

End of Year Sample ASSESSMENT ITEMS FOR S.1 AND S.2

HISTORY AND POLITICAL EDUCATION

UPDATED VERSION

2022

HISTORY AND POLITICAL EDUCATION

SAMPLE EXAMINATION ITEMS FOR S.1 AND S.2

Guidance to the Teacher

These sample items have been set to guide the teacher to develop and set end of year competence-based examinations for Senior One and Senior Two learners.

Suggested Structure of the Paper

It should comprise two sections, A and B.

Section A should have at least two short response items which should be compulsory.

Section B should comprise at least three extended response items (situational based) from which the learner attempts two questions.

All items should be demanding the learner to exhibit Higher Order Thinking skills i.e., assessing analysis, synthesis and creation of new knowledge or ideas.

Assessment of the learners should be criterion referenced hence you are urged to make specific relevant rubrics and scoring grids for the items set.

Time and score allocation should be made clear to learners. The S1 and S2 learners do not need 2hours like that of S4 exam time. Decide the convenient time for your set paper. The scores from the short response questions will be added to the scores got from the extended questions of Section 2 to get a total score of the exam.

Section A: Short Response Items

Instructions: Attempt all questions in this section.

Learning outcomes assessed:

- Understand how people find out about the past.
- Understand the benefits of historical sites in Uganda.
- 1. In my village of Kibale, there are a number of migrants from different areas. Each group tries to practise life linked to their original societies before they came to Kibale. They greatly treasure their past which determines their present thinking and actions. This has conditioned the district to construct a museum with all the data about migrants in Kibale.

TASKS:

- a) Explain **three** forms in which the ways of life in Kibale community can be understood basing on past events. (3 scores)
- b) In your school, the History and Political Education Club has established a museum, suggest three ways how it will benefit your community. (3 scores)

NO.	ITEM	POSSIBLE RESPONSES	SCORES	SCORING CRITERIA
			SCORES	SCORING CRITERIA
1.	a. Explain two ways in which the ways of life of Kibale community can be understood basing on past events.	 Expected Responses Through oral tradition especially story telling from our elders Through written records/information about past events Through traditional dance 	(03 scores)	A learner will score 3 for any three well explained ways of understanding life basing on past events.
		and drama Through Archaeological information Through museums and heritage sites Anthropology studies.		A learner will score 2 if he/she gives any 2 methods of understanding our ways of life basing on past events A learner will score 1 if he/she gives any one correct method of understanding life basing on past events
	b. In your school, the History and Political Education Club has established a museum, suggest three ways how it will benefit your community.	 Students will use it for study and research purposes. It will enable learners become creative. It will be used for tourism by students, parents and people in the community. It will help learners learn more about their culture and traditions. 	(03 scores)	A learner will score 3 if he/she explains 3 benefits well with examples. A learner will score 2 if he/she explains 2 benefits with examples. A learner will score 1 if he/she gives any one benefit.

Learning outcome assessed:

The learner should be able to understand the results of Bantu, Luo and Ngoni migration in East Africa.

2. Many people move from their areas of residence because of different conditions. Millions of refugees from different countries have moved and settled in Uganda. Their coming has not been welcomed by the natives.

TASK:

- a) Explain **three** ways in which the coming of refugees to Uganda has affected the areas they have settled in. (3 scores)
- b) Using your knowledge of History and Political Education, explain **three** similarities and **three** differences between the 19th century Bantu migration and modern refugee movements in Uganda. (3 scores)

NO.	ITEM	POSSIBLE RESPONSES	SCORES	SCORING CRITERIA
2	a. Explain three ways in which the coming of refugees to Uganda has affected the areas where they have settled. (4scores)	They have led to population increase such as in Adjumani, Kasese,	03 scores	A learner will score 3 if he/she explains3- 4 effects of refugees in Uganda with relevant examples. A learner will score 2 if he/she gives 2-3 effects with relevant examples. A learner will score 1 if he/she explains 1-2 effects.

NO.	ITEM	POSSIBLE RESPONSES	SCORES	SCORING CRITERIA
		 Have led to easy spread of diseases due to poor living conditions. Displacement of people 		
	b. Using your knowledge of History and Political Education, explain three similarities and differences between 19th century Bantu Migration and refugee movement in Uganda.	Similarities: Both Bantu and refugees migrated due to political conflicts in their cradle land. Both Bantu and refugees led to conflicts in places they settled. Both Bantu and refugees migrated due to shortage of food in their cradleland.	(06scores) 03 scores for similarities and 3 for differences	A learner scores 6 if he/she explains 3 similarities and 3 differences. A learner scores 4 if he/she explains 2 similarities and 2 differences. A learner scores 2 if he/she gives 1 similarity and difference. A learner will score 1 if he/she
	oganua.	 The Bantu moved to Uganda in the 19th century while the refugees' movements were recent. The Bantu were one ethnic group while refugees belong to different ethnic groups. The Bantu moved and settled in different parts of Uganda while most of refugees are restricted to camps. 		gives either 1 similarity or difference.

SECTION B: EXTENDED RESPONSE ITEMS

Learning Outcomes assessed:

- Analyse the concept of human evolution.
- Know the scientific view about the origin of man.

3. Senior Two learners in your school went to the Zoo and saw a number of animals. They were surprised to see gorillas and chimpanzees behaving like human beings. Their Tour Guide told them that the ancestor of human beings changed from these animals due to natural processes. Many of the students did not believe him.

TASK:

Using your knowledge of History and Political Education, write an article supporting the Tour Guide. (10scores)

ASSESSMENT GRID FOR ITEM 3

Output	Basis of Evaluation	Criteria1 Relevance	Criteria2 Accuracy	Criteria3 Coherence	Excellency
An article about evolution of human beings.	Expected response: Earliest mammals evolved from reptiles. The next stage into gorilla From which the ancestor of man came called Australopithecus A short ape-like and man-like upright creature. The Homo habilis who had a slightly larger brain(600cc) A more advanced creature, Java Man (Homo-	A learner will score 3/3 if he/she gives 7-8 of above relevant stages of scientific evolution of human beings. A learner will score 2/3 if he/she gives 4-6 of above relevant facts. A learner will score 1/3 if he/she gives 1-3 of above	A learner will score 3/3 if he/she gives 7-8 of above most correct stages of scientific evolution of human beings. A learner will score 2/3 if he/she gives 4-6 of above correct facts. A learner will score 1/3 if he/she gives 1-3	A learner will score 3/3 if he/she gives 7-8 of above facts logically. A learner will score 2/3 if he/she gives 4-6 of above facts logically. A learner will score 1/3 if he/she gives 1-3 of above facts logically stated.	A learner will score 1 for giving an outstanding information that has not been solicited for in the question

Output	Basis of Evaluation	Criteria1 Relevance	Criteria2 Accuracy	Criteria3 Coherence	Excellency	
	erectus),	relevant	of above			
	came(650-	facts.	correct			
	1200cc) • Came next,		facts.			
	followed by					
	Peking Man,					
	Neanderthal Man					
	Cro-Magnon Man					
	Finally the					
li.	modern man,					
	who belongs to					
	Homo sapiens species(increased	Allino A	Million III Miles	elllimilli		
	brain size 1400cc)		<i>J</i> . <i>J</i> .			
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	supported by the		Hunsy, w			9
	remains of these					
	creatures found at Olduvai Gorge.	13/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/3/	33 300	医假后后医肾	E EE EFFE	
10	M. at Oldavarooise.	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	187 W.	THE THE WAY	14 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34	Ţ
scores	n agara	73 3 33	13 3 3 3 3 3	13 3 3 3 1 3 m		Į.

Learning outcome assessed:

Appreciate the value of cultural traditional transitional justice mechanism in conflict resolution in East Africa.

4. Mr. Okot has had a bitter conflict with his neighbour Mr. Okullo following his involvement in a relationship with his 15year old daughter. Mr. Okot has threatened to take Mr. Okullo to court. The cultural leaders in the community would like to settle the issue, however Mr. Okot doesn't trust them.

TASK:

Using your knowledge of History and political education, write a letter to Mr. Okot convincing him to trust cultural leaders. (10 scores)



ASSESSMENT GRID ITEM 4

Excellence
LACEITETICE
A learner will
score 1 for
giving
outstanding
information
that has not
been solicited
for in the
question.
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4 20 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
343 4 3/3/

Output	Basis of	Relevance	Accuracy	Coherence	Excellence
	evaluation				
	and good social relations. Cultural leaders allow/enco urage mediation. Promotes moral			ntaged in a logical flow	
	growth. Help to stop the reoccurrence of conflicts. Promote unity in society. It is less				
	costly compared to litigation.		建		
10 scores		13 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 1	3/3/3/3/	