

GREENHILL SCHOOLS

JOINT PRE MOCK EXAMINATION 2024

CLASS : P.7

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

TIME ALLOWED : 2 HOURS 30 MINUTES

Name IR. COPY MARKING GUIDE By Eng. Faiz Stream _____

Index No.:

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DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

Read the following instructions carefully

For Examiner's use only	
A	
B	
TOTAL	

1. This paper has two Sections: A and B.
2. Section A has 20 answer questions (40 marks)
3. Section B has 12 questions (60 marks)
4. Answer ALL questions. Answers to both sections must be written in the spaces provided.
5. All answers must be written using blue ink. Diagrams should be drawn in pencil.
6. Unnecessary alteration of work may lead to loss of marks.
7. Any handwriting that cannot be easily read may lead to loss of marks.
8. Do not fill anything in the box indicated for examiner's use only.

SECTION A: (40 MARKS)

1. Workout: $\frac{3}{9} + \frac{2}{9}$

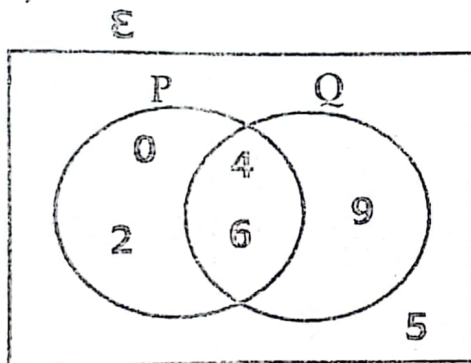
$$\begin{array}{r} 3+2 \\ \hline 9 \\ 5 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

2. Write 606,045 in words.

Thousands	Units
606	045

Six hundred six thousand, forty-five

3. In the Venn diagram below, find $n(P \cap Q)'$



$$\begin{aligned} (P \cap Q)' &= \{0, 2, 5, 9\} \\ n(P \cap Q)' &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

4. Simplify: $6 - (-9)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6+9 \\ \hline 15 \end{array}$$

5. Express CLIV in Hindu - Arabic numerals.

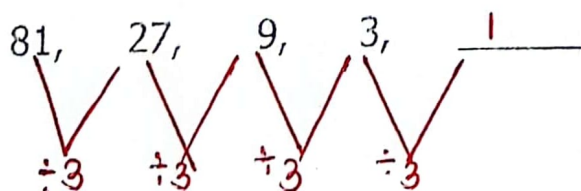
$$C = 100$$

$$L = 50$$

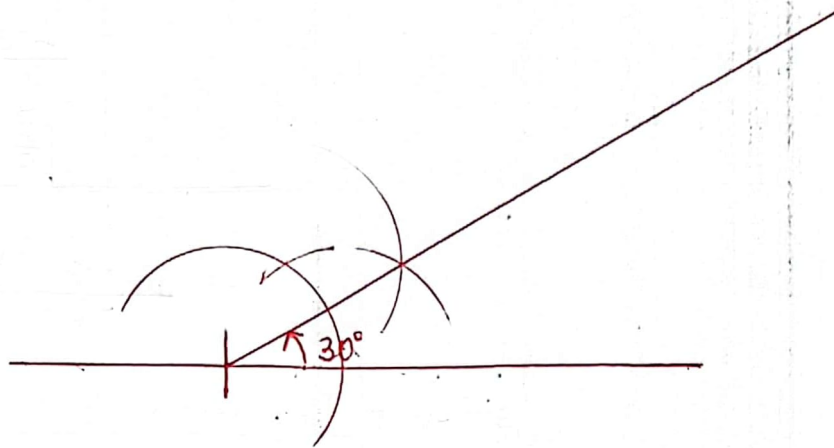
$$IV = + 4$$

$$\underline{\underline{CLIV = 154}}$$

6. Find the next number in the sequence



7. Using a ruler, a sharp pencil and a pair of compasses only, construct an angle of 30° .



8. A trader bought a radio for sh. 80,000 and later sold it for sh. 100,000.

Calculate his percentage profit.

$$\text{Profit} = \text{SP} - \text{BP}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{sh. } 100\,000 \\ - \text{sh. } 80\,000 \\ \hline \text{sh. } 20\,000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Percentage Profit} &= \left\{ \frac{\text{Profit}}{\text{BP}} \times 100 \right\} \% \\ &= \left\{ \frac{\text{sh. } 20\,000}{\text{sh. } 80\,000} \times 100 \right\} \% \\ &= 25\% \end{aligned}$$

9. The average of $2y$, 7 and $y - 4$ is 8 . Find the value of y .

$$\text{Average} = \frac{\text{Sum of all items}}{\text{No. of all items}}$$

$$8 = \frac{(2y + 7 + y - 4)}{3}$$

$$\frac{(2y + 7 + y - 4)}{3} = 8$$

$$\frac{(3y + 3)}{3} = 8$$

$$\cancel{3}(3y + 3) = 8 \times 3$$

$$\cancel{3}_1$$

$$3y + 3 = 24$$

$$3y + 3 - 3 = 24 - 3$$

$$3y = 21$$

$$\frac{3y}{\cancel{3}_1} = \frac{21}{\cancel{3}_1}$$

$$\underline{y = 7}$$

10. A mathematics quick test ended at 3:47p.m. At what time did it end in 24hour clock system?

$$\begin{array}{r} 3:47 \\ + 12:00 \\ \hline 15:47 \text{ Hours} \end{array}$$

11. Solve: $3k - 4 > 8$

$$3K - 4 > 8$$

$$3K - 4 + 4 > 8 + 4$$

$$3K > 12$$

$$\frac{3K}{3} > \frac{12}{3}$$

$$K > 4$$

$$K = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9, \dots\}$$

12. Workout: $4 \overline{) 2424}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0606 \\ 4 \overline{) 2424} \\ \underline{-0} \downarrow \\ 24 \\ \underline{-24} \downarrow \\ 02 \\ \underline{-0} \downarrow \\ 24 \\ \underline{-24} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

13. Express 750g as a fraction of a kg.

$$\frac{750g}{1kg} = \frac{750g}{1000g}$$

$$\frac{750}{1000} = \frac{75}{100} = \frac{15}{20} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}$$

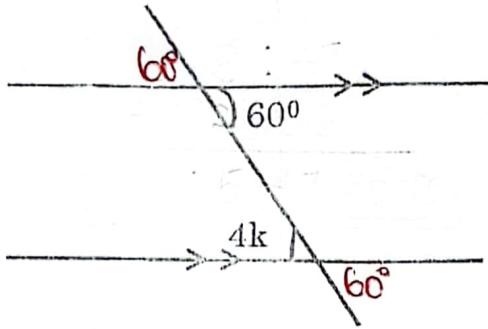
14. The ratio of girls to boys in a class is 5:2 respectively. If there are 20 boys, how many pupils are in the whole class?

Boys	Girls	Total
5	2	7
20		?

$$\begin{array}{l} 5 \text{ parts rep. } 20 \\ \frac{5}{5} \text{ parts rep. } \frac{20}{5} \\ \frac{5}{5}, \\ 1 \text{ part rep. } 4 \\ 7 \text{ parts rep. } (7 \times 4) \end{array}$$

$$\underline{28 \text{ pupils}}$$

15. Find the value of K in the figure below.



$$4K = 60^\circ$$

$$\frac{4K}{4} = \frac{60}{4}$$

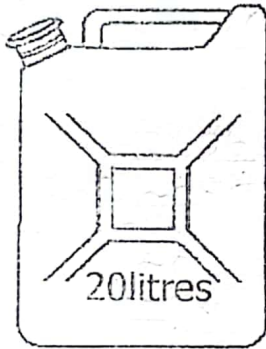
$$K = 15^\circ$$

16. Simplify: $9m - 2n - 5m + 7n$

$$9m - 5m + 7n - 2n$$

$$\underline{4m + 5n}$$

17. Calculate the capacity of the jerrycan below in millilitres.



K	H	D	L	d	c	m	L
			1	0	0	0	

$$1 \text{ L} = 1000 \text{ ml}$$

$$20 \text{ L} = (20 \times 1000) \text{ ml}$$

$$\underline{20,000 \text{ ml}}$$

18. Find the square of 36.

$$\begin{array}{r} 36^2 = \begin{array}{r} 36 \\ \times 36 \\ \hline 0216 \\ +1080 \\ \hline 1296 \end{array} \end{array}$$

19. District A had 2,502,163 people and district B had 1,978,487 people in the concluded census in Uganda. Work out the range of the population in the two districts.

$$\text{Range} = \text{Highest} - \text{Lowest}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2,502,163 \\ - 1,978,487 \\ \hline 523,676 \end{array}$$

$$523,676 \text{ people}$$

$$\underline{523,676 \text{ people}}$$

20. Given that $V = \{0, 9, 7\}$, find the number of proper subsets in set V.

No of proper
Subsets $= (2^n) - 1$

$(2^3) - 1$

$(2 \times 2 \times 2) - 1$

$8 - 1$

7 proper subsets

SECTION B

21. (a) Express 1101_{two} as a base ten number.

(2marks)

2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0
1	1	0	1

$8 + 4 + 0 + 1$

13_{ten}

$(1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0)$

$(1 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2) + (1 \times 2 \times 2) + (0 \times 2) + (1 \times 1)$

(b) Given that 23_n is equal to 19_{ten} , find the value of n

(3marks)

$\frac{n^1}{2} \mid \frac{n^0}{3} = 19$

$2n + 3 = 19$

$n = 8$

$2n + 3 - 3 = 19 - 3$

Base eight

$2n = 16$

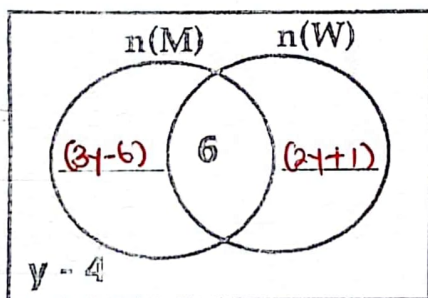
$\frac{2n}{2} = \frac{16}{2}$

$(2 \times n^1) + (3 \times n^0) = 19$

$(2 \times n) + (3 \times 1) = 19$

22. In a class, $3y$ like mango juice (M), $2y+1$ like watermelon juice (W) only, 6 like both mango juice and watermelon juice while $y - 4$ like none of the two.

(a) Represent the above information on the Venn diagram below. (2marks)



(b) If 21 pupils like watermelon juice, find the total number of pupils in the class.

(3marks)

Water melon = 21

$2y + 1 + 6 = 21$

$2y + 7 = 21$

$2y + 7 - 7 = 21 - 7$

$2y = 14$

$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{14}{2}$

$y = 7$

Total number of pupils

$21 + 3y - 6 + y - 4$

$21 + (3 \times 7) - 6 + 7 - 4$

$21 + 21 - 6 + 7 - 4$

$21 + 21 + 7 - 6 - 4$

$49 - 10$

39 pupils

23. The sum of three consecutive odd numbers is 69. Find the numbers:

Let the first number be

x

1st	2nd	3rd	sum
x	$x+2$	$x+4$	69

$$x + x + 2 + x + 4 = 69$$

$$x + x + x + 2 + 4 = 69$$

$$3x + 2 + 4 = 69$$

$$3x + 6 - 6 = 69 - 6$$

$$3x = 63$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{63}{3}$$

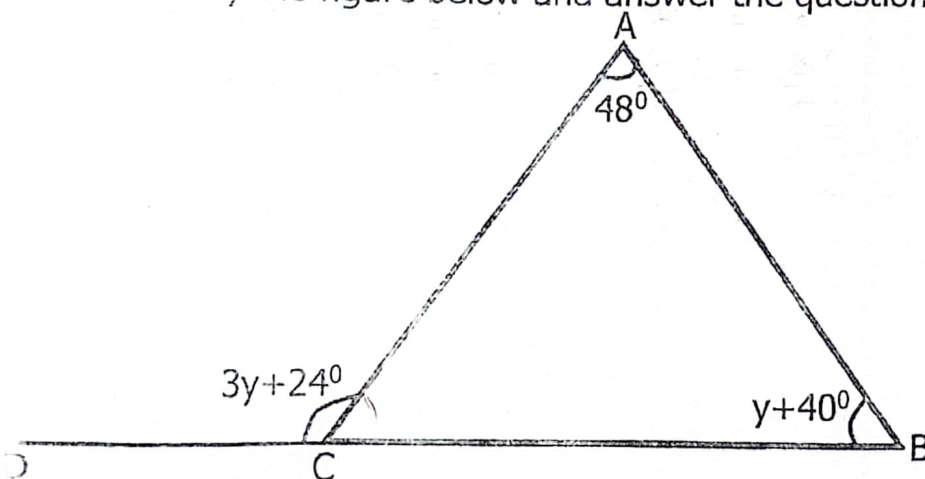
$$x = 21$$

1st	2nd	3rd
21	$21+2$ 23	$21+4$ 25

(5marks)

The numbers are 21, 23, 25

24. Study the figure below and answer the questions that follow.



(a) Find the value of y in degrees.

$$3y + 24^\circ = y + 40^\circ + 48^\circ$$

$$3y + 24^\circ = y + 88^\circ$$

$$3y + 24^\circ - 24^\circ = y + 88^\circ - 24^\circ$$

$$3y = y + 64^\circ$$

$$3y - y = y - y + 64^\circ$$

$$2y = 64^\circ$$

$$\frac{2y}{2} = \frac{64^\circ}{2}$$

$$y = 32^\circ$$

(3marks)

(b) Calculate the size of angle ACB.

$$180^\circ - (48^\circ + y + 40^\circ)$$

$$180^\circ - (48^\circ + 32^\circ + 40^\circ)$$

$$180^\circ - (80^\circ + 40^\circ)$$

$$\frac{180^\circ}{120^\circ} = 60^\circ$$

(2marks)

25. Mr. Lukooya shared books among his children Patrick, Deborah and Austin in the ratio of 3:2:7 respectively. Austin got 15 more books than Deborah.

(a) Find the total number of books Mr. Lukooya had.

(3marks)

Patrick	Deborah	Austin	More
3	2	7	7-2 5 more
			15

$(3+2+7)$ parts rep. (12×3)

36 books

5 parts rep. 15
 $\frac{15}{5}$ parts rep. $\frac{15}{5} \times 3$
 $\frac{15}{5}$
 1 part rep. 3

(b) How many books did Patrick get?

(2marks)

(3×3) books

9 books

26. (a) Complete the table below.

(5marks)

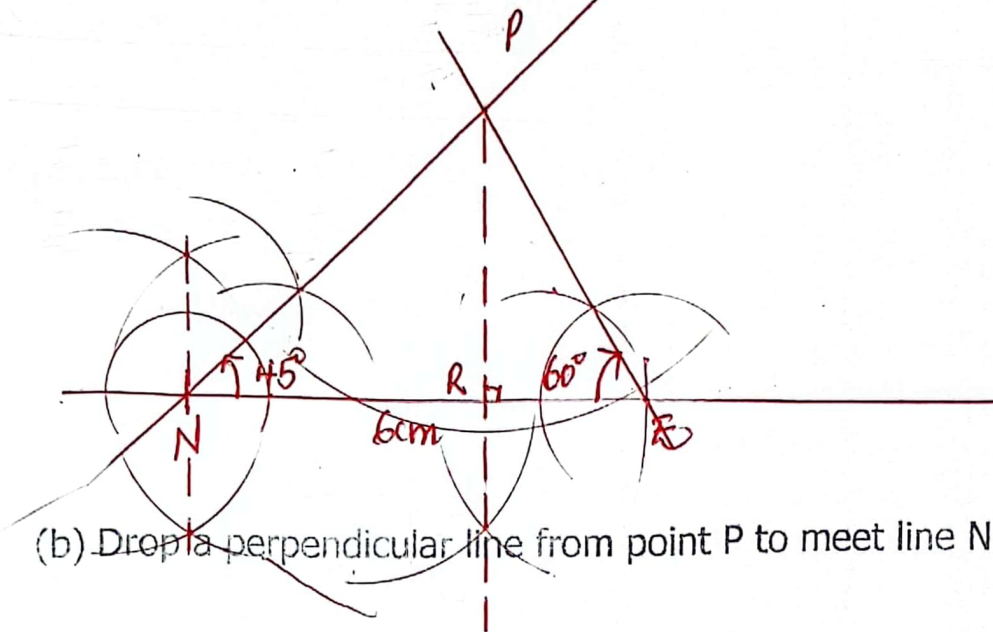
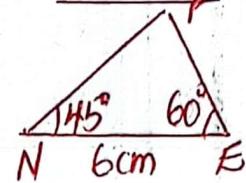
Quantity	Unit cost	Amount
2kg of rice	Sh. 4000 per kg	Sh. <u>8000</u>
3 loaves of bread	Sh. <u>5500</u> per loaf	Sh. 16500
<u>$1\frac{1}{2}$</u> kg of sugar	Sh. 3600 per kg	Sh. 5400
250g of salt	Sh. 2000 a kg	Sh. <u>500</u>
Total expenditure		Sh. <u>30400</u>

Rice	Bread	Sugar	Salt	Total
sh. 4000 $\times 2$ sh. 8000	sh. 5500 <u>sh. 16500</u> 3 sh. 5500	sh. 3600 <u>sh. 5400</u> 12 sh. 3600 12 sh. 5400 12 sh. 5400	sh. 2000 $\times \frac{1}{2}$ sh. 500	sh. 16500 sh. 8000 sh. 5400 + sh. 500 <u>sh. 30400</u>

27. (a) Using a ruler, a pencil and a pair of compasses only, construct a triangle PEN in which angle NEP = 60° , angle PNE = 45° and line NE = 6cm.

Accurate diagram

Sketch (4marks)



- (b) Drop a perpendicular line from point P to meet line NE at R. (1mark)

28. The total distance round a circle is 88m.

- (a) Calculate the diameter of the circle. (2marks)

$$\begin{aligned}
 C &= \pi d \\
 88\text{m} &= \frac{22}{7} d \\
 7 \times \frac{22}{7} d &= (88 \times 7) \text{m} \\
 22d &= (88 \times 7) \text{m} \\
 \frac{22d}{22} &= \frac{(88 \times 7) \text{m}}{22} \\
 d &= 28\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Find its area.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Area} &= \pi r^2 \\
 &= \pi \times r \times r \\
 &= \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{28}{2} \times \frac{28}{2} \\
 &= 22\text{m} \times 28\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 22\text{m} \\
 \times 28\text{m} \\
 \hline
 176 \\
 + 440 \\
 \hline
 616\text{m}^2
 \end{array}$$

(3marks)

29. Siima is thrice the age of Sarah who is $3k$ years old and Andrew is 10 years younger than Siima. Their total age is 74 years.

(a) Workout the value of k .

(4marks)

Sarah	Siima	Andrew	Total
$3k$	$3 \times 3k$ $9k$	$9k - 10$	74

$$3k + 9k + 9k - 10 = 74$$

$$21k - 10 = 74$$

$$21k - 10 + 10 = 74 + 10$$

$$21k = 84$$

$$\frac{21k}{21} = \frac{84}{21}$$

$$k = 4$$

(b) How old is Andrew?

(1mark)

$$9k - 10$$

$$\{(9 \times 4) - 10\} \text{ years}$$

$$(36 - 10) \text{ years}$$

$$26 \text{ years}$$

30. The travel time table below shows how YY bus travels from Kampala to Mbale.

Town	Arrival time	Departure time
Kampala		6:15a.m
Namawojjolo	7:45a.m	8:00a.m
Jinja	9:00a.m	9:30a.m
Mbale	11:15a.m	

(a) For how long did the bus stay at Namawojjolo?

(2marks)

$$\begin{array}{r} 8:00 \\ - 7:45 \\ \hline 15 \text{ minutes} \end{array}$$

(b) In which town was that bus at 9:11a.m?

(1mark)

Jinja

(2marks)

$$\begin{array}{r} 11:15 \\ - 6:15 \\ \hline 5:00 \end{array}$$

5 hours

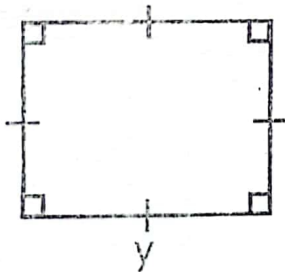
$$\begin{aligned} \text{As.} &= \frac{\text{Distance covered}}{\text{time taken.}} \\ &= \frac{235 \text{ km}}{5 \text{ h}} \\ &= 47 \text{ km/h} \end{aligned}$$

(2marks)

2	72
2	36
2	18
3	9
3	3
	1

$$72 = 2^3 \times 3^2$$

(3marks)



Area = $s \times s$

$$64 \text{ cm}^2 = s^2$$

$$2\sqrt{y^2} = 2\sqrt{64\text{cm}^2}$$

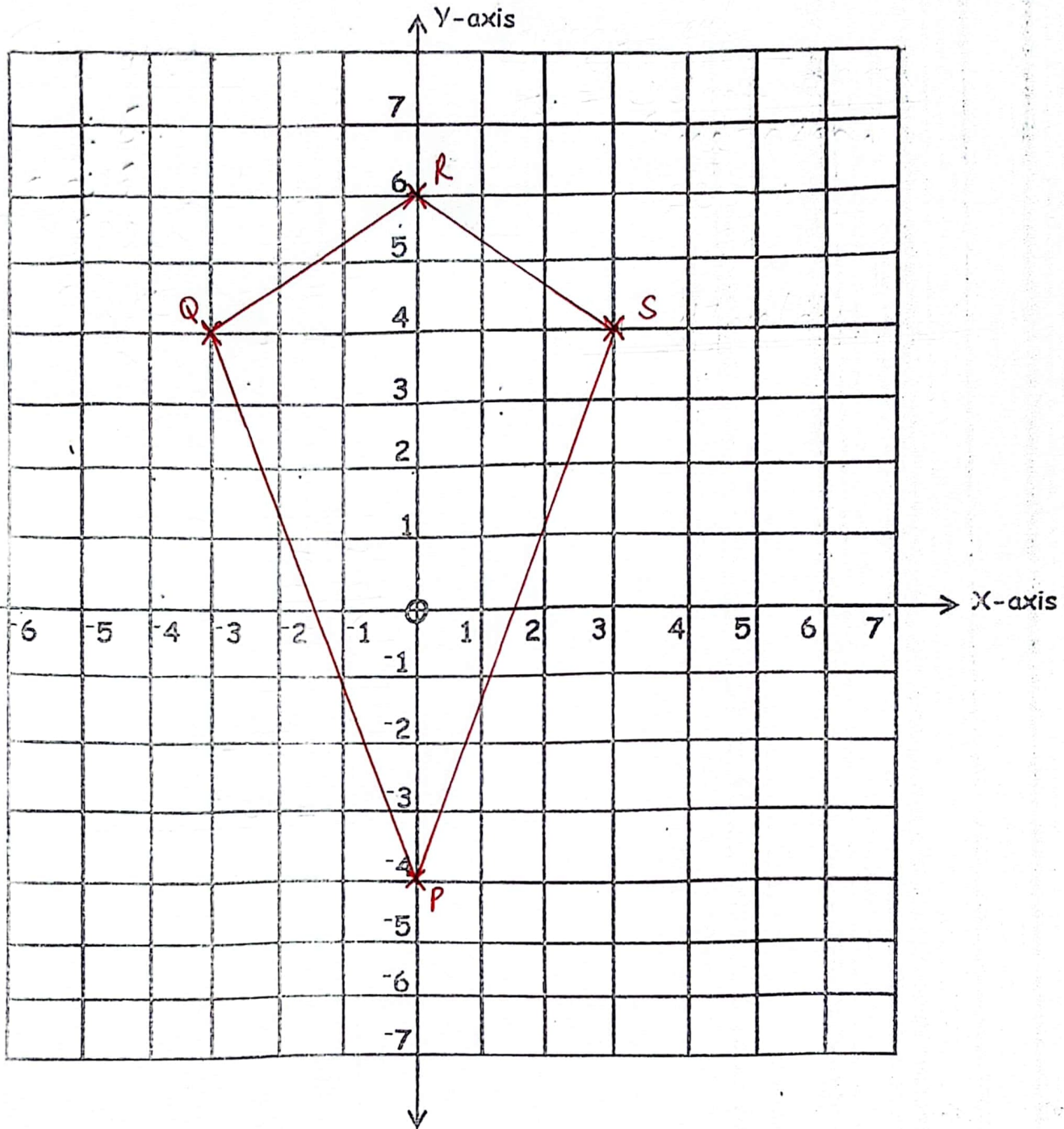
$$y = (2 \times 2 \times 2) \text{ cm}$$
$$8 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 64} \\ \underline{2} 32 \\ 2 \overline{) 16} \\ \underline{2} 8 \\ 2 \overline{) 4} \\ \underline{2} 2 \\ \underline{ 2} 0 \\ 1 \end{array}$$

32. (a) Plot these points on the graph below.

$P(0, -4)$, $Q(-3, 4)$, $R(0, 6)$ and $S(3, 4)$.

(4marks)



(b) Join P to Q, Q to R, R to S, S to P and name the shape formed. (1mark)

Kite