

PACE - PREPARE A CHILD EXAMINATIONS BOARD

P.7 WAKE UP EXAMINATION SET 2025

INTEGRATED SCIENCE MARKING GUIDE



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SECTION A: 50 MARKS

- 1. Name any **one** group of crops.
 - Annual crops
 - Perennial crops

Reject; legumes, cereals, fruit crops, etc because they are types of crops.

- 2. State any **one** way in which community people can conserve wildlife.
 - Protecting wetlands(swamps)
 - ❖ Gazetting forests
 - Using hydroelectricity for cooking other than wood fuel
 - Using biogas for cooking other than wood fuel
 - Putting strict laws against deforestation

- Putting strict laws against poaching
- Organizing education programs on the importance of wildlife
- Organizing educations programs on the effects of wildlife.

- 3. Give any **one** component of seed structure.
 - Seed testa(coat)
 - * Radicle
 - Plumule
- 4. Name any **one** agent of pollination.
 - Insects (bees, moths, beetles, butterflies)
 - Wind

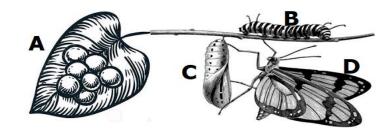
Endosperm

Cotyledon

Hilum scar

- Birds (humming birds sunbirds)
- * Water

The diagram below shows an organism in the classifications of lifecycle. Study and use it to answer questions **5** and **6**.



- 5. Name the organism shown in the diagram.
 - * Butterfly.
- 6. State the type of life cycle to which the above organism belongs.
 - **❖** Complete life cycle.

Reason; One stage is totally different from the other in structure and appearance.

- 7. Mention any **one** way in which fish can be kept for a long time without going bad.
 - By smoking

* By sun drying

- By freezing
- 8. State any **one** living thing that causes rotting of cooked food.
 - * Bacteria

- fungi.
- 9. Name the metallic liquid used in thermometers to measure the human body temperature.
 - ❖ Mercury.
- 10. State any **one** effect of alcoholism to expectant mothers and their unborn babies.
 - **❖ Premature births**

Low birth weight

- Still births
- 11. How is the stomach important during the process of digestion?
 - Churns food into (chyme)a semi-solid liquid.
 - ❖ Breaks down proteins
 - Stores food for a short time
- Stomach walls produce gastric juice
- Stomach walls produce hydrochloric acid
- Stomach absorbs alcohol

- Stomach absorbs simple sugars
- Stomach absorbs common salts.
- 12. State any **one** way in which teeth discolouration as a disorder can be prevented among P7 pupils.
 - Regular brushing of teeth
 - Avoiding smoking

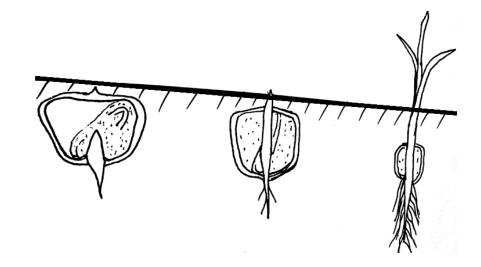
- Avoiding excessive alcoholism
- * Regular dental flossing.
- 13. Mention any **one** way in which air circulation in latrines can be improved.
 - Constructing latrines with a vent pipe
 - Leaving pit hole open always.
- 14. State any **one** function of a tourniquet in a first aid kit.
 - Used for controlling excessive (severe) breeding from injuries.
 - Used for occluding (obstruct/block) blood flow to a limb during surgical operations.

Reject; for tying slightly above the bitten area in case of a snake bite.

- 15. Mention any **one** way in which burning as a chemical change is important in our daily life.
 - Helps in cooking food
 - Helps in destroying breeding places such as rubbish for houseflies
 - Burning of a candle helps in lighting houses
 - Burning of coal helps to produce thermal electricity
 - Burning of uranium helps to produce atomic (nuclear) electricity
 - Burning of petroleum helps to run vehicles

- Burning of coal and natural gas helps to heat houses during winter
- Burning helps to reduce the volume of wastes in the environment
- Burning of coal and natural gas helps to extract minerals like iron and steel from their ores
- Burning helps in the process of distillation.
- 16. State any **one** reason why one would prefer piggery to cattle keeping.
 - Pigs grow and mature faster than cattle.
 - Pigs multiply faster than cattle
 - Pigs take less space than cattle
- Pigs need less feeds than cattle
- Pigs need less care than cattle.

The diagram below shows a crop commonly grown in the community. Study and use it to answer questions **17** and **18**.



- 17. Name the type of germination shown in the diagram above.
 - Hypogeal germination.
- 18. Identify the group of flowering plants to which the above crop belongs.
 - Monocots/Monocotyledonous plants.
- 19. Mention any **one** method of harvesting honey from bee hives.
 - Traditional methods

- Modern methods.
- 20. State any **one** living thing that is a component of soil.
 - ❖ Fungi
 ❖ Bacteria

Reject; Earthworms because they are not universally present in every soil sample.

- 21. A part from removing hiding places for crop pests, state any **one** other advantage of pruning crops.
 - * Reduces weight of the crops
 - ❖ Increases crop yields by allowing more light to reach fruiting branches.
 - ❖ Reduces the spread of crop diseases by removing diseased branches.
 - Makes harvesting easier by allowing easy access to fruits
- 22. Mention any **one** way a school health committee can identify an immunized child in a home.
 - **❖ By checking on Child Health Card (CHC)**
 - **❖** By looking at an immunization scar on the right upper arm.
- 23. Name any **one** traditional bee hive commonly used by bee keepers.
 - Kigezi bee hive

❖ Dug out log bee hive

Skep bee hive

- Tin bee hive.
- 24. State any **one** method of storing sound produced by David lutalo singing.
 - Mechanical (physical) method
 - Magnetic method
 - Electromagnetic method

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- 25. State any **one** poultry managemental practice carried out on a farm.
 - Debeaking
 - **❖** Feeding poultry
 - Housing poultry
 - Vaccinating poultry
- 26. Name any **one** special organ used by insects for sensing sound vibrations.
 - **❖** Feelers/antennae
- 27. State **one** activity done to show that air exerts pressure and occupies space.
 - **❖** Filling air in balloons
 - Inflating bicycle tyres
 - Inflating car tyres

- Inflating balls
- **❖ Inflating aeroplane tyres**

Cleaning poultry houses

Incubating eggs

Brooding chicks

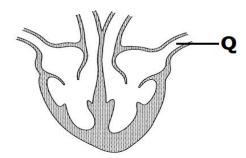
Egg collection.

- Inflating motorcycle tyres
- 28. State any **one** body change in adolescents that shows a grown up man.
 - Growth of hair under armpits
 - Development of beards
- Growth of pubic hair
- Sweat glands become more active
- 29. Apart from soaking, write any other step in the process of washing clothes.
 - Sorting
 - Washing
 - Rinsing

Reject; soaking.

- Ironing
- Wringing
- Drving
- 30. State any **one** way in which you can prevent poisoning by chemicals at home.
 - Keeping chemicals away from food
 - Keeping chemicals away from reach of children
 - Keeping chemicals away from drinking water
 - Keeping chemicals in their original containers for easy identification.
 - * Keeping chemicals away from cooking utensils to prevent food contamination.
 - **❖** Wearing gloves, masks and eye glasses when handling chemicals.
 - Label all chemicals stored in different bottles.
 - **Obey to instructions on chemicals**
- Name the administration form of Pfizer vaccine among people.
 - Injection form.

The diagram below shows a certain human body organ. Study and use it to answer questions **32** and **33**.



- 32. State the function of the above organ in the human body.
 - > To pump blood to all body parts.
- 33. Identify the pulmonary vein using letter \mathbf{Q} on the diagram above.
- 34. Write down any **one** method of making compost manure.
 - Pit method

- Heap method
- 35. Give any **one** way in which mulching is important in a coffee plantation.
 - **❖** Improves soil fertility

Keeps moisture in the soil

Controls soil erosion

- Controls weeds
- 36. State any **one** method of finding the volume of regular objects.
 - ❖ Length x Width x Height
 - Displacement method.

The diagram below shows an item used to manage weather. Study and use it to answer questions **37** and **38**.

37. Name the item shown in the diagram above.

❖ Umbrella

- 38. State any **one** weather condition commonly managed by people using the above item.
 - Sunny weather

- Rainy weather
- 39. Give any **one** characteristic of ticks that makes them suit for spreading relapsing fever.
 - ❖ They feed on blood
 - ❖ Germs do not die in their abdomen,
 - Ticks have sharp mouthparts (hypostome) for biting the skin
- 40. State any **one** way in which rainfall promotes brick making.
 - It provides rainwater for mixing soil to make bricks.

SECTION B: 60 MARKS

Questions **41** to **55** carry four marks each

- 41. (a) Write any **two** effects of smoking to a family.
 - Poverty
 - Child neglect
 - ***** Spouse neglect
 - family neglect

- Copying smoking habits by children
- **❖** Increased risk of fire outbreaks.

Reject; causes lung cancer to family members, self neglect

- State any **two** dangerous chemicals found in tobacco as a drug. (b)
- Nicotine
- **❖** Tar

- **❖** Irritants
 - Carcinogen

- Carbon monoxide
- Bilharzia is very common among people in areas with poor sanitation. 42.
 - Name the germ that causes bilharzia disease among people.
 - > Bilharzia worm, bilharzia fluke, Schistosomes,
 - Explain why bilharzia is common in areas with poor sanitation.
 - Poor sanitation contaminates water sources with bilharzia larvae that penetrate human skin and cause bilharzia.
 - > Poor sanitation promotes reproduction of fresh water snails that are bilharzia vectors.
 - Give any **one** way in which bilharzia can be prevented.
 - Use molluscicides to kill all fresh water snails
 - Avoid swimming in contaminated water
 - Use safe water for drinking
 - Proper disposal of faeces other than water sources
 - **❖** Wear gum boots when walking in areas with contaminated water
 - Organizing education programs on the prevention of bilharzia
 - Avoid washing clothes using contaminated water.
- The Human body works in very many different ways for perfect efficiency. 43.
 - (a) Give any **two** ways in which the body works.
 - **❖** By using food and oxygen to get energy.
 - ***** By removing waste products.
 - **❖** By inhaling oxygen and exhaling carbon dioxide.
 - **❖** By protecting internal organs from external damage.
 - **❖** By producing hormones that regulate bodily activities.
 - **❖** By providing structural support to internal organs.
 - * By defending against germs and infections.
 - **❖** By breaking food in simple soluble substances that can be absorbed easily.
 - **❖** By carrying food and oxygen to different parts of the body.

- (b) Give the meaning of the term respiration.
- Respiration is the oxidation of food with oxygen to produce energy in the body cells.
 - (c) Mention the body organ that contains air sacs for exchange of gases
- Lungs
- 44. The diagram below shows an animal. Study and use it to answer the questions that follow.



- (a) To which group of vertebrates does the above animal belong?
- Reptiles
 - (b) Give any **one** way in which the above animal protects itself.
- **❖** By changing colours/ camouflaging.
 - (c) Give any **two** characteristics of the group of vertebrates you have named in 44 (a) above.
- They have scales
- They undergo internal fertilization
- They undergo moulting
- They move by slithering (crawling)
- They reproduce by laying eggs.
 - reject they have a backbone,
- 45. (a) Write down any **two** reasons why people eat food
 - ❖ To give us energy
 - ❖ To enable us grow
 - ❖ To protect our body from deficiency diseases
 - ❖ To repair worn out tissues
 - **❖** To replace worn out cells

Reject it is a habit, for hospitality, to be happy, to cure hunger. Reason they are social reasons and not scientific reasons.

- (b) State the cause of marasmus among children.
- Lack of all food values in the body.

Reject; lack of carbohydrates in the body

- (c) Why is it important for people to eat food rich in proteins?
- To enable us grow (to build the body)
- To protect our body from kwashiorkor (deficiency diseases)

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- **❖** To repair worn out tissues
- **❖** To replace worn out cells.

- (a) Give any **two** forms of energy. 46.
 - Mechanical energy
 - Heat energy
 - Light energy
 - Magnetic energy
 - Electrical energy reject potential and kinetic energy.
 - (b) State any **two** characteristics of forms of energy.
 - They make work possible (enable people to do work)
 - They can be changed to other forms of energy.
- Give any two examples of harmful materials on the soil. 47. (a)
 - Agrochemicals
 - ❖ Polythene bags
 - ❖ Metals
 - ❖ Used oil
 - Rubber

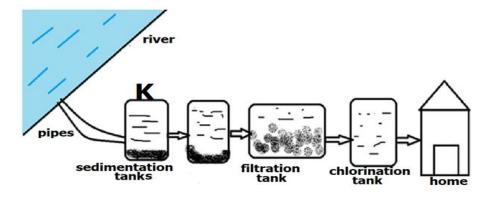
- Plastics
- Pesticides
- Insecticides

nuclear energy chemical energy

thermal energy

sound energy

- Herbicides
- State any **two** effects of harmful materials on the soil.
- They destroy soil aeration
- **❖** They reduce soil fertility
- **❖** They kill important soil organisms that improve soil fertility
- **❖** They prevent water and air from entering into the soil.
- The diagram below shows steps in preparing clean water. Study and use 48. it to answer the questions that follow.



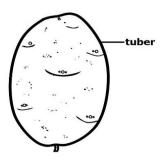
- Use letter **K** to mark the tank where decantation takes place. (a)
- Identify the process that carries out the following activities; (b)
 - Killing germs in water (i)

Chlorination

(ii) Removing dirt and impurities in water. **Filtration**

(iii) Allowing solid particles to settle at the bottom __**Sedimentation**

49. The diagram below shows a certain tuber. Study and use it to answer the questions that follow.



- (a) Name the common tuber shown in the diagram.
- Irish potato
 - (b) Give **two** characteristics that make the above tuber to be a stem tuber.
- ❖ It has nodes

It has eye buds (axillary buds)

- ❖ It has scale leaves
 - (c) How is the above tuber propagated?
- **❖** By planting stem tuber/By means of stem tuber.
- 50. (a) Name the type of resource to which the following resources belong;
 - (i) Wind: **Renewable resource.**
 - (ii) Petroleum: **Nonrenewable resource.**
 - (b) State any **two** ways of conserving plants in the environment.
 - Putting strict laws against deforestation
 - Cutting one and planting three trees.
 - Carrying out afforestation and re-afforestation
 - Organizing education programs on the importance of plants in the environment.
- 51. (a) What is meant by the term seed dispersal?
 - Seed dispersal is the process by which seeds are spread away from the parent plant to other new areas Or
 - **❖** Scattering of seeds from the parent plant to other new areas.
 - (b) Write down any **two** importance of seed dispersal in the environment.
 - Helps plants to colonize new areas
 - * Helps to prevent overcrowding of plants in an area.
 - Helps to reduce competition between plants in an area.
 - Helps to increase chances of cross pollination in plants.
 - (c) State any **one** agent of seed dispersal.
 - ❖ Water

❖ Animals

Wind

52. Name any **two** farm practices that harm cattle. (a)

Castration

branding

Dehorning

ear notching

tail bobbing

ear tagging

Reject beating animals

State any **two** cattle pests that can be controlled by spraying acaricides.

Ticks

Lice

Tsetse flies

Ked flies

Reject liver flukes, tape worms

53. (a) Give the meaning of the term air.

❖ Air is the mixture (combination) of gases

You are provided with the following materials; two identical balloons (b) and a scale balance.

Describe an experiment to show that air has weight.

(03 marks)

- ❖ Inflate one balloon to a reasonable size and leave the other balloon deflated.
- ❖ Weigh both balloons by placing them on the scale balance and record the reading.
- The inflated balloon will weigh more than the deflated balloon, showing that air has weight.
- 54. The table below shows latrines, toilets and what they are. Study and fill in the missing spaces provided.

latrines and toilets	what it is
flush toilet	A toilet that uses water and connected to a septic tank
Conventional latrine	A latrine without ventilation and flushing mechanisms
enviro loo	A waterless latrine that decomposes human wastes from toilets
potty	A container young children use for defecation and urination
ECOSAN	An ecological latrine that separates and recycles human wastes

- 55. Write down any **two** examples of exotic breeds of pigs kept by (a) Ugandan farmers.
 - **❖ Poland China pigs**

Landrace pigs

Large white pigs

Duroc pigs.

Middle white pigs

- (b) State any **one** reason why castration is important to be carried out among pigs.
- ❖ To make boar produce improved quality meat
- ❖ To make boars calm
- **❖** To make boars easier to handle
- To prevent unwanted breeding (inbreeding) on a farm.

Reject it makes boars grow faster.

- (c) How is photosynthesis in plants useful to pigs in Mr. Katongole's farm in bukada village?
- ***** Helps to provide oxygen to pigs for respiration.
- Helps to provide pigs with food.

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12 END

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