

WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

MARKING GUIDE

Uganda Certificate of Education

MATHEMATICS 456/2

July/August 2023

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

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SF - 37

No.	Solution	Marks	Comments																				
1.	<div><div>Alternative</div><div><div><div>64172827</div><div>3³</div></div><div>1728 = 2⁶ × 3³</div><div>$\sqrt[3]{2^6 \times 3^3} = 2^2 \times 3^1$</div><div>= 12</div></div><div><table><tr><td>2</td><td>1728</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>864</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>432</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>216</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>108</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>54</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>27</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>9</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr></table></div></div>	2	1728	2	864	2	432	2	216	2	108	2	54	3	27	3	9	3	3	1	1	M ₁ A ₁ M ₁ A ₁ 04	Prime factorizing 1728 or use of ladder method. Taking ^{Cube} square root & it's simplification. for 2⁶ × 3³
2	1728																						
2	864																						
2	432																						
2	216																						
2	108																						
2	54																						
3	27																						
3	9																						
3	3																						
1	1																						
2.	<div><div><div><div><div>n(E)=15</div><div><div>a26</div><div>4</div></div></div></div></div></div> <div>a + 2 + 6 + 4 = 15</div> <div>a = 3</div> <div>n(A ∪ B) = 15 - 4 = 11</div> <div>n(A) = 3 + 2 = 5</div>	M ₁ A ₁ M ₁ A ₁ 04	<div>Substituting</div> <div>For equating</div> <div>For C's 3</div> <div>C's 11</div> <div>C's 5</div>																				
3.	<div><div>$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4x}{9+x}$</div><div>Let $f^{-1}(x)$ be y</div><div>$y = \frac{4x}{9+x}$</div><div>$y(9+x) = 4x$</div><div>$9y = 4x - xy$</div><div>$9y = x(4 - y)$</div></div>	M ₁	For manipulating																				

	$x = \frac{9y}{4-y}$ $\therefore f(x) = \frac{9x}{4-x}$ the denominator = 0 for undefined $\therefore 4-x=0$ $x=4$	A ₁ M ₁ A ₁	correct f(x) Equaling denominator to 0 Correct x
		04	
4.	Time $\Rightarrow \frac{90}{45} = 2 \text{ hrs}$ Total time = $2 + 2\frac{1}{2} = 2 + 1.5$ Average speed = $\frac{\text{Tot. distance}}{\text{Tot. Time}}$ $= \frac{90 + 150}{3\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{240}{3.5}$ $= 68.57 \text{ km/h}$	M ₁ A ₁ B ₁ B ₁ M ₁ A ₁	for time 1 st journey time added Accept 68.57 68.57 or 68.5714 or 68 $\frac{4}{7}$
		04	
5.	$\overline{OP} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, $\overline{OQ} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ c \end{pmatrix}$, $\overline{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}$ $\overline{OP} = \overline{OQ} - \overline{OP}$ $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ c \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} a \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ $-1 = 6 - a$ $-1 - 6 = -a$ $a = 7$ $13 = c + 5$ $c = 8$ $2 \overline{OQ} = 2\sqrt{6^2 + 8^2}$ 2×10 $= 20 \text{ units}$	M ₁ A ₁ A ₁ A ₁	equating vectors C's 7 C's 8 C's 20
		04	
6.	$0.12 \text{ m} = (0.12 \times 100) \text{ cm}$ $= 12 \text{ cm}$ v.s.f. = $\frac{81}{3} = 27$ l.s.f. = $\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$ $\frac{h}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$ $h = 4 \text{ cm}$	M ₁ M ₁ M ₁ M ₁ M ₁ A ₁	for v.s.f. for L.s.f. for equating ratios for 4
		04	

7.	$\frac{6000.000}{12}$ $= 500,000$ $\text{tax} = \frac{20}{100} \times 500,000$ $= 100,000$ $\text{Net} = 500,000 - 100,000$ $400,000$	B_1 M_1 B_1 M_1 A_1	converting simplifying simplifying for net fee
8.	$\log \frac{6^2}{3} - \log 1.2$ $\log \frac{36}{3} - \log 1.2$ $\log \frac{12}{1.2}$ $\log \left(12 \div \frac{12}{10} \right)$ $\log_{10} 10 = 1$	B_1 M_1 M_1 A_1	simplifying for 6^2 or 36 Squaring application of law of logs Dividing Simplification C's 1
9.	$d = sxt$ $t = \frac{d}{s}$ $t_1 = \frac{10}{x}, t_2 = \frac{10}{x+1}$ $\frac{10}{x} + \frac{30}{60} = \frac{10}{x+1}$ $\frac{20-x}{2x} = \frac{10}{x+1}$ $20x + 20 - x^2 - x = 20x$ $x^2 + x - 20 = 0$ $(x-4)(x+5) = 0$ $\text{Cult } x = 4 \text{ or } x = -5$ $\therefore x = 4 \text{ km/hr}$	B_1 M_1 M_1 M_1 A_1	for both t_1 & t_2 for time and for equating for equating Solving the quadratic eqn. for cared answer
10.	$P \propto \frac{1}{q^2}$ $P = \frac{k}{q^2}$ $5 = \frac{k}{2^2}$ $5 \times 4 = k$ $k = 20$ $P = \frac{20}{q^2}$ $P = \frac{20}{100}$ $P = \frac{1}{5}$	M_1 A_1 M_1 A_1	manipulating correct simplifying C's $\frac{1}{5}$ accept $P = 0.2$

SECTION B

11.	<p>(a) $h(x) = x^2 + 3$, $g(x) = x - 1$</p> <p>$hg(x) = (x-1)^2 + 3$</p> <p>$\therefore hg(a) = (a-1)^2 + 3$</p> <p>$= a^2 - 2a + 4$</p> <p>$gh(x) = x^2 + 3 - 1$</p> <p>$\therefore gh(a) = a^2 + 2$</p> <p>$a^2 - 2a + 4 = a^2 + 2$</p> <p>$-2a - 2$</p> <p>$a = 1$</p>	<p>M</p> <p>M1 for $g(a)$</p> <p>M1 for $gh(a)$</p> <p>M1 for equating</p> <p>A1 for solving for a</p>	<p>Correct substitution of $hg(x)$ or $hg(a)$</p> <p>Correct simplification $gh(x)$ or $gh(a)$</p> <p>Simplification</p> <p>Solving for a</p>
	<p>(b) (i) Let $k = x^2 - 5x - 14$</p> <p>$x^2 - 5x = k + 14$</p> <p>$\left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 = k + 14 + \frac{25}{4}$</p> <p>$\left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 = k + \frac{81}{4}$</p> <p>$x - \frac{5}{2} = \sqrt{k + \frac{81}{4}}$</p> <p>$x = \sqrt{k + \frac{81}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$</p> <p>$h^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{x + \frac{81}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$</p> <p>(ii) $h^{-1}(4.75) = \sqrt{4.75 + \frac{81}{4}} + \frac{5}{2}$</p> <p>$= \frac{10}{2} + \frac{5}{2}$</p> <p>$= 7.5$</p>	<p>B</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1 for correct D.E. formed</p> <p>M1 for transformation of formula</p> <p>M1 for taking square root on each side.</p> <p>M1 for adding $\frac{5}{2}$ on each side</p> <p>M1 for simplification</p> <p>A1 for $h^{-1}(x)$</p> <p>M1 for substituting in $h^{-1}(x)$</p> <p>A1 for correct substitution</p> <p>A1 for accepting $15/2$ or $7\frac{1}{2}$</p>	<p>Let $k(x) = k$</p> <p>Transformation of formula</p> <p>Taking square root on each side.</p> <p>Add $\frac{5}{2}$ on each side</p> <p>For $h^{-1}(x)$</p> <p>Substit. In $h^{-1}(x)$</p> <p>Accept $15/2$ or $7\frac{1}{2}$</p>

12.	<p>$n(A) = 55$</p> <p>$n(E) = 100$</p> <p>$J = ?$</p>	<p>B1 for $2x$</p> <p>B1 for 20</p> <p>B1 for 7</p> <p>B1 for 14</p> <p>B1 for other regions</p> <p>B1 for both $2x$ & 20</p>	<p>for $2x$</p> <p>for 20</p> <p>for 7</p> <p>for 14</p> <p>Other regions</p> <p>for both $2x$ & 20</p>
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Let x represent those who visited Mbale only From

$$y + 7 + 20 + 25 = 55$$

$$y + 52 = 55$$

$$y = 3$$

$$\therefore 20 + y + 14 + 2x + x + 7 + 25 + 10 = 100$$

$$20 + 3 + 14 + 2x + x + 32 + 10 = 100$$

$$x = 7$$

\therefore Those who visited Jinja

$$20 + y + 2x + 14$$

$$= 51 \text{ students}$$

~~B₁~~

~~M₁~~

~~A₁~~

for 3
simplifying
for 7

M₁

A₁

addition
simplifying
for 51

b(ii)

$$\text{Not visited Arua} = 10 + x + 14 + 2x$$

$$10 + 21 + 14$$

$$= 45 \text{ students.}$$

M₁

A₁

simplifying (addition)
for 45

(c) P (Almost two towns) =

$$\frac{10 + 7 + 14 + 25 + 20 + 14 + 7}{100}$$

$$= \frac{97}{100}$$

M₁

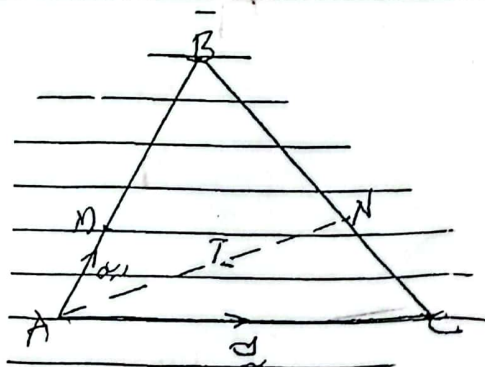
A₁

Almost region
simplifying

for 45
accept 0.97

12

13. (a)



$$(i) \quad \overline{AB} = \overline{AM} + \overline{MB} \quad M_1$$

$$= x + 2\overline{AM} \quad A_1 M_1$$

$$x + 2x = 3x \quad M_1 A_1$$

For correct route/ratio
reof

Correct answer

$$(ii) \quad \overline{BC} = \overline{BA} + \overline{AC} \quad M_1$$

$$= -3x + y \quad A_1$$

Correct route

Correct route

$$(iii) \quad \overline{BN} = \frac{3}{4} \overline{BC}$$

Correct route

AN

$$\frac{3}{4}(y-3x) \text{ BN: NC}=3:1$$

$$\overline{AN} = \overline{AB} + \overline{BN}$$

$$= 3x + \frac{3}{4}(y-3x) \text{ M}_1$$

$$= \frac{12x + 3y - 9x}{4} = \frac{3}{4}(x+y)$$

Simplification
Correct route
Correct answer

(b) $\overline{MT} = \overline{MA} + \overline{AT}$

$$-x + \frac{2}{3} + \left(\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}y\right) = \frac{2}{4}(-x+y)$$

$$\overline{TC} = \overline{TA} + \overline{AC} = \frac{-2}{3}\left(\frac{2}{4}x + \frac{3}{4}y\right) + y$$

$$\frac{2}{4}(y-x)$$

Simplification
for both correct route S
MT & TC

$$\frac{\overline{MT}}{\overline{TC}} = \frac{\frac{2}{4}(y-x)}{\frac{2}{4}(y-x)}$$

$$\frac{\overline{MT}}{\overline{TC}} = 1$$

$$\overline{MT} = \overline{TC}$$

Since T is a common point, M T and C are collinear.

M₁ simplifying
A₁ correct answer for the ratio

conclusion

14. (a) $\frac{4,800,000}{15}$
shs320,000

(b) Cash terms

$$\frac{1}{5} \times 10 = 2 \text{ pieces}$$

$$2 \times 5000,000 = 10,000,000 / =$$

Hire purchase,

$$\text{Initial Deposit} = \frac{25}{100} \times 4000,000$$

$$= 1000,000$$

$$1,000,000 + 4,800,000$$

$$= 5,800,000$$

$$\text{Hire purchase} = 5,800,000 \times 8$$

$$\text{Shs } 46,400,000$$

$$\text{Total} = 46,400,000 + 10,000,000$$

$$56,400,000 / =$$

$$\text{Profits} = \text{S.P} - \text{B.P}$$

$$56,400,000 - (10 \times 4000,000)$$

$$\text{Profits} = 16,400,000 / =$$

12

M₁

A₁

Dividing

for 320,000
correctitude

M₁A₁

simplification

for 10,000,000

M₁

simplification

for C's 5,800,000
Correct answer

A₁

M₁

simplifying

for C's 46,400,000
Cao

A₁

M₁

A₁

M₁

Adding C's 56,400,000

A₁

correct answer

		A ₁	correct answer
15.	<p>(a) $2(3') = 162$ $\frac{2(3')}{2} = \frac{162}{2}$ $3' = 81$ $3' = 3^4$ $t = 4$</p>	<p>M₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p>	<p>Adding on</p> <p>Dividing</p> <p>prime indices, prove factorizing</p> <p>for t = 4</p>
	<p>(b) $\log(x+y) = 1$ $x+y = 10$ _____ (i) $\log_2(xy) = 4$ $xy = 16$ _____ (ii) $(10-y)(y) = 16$ $10y - y^2 = 16$ Gather $y_1 = 2$ or $y_2 = 8$ } Finding x; $x = 10 - y$ When $y = 2$, $\Rightarrow x = 10 - 2 = 8$ When $y = 8$, _____ $x = 10 - 8 = 2$ _____</p>	<p>B₁</p> <p>B₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>A₁</p>	<p>Extracting eqn. for eqn ①</p> <p>Extracting eqn. for eqn ②</p> <p>simplifying substitution</p> <p>for values of y for quadratic eqn</p> <p>substituting for factors of quadratic</p> <p>correct value of x for both values of y $y = 2$ or $y = 8$</p> <p>substituting c's 2 for $x = 2$ and $x = 8$</p>
		12	
16.	<p>$6+x = \text{distance}$ $S = \frac{d}{t}$ $9:45 + \frac{x}{60}$ $10:50 + \frac{240-x}{80}$ $t_1 = 9.45 + \frac{x}{60}$ $t_1 = t_2$ $t_2 = 10:50 + \frac{240-x}{80}$</p>	<p>M₁</p> <p>M₁</p>	<p>simplifying equations ①</p> <p>manipulating equation ②</p>
	<p>$9:45 + \frac{x}{60} = 10:50 - 9.45$ $9:45 + \frac{x}{60} = 10:10 + \frac{240-x}{80}$ $\frac{8x-1440}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $\frac{x}{60} - \frac{240-x}{80} = 10:50 - 9:45$ $\frac{12(14x-1440)}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $\frac{8x-1440+6x}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $12(14x-1440) = 13(480)$ $\frac{14x-1440}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $168x - 17280 = 6240$ $x = 140\text{km}$</p>	<p>M₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p>	<p>Equating</p> <p>Extraction</p> <p>correct value of x</p>

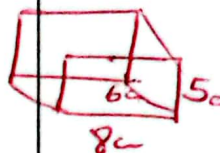
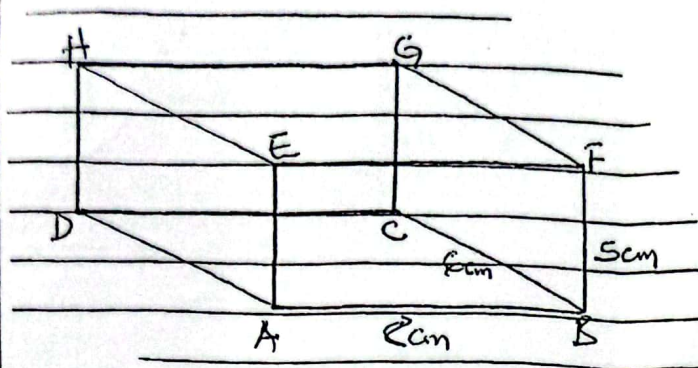
		A ₁	correct answer
15.	<p>(a) $2(3') = 162$ $\frac{2(3')}{2} = \frac{162}{2}$ $3' = 81$ $3' = 3^4$ $t = 4$</p>	<p>M₁ M₁ M₁ A₁</p>	<p>Adding on Dividing prime indices, prove factorizing for t = 4</p>
	<p>(b) $\log(x+y) = 1$ $x+y = 10$ _____ (i) $\log_2(xy) = 4$ $xy = 16$ _____ (ii) $(10-y)(y) = 16$ $10y - y^2 = 16$ Gather $y_1 = 2$ or $y_2 = 8$ } Finding x; $x = 10 - y$ When $y = 2$, $\Rightarrow x = 10 - 2 = 8$ When $y = 8$, $x = 10 - 8 = 2$</p>	<p>B₁ B₁ M₁ M₁ M₁ A₁ M₁ A₁ A₁</p>	<p>Extracting eqn. for eqn ① Extracting eqn. for eqn ② simplifying substitution for values of y for quadratic eqn substituting for factors of quadratics correct value of x for both values of y $y = 2$ or $y = 8$ substituting c's 2 for $x = 2$ and $x = 8$</p>
		12	
16.	<p>$6+x = \text{distance}$ $S = \frac{d}{t}$ $9:45 + \frac{x}{60}$ $10:50 + \frac{240-x}{80}$ $t_1 = 9.45 + \frac{x}{60}$ $t_1 = t_2$ $t_2 = 10:50 + \frac{240-x}{80}$</p>	<p>M₁ M₁</p>	<p>simplifying equations ① manipulating equation ②</p>
	<p>$9:45 + \frac{x}{60} = 10:50 - 9.45$ $9:45 + \frac{x}{60} = 10:10 + \frac{240-x}{80}$ $\frac{8x-1440}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $\frac{x}{60} - \frac{240-x}{80} = 10:50 - 9:45$ $\frac{12(14x-1440)}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $\frac{8x-1440+6x}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $12(14x-1440) = 13(480)$ $\frac{14x-1440}{480} = \frac{13}{12}$ $168x - 17280 = 6240$ $x = 140\text{km}$</p>	<p>M₁ M₁ A₁</p>	<p>Equating Extraction correct value of x</p>

cyclot $X = 60(t + 65\frac{5}{6})$

<p>16 \Rightarrow</p> <p>9:45 + $\frac{140}{60}$</p> <p>9:45 + 2:20</p> <p>= 12:05</p> <p>$S = \frac{d}{t}$</p> <p>40 = $\frac{240}{t}$</p> <p>$t = 6 \text{ hrs}$</p> <p>9:45 + 6:00</p> <p>= 15:45</p> <p>$S = \frac{d}{t}$</p> <p>80 = $\frac{240}{t}$</p> <p>$t = \frac{240}{80}$</p> <p>$t = 3 \text{ hrs}$</p> <p>So; (c) 10: 50</p> <p>3: 00</p> <p>13: 50</p> <p>13: 50</p> <p>- 13: 45</p> <p>5 minutes</p>	<p>$x = 60t + 65$</p> <p>Motorist</p> <p>$240 - x = 80t$</p> <p>$x = 240 - 80t$</p> <p>$60t + 65 = 240 - 80t$</p> <p>$140t = 175$</p> <p>$t = 1.25 \text{ hrs}$</p> <p>$x = 60(1.25) + 65$</p> <p>$x = 75 + 65$</p> <p>$x = 140 \text{ km from Kampala}$</p> <p>b) Time 10:50 + 1.25</p> <p>10:50</p> <p>01:25</p> <p>12:05</p> <p>c) cyclist $t = \frac{240}{60} = 4 \text{ hrs}$</p> <p>9: 45</p> <p>4: 00</p> <p>13: 45</p> <p>Motorist</p> <p>$t = \frac{240}{80} = 3 \text{ hrs}$</p> <p>Time of arrival 13:50</p> <p>Time of arrival 13:50</p>	<p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>B₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>B₁</p> <p>M₁</p> <p>A₁</p> <p>B₁</p> <p>12 marks</p>	<p>Adding</p> <p>Adding</p> <p>Equating</p> <p>correct value of t</p> <p>C's 3</p> <p>Adding time</p> <p>correct value of t</p>
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Difference = $\begin{array}{r} 13:50 \\ 13:45 \\ \hline \end{array}$
5 minutes, - B

17.

Let x be the length CG

$$2x + 6 = 16$$

$$2x = 10$$

$$x = 5$$

Or

 x be length BF

$$EA + AB + BF + FE = 26$$

$$x + 8 + x + 8 = 26$$

$$2x + 16 = 26$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{26-16}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$x = 5$$

 $B_1 B_1 B_1$ M_1 A_1

For base seen.
For closed figure
~~Am/sketch~~

for equation

for $x = 5$

(b) (i) Volume = $L \times W \times H$
 $8 \times 6 \times 5$
 240 cm^3

$M_1 M_1$ ✓
 A_1

M_1 & $C's$ H
 substitution &
 simplification
 $C's$ 240.

(b)(ii) Total surface Area =
 $2 [lw + wh + lh]$
 $2(6 \times 6 + 6 \times 5 + 8 \times 5)$
 $2(48 + 30 + 40)$
 236 cm^2

$M_1 M_1$ ✓
 M_1 ✓
 A_1

$C's$ H
 substitution in formula.
 Areas
 Doubling.
 Simplification
 for 236.
 Cao

12 marks

END