

PRIMARY SCHOOL'S EXAMINATION

P.7 TERM II EXAMINATIONS (SET TWO) PRIMARY SEVEN SST / R.E

Time Allowed: 2 hours 15 minutes

INDEX NO.

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Name:.....

School:.....

Stream:.....

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTILL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Read the following instructions carefully:

1. This paper is made up of two sections: A and B
2. Section A, has 40 short- answer questions (40marks)
3. Section B has 15 quesitions (60 marks)
4. Answer ALL quesitions, All answers to both section A and B Must be written in the spaces provided.
5. All answer MUST be written using a blue or black ball - point pen or ink. Only diagrams should be done in pencil.
6. Unnecessary alteration of work may lead to loss of marks.
7. Any handwriting that cannot easily be read may lead to loss of marks.
8. Do not fill anything in the box indicated "for examiners use only"

FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY

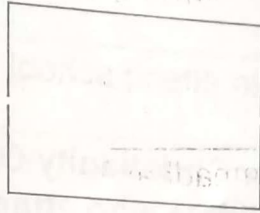
QN. NO.	MARKS	SIGN
1 - 10		
11 - 20		
21 - 30		
31 - 40		
41 - 43		
44 - 46		
47 - 49		
50 - 52		
53 - 55		
TOTAL		

Organised by: Nakitto Teacher's office , Tel: 0754 946 890/ 0777810 284

SECTION A

1. Name one type of scale used on a map.
2. Write the climatic region of Africa where Merion sheep are reared.
3. Mention any one building material got from swamps.
4. State any one danger of prolonged drought to animals
5. Why should school children be taught about road safety?
6. Which stanza of the Uganda National Anthem says; " Our love and labour we give..."
7. Give one reason why it is difficult to control population growth in African countries.
8. State the use of a map to rally driver.
9. How did the coming of Alexander Mackay improve the education sector of Uganda?
10. Which ministry is Uganda is in charge of decentralization?
11. State one cause of road accidents on Uganda's roads.
12. How is an oasis important for people in desert areas?
13. Give one advantage of a tarmac road over a murram road.
14. Mention any one way Africans used to demand for their independence.
15. Point out any one way early man obtained food.
16. State any one cause of school dropouts in Uganda today.
17. Give one reason for promoting and preserving culture in our communities.

18. Draw a map of a shoe in the space below



19. How do Ugandans contribute to the development of their country?

20. Give one reason why the areas along the equator receive high temperature.

21. How did the 1890 Anglo- German agreement affect the countries of East Africa?

22. Apart from electing prefects, state one other way democracy is practiced in schools

23. Why is it difficult to read a map without a key?

24. How was the Church Missionary Society important to IBEACO?

25. Mention any one way agriculture contributes to industrial development.

26. How did the discovery of iron smelting improve the life of early man?

27. Why did early traders move in caravans?

28. Who designed the Uganda Coat of Arms?

29. Why was Tanzania referred to as a mandate state?

30. Give one way in which peace and security help to promote development in Uganda.

31. Write any one danger of rapid population growth.

32. Give any one way people save money.

33. How do mobile phones promote trade in Uganda?

34. Give one way in which the revival of the EAC has promoted trade in the region.

35. Why are school-going children advised to attend school assemblies?

For each questions 36 to 40, answer **Either Christianity Or. Islam But Not Both**. No marks will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives.

36. Either; Which day marks the beginning of the Holy week?

Or; Which celebration marks the end of Ramadhan?

37. Either; Why did God create Eve for Adam?

Or ; Why did Allah create Hawa?

38. Either; Who did God send on earth to save mankind from sin?

Or; Whom did Allah call to purify Islam?

39. Either; How are Saints remembered in Christianity?

Or; How are Caliphs remembered in Islam?

40. BOTH; State one common practice between Muslims and Christians.

SECTION B

41. [a] Give the meaning of the term communication.

[b] State any two ways in which good communication network promotes trade.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[c] Mention any one barrier to effective communication in East Africa.

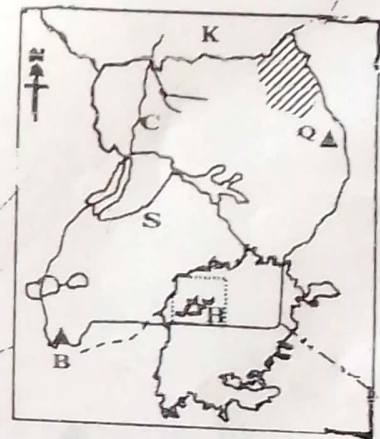
42. [a] What is child labour?

[b] Give two reasons why child labour is common in most communities of Uganda.

[i] _____
[ii] _____

[c] How can child labour be controlled in Uganda?

Use the map of Uganda to answer the questions that follow.



43. [a] Name the physical feature marked with letter Q.

[b] Why does the river marked C flow towards country K?

[c] Name the capital city of the country marked with letter B.

[d] Identify the district marked with letter H

44. [a] How does corruption affect the provision of social services in a country?

[b] Cite any three other problem faced by the government in providing social services.

[i] _____
[ii] _____
[iii] _____

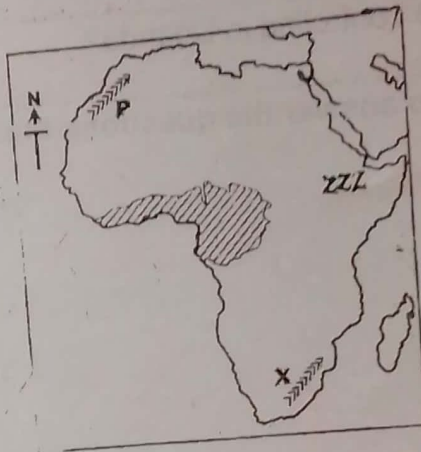
45 [a] Mention two cause of problems between a school and its neighbourhood.

[i] _____
[ii] _____

[b] In which two ways can problems between a school and its neighbourhood be prevented.

[i] _____ [ii] _____

Study the map of Africa below and answer the questions that follow.



46. [a] Name the land locked country in the region **ZZZ**.

[b] Why is road construction difficult in the shaded region?

[c] How was the physical feature marked **X** formed?

[d] Draw the Greenwich line on the map of Africa above.

47[a] Mention any two tribes in Africa that practice Trans- humance

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[b] Why do the tribes above practice Trans - humance?

[c] How is Trans-humance different from nomadic Pastoralism?

48. [a] Name any one lake found in the Western arm of the Rift Valley.

[b] Mention any two problems faced by people living in the rift valley region.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[c] Give any one reason why rift valley lakes are salty.

49 [a] Name the oldest Stone Age site in East Africa.

[b] Why is the Stone Age site above important?

[c] Give any two advantages of archeology.

[i]

[ii]

50. Match and complete the table below correctly.

List A

Sabiny

Acholi

Abaluhya

Lugbara

List B

River - lake Nilotes

Bantu

Highland Nilotes

Subdanic

[i] Sabiny; _____

[ii] Acholi _____

[iii] Abaluhya _____

[iv] Lugbara _____

For each question 51 to 55, answer Either Christianity Or Islam But Not Both. No marks will be awarded to a candidate who attempts both alternatives.

51. Either; [a] Give two ways African Traditional Religion is similar to Christianity [i] _____

[ii] _____

[b] State any two differences between African Traditional Religion and Christianity [i] _____

[ii] _____

Or; [a] Give two ways African Traditional Religion is similar to Islam.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[b] State any two differences between African Traditional Religion and Islam

[i] _____

[ii] _____

52. Either; [a] Apart from Christianity and Islam, name any other two world religions.

[i] _____ [ii] _____

[b] In which two ways can Christians show respect to people of other religions?

[i] _____

[ii] - _____

Or; [a] Apart from Islam and Christianity, name any other two world religions.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[b] In which two ways can Muslims show respect to people of other religions.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

53. Both; [a] Name any two prophets in either the Bible or the Qur'an.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[b] Give any one quality of true prophet of God / Allah.

[c] How are prophets important in Christianity or Islam?

54. Both ; [a] Point out two ways in which either the Bible or Qur'an is unique book.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[b] In which two ways do people show respect to either the Bible or the Qur'an?

[i] _____

[ii] _____

55. BOTH; [a] On which day do Christians or Muslims gather for congregational prayers?

[b] State any three ways in which congregational prayers are important to a believer.

[i] _____

[ii] _____

[iii] _____

END