Candidate's Name:	•••••	• • • • •	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • • •
Signature:	Ran	dom	No.				Perso	onal l	No.

(Do not write your School Name or Number anywhere on this booklet.)

535/1 PHYSICS Paper 1 Jul. / Aug. 2023 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> hours



# WAKISO-KAMPALA TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION (WAKATA) WAKATA MOCK EXAMINATIONS 2023

## **Uganda Certificate of Education**

**PHYSICS** 

### Paper 1

2 hours 15 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

Section A contains 40 objective type questions. You are required to write the correct answer A, B, C or D in blue or black ink against each question in the box at the right hand side.

Section **B** contains **10** structured questions. Answers are to be written in the spaces provided on this question paper.

Mathematical tables and silent non-programmable calculators may be used.

Acceleration due to gravity,  $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ .

Specific heat capacity of water =  $4200Jkg^{-1}K^{-1}$ 

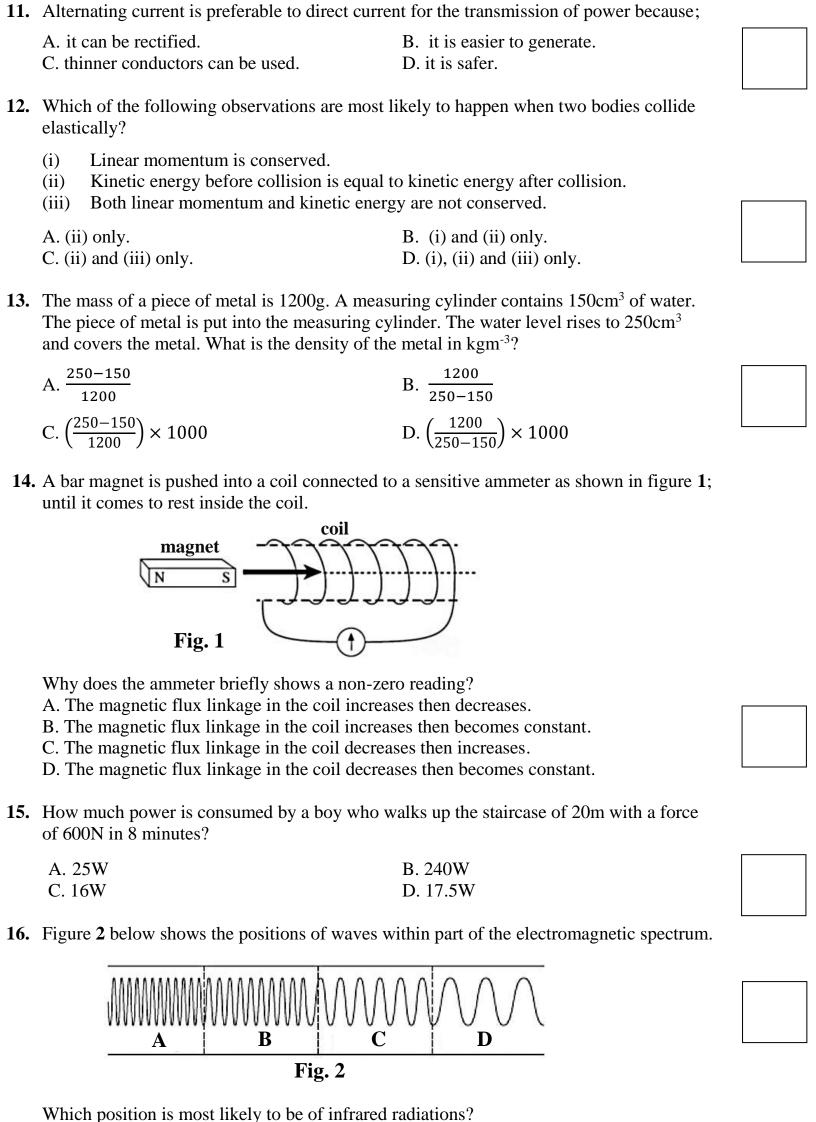
# For Examiners' use only

Q.41	Q.42	Q.43	Q.44	Q.45	Q.46	Q.47	Q.48	Q.49	Q.50	MCQ	Total

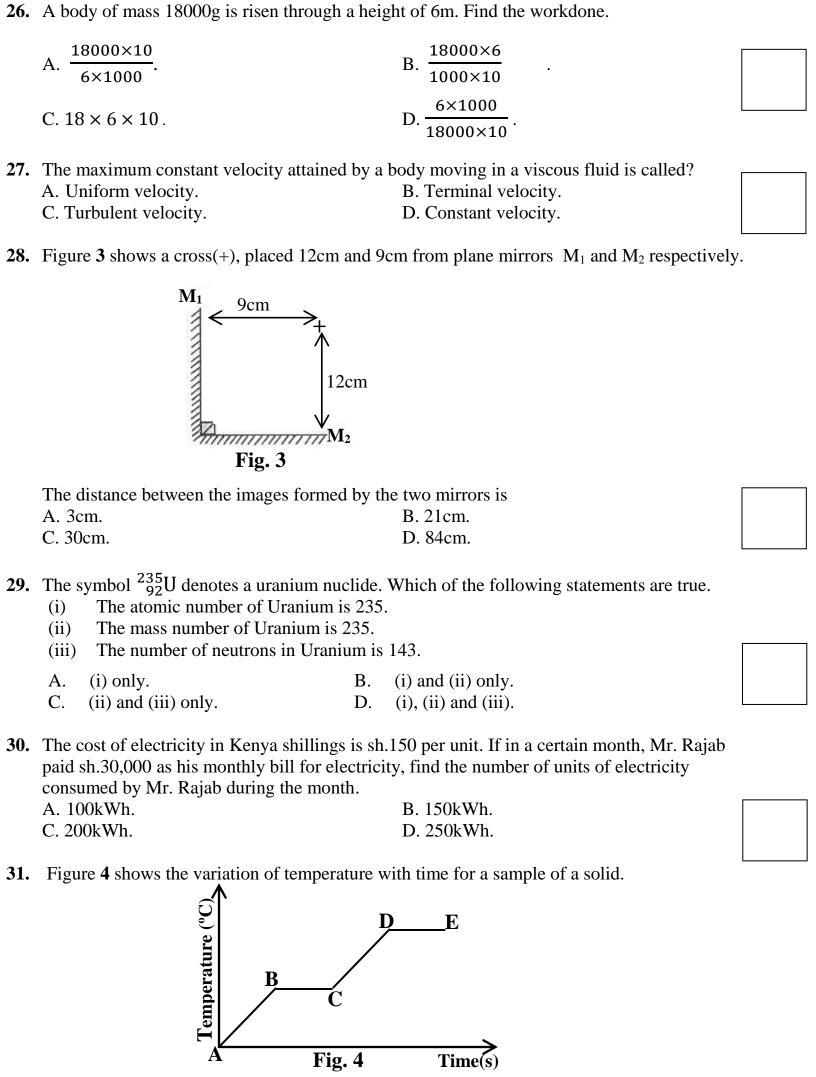
## SECTION A (40 MARKS)

Answer **all** the questions in this section

1.	A hydraulic brake works on the principle of A. transmission of pressure in a liquid. B. existence of viscosity in a liquid. C. distribution of force in a liquid. D. high density of a liquid.		
2.	Which <b>one</b> of the following is a derived unit? A. second. C. mole.	B. metre. D. newton.	
3.	When the nucleus of a radioactive atom emits a A. remains the same. C. decreases by two.	n Alpha particle, the atomic number; B. decreases by four. D. increases by one.	
4.	Which <b>one</b> of the following is <b>not</b> true about hat A. Have high penetrating power.  C. Have long wave length.	ard X–rays?  B. Have short wave length.  D. Have high frequency.	
5.	What happens to resistance of a conductor when A. increases. C. remains constant.	n its temperature is raised?  B. decreases.  D. increase and then decrease.	
6.	Notches and cracks spread more rapidly when a A. stress. C. tension.	B. compression. D. strain.	
7.	A galvanometer reads 0.05A at full scale deflection Calculate the resistance that should be connected voltmeter which reads 15V at full scale deflections.	ed in series with it to convert it to a	
	A. 10 Ω. C. 280 Ω.	B. 980 Ω. D. 298 Ω.	
8.	A bus carrying a heavy load on its rack is more A. its centre of gravity is raised. B. its total weight is increased. C. the friction on the ground is increased. D. the pressure on the tyres is increased.	un-stable when moving because	
9.	A radiactive nuclide has a half–life of 2 days. A What was the initial mass of a radioactive subst A. 64g. C. 128g.	, , , ,	
10	Which of the following is best when shaving?		
10.	A. convex mirror.	B. convex lens.	
	C. concave mirror.	D. plane mirror.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



17.	A particle moves from A to B with a velocity of a velocity of 30ms <sup>-1</sup> . Find the average velocity		
	A. 24 ms <sup>-1</sup> .	B. 25 ms <sup>-1</sup> .	
	C. Zero	D. 20 ms <sup>-1</sup> .	
18.	Local action in a battery is indicated by  (i) excessive gassing under load conditions.  (ii) excessive drop in the density of electroly  (iii) impurities present in zinc rod.		
	A. (iii) only. C. (ii) and (iii) only.	B. (i) and (ii) only. D. (i), (ii) and (iii).	
19.	A transverse wave has an amplitude of 2.4m. Verbetween the top of a crest and the bottom of a tale. 1.2.		
	C. 2.4.	D. 3.6.	
20.	Which of the following statements is false? Th	e pressure at a given depth in a fluid	
	<ul><li>A. is equal in all directions.</li><li>B. is independent of the shape of the container.</li></ul>		
	C. acts at right angles to the surface containing		
	D. depends on the area of the surface.		
21.	A power of 100W is supplied to an electric mo	ntor to operate a nump which raises	
	0.9kg of water through 10m every second. What	<u> </u>	
	A. 90%.	B. 100%.	
	C. 80%.	D. 50%.	
22.	A bullet of mass 0.006kg travelling at 120ms <sup>-1</sup> and is brought to rest in 0.01s. Calculate the di	stance of penetration into the target.	
	A. $6 \times 10^{-1}$ m. C. $6 \times 10^{0}$ m.	B. $1.2 \times 10^3$ m. D. $1.2 \times 10^0$ m.	
	C. 6 × 10° m.	D. 1.2 × 10° m.	
23.	When converting a galvanometer into an amme	eter,	
	A. a shunt is connected in series with the galva		
	B. a multiplier is connected in series with galva. C. a shut is connected in parallel with the galva.		
	D. a multiplier is connected in parallel with the		
24	An object 9mm tall is placed 12cm infront of a	convex lens. A real image of the object	
	18mm tall is produced by the lens. Calculate the	•	
	A. 30cm.	B. 27cm.	
	C. 24cm.	D. 21cm.	
25	Which <b>one</b> of the following radiations is emitted	ed by hot bodies?	
	A. Visible light.		
	B. Gamma radiations.		
	<ul><li>C. X – rays.</li><li>D. Black body radiations.</li></ul>		
	D. Diack body fadiations.		
		4	



Which of the following best explains what is happening along **BC**?

A. The temperature of the so	lid is r	ising.		
B. The solid is changing to li	quid a	t constant temperature.		
C. The temperature of the for	-	-		
D. The liquid is condensing a		-		
z. me nquie is concensing c		30.		
The ciliary muscles of the huma	an eve	relax when viewing.		
<u> </u>	-	objects in dim light.		
B. distant objects.		objects in drift light.		
B. distant objects.	D.	objects in origin light.		
Which of the following best de	aga <b>rib</b> a	os a diagal angina?		
Which of the following best do		•		
A. Injector, no spark plug, high	_	•		
B. Injector, spark plug, lower		•		
C. Carburettor, spark plug, lo		•		
D. Carburettor, no spark plug	, highe	er efficiency.		
	_			
Which of the following devices	_			
A. Thermopile. B. Immer	rsion h	eater C. Photo cell.	D. Nuclear reactor.	
	_			
A fuse in electrical appliances r		-	ries with;	
A. a neutral wire.	В.	an earth wire.		
C. a live wire.	D.	a lightening conductor.		
The drying action of towels bas	es on;			
A. Surface tension.	В.	Capillary.		
C. Diffusion.	D.	Brownian motion.		
A radio-active nuclide which d	ecays 1	by emitting a beta particle	e gives rise to a stable nuclide;	
(i) with the same mass number	oer as t	the radio—active nuclide.		
(ii) with the same atomic nur	mber a	s the radio–active nuclide	<del>2</del> .	
(iii) with an atomic number w	hich e	exceeds that of the parent	nuclide by one.	
		•	•	
A. only (i) B. only (i) and	(iii)	C. only (i) and (ii)	D. only (iii)	
<i>y</i> ( <i>y</i> = 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 ( - <i>y</i> )	` /		√ ·/	
Figure 5 shows a method of ma	gnetisi	ing a steel rod. <b>PO</b> using	the divided touch method.	
	0			
, A -		1.1	/ \ \ \\	

38.

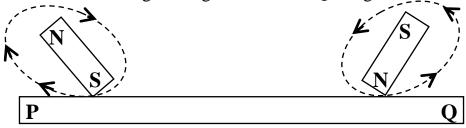


Fig. 5

The polarities near the ends  ${\bf P}$  and  ${\bf Q}$  will be;

**32.** 

33.

**34.** 

**35.** 

**36.** 

**37.** 

	Polarity of <b>P</b>	Polarity of <b>Q</b>
A.	N – pole	S – pole
В.	S – pole	N – pole
C.	N – pole	N – pole
D.	S – pole	S – pole

17.	para	llel forces?	5 / ai	re obeyed by a body in equinorium unde	a set	O1 
	(i) (ii)	obeys the principle of moments balances at its centre of gravity				
	(iii)	sum of forces to one side is equal to	) the	sum of forces to the opposite side.		
	A.	(i) and (iii) only	B.	(ii) and (iii) only		
	C.	(i) and (ii) only	D.	(i), (ii) and (iii) only		
<b>10.</b>	Som A. B. C. D.	e machines operate at a mechanical di one applies an effort bigger than the such machines have a mechanical ac one applies a small effort to overcon such machines provide a very low s	e loa dvar me a	nd. ntage greater than 1. n bigger load.		
		SECT	'IOI'	N B (40 MARKS)		
				e spaces provided		
1.	(a)	State the law of <b>floatation</b> ?			(01 mc	ark)
			. <b></b>			
	(b)	State <b>two</b> applications of the law of		tation.	(02 mc	
	· /			,,	,	· ·
		(ii)				
	(c)	Why does an object in water need a b	ouoy	vant force?	(01 mc	ark)
10					(01	······
12.	(a)	What is <b>pressure?</b>			(01 mc	ark)
	<b>4</b>					
	(b)	How does the pressure exerted by a	ı soli	id differ from that exerted by a fluid?	(02 mc	arks)
			• • • • •			
	(c)	The pressure of water on the ground Find the height of the first floor.	i flo	or is 40,000 Pa and on the first floor is 1	0,000 l	
			. <b></b> .			
			. <b></b> .			
13.	(a)	What is meant by <b>critical angle</b> for	ligh	nt moving from <b>one</b> medium to another?	(01m	ark)
	(b)	Why does the sun appear red at sun	set a	and at sunrise?	(02 mc	arks)
			. <b></b> .			• • • • • •

	(c)	Name <b>one</b> medical instrument that utilizes total internal reflection.	(01 mark)
14.	(a)	What is <b>evaporation?</b>	(01 mark)
	(b)	Explain why spirit poured on a hand makes the hand feel cool.	(02 marks)
	(c)	Give <b>one</b> application of cooling produced by evaporation.	(01 mark)
15.	(a)	What are longitudinal waves?	(01 mark)
	(b)	Figure 6 shows plane waves sent out by a ripple tank vibrator.  Vibrator  Vibrator	
		Fig. 6  Explain why the water waves have higher speed and a longer wave length in CD than when in section BC.	section <b>AB</b> and (02 marks)
	(c)	Give <b>one</b> example which shows that the speed of a wave depends on the med travels.	lium in which it (01 mark)
46.	(a)	(i) Why is electric power first stepped up before transmission?	(01 mark)
		(ii) State <b>one</b> disadvantage of electric transmission at high voltages.	(01 mark)

	(b)	for 2 hours every day for 30 days at a cost of UGX. 650 per unit.	(02 marks)
7.	(a)	What is a <b>girder</b> ?	(01 mark)
	(b)	Figure <b>7</b> shows a structure with different girders.	
		R W W Fig. 7	
		Identify the girder under tension and under compression.	(02 marks)
		under tension	
		under compression.	
	(c)	Why are triangular shapes commonly used in structure designs?	(01 mark)
8.	(a)	What is a <b>transformer</b> ?	(01 mark)
	(b)	A transformer has 800 turns in its primary coil and 3200 in its secondary coit to an alternating voltage of 240V, what is the output voltage?	

49. (	(a)	State the <b>domain theory</b> of magnetism.	(01 mark)
(	(b)	Explain why a magnet left alone for long weakens.	(02 marks)
(	(c)	Sketch the magnetic field pattern due to a straight conductor carrying current of a paper.	out of the plane (02 marks)
50. (	(a)	What is a radioactive nuclide?	(01 mark)
,	(1. )		
(	(b)	List <b>two</b> dangers that may arise when someone is exposed to radioactive mat	
(	(b)		erials. (02 marks)
(	(b) (c)	List <b>two</b> dangers that may arise when someone is exposed to radioactive mat	erials. (02 marks)
(		List <b>two</b> dangers that may arise when someone is exposed to radioactive mat  (i)	erials. (02 marks)
(		List <b>two</b> dangers that may arise when someone is exposed to radioactive mat  (i)	erials. (02 marks)
(		List <b>two</b> dangers that may arise when someone is exposed to radioactive mat (i)	erials. (02 marks)  (01 mark)

**END**