

# THE E-LEARN EXAMINATIONS BOARD

P.6 BEGINNING OF TERM TWO

2024

## MATHEMATICS GUIDE

*Time Allowed: 2 hours 15 minutes*



Index No.

EMIS No.						Personal No.		

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Read the following instructions carefully:

1. Do not forget to write your **school** or **district name** on the paper.
2. This paper has two sections: **A** and **B**. Section **A** has **20** questions and section **B** has **12** questions. The paper has **14** printed pages altogether.
3. Answer **all** questions. **All** working for both sections **A** and **B** must be shown in the spaces provided.
4. **All** answers **must** be written using a **blue** or **black** ball point pen or ink. Any work written in pencil will **not** be marked.
5. Unnecessary **changes** in your work and handwriting that cannot be read easily may lead to **loss of marks**.
6. Do not fill anything in the table indicated: **"For Examiners' use only"** and boxes inside the question paper

FOR EXAMINERS' USE ONLY		
Qn. No.	MARKS	EXR'S NO.
1 – 5		
6 – 10		
11 – 15		
16 – 20		
21 – 22		
23 – 24		
25 – 26		
27 – 28		
29 – 32		
TOTAL		

## SECTION A: 40 MARKS

### Question

1. Work out:

$$\begin{array}{r} 41 \\ +14 \\ \hline 55 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 + 4 = 5 \\ 4 + 1 = 5 \end{array}$$

2. Solve :  $4 + y = 19$

$$4 - 4 + y = 19 - 4$$

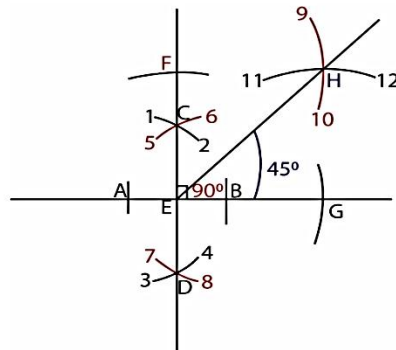
$$\underline{y = 15}$$

3. Given that  $H = \{1, 6, 10, 15, 21\}$  and  $G = \{3, 6, 15, 19\}$  Find  $n(H \cap G)$

$$(H \cap G) = \{6, 15\}$$

$$\underline{n(H \cap G) = 2}$$

4. With the help of a pencil, ruler and a pair of compasses. Construct an angle  $45^\circ$ .



5. Joanita read 30 story books last term and has 16 read story books this term so far. Express the total number of books in Roman Numerals.

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \\ +16 \\ \hline 46 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 46 - (40 + 6) \\ 46 - (XL + VI) \\ \underline{46 - XLVI} \end{array}$$

6. Write the morning time shown on the clock face below



**10: 35am**

7. How many 500 shilling coins can you get from a ten thousand shilling note?

$$\frac{\text{sh } 10^2 000}{\text{sh } 500}$$

$$\text{sh } 500$$

**20 five hundred shilling coins**

8. Mukooli bought 400gm of sugar that costs shs 4,000 per kilo. How much did he pay the shopkeeper?

$$1000\text{gm} = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$400\text{gm} = \left(\frac{400}{1000}\right) \text{ kg}$$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{10}\right) \text{ kg}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.4\text{kg}}}$$

$$1 \text{ kg} - \text{shs } 4000$$

$$0.4\text{kg} - \left(\frac{4}{10} \times \text{shs } 4000\right)$$

$$0.4\text{kg} - (4 \times \text{Shs.}400)$$

$$\underline{\underline{0.4\text{kg} - \text{Shs } 1600}}$$

**He paid Shs 1600 to the shop keeper**

9. Work out:  $4 - \frac{2}{3}$

$$\frac{(4 \times 12) - \left(\frac{2}{3} \times 12\right)}{12}$$

$$\underline{48 - 8}$$

$$\underline{12}$$

$$\underline{40^{2010}}$$

$$\underline{12_{63}}$$

$$\underline{10^{3r1}}$$

$$\underline{3}$$

$$= 3 \frac{1}{3}$$

10. The average weight of 6 girls is 19kg. Find their total weight.

$$19\text{kg} \times 6 \text{ girls}$$

$$\underline{114 \text{ kg}}$$

11. Mary thinks of a number, multiplies it by 3 and adds 6 to it, the result is 24. What is the number?

**Let the number be m**

$$m \times 3 + 6 = 24$$

$$3m + 6 = 24$$

$$3m + 6 - 6 = 24 - 6$$

$$\frac{3m}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$$

$$\underline{m = 6}$$

12. Find the product of the missing numbers in the sequence.

1, 4, 7, 10, 13, 16

+3 +3 +3 +3 +3

Product

$$\underline{16 \times 13 = 208}$$

13. Given that set P has 16 subsets. How many elements has P?

2	16
2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

$2^n = \text{number of elements}$

$2^n = 16 \text{ elements}$

$2^n = 2^4$

$n = 4 \text{ elements}$

set P = 4 elements

14. Simplify :  $(-4) - (-12)$

$$-4 + 12$$

+ve	/	/	/	/	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
-ve	/	/	/	/							

$$\underline{(-4) - (-12) = + 8}$$

15. Sanyu covers  $\frac{1}{3}$  of her journey on foot,  $\frac{1}{4}$  riding a bicycle and the rest in a car. What fraction of the journey does she cover using the car?

$$\begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} \\ \left(\frac{1}{4} \times 12\right) + \left(\frac{1}{3} \times 12\right) \\ \frac{3+4}{12} \\ \frac{7}{12} \end{array} \quad \parallel \quad \begin{array}{l} 1 - \frac{7}{12} \\ \frac{12}{12} - \frac{7}{12} \\ \frac{12-7}{12} \\ \frac{5}{12} \end{array}$$

16. How many lines of symmetry has that letter?

**M**

**One line of symmetry**

17. Express 0.4m in km

$$1000\text{m} = 1\text{km}$$

$$0.4\text{m} = \left(\frac{4}{10} \times 100\right) \text{km}$$

$$\underline{= 400\text{km}}$$

18. A bus moved from town A to town B at a speed of 125km/hr for  $3\frac{1}{2}$  hours. Calculate the distance between the two towns.

$$D = S \times T$$

$$= \frac{125\text{km}}{\text{hr}} \times 3\frac{1}{2} \text{hrs}$$

$$= 125\text{km} \times \frac{7}{2}$$

$$= \frac{875 \times 7}{2} \text{km}$$

$$\underline{= 437\frac{1}{2} \text{km}}$$

19. The area of the rectangular region below is  $60\text{m}^2$ . If the length is 12m, find the perimeter of the rectangular region.

$$L \times W = A$$

$$12m \times W = 60m^2$$

$$\frac{12m}{12m} \times \frac{60m^2}{12m}$$

$$\underline{W = 5m}$$

$$P = L + W + L + W$$

$$P = (12m + 5m) + (12m + 5m)$$

$$P = (17m + 17m)$$

$$\underline{P = 34m}$$

20. Find the sum of the place value of 4 in 3468 and the value of 9 in 32907

Th	H	T	O
3	4	6	8

Hundreds(100)

T	Th	H	T	O
Th				
3	2	9	0	7

$$\underline{9 \times 100 = 900}$$

Sum

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ + 900 \\ \hline 1000 \end{array}$$

### SECTION B (12 QUESTIONS – 60 MARKS)

21. Given the number 576

a) Write the number in word

(1 mark)

Units
576

Five hundred seventy six

b) Expand the number using powers of 10

(2 marks)

$10^2$	$10^1$	$10^0$
5	7	6

$$\underline{(5 \times 10^2) + (7 \times 10^1) + (6 \times 10^0)}$$

c) Round off the number to the nearest hundreds (1 mark)

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{H T O} \\ 576 \\ + 100 \\ \hline 600 \end{array}$$

**576  $\approx$  600**

22. A poultry farm produces 2,200 eggs in a week. The eggs are then packed in trays which carry 30 eggs each.

a) How many trays are collected every week?

**30 eggs = 1 tray**

$$\begin{aligned} 2,200 \text{ eggs} &= \left( \frac{2200}{30} \right) \text{ trays} \\ &= 73 \frac{1}{3} \text{ trays} \end{aligned}$$

b) If each tray is sold at shs. 9000. How much money is collected weekly?

**1 tray = shs 9000**

$$73 \frac{1}{3} \text{ trays} = \left( \frac{220}{3} \times \text{shs } 9000 \right)$$

$$73 \frac{1}{3} \text{ trays} = (220 \times \text{shs } 3000)$$

$$73 \frac{1}{3} \text{ trays} = \text{shs } 660,000$$

23. At a birthday party, some pupils took Fanta (f), Mirinda (M) or both and 5 took other types of drinks as shown in the venn diagram below.

a) How many pupils took

i) Fanta

**(18 + 12) pupils**

**= 30 pupils**

ii) Mirinda

$$(10 + 12) \text{ pupils}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{22 \text{ pupils}}}$$

b) How many pupils attended the party?

$$(18 + 12) + (10 + 5) \text{ pupils}$$

$$30 + 15$$

$$= \underline{\underline{45 \text{ pupils}}}$$

c) What is the probability of selecting a pupil who did not take Mirinda?

$$\text{Probability} = \frac{DC}{SS}$$

$$= \frac{18+5}{45}$$

$$= \frac{23}{45}$$

24. Use the venn diagram below to answer questions that follow.

a) Find the value of

i) m

$$m = (3_1 \times 2_1 \times 5_1)$$

$$m = (3 \times 2 \times 5)$$

$$\underline{\underline{m = 30}}$$

ii) n

$$n \times 2_1 \times 5_1 = 20$$

$$n \times 2 \times 5 = 20$$

$$\frac{10n}{10} = \frac{20}{10}$$

$$\underline{\underline{n = 22}}$$

b) Calculate the greatest common factor of  $F_m$  and  $F_{20}$

$$\text{GCF} = (F_m \text{ n } F_{20})$$

$$(F_m \text{ n } F_{20}) = (2_1 \times 5_1)$$

$$= (2 \times 5)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{GCF} = 10}}$$



25. In a school of 240 pupils,  $\frac{1}{3}$  of them are boys and the rest are girls

a) Find the fraction of girls

$$1 - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{3-1}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

b) How many more girls than boys are there?

$\frac{2}{3} \times 240$ pupils		240 pupils		160 girls
$2 \times 80$ pupils		- 160 pupils		- 80 boys
<u>160 girls</u>		<u>80 boys</u>		<u>80 more girls</u>

c) If  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the boys and  $\frac{1}{10}$  of the girls are in upper school, how many pupils are in the lower school?

$\frac{1}{2} \times 80$ boys	$\frac{1}{10} \times 160$ girls	40	240
= 40 boys	= 16 girls	+ 16	- 56
		<u>56 pupils</u>	<u>184 pupils</u>

26. (a) Using a ruler and a pair of compasses only, construct a rectangle ABCD such that AB = 8cm and BC = 6cm respectively

(b) Find the distance around the rectangle above

$$D = L + W + L + W$$

$$D = 8\text{cm} + 6\text{cm} + 8\text{cm} + 6\text{cm} = 30\text{cm}$$

$$D = \underline{30\text{cm}}$$

27. The figure below shows a solid block.

a) How many vertices does figure have?

8 vertices

b) Calculate the volume of the figure.

$$V = L \times W \times H$$

$$V = 11\text{dm} \times 6\text{ dm} \times 8\text{ dm}$$

$$V = 11\text{dm} \times 48\text{dm}$$

$$\underline{V = 528\text{dm}^3}$$

c) Calculate the total area of all the shaded faces

$$T.A = (\text{Area A}) + (\text{Area B})$$

$$T.A = (L \times W) + (L \times W)$$

$$T.A = (11\text{dm} \times 6\text{dm}) + (8\text{dm} \times 6\text{dm})$$

$$T.A = (66\text{dm}^2 + 48\text{dm}^2)$$

$$\underline{T.A = 114\text{dm}^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 66\text{ dm}^2 \\ + 48\text{ dm}^2 \\ \hline 114\text{ dm}^2 \end{array}$$

28.(a) Work out:  $104_{\text{five}}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 104_{\text{five}} \\ + 41_{\text{five}} \\ \hline 200_{\text{five}} \end{array}$$

$$4 + 1 = 5-5$$

$$1r 0$$

$$1 + 0 + 4 = 5 \div 5 = 1$$

$$1r 0$$

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

(b) Convert  $202_{\text{five}}$  to base ten

ff	f	o
2	0	2

$$(2 \times 5 \times 5) + (0 \times 5) + (2 \times 1)$$

$$50 + 0 + 2$$

$$\underline{52_{\text{ten}}}$$

(c) Multiply  $430762 \times 42 = \underline{18092004}$

	4	3	0	7	6	2	
1	1	1	0	2	2	0	4
0	6	2	0	8	4	8	2
8	0	0	0	1	1	0	4
	8	6	0	4	2	4	
	0	9	2	0	0	4	

29. Study the number line below carefully

i) Write the integers represented by arrow

(a)  $q = +8$  (b)  $y = -12$  (c)  $r = -4$

ii) Write the mathematical additions statement for the numberline

$$q + y = r$$

$$+8 + -12 = -4$$

30. (a) simplify :  $8p + 6m - p - m$

$$8p - p + 6m - m$$

$$7p + 5m$$

(b) If  $a = 4$ ,  $b = 6$  and  $c = 3$ . Find the value of

i)  $(2a + 2b) - c$

$$(2 \times 4 + 2 \times 6) - 3$$

$$(8 + 12) - 3$$

$$20 - 3$$

$$17$$

ii)  $(a^2 + b^2) - (c^2)$

$$(a \times a + b \times b) - (c \times c)$$

$$(4 \times 4 + 6 \times 6) - (3 \times 3)$$

$$(16 + 36) - 9$$

$$52 - 9$$

$$43$$

31. Paul bought the following items from Namugongo supermarket.

2 packets of kakira sugar at shs 4000 each

8 apples at shs 2000 for 2 apples

2  $\frac{1}{2}$  kg packets of rice at shs 32000

a) How much did paul spend altogether?

<b>Sugar</b> <b>1 packet = sh 4000</b> <b>2 packets = (2 × 4000)</b> <b>= <u>shs 8000</u></b>	<b>Apples</b> <b>2 apples = shs 2000</b> <b>1 apple = <math>\frac{2000^{1000}}{2}</math></b> <b>= shs 1 000</b> <b>8 apples = (8×shs 1000)</b> <b>=<u>shs 8000</u></b>	<b>Rice</b> <b>= shs 3,200</b>
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**Total**

**Shs 8000**

**Shs 8000**

**+Shs 3200**

**Shs 19200**

b) If he had shs 50,000 before the purchase of the items, how much change did he receive?

**Shs 50000**

**- shs 19200**

**Shs 30800**

32. The bar graph below shows the number of pupils who were absent in a class of 50 pupils in 5 days. Study it and answer the questions that follow.

a) On which day did all the children attend school?

**Thursday**

b) How many pupils were absent on Monday?

**10 pupils**

c) How many more pupils attended school on Friday than Wednesday?

**50 pupils**

**50**

**45**

**- 5 pupils**

**-10**

**-40**

**45 pupils**

**40 pupils**

**05 more pupils**

**END**