## S.3 BIOLOGY ASSESSMENT TEST

| TIME: 90 MINUTES   | <b>INSTRUCTIONS:</b> Attempt all questions |
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| 1 11ME. 90 MINUTES | INSTRUCTIONS. Attempt all questions        |

## **SECTION A**

| 1. | A microscope has magnification?  | writing on the            | eye piece X5 ar       | nd that on the ol | bjective lens X20. Wh                                   | at is the |
|----|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|-----------|
|    | A. X25   | B. X1.5                   | C. X100.              |                   | D. X200   |           |
| 2. | Figure 1 below sh  |                           |                       |                   |   |           |
|    |  | Number of (               | Dragonisms            |                   | conomic level has<br>mber of organisms?<br>C. Y<br>D. Z | the       |
| 3. | Which of the follo   | wing is not a phy         | ylum?                 |                   |   |           |
|    | A. Arthropoda  | B. Mollus                 | sca C                 | C. Annelida       | D. Mammalia   |           |
| 4. | When preparing to A. Burst chloropla B. Remove colour C. Quicken the re- | asts<br>red material in a | leaf                  | is boiled in alco | hol in order to   |           |
|    | D. Soften the leaf   |                           | with fourie.          |                   |   |           |
| 5. | Which one of the   |                           | ents is <b>NOT</b> co | rrect about phot  | osvnthesis?   |           |
|    | A. Water is requir   | _                         |                       | C. oxygen is      |   |           |
|    | B. Sugar is produc   |                           |                       |                   | oxide is produced                                       |           |
| 6. | Which of the follo   |                           | nas the highest o     |                   | •   |           |
|    | A. Silt  | B. Clay                   | C. Sa                 |                   | ). Loam   |           |
| 7. | A vertical section   | cut, through th           | e ground whic         | h shows differe   | ent soil layers which o                                 | differ in |
|    | colour and particle  | e size is called          |                       |                   |   |           |
|    | A. Soil profile  | B. Sedim                  | ent C                 | . Soil texture    | D. Soil structure                                       |           |
| 8. | Which part of the  | leaf has the most         | t chloroplasts?       |                   |   |           |
|    | A. Upper epiderm   | is                        |                       | C. Spongy me      | sophyll layer   |           |
|    | B. Palisade mesop  | ohyll layer               |                       | D. Upper epic     | dermis  |           |
| 9. | The results of an obelow.  | experiment to de          | etermine the per      | rcentage of hum   | ius in a soil sample are                                | e shown   |
|    | Mas  | s of crucible = 2         | 0g                    |                   |   |           |
|    | Mas  | s of $crucible + so$      | oil = 40g             |                   |   |           |
|    | $Mass\ of\ crucible + soil\ (after\ drying) = 33g$                       |                           |                       |                   |   |           |
|    | Mas  | s of $crucible + se$      | oil (after heatin     | g to red hot) = 3 | 80g   |           |
|    | What is the percen   | _                         | _                     |                   |   |           |
|    | A. 85.7  | B. 33.0                   | C. 8.8                | D. 15.            | 0   |           |

| B.K JOSHUA 2021   |                    |   | 0750138204 (Wh              | atsApp)    |
|---|--------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------|
| 10. At which of the following le  | evels of classific | ation can organism  | s interbreed and produc     | ce fertile |
| offspring?  |                    |   |                             |            |
| A. Class B. Fami  | ily                | C. Genus  | D. Species                  |            |
| 11. Below are some parts of a ce  | 11.                |   |                             |            |
| 1. Cell membrane  | 2. Cell wall       | 3. Nucleus  | 4. Chloroplast              |            |
| Both plant and animal cells c   | ontain:            |   |                             |            |
| A. (i) and (iv)   |                    | C. (i) and (iii)  |                             |            |
| B. (i) and (ii)   |                    | D. (i), (ii), (iii)   | and (iv).                   |            |
| 12. <b>Figure 2</b> below showing the   | effect of tempera  | ature $({}^{0}C)$ on the rat  | e of reaction.              |            |
| Lemp 10 20 30 Temp  | 40 50 60 erature   | •   |                             |            |
| 13. Which of the organism is not  A. Algae  B. Mush  14. Which of the following vectors | room C.            | Grass hopper  | D. Tick                     |            |
| A. <b>Aedes</b> mosquito  | ns transmits yen   | C. Anophele   | es mosquito                 |            |
| B. Culex Mosquito   |                    | D. <b>Tiger</b> mo  | •                           |            |
| 15. In soil, nitrites are changed to  | nitrates hy        | D. Higei mo   | squito                      |            |
| A. Nitromonas   | mirates by,        | C. Azotobacı  | tor                         |            |
| B. Nitrobacter  |                    | D. Haber pro  |                             |            |
| 16. Which of the following elements   | ente is required i | •   |                             |            |
| A. Copper B. Calciu   | _                  | Manganese   | D. Magnesium                |            |
| 17. <b>Figure 3</b> below is a leaf type  |                    | vianganese  | D. Wagnesium                |            |
| 17. Figure 3 below is a leaf type   |                    | Which type of leafigure above?  A. Compour B. compour C. Compour D. compour | nd trifoliate<br>nd pinnate |            |
| 18. The movement of water mole  | ecules from a reg  | gion their high conc  | etration to a region of t   | heir low   |
| concentration across a selecti  | vely permeable     | membrane is   |                             |            |
| A. Active transport B   | 3. Osmosis         | C. Diffusion  | D. Cytosis.                 |            |
| 19. The following pair of insects   | undergoes comp     | olete metamorphosis   | S.                          |            |
| A. Bee and Cockroach  | _                  | C. Mos  | squito and Housefly         |            |
|   |                    |   |                             |            |

20. **Figure 4** shows leaf arrangement.

Transporting water.

A.

| 1  | The business of |
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The type of leaf arrangement shown in the figure above is;

C. Transporting mineral salts.

D.

Rickets

| WY                       |                          | A. Alternate           |                        |          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| T                        |                          | B. Opposite            |                        |          |
|                          |                          | C. Whorled             |                        |          |
| -                        | $\approx$                | D. Spiral              |                        |          |
|                          | П                        |                        |                        |          |
| 21. Which one of the fo  | ollowing is a modified t | ap root?               |                        |          |
| A. Carrot tuber          | B. Cassava tuber         | C. Onion tuber         | D. sweet potato tuber. |          |
| 22. A fruit containing r | nany seeds and when ri   | pe splits down both su | utures is called.      |          |
| A. Legume                | B. Follicle              | C. Capsule             | D. Schizocarp          |          |
| 23. The hardest part of  | the tooth is;            |                        |                        |          |
| A. Enamel                | B. Dentine               | C. Pulp cavity         | D. Gum                 |          |
| 24. What is the main fu  | inction of the phloem in | green plants?          |                        | <u> </u> |

D. Transporting manufactured food. В. Supporting the plant. 25. Which one of the following fruits is an example of a drupe? B. Passion Avocado. C. Tomato D. Orange

26. Photosynthesis is said to have a pair of raw materials, a pair of conditions and a pair of products. Which of those is the correct set?

A. Carbon dioxide and light, oxygen and sugar, water and chlorophyll B. Water and Carbon dioxide, light and Chlorophyll, Oxygen and Sugars C. Water and light, Carbon dioxide and Chlorophyll, sugars and oxygen.

D. Sugars and chlorophyll, water and oxygen, Carbon dioxide and Light.

27. Which one of the following sets of organisms belong to the same group?

A. Butterfly, beetle and starfish. Scorpion, mite and spider. D. Jelly fish, slug and spider. В. Crab, tapeworm and liver fluke.

28. Which of the following parts of a plant cell provides shape and rigidity?

C. Cell wall Protoplasm B. Nucleus D. Cell membrane 29. Lack of Iodine in the human diet causes

B. Goiter A. Anaemia C. Scurvy

30. Which of the following farming practices would control soil erosion? Application of artificial fertilizers. A. **Terracing** 

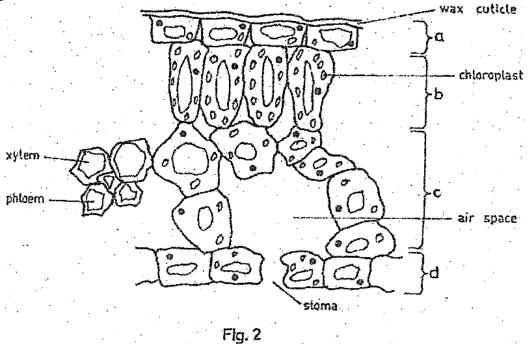
В. Addition of compost manure Mixed farming.

## **SECTION B**

| 31. An S3 student of Millennium SS carried out | an experiment to find out the percentage of humus |
|--|---|
| in a soil sample.                              |   |
|  |   |

| He recorded the  | following results;  |            |
|------------------|---|------------|
| (i)              | Weight of evaporating $dish = 5g$                                 |            |
| (ii)             | Soil sample $+$ evaporating dish (before heating) $= 28g$         |            |
| (iii             | Soil sample + evaporating dish (after heating gently) = $23g$     |            |
| (iv              | Soil sample $+$ evaporating dish (after heating strongly) $= 21g$ | •          |
| (a) (i). Why v   | was the soil sample heated gently in the first time?              | (01 mark)  |
| (ii) Why v       | was the soil sample heated strongly in the second time?           | (01 mark)  |
| (b) Calculate    |   |            |
| (i) We           | eight of humus in the soil sample                                 | (02 marks) |
|                  |   |            |
| (ii) Th          | e percentage of humus in the soil sample                          | (02 marks) |
|                  |   |            |
| (c) Calculate    | the amount of water in the soil sample?                           | (02 marks) |
|                  |   |            |
| (d) Define the   | e following terms;  |            |
|                  | avitational water   | (01 mark)  |
| ( <i>ii</i> ) Ca | pillarity water   | (01 mark)  |
|                  |   |            |

32. Figure 2 shows an internal structure of a leaf.



(a) Label the layers marked a, b, c and d on the diagram.

(02 marks)

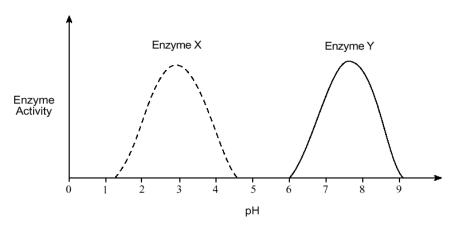
(b) Give three differences between layers b and c.

(03 marks)

| Layer b | Layer c |
|---------|---------|
|         |         |
|         |         |
|         |         |
|         |         |
|         |         |
|         |         |

| (c) Using evidence from the diagram, describe how the structure of a lephotosynthesis. | of a leaf is suited for (04 marks) |  |  |
|--|------------------------------------|--|--|
|  |                                    |  |  |
|  |                                    |  |  |
|  |                                    |  |  |
|  |                                    |  |  |
|  |                                    |  |  |
|  |                                    |  |  |
| (d) What is the importance of wax on layer (a)?  | (01 mark)                          |  |  |
|  |                                    |  |  |

**33.** The graph below shows the effect of pH on the activity of enzymes X and Y.



| (a) What is an enzyme?  | (02 marks) |
|---|------------|
| (b) (i) Define the term optimum pH of an enzyme.                          | (01 mark   |
| (ii) State the optimum pH for each enzyme.  Enzyme X: Enzyme Y:           | (02 marks) |
| (c) (i) Give a reason for the pH of an enzyme being optimum.              | (01 mark   |
| (ii) Explain the effect of deviation from the optimum pH for each enzyme. | (03 marks  |
|   |            |
| (d). Give any four properties of enzymes                                  | (04 marks) |
|   |            |

END!!!!

"You will experience a painful sharpening from time to time, but this is required if you are to become a better pencil".