

OFFICIAL MARKING GUIDE OF PLE SOCIAL STUDIES 2023

- 1. -Common language promotes unity
 - Common language promotes peace in a co
 - It promotes trade/
 - Common language eases communication among people.
- 2. -By giving food for them/
 - By washing their clothes/
 - By laying their beds/
 - By helping them to fetch water.
- 3. Gun tax// hut tax// toll tax
- 4. Use of herbs leads to indiscriminate fishing// it leads to death of other aquatic animals// it leads to water pollution.
- 5. The collapse of EAC led to decline of trade//it reduced market for goods//
- 6. To develop their talent// to become job creators//to reduce the rate of unemployment//to be self-reliant.
- 7. Recycling is the act of reusing waste for other purposes.
- 8. A birthday party brings people together.
- 9. Fold mountain
- 10. Billboards are used for advertising goods or trade items.
- 11. Areas near large water bodies receive more rainfall than those far areas.
- 12. UNESCO promotes tourism in Uganda.
 - UNESCO promotes culture in Uganda.
 - UNESCO promotes educational research in Uganda.
- 13. Rubber tress provide latex used for making car tyres and tubes.
- 14. To absorb underground water.
- 15. Ludwig Krapf built the first mission station at Rabai Mpya.
 - He preached Christianity to the local people in Kenya.



- 16. High population may lead to shortage of social services//
 - High population may lead to provision of poor social services.
- 17. The government has taught practical and vocational skills to youths.
 - It has encouraged youths to start up small scale businesses
 - It has provided funds to youths to start up projects.
 - It has discouraged drug abuse and alcoholism among youths.
 - It has encouraged youths to form SACCOs for saving money.
- 18. To find the source of River Nile.
 - To pave way for the colonization of East Africa
 - To get raw materials for their home industries in Europe.
 - To pave way for the Christian missionaries.
- 19. National constitution of Uganda encourages Ugandans to respect the Uganda National flag.
 - It discourages Ugandans from using the national flag for wrapping gifts.
 - It encourages Ugandans to stand upright/raise their right arm when the national flag is being raised.
 - It encourages those Ugandans in army uniform to salute the national flag when it is being raised or lowered.
- 20. To promote trade in East Africa.
 - To promote regional unity.
 - To promote regional security.
 - To promote cooperation in East Africa.
 - To promote economic development in East Africa.
- 21. The roots of trees help to hold soil particles firmly hence reducing landslides.



- 22. Feeder roads ease transportation of farm produce to the market centres.
 - Feeder roads ease the movement of traders within rural areas of Uganda.
- 23. For easy identification
- 24. -Building houses with flat roofs.
 - Wearing light clothes during sunny weather.
 - Growing fast maturing annual crops.
 - Practicing irrigation farming.
 - Growing /planting drought resistant crops.
- 25. It helps crop farmers to plan for their farm activities like planting and harvesting.
 - It enables traders to know the type of goods to sell.
 - It helps travellers to plan for their journeys.
 - It enables pilots to know when and plan for their flights.
 - It enables livestock farmers to know when to carry out sheep shearing.
 - It helps livestock farmers to know when to prepare hay for their animals.
- 26. To get inspired to work.
- 27. -A citizen must be above eighteen years.
 - He /she must be of sound mind.
 - He /she must be a registered voter.
 - He /she must have a minimum academic qualification required by law.
- 28. By giving them similar tasks to perform.
 - By sharing responsibilities equally.
 - By sending both girls and boys to school.
 - By giving respect to both girls and boys at home.
- 29. Use of English as an official language.



- Use of British system of education.
- Use of British court systems.
- Participation in Commonwealth trade fares.
- Participating in commonwealth games.
- 30. Antarctica continent is too cold.// it has very cool temperatures.// it has ice
- 31. D
- 32. By providing free education to children.
 - By discouraging early marriages among children.
 - By providing scholastic materials to children.
 - By building more schools in the country.
- 33. A market is a source of food to a school.
 - A market is source of scholastic materials to a school.
- 34. The oldest human skull was discovered in East Africa.
- 35. Death of miners in case of collapse of mines.
 - Flooding of mines during heavy rainfall.
 - Some open mines harbor dangerous wild animals.
- 36. EITHER: His brothers were jealous of him.
- OR. His brothers were jealous of him.
- 37. EITHER:
 - Forgiving others
 - Reading the Bible.
 - Fasting
 - Praying every time.
- OR. Forgiving others//reciting the Holy Qur'an// Fasting//praying daily.
- **38. EITHER:**
 - Through sharing with fellow pupils.



- By helping fellow pupils.
- By loving fellow pupils.

OR. -do-

39. EITHER: Angels protect Christians.

Angels deliver God's message to Christians.

OR. -do-

40. EITHER:

- By organising fundraisings.
- Through starting up schools.
- Through starting up projects.
- Through constructing health centres.
- Through proving clean water sources for people.

OR.- do-

SECTION B.

- 41. a) pastoralism
- b) Lake S was formed by down warping while Lake M was formed by faulting.
- c) Both town T and island Q were slave markets for Arabs.
- d) Doctor David Livingstone
- 42. a) copy of Uganda national constitution// mace//wig
- b) (i) Clerk to parliament records proceedings of parliamentary sessions.

He/she keeps records of parliamentary sessions(hansard)



- (ii) Sergeant at arms ensures security in the parliament// alerts the mps when the speaker is entering//carries mace for the speaker// distributes order papers to mps//keeps keys to offices of mps.
- c) A bill is a proposed law in a parliament while a law is a rule of conduct made by the parliament.
- 43. a) Decentralization brings services closer to people.
 - It creates jobs to people.
 - It promotes development of some remote areas.
- b) Shortage of funds to run their activities.
 - Lack of skilled human resources.
 - High levels of corruption by some district officials.
 - Delay of funds from the central government.
- 44. a) donations are free foreign aids given to a country according to its needs while loans are money given to a country and paid back with interest.
- b) For building schools/ for paying salaries of teachers/for providing scholastic materials to schools/etc.
- c) To pay taxes promptly.
- 45. a) Disunity among African leaders
 - Lack of political parties by Africans
 - Some Africans allied with the colonialists.
 - Lack of formal education among African communities.
 - Etc.



- b) Africans war veterans learnt new fighting skills from world wars.
 - World wars promoted the spirit of nationalism among Africans.// promoted love for Africa among Africans.
 - World War 1 and 2 weakened colonial economies in Europe.
- 46. a) Germany wanted raw materials for her home industries.
 - Germany wanted to create market for her processed goods.
 - Germany wanted land to invest her surplus capital.
 - Germany wanted to show her superiority to other European countries.
- b) GEACO promoted trade in Tanganyika.
 - It promoted railway transport in Tanganyika.
 - It promoted the development of plantation farming in Tanganyika.
- 47. a) Trade// industrialization// lumbering//crop farming//Diary farming.
- b) Education service// Health service// transport service
- c) People get jobs from area marked F.
 - People get market for their goods from area marked F.
- d) By avoiding overstocking animals// by avoiding over cultivation//by avoiding deforestation//by proper disposal of waste.
- 48. a) For pleasure// For educational research//
- b) Tourism industry leads to the development of good roads.



- It creates employment to people of East Africa.
- It promotes development of hotels in East Africa.
- Tourism earns revenue for governments of East African countries.
- 49. a) Presence of large market base for her goods.
 - Presence of skilled labour.
 - Availability of electricity
 - High levels of technology
 - Presence of good transport network.
 - Availability of large mineral deposits.
 - Presence of peace and security.
- b) South Africa's industries create market for other sectors.
 - South Africa's industries provide processed goods to other sectors.
 - South Africa's industries are source of revenue to her economy.
- 50.a) Regional groupings have created wider market for goods within Africa.
 - Regional groupings have promoted free movement of people within Africa.
 - They have reduced trade barriers in Africa.
 - They have tried to fight smuggling of goods in Africa.
- b) Uganda gets market for her goods.
 - Uganda gains regional recognition.
 - Uganda also receives aids from International bodies like UN.

51.EITHER:



- a) A martyr is a person who is killed for their faith in God.
- b) It brought salvation to Christians.
 - Death of Jesus Christ strengthens the faith of Christians.
 - It reconciles Christians with God.
 - It promotes God's love for Christians.
 - It helps Christians to prepare for eternal life.(John 3:16)
- c) To have steady fast faith in God.
 - To learn to sacrifice for the sake of Christ.

OR.

- a) A martyr is a person who is killed for his or her faith in Allah.
- b) Muslims grow strong in faith. // helps in the spread of Islam// helps Muslims to get converts//etc.
- c) To have strong faith in Allah// to always learn to sacrifice for Allah//

52. EITHER

- a) To live long on the earth// to receive God's blessings//to show them respect// etc.
- b) Through praying daily// through reading the Bible// Through fasting// By avoiding bad peers// Joining church choir// etc

OR

- a) To live long on the earth// to receive blessings from Allah//to show respect to their parents.
- b) Through praying daily// through reciting the Holy Qur'an//through fasting//through avoiding bad peers// etc.



53. EITHER:

- a) Moses was afraid of Pharaoh.
- b) Moses turned his rod into a viper or snake.

He turned water of Nile into blood.

c) We should always have trust in God// We should be courageous// we should accept leadership since it is a gift from God//etc.

OR.

- a) He was afraid of Firaun// He feared to be persecuted by Firaun.
- b) He turned his staff into a serpent.
 - He turned water of Nile into blood.
- c) We should always have trust in Allah// We should be courageous// we should accept leadership since it is calling from Allah//etc.

54. EITHER:

- a) UJCC has provided guidance and counseling to people.
 - It has promoted peace and unity among people in Uganda.
 - It has tried to fight domestic and gender based violence among people in Uganda.
 - It has promoted love among people in Uganda.
- b) By encouraging peace and reconciliation among people in Uganda.
 - By giving guidance and counseling to people.
 - By encouraging forgiveness among people.



- By encouraging people to love one another.

OR:

- a) UMSC has offered guidance and counseling to people.
 - It has promoted peace and unity among people.
 - It has encouraged love among people in Uganda.
 - It has tried to fight domestic and gender based violence in Uganda.
- b) -do-

55. EITHER:

- a) i. Baptism is a ceremony in which a Christian is immersed in water before church to show their belief in Christ.
- ii. Holy Communion is a religious ceremony in which Christians partake of holy bread and wine in remembrance of Christ's sacrifice on the cross.
- b) When a Christian has repented of his or her sins// Must receive sacrament of penance before.

A Christian must be baptized.

Married Christians must first have sacrament of matrimony before receiving the Holy Communion.

OR:

- a. i. Zakah is a form of almsgiving in Islam.
 - ii. Hijja is a journey made by Muslim believers to Mecca.
- b. One must first pay all his or debts. // One must be financially stable// One must be an adult Muslim.

