

## SECTION A

- 53

222✓✓ B2

TH	TH	H	T	2
5	4	0	4	5

Fifty four-thousand, forty five ✓✓ B2

$$(a \times a \times a) \times (2 \times b)$$

$$(2 \times 2 \times 2) - (2 \times 1) \checkmark M_1$$

$$(8) - (-2) \checkmark$$

$$\underline{8 + 2 = 10 \checkmark A}$$

3, 4, 7, 12, 19, 28, 39 ✓ B1

$y_1, y_3, y_5, y_7, y_9, y_{11}, \dots, y_{39}$

$$28 + 11 = 39 \checkmark$$

An analog clock face with numbers 1 through 12. The hour hand is slightly past 10, and the minute hand is pointing at 2.

12:50 PM ✓ B

12:50 ✓  
+ 00 00 hours ✓  

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12:50 hours ✓ B1

OR

12	50V
+00	00 ✓
12	50 hours ✓
	B

6. Simplify

$$\frac{9}{21} \div \frac{3}{7}$$

$$L.C.M = 21$$

$$\left(\frac{21}{1} \times \frac{9}{21}\right) \div \left(\frac{21}{7} \times \frac{3}{7}\right) \checkmark M1$$

$$(1 \times 9) \div (3 \times 3) \checkmark$$

$$9 \div 9 = 1 \checkmark A1$$

$$\frac{9}{21} \div \frac{3}{7} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{9}{21} \times \frac{7}{3} \checkmark M1$$

$$\frac{1 \times 1}{1 \times 1} = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$= 1 \checkmark A1$$

$$\frac{9}{21} \div \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\frac{9 \div 3}{21 \div 7} = \frac{3}{3} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{3}{3} \checkmark$$

$$= 1 \checkmark A1$$

7. Work out

$$(72 \times 5) - (5 \times 48)$$

$$= 360 - 240 \checkmark M1$$

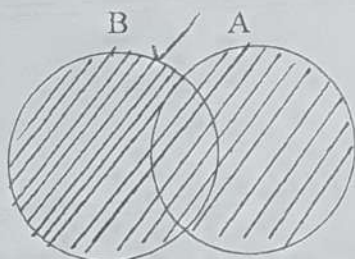
$$= 120 \checkmark A1$$

$$5(72 - 48) \checkmark$$

$$5(24) \checkmark M1$$

$$5 \times 24 = 120 \checkmark A1$$

8. Shade either set A or set B



B2

9. Find the value of 3 in 4321 five

$$3 \times \text{five} = \text{fifteen} \checkmark$$

$$3 \times 5 \times 5 \checkmark$$

$$3 \times 10 \times \text{five} \times 10 \times \text{five} = 300 \text{ five} \checkmark A1$$

10. Find the G.C.F of 18 and 27

$$F_{18} = \{1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18\} \checkmark$$

$$F_{27} = \{1, 3, 9, 27\} \checkmark B1$$

$$CF = \{1, 3, 9\} \checkmark$$

$$G.C.F = 9 \checkmark B1$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} 3 & 18 & 27 \\ \hline 3 & 6 & 9 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 3 \end{array} \checkmark B1$$

$$G.C.F = 3 \times 3 \checkmark$$

$$= 9 \checkmark B1$$



11. The cost of three US dollars is Ug sh. 10,950. Find the number of dollars that Martha will buy with Ug. sh. 255,500

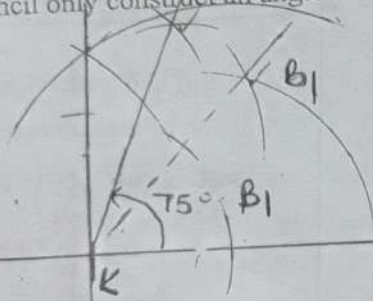
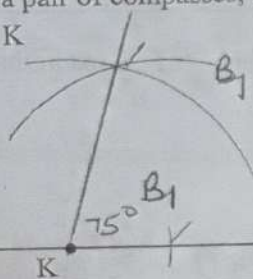
$$\begin{array}{r} 10950 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5110 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \times 73 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

70 us dollars. B1

12. Using a pair of compasses, a ruler and a pencil only construct an angle of  $75^\circ$  at point K

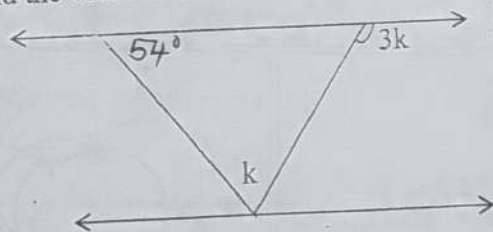


13. Work out the median of 1, -2, 3, -3, 4 and 3

$$\begin{aligned} &= -3, -2, 1, 3, 3, 4 \\ &= \frac{1+3}{2} \\ &= \frac{4}{2} \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 4, 3, 3, 1, -2, -3 \\ &= \frac{3+1}{2} \\ &= \frac{4}{2} \\ &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

14. Find the value of k in the diagram below



$$k + 54^\circ = 3k$$

$$k - 3k + 54 = 3k - 3k$$

$$-2k + 54 = 0$$

$$-2k + 54 - 54 = 0 - 54$$

$$-2k + 0 = -54$$

$$\frac{-2k}{-2} = \frac{-54}{-2}$$

$$k = 27$$

$$3k = k + 54^\circ$$

$$3k - k = k - k + 54^\circ$$

$$2k = 0 + 54^\circ$$

$$\frac{2k}{2} = \frac{54^\circ}{2}$$

$$k = 27^\circ$$

- (c) Work out the number of pupils who do not eat fish at all  
(01 marks)

$$4t - 8 + t$$

$$4 \times 10 - 8 + 10 \checkmark$$

$$40 - 8 + 10 \checkmark$$

$$32 + 10 = 42 \checkmark B1$$

22. A school Bursar went to the market and bought the following items

2kg of meat at sh. 15,000 per kg

4kg of rice at sh. 5,000 each kg

3 ½ kg of sugar at sh. 4,600 per kg

1 ½ kg of tea leaves at sh. 1,500

If the Bursar was given a change of sh. 23,000, find the total amount of money, he went with (05 marks)

$$\text{meat} = \text{sh. } 15000 \times 2$$

$$= \text{sh. } 30,000 \checkmark B1$$

$$\text{Rice} = \text{sh. } 5000 \times 4$$

$$= \text{sh. } 20,000 \checkmark B1$$

$$\text{sugar} = \text{sh. } 4600 \times 3.5$$

$$= \text{sh. } 16,100 \checkmark B1$$

$$\text{Tea leaves} = \text{sh. } 1500 \times 1.5$$

$$\text{sh. } 30,000 \checkmark$$

$$\text{sh. } 20,000 \checkmark$$

$$\text{sh. } 16,100 \checkmark M1$$

$$\text{sh. } 23,000 \checkmark$$

$$+ \text{sh. } 1,500 \checkmark$$

$$\text{sh. } 90,600 \checkmark A1$$

23. A packet containing 2 dozen of pens weighs 9.6kg, if the empty packet weighs 2.4kg. Find the weight of each pen in grammes.

$$9.6 \text{ kg} \quad 1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}$$

$$- 2.4 \text{ kg}$$

$$\hline 7.2 \text{ kg} \checkmark B1$$

$$72 \times 1000 \checkmark$$

$$7200 \text{ g} \checkmark B1$$

$$1 \text{ dozen} = 12 \text{ pens}$$

$$2 \text{ dozen} = 2 \times 12$$

$$= 24 \text{ pens} \checkmark B1$$

$$\text{No. of pens} = \frac{7200}{24} \text{ g}$$

$$300 \text{ g} \checkmark B1$$

(04 marks)

$$9.6 \times 1000 = 9600 \text{ g} \checkmark B1$$

$$2.4 \times 1000 = 2400 \text{ g} \checkmark B1$$

$$9600 \text{ g} - 2400 \text{ g} = 7200 \text{ g} \checkmark$$

$$2 \text{ dozen} = 2 \times 12$$

$$= 24 \text{ pens} \checkmark B1$$

$$\frac{7200}{24} = 300 \text{ g} \checkmark B1$$



19. Work out  $20 \div 5 \times 4$

$$(20 \div 5) \times 4 \checkmark M1$$

$$4 \times 4 = 16 \checkmark A1$$

20. A motorist rode 150km in 75 minutes, find the speed of the motorist in kilometres per hour

1h = 60 min     $Speed = Distance \div Time \checkmark$

$$S = D \div T \checkmark$$

$$S = 150km \div \frac{75}{60} hr \checkmark M1$$

$$S = 6km \times \frac{20}{h} \checkmark$$

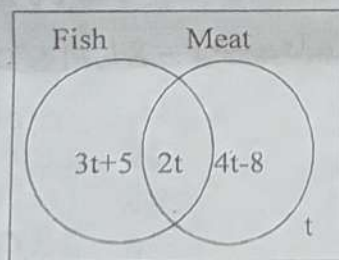
$$S = 150km \times \frac{60}{75} \checkmark$$

$$= 120km/hr \checkmark$$

$$S = 120km/hr \checkmark A1$$

### SECTION B

21. The diagram below shows the number of pupils in a p.7 class who eat meat(M) and Fish(F)



(a) Find the value of  $t$ , if 52 pupils eat meat.

(02marks)

$$2t + 4t - 8 = 52 \checkmark M1$$

$$6t - 8 = 52 \checkmark$$

$$6t - 8 + 8 = 52 + 8 \checkmark$$

$$6t + 0 = 60 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{6t}{6} = \frac{60}{6} \checkmark \quad t = 10 \checkmark A1$$

(b) Find the total number of pupils in the class

(01 marks)

$$= (3 \times 10 + 5) + (2 \times 10) + (4 \times 10 - 8) + 10 \checkmark$$

$$= (30 + 5) + (20) + (40 - 8) + 10 \checkmark$$

$$= 35 + 20 + 32 + 10 \checkmark$$

$$= 97 \text{ Pts} \checkmark B1$$

15. Given that

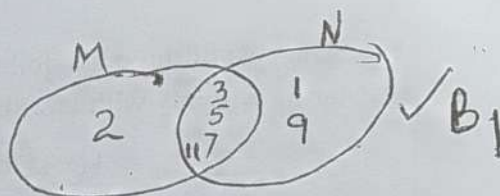
Set  $M = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11\}$

Set  $N = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11\}$

Find  $n [N-M]$ .

$$N - M = \{1, 9\} \checkmark B1$$

$$n(C-N-M) = 2 \checkmark B1$$



$$N-M = \{1, 9\} \checkmark$$

$$n(N-M) = 2 \sqrt{B_1}$$

16. A girl had a cup  $\frac{3}{4}$  full of tea, she drank  $\frac{2}{9}$  of the tea in the cup. Find the fraction of the cup remained with tea.

$$\frac{3}{4} - \left( \frac{1}{9} \times \frac{3}{4} \right) \sqrt{M_1}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{(3 \times 3) - (2 \times 1)}{12}$$

$$= \frac{9 - 2}{12} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{7}{12} A$$

17. A boy bought 4 packets of biscuits each weighing 350g. Find the weight of the biscuits in kilogrammes

$$4 \times 350 = 1400 \text{ g Bi}$$

$$1\text{Kg} = 1000\text{g} \checkmark$$

$$1400g = \frac{1400g}{1000g}$$

$$\frac{14}{10} = 1.4 \text{ Kg}$$

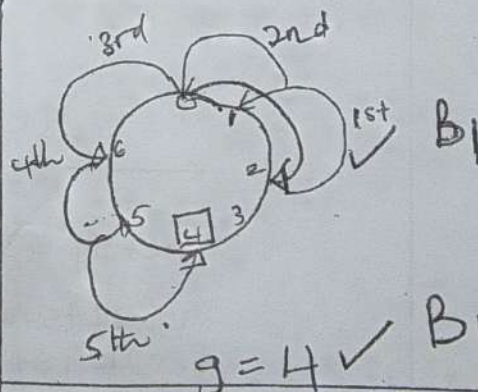
18. Find the value of  $g$

$$2-5=g(\text{finite } 7)$$

$$742-5 = 9(\text{finite}) \checkmark M1$$

$$9-5 = 4 \text{ (finite)} \checkmark$$

$$4 = g(\text{finite} \vee A)$$





24. (a) Find the sum of the value of 6 and the value of 9 in the number 6539 (03 marks)

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \times 1000 = 6000 \checkmark B_1 \\ 9 \times 1 = 9 \checkmark B_1 \\ \hline 6009 \checkmark B_1 \end{array}$$

- (b) Work out  $1010_{\text{five}} - 344_{\text{five}}$  (02 marks)

$$\begin{array}{r} \overset{4}{10} \overset{5}{10} \overset{5}{10} \text{ five } M_1 \\ - 344 \\ \hline 111 \text{ five. } A_1 \end{array}$$

25. A bus reached Mbarara from Kasese at 3:20pm, if the journey took 100 minutes

- (a) Find the time at which the bus left Kasese (03 marks)

$$1h = 60 \text{ min}$$

$$60 \text{ min} = 1h$$

$$1 \text{ min} = \left(\frac{1}{60}\right) h$$

$$100 \text{ min} = \left(\frac{1}{60} \times 100\right) h$$

$$= \frac{5}{3} h$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \text{ rem } 2 \\ 3 \overline{) 5} \\ \underline{3} \\ 2 \end{array}$$

$$= 1 \frac{2}{3} h$$

$$1h, \left(\frac{2}{3} \times 60\right)$$

$$1h, 40 \text{ min } B_1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3:20 \checkmark \\ - 1:40 \checkmark M_1 \\ \hline 1:40 \text{ PM } \checkmark A_1 \end{array}$$



- (b) If the distance from Kasese to Mbarara is 150km, find the average speed of the bus in metres per seconds (03 marks)

$$\text{Speed} = \text{Distance} \div \text{Time}$$

$$S = D \div T$$

$$S = 150 \text{ km} \div \frac{5}{3} \text{ h}$$

$$S = 150 \text{ km} \times \frac{3}{5} \text{ h}$$

$$S = 30 \text{ km} \times \frac{3}{h}$$

$$S = 90 \text{ km/h}$$

$$5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ m/s}$$

26. (a) Solve  $\frac{1}{2}n - \frac{3}{1} = \frac{n+1}{1}$  (03 marks)

$$\text{L.C.M} = 2$$

$$(2 \times \frac{1}{2}n) - (2 \times 3) = (2 \times n) + (2 \times 1)$$

$$n - 6 = 2n + 2$$

$$n - 2n - 6 = 2n - 2n + 2$$

$$-n - 6 = 0 + 2$$

$$-n - 6 + 6 = 2 + 6$$

$$-n + 6 - 6 = 8$$

$$-n = 8$$

$$\frac{-n}{-1} = \frac{8}{-1}$$

$$n = -8$$

$$\frac{1}{2}n - n = 1 + 3$$

$$\frac{1}{2}n - \frac{n}{1} = \frac{4}{1}$$

$$2 \times \frac{1}{2}n - 2 \times n = 2 \times 4$$

$$n - 2n = 8$$

$$-n = 8$$

$$n = -8$$

- (b) Simplify  $4g - 7k - 2g + 3k$

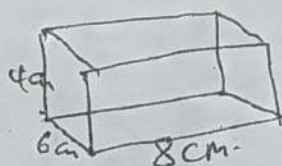
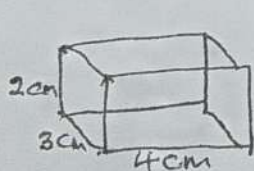
$$4g - 2g + 3k - 7k$$

$$2g - 4k$$

$$3k - 7k + 4g - 2g$$

$$-4k + 2g$$

27. A cuboid of sides 2cm by 3cm by 4cm has a mass of 2kg. find the mass of a cuboid made by similar materials of sides 4cm by 6cm by 8cm (06 marks)



$$V = L \times W \times h$$

$$V = 4 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = 24 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V = L \times W \times h$$

$$V = 8 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm} \times 4 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = 192 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$24 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ rep. } 2 \text{ Kg}$$

$$1 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ represents } \frac{2 \text{ Kg}}{24}$$

$$192 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ rep. } \left( \frac{2}{24} \times 192 \right) \text{ Kg}$$

$$= 16 \text{ Kg}$$

$$= 16 \text{ Kg}$$



28. The average of 12,  $g$ , 7,  $g+1$ ,  $g$  and  $g-2$  is 9.

a) Find the value of  $g$ . (03 marks)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total} &= 6 \times 9 \\ &= 54 \quad \checkmark \quad B1 \end{aligned}$$

$$12 + g + 7 + g + 1 + g - 2 + g = 54 \quad \checkmark \quad M1$$

$$g + g + g + g + 12 - 2 + 7 + 1 = 54 \quad \checkmark$$

$$4g + 10 + 8 = 54 \quad \checkmark$$

$$4g + 18 = 54 \quad \checkmark$$

$$4g + 18 - 18 = 54 - 18 \quad \checkmark$$

$$4g + 10 = 36 \quad \checkmark$$

$$4g = 36 \quad \checkmark$$

$$4g = 36 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{4g}{4} = \frac{36}{4} \quad \checkmark$$

$$g = 9 \quad \checkmark \quad A1$$

(b) Work out the range of the numbers

(01 marks)

12

$$g = 9 \quad \checkmark$$

$$g + 1 = 9 + 1 = 10 \quad \checkmark$$

$$g = 9 \quad \checkmark$$

$$g - 2 = 9 - 2 = 7 \quad \checkmark$$

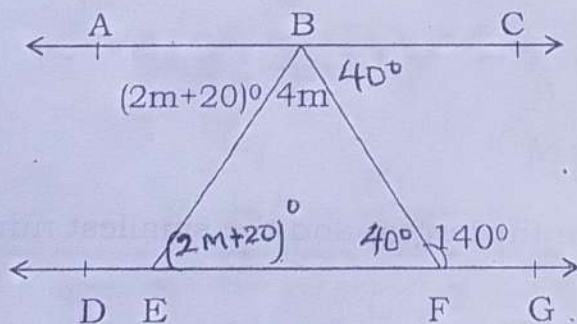
nos are 7, 8, 9, 9, 10 and 12

range = Highest - lowest

$$\text{range} = 12 - 7 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{range} = 5 \quad \checkmark \quad B1$$

29. (a) Find the value of  $m$  in the diagram below (02 marks)



$$180^\circ - 140^\circ = 40^\circ$$

$$2m + 20^\circ + 4m + 40^\circ = 180^\circ \quad \checkmark \quad M1$$

$$2m + 4m + 20^\circ + 40^\circ = 180^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$6m + 60^\circ = 180^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$6m + 60^\circ - 60^\circ = 180^\circ - 60^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$6m + 0 = 120^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{6m}{6} = \frac{120^\circ}{6} \quad \checkmark$$

$$m = 20^\circ \quad \checkmark \quad A1$$

$$4m + 2m + 20^\circ = 140^\circ \quad \checkmark \quad M1$$

$$4m + 2m + 20^\circ = 140^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$6m + 20^\circ = 140^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$6m + 20^\circ - 20^\circ = 140^\circ - 20^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$6m + 0 = 120^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{6m}{6} = \frac{120^\circ}{6} \quad \checkmark$$

$$m = 20^\circ \quad \checkmark \quad A1$$



b) Find the size of the angle marked FEB

(02 marked)

$$\angle FEB = 2m + 20^\circ \checkmark$$

$$\angle FEB = (2 \times 20) + 20^\circ \checkmark M1$$

$$\angle FEB = 40^\circ + 20^\circ \checkmark$$

$$\angle FEB = 60^\circ \checkmark A1$$

30. Given the digits 3, 5, and 0

(a) Form all the four numbers that will be formed using the above digits (04 marks)

$$(i) 305 \checkmark B1$$

$$(ii) 350 \checkmark B1$$

$$(iii) 503 \checkmark B1$$

$$(iv) 530 \checkmark B1$$

(b) Find the difference between the largest and the smallest numbers formed (02 marks)

$$\text{Difference} = \text{Highest} - \text{Lowest}$$

$$D = 530 - 305 \checkmark M1$$

$$D = \begin{array}{r} \phantom{0}^{\text{h}} \phantom{0}^{\text{t}} \phantom{0}^{\text{u}} \\ 530 \\ - 305 \\ \hline 225 \end{array} \checkmark A1$$



31. (a) Simplify

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \div \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{10}$$

(03 marks)

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{8}{3} \times \frac{3}{10} \quad \checkmark M1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{(5 \times 1) + (1 \times 2)}{10} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{5+2}{10} \quad \checkmark M1$$

$$= \frac{7}{10} \quad \checkmark A1$$

b) In L.C.1 meeting the ratio of men to woman was 3:5 respectively. 30 women attended the meeting. Find the total number of people who attended the meeting

(03 marks)

$$\text{Total ratio} = \frac{m+w}{3+5} = 8 \quad \checkmark B1$$

Let the total no of people be  $t$

$$\frac{5}{8}t = 30 \quad \checkmark M1$$

$$\frac{5t}{8} = 30 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{8 \times 5t}{5 \times 8} = \frac{30 \times 8 \times 5}{5} \quad \checkmark$$

$$t = 6 \times 8 \quad \checkmark$$

$$t = 48 \text{ people} \quad \checkmark A1$$

OR Fraction of women  $\frac{3}{8}$

$$30 \div \frac{3}{8} = \frac{8 \times 30}{3} = 80 \quad \checkmark M1$$

$$\frac{6}{8} \times 8$$

$$6 \times 8 = 48 \text{ people} \quad \checkmark A1$$

Total parts = 3+5 = 8  $\checkmark B1$

5 parts rep. 30  $\checkmark$

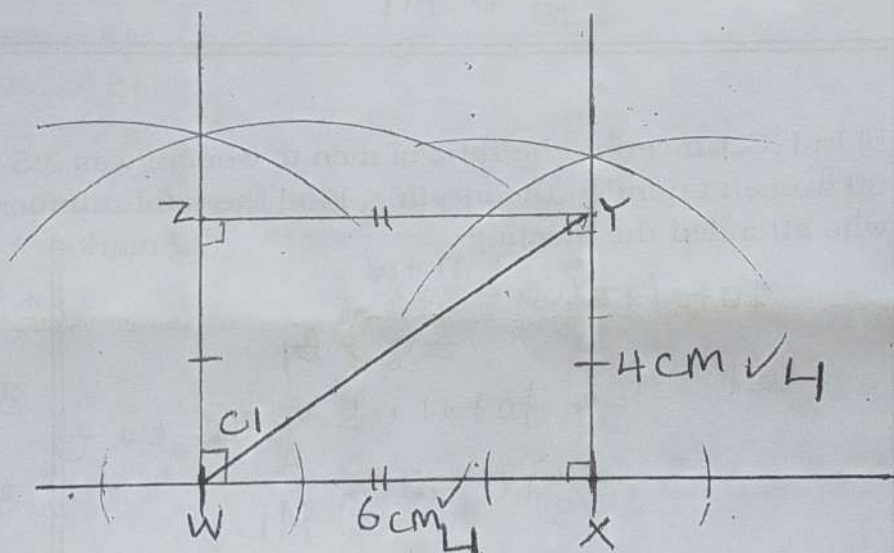
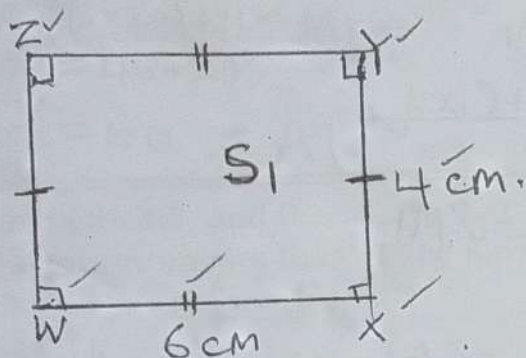
1 part rep.  $\frac{30}{5} \quad \checkmark M1$

8 parts rep.  $\frac{30 \times 8}{5} \quad \checkmark$

$$6 \times 8 = 48 \text{ people} \quad \checkmark A1$$



32. Using a pair of compasses, a ruler and a pencil only construct a quadrilateral ZWXY such that  $WX=6\text{cm}$ ,  $YX=4\text{cm}$  and angle  $W=90^\circ$  (04 marks)



- (b) Measure angle YWX (01 marks)

$$\angle YWX = 34^\circ / 35^\circ / 36^\circ \checkmark B1$$

**\*\*END\*\***