CHEMISTRY DEPARTMENT 2023 S.4 BRAINSTORMING TEST

TOPIC; <u>NITROGEN ANT ITS COMPOUNDS</u> SUBTOPIC; <u>AMMONIA</u>

NAME	INDEX number		
Signature	STREAM		
1. (a) Nitrogen can react with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst which is finely divided to form ammonia in the Haber process			
(i) State the source of nitro	<u>-</u>	(01 mark)	
(ii) Name the catalyst use	d in the reaction		
(iii) Explain why the catal	lyst is finely divided	(01 mark)	
(iv) Write equation for the	reaction leading to the forma	ation of ammonia	
(v) State two factors that can affect	ect the yield of ammonia in th		
		-	
(b) Write equation for the reaction	on to show that ammonia can		
(i) Act as a reducing agent		(1½ marks)	

(ii) Burn in oxygen	(1½ marks)
(c) Ammonia obtained by Haber process can be conve (i) Write equation for the reaction leading to the forma	erted to nitrogen(II) oxide tion of nitrogen(II) oxide
(ii) State the conditions for the reaction	(01 mark)
(d) Write equation to show how nitrogen(II) oxide can	be converted to nitric acid.
(d) Ammonia can react with lead(II) oxide (i) State the conditions for the reaction	(01 mark)
(ii) What would be observed	(01 mark)
(iii) Write equation for the reaction	
(iv) What property of ammonia is shown in the	

2. (a) Draw a labeled diagram of the setup of apparatus to show the very soluble in water	at ammonia is (2½ marks)
(b) Draw a diagram of apparatus that can be used to show that an in oxygen	nmonia can burn (2½ marks)
3. (a). State why ammonia is not dried using (i). Anhydrous calcium chloride	(01 mark)

	(ii). Concentrated sulphuric acid	(01 mark)
	Name the substance normally used in the laboratory for dr	-
•••••	(ii)Give a reason for the choice of the drying agent named	
(c)	(i) Name a reagent that can be used to test for ammonia g	
••••••	(ii) State what is observed and write the equation for the reagent is used	
	Observation	(01 mark)
	Equation	
	cribe the laboratory preparation of a dry sample of ammon nium chloride (04 r	ia gas from narks)