KOLFRAM EDUCATIONAL SERVICES KAMPALA



BEGINNING OF TERM ONE EXAMINATION 2024

PRIMARY SEVEN ENGLISH

Time allowed: 2 hours 15 minutes

Index Number:	EMIS Number		Personal Number					
Candidate's Name:								
Candidate's Signature:								
School Name:								
District Name:								.
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Read and follow these instructions carefully:

- This paper has two sections: A and B. Section
 A has 50 questions and section B has 5
 questions. The paper has 8 printed pages.
- 2. Answer **all** questions. **All** answers to both sections A and B must be shown in the spaces provided.
- 3. All answers **must** be written using a **blue** or **black** ball point pen or ink. Any answer written in pencils other than on graphs and diagrams will **not** be marked.
- 4. No calculators or **electronic** pens are allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Unnecessary **changes** in your work and handwriting that cannot be read easily may lead to **loss of marks**.
- 6. Do not fill anything in the table indicated: "FOR EXAMINERS' USE ONLY" and boxes inside the question paper.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ON	LY
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QN. NO.	MARKS	EX'ER'S INITIAL
1 -10		
11 - 20		
21 - 30		
31 - 40		
41 - 50		
51		
52		
53		
54		
55		
TOTAL		

Turn Over

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SECTION A: 50 MARKS Sub-section I

(Questions 1 to 50 carry one mark each)

In each of the questions 1 to 5, fill the blank space with the correct word or group of words.

1. I	playing football to r	plating netball.	
2. September is the	mon	oth of the year.	
3. That is the man	stole	our teachers' bags.	
4. Sam will	sing nor da	ance.	
5. I am proud	my parent	IS.	
In each of the questi	ons 6 to 15, use th	he correct form of the v	word given
in the brackets to cor	-		
6. Of the four opposers,	Janet was the	(funny)	<i>7</i> 1 1 13
7. The news about his d	eatn was	last night.	(broadcast)
8. The Presidential cand	dates were	guarded. (h	eavy)
9. SOII	is caused by	y fast running water. (eroc	1e)
10. The careless		caused the accident. (cycle)
		ne bank is very rude. (cash	
		semblies on Friday. (teache	• •
		n my way to town. (Japan))
14. What is the			
15. Akello is			
		use each of the given w	
	t you know the air	fference in their meanin	ıg.
16. fair			
17. fare			
_	-	form of the given word	ls.
18. also known as			
19. shall not)1 arrange the give	en words in alphabetic	al order
20. five, four, fifty, fiftee		en words in aiphabetic	ai oidei.
20. five, four, fifty, fiftee	311		
21. minimum, minimize,	mini-bus, mini-skirt		
-	-	the plural of the given	
22. point-of-inquiry:			
23. TOOTH PICK:			
24. thief:	Lione OF to O7		
		e-write the sentences	giving the
opposite of the under	iiilea wora.		
25. My bullock is sick.			

26. The <u>bridesmaid</u> was smartly dressed.
27. Our room is <u>tidy</u> .
In each of the questions 28 to 30, re-write the sentence giving a single word for the underlined group of words. 28. The baby is not sleeping.
29. The people attending the debate must be silent.
30. My father has bought a tool for hitting nails .
Sub-section II In each of the questions 31 to 50, re-write the sentence as instructed in the brackets. 31. The compound is too big for us to sweep. (Re-write the sentence using:sothat)
32. There isn't much rain in Kigezi these days. (Re-write the sentence using:a lot of)
33. We are writing examinations. We started writing examinations in the morning. (Join the sentences using:since)
34. Teachers don't like lazy children. (Re-write the sentence beginning: What)
35. Cartoons are very interesting. Children like them. (Re-write as one sentence using:because)
36. By whom were you lent that novel? (Re-write the sentence beginning: Who)
37. The driver looked through the window and realized that the car had got a puncture. (Re-write the sentence beginning; Looking)
38. Young children like singing more than dancing. (Re-write the sentence using:prefer)

	The wedding was wonderful but few people attended it. Re-write the sentence beginning: Even though)
	There is a yellow cup on the table. It is plastic. It is new. Re-write as one sentence without using; and , that or which)
	There is the shamba man. My father has been talking about him. Re-write as one sentence using:about whom)
	Our teacher said that he was weak. Re-write the sentence ending: "," said our teacher.)
	The old man fell off the bicycle. He crept away in shame. Re-write as one sentence beginning: Having)
	Melisa fed the baby before she went to the market. Re-write the sentence using:after)
	The choirmaster has organized a choir of ten boys. Re-write the sentence and end:choir.)
	It was very hot but I bathed hot water. Re-write the sentence using:although)
	Nandawula is intelligent. Amina is also intelligent. Re-write as one sentence using:as)
	He owns a big retail shop and a bus. Re-write the sentence beginning: Not only does)
49. : -	Simon is not as brave as Samuel. (Re-write the sentence using:than)
	A bench is useful at school. A desk is useful at school. (Re-write as one sentence beginning: Both)

SECTION B

(Question 51 to 55 carry ten marks each)

51. Read the passage below carefully and answer, in full sentences, the questions that follow.

One day, Walusimbi's father decided to take him to visit the village. His father was born in that village. The village was Mpenja in Gomba. He was very happy to be given the <u>opportunity</u>.

They set off at 8:00 a.m. by a bus. A few kilometers before they reached the village, there was a bridge. The bridge had broken down the previous day. It had not been repaired yet, so vehicles couldn't cross. They <u>charged</u> five hundred shillings to go across the bridge. His father paid for both and they crossed. After that, they hired motorcycles for the rest of the journey.

In the village, they were warmly welcomed. They had long conversations with Walusimbi's grandparents. The grand mother told Walusimbi that the village was a good place to stay. This is because of many reasons. For example, people in the village can afford to eat chicken every week. He loved chicken so much but he never wanted to stay in the village.

	uestions <u>:</u> Who was taken to the village?
b)	Where was the boy's father born?
c)	When did the boy and his father set off for the village?
d)	Why do you think the vehicles could not cross the bridge?
e)	How could people cross the bridge?
f)	How much money did the boy's father pay for both to cross the bridge?
g)	By what means of transport did the boy and his father reach the village?
h)	Give another word or group of words with the same meaning as the underlined words as used in the passage. (i) opportunity:
i)	Suggest a suitable title for the passage.

52. Read the poem below and answer in full sentences the questions that follow.

There is a <u>deadly</u> practice Among many school children Who are lazy during school time But want good results after an examination.

Those children cheat in examinations
They write answers on pieces of paper
And hide them where invigilators can't see
As they are being checked before exams begin

How foolish these children are! They copy answers wrongly Making it easy for examiners to find out And understand that there is a malpractice

How unlucky some parents are!
While other parents show joy for results
These are in <u>sorrow and tears</u>
For their children's results have been cancelled.

Makumbi Morgan

(a) Where is this practice mostly found?

in sorrow and tears:

Suggest a suitable title for the poem.

(i)

Questions:

(b)	Which school children can't get good results?
(c)	How do the children cheat in examinations?
(d)	What does an invigilator do to children who are going to sit exams?
(e)	Why do you think these children are foolish?
(f)	Which people discover malpractices?
(g)	Which parents are always happy?
	questions h and i, give a word or group of words with the same caning as the underlined words in the poem.) deadly:

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ote of

c)	Who wrote the above information?
d)	Give any one danger faced by the above children.
e)	What were the parents supposed to do?
f)	What is the title of the above notice?
g)	Where do you think the children were going?
h)	Who is being notified according to the notice?
	Give the meaning of these words. (i) pavement;
Toach	teacher. Complete it by filling in the missing words accordingly. ner:
	s: Hullo teacher
-	ner:
	s: Nakate put the duster on the teacher's table.
	ner:
	s: No, Nakate isn't around.
•	ner: Can you remind me of yesterday's, please?
	s: There were 21 girls and 14 boys in the class.
Teach	ner:
Pupils	s: Alice, Moses, Alex and Gilbert were absent.
Teach	ner:
Pupils	s: Yes, aunt Mutesi taught us.
	ner:
Pupils	s: The date today is Friday 29 th February 2024.
	ner:
	s: A noun is a naming word. ner:
Pupils	s: Rwenzori, Lubowa, Mpigi, Masaka and Ethiopia ner: Please sit down.