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Do not write in this margin	Candidate's Name KIBUGO DENNIS Signature Random No. 0750-732 Subject Personal Number Watsup	2031 Do not write in Dia margin
	1st ELEMENT OF CONSTRUCT;	
	THE LEARNER APPRECIATES CONTRIBUTION OF CHEMISTRY TO OUR ECONOMY.	
	Areas of emphasis: Fach Pro V- Vess	sel
	(2) Many facture of Chlorine to (3) Extenction of Motals Cy At (4) Conve	ical processes
	(4) Manufacture of feethlears Ch - Ghe (5) Manufacture of delegents Pr - Pur (6) Manufacture of Godium hydroxide Pr - Pur	
	(8) Manufacture of Cament (9) Manufacture of Ethanol	
	(10) Manufacture of Biogas.	
	Key points in assessment Raw materials	
	→ Side effects of the process of groduction and → Social benefits	metigation

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	LEARNER APPRECIATES CONTRIBUTION OF CHEMISTRY. To OUR ECONOMY.
	ASSESSABLE AREAS.
	2. MANUFACTURE OF CHLORINE; - Using Mercuny Cathode OR SODUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION:
	Raw materials; Concentrated sortium chloride solution, Mercury. (Brine)
	Process of production; Chlorine is manufactured by electrolysis of concentrated sodium chloride selection (Brine) using graphite, anode and mercury as cathode in a mercury cathode cell.
	graphile anade
	Brine Brine
Laiv	& Brine in
Merci annali out	am. Mercuny in
	At Amode (CP) eee Chloride and chloride ions are preferentially discharged to form Chloring, gas.
5 N	2crap -> clz(g) + ze (ca)
isi Na	OH; At Anode; Na ap +e -> Na &, The Soctium then mixes with mercury

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Candidate's Name Do not Random No In this margin Naltg (0) + H2O 1) -> NaOH (ag) + 12Hz (9) + Hg (1) Side effects of the process and mitigation. - Suffication due to release of other gases like hydrogen in a spaces Proper Use of PPES - Exposure to high concentrations of chlorine leading to death Broker use of Phos or itching a of eyes, noses - Exposure to excessive noise from mechanical equipment cylinder Proper use of Versonal protective Equipment Exposure to mercuny which is highly toxic and may cause damage to nervous system, reproductive system on long time-expressive. PRODU USE OF PPEC Social benefits Manufacturing plants are source of revenue to the Gov it hence improved influstures. Employment opportunities hence improving the standards of hory - chlorine in water is a disinfectant hence Kulls pathogens that - Chlorine is used as a weed Killers. Weeds 401 Chlorine reduce crop production-[- used in manufacture of soas which is a detergent in homes. - Used in manufacture of druge of pain KHOPS - Eg Aspirin for NaOH - Used in manufacture of baking powder - In paper making industry, it is used to clear the paper - used in extraction of Aluminium. - In textile inclustry to make dues,

UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD OCTOBER - NOVEMBER, 2020 Page 5 Candidate's Name Do not write in this margin Random No. MANUFACTURE OF DXYGTEN => Kaw materials of Air of (Atmospheric air) Process of production Atmospheric air iz pumped into phant and the process involves the following stages. 1 Elfration Atmosphere air is filtered vering air filters to remove dust particles @ Drying. Air is cooled until the water vapour condenses. It is passed through a bod of cilica gel. This is to remove water vapour. 3 Removal of Pollutant. The remaining air components are passed through beds of charcoal to remove air pollutants (NO2, SO2, CO, etc) (4) Removal of Corbon dioxide It is then passed through concentrated bothesium by droude solution to remove carbon duoxide gar. Asír is repeatitively compressed at high pressure of societies and allowetto at -200's to firm liquid air. Ed The liquid air is pumped into practionating column where nitrogen at with lowest boiling point (-1960) meteral and later on warming Drygen is collected at -1832 - Noise pollution from compressors - Ese of - Cold burning of oxygen whinders appropri

Social benefits; — For ox — For breathing by sea divers, automates

→ Employment — salary - timpowo — Manufacture of steel.

→ Goult revenue - Improved in frastruraire.

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	MANUFACTURE OF FERTILIZERS:	
	MINIOTI NO TRUBE	-
	A. AMMONIUM FORTH 17 FRS Ammonium nitrate	-
	Ammonium sulphata Ammonium Phosphate	
		1
	Colerum Ammorium Nitrate (CA)	\ <u>\</u>
\Rightarrow	Raw materials; Nitrogen gas, Hydrogen gas.	
- N	Dan 2 - Va	
7	Process of production.	
	Nitrogen from fractoral distillation of liquid our is reacted with but	
	from natural gas in a ratio of 1:3 verportively to form among	
-	by Haber process. The regetion requires low tempositure (45	6-36J
	, high precione (200 atm) and finely divided Iron Catalyst	
(EP N2 (9) + 3H2 (9) (3) 2NH3 (9)	
	Ammonia produced is heated in air (exygen) in presence of platinger	
	catalyer forming nitrogen monoxide and water. All there in a from	
6	4NH2 (g) + 502 (g) -> 4NO(g) + 6H2O U	
9	Nitrogen monoxide TZ further existed to entrogen dioxide	
	NOIgo + 202 go NOzgo	-
	Nutrogen dioxide is dissolved in water in presence of oxygen, of	The same
	forming nutric acrd.	-
	Urea; Obtained by reacting ammonia gos with Earlier drawle of he	h
	NH3 4) +CO2 4) ->H2NCONH2 (49) + H2O(6)	an che
	Ammonium Nihoto, By reacting rithe acid with ammoning gas	
	NH3 (3) + HNO3 (2) -> MH4NO3 (2)	
	Ammonium Suphale; NH3 (5) + H2 SOLU -> (NH4) SOLUTION	
T	he fertilizers are further concentrated and converted to solid for	1-

not te his gln	UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD OCTOBER - NOVEMBER, 2020 Page 7 Candidate's Name Signature Subject	Do not write in this margin
	Side effects. + Mitigation: - Runoff into water bodies promoting algae growth thus oxygen sup - some when dissolved in water form aerdic solution that after soil pt hence tow Crop production. Social benefits.	
	- Source of employment as residents got solaries hence improved a - High levels of nutrients supplied by for to improved crop produ hence botter strudged a - Some when dissolved in water form acredic solutions that alter soil ptt. 1000 crop pro	-0 112 0

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	UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD OCTOBER - NOVEMBER, 2020 Page 5	UCE
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	MANUFACTURE OF SULPHURIC ACID	
	Raw materials; - Sulphyr dioxide gas Dxygen gas.	
=	Process of production;	
	Dry Sulphur dioxide free from impurities is heated with exygen gas at temperature (of about 450-500°C);	dry pur
	high prescure (of about 1-3 atmospheres) in proof variadium (v) exide Catalyst to form sulphur. The reaction occurs in a Combustion cylinder. (250, 9) + 0, 9) = 250, 9)	eserce
(P) Sulphur trioxide is received in the little concentrate sulphuric acid forming Dleum. (H250+4) + 5039) -> H252071)	ed)
	Oleum is added to moderated amounts of water forming 98% concentrated sulphunz act (H2S2D2 W + H2DU -> 2H2SQ+	aled 2. 4.
	Side effects and mitigation. — Toxic misty fumes from oleum & which when in may cause breathing problems and many side effects.	

- Acid spills on the floor Surfaces leading to accident

- Employment = scalaries = improved standards of living

-used in Car battories as electrolite - --

= Social bone fitt

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Page 2 Candidate's Name ... Random No. Subject Paper code/..... Personal Number MANUFACTURE OF CEMENT. Raw materials; Limestone, clay, gypsum. Process of production; A mixture of Limestone and clay is cryshed and milled into a fine powder. The fine powder is then mixed with water and allowed to flow down a rotating drum (wlinder) in which it is strongly heated to about 1500°C. imestone decomposes to calaum oxide and carbon dioxide (CaCO3(5) -> CaO 5) + CO2(9) (CP) Calcium oxide reacts with aluminium oxide and surcon dioxide in Clay form Lumps of Calcium aluminate and Calcium sulicate The humps are enished to form terment as a fine powder Gypsum is added during the grinding process to moderate the reaction between coment and water (setting of coment) Cement is packed in bags ready for use. Side effects and mitigation - Dust, noise during crushing - Por zonous fumes during crushing propriate PPE's - Falling objects - Hot Surface burns Slips and falls during lifting, overloading - Social benefits. - Employment opportunity to residents to improve their standed - Revenue to government of Uganda to increase of living.

3	UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD OCTOBER - NOVEMBER, 2020 Page 3
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	Subject
	MANUFACTURE OF ETHANOL
=	Rew materials; - Starch containing material eg Maize, Cassiva, swed muliet, sorghum. Toketo
1	- Malt, Yeast.
=	Process of production.
	The starch containing material is crushed and roasted (heated) to
	The Starch containing material is crushed and voasted (heated) to extract starch. Malt is then added to starch in a container
	and it is then covered. Malt contains an enzymez diastase
(m)	that catalyces hydrolycus of starch to maltose.
(CP)	Yeast is then added to maltose after about Bdays at
	room temperature. Maltase in yeast catalyses the hydrolysis of
	of maltose to alucose
	Ed Zymase enzyme in yeast catalyces the decomposition of
	glucose to ethanol and carbon accounted
	Crude ethanol is converted to pure ethanol by
	fractional distillation (Pr)
	Side affects and militation
	- Side effects and mutigation - Ethanol Spills on surface leading to falls and accretions rate - Hot surface burns during plistillation - Appropriate
-	- Hat surface burns during distribution - Appropri
-	(Add more points)
_	Social benefits:
	- Employment apportunity, calany hier Ce Improved Standards of
	- Ethanol is used as a fuel in motor engines 1.
	- As a solvent for some paints build the point
	- Manufacture of drugs) from there.
-	- Manufacture of perfumes

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		and the
	MANUFACTIO	
(1)	MANUFACTURE OF DETERGENTS	
(A)	NON-SOAPY SOAPIES	
	NON-SOAPH SOAPHESS DETERGENTS.	
	from an alcoholo	
	Kaw materials of his	
	Duodecan 1-01 Com	1.1
	Process of production; Duode can -1-01, Concerto Supris	ika_
	Process of production: 1 Sodium hydroxide solution.	गट वटाव
	Duode con 1 of :	
	Duode can-1-of is reacted with cold concentrated sulph which is reacted with cold concentrated sulph	
	in a plastic container concentrated sulph	unc
- 1		
	Some additives such as whitening agents hid as	nate
	actingent. This mixture can be added to !!	
	Some additives sind	liquidfice
	fragrance (1)	delogas-
	Some additives such as whotening agents, biological a process.	Bruss
	The training the	Q
	- Acid spills on surfaces	
	- Acid spills on surfaces	
	- P. Surfaces	
	- Burns from acids When in Contract with skin.	
	Social benefits.	
	-D	-
	- Production of cleaning agents that one can use to clean surface to improve on hygiena hance improved health living. - Employment = Salaries = Improved standard selections.	
	to improve on hygiena hours imment to clear things	CeS
	Employment = Salarie - The my wed health living.	
(4)	- Employment = salaries = Improved standards of living.	
(8)	STOAPY DETERGENTS	
	- P Take them through Saponification.	
	In subonitization.	,

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	Subject	
	MANUFACTURE OF BIO-GAS.	
-4	Raw materials; Organic waste, Water.	
	Process of production)
	Animal or plant (organiz) wastes are put in a centar and mixed with some little water.	iner
	and mixed with some little water	
	To a triver is contract to present accept exidet	lon.
CP	The container is covered to prevent aerial oxidate. The container and contents are maintained at a temp	atro
	between 25-30c-	
	Angent 7 Marters boarden the arrang m	Hos
(cd	Anaerobic bacteria breakdown the organic m	TIME
0	to finally methane, ammonia, hydrogen sulphida, carbon dioxide and number gases.	
	Carison acon care and 10,10 gen gasts.	
=	Side effects and mitigation	
	coali	P of
	fire outbreaks during leakages on ages - by &	pes.
	- Do commus filmes in case of any lookages on pipes N	pintern
	Don't lice tap	g claster
	R DOE!	
	Side effects and mitigation Fire outbreaks during leakages on pipes by sealing Poisonous fumes in case of any leakages on pipes M Proper use top Of PPE's	
	- Biggas is used for Cooking and lighting since it	1
TIM	- Bio-slury is used as in organic feefulier an	A
	- Stored Color of Control of the destination	lanno
	animal feeds to mereace formers form production better standards	ruixe
) ''	Phin

(1)

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	To so the result of the result	
	EXTRACTION OF IRON	
4	Raw materials; Ore (Haematite), Limestone, Cake.	
	mountains, ore (mematile), Linestone, Coke.	
1	0	
-7	Process of production;	
	The raw materials, ie haematite, limestone and coke are fe	0
	into a blast firmace.	d
e-How C	Stands Out Alvange.	
Part	Stage 1; Oxidation of Coke. (oxidises) Hot air from the bottom reacts with Coxe forming Carlos GRE (C & + Oxidises)	
4/11/11	tot air from the bottom reacts with core frame Cade	n dioxu
	Strape? (C & + O2 (g) -> CO2 (g))	
middle	Stage 2' Reduction of Code of 12	
part 1	Carbon dioxide pos con alloxide	
of funde	(C 5) + CO COSE forming Carbon.	monor de
	Strage 2; Reduction of Carbon dioxide Carbon dioxide reacts with excess coke forming carbon. (C & + CO2 (g) -> 2CO (g)) Cop	
	Stape 3. feduction of Tron(III) oxide (the matite) Carbon monoxide reduces havematite to motten iron and carbon (3 C.O.g.) + Fe.D. (5) - 2Fe 1 (50)	
(cd)	of ron(III) Oxide (the matite)	
	(200	0
	(3CO(g) + Fe ₂ O ₃ (s) - 12Fe (1 + 1CO ₂ (g))	dute
	0	
	Kole of Lime Hone	
	Calcium Cadavita la contra de	
	Calcium Carbonate decomposes to Calcium oxide and Carbon de	ichide
	in the californ diplied and al	
	impunted forming calaum edicate and calaum aluminate to	Ottobe
	are tapped off.	al_
6	Purification, P. I.	
11/	twill salow lare bean (Mought 10m) It offering for Dece	, -
- 17	through motter from to remove non make	417
	Purification; Pure Iron (wrought ion) is obtained by facsing through motter iron to remove non-metal impunite	2-
=	Side effects + Mits to	
4	- Proper Use of PIE	,
-4	Side effects + Mitigation - Poisonous fumes - Proper Use of PPE - Too much heat from fumance to worke	E
A	Too much heat from the to	
	chemical Shilk, campile to worke	a.

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	OF COPPER.	
	EXTRACTION OF COPPER.	7-
	(to)	
=	Kaw materials; Ore (Copper pyrus)	1
	Raw materials; Ore (copper pyrites) Silican dioxide	- T
	Poducton mossi.	
1	1 Concentrating the overby froth flotation.	
	The one is cryshed and mixed with water containing a frothi	ne acent
	the one is cryshed and institute the state of the state o	9 5
	Such as palm oil in a container tir is blown in the much	10
	agostate as one particles go to the surface, while impuritie	SANK
	down with water. The froth is eximmed off and dute a	uphene
1	acid is added to break the forth. The froth is filtered off or	Sant C
	100000000	
	The dred one is roased in air in a furnace to form	_
	(Copper (I) Sulphate, from (II) Oxide and Sulphur dioxides	¥)
_(ca)	(2 CuFeSz (s) + O2 (g) -> CuzS (s) + 2 FeO(s) + 35	029
_Silicon,	(3) Smelting out assence of air all in a fine above resultant mixture in assence of oxid all in an	u/nacc
+	tempre (roncii) oxide	
-	The copper(I) sulphide is heated in controlled amount of air	- 15
4=	form Impure copper.	Liex -
4.	Purification, "Impure Copper is purified by electrolysis Produce copper as anothe and pure copper a Using acrdified Copper(II) sulphite solution ele	ريان
	(P) I impare copper as another and pure copper a	GILDE
-	[wing actalities copper(II) surprise solution el	Cholyte
1	ide effects and mutigation. Skie fumes from production process can lead to sufficiently such such and	Janes .
-70	KIE trimes from production process can lead to sufficiently and	death
/-	supplier troxide produced as a by-product reacts with wa	fer former
/	crais tains that affect walls of houses	1
	supplier strokede produced as a by-product reach with warder take that affect walls of houses	ingright to

Side effects and mutigation

- Pollution from poisonous fumes - Proper use of Poper use of

- Burns caused by contact with not surfaces of of Proper pper

- Social benefits. Themical spills

- Employment opportunities to residents hence improved standards

- Source of revenue to government hence improved influencement