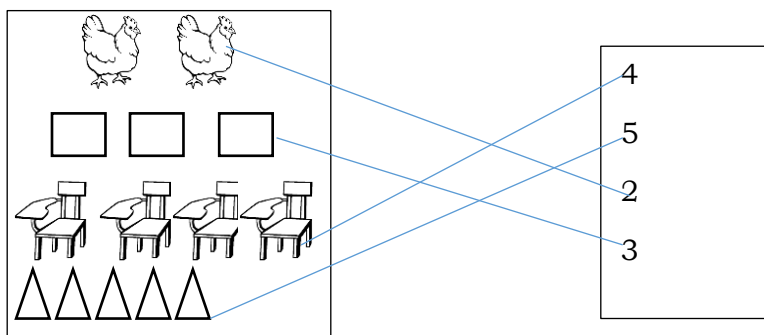
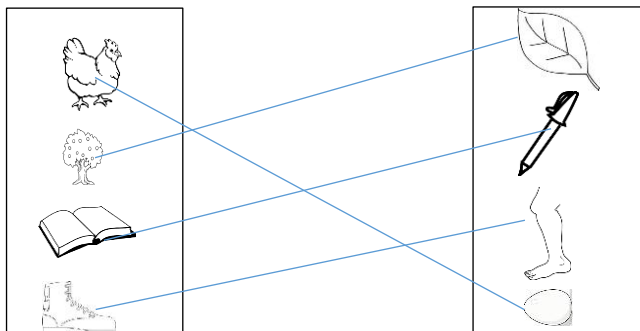
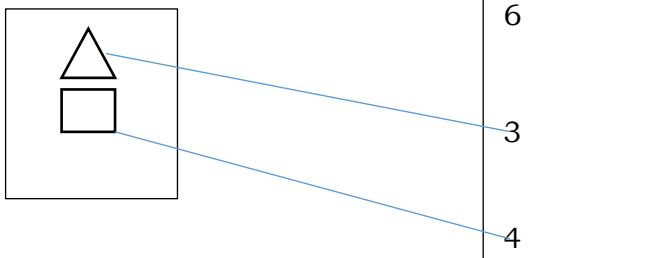
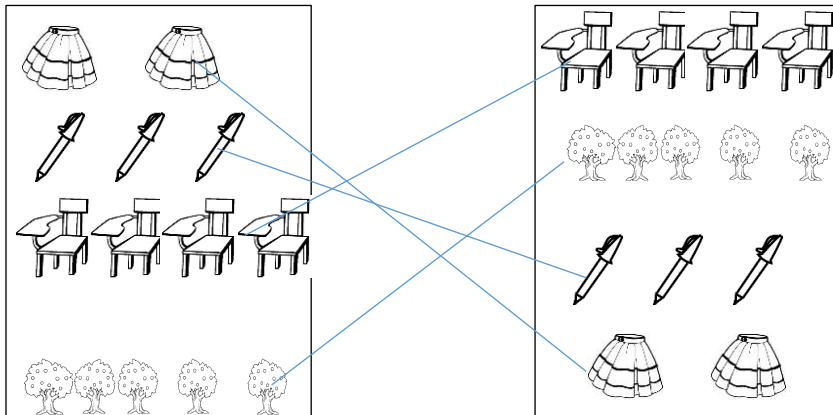
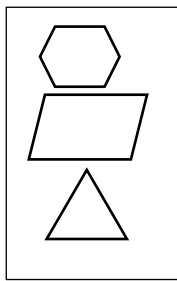


## Matching sets

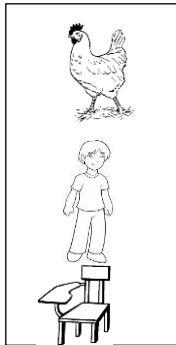
Examples

Match these sets.





- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

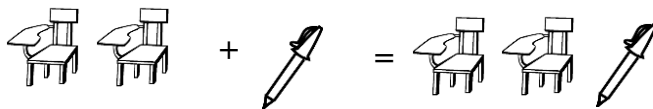
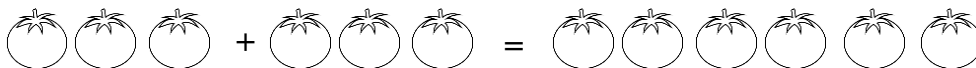
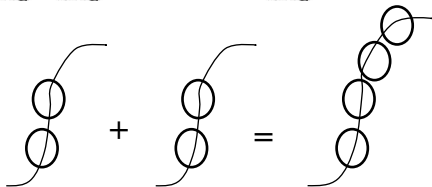
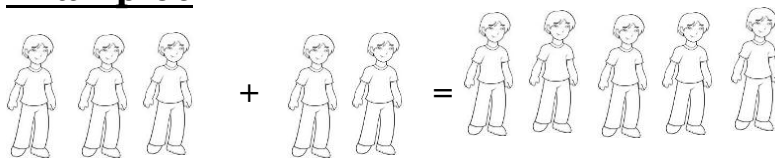


book  
cat  
chair

- 5
- 4
- 3

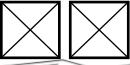
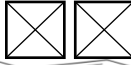


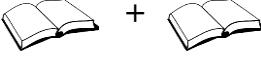


## Adding pictures

### Examples



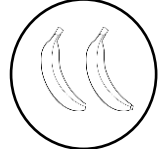
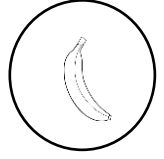
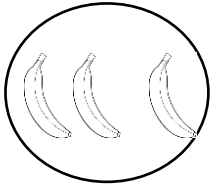
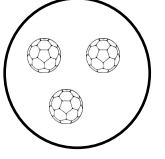
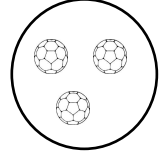
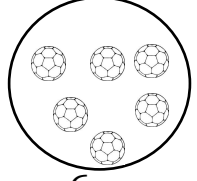


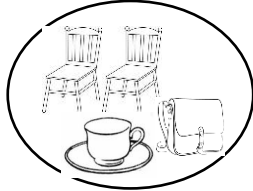
## Activity

### Add objects

- a)  +  = \_\_\_\_\_
- b)  +  = \_\_\_\_\_
- c)  = \_\_\_\_\_
- d)  +  = \_\_\_\_\_
- e) 3,b,4,f, + 6,8,k = \_\_\_\_\_
- f) 4,5,6 + 7,8,9 = \_\_\_\_\_




## Joining sets

### Examples

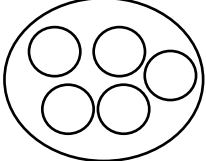
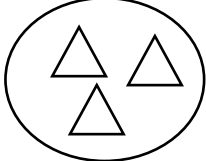
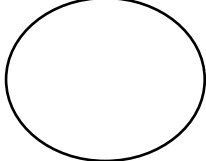
- a)  +  =   
2 + 1 = 3
- b)  +  =   
3 + 3 = 6
- c)  +  =   
2 + 2 = 4

## **Activity**

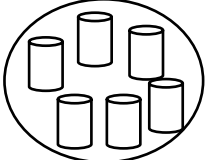
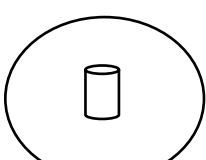
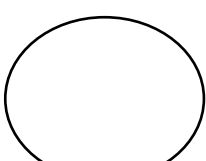
### **Join these sets**

1.  +  = 

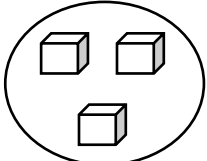
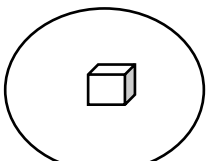
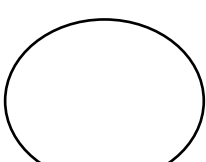
3 + 2 =         

2.  +  = 

5 + 3 =         

3.  +  = 

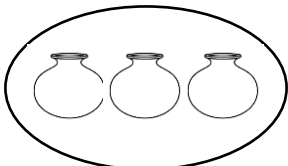
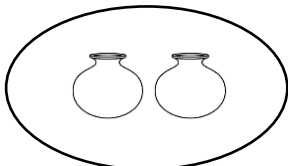
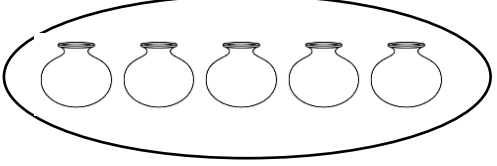
6 + 1 =         

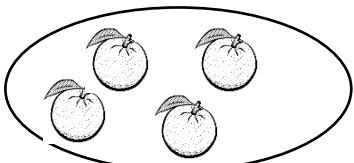
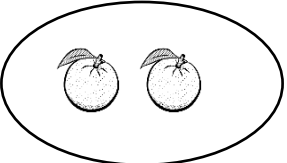
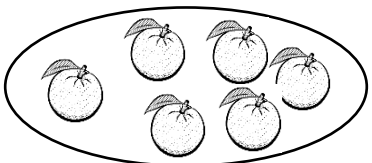
4.  +  = 

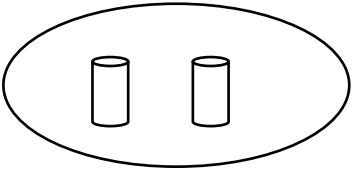
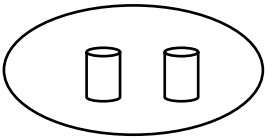
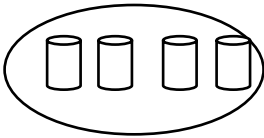
3 + 1 =         

### **Join the sets involving words.**

#### **Examples**

a)  and  make 

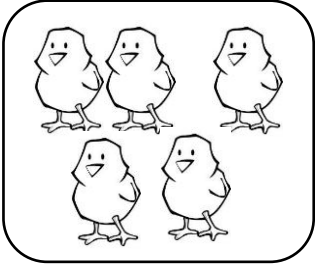
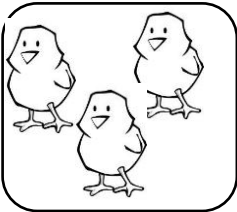
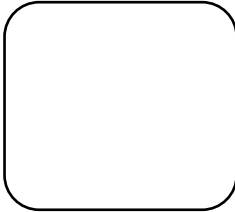
b)  and  make 

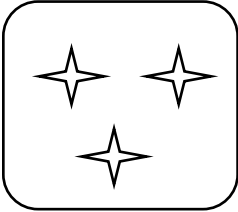
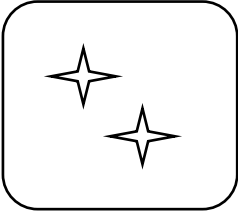
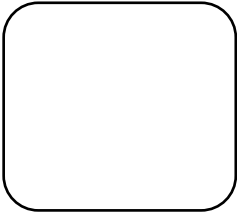
c)  and  make 

2 and 2 make 4

## **Activity**

### **Join the sets.**

1.  and  make 

2.  and  make 

3 and 2 make

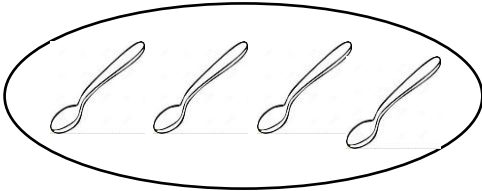
## **END OF THEME EVALUATION ACTIVITY**

1. Count and write.

a)  =

b)  =

2. Name this set.

 A set of

3. Draw the missing objects.

a)  $/// = \underline{\quad} 5$

b)   $\underline{\quad} = 9$

4. Write the number words.

2  $\underline{\quad}$

8  $\underline{\quad}$

3  $\underline{\quad}$

12  $\underline{\quad}$

5. Write the number symbols for the given number names.

nine  $\underline{\quad}$

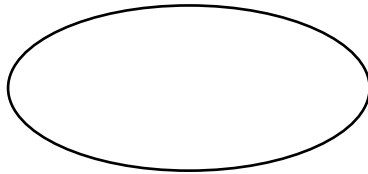
fourteen  $\underline{\quad}$

twenty  $\underline{\quad}$

sixteen  $\underline{\quad}$

6. Draw the sets

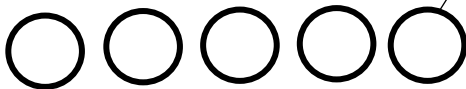
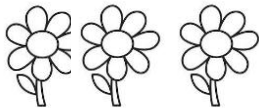
A set of 4 girls.



A set of 3 books.



7. Match correctly.



5

three

2

four

4

five

3

two

8. Arrange numbers in ascending order.

a) 3,1,4,2,5 = \_\_\_\_\_

b) 9,7,8,6, = \_\_\_\_\_

9. Tick the smaller number.

9 or 3

20 or 02

11 or 4

17 or 19

10. Write words in figures.

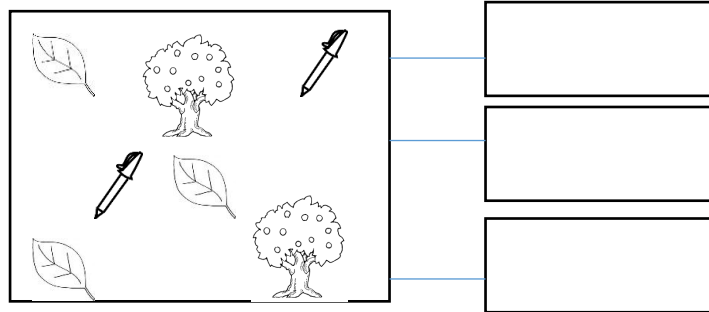
three \_\_\_\_\_

twelve \_\_\_\_\_

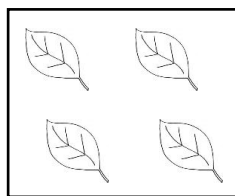
eight \_\_\_\_\_

fifteen \_\_\_\_\_

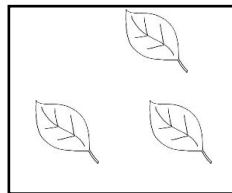
11. Form small sets from the mother set.



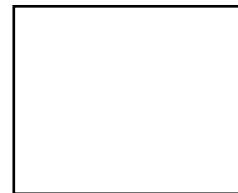
12. Join the sets



and



make



4

and

3

make

\_\_\_\_\_

## **THEME 2: Our home**

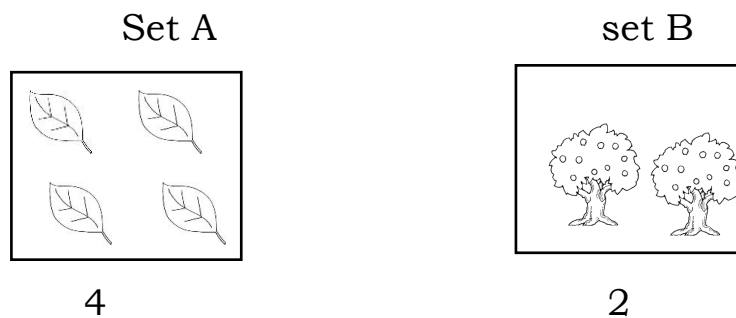
### **Sub theme: people in our home**

Comparing sets. Using less or more

New words

- Less than
- More than
- Compare

### **Examples**



Set B has 2 members.

Set A has 4 members

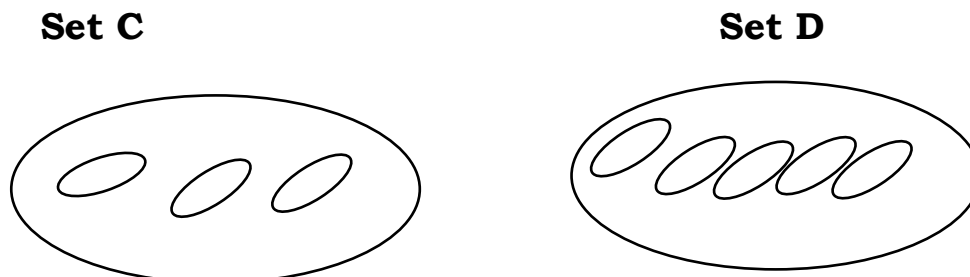
### **Use less or more**

Set B has less members than set A.

Set A has more members than set B

### **Activity**

Compare the sets using less or more

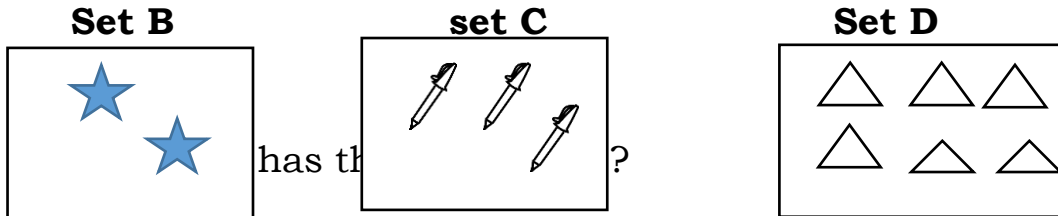




- Set C has \_\_\_\_\_ members.
- Set D has \_\_\_\_\_ members.
- Set C has \_\_\_\_\_ members than set D.
- Set D has \_\_\_\_\_ members than set C.

## More about comparing sets

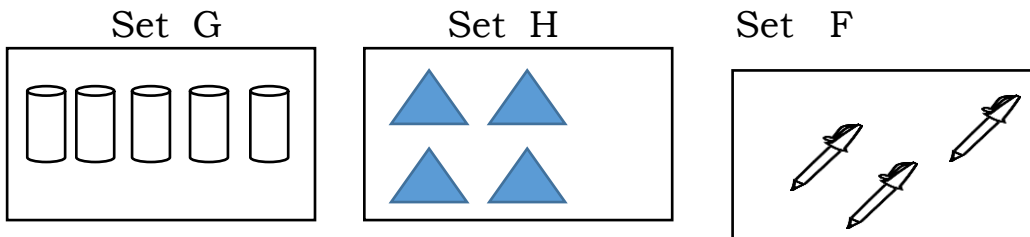
### Examples



- How many members has set D?  
8 members
- Set B has 2 members.
- Which set has more members?  
Set D
- Which set has less members?  
Set B
- How many members are in set B and set C altogether?  
5members

### Activity

- Use the sets below to answer questions.



- Which set has less members? \_\_\_\_\_
- How many members are in set G? \_\_\_\_\_
- Which set has 4 members? \_\_\_\_\_
- How many members are in all the sets? \_\_\_\_\_

## Empty sets

### New words

- Empty with out, symbol, null, void, nothing.

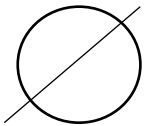
### Practical activity

Teacher helps learners to identify empty sets by displaying 3 containers with objects and one container without. Teacher guides a learner to find the empty container and concludes relating it to empty sets.

What is an empty set?

**An empty set is a set without members.**

**A symbol for an empty set/null/void.**



### Examples of empty sets.

A set of goats flying.



A set of houses talking.

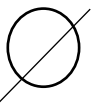


A set of snakes with legs.



### Activity

1. Name this set symbol.



2. Draw these sets.

a) A set of books eating.

- b) A set of trees singing.
- c) A set of stones with eyes.
- d) A set of chairs teaching.

Write **“empty”** or **“not empty”**

### Examples

- a) A set of two rulers not empty set.
- b) A set of cows cooking empty set.
- c) A set of girls with tails empty set.
- d) A set of ducks not empty set

### Activity

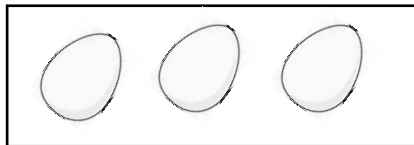
1. Fill in **“empty”** or **“not empty”** to complete.
  - a) A set of 3 zebras \_\_\_\_\_ set.
  - b) A set of snakes with legs \_\_\_\_\_ set.
  - c) A set of house dancing \_\_\_\_\_ set.
  - d) A set of desks \_\_\_\_\_ set.

### Drawing empty and not empty sets

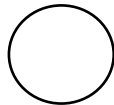
#### Examples

2. Draw these sets.

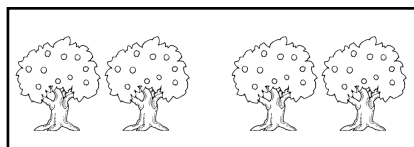
- a) A set of 3 eggs.



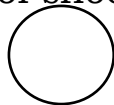
- b) A set of books running.



- c) A set of 4 trees.



- d) A set of shoes drinking.

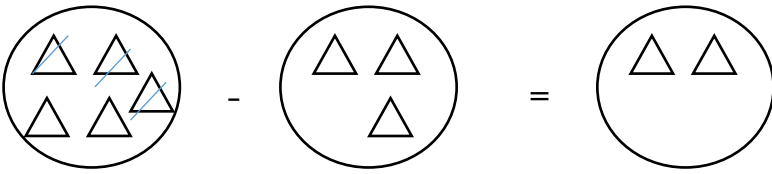


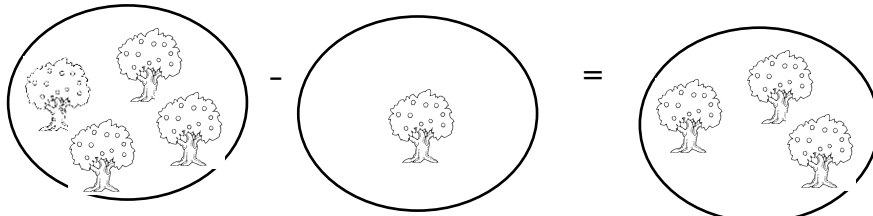
## Activity

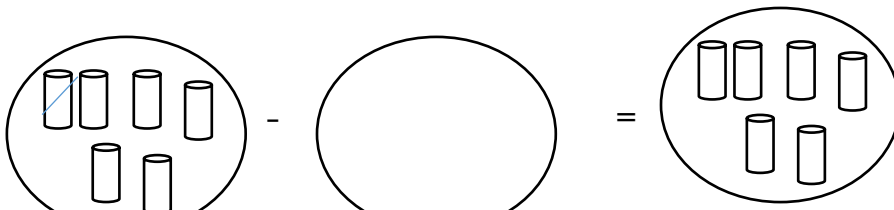
1. Draw these sets
  - a) A set of 3 pots.
  - b) A set of cups dancing.
  - c) A set of 5 chairs.
  - d) A set of houses walking.
  - e) A set of tables cooking

## Separating sets.

### Examples

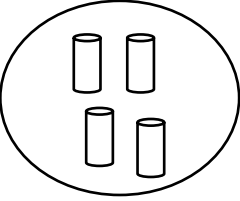
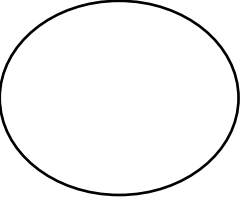
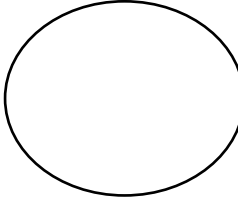

$$5 - 3 = \underline{2}$$


$$4 - 1 = \underline{3}$$

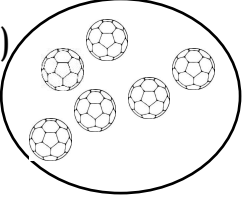
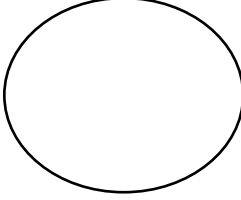
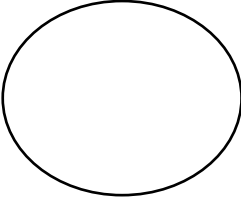

$$6 - 0 = \underline{6}$$

## Activity

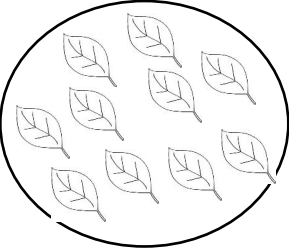
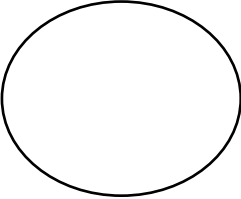
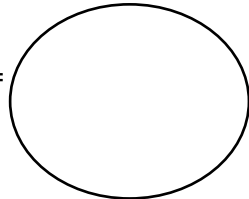
1. Subtract the sets correctly.

a)  -  = 

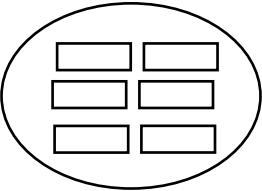
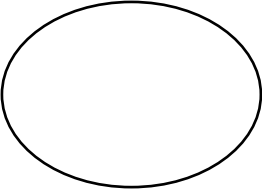
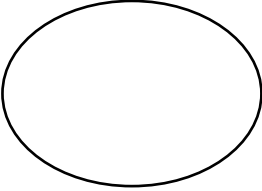
4 - 1 = \_\_\_\_\_

b)  -  = 

6 - 3 = \_\_\_\_\_

c)  -  = 

10 - 6 = \_\_\_\_\_

d)  -  = 

6 - 1 = \_\_\_\_\_

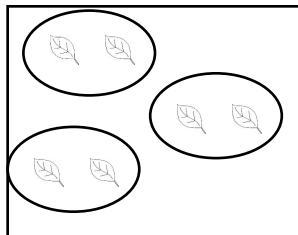
## Grouping members in a set.

### New words

- Members, groups, form

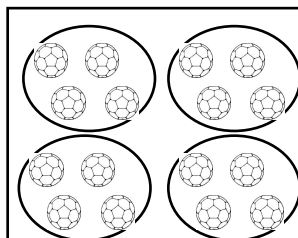
### Examples

1)



- a) Form groups of 2's.
- b) There are 3 groups formed.
- c) There are 6 members altogether.

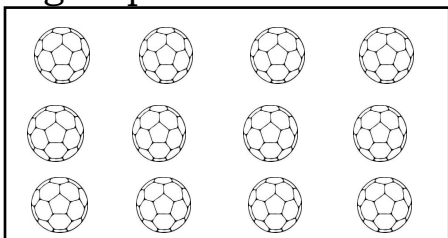
2)



- a) Form groups of 4's.
- b) How many groups have you made? 4
- c) How many members are in the set?  
16members.

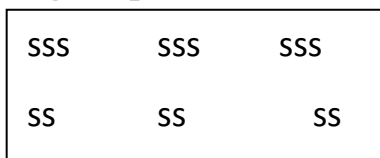
### Activity

1. Form groups of 3's



- a) How many group have you formed? \_\_\_\_\_
- b) How many balls are there altogether? \_\_\_\_\_

2. Form groups of 5's.



- a) How many groups have you formed? \_\_\_\_\_
- b) How many letters are there altogether? \_\_\_\_\_

## **Counting numbers 21-50**

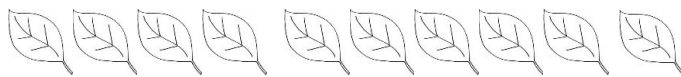
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30  
31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40  
41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50

### **Activity**

1. Fill in the missing numbers.
  - a) 21, 22, \_\_ 24, \_\_, 26, \_\_, 28.
  - b) 30, 31, \_\_, 33, \_\_, 35, \_\_, \_\_, 38.
  - c) 40, 41, 42, \_\_, \_\_, 45, 46, \_\_, \_\_, 49.
2. Count and write the number symbol.



- 3) Match correctly.



16



2



11



4

### **Writing numbers after.**

#### **Examples**

1. What number comes after?

20, <u>21</u>	39, <u>40</u>
21, <u>22</u>	49, <u>50</u>
24, <u>25</u>	32, <u>33</u>
29, <u>30</u>	44, <u>45</u>

## Activity

1. Which number comes after?

22, \_\_\_\_\_

49, \_\_\_\_\_

27, \_\_\_\_\_

26, \_\_\_\_\_

30, \_\_\_\_\_

43, \_\_\_\_\_

42, \_\_\_\_\_

29, \_\_\_\_\_

47, \_\_\_\_\_

34, \_\_\_\_\_

2. What number comes after 39? \_\_\_\_\_

3. Write the number just after 28. \_\_\_\_\_

## Writing numbers before.

### Examples

Find the number that comes before.

20, 21

39, 40

29, 30

49, 50

28, 29

43, 44

### Activity

1. Write the number before.

\_\_\_\_, 28

\_\_\_\_, 46

\_\_\_\_, 22

\_\_\_\_, 25

\_\_\_\_, 37

\_\_\_\_, 40

\_\_\_\_, 31

\_\_\_\_, 20

2. What number comes before 22. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Find the number that comes before 45 \_\_\_\_\_

## Find number between

### Examples

1. Write the number between.

20, 21, 22

48, 49, 50



38, 39, 40

24, 25, 26

41, 42, 43

### Activity

1. What number comes between?

23, \_\_\_\_, 25

36, \_\_\_\_, 38

41, \_\_\_\_, 43

47, \_\_\_\_, 49

27, \_\_\_\_, 29

32, \_\_\_\_, 34

48, \_\_\_\_, 50

2. Which number comes between 27 and 29?

### Comparing number using smaller.

#### Examples

1. Ring the smaller number.

a) 20 or 25

44 and 48

b) 36 or 39

50 and 30

#### Activity

1. Circle the smaller number.

a) 22 or 44

b) 30 or 28

c) 42 and 26

2. Tick the smaller number.

a) 38 or 21

b) 35 or 25

c) 49 and 39

3. Underline the smaller number.

a) 50 and 05

b) 13 or 31

c) 46 and 24

## Comparing number using bigger.

### Example

1. Circle the bigger number.

- a) 20 or (25)    b) 36 and (39)    c) 44 and (48)    d) (50) and 30

### Activity

1. Underline the bigger number.

- a) 50 and 05            b) 13 and 31            c) 46 or 24

2. Ring the bigger number.

- a) 38 or 21    b) 35 or 25    c) 49 and 39

3. Tick the bigger number.

- a) 22 and 44    b) 30 or 28    c) 42 and 26

## Arranging numbers starting with the smallest. (Ascending)

### Examples

Arrange these number starting with the smallest.

- a) 25, 23, 21, 24, 22 = 21, 22, 23, 24, 25  
b) 28, 26, 29, 27 = 26, 27, 28, 29.  
c) 38, 36, 35, 37 = 35, 36, 37, 38.  
d) 42, 43, 44, 45, 46 = 42, 43, 44, 45, 46.

### Activity

1. Order these numbers starting with the smallest.

- a) 29, 26, 25, 27 = \_\_\_\_\_  
b) 38, 36, 39, 37 = \_\_\_\_\_  
c) 50, 46, 48, 45 = \_\_\_\_\_  
d) 50, 49, 48, 46 = \_\_\_\_\_  
e) 24, 25, 26, 27 = \_\_\_\_\_

f) 50, 10, 20, 30, 40 = \_\_\_\_\_

### **Arranging numbers starting with the biggest.(descending)**

#### **Examples**

a) 10, 40, 20, 30, 50 = 50, 40, 30, 20, 10

b) 34, 31, 32, 35 = 35, 34, 32, 31

c) 49, 47, 46, 50 = 50, 49, 47, 46

#### **Activity**

1. Order the number starting with the biggest.

a) 29, 27, 26, 28 = \_\_\_\_\_

b) 43, 45, 44, 47, 46 = \_\_\_\_\_

c) 38, 34, 37, 35, 36 = \_\_\_\_\_

d) 23, 47, 36, 50 = \_\_\_\_\_

2. Number names 21-50

21 – twenty – one

36 – thirty-six

22 – twenty – two

37 – thirty – seven

23 – twenty – three

38 – thirty – eight

24 – twenty – four

39 – thirty – nine

25 – twenty – five

40 – forty

26 – twenty – six

41 – forty – one

27 – twenty – seven

42 – forty – two

28 – twenty – eight

43 – forty – three

29 – twenty – nine

44 – forty – four

30 – thirty

45 – forty – five

31 – thirty – one

46 – forty – six

32 – thirty – two

47 – forty – seven

33 – thirty – three

48 – forty – eight

34 – thirty – four

49 – forty – nine

35 – thirty – five

50 – fifty

### Activity

1. Write their number names.

22_____	40 _____	28 _____	49 _____
31_____	44 _____	36_____	50 _____

2. Match correctly

40	twenty – one
37	fifty
21	forty
50	thirty - seven

3. Tick the correct number word for the given number symbols.

a) 21	twelve	twenty – one
b) 36	sixty	thirty – six
c) 44	forty – four	fourteen

Number symbols 21 – 50

Twenty – one – 21	thirty – six – 36
Twenty – two – 22	thirty – seven – 37
Twenty – three – 23	thirty – eight – 38
Twenty – four – 24	thirty – nine – 39
Twenty – five – 25	forty – 40
Twenty – six – 26	forty one – 41
Twenty – seven 27	forty two – 42
Twenty – eight – 28	forty three – 43
Twenty – nine - 29	forty four – 44
Thirty – 30	forty five – 45
Thirty – one – 31	forty six – 46
Thirty – two – 32	forty seven – 47
Thirty – three 33	forty eight – 48
Thirty – four – 34	forty nine – 49
Thirty – five – 35	fifty – 5

## Activity

1. Write in figures

Twenty – six \_\_\_\_\_

Thirty – three \_\_\_\_\_

Forty – five \_\_\_\_\_

twenty – eight \_\_\_\_\_

thirty – nine \_\_\_\_\_

2. Ring the correct number symbol for the given number names.

a) Fifty                      05                      50

b) Forty-two              42                      24

c) Thirty-eight          18                      38

3. Match number names to number symbols.

40                      forty – four

37                      twenty – three

23                      forty

44                      thirty – seven

## Adding numbers

### New words

Put together, altogether, sum, add, plus, join, equals, more, total

Practical activity



Teacher gives learners counters like straws, sticks, bottle tops.



Then teacher guides learners to add numbers using counters.

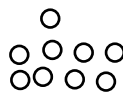
## Adding one digit number horizontally and vertically.

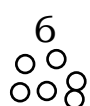


### Examples

#### 1. Add

a)  +  = 7

b)  +  = 4

d)  + 0 = 9

e)  +  +  = 12

$$\begin{array}{c} \circ \circ \\ \circ \circ \\ 4 \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \circ \circ \\ \circ \circ \\ 4 \end{array} = 8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ + 0 \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \circ \\ 3 \circ \circ \\ + 2 \circ \circ \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ 2 \circ \circ \\ + 5 \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ \hline 11 \end{array}$$

## Activity

1. Add correctly

a)  $5 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$

c)  $2 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$

b)  $7 + 2 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$

d)  $6 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ + 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ + 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ + 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ 6 \\ + 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## Addition involving words

### Examples

New words: plus, add, total, altogether, gives, equals, sum, both

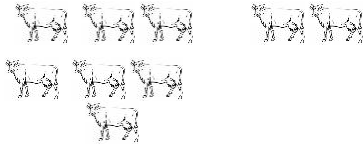
a) 1 book plus 4 books give 5 books.



b) 3 girls plus 3 girls equal 6 girls.



c) 7 cows plus 2 cows give 9 cows.



d) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \text{ mangoes } \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ + 4 \text{ mangoes } \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ \hline 9 \text{ mangoes} \end{array}$$

g) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \text{ trees } \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ + 6 \text{ trees } \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \circ \\ \hline 13 \text{ trees} \end{array}$$

## Activity

1. Read and workout

a) 9 pencils plus 3 pencils equals \_\_\_\_\_ pencils.

b) 6 bottles plus 5 bottles gives \_\_\_\_\_ bottles.

c) 8 chairs plus 4 chairs equals \_\_\_\_\_ chairs.

d) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \text{ houses} \\ + 2 \text{ houses} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

e) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \text{ stones} \\ + 5 \text{ stones} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## More about addition involving words.

### Examples

a) Kevin has 4 plates

Teddy has 3 plates.

They both have 7 plates

b) Okello has 5 apples. Tom has 4 apples.

How many apples do they have altogether?

5 apples + 4 apples = 9 apples.

c) Sarah has 8 tins, mum added her 4 tins.

How many tins does she have altogether?

8 tins + 4 tins = 12 tins

d) What is the sum of nine and six? Fifteen.

$9 + 6 = 15$

e) Find the total of 8 and 3.

$8 + 3 = 11$

## Activity

### Read and workout:

1. Tina has 7 pens. Rina has 3 pens.  
How many pens do they have altogether?
2. Kato has 9 cups.  
Tom has 4 cups.  
They have \_\_\_\_\_ cups altogether.
3. What is the sum of ten and six?
4. Dad has 12 balls. Mum has 8 balls.
  - a) Who has less balls? \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) Who has more balls? \_\_\_\_\_
  - c) How many balls do they have altogether? \_\_\_\_\_

## Adding two digits numbers

### Examples

#### 1. Add

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 1^{\circ} \\ + \quad 2 \circ \circ \\ \hline 2 \quad 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \quad 5^{\circ \circ \circ} \\ + \quad 4^{\circ \circ} \\ \hline 1 \quad 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 0 \\ + \quad 7^{\circ \circ \circ \circ} \\ \hline 4 \quad 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

### Activity

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 4 \quad 1 \\ + \quad 3 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 8 \\ + \quad 1 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 0 \\ + \quad 3 \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 3 \\ + \quad 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 4 \\ + \quad 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## More about addition of two digit numbers

### Examples

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 4^{\circ \circ} \quad 3^{\circ \circ} \\ + \quad 2^{\circ} \quad 4^{\circ \circ} \\ \hline 6 \quad 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3^{\circ} \quad 6^{\circ \circ \circ} \\ + \quad 2^{\circ} \quad 1^{\circ \circ} \\ \hline 5 \quad 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2^{\circ} \quad 0 \\ + \quad 1^{\circ} \quad 1^{\circ} \\ \hline 3 \quad 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



## Activity

### Add

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 2 \quad 3 \\ + \quad 2 \quad 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \quad 0 \\ + 3 \quad 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

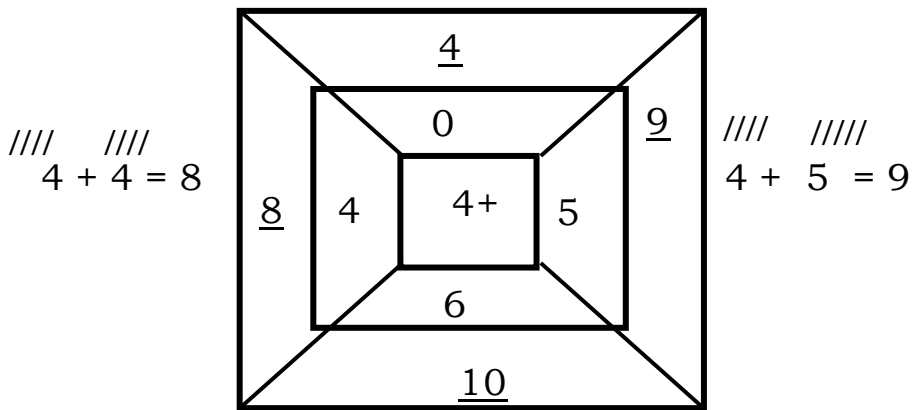
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 0 \\ + 1 \quad 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 7 \\ + \quad 2 \quad 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 0 \\ + 2 \quad 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

### Addition of numbers in circles and tables.

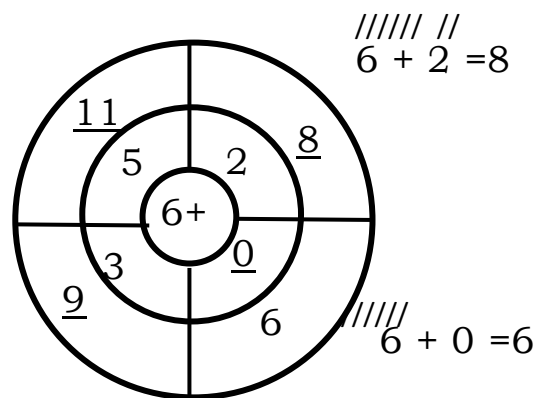
**Examples**  $\begin{array}{c} \text{////} \\ 4 + 0 = 0 \end{array}$



$$\begin{array}{c} 4 + 6 = 10 \\ \text{////} \quad \text{//////} \end{array}$$

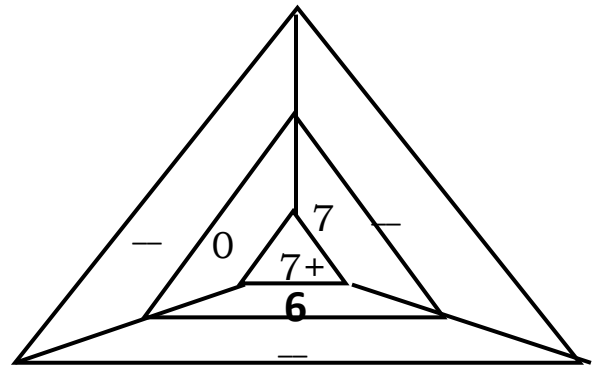
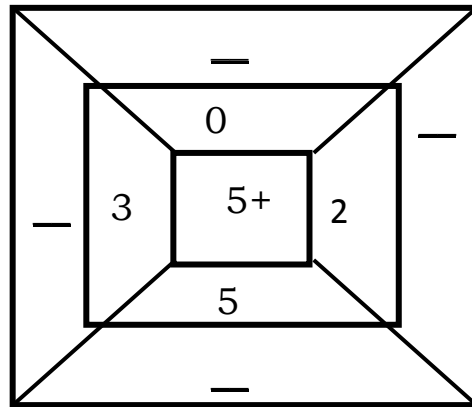
$$\begin{array}{c} 6 + 5 = 11 \\ \text{//////} \quad \text{////} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{//////} \quad \text{///} \\ 6 + 3 = 9 \end{array}$$



## Activity

Add correctly



## Measuring height using non-standard units.

### New words

-taller, shorter, than

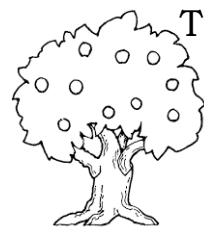
### **What is height?**

Height is how tall or short an object is.

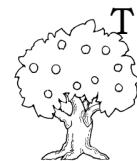
## **Compare height using taller than or shorter than.**

### **Examples**

- a) Tree X is taller than tree Y.
- b) Tree Y is shorter than tree X.



Tree X



Tree Y

- c) Who is taller?  
Sarah
- d) Who is shorter?  
Bob



Sarah



Bob

## **Activity**

### **Compare height using taller than or shorter than.**

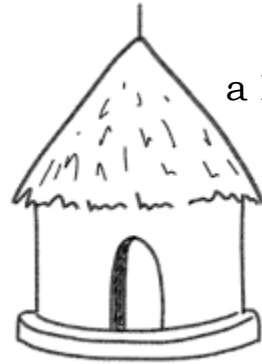
(i)



bottle



cup



a house



a tree

a) Which object is taller?

b) Name the shorter object?

2. (a) A \_\_\_\_\_ is taller than a tree.

b) A \_\_\_\_\_ is shorter than a house.

### **Telling time of the day using natural indicators.**

#### **New words**

- Indicators
- Natural
- Shadow
- Sun
- Cock
- Moon

#### **Practical work**

Teacher takes pupils outside and show them the shadow in the morning. In the morning the shadow is formed from the west.

At noon, the shadow is formed from North and it is short.

Afternoon the shadow is formed from the East and the shadow is long.

## Activity

Complete the sentences using, morning hours, at noon and in the evening.

- a) At what time do you come to school?  
In the \_\_\_\_\_
- b) At what time do you eat lunch?  
In the \_\_\_\_\_
- c) At what time do you go back home?  
In the \_\_\_\_\_

## Time

### **New words**

- Hours, minutes, clock face, second, hands

## Factors about time

1 day = 24hours

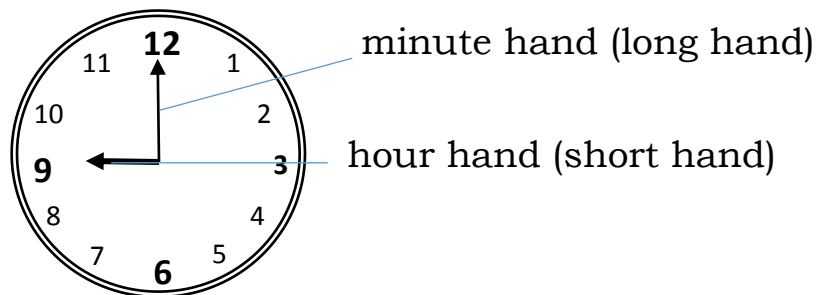
1 hour = 60 minutes

1 minute = 60 seconds

## Hands on the clock face

There are two main hands on the clockface.

- Hour hand (short hand)
- Minute hand (long hand)



## Activity

1. Complete correctly.
  - 1 day = \_\_\_\_\_ hours
  - 1 hour = \_\_\_\_\_ minutes
  - 1 minute = \_\_\_\_\_ seconds

2. Match correctly

1 day      60 seconds

1 hour    24 hours

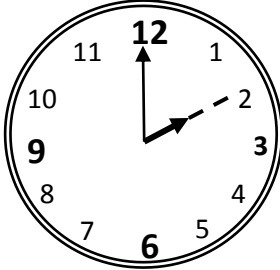
1 minute 60 minutes

### Telling time in exact hours

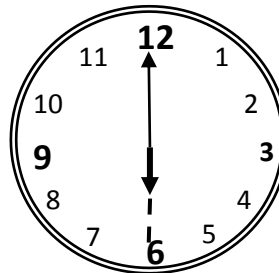
- When the minute hand points to 12 we say o'clock.

#### Examples

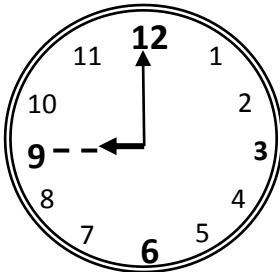
1. What is the time?



It is 2 o'clock



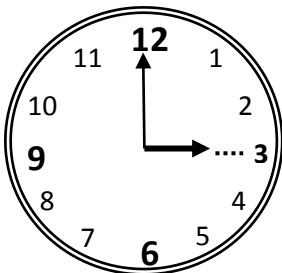
It is 6 o'clock



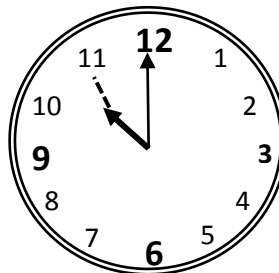
It is 9 o'clock.

#### Activity

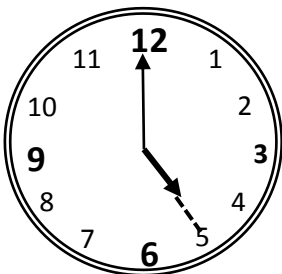
Tell the time.



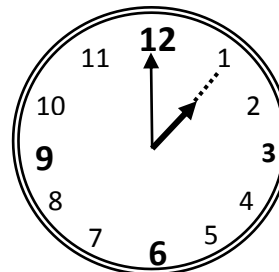
It is \_\_\_\_ o'clock.



It is \_\_\_\_ o'clock



It is \_\_\_\_ o'clock

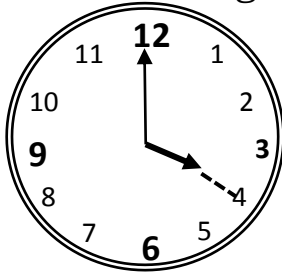


It is \_\_\_\_ o'clock.

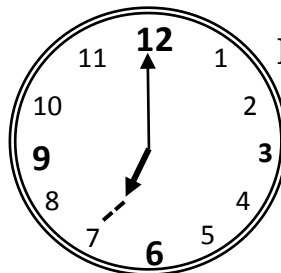
## Showing time on clockface

### Examples

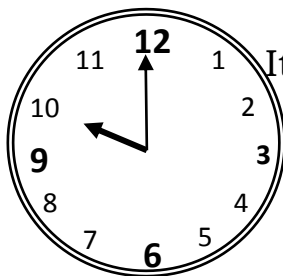
1. Show the given time on the clockfaces below.



It is 4 o'clock



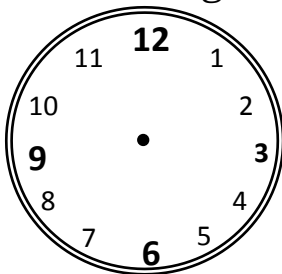
It is 7 o'clock



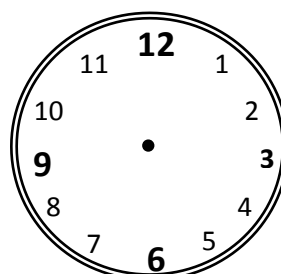
It is 10 o'clock

### Activity

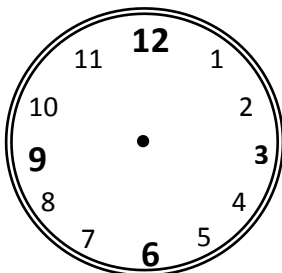
Show the given time on the clock faces below.



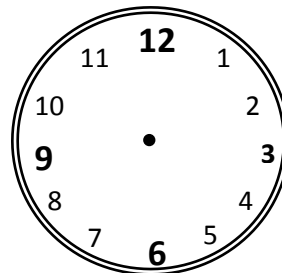
It is 5 o'clock



It is 11 o'clock

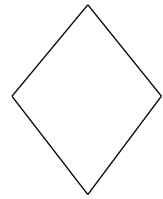
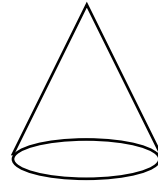
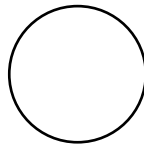
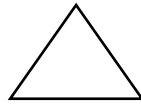
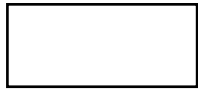
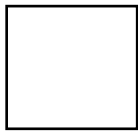


It is 3 o'clock



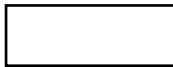
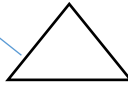
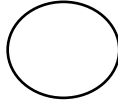
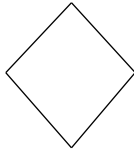
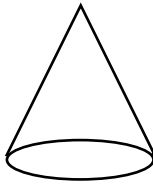
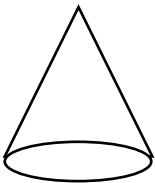
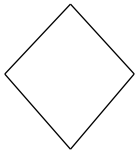
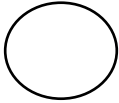
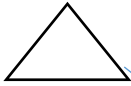
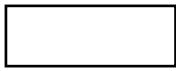
It is 6 o'clock

## Recognizing and drawing shapes.

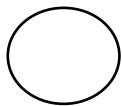


### Activity

1. Match the same and draw.



2. Naming shapes



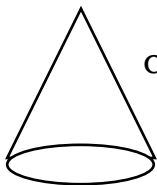
circle



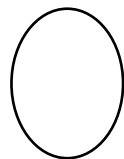
star



square



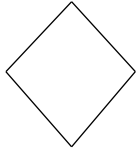
cone



oval



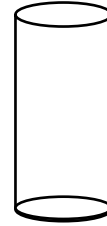
triangle



kite



rectangle

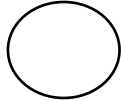


cylinder

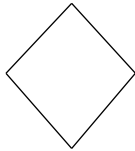
3. Match correctly



circle



cone



square



kite

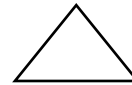
4. Name these shapes.



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

5. a) Trace the given shape.

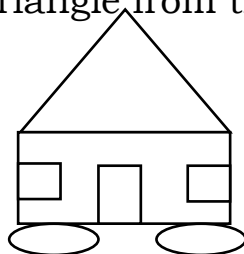


b) Name the shaded shape.



\_\_\_\_\_

6. Shade the triangle from the figure below.

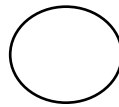




7. Fill in the missing letters.



r \_ ct \_ ngl \_

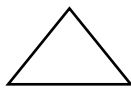


c \_ rcl \_

**Counting number of sides on given shapes.**

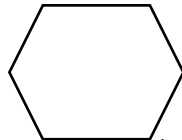
**Examples**

1. How many sides has a triangle.



3 sides

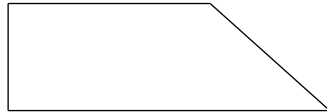
2. Count and write the number of sides.



= 6sides

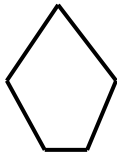
**Activity**

1. How many sides has the shape below.



\_\_\_\_\_

2. Count and write.



= \_\_\_\_ sides

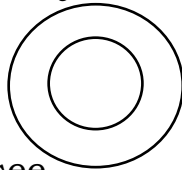


= \_\_\_\_ sides



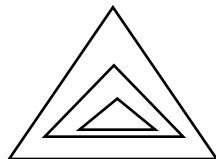
= \_\_\_\_ sides

3. How many circles can you see?

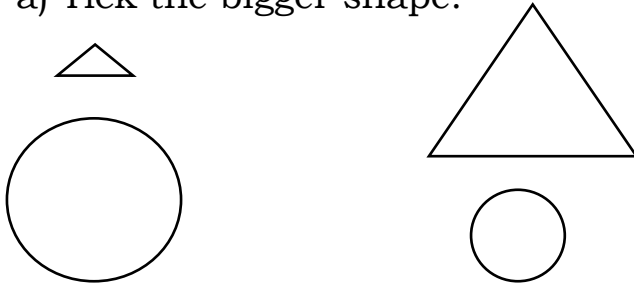


\_\_\_\_\_

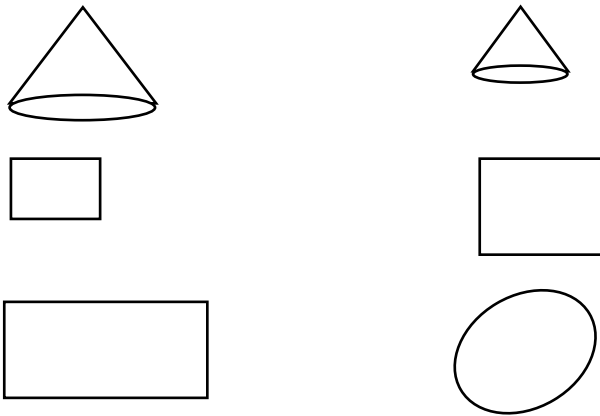
4. I can see \_\_\_\_\_ triangles.



5. a) Tick the bigger shape.



b) Shade the smaller shape.



### **Commutative property.**

i.e. Recognising that  $2 + 5$  is the same as  $5 + 2$ .

### **Examples**

$$6 + 3 = 3 + 6$$

$$12 + 0 = 0 + 12$$

$$10 + 7 = 7 + 10$$

$$4 + 3 = 3 + 4$$

Activity

a)  $0 + 1 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

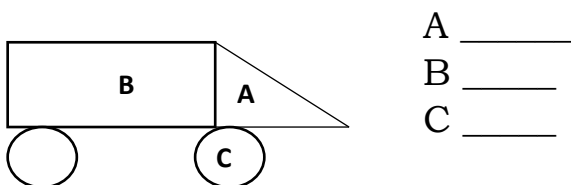
c)  $7 + 2 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

b)  $9 + 5 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

d)  $3 + 0 = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$

### **END OF THEME EVALUATION ACTIVITY**

1. Name these shapes.



A \_\_\_\_\_

B \_\_\_\_\_

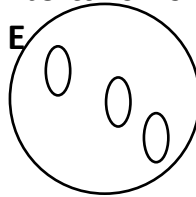
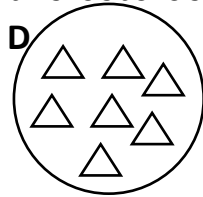
C \_\_\_\_\_

2. Draw these sets

a) A set of 4 books.

b) A set of stones with eyes.

3. Use the sets below to answer questions.



a) Which set has 3 members? \_\_\_\_\_

b) How many members are in set D? \_\_\_\_\_

c) Set \_\_\_\_\_ has more members than set \_\_\_\_\_

d) Which set has less few members? \_\_\_\_\_

e) How many members are in set D and set E altogether? \_\_\_\_\_

4. Fill in the missing numbers.

20, 21, \_\_\_\_\_, 23, 24, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, 27

5. Write in words

20 \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_

6. Ring the smaller number.

33 or 13

25 and 52

7. Add: 6

3

+ 2

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

b)  $9 + 0 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

4 6  
+ 2 0

\_\_\_\_\_

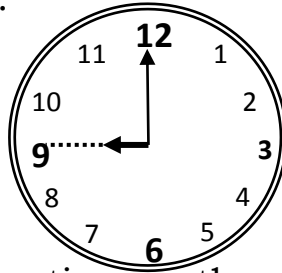
8. Use taller or shorter.



a) Tree Y is \_\_\_\_\_ than tree X.

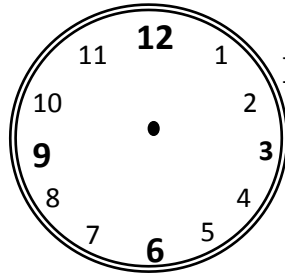
b) Tree X is \_\_\_\_\_ than tree Y.

9. (a) Tell the time.



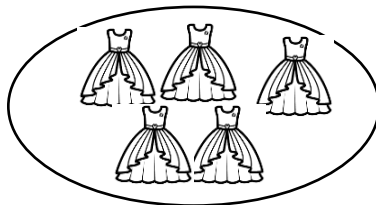
It is \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock

b) Show the given time on the clock face below.

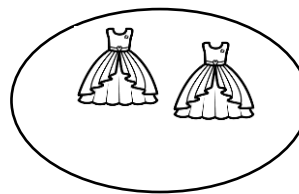


It is 6 o'clock

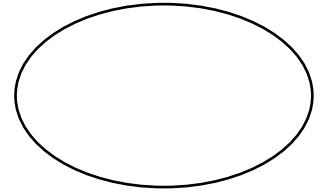
10. Separate these sets.



-



=



\_\_\_\_\_

-

\_\_\_\_\_

=

\_\_\_\_\_

11. Write the number after.

12, \_\_\_\_\_

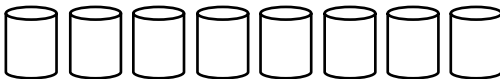
12. Match pictures to the number.



Three



Eight



Two



six

13. Six plus four equals \_\_\_\_\_

14. Match correctly.

1hour

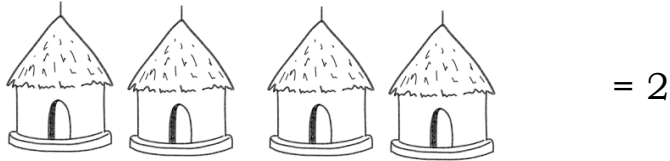
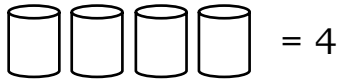
24hours

1minute

1 day

60minutes

15. Shade for the given number.



16. (a) Join the dots below to form a shape.



b) Underline the shape formed above.

Cone, triangle, rectangle

### **THEME:3 Our community**

#### **Subtheme: People in our community**

#### **Ordinal numbers**

Number	ordinal number	ordinal word
1	1 <sup>st</sup>	first
2	2 <sup>nd</sup>	second
3	3 <sup>rd</sup>	third
4	4 <sup>th</sup>	fourth
5	5 <sup>th</sup>	fifth
6	6 <sup>th</sup>	sixth
7	7 <sup>th</sup>	seventh
8	8 <sup>th</sup>	eighth
9	9 <sup>th</sup>	ninth

10	10 <sup>th</sup>	tenth
11	11 <sup>th</sup>	eleventh
12	12 <sup>th</sup>	twelfth

### Activity

1. Write in words.

2nd \_\_\_\_\_ 6th \_\_\_\_\_ 3rd \_\_\_\_\_ 8th \_\_\_\_\_

2. Match correctly

Ninth 5<sup>th</sup>

Tenth 4<sup>th</sup>

Fifth 9<sup>th</sup>

Fourth 10<sup>th</sup>

3. Fill in the missing ordinals.

1st , \_\_\_\_\_ 3rd , \_\_\_\_\_, 5th , \_\_\_\_\_, 7th , \_\_\_\_\_

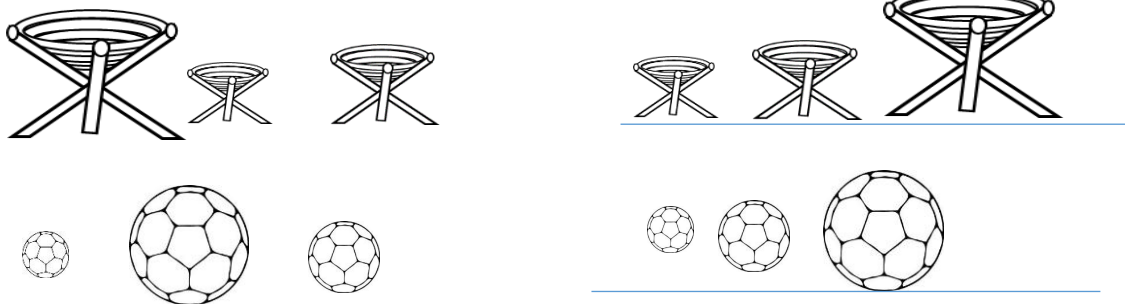
4. Fill in the missing words.

First, second, \_\_\_\_\_, fourth, \_\_\_\_\_, sixth, \_\_\_\_\_

### Sequencing numbers and shapes

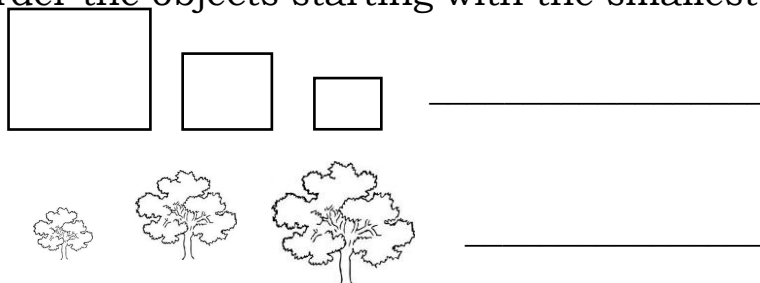
#### Example

1. Order the objects starting with the smallest.

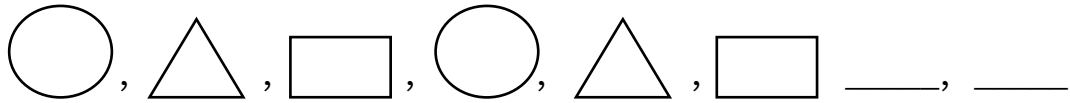


### Activity

1. Order the objects starting with the smallest.



2. Complete correctly.



## Capacity

### New words

-amount, liquids, container, hold, more, less, calabash

What is capacity?

Capacity is the amount of liquids a container can hold.

Examples of liquids.

-water      - juice      - tea

-milk      -oil      -soda

-paraffin   -petrol      -liquid soap

Examples of containers

-jug      -jerrycan      -tank      -tin

-cup      -drum      -pot      -basin

-bottle      -bucket      -glass      -gourd

Activity

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is the amount of liquids a container can hold.
2. Draw these containers.

Jug	Cup	Drum	Pot	Gourd

3. List down two examples of liquids.

## Comparing capacity of different containers

### New words

-less, more,, big, small

### Examples

Which container holds more liquids? bottle



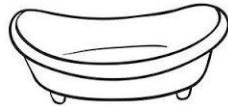
bottle



cup



bucket



basin

Which container holds less liquids? Basin

Jug X



Jug Y



Jug Z



- a) Which jug is the biggest? Jug X
- b) Which jug holds more liquids? Jug X
- c) Which jug holds less liquids? Jug Y.
- d) Name the smallest jug. Jug Y

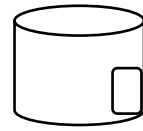


## ACTIVITY

a) Which container holds less water?

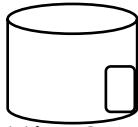


Jerrycan

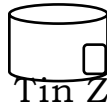


tin

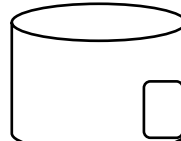
b) Which container holds more water?



Tin S



Tin Z



Tin P

Which tin is the biggest? \_\_\_\_\_

Which tin holds more liquid? \_\_\_\_\_

Which tin holds less liquid? \_\_\_\_\_

Name the smallest tin? \_\_\_\_\_

## **Addition of capacity in litres**

### **Examples**

i)  $3L + 2L = 5L$

2)  $3L + 4L = 7L$

3)  $5LITRES + 4LITRES = 9LITRES$

4)  $24L$

5)  $30\text{ Litres}$

$$\begin{array}{r} +35L \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +10\text{Litres} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 59 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 40\text{Litres} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

### **Activity**

1.  $15\text{litres}$

$$\begin{array}{r} +30\text{litres} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

\_\_\_\_\_

2.  $5\text{litres} + 3\text{litres} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3.  $4L + 4L = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4.  $7L + 3L = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 6 \quad 3 \text{ litres} \\ + 2 \quad 4 \text{ Litres} \\ \hline \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 5 \quad 1 \text{ L} \\ + 3 \quad 2 \text{ L} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## Word problems involving addition of capacity in litres

### Examples

1. Six litres plus three litres equals nine litres
2. Seven litres plus two litres equals nine litres
3. Mummy bough three litres of milk. Daddy added her two more litres. How many litres did she have altogether? Five litres

### Activity

1. Eight litres plus six litres equals. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Two litres plus six litres equals. \_\_\_\_\_
3. What is the sum of three litres and three litres?
4. Sarah fetched 5 litres of water. How many litres does she have altogether?
5.  5litres       2litres

How many litres are in both tins?

\_\_\_\_\_

## Subtraction of capacity in litres

### Examples

1. 5litres - 1litre = 4litres
2. 6L - 2L = 4L
3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \text{ litres} \\ - 4 \text{ litres} \\ \hline 5 \text{ litres} \end{array}$$
4. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 2 \text{ L} \\ - \quad 1 \text{ L} \\ \hline 4 \quad 1 \text{ L} \end{array}$$
5. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \quad 7 \text{ litres} \\ - 1 \quad 3 \text{ litres} \\ \hline 4 \quad 4 \text{ litres} \end{array}$$

## Activity

1.  $7\text{L} - 5\text{L} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{L}$       2.  $8\text{litres} - 3\text{litres} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{litres}$

2. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 9\text{litres} \\ - 4\text{litres} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 9\text{L} \\ - \quad 3\text{L} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

5. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 5\text{L} \\ - 1 \quad 3\text{L} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} - 1 \quad 3\text{L} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## Word problems involving subtraction of capacity in litres

### Examples

- Twelve litres minus five litres equals.  
Seven litres
- Nine litres takeaway four litres equals five litres
- Subtract four litres from six litres equals two litres
- What is the difference of three litres and one litre equals two litres
- John had eight litres of juice. He drank two litres. How many litres of juice was left? Six litres

## Activity

- Six litres minus three litres equals.
- Subtract seven litres from ten litres.
- What is the difference of thirteen litres and eight litres?
- Eve had four litres of milk. She gave Betty two litres. How many litres of milk were left?
- Mary had five litres of cooking oil. She used two litres. How many litres of cooking oil remained?

## **Days of the week.**

### **Seven (7) days make a week**

- Sunday
- Monday
- Tuesday
- Wednesday
- Thursday
- Friday
- Saturday

### **Activity**

1. Fill in the missing days.  
Sunday, \_\_\_\_\_, Tuesday, \_\_\_\_\_, Thursday
2. How many days make a week? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Fill in the missing letters.  
Su\_\_day      Frid\_\_y      T\_\_esday
4. Write correctly.  
daySatur \_\_\_\_\_      dayMon \_\_\_\_\_  
dayWednes \_\_\_\_\_

## **Days of the week and their position.**

Sunday- 1<sup>st</sup> (first)

Monday – 2<sup>nd</sup> (second)

Tuesday – 3<sup>rd</sup> (third)

Wednesday – 4<sup>th</sup> (fourth)

Thursday – 5<sup>th</sup> (fifth)

Friday – 6<sup>th</sup> (sixth)

Saturday – 7<sup>th</sup> (seventh)

### **Activity**

1. What is the third day of the week? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Write the last day of the week. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is the first day of the week.

4. Match correctly

Tuesday	second
Thursday	third
Monday	fifth
Sunday	seventh
Saturday	sixth
Friday	first
	fourth

**Identifying days before, after and between.**

**Examples**

1. Which day comes before Monday?  
Sunday
2. Write the day between Wednesday and Friday.  
Thursday
3. Which day comes after Friday?  
Saturday
4. If today is Tuesday, what will be the day tomorrow?  
Wednesday
5. If today is Sunday, yesterday was Saturday

**Activity**

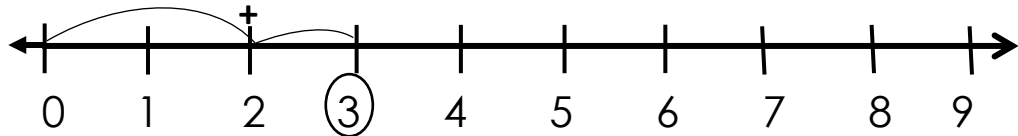
1. Which day comes after Tuesday? \_\_\_\_\_
2. If today is Friday, yesterday was? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Which day comes before Sunday? \_\_\_\_\_
4. If today is Monday what will be the day tomorrow? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Write the day between Sunday and Tuesday. \_\_\_\_\_

## Adding numbers using a numberline.

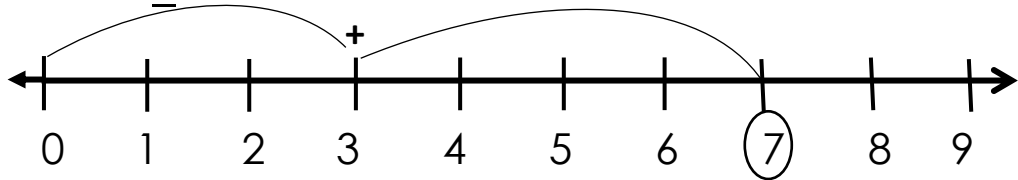
### Examples

1. Add using a numberline.

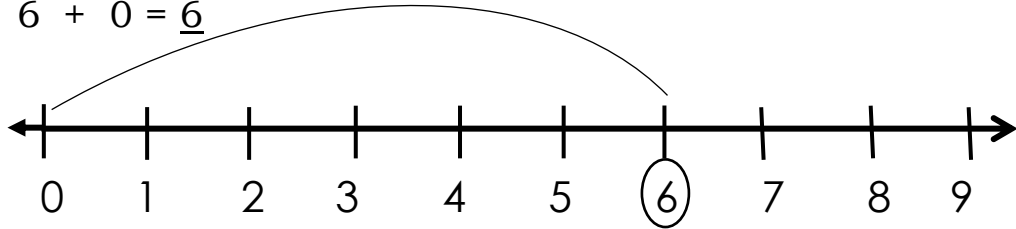
a)  $2 + 1 = \underline{3}$



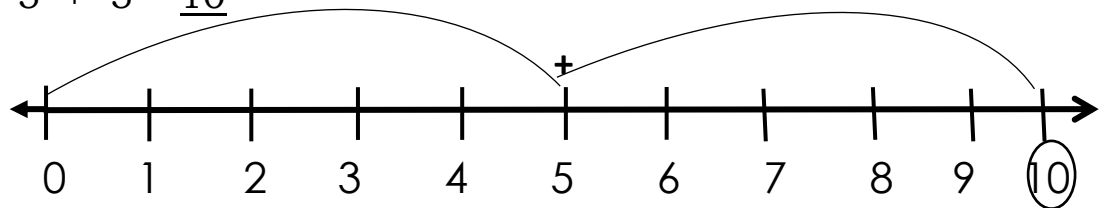
b)  $3 + 4 = \underline{7}$



c)  $6 + 0 = \underline{6}$



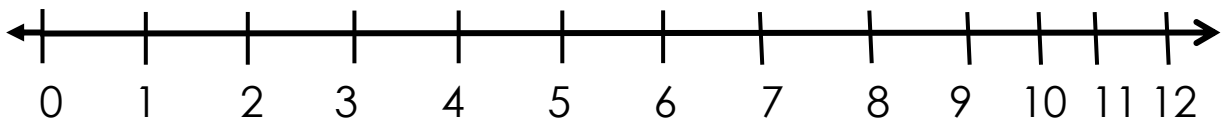
d)  $5 + 5 = \underline{10}$



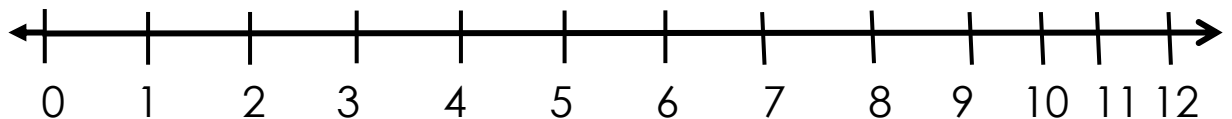
### Activity

1. Add using a numberline

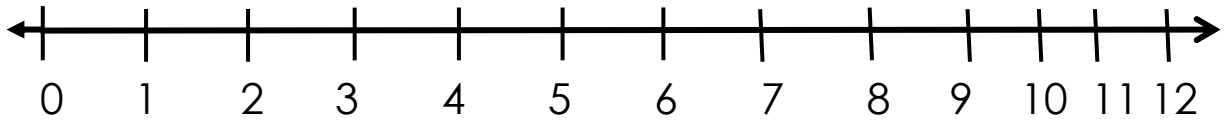
a)  $4 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$



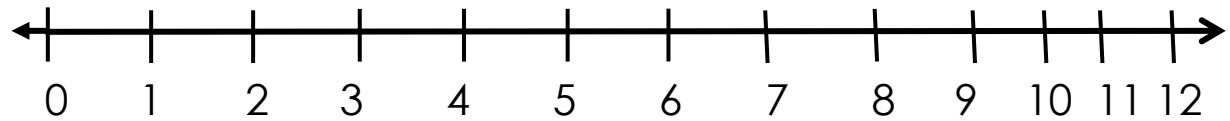
b)  $6 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$



c)  $3 + 0 = \underline{\quad}$



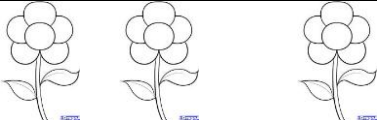



d)  $8 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$



### Picto graphs

### Examples

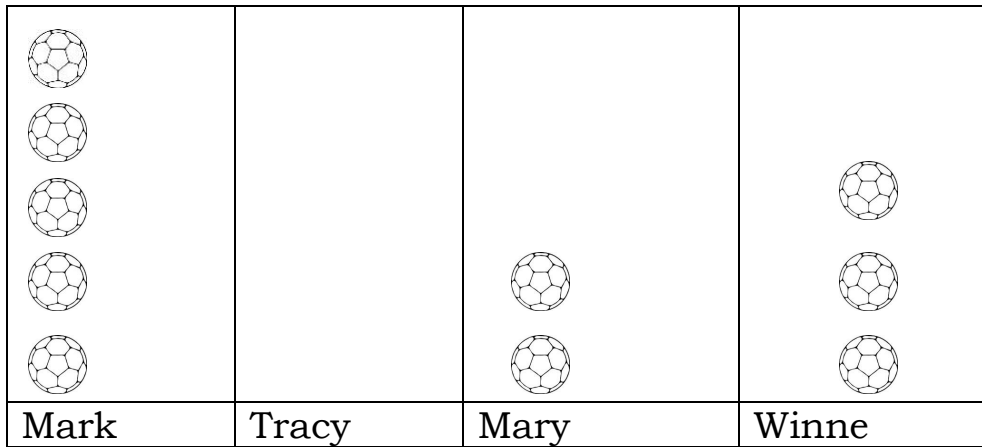
Study the graph below and answer the questions that follow.

Liz	
Teddy	
Alex	
Mark	

- Mark picked 1 flowers.
- Teddy picked 5 flowers.
- Liz and Alex picked the same number of flowers.
- They picked 12 flowers altogether.
- Who picked more flowers? Teddy

## Activity

Use the graph below and answer questions.



1. Who has 2 balls? \_\_\_\_
2. Winnie has \_\_\_\_ balls.
3. How many balls did Tracy get? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Who has more balls? \_\_\_\_
5. How many balls do they have altogether? \_\_\_\_

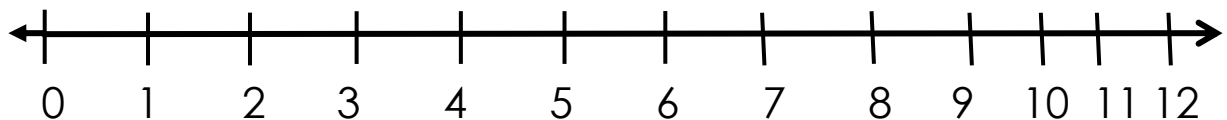
## END OF THEME EVALUATION ACTIVITY

1. Write in figures.  
Ninth \_\_\_\_ seventh \_\_\_\_ fourth \_\_\_\_
2. Complete the table

Days of the week	Position
Monday	_____
_____	7 <sup>th</sup>
Sunday	_____
_____	5 <sup>th</sup>

3. Add using a numberline

$$3 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$$





4. Basin D



basin E



basin F



- a) Which basin is the biggest?
- b) Which basin holds more liquid?
- c) Which basin holds less liquid?
- d) Which basin is the smallest?
- e) \_\_\_\_\_ is the second day of the week.
- f) Name the sixth day of the week.

6. Complete the pictograph below.

Joy		4
Tom		3
Mary		1
Jude		8
Ruth		6

7. Match days of the week to their positions.

Wednesday                      3<sup>rd</sup>  
Friday                              1<sup>st</sup>  
Tuesday                          6<sup>th</sup>  
Sunday                            4<sup>th</sup>

8. If today is Saturday, yesterday was \_\_\_\_\_

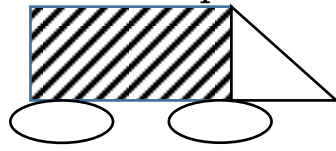
9. Count and draw the missing objects

12 = 

Arrange these ordinals starting with the smallest.

4<sup>th</sup>, 1<sup>st</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, \_\_\_\_\_

Name the shaded shape.



Use the containers below to answer questions.



Glass  
5litres



bucket  
12litres

- a) Name the bigger container. \_\_\_\_
- b) Which container holds 5 litres? \_\_\_\_
- c) How many litres can a bucket hold? \_\_\_\_
- d) How many containers can you see? \_\_\_\_

## **Theme: 4 The human body and health.**

### **Subtheme: External parts of the body and their uses.**

Measuring length using non-standard measures.

What is length?

Length is the distance between two points.

### **Things used to measure length.**

Hand span



foot



stride



Arm's length



stick



### **Things measured in length.**

- wall      -rope      -blackboards
- doors      -bench      -desk
- tables      -string

## Activity

1. Fill in the missing letters  
Le\_\_gth          po\_\_nts
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is the distance between two points.
3. Draw these things measured in length.

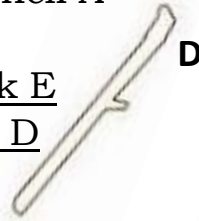
Rope	Bench	String	Blackboard

## Comparing length using longer or shorter Examples



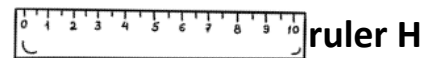
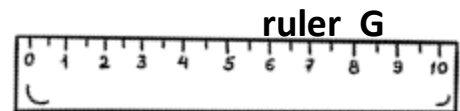
1. Pencil A is longer than pencil B.  
Pencil B is shorter than pencil A

2. Name the shorter stick stick E  
Which stick is longer? Stick D  
Stick D is longer than stick E



## Activity

1. Fill in longer than or shorter than to complete.  
a) Ruler G is \_\_\_\_\_ ruler H  
b) Ruler H is \_\_\_\_\_ ruler G



2. Rope



- a) Which rope is shorter? \_\_\_\_  
 b) Which rope is longer? \_\_\_\_

3.



**Bench N**

**Bench M**

- a) \_\_\_\_\_ is longer than \_\_\_\_\_  
 b) \_\_\_\_\_ is shorter than \_\_\_\_\_


### Subtraction of numbers (one – digit)


#### New words

-subtract, takeaway, minus, difference, remove, remain, left

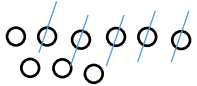
#### Examples

1. Subtract

a)  $3 - 2 = 1$   


b)  $5 - 3 = 2$   


c)  $4 - 0 = 4$

d)  $9 - 5 = 4$   


e)  $8 - 0 = 8$   


f)  $7 - 7 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ - 5 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ - 0 \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ - 7 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

#### Activity

1. Subtract/Takeaway

a)  $6 - 5 = \underline{\quad}$       b)  $9 - 4 = \underline{\quad}$

c)  $5 - 2 = \underline{\quad}$

d)  $8 - 4 = \underline{\quad}$       e)  $12 - 6 = \underline{\quad}$

g)  $4 - 1 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ - 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ - 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## Subtraction of numbers involving words.

### Examples

- a) 9 brooms minus 3 brooms equals 6 brooms



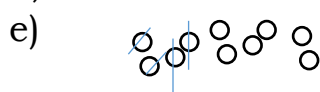
- b) Eight minus two equals six



- c) What is the difference between seven and four. Three

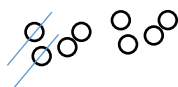


- d) Subtract 6 from 10. = 4



- f) John has 6 mangoes, he gave Mary 4 mangoes. How many mangoes were left?

- g)  $6 - 4 = 2$



### Activity

- a) 8 bags minus 4 bags equals \_\_\_\_\_  
b) Ten minus six equals \_\_\_\_\_  
c) Find the difference between 5 and 3.  
d) Subtract 4 from 7.  
e) Tom has 12 eggs, 8 eggs got broken. How many eggs remained? \_\_\_\_\_

## Subtraction of numbers (two digit)

### Examples

1. Subtract correctly.

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \\ - 2 \\ \hline 23 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ - 6 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 49 \\ - 0 \\ \hline 49 \end{array}$$

## Activity

1. Take away

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{a) } 3 \quad 2 \\ - \quad 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{b) } 4 \quad 4 \\ - \quad 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{c) } 1 \quad 9 \\ - \quad 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d) } 2 \quad 7 \\ - \quad 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{e) } 3 \quad 6 \\ - \quad 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## More about subtraction of numbers.

### Examples

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{a) } 4 \quad 9 \\ - \quad 2 \quad 3 \\ \hline 2 \quad 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 5 \\ - \quad 1 \quad 5 \\ \hline 2 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \quad 6 \\ - \quad 2 \quad 0 \\ \hline 0 \quad 6 \end{array}$$

## Activity

1. Take away.

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{b) } 3 \quad 5 \\ - \quad 1 \quad 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \quad 8 \\ - \quad 2 \quad 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 9 \\ - \quad 2 \quad 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## Months of the year.

Twelve (12) months make a year

- January
- February
- March
- April
- May
- June
- July
- August
- September
- October
- November
- December

## Activity

1. How many months make a year?
2. Fill in the missing letters.  
Mar\_\_h                      M\_\_y      Jun\_\_
3. Fill in the missing months of the year.  
January. February, \_\_\_\_\_, April, \_\_\_\_\_, June
4. Write months of the year starting with letter "J"
5. Count the letters.  
May = \_\_\_\_\_                      September = \_\_\_\_\_

## Counting numbers 50 – 70.

50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70

## Activity

1. Fill in the missing numbers
  - a) 50, 51, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, 54, \_\_\_\_\_, 56
  - b) 56, \_\_\_\_\_, 58, \_\_\_\_\_, 60
  - c) 61, 62, 63, \_\_\_\_\_, 65, \_\_\_\_\_, 67
  - d) 67, \_\_\_\_\_, 69, \_\_\_\_\_

## Writing number after.

### Examples

1. What number comes after?

50, <u>51</u>	69, <u>70</u>
54, <u>55</u>	66, <u>67</u>
59, <u>60</u>	68, <u>69</u>
62, <u>63</u>	

## Activity

1. Find the number after;

69, _____	55, _____	52, _____
63, _____	64, _____	50, _____
2. Which number comes just after 60?
3. Write the number after 69. \_\_\_\_\_

## Writing numbers before.

### Examples

1. Find the number before;

<u>49</u> , 50	<u>69</u> , 70
<u>53</u> , 54	<u>65</u> , 66
<u>60</u> , 61	<u>50</u> , 51

### Activity

- Which number comes before? 69 \_\_\_\_\_
- What number comes before 70? \_\_\_\_\_
- Write the number that comes before.

_____, 50	_____, 69	_____, 60	_____, 59
_____, 70	_____, 55		

## Writing numbers between.

### Examples

- a) What number comes between.

49, <u>50</u> , 51	68, <u>69</u> , 70	54, <u>55</u> , 56
--------------------	--------------------	--------------------

### Activity

1. Write the number that comes between.

a) 50, ___, 52	b) 61, ___, 63	c) 54, ___, 56
d) 67, ___, 69	e) 68, ___, 70	

## Comparing numbers.

### Examples

Circle the smaller number.

a) <u>57</u> or 67	b) <u>32</u> or 44	c) 50 or <u>48</u>
d) 56 or <u>26</u>		



### Activity

1. Ring the smaller number.  
a) 51 and 59                      b) 60 or 56
2. Tick the smaller number.  
a) 66 or 69                      b) 70 and 67
3. Underline the smaller number.  
a) 55 and 54                      b) 57 or 67

### Comparing numbers

#### Examples

1. Ring the bigger number.  
a) (70) and 60                      b) 55 and (66)      c) 64 or (63)

#### Activity

1. Tick the bigger number.  
a) 50 and 59      b) 61 or 71
2. Circle the bigger number.  
a) 58 or 68      b) 70 and 50
3. Underline the bigger number  
a) 63 and 62      b) 70 or 69

### Arranging numbers from the smallest to biggest.

#### Examples

58, 54, 57, 55, 56 = 54, 55, 56, 57, 58

65, 61, 64, 62, 63 = 61, 62, 63, 64, 65

69, 54, 65, 58 = 54, 58, 65, 69

#### Activity

1. Order numbers starting with the smallest.  
a) 55, 58, 57, 56, 54 = \_\_\_\_\_  
b) 60, 62, 61, 63 = \_\_\_\_\_  
c) 66, 52, 57, 54 = \_\_\_\_\_  
d) 54, 50, 52, 51, 53 = \_\_\_\_\_

## Arranging numbers from the biggest to smallest.

### Examples

- a) 58, 54, 57, 55, 56 = 58, 57, 55, 54.
- b) 65, 61, 64, 62, 63 = 65, 64, 63, 62, 61.
- c) 69, 54, 65, 58 = 69, 65, 58, 54.

### Activity

1. Arrange the numbers starting with the biggest.
  - a) 60, 62, 61, 63 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) 55, 58, 57, 56 = \_\_\_\_\_
  - c) 50, 52, 63, 70 = \_\_\_\_\_

### Number names 50 – 70

50 – fifty	61 – sixty – one
51 – fifty – one	62 – sixty – two
52 – fifty – two	63 – sixty – three
53 – fifty – three	64 – sixty – four
54 – fifty – four	65 – sixty – five
55 – fifty – five	66 – sixty – six
56 – fifty – six	67 – sixty – seven
57 – fifty – seven	68 – sixty – eight
58 – fifty – eight	69 – sixty – nine
59 – fifty – nine	70 – seventy
60 – sixty	

### Activity

1. Write the number name.  
66 \_\_\_\_\_ 61 \_\_\_\_\_ 55 \_\_\_\_\_ 50 \_\_\_\_\_

2. Match correctly.

69	sixty – five
52	seventy
65	sixty – nine
70	fifty - two

3. Underline the number name for the given number symbol.

a) 55	fifty – five	fifteen
b) 68	six	sixty – eight

Writing number symbols 50 – 70.

Fifty – 50	sixty – one 61
Fifty – one – 51	sixty – two 62
Fifty-two-52	sixty-three 63
Fifty-three – 53	sixty-four 64
Fifty-four-54	sixty-five 65
Fifty-five – 55	sixty-six 66
Fifty-six – 56	sixty-seven 67
Fifty-seven – 57	sixty-eight 68
Fifty-eight – 58	sixty-nine 69
Fifty-nine – 59	seventy 70
Sixty – 60	

### **Examples**

**Write words in figures.**

Fifty –s even <u>57</u>	sixty-five <u>55</u>
Fifty-nine <u>59</u>	sixty-nine <u>69</u>
	Seventy <u>70</u>

## Activity

- Write in figures
  - Seventy-seven \_\_\_\_\_
  - Fifty-five \_\_\_\_\_
  - Sixty-nine \_\_\_\_\_
- Complete correctly.  
Sixty-four, sixty-five, \_\_\_\_\_ sixty-seven, \_\_\_\_\_ sixty-nine
- Match correctly.

Ten	70
Twenty	60
Forty	10
Sixty	20
Seventy	40

## END OF THEME EVALUATION ACTIVITY

- Take away
  - $5 - 0 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
  - $$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ - 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
  - $$\begin{array}{r} 3 \quad 2 \\ - \quad 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$
- Use longer or shorter.

Stick R

Stick T

  - Stick T is \_\_\_\_\_ than stick R.
  - Stick R is \_\_\_\_\_ than stick T.
- Ten minus four gives \_\_\_\_\_
  - Joy had 9 apples, she gave Liz 3 apples. How many apples did she remain with?
- Fill in the missing numbers.
  - 50, \_\_\_\_\_, 52, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, 55
  - 65, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, 68, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
- How many months make a year?
  - Write the first four months of the year.
- Write in figures.
  - Fifty \_\_\_\_\_
  - sixty nine \_\_\_\_\_
  - seventy \_\_\_\_\_

7. Write the number between.

a) 53, \_\_\_\_, 55                      b) 68, \_\_\_\_, 70

8. Circle the smaller number.

a) 53 and 63                      b) 70 and 50

9. Arrange these numbers starting with the smallest.

a) 64, 62, 60, 65, 61, 63

10. a) Which number comes just after 69?

b) Match correctly

Fifty one	55
Sixty three	63
Fifty three	51

## TERM TWO

### THEMES: WEATHER

Recognising place values. (tens and ones)

News words

Hundreds, tens, ones,

### Examples

1. Write their place values

T O  
5 6 ones  
Tens

T O  
2 0 ones  
Tens

T O  
6 6 ones  
Tens

### Activity

1. Write their values

4 4  
Tens  
ones

5 0  
Tens  
ones

1 7  
Tens  
ones

3 8  
Tens  
ones

2  
Tens

### Writing place values of circled or underlined digits.

#### Examples

1. Write the place value of circled digits.

a) T O  
2 (6) ones

T O  
(6) 4  
Tens

T O  
(7) ones

## ACTIVITY

1. What is the place value of the underlined digit?

- a) 1 2      b) 2 9      c) 3 3      d) 4 8      e) 6 7

## Drawing ones

### Examples

- a) 1 ones = 0                      b) 2 ones = 000  
c) 3 ones ///                      d) 8 ones /// /////

### 1. Draw ones

- 4 ones = \_\_\_\_\_                      5 ones = \_\_\_\_\_      7 ones = \_\_\_\_\_  
6 ones = \_\_\_\_\_                      9 ones = \_\_\_\_\_

## Filling in ones

### Examples


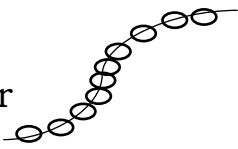
- //////// = 6 ones  
00000000 = 8 ones  
/ = 1 ones

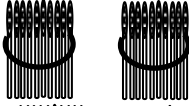
## Activity

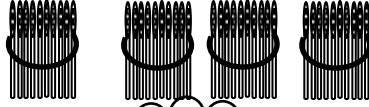
1. Fill in ones correctly.  
a) //// = \_\_\_\_ ones  
b) ////// = \_\_\_\_ ones  
c) 00 = \_\_\_\_ ones  
d) 00000000 = \_\_\_\_ ones  
e) /= \_\_\_\_\_ one

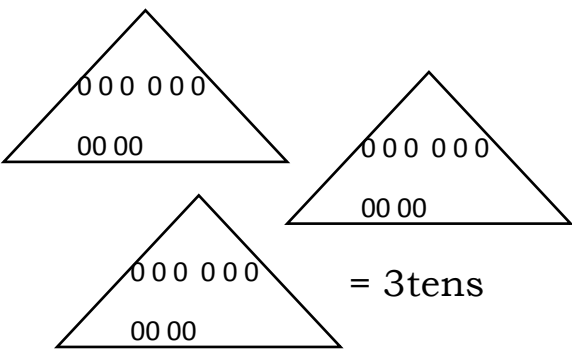
## Drawing tens

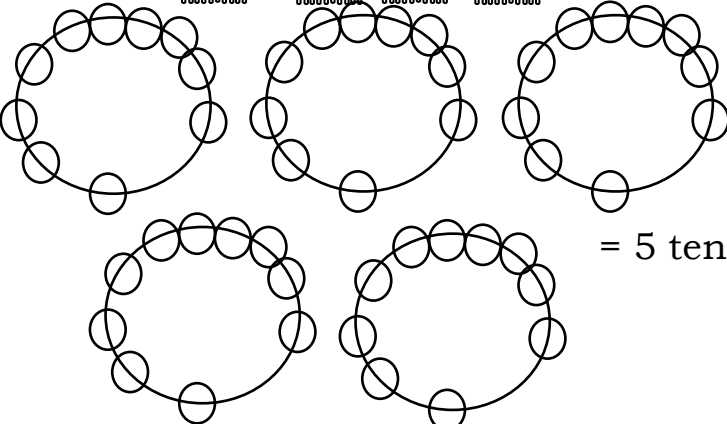
### Examples

a) 1 ten =  or 

b) 2 tens = 

c) 4 tens = 

d)  = 3 tens

e)  = 5 tens

### Activity

1. Draw tens

a) 3 tens = \_\_\_\_\_

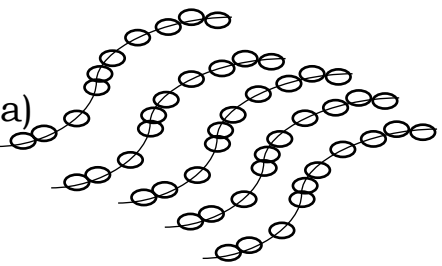
b) 5 tens = \_\_\_\_\_


c) 6 tens = \_\_\_\_\_

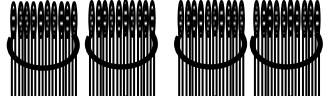
d) 7 tens = \_\_\_\_\_

### Filling in tens.

### Examples

a)  = 5 tens

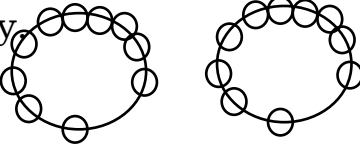
b)  = 1 tens

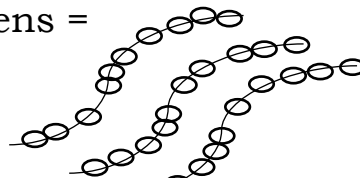
c)  = 4 tens



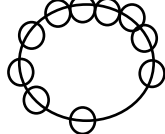
## Activity

1. Fill in correctly.

a) \_\_\_\_\_ tens = 


b) \_\_\_\_\_ tens = 


c)  = \_\_\_\_\_ tens

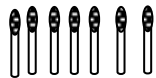
d)  = \_\_\_\_\_ tens


## Filling in tens and ones

### Examples

a)  = 1 tens 1 ones

b)  = 2 tens 4 ones

c)  = 0 tens 7 ones


d)  = 3 tens 0 ones

e)  = 6 tens 1 ones


## Fill in tens and ones


### Activity


1.  \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones.

2.  \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones.

3.  /////  
\_\_\_\_\_tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones

4.  / \_\_\_\_\_tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones

5.  /// \_\_\_\_\_tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones

6.  \_\_\_\_\_tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones

## More about filling in tens and ones

### Examples

a)  $\begin{array}{c} \text{T} \\ 6 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ 1 \end{array} = \underline{6} \text{ tens } \underline{1} \text{ ones}$

b)  $\begin{array}{c} \text{T} \\ 5 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ 3 \end{array} = \underline{5} \text{ tens } \underline{3} \text{ ones}$

c)  $\begin{array}{c} \text{T} \\ 1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ 0 \end{array} = \underline{1} \text{ tens } \underline{0} \text{ ones}$

d)  $\begin{array}{c} \text{T} \\ 0 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ 9 \end{array} = \underline{0} \text{ tens } \underline{9} \text{ ones}$

e)  $\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ 8 \end{array} = \underline{0} \text{ tens } \underline{8} \text{ ones}$


### Activity

#### Fill in missing tens and ones.

1. 45 = \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones
2. 19 = \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones
3. 50 = \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones
4. 08 = \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones
5. Tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones \_\_\_\_\_ = 27
6. Tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones \_\_\_\_\_ = 11
7. \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones = 22
8. \_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones = 03


## Drawing bundles (tens and ones)

### Examples

a)  $15 =$  

b)  $21 =$  

c)  $30 =$  

d)  $07 =$  

$4 =$  

### Activity

#### Draw tens and ones.

1.  $43 =$

2.  $13 =$

3.  $28$

4.  $50 =$

5.  $44 =$


6.  $09 =$

7.  $6 =$


#### Writing the number shown by the bundles.

### Examples

1. What number is represented below?

a)   $= 25$


b)   $= 11$

c)   $= 40$

d)   $= 03$

### Activity

1. Which number is shown?

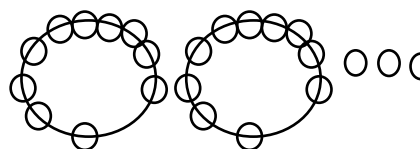
a)   $=$  \_\_\_\_\_

b)   $=$  \_\_\_\_\_

c)   $=$  \_\_\_\_\_

d)   $=$  \_\_\_\_\_

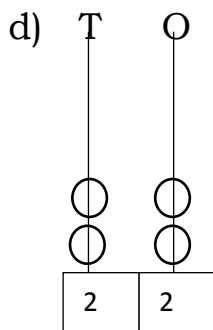
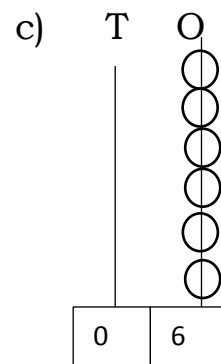
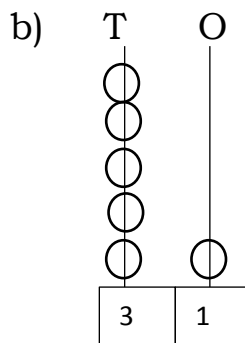
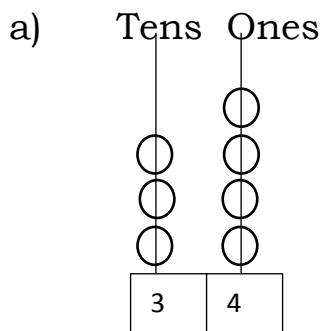
e) Write the number shown

  $=$  \_\_\_\_\_

## Writing numbers shown on the abacus.

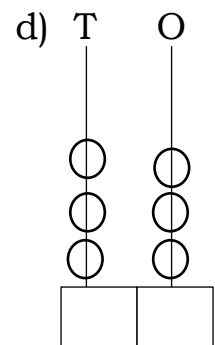
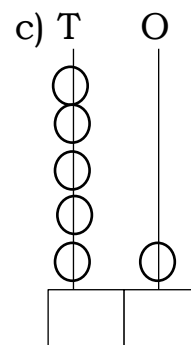
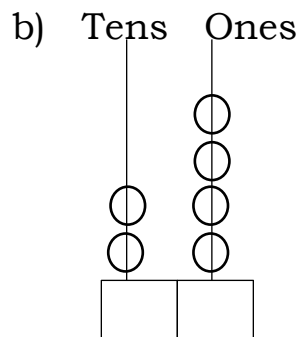
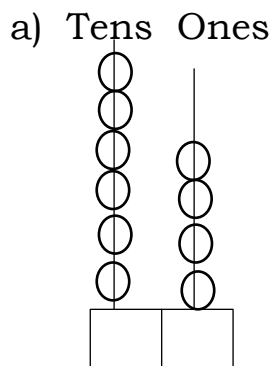
**New words:** beads, abacus, sticks

### Examples



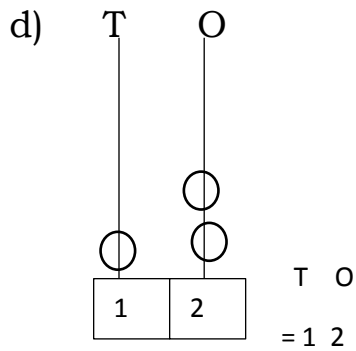
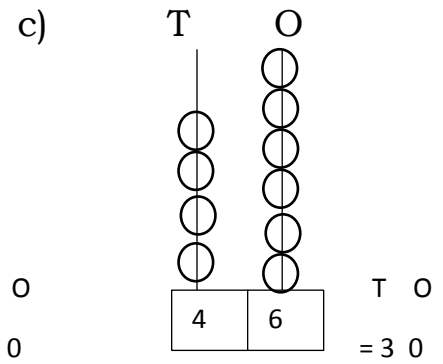
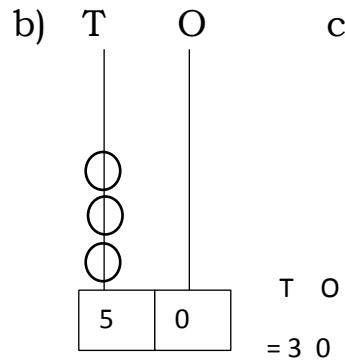
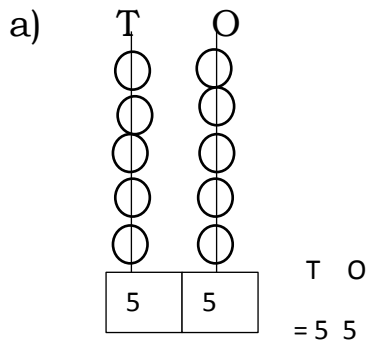
### Activity

1. What number is shown on the abacus?



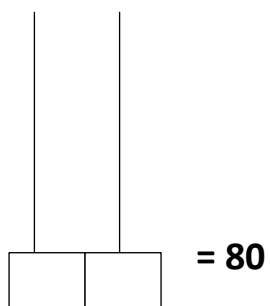
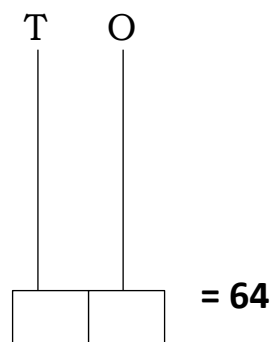
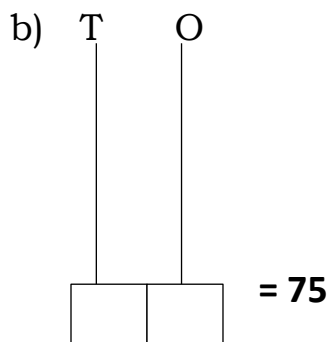
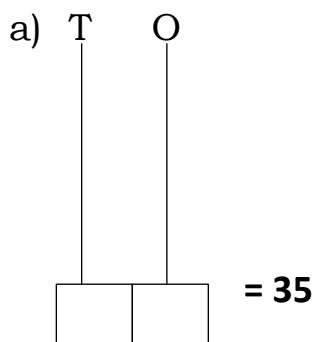
## Drawing beads on the abacus.

### Examples



### Activity

#### Draw beads on the abacus.



## Counting 2's (two's)

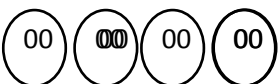
### Examples

a) 1 two = 2 = 2

b) 2 twos =  $\overset{00}{2} + \overset{00}{2} = 4$

c) 3 twos =  $\overset{00}{2} + \overset{00}{2} + \overset{00}{2} = 6$

d) 4 twos =  $\overset{00}{2} + \overset{00}{2} + \overset{00}{2} + \overset{00}{2} = 8$

e)  = 4 twos

f)  = 3 twos

### Activity

#### Complete correctly

a) 3 twos = \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

b) 5 twos = \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

c) 6 twos = \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

d) 7 twos = \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

e)  = \_\_\_\_ twos

f)  = \_\_\_\_ twos

## Multiplication of 2 as repeated addition.

### Examples

$$2 = 1 \times 2 = 2$$

$$2 + 2 = 2 \times 2 = 4$$

$$2 + 2 + 2 = 3 \times 2 = 6$$

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 5 \times 2 = 10$$

## Activity

### Complete correctly

- a)  $2+2+2+2 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
- b)  $2+2+2+2+2 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
- c)  $2+2+2+2+2+2 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$
- d)  $2+2+2+2+2+2+2 = \underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad}$

## END OF THEME 5 EVALUATION ACTIVITY

1. Write the place value of the circled number.

- a) 6 (4) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) (1) 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- c) 2 (7) 8 \_\_\_\_\_
- d) 8 9 (0) \_\_\_\_\_

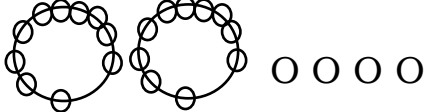
2. Draw bundles for;

23 =


30 =

09 =

3. Fill in the missing tens and ones.

- a)  \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones

- b) 

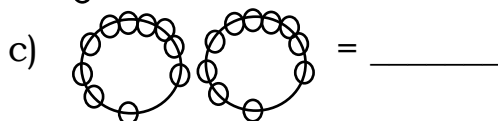
\_\_\_\_\_ tens \_\_\_\_\_ ones

c)  $43 = \underline{\quad} \text{ tens } \underline{\quad} \text{ ones}$

d)  $\underline{\quad} = 7 \text{ Tens } 2 \text{ ones}$

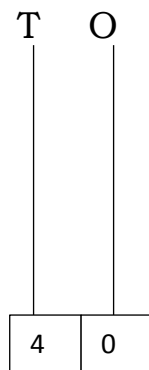
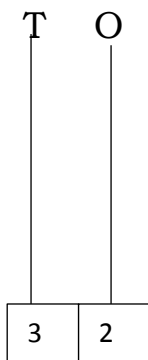
4. Write the number given.

- a)  \_\_\_\_\_

- c)  \_\_\_\_\_

- b.  / / / / = \_\_\_\_\_

5. Draw beads on the abacus.



6. Count in twos.

a)  $\boxed{00} \quad \boxed{00} \quad \boxed{00} \quad \boxed{00} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ twos}$

b)  $\bigcirc // \quad \bigcirc // \quad \bigcirc // = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ twos}$

c)  $\swarrow 00 \swarrow \quad \swarrow 00 \swarrow \quad \swarrow 00 \swarrow \quad \swarrow 00 \swarrow \quad \swarrow 00 \swarrow \quad \swarrow 00 \swarrow = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ twos}$

7. Complete correctly

a)  $2+2+2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$2+2+2+2+2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

8. Match correctly.

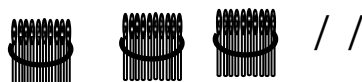
32



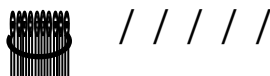
15



03



10



22



9. Write the place values.

5    8    \_\_\_\_\_    9    3    \_\_\_\_\_  
       └───┬────────┘        └───┬────────┘



10. Complete.

a) 7 tens and 4 ones

b) \_\_\_\_\_tens and \_\_\_\_\_ one = 95

11. Read and draw.

a) \_\_\_\_\_  
4 tens                      3ones

b) 2tens and    5ones  
\_\_\_\_\_