## SECTION A (46 marks)

1.	(a)	The following scheme is part of the radioactive decay of thorium $234_{Th} \rightarrow \rightarrow Y+a$	l <b>.</b>
		$Th \rightarrow \rightarrow Pa \rightarrow$	
		90 91	(½ marks)
		(i) Identify the particle emitted in the first stage.	•
		(ii) State the atomic number and the atomic mass of Y.	(1 mark)
	(b)	The activity of ${}^{234}Th$ reduced by 80% in 160 days. Determine the	
		take the activity of Thorium to reduce to half.	(2½ marks)
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Ž.	(a)	Methyl benzene reacts with chlorine to form 2-chloromethylbenze	
		condition for the reaction.	(1 mark)
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
	(b)	Under a different condition the product is phenylchloromethane in	stead of
		chloromethyl benzene.	
		(i) State the condition for the reaction.	(1 mark)
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		(ii) Write the acceptable mechanism for the reaction.	(3 marks)
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Write equation to show the reaction between aqueous sodium hydroxide and the following oxides:			ide and the	
	(a)	· Ti	in (II) oxide.	(1½ marks
	(b)	Si	licon (IV) oxide.	(1½ marks
	(c)	Tr	ilead tetraoxide.	(1½ marks
4.	Pot (a)	assiur Sta	n dichromate (VI) is used as a primary standard in volumetric ate <b>two</b> reasons why potassium dichromate (VI) is used as a pr	rimary standard. (2 marks)
		••••		•••••••
		•••••		
	(b)	Na	me <b>one</b> substance that can be standardised using potassium die	chromate (VI).
			***************************************	(½ mark)
		*****		
si oʻ	(c)		acidified potassium dichromate (VI) solution, hydrogen peroxi	
		(i)	State what was observed.	(1 mark)
		•••••		
		(ii)	Write the ionic equation for the reaction.	(1½ marks)
		••••••		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

		Draw the structure and name the shapes of the following species.	(3 marks)
5.	(a)	Draw the Structure Shape	
		Species	
		(i) 10 <sub>3</sub>	
		(ii)ClO <sub>4</sub>	
			•
	(b)	To the aqueous solution of the species from (a) (i), an acidified solution	on of
	(0)	potassium iodide was added.	
		(i) State what was observed.	(1 mark)
		***************************************	••••••
		***************************************	(1½ marks)
		(ii) Write equation for the reaction that took place.	(172 marks)
		***************************************	***************************************
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6.	(a)	Phenylamine hydrochloride, $C_6H_5NH_3Cl$ , undergoes hydrolysis when	1 dissolved iii
		water.	
		Write an equation for the hydrolysis reaction.	(1½ marks)
			•••
			•••••••
	(b)	A 0.02M solution of phenylamine hydrochloride has a pH of 3.4. Cal	
		(i) The molar concentration of the hydrogen ions in the solution.	(2 marks)

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		(ii) the hydrolysis constant, Kh, of phenylamine hydrochloride.	••••••
		***************************************	
7.	1.18	Bg of compound $Z$ , on vapourisation occupied 300cm <sup>3</sup> at s.t.p.	
	(a)	Calculate the relative molecular mass of Z.	(1½ marks)
	(b)	The empirical formula of $\mathbb{Z}$ is $C_2H_4O$ .	••••••••
		(i) Determine the molecular formula of <b>Z</b> .	(1½ marks)
3.00		***************************************	
. :		***************************************	
· 9 c.		(ii) Write the structural formulae of the possible isomers of Z.	
	(c)	Compound Z reacts with sodium carbonate to produce a gas that turn	s lime water
		milky. Identify <b>Z</b> .	(½ marks)
8.	Heino	g equations show the following conversion can be carried out:	
		$CH_3CH_2C = NOH \text{ from } CH_3CHCH_3$ $CH_3 \qquad OH$	(2½ marks)
		***************************************	***************************************
			••••••
			••••••

	(b).	OH From Cl	(3 marks)
			*****************
		***************************************	***************************************
		***************************************	***************
			•••••
9.		general formula of a polymer A is	
	+00	general formula of a polyfiler $A$ is $C - \left( \bigcirc \right) - COCH_2CH_2O \right)_n$	
	(a)	Write the formula and names of the monomer(s) of A.	(3 marks)
		***************************************	***************************************
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		************************************	***************************************
	(b)	Name the type of polymerization by which A is formed.	(1 mark)
		***************************************	•••••••
	(c)	Evaluit 1	••••••
	(0)	Explain why depression freezing point method is not convenient for	determination
		of the molecular mass of A.	(1½ marks)
		***************************************	
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		47447474744444444444444444	***************************************

## SECTION R

		PECTION B	
10.		exothermic reaction between nitrogen and hydrogen takes place accor	ding to the
	_	ation.	
	$N_2(\xi$	$g) + 3H_2(g) \longrightarrow 2NH_3(g)$	
	(a)	Write the expression for the equilibrium constant, Kc, for the forward	d reaction.
			(1 mark)
		***************************************	•••••
		**************************************	
	(b)	At 500°C, the equilibrium concentration of hydrogen is 0.250 mold and nitrogen is 2.7 $moldm^{-3}$ .	$m^{-3}$
		Calculate the equilibrium concentration of ammonia at 500 °C.	
		$(kc = 6.0 \times 10^{-2} dm^{-6} mol^{-2})$	(3 marks)
		***************************************	
	8 45.	074480800000000000000000000000000000000	**********************
đ			***************
	(c)	State what would happen to;	
		(i) the value of $Kc$ and equilibrium position if the pressure of the	system
		was reduced.	(1 mark)
			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
		(ii) the volume of ammonia, if nitrogen was constantly removed fr	om reaction
		mixture.	(½ mark)
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		***************************************	
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			***************************************
	(c)	$CH_3CH_2CH_2OH \xrightarrow{Conc. H_3PO_4} $	(3½ marks)
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		***************************************	•••••••••••
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		***************************************	•••••
	(b)	$CH_3 - \bigcirc $	(3 marks)
		***************************************	••••••
	·	***************************************	••••••
		***************************************	***************************************
		***************************************	••••••
	(a)	$CH_3CH_2Br \xrightarrow{KOH/CH_3CH_2OH}$	(2½ marks)
11.		aplete the following reactions and write a mechanism.	
		***************************************	***************************************
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		***************************************	
	(d)	Explain are	(2½ marks)
	(L)	Explain the effect of adding herium to the equilibrium mixture at	constant pressure

12.	Meth max	manoic acid, <i>HCOOH</i> and water are miscible in all proportions. They form a mum boiling point mixture containing 78% methanoic acid that boils at 108°C.				
	(a)	(i) Define the term maximum boiling point mixture.	(1 mark)			
			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
		(ii) Sketch a labelled boiling point – composition diagram for mix and methanoic acid. (boiling point of HCOOH=101°C)				
	(b)	Explain briefly why methanoic acid and water form a maximum boiling point				
		mixture.	(3 marks)			
		***************************************	••••••			
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	(c) Describe what would happen when a mixture containing 40% methanoic		
		distilled.	(2 marks)
			*******************************
			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
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		***************************************	••••••••
13.	what	e a reagent that can be used to distinguish the following species, in each would be observed if the named reagent is separately reacted with each	ch case state member of
	the p	2-	(2 montes)
	(a)	$cr_2o_7$ and $cro_4$	(3 marks)
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		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	<i>a</i> >	D. 31	
	(b)	$Ba^{2+}$ and $Ca^{2+}$	(3 marks)
		***************************************	0.200200.000000000000000000000000000000
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	(c)	$OH$ and $CH_2OH$	(3 marks)
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14.	The following half-cell reactions are given						
	Cu <sup>2+</sup> (	aq) + 1	$2e \rightarrow \rightarrow Cu(s)$	$E^{\theta}/V + 0.34$			
	$I_2(aq)$	+ 2e -	$\rightarrow \rightarrow 2I^{-}(aq)$	+0.54			
	$H_2O_2(aq) + 2e + 2H^+(aq) \rightarrow 2H_2O_{(i)}$ +1.77						
	$Cl_2(g)$	+ 2e ·	$\rightarrow$ 2Cl <sup>-</sup> (aq)	+1.36			
	(a)	(i)	Write the cell notation for the cell made up of the		nsisting of		
		•••••	iodide ions and acidified hydrogen peroxide.		(1½ marks)		
			**************************************				
		(ii)	Write the overall equation for the reaction.		(1 mark)		
		•••••	***************************************	••••••			
		(iii)	Calculate the e.m.f of the cell and state whether the	e reaction is	feasible or		
			not.		(2½ marks)		
		••••••	***************************************				
	(b)	(i)	Will the iodide ions reduce copper (II) ions to copp	er solid? Gi	ve a reason		
			for your answer.		(1½ marks)		
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		••••••		: 4:6-: 1 - 1	•••••		
		(ii)	Explain whether hydrochloric acid is suitable for ac	adirying nyd	rogen		
			peroxide				
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15.	(a)	Copper (II) carbonate occurs as a basic carbonate.	
<b>4</b> .	(4)	Write equation for the reaction to show how this carbonate can be	oe prepared.
			(1½ marks)
			***************************************
			•••••
	(b)	Copper (II) carbonate was dissolved in warm nitric acid and to the	he resultant
	. ` ′ ›	solution, potassium iodide solution was added.	- Salvalle
		(i) State what was observed.	(14 manls)
		(4)	(½ mark)
	,	***************************************	389802929788999988888888888
		(ii) Write equation for the reaction that took place.	04999000000000000000000000000000000000
		(ii) Write equation for the reaction that took place.	(½mark)
	(c)	To the mixture from (h) shows and in this will be a like the same that t	300000000000000000000000000000000000000
	(0)	To the mixture from (b) above, sodium thiosulphate solution was  (i) State what was observed.	added.
		(1) State what was observed.	(½ mark)
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		(**)	1845534373838548654908694523
		(ii) Write equation for the reaction that took place.	(11/2 mark)
		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	180000000000000000000000000000000000000
	(d)	0.8g of copper ore was reacted with dilute sulphiric acid and the r diluted to 250cm <sup>3</sup> with distilled water. To 30cm <sup>3</sup> of this solution, expossing iodide was added The time.	avoor 0 2NA
		solution of sodium thiosulphate for complete reaction	n <sup>3</sup> of 0.05M
	• •	Determine the percentage of copper in the ore.	(3½ marks)
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		The Land Company	••••••••••
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16.	(a)	For each of the following species, determine the oxidation state of (i) $MnO_{\overline{A}}$	manganese
			(1 mark)
		***************************************	
		(ii) <i>MnO</i> <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup>	(1 mark)
		***************************************	•
		***************************************	
	(b)	State what is observed and write equation for the reaction that occu (i) acidified hydrogen peroxide is added to potassium mangana	ırs when; te (VII) solution.
		Observation:	(2½ marks)
		***************************************	***************************************
		***************************************	••••••
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		Equation:	
		***************************************	•••••••••
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		(ii) dilute sulphiric acid is added to a solution of potassium mang	;anate (VI)
		solution.	(2½ marks)
		Observation	
		***************************************	***********************
		***************************************	
		***************************************	
		Equation	
		***************************************	•••••••
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excess sodium hydroxide solution when exposed to air.	
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***************************************	******
***************************************	***************************************
	**********
17. 0.155g of an organic compound W when burnt in oxygen gave 0.22g or	f carbon dioxide
and 0.135g of water.	aroxide
(a) Determine the empirical formula of W.	(3½ marks)
***************************************	
***************************************	
**************************************	
***************************************	
(b) When vapourised at 127°C, 0.225g of W occurried 111 11 and at 7°C.	3008836863633538638*648666
o, o.220g of w occupied 111.11cm at /	60mmHg.
(i) Calculate the molecular mass of W.	(2½ marks)
***************************************	56500000000000000000000000000000000000
***************************************	*******************
	200200000000000000000000000000000000000
*****	***************
(ii) Determine the molecular formula of W.	(1½ marks)
***************************************	••••••••••
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ethane -1, 2-dioic acid. Write the formula and IUPAC name of W. (1½ marks						
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