Candidate's Name :		
Signature:	Random No.	Personal No.
Signature		

(Do not write your School/Centre Name or Number anywhere on this booklet.)

527/2
PRINCIPLES AND
PRACTICES
OF AGRICULTURE
(Practical)
Paper 2
Oct./Nov. 2023
2 hours



## UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD Uganda Certificate of Education

## PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF AGRICULTURE (PRACTICAL)

Paper 2

2 hours

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of five questions.

Answer all the questions.

The answers are to be written in the spaces provided.

	For Examiners' Use Only		
Question	Marks	Examiner's Signature and No.	
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
Total			

- 1. You are provided with specimens A and B which are soil samples.
  - (a) (i) Measure 40 cm<sup>3</sup> of specimen A into a measuring cylinder.
    - (ii) Using another measuring cylinder, add 40 cm<sup>3</sup> of water to the
       40 cm<sup>3</sup> of specimen A in the measuring cylinder and observe.
       Record your observations in table 1.
    - (iii) Using a stirring rod, stir the mixture in the measuring cylinder thoroughly and leave it to settle. Read the final volume,  $V_2$ , of the mixture and record it in table 1.
    - (iv) Repeat the procedure (i) to (iii) using specimen **B** and complete table 1.

Table 1

(06 marks)

Table 1	Specimen A	Specimen B
Volume of specimen used (cm <sup>3</sup> )		
Volume of water added to the specimen (cm <sup>3</sup> )		
Observation made		
$V_1 = \text{(Volume of specimen used + volume of water added) (cm}^3\text{)}$		
Final volume of the mixture after stirring, V <sub>2</sub> (cm <sup>3</sup> )		
$V_1 - V_2$ (cm <sup>3</sup> )		

(b)	Using the results obtained from the experiment above;						
	(i)	(01 mark)					
	(ii)	give a reason why the value of $(V_1 - V_2)$ for specimen A i from the value of $(V_1 - V_2)$ for specimen B.	s different (01mark)				
		=					
	(iii)	which soil sample would you choose for crop growing? Of for your answer.  Soil for crop growing	ive a reason (01 mark)				
		Reason	(01 mark)				
2.	Specimens C and D are livestock parasites. Observe them carefully using a hand lens and answer the questions that follow.						
	(a)	Name four parts of the host animal on which Specimen (found.	is normally (02 marks)				
	*******						
	(b)	Using <b>two</b> observable features in each case, explain how specimen is adapted for its mode of life.	each (04 marks)				
	*******	Specimen C					
	· ·		A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE				
	*******	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	***************************************				

	Specimen D
********	
	the heet animal
(c)	State two effects of each of the specimens on the host animal.  (04 marks)
	Specimen C
	(i)
	(ii)
	(ii)
**********	Specimen <b>D</b>
	(i)
•••••	(ii)
	()
*******	
You a	are provided with specimens $F_1$ , $F_2$ and $F_3$ which are animal products.
(a)	Observe specimens F <sub>1</sub> , F <sub>2</sub> and F <sub>3</sub> provided then describe the
	appearance of each specimen.  (03 marks)
*******	
	F <sub>2</sub>
No.	
******	
	4

	F <sub>3</sub>	361				
********	********					***************************************
(b)	(i)	Сагту obser	out the following vations in the ta	ng tests i ble.	in table 2 and record y	our (02 marks)
		Tab				Marie Marie and Johnson
		S	pecimen		Observation on boi	ling.
Į.		Put 2 m	als of			
		specime tube an	en F <sub>1</sub> in a test d boil.	lt a		
		Put 2 m	als of			
			en F <sub>2</sub> in a test			
	(ii			vations s	tated in table 2.	(02 marks
		400 E				
15375 to 2	Market.				14.24.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	1.8 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4 1.4
		••••••				
1	1-1-		the mital	Lille, of	al - accommention of cr	
		2011.	ent on the suital a reason in eac		the consumption of sp	ecuncus e 1,
₩		able 3.			<b>.</b>	(03 mark
	Spe	ecimen	Suitability consumpt		Reason	a 
		F <sub>1</sub>				
		F <sub>2</sub>		<u> </u>		
	1					

- 4. You are provided with specimens  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$  and  $X_4$  which are weeds.
  - (a) Observe the specimens and name the structure each specimen uses for propagation in table 4a. (02 marks)

Table 4a

Specimen	Structure for propagation
$\mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{I}}$	
X <sub>2</sub>	
X <sub>3</sub>	
X4	

(b) Based on the propagation structures named in (a), suggest with one reason, two effective methods of controlling each specimen in table 4b.
(08 marks)

Table 4b

1 201	Y	
Specimen	Control Method	Reason
$\mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{I}}$	(i) (ii)	(i)
$X_2$	(i) (ii)	(i)
$X_3$	(i)(ii)	(i)
X4	(i)	(i)

5.	You are provid workshop tools	ed with specimens P, Q, R and S which are common
	(a) Identify	each specimen. $(02 \text{ mod } k_{\pm})$
	Р	
	<b>Q</b>	
	R	***************************************
	s	
	(b) In table feed trop  Table 5	
Specimen Description of function		Description of function of the specimen
	P	
	Q	
	R	

S

(c)	State the measures that should be taken to keep each of the specimens <b>P</b> and <b>Q</b> in good working condition.			
	P	(02 marks)		
**********	······································			
**********	Q	(02 marks)		