

# NEW LOWER SECONDARY CURRICULUM.

## CHEMISTRY SYLLABUS

### SENIOR ONE

TERM	THEME	TOPIC (periods allocated)	CONTENT
I	Introduction to chemistry	Chemistry and society (6)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Discrete nature of chemistry</li> <li>Why study chemistry</li> <li>Chemistry careers</li> <li>Contribution of chemistry to Uganda economy</li> </ul>
		Experimental chemistry (12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Laboratory rules and regulations (risk assessment and safety)</li> <li>Lab equipment and apparatus</li> <li>Scientific methods of experimentation</li> <li>Purity of substances</li> </ul>
	Particle nature of matter	States and change of states of matter (9)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Matter</li> <li>Properties of matter</li> <li>Kinetic theory of matter and states of matter</li> <li>Change of state of matter</li> <li>Cooling effect of evaporation</li> </ul>
		Using materials (9)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Materials in everyday life</li> <li>Nature of polymers used daily</li> <li>Physical properties of polymers and their use</li> <li>Molecular structure of materials</li> <li>How common materials pollute</li> </ul>

			environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Effect of heat on structure and properties of matter</li> </ul>
II	Temporary and permanent changes to materials	Temporary and permanent changes (16)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temporary and permanent changes (chemical and physical changes)</li> </ul>
		Mixtures, elements and compounds (20)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determination of purity</li> <li>• Determination of elements, mixtures, compounds</li> <li>• Separation of mixtures</li> </ul>
III	Air and environment	Air (10)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Air</li> <li>• Air pollution</li> <li>• Processes that use oxygen to form oxides</li> </ul>
		Water (14)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Occurrence of water</li> <li>• Physical and chemical properties of water</li> <li>• Water cycle</li> <li>• Water and sewage treatment</li> </ul>
	Earth and space	Rocks and minerals (12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Formation of igneous, sedimentary, metamorphic rocks</li> <li>• Physical properties of rocks</li> <li>• Differentiate between types of rocks</li> <li>• Weathering and soil formation</li> </ul>

## SENIOR TWO

TER	THEME	TOPIC (periods allocated)	CONTENT
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<b>M</b>			
I	Acids and alkalis	Acids and alkalis (12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Acids and alkalis</li> <li>• Concept of pH</li> <li>• Reactions between acids and alkalis</li> </ul>
		Salts (12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Neutralization to form salts</li> <li>• Common substances in every day life</li> </ul>
	The periodic table	The periodic table (12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Metals and non metals</li> <li>• Atomic number and periodic table</li> <li>• First 20 elements</li> <li>• Position of element and charge on ion</li> </ul>
II	Carbon in the environment	Carbon in the environment (36)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carbon compounds as fuels</li> <li>• Renewable and non-renewable fuels</li> <li>• Carbon fuels on the environment</li> <li>• Process of making charcoal</li> <li>• Physical properties and uses of carbon dioxide</li> <li>• Carbon dioxide and global warming</li> <li>• Green house gases and effect on climate</li> <li>• Origin of hard water and its softening</li> <li>• Allotropes of carbon; properties and uses</li> </ul>
III	Order of reactivity	Reactivity series (36)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chemical reactivity of metals</li> <li>• Reactivity series</li> <li>• Alloys</li> </ul>

## SENIOR THREE

TER	THEME	TOPIC (periods allocated)	CONTENT
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<b>M</b>			
I	Carbon in life	Carbon in life (30)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diversity of carbon compounds</li> <li>• Crude oil and its fractions</li> <li>• Natural gas, methane as fuels</li> <li>• Biogas</li> <li>• Synthetic and natural polymers</li> <li>• Alcohols, ethanol and its uses</li> <li>• Manufacture of ethanol from sugars</li> <li>• Manufacture of soapy detergents</li> <li>• Soapless detergents</li> <li>• Organic compounds and homologous series</li> </ul>
	Structures and bonds	Structures and bonds (18)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Atoms as building blocks of matter</li> <li>• Elements, molecules, compounds and their relationship.</li> <li>• Subatomic structure</li> <li>• Properties of subatomic particles</li> <li>• RAM, Proton mass, Nucleon number, isotopes</li> <li>• Formation of compounds from atoms</li> <li>• Ionic, covalent, metallic bonding</li> <li>• Difference in physical properties of ionic and covalent compounds</li> </ul>
II	Equations in chemistry	Formulae, stoichiometry and mole concept (30)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RAM, RMM</li> <li>• Number of moles and number of particles</li> <li>• Number of moles and mass</li> <li>• Moles of a gas and volume</li> <li>• Synthesize chemical formulae</li> <li>• Interpret chemical reactions</li> <li>• Scientific attitudes and values in investigating</li> </ul>

			matter
	Structure of substances	Properties and structure of substances (18)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Properties and structure of substances</li> </ul>
III	Fuels and energy	Fossil fuels (20)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Types and origins of fossil fuels</li> <li>• Why they are used as source of energy</li> </ul>
	Reactants and products	Chemical reactions (28)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rate of chemical reactions</li> <li>• Effect of factors on rate of reactions</li> <li>• Importance of reversible reactions in industrial processes.</li> </ul>

## SENIOR FOUR

TERM	THEME	TOPIC (periods allocated)	CONTENT
I	Redox reactions	Oxidation and reduction reactions (18)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Process of oxidation and reduction.</li> <li>• Importance of oxidation and reduction</li> <li>• Electrolysis</li> </ul>
		Industrial processes (30)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Useful chemicals</li> <li>• Extraction of useful chemicals</li> <li>• Use of nitrates as fertilizers, food production and formation from air</li> <li>• Industrial processes in Uganda</li> </ul>

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Industrial processes and natural resources</li> <li>• Dangers of industrial processes to society</li> <li>• Lime and cement manufacture</li> <li>• Production of alkali and chlorine by electrolysis of brine</li> <li>• Use of synthetic polymers</li> </ul>
II	Periodicity	Trends in the periodic table (20)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trends in physical properties of elements</li> <li>• Trends in chemical properties of elements of elements in the third period</li> <li>• Physical and chemical properties of different elements</li> </ul>
	Thermochemistry	Energy changes during chemical reactions (28)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Endothermic and exothermic reactions</li> <li>• Bond energy</li> <li>• Importance endothermic and exothermic reactions in nature</li> <li>• Burning of fuels as exothermic reactions</li> <li>• Concept of heat of reaction</li> <li>• Interpret energy profiles of chemical reactions</li> </ul>
III	Consumable chemicals	Chemicals for consumers (20)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Properties of soap and detergents</li> <li>• Cleansing action of soap and detergents</li> <li>• Use of food additives</li> <li>• Use of chemicals in medicine</li> <li>• Chemical industry contribution to our lives</li> </ul>
		Nuclear processes (12)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Atomic structure, nuclear fission and fusion; dangers associated with them</li> <li>• Spontaneous and random nature of nuclear decay</li> <li>• Interpreting decay data in half life</li> <li>• Social, political and environmental dimension</li> </ul>

			with use of nuclear power
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