

PLE 2016 MARKING GUIDE INTEGRATED SCIENCE

- 1. Name the gas used in fire extinguishers.
 - Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- 2. State the eye disease spread by houseflies.
 - Trachoma
- 3. Which part of a fish performs a similar function as the human ear?
 - Lateral line
- 4. Name the male reproductive cells in flowers.
 - Pollen grains
- 5. Give any one way in which wood fuel can be conserved.
 - Using energy-efficient/saving stoves
 - covering food while cooking
- 6. What is the use of this instrument at the weather station?
 - To show the strength of wind.
- 7. Which method of heat transfer enables a person to iron clothes using a flat iron?
 - Conduction
- 8. Why should cold water be poured on the part of the body which has been scalded or burnt?
 - To reduce pain and prevent further tissue damage
- 9. Apart from decomposition, in which other way is soil formed?
 - Weathering of rocks
- 10. What is the importance of smoke during the harvesting of honey?
 - To calm the bees



- 11. State the class of lever in which the effort is between the fulcrum and the load.
 - Class 3 lever/Third class levers
- 12. Give a reason why male anopheles mosquitoes do not transmit malaria parasites to humans.
 - They do not feed on blood
- 13. How can foot and mouth disease be controlled in cattle?
 - By vaccination
 - By quarantine
- 14. Give one way in which farmers can improve the supply of nitrogen in the soil without the use of artificial fertilizers.
 - Planting leguminous crops.
- 15. Name muscle P.
 - Biceps
- 16. What happens to muscle Q when the arm is raised?
 - It relaxes.
- 17. Which intestinal worm enters the human body through bare feet?
 - Hookworm
- 18. How do plants make use of the gas given out by animals during respiration?
 - For photosynthesis
- 19. State any one use of plane mirrors to people.
 - For seeing themselves
 - For shaving
 - For security
- 20. Apart from helping in pollination, give one other way in which wind is useful to plants.
 - Wind helps in dispersing seeds



- 21. Which part of a maize grain has a similar function as the cotyledon of a bean seed?
 - Endosperm
- 22. State any one characteristic which shows that a bat is a mammal.
 - Bats give birth to live young ones
- 23. Which blood cells carry oxygen in the body?
 - Red blood cells
- 24. Give any one reason why breastfeeding is encouraged for at least two years?
 - Provides essential nutrients and antibodies to the baby
- 25. Name any one scale in which temperature is measured.
 - Celsius/Fahrenheit scale
- 26. Use arrows to show what happens to the two bar magnets.
 - Opposite poles attract, like poles repel.
- 27. Name the human body system to which the lungs, kidneys, and skin belong.
 - Excretory system
- 28. Give any one way in which bacteria in pit latrines are useful.
 - They decompose human wastes
- 29. Name one disease that affects the stomach because of alcoholism.
 - Gastritis
 - Gastric ulcers
- 30. Apart from polio vaccine, name any other vaccine administered to children at 6 weeks of age.
 - DPT (Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus)
- 31. In which part of the human alimentary canal is water absorbed?
 - Large intestine



32. What is the danger of having too much wax in the human ear?

Can cause temporary hearing loss

33. What form of energy is produced by dry cells?

• Electrical energy

34. Give any one good health habit that can improve the working of the lungs.

Regular exercise

35. Apart from eating a balanced diet, give any one other way of controlling common diseases at home.

Maintaining hygiene

36. Name the method of plant propagation shown in the diagram above.

Grafting

37. Which organs are used by both fish and tadpoles for breathing?

Gills

38. Give any one secondary sex characteristic which is common to both adolescent boys and girls.

• Growth of pubic hair

39. Name the fungi which normally grow on leftover foods.

Moulds

40. What happens to light rays when they meet a convex lens?

• They converge



SECTION B

- 41.a) State any two ways in which vectors spread diseases to humans.
 - Through bites
 - By contaminating food and water
 - b. Give any two ways of preventing vectors from spreading diseases to humans.
 - Using insect repellent
 - Keeping the environment clean
- 42. a) Name the parts marked S and T
 - i. S: Ureter
 - ii. T: Urinary bladder
 - b. What is the function of part marked R.
 - Filtering wastes from the blood
 - c. Give any one disease that affects the above system.
 - Urinary tract infection/kidney stones/bladder infection
- 43. Write the correct effect to the activity in the space provided below:
 - a. Irrigation
 - Allows growth of crops all seasons
 - b. Afforestation
 - Promotes convectional rainfall
 - c. Mulching
 - Preserves soil moisture
 - d. Crop rotation
 - Leads to death of crops pests.

- 44. a) Give any two examples of non-renewable resources in the environment.
 - Coal
 - Crude oil
 - b. State any two ways of conserving non-renewable resources.
 - Recycling
 - Using alternative energy sources
- 45. a) To which group of plants do ferns and liverworts belong?
 - Non-flowering plants
 - b. How is the reproduction of ferns similar to that of liverworts?
 - Both reproduce by spores
 - c. Give two other plants that reproduce in the same way as ferns and liverworts.
 - Mosses
 - Hornworts
 - Horsetails
- 46. a) Name the change of state which takes place when;
 - i. Vapour changes to liquid: Condensation
 - ii. A solid changes directly to gas: **Sublimation**
 - b. Apart from causing a change of state, give two other effects of heat on matter.
 - Expansion
 - Increase in temperature
- 47. a) Name the type of eclipse shown in the diagram above.
 - Solar eclipse
 - b. Name the shadows marked P and Q.
 - i. P: Umbra
 - ii. Q: Penumbra

c. What happens to a person who would be in part X during the eclipse?

• They would see a total eclipse

- 48. a) In which one way is each of the following elements of Primary Health Care (PHC) important to the community?
 - i. Water and sanitation: Prevents waterborne diseases
 - ii. Maternal and child health: Reduces infant and maternal mortality
 - b. Give any two health care services which are provided through maternal and child health.
 - Immunization
 - Antenatal care
- 49. a) Name two systems of keeping poultry that enable a farmer to keep a large number of birds.
 - Battery system
 - Deep litter system
 - b. State any two viral diseases that can spread easily in the above systems of poultry keeping.
 - Newcastle disease
 - Avian influenza
- 50. a) Give any one characteristic which is common to all invertebrates.
 - Lack of a backbone
 - b. To which group of invertebrates do the following animals belong?
 - i. Snail: Molluscs
 - ii. Grasshopper: Insects

- c. State one way in which snails may be dangerous to humans.
 - They can be carriers of parasitic worms
- 51.a) Name the parts marked M and K
 - i. M: Enamel
 - ii. K: Gum
 - b. Which mineral salt helps to form part M?
 - Calcium
 - c. Give the function of part labelled N.
 - To house blood vessels and nerves.
- 52. a) State the method that can be used to separate;
 - i. Fruit seeds from juice: Filtration
 - ii. Millet seeds mixed with its husks: Winnowing
 - b. Give the importance of the following steps in cleaning clothes at home.
 - Sorting: To prevent colour mixing
 - ii. Soaking: To loosen dirt
- 53. a) Write down any two examples of anti-social behaviors in our community.
 - Stealing
 - Vandalism
 - b. State any two ways of controlling anti-social behaviors in our community.
 - Providing education and awareness
 - Enforcing laws
- 54. a) Apart from using solfa notation, mention any two other ways of storing sound.
 - Digital recording/recording
 - Staff notation/Written music sheets

- b. Name two instruments used to reproduce the sound stored by solfa notation.
 - Piano
 - Recorder
 - Xylophone
- 55. The diagram below shows the water cycle. Study and use it to answer questions that follow.
 - a. Name the type of clouds represented by letter A.
 - Nimbus clouds
 - b. State the process taking place at B and C.
 - i. B: **Evaporation**
 - ii. C: Condensation
 - c. What is the importance of the sun in the above diagram?
 - The sun provides heat energy for evaporation, driving the water cycle.

