535/2 PHYSICS Paper 2 Oct./Nov. 2023 21/4 hours



### UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

# **Uganda Certificate of Education**

#### **PHYSICS**

## Paper 2

2 hours 15 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

Answer any five questions.

Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.

Mathematical tables and silent non-programmable scientific calculators may be used.

These values of physical quantities may be useful to you:

Acceleration due to gravity =  $10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ .

Specific heat capacity of water =  $4200 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ .

Specific heat capacity of copper =  $400 \text{ Jkg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ .

Specific latent heat of fusion of water =  $340000 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}$ .

Speed of sound in air = 330 ms<sup>-1</sup>.

Velocity of electromagnetic waves =  $3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .

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Turn Over



4.	(a)	(1) What is meant by the centre of gravity of a body?	(01 mark)	
		(ii) State <b>two</b> ways in which the stability of a bus can be during its manufacture.	increased (02 marks)	
	(b)	(i) What is meant by a couple in mechanics?	(01 mark)	
		(ii) State two conditions necessary for a body to be in eq	juilibrium. ( <i>()2 marks</i> )	
	(c)	Describe an experiment to verify the principle of moments.	(04 marks)	
	(d)	A block of mass 0.5 kg is pulled from rest on a rough horizontal bench by a steady force $P$ , against a constant frictional force of 2 N. It moves 10 m in 2 s. Find;		
- A - C		(i) its speed.	(02 marks)	
		(ii) its acceleration.	(02 marks)	
		(iii) the value of $P$ .	(02 marks)	
2.	(a)	(i) What is meant by parallax and virtual image?	(02 marks)	
		(ii) An object is placed in front of a plane mirror. Describe experiment to locate the position of its image.	oe an (05 marks)	
	(b)	Why are prisms preferred to plane mirrors for use as reflected		
		optical instruments?	(02 marks)	
	(c)	What is meant by critical angle?	(01 mark)	
	(d)	A ray of light is incident at an angle of 38° from a liquid of index 1.43.	refractive	
		(i) Find the angle of refraction in air.	(03 marks)	
		(ii) Find the angle of incidence in the liquid for the light	to graze	
		(ii) Find the angle of incidence in the liquid for the light the boundary with air.  Define the following:	(03 marks)	
3.	(a)	Define the following:		
		(i) Momentum. (ii) Potential energy. OSing 19500	(01 mark) (01 mark)	
	(b)	State the S.I unit for each of the quantities defined in (a).	(01 mark)	
	(c)	When a piece of stone falls from a short height onto an orange orange may not be damaged. Explain why the orange fruit cru the height of fall of the stone is significantly increased.	fruit, the shes when (05 marks)	
		2 9 ]		

	(d)	A car of mass 900 kg travelling at 72 km h <sup>-1</sup> is brought to re by applying the brakes. Calculate its;	ught to rest in 80 m	
		(i) initial momentum.	(03 marks)	
	10	(ii) average braking force.	(03 marks)	
	aculir	(iii) initial kinetic energy.	(02 marks)	
4.	(a)	What is meant by the following:		
		(i) Insulators?	(01 mark)	
dun	r* e106	(ii) Conductors?	(01 mark)	
	(b)	Explain how two bodies can get charged by friction.	(03 marks)	
Car.	(c)	State the fundamental law of electrostatics.	(01 mark)	
April 1	(d)	State and explain what is observed when;		
12/8		(i) a negatively charged rod is brought near the metal can negatively charged gold-leaf electroscope.	ap of a (03 marks)	
	L Mart	(ii) a negatively charged rod is brought near a fine stream flowing out of a tap.	m of water (02 marks)	
	(e)	Sketch the electric field pattern between a positively charg and a metal plate.	ed point (03 marks)	
	(f)	State any four applications of electrostatics.	(02 marks)	
5.	(a)	What is meant by the following as applied to heat:		
		<ul><li>(i) Conduction?</li><li>(ii) Convection?</li></ul>	(01 mark) (01 mark)	
	(b)	Explain how conduction and convection are minimised in flask.	a vacuum (03 marks)	
, i	(c)	Describe how a domestic hot water system works.	(05 marks)	
OF	(d)	A hot water tap delivers water to a bath tab at 80 °C at a range 10 kg min <sup>-1</sup> and a cold water tap delivers water to the sam 20 °C at the rate of 20 kg min <sup>-1</sup> . If the taps closed after 2 ice at 0 °C is then added until the temperature of water in 32 °C, find the;	ne tab at minutes and	
	1, 121	<ul><li>(i) temperature of water in the tab before adding ice.</li><li>(ii) amount of ice added.</li></ul>	(02 marks) (04 marks)	
( )		(Specific latent heat of ice = $340,000$ J kg <sup>-1</sup> ; Specific heat water = $4200$ J kg <sup>-1</sup> K <sup>-1</sup> )	at capacity of	

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- 6. (a) What is meant by;
  - (i) radioactivity?

(01 mark)

(ii) half-life?

(01 mark)

- (b) The half-life of Uranium is 24 days. Calculate the mass of Uranium which remains after 120 days if the initial mass is 64 g. (03 marks)
- (c) (i) What are cathode rays?

(01 mark)

- (ii) With the aid of a labelled diagram describe how X-rays are produced in an X-ray tube. (06 marks)
- (iii) State four differences between cathode rays and X-rays.

(04 marks)

- 7. (a) (i) What is meant by compressions and rarefactions as applied to sound waves? (02 marks)
  - (ii) Sound waves of frequency 620 Hz travel through air at a speed of 330 ms<sup>-1</sup>. Calculate the wavelength of the waves. (03 marks)
  - (b) (i) Describe an experiment to determine the speed of sound in air. (05 marks)
    - (ii) State the precautions taken to reduce the errors in the experiment. (01 mark)
  - (c) In an experiment, the length of a stretched wire is varied until it vibrates in unison with each of several tuning forks taken in turn keeping the tension in the wire constant throughout.
    - Describe how the variation in length affects the frequency of vibration of the wire.

      (02 marks)
  - (d) A ship sends out an ultra sound to the bottom of an ocean and receives an echo after 20 s. If the wavelength of the ultra sound in water is 0.1 m and the frequency of the transmitter is 50 kHz, calculate the depth of the ocean.

    (03 marks)
- 8. (a) What is meant by a **neutral point** as applied to a magnetic field? (01 mark)
  - (b) Sketch a diagram to show the magnetic field pattern around a bar magnet placed in the earth's magnetic field, with its North pole pointing in the magnetic South direction. (02 marks)
  - (c) (i) Explain what is meant by magnetic saturation. (02 marks)
    - (ii) Using the domain theory explain why a permanent magnet may lose its magnetism by hammering. (03 marks)

(d) Draw a labelled diagram to show the structure of a simple d.c motor and describe how it works. (06 marks)

(e) State any **two** adjustments that can be made on the simple d.c motor to make it a practical one. (02 marks)

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