KAMPALA JUNIOR ACADEMY

LOWER WORK TEST 1 2020 PRIMARY SEVEN BASIC SCIENCE AND HEALTH EDUCATION

Time allowed: 2 hours 15 minutes

Index	No.			
Cano	lidate's Name:			
Cano	lidate's Signature:			
Scho	ol Name:			
Read	the following instructions carefully:	FOR EXA	MINER'S U	SE ONLY
1.	The paper has two sections: A and B			
2.	Section A has 40 questions (40 marks)			
3.	Section B has 15 questions (60 marks) FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY			S USE
4.	Answer ALL questions. All answers to both Sections A	_		
	and B must be written in the spaces provided.	Qn. No	MARK	SIGN
5.	All answers must be written using a blue or black ball	1 – 10		
	point pen or ink. Diagrams should be drawn in pencil.	11 – 20		
6.	Unnecessary crossing of work may lead to loss of marks.	21 – 30		
7.	Any handwriting that cannot be easily read may lead to	31 – 40 41 – 43		
	loss of marks.	44 – 46		
8.	Do not fill anything in the boxes indicated;	47 – 49		
	For Examiner's use only.	50 – 52		
	Tr.	53 – 55		
	Turn over			

TOTAL

SECTION A: 40 MARKS

(Questions 1 to 40 carry one mark each)

Name the breathing organ for a fish.
Mention the disease caused by lack of enough proteins in the body.
What is a pest?
Give one use of roots to a plant.
Name the second stage in the life-cycle of a butterfly.
The diagram below shows part of a flower. Use it to answer questions 6 and 7. Y What name is given to the part of the flower shown above?
Name the part marked with letter Y .
Mhat is tomporature?
What is temperature?

Name the bone t	that protects the brain.
How is a housefl	ly able to spread diseases?
Why do some ob	pjects float on water?
Give one sign of	intestinal worms in the body.
How do mushrod	oms reproduce?
Why is it not pos	sible for plants to make their own food at night?
Why should we l	keep our toilets clean?
What is a scald?	
The diagram bel	low shows roots of a plant. Use it to answer question 19.
dentify the grou	p of crops that bear such roots as shown above.

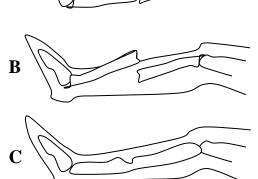
21.	State any one skeletal disease that is immunisable.
22.	Why do farmers mulch their gardens?
23.	State the commonest traditional method of preserving fish in Uganda.
4.	How is a nursery bed important in crop growing?
5.	Why do animals make sounds?
6.	What danger can drought cause to food path?
7.	How does man benefit from afforestation?
8.	Calculate the volume of the cuboid below. 9cm 3cm
9.	State any one cause of soil erosion.
Ο.	Why do farmers carry out seed selection?
l.	How do hook worms enter our bodies?

Why o	do you think that stones do not grow?
Name	one element of weather.
	liagram below shows a plant response to a stimulus. Study it carefully and er question 35.
Name	the tropism shown in the diagram above.
How r	nuch sugar is needed to prepare ORS at home?
Why i	s breast milk the best food for babies?
Why o	do we have to brush our teeth after every meal?
 Identi	fy one object that can sink in water.
In the	space provided below, draw a simple leaf.
111 (116	space provided below, draw a simple lear.

SECTION B Questions 41 to 55 carry four marks each. 41(a) What do you understand by the following:

41(a) (i)	germination?
(ii)	photosynthesis?
(b) (i)	Which part of a flower develops into; a seed?
(ii)	a fruit?
42. (a)	Give one reason for practicing each of the following habits: Keeping our fingernails short
(b)	Ironing our clothes regularly
(c)	Sitting in an upright position
(d)	Sweeping the classroom
43(a) (i)	Name two processes that take place during the rain cycle.
(ii) (b)	State any one human activity that can lead to drought in an area.
(c)	How is the sun useful during rain formation?





(a) Name the types of fracture **A**, **B** and **C**.

A _____

B ______C

(b) Why do we apply splints on a fractured bone?

45. Match the vectors in list **A** with the diseases they spread in list **B**.

(A)VECTORS	(B)DISEASES
Tsetsefly	plague
Culex mosquito	cholera
Housefly	Nagana
Rat fleas	elephantiasis
	scabies

- (i) Tsetsefly _____
- (ii) Culex mosquito _____
- (iii) Housefly _____
- (iv) Rat fleas _____
- 46.(a) Name any two pests that attack crops in the field.
- (i) ______
- (ii) _____

(b)	Why is a maize stalk borer regarded as a pest?
(c)	How can we control pests in a maize store?
17.(a)	What is air?
i)	Name two components of air.
ii) c)	What is the major use of oxygen that is kept in hospitals?
The d	iagram below is of a mushroom. Use it to answer questions that follow. A B
18.(a)	Name parts marked A and B .
(i)	A
	B
(b)	How useful is part labelled C to a mushroom?

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	Give the roles of the following types of bees in a beehive. Queen bee
١	Worker bee
١	Why can't worker bees lay eggs yet they are female?
•	State the food given to queen bees.
	The diagram below shows respiratory organs. Study it carefully and answer the questions that follow.
	M_N
	Name the parts marked with letters M and N . M
	N
I	

	Name any two communicable diseases.		
	Suggest any one way of controlling communicable diseases.		
	The diagram below shows an experiment done by a P.4 class. Study it and ans the questions that follow.		
	50cc 40cc 30cc 20cc 10cc		
	Name the container marked with letter E.		
	What was the experiment about?		
•	State the volume of the stone in the experiment above.		
	Give one reason why the above method was used to measure volume.		

(b)	Apart from wool, give one other product of a sheep.
(c) (i)	Give any two reasons why docking in sheep rearing should be carried out.
(ii)	
55.(a)	What is food taboo?
(b) (i)	Give any two examples of food taboo.
(c)	State one advantage of food taboo in the community.

Good luck