ mark all gifts of the Holy Spirit put in context.

Or: (a) Zakah is an obligatory alms giving as a pillar of Islam.

(b) The poor / The needy / Muslim converts/ Zakah collectors/ Those fleeing from captivity/ The debtors/ Wayfarers/ Zakah for the cause of Allah.

(c) Follow through

(d) It's a command of God

- To get blessing of God.

53. –either

(a) (i) the body of Jesus Christ

(ii) The blood of Jesus Christ

(b) (i) Baptism / Confirmation/ Holy orders

(ii) Holy Matrimony / Penance / Anointing of the sick

Or

(a) Ramadan

(b) (i) There is only one God the creator of all living and non –living.

- Allah is the only one to be worshiped

(ii) Allah knows everything in the past, present and future.

- Allah sustains everything He has created on earth and heaven

(iii) Allah is the provider of everything.

- He depends on none.

54. –either

(a) The serpent

(b) God was annoyed and made Adam and Eve with their descendants suffer.

(i) By reading the Bible.

- By moving away from situation that cause temptations.

(ii) By consulting priests , reverends

- By engaging in productive work
- Reading books, tending to gardens.

Or

(a) Ahmed – bin-Ibrahim

(b) (i) They were Isolated / They were beaten.

(ii) The king killed some.

(c) To remain faithful to Allah

55. - Either

(a) Angel Gabriel told Mary that she was going to produce Jesus.

(b) The Shepherds

(c) Because the coming of Jesus was good for the people of the world.

(d) Bethlehem

Or: (a) (i) Ishmael

(ii) Ishaq

(b) (i) God had commanded / Instructed him to do so.

(ii) In order to use it for worshipping God.