COMPETENCE BASED CURRICULUM SCHEME OF WORK

TERM: .1, 2024 SCHOOL: CLASS: .S.3. SUBJECT: ..PHYSICS. TEACHER:

WEEK	PERIODS	ТНЕМЕ	TOPIC	SUB TOPIC	LEARNING AREA	COMPETENCY	LEARNING OUTCOME	METHODOLOGY	TEACHING AND LEARNING AID	COMMENT
	03	~		VECTOR AND SCALAR QUANTITIES	 CONCEPT OF VECTOR AND SCALAR QUANTITIES. ADDITION OF VECTORS. RESULTANT OF VECTORS. COMPOSITION AND RESOLUTION OF VECTORS. 		THE LEARNER SHOULD BE ABLE TO: UNDERSTAND THE TERMS LINEAR MOTION, DISTANCE, DISPLACEMENT, SPEED, VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION.	GROUP DISCUSSION GROUP RESEARCH QUESTION AND ANSWER DEMONSTRATION	• LIBRARY RESOURCE • PICTURES • PROJECTOR • DICTIONARY • MANILA	
1	03	TES OF MATTER	AR AND NON LINEAR MOTIOI	LINEAR MOTION	GRAPHS OF DISPLACEMENT-TIME AND VELOCITY-TIME FOR LINEAR MOTION. AREA UNDER VELOCITY- TIME GRAPH. EQUATIONS OF MOTION. TICKER-TIMER. FREE FALL. PROJECTILE MOTION. CIRCULAR MOTION. CENTRIPETAL ACCELERATION AND FORCE. APPLICATION OF	THE LEARNER SHOULD BE ABLE TO DEVISE ACTIVITIES TO MEASURE DISTANCE AND SHORT TIME INTERVALS AND SHOULD BE ABLE TO CALCULATE SPEED AND ACCELERATION OF A MOVING OBJECT AND EXPLAIN THER IMPLICATIONS	UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISPLACEMENT OR DISTANCE AND TIME. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SPEED OR VELOCITY AND TIME. KNOW AND APPLY THE EQUATIONS OF UNIFORMLY ACCELERATED MOTION. UNDERSTAND THE ACCELERATION OF BODIES MOVING IN A CIRCLE AND THE EFFECT OF GRAVITY AND AIR RESISTANCE ON MOVING BODIES. UNDERSTAND LINEAR MOMEMTUM AND THAT IT IS CONSERVED DURING COLLISIONS. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY NEWTON'S LAWS OF MOTION. UNDERSTAND THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN	PROBLEM SOLVING QUIZ SIMULATION OBSERVATION ROLE PLAY PROJECT	PAPER • INTERNET	
	05	S AND PROPERTIES								
2	01			NON LINEAR MOTION						
	01				CENTRIFUGES.		SCALAR AND VECTOR QUANTITIES, GIVING			
3	05	MECHANIC	· · ·	LINEAR MOMEMTUM	 CONCEPT OF LINEAR MOMENTUM. LAW OF CONSERVATION OF LINEAR MOMENTUM. NUMERICAL PROBLEMS APPLICATION LIKE TURBINES, JET ENGINES, ROWING A BOAT, ROCKETS. 		EXAMPLES. • UNDERSTAND THAT A SYSTEM OF FORCES ACTING ON A BODY CAN BE REPRESENTED BY A SINGLE RESULTANT FORCE.			

WEEK	PERIODS	ТНЕМЕ	торіс	SUB TOPIC	LEARNING AREA	COMPETENCY	LEARNING OUTCOME	METHODOLOGY	TEACHING AND LEARNING AID	COMMENT
	03	ES OF MATTER	LINEAR AND NON LINEAR MOTION	LINEAR MOMEMTUM	CONCEPT OF LINEAR MOMENTUM. LAW OF CONSERVATION OF LINEAR MOMENTUM. NUMERICAL PROBLEMS APPLICATION LIKE TURBINES, JET ENGINES, ROWING A BOAT, ROCKETS.	THE LEARNER SHOULD BE ABLE TO DEVISE	THE LEARNER SHOULD BE ABLE TO: • UNDERSTAND THE TERMS LINEAR MOTION, DISTANCE, DISPLACEMENT, SPEED, VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION. • UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISPLACEMENT OR DISTANCE AND TIME. • UNDERSTAND AND APPLY THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SPEED OR VELOCITY AND TIME. • KNOW AND APPLY THE EQUATIONS OF UNIFORMLY ACCELERATED MOTION. • UNDERSTAND THE	• GROUP DISCUSSION • GROUP RESEARCH • QUESTION AND ANSWER • DEMONSTRATION • PROBLEM SOLVING • QUIZ • SIMULATION • OBSERVATION • ROLE PLAY • PROJECT	• LIBRARY RESOURCE • PICTURES • PROJECTOR • DICTIONARY • MANILA PAPER • INTERNET	
4	03	NICS AND PROPERTIES		IEAR AND NON LINEAR	NEWTON'S LAWS OF MOTION	• LAW 2: F = MA • DEFINITION OF THE NEWTON • F AS A RESULTANT FORCE • WEIGHT OF A BODY IN A LIFT • LAW 3 • SIMPLE NUMERICAL PROBLEMS INCLUDING THOSE ON ACTION AND	ACTIVITIES TO MEASURE DISTANCE AND SHORT TIME INTERVALS AND SHOULD BE ABLE TO CALCULATE SPEED AND ACCELERATION OF A MOVING OBJECT AND EXPLAIN THER IMPLICATIONS	ACCELERATION OF BODIES MOVING IN A CIRCLE AND THE EFFECT OF GRAVITY AND AIR RESISTANCE ON MOVING BODIES. UNDERSTAND LINEAR MOMEMTUM AND THAT IT IS CONSERVED DURING COLLISIONS. UNDERSTAND AND APPLY NEWTON'S LAWS OF MOTION. UNDERSTAND THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SCALAR AND VECTOR QUANTITIES, GIVING EXAMPLES.		
5	04	MECHANICS					UNDERSTAND THAT A SYSTEM OF FORCES ACTING ON A BODY CAN BE REPRESENTED BY A SINGLE RESULTANT FORCE.			
	02	ACTIVITY OF INTEGRATION (LINEAR AND NON LINEAR MOTION)								

WEEK	PERIODS	тнеме	торіс	SUB TOPIC	LEARNING AREA	COMPETENCY	LEARNING OUTCOME	METHODOLOGY	TEACHING AND LEARNING AID	COMMENT
6	06			REFRACTION OF LIGHT AT A PLANE SURFACE	STATE THE LAWS OF REFRACTION VERIFY LAWS OF REFRACTION USING GLASS BLOCK AND A TRIANGULAR PRISM	A LAWS OF REFRACTION GLASS BLOCK AND A GULAR PRISM RICAL PROBLEMS VING REFRACTIVE INDEX IN SOME EFFECTS OF CTION FATIVELY EXPLAIN THE MENA OF REAL AND ENT DEPTH E CRITICAL ANGLE AND INS TOTAL INTERNAL CTION LATE CRITICAL ANGLE OF IUM A MONOCHROMATIC RAY HT THROUGH A PRISM IBE THE USE OF TOTAL NAL REFLECTION IN S. IN HOW A MIRAGE IS ED.	THE LEARNER SHOULD BE ABLE TO: UNDERSTAND THAT LIGHT MAY BE REFRACTED AS IT PASSES FROM ONE MEDIUM TO ANOTHER AND THAT THIS HAS BOTH CONSQUENCES AND APPLICATIONS. UNDERSTAND THE CONCEPT OF REFRACTIVE INDEX. UNDERSTAND THE CONCEPT OF TOTAL INTERNAL REFLECTION. KNOW THAT LIGHT RESULTS FROM THE SUPERIMPOSITION OF LIGHT OF ALL COLOURS OF THE VISIBLE SPECTRUM. DETERMINE THE REFRACTIVE INDEX OF GLASS.	GROUP DISCUSSION GROUP RESEARCH QUESTION AND ANSWER DEMONSTRATION PROBLEM SOLVING QUIZ SIMULATION OBSERVATION ROLE PLAY EXPERIMENTATION PROJECT	• LIBRARY RESOURCE • PICTURES • PROJECTOR • DICTIONARY • MANILA PAPER • INTERNET	
7	04		ND COLOUR		INVOLVING REFRACTIVE INDEX EXPLAIN SOME EFFECTS OF REFRACTION QUALITATIVELY EXPLAIN THE PHENOMENA OF REAL AND APPARENT DEPTH DEFINE CRITICAL ANGLE AND EXPLAINS TOTAL INTERNAL REFLECTION CALCULATE CRITICAL ANGLE OF A MEDIUM TRACE A MONOCHROMATIC RAY OF LIGHT THROUGH A PRISM DESCRIBE THE USE OF TOTAL INTERNAL REFLECTION IN PRISMS. EXPLAIN HOW A MIRAGE IS FORMED. DESCRIBE APPLICATIONS OF TOTAL INTERNAL REFLECTION.					
	02		Z AJ		PERFORM AN EXPERIMENT TO DEMONSTRATE PASSAGE OF	THE LEARNER SHOULD KNOW				
8	03	LIGHT	REFRACTION, DISPERSION AND COLOUR	DISPERSION OF LIGHT THROUGH A GLASS PRISM AND APPEAERANCE OF OBJECTS IN COLOURED LIGHT	WHITE LIGHT THROUGH A PRISM DRAW RAYS OF LIGHT TO SHOW PASSAGE OF LIGHT THROUGH A PRISM AND LABEL THE SPECTRUM PERFORM AN EXPERIMENT TO PRODUCE A PURE SPECTRUM INVESTIGATES THE APPEARANCE OF OBJECTS IN COLOURED LIGHT. INVESTIGATE THE EFFECT OF LIGHT FILTERS AND MIXING COLOURED LIGHTS. MENTION THE PROPERTIES AND USES OF THE COMPONENTS OF THE ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM	AND UNDERSTAND HOW MAGNETIC FIELDS INTERACT WITH ELECTRIC FIELDS AND THE APPLICATIONS OF THIS PHENOMENON				
	01				DEFINE OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF LENSES DEFINE POWER OF A LENS (IN					
9	06		LENSES AND OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS	LENSES AND	DIOPTRES). GRAPHICALLY CONSTRUCT IMAGES (ON SCALE) FORMED BY LENSES USING THE STANDARD RAYS. DESCRIBE IMAGES FORMED BY LENSES DETERMINE MAGNIFICATION OF					
10	06			OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS						
11	04				IMAGES FORMED BY LENSES. • EXPERIMENTALLY DETERMINE THE FOCAL LENGTH OF THIN CONVERGING LENSES. • MENTION USE OF LENSES IN CORRECTION OF EYE DEFECTS					
	02									
12					END OF T	TERM 1 ASSE	SSMENT			

REFERENCE:

- 1. A.F. ABBOT (1989), PHYSICS, 5TH EDITION HEINEMAN EDUCATIONAL PUBLISHERS, ENGLAND.
- 2. ATIKINSON A (1993), COMPLETE JUNIOR PHYSICS, INTERNATIONAL EDITION, LONGMAN PUBLISHERS.
- 3. JOHN AVISION (1985), THE WORLD OF PHYSICS, THOMAS NELSON AND SONS, UK.
- 4. TOM DUNCAN (2011), PHYSICS FOR TODAY AND TOMORROW, HODDER EDUCATION, UK.
- 5. L.E FOLIVI AND A GODMAN (1992), NEW CERTIFICATE PHYSICS, NEW EDITION, LONGMAN, ENGLAND.
- 6. NCDC REFERENCE BOOKS FOR THE COMPETENCE BASED CURRICULUM (S.3 LEANERS' BOOKS AND S.3 TEACHER' S GUIDES).
- 7. NELKON M (1990) PRINCIPLES PF PHYSICS, 8TH EDITION, LONGMAN PUBLISHERS
- 8. NEW LOWER SECONDARY CURRICULUM PHYSICS SYLLABUS.
- 9. WIKIPEDIA ONLINE ENCYCLOPEDIA
- 10. https://digitalteaccers.co.ug.
- 11. https://etutoring.gayazahs.sc.ug.
- 12. https://researchguides.case.edu/physics.
- 13. https://scienceeducatorsuganda.com.

PREPARED BY;	APPROVED BY;	
•••••	••••••	•••••
SUBJECT TEACHER	HOD	DOS