EDUCATION SOURCE EXAMINATION BOARD

PRE – PLE SET IV/V 2024

Dersonal No

TARGET MARK

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Random No

Time Allowed: 2 hours 15 minutes

	Nanaoni 140.			i Cisoliai No.			1	
Candidate's Name	e:			 	 			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Candidate's Signa	ture	•		 	 			
District ID:			7					

Read the following instructions carefully:

- 1. Do not write your **school** or **district name** on the paper.
- This paper has two sections: A and B.
 Section A has 50 questions (50marks) and section B has 5 questions (50 marks).
- 3. Answer **all** questions. **All** the answers in both sections **A** and **B** must be written in the spaces provided.
- 4. All answers must be written using a blue or black ball point pen or ink. Any work written in pencil will **not** be marked.
- Unnecessary changes in your work and handwriting that cannot be read easily may lead to loss of marks.
- 6. Do not fill anything in the table indicated: "For Examiners' use only" and boxes inside the question paper.

FOR EXAMINERS' USE ONLY					
Qn. No.	MARKS	EXR'S NO.			
1 – 10					
11 – 20					
21 – 30					
31 – 40					
41 – 43					
44 – 46					
47 – 49					
50 – 52					
53 – 55					
TOTAL					

SECTION A

In each of the questions 1-5, fill in the blank space with the most suitable word.

1. Selector Didas is eating	orange	e now.
2. All the	_ who paid the fare we	ere given tickets.
3 always r	ains heavily in the morn	ning.
4. The carpenter	made our dining ta	able visited us last week
5. Pupils in our school	reading	story books to singing.
In each of the questions 6-15	, use the correct form o	f the word given in the
brackets to complete the ser	ntences.	
6. The baby	whenever its mother is	away. (cry)
7. We have just learnt about	vehicle repair and	this
afternoon. (maintain)		
8. Our classrooms have	window p	panes. (colour)
9. The girl who was defiled ha	ot to	the police station. (run
10. The president donated tw	/0	to the farmers of Kaliro
District. (ox)		
11. He is the	boy in our village.	(ugly)
12. All the candidates were g	jiven	numbers. (register)
13. A friend of	buys for him cookie	es every weekend. (he
14. When my brother visited r	ne, he spoke to my tea	chers
than to my parents. (polite	e)	
15. Many	live in Uganda. (Sc	outh Sudan)
In each of the questions 16-1	7, arrange the words in	ABC order
16. whether week weather w	reak	

17. fruit beans banana fish
In each of the questions 18-19, give one word for the underlined group of
words.
18. Last year's candidates went for their outing when people pack food
and take it to eat in an open place at Kiwatule Recreation Centre.
19. The swineherd did not clean the <u>place where pigs live</u> yesterday.
In each of the questions 20-22, rewrite the sentences giving the opposites of
the underlined word.
20. My <u>aun</u> t is very generous.
21. Okello Didas was an <u>obedient</u> boy while at school.
22. Our head teacher <u>often</u> travels to Kampala on Wednesday.
In each of the questions 23-24, write the short form of the given word.
23. metre
24. shall not
In each of the questions 25-26, rewrite the sentence giving the singular form
of the underlined.
25. The <u>buses</u> broke down as we were going to Jinja.
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In each of the questions 27-28, use each of the word in a sentence to s	show
that you know the difference in their meaning.	
27. ship	
28. sheep	
In each of the questions 29-30, arrange the given words to form a corre	ect
sentence.	
29. is, What, weather, today, the?	
30. and, community, The police, order, keep, law, our, in.	
In questions 31-50, rewrite the sentence as instructed in the bracket.	
31. I borrow some money from Nakazzi whenever I am broke. (Rewrite	the
sentence using:lend)	
32. The LDUs ever patrol our zones. (Rewrite using:always)	
33. If you don't save your information on the desktop, you will not accompany to the same and th	ess it
easily. (Rewrite the sentences using:unless)	
34. Some villagers are very poor. They cannot afford airtime.	
(Join the two sentences using:enoughto)	

Join the sentences using:tooto)
Mr. Bwengye received a call before going out.
(Rewrite the sentence using:after)
He did not do the homework because he was very sick.
Rewrite beginning: Had)
Petrol is at a low price. Diesel is at a very low price.
(Rewrite using:than)
t is not necessary for Jane to load all that airtime on her phone.
Rewrite the sentence using:needn't)
People from Congo speak Lingala.
(Rewrite ending:by Congolese.)
f I go to France, I will study French. (Rewrite using:went)

2. Ou	r district had very many thieves. There was no peace.
(Jc	oin the two sentences using:sothat)
	. Karta with draw as a response frame la ar a consult leat we als
	. Kato withdrew some money from her account last week.
(Re	write the sentence using:deposited)
— 4. He	will go to the post office. He will go to the internet café.
(Jc	oin the two sentences using:eitheror)
— 5. The	cargo plane reached the airport at dusk.
(Re	write the sentence using:arrive)
 6. She	e emailed her father by herself. (Rewrite beginning: One)
 7. I ar	n likely to write a letter to my pen pal next week.
(Re	ewrite the sentence using:might)
	nes is a beautiful girl. She is tall. She is from Lesotho.
(Jo	in the two sentences without using 'and')
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. iner	e aren't many vehicles in the garage, are there?
(Rev	vrite the sentence ending:aren't they?)
•	
 50. Imm	ediately I gave the teller my withdrawal form, he gave me the
(Rewrite the sentence ending:aren't they?) 50. Immediately I gave the teller my withdrawal form, he gave me the money. (Rewrite the sentence beginning: No sooner)	

SECTION B

51. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions about it in full sentences.

Food is very essential worldwide. Anything that is good to eat and drink is referred to as food.

In Uganda, many people are likely to suffer from <u>malnutrition</u> this year. This is as a result of locust <u>invasion</u>, drought and floods which have destroyed people's crops and killed their animals.

However, in this country, we have several sources of food. First and foremost, we have fertile soils on which people grow crops. Most farmers in Uganda practice subsistence farming. This only helps them to produce enough food to eat in their homes.

Besides gardens where food is grown, lakes, rivers and swamps are also sources of food. We get different spices of fish from these water bodies. The major water bodies in Uganda are Lake Victoria, River Nile, Lake Albert, Lake George and Lake Edward.

In <u>urban</u> areas, people get their food from the markets, supermarkets and shops. There are a variety of fresh fruits, fish, bananas, cassava, yams and many others. People have different ways of keeping their food safe. In rural areas, people keep their food in stores and granaries. Those in towns put their food in fridges for preservation. Some villages

have also acquired electricity and solar energy, so they equally use fridges to keep their food safe.

It is one thing to have food and another to know what to eat. Most Ugandans do not know the right quality and quantity of food to eat. We should remember that cases of malnutritional diseases arise when people don't eat balanced diet.

The government of Uganda should come up with educative programmes to help the citizens know the value of good feeding to reduce cases of malnutrition and also improve on food storage.

Questions

	SIIONS
. W	hat is the above passage about?
_	
	hy are people likely to suffer from malnutrition this year according to e passage?
М	ention any one source of food to people apart from the gardens.
_	
. Но –	ow do people in urban areas preserve their food?
- . Ad	ccording to the passage, which people store food in granaries?
- 6. W	'hen do malnutritional cases arise?

7. Apart from	n electricity, what has some villagers acquired?
8. What has	the government done to reduce cases of malnutrition?
	word or group of words that mean the same as the ones
a) invasio	n
52. Read the sentence Uganda From Ce Hardwor They also Very car	e poem below carefully and answer the questions about it in fu
In Faster	n Uganda,

In Eastern Uganda,
There are black beauty queens,
Humble and cultured,
Hard-working and full of smiles,
Generous to their <u>parents</u> and husband,
And love their children.

In Northern Uganda,
One encounters muscular ladies,
Very faithful to their spouses,
Dark –skinned but beautiful,
Just like the rainbow,
<u>Treasure</u> their marriage like gold.

In Western Uganda, One finds another group of beautiful ladies So loving and caring, Strongly rooted in their culture, Hard-working and developmental, Different regions but one people.

Kasibante Didas

Questions

What is the above poem about?	
2. How many regions have been mentioned in the poem?	
3. According to the poem, where can one find lovers of wealth?	_
4. Which stanza talks about women who are generous to their parents and husbands?	 k
5. From which region do we find women who treasure their marriages like gold?	
6. If one wanted to see loving and caring women, to which region would one go?	
7. How many stanzas has the poem?	_

8. By whom was the poem written?
9. Give one word or group of words with the same meaning as the
underlined words in the poem
a) parents
b) treasure
53. The calendar below is for the month of October 2024. Study it carefully

53. The calendar below is for the month of October 2024. Study it carefully and in full sentences answer the questions that follow.

Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Sat.
		1	2	3	4	5
						Teachers'
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Independence			
			Day			
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

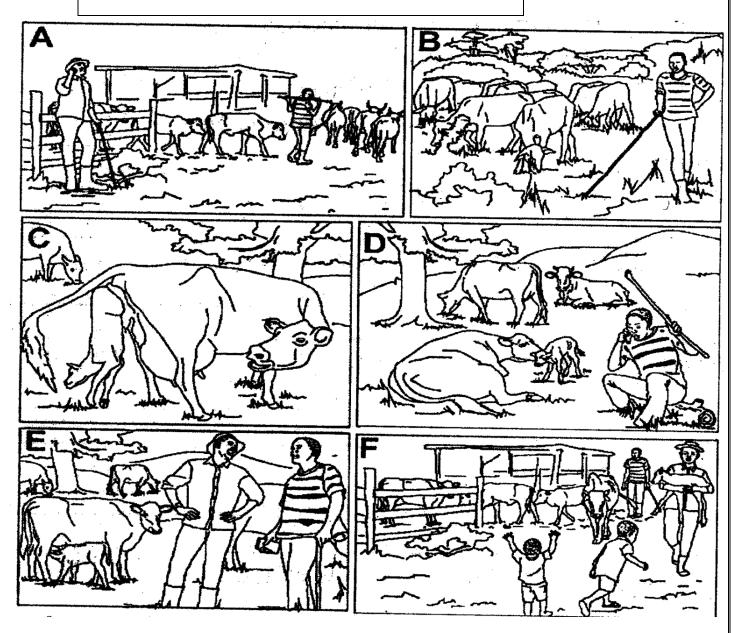
Questions

1. For which month is the above calendar?	
2. How many Saturdays were in this month?	

3. On w	vhich day did this month begin?
4. Whic	ch public holiday was on Monday?
5. How	many public holidays are shown on the calendar?
 6. Whic	ch month comes before the one shown above?
7. How	many days were in the above month?
-	do you think Matia, a primary four boy did not go to school on 9 th er, 2024?
9. Whe	n did the month end?
 10. Wri	te the full form of Wed.
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55. The picture A – F tell a story. Study them and write one sentence to describe what is happening in each picture. You may use any of the following words to help you.

owner, herdsmen, graze, birth, happy, rest, calf cows, phone, children, kraal, grass, call, suckle



Picture A _	
Picture B _	
Picture C _	
Picture D _	
Picture F _	
g) What ar ———	re the cows doing in picture B ?
(h) Who is	speaking on the phone in picture D ?
	d the owner of the cows get to know that his cow had giving a calf?
(j) Why do	you think the people in picture F are happy?

END
competitions.
Patron of your school and present to him that idea. Suggest the classes to participate, the time for doing practice and the dates for the
volleyball in October this year. Write a letter to the Games and Sports
You want to organize inter-house competitions in football, netball and