| Name | personalno// |
|-----------|--------------|
| Signature | |
| 553/1 | |
| 3BIOLOGY. | |
| Paper | |
| MAY/JUNE- | |
| 2023 | |
| 1½hours. | |

EAGLE'SNESTSECONDARYSCHOOLKAMPALA COMPETENCYBASEDCURRICULUMASSESSMENT BEGINNINGOFTERMIIEXAMINATIONS2023

UgandaLowersecondarycertificateofeducation

BIOLOGYPAPER

S.1

TIME:1Hr30Mins

- Attemptall thequestions in section A and only one question from section B
- Diagrams where necessary must be drawn using a sharpened pencil.

ForExaminersuseonly

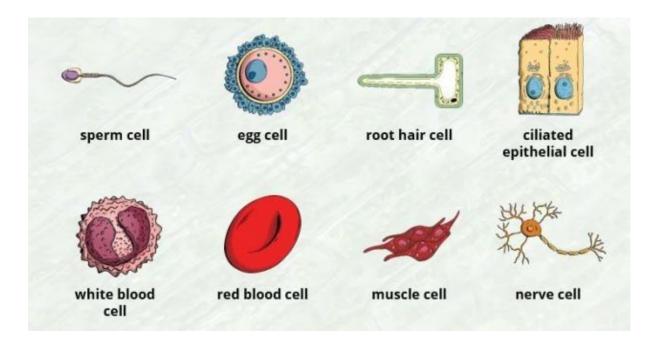
| Question | Marks. | Comment |
|----------|--------|---------|
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |

| 3 | |
|---|--|
| 4 | |
| 5 | |

SECTIONA.

Attemptallthequestionsinthissection

1.(a) Cells in multicellular organisms have *unique structures* which enable them to per form as pecific role/function. Below are different structures of specialised cells in man. Use the mandans werthequestions that follow



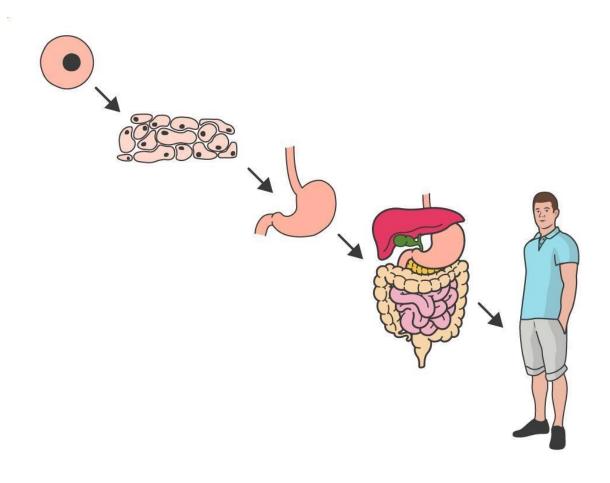
(i) Given the following adaptations of different cells who sest ructures are given above. Fill in the spaces provided. (08 marks)

......hasbiconcaveshapeandlacknucleus; which increases its surfacearea for absorption and carriage of oxygen in the body.

| iselongated;toincreasethesurfaceareaforabsorptionofma |
|--|
| terials such as water and mineral salts. |
| hastinyhairlikestructures;whichsweepmucusandbacteria awayfromairalongtherespiratorytract. |
| haslargevolumeofcytoplasm; which increases its surface ar eamaking it easier for the development of embryowithin and storage of food. |
| haslongfibre; which carry signal supand down the body over long distances. |
| containsproteinfibres; which contract when energy is available to aid in movement. |
| hasatail; which it uses to propel towards the ovum to fertilize it. |
| hasanirregularshapesocanchangeshape; whichmakesitpossibletoengulfbacterialandothergermsanddestroythem. |
| (b) The life processes of human body are maintained at several levels of structural organization of the life processes of the life |

nisation. Below are different structures of organisation in man. Use the man dans wert

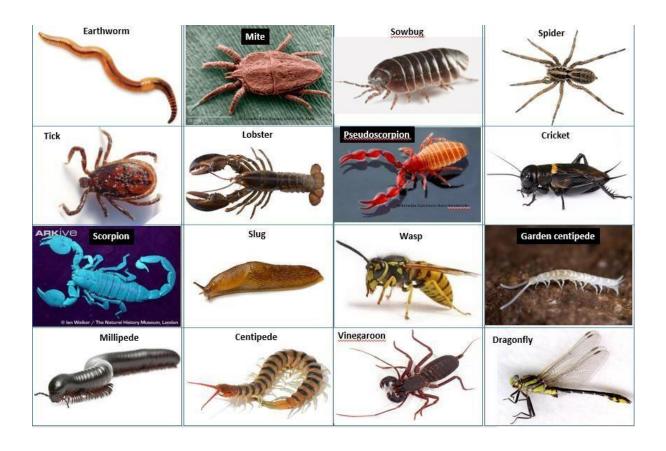
he questions that follow.



(i)Statethelevelsofstructuralorganisationinmanshownabove.(statethem inorderfromsmallesttohighestlevel)(04marks).....,.....

 $(ii) Label on each structure above the levels of structural organisation stated in \\ (a) (i) (02 marks)$

2. While studying about *classification* of organisms, several charts were displayed with several organisms. The chart senable students to process content and make connections and differences about organisms more easily. Below is one chart with different organisms. Use it and answer the questions that follow.



| (a)StatetheKingdomtowhichthealltheorganismsabovebelongs.(01mark) |
|--|
| (b)Fromthechartabove;whichorganism(s)belong(s)to, (i).Phylummollusca,(01mark) |
| (ii).Phylumannelida.(01mark) |
| (c).Statethephylumtowhichtherestoforganismsbelongsapartfromthose in(b)(01mark) |
| (d)Usingobservablefeatures; |
| (I) Statethedifferencesbetweenspiderandwasp.(04marks) |
| |

| (II) similaritiesbetv | weenmillipedeandtick | k.(03marks) | |
|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | of classification balous | | •••••• |
| Classinsecta | ofclassificationbelow Classcustacea | Classarachnida | ClassChilopda |
| | | | |
| Statetheclassofclas | sificationtowhichthef | followingorganismsk | pelong. |
| (i).Tick.(01mark) | | | |
| (ii).Ce | ntipede.(01mark) | | |
| | (iii).Dr | agonfly.(01mark) | |
| | | (iv).L | obster.(01mark) |
| | | | (|
| f) Why is the rean eed | toclassifyorganisms? | (01mark) | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | indfunctionofawhole eplantadoptstothepa | • | |
| <i>difiedleaves</i> whichp | performspecialisedfu | nctionotherthanthe | usualprimaryfuncti |
| ons. Studythestruct | urebelowandanswer | thequestionsthatfol | low. |



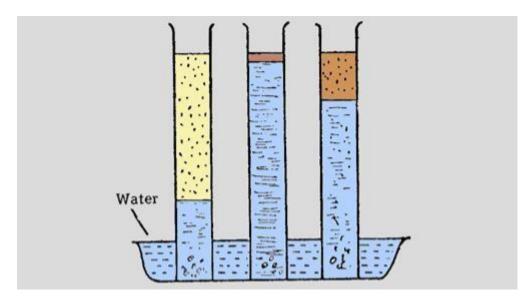
| (i)Nametheleatmodificationshownbythegardenpea.(01mar) |
|---|
| (ii)Statetheadaptationoftheleafmodificationnamedabovetofunctionits function(02marks) |
| (iii)Stateanytwoleafmodificationsandtheirfunctionsapartfromtheone showninfigure.(04marks) |
| |

| (iv)Stateanyone <i>primaryfunction</i> of leaves. (01 mark) | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | ••••• | | | |
| | | | | |
| (b)AgroupofS.2 | 2studentsobtained | ldifferentkindsofl | eavesfromtheirs | schoolgardena |
| | eirstructuralfeatur | | nowingtheobser | vablefeatures |
| oftheleavesred | cordedbyS.2studer | nt. | Τ | |
| Leaf | Venation | Margin | Lamina | Stalk |
| Р | Network | Entire | Smooth | Petiole |
| Q | Parallel | Entire | Rough | Sheath |
| R | Parallel | Serrated | Smooth | Sheath |
| S | Network | Serrated | Rough | Petiole |
| | | | | |
| Usetheobserva | able features show r | ninthetableabove | andconstructa | |
| dichotomousk | eyto classify the leav | ves.(03marks) | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| ••••• | ••••• | ••••• | ••••• | ••••• |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| ••••• | ••••• | ••••• | ••••• | |
| | | | | |
| 4.Threesample | esofsoil X,Y and X we | reobtainedbyagro | oupofS.2andcar | riedoutanexp |
| erimentasthes | etupbelow.Theym | easuredequalam | ountofsoilandpl | acedeachsoils |

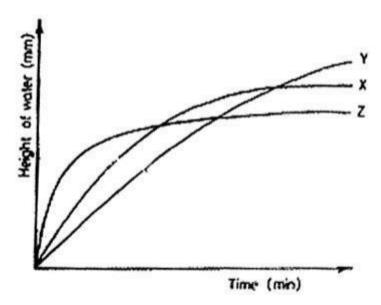
ample X, Y and X in each capillary tube and dipped the tubes into a trough of water. The second of the tubes of t

SoilZSoilYSoilX

etupbelowshowsthe *end* of



During the time of experiment up to the end of experiment, the height of water rise in each soils ample along each tube was measured and recorded a tregular intervals. Agrapho f water rise against time was plotted as below.



(a) AsaS. 2 student who has studied about the properties of soils, state the aim of the experiment. (01 mark)......

(c)Usingthegraph;compareandexplainthewaterriseineachsoilsample X:Y

| and Zwith time. (08 marks) |
|---|
| |
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| |
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| |
| |
| |
| (d) State which of soils ample X , Y and Z is, |
| (i)Loamsoil.(01mark) |
| (ii)Sandsoil.(01mark) |
| |
| (iii)Claysoil.(01mark) |
| |

SECTIONB.

 ${\bf Attempt} {\it any 1} {\it question. All questions carry equal marks.}$

5.OneS.2student;Kasololostakeyforhersuitcaseonedayafterschoolvisitation.Her parentsvisitedherandamongpackagewasaloafoftiptopsweetbread.Afteraweek;s hebrokethesuitcaseonlytofindherbreadappearingasindiagrambelow.Usethediag ramtoanswerthequestionsthatfollow.

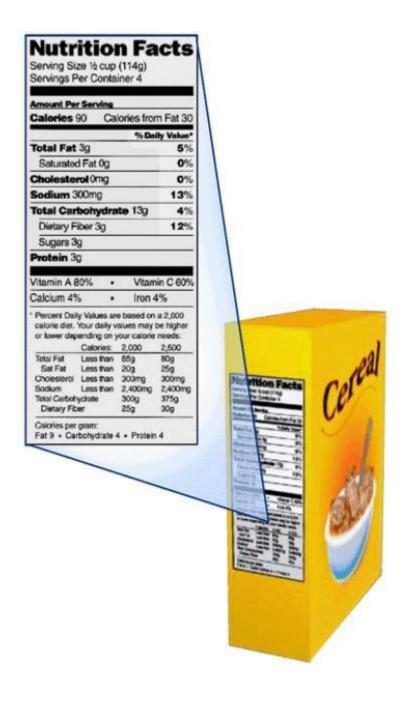


- (a) What specific name is given to the organism that developed on Kasolo's bread? (01 mark)
- (b) State the ${\it group}$ of organisms to which the organism named in (a) belongs. (01 marks)
- (b) Covering the breadth of fundamental and applied research involving the above organisms stated in (b) above, the *advancement in biotechnology involving such organi*

smshasgreatlybenefitedmanmuchassomeorganismsarealsoharmfultoman" As aS.2studentwhohasstudied the aboveorganisms; justifytheabovestatement (08 marks)

6. Nutritionis acritical point of health and better nutritionis related to improve dinfant, child and maternal healthy, stronger immune systems, safer pregnancy and childhealth, lower risks of diseases and longevity. Using nutritional content given on this product; use it to teach the people in your

villagewhyeverychildmustbegiventhisproductathomeasadietary supplement.(10marks)



END