Name	
AVE MARIA SECONDARY SCHOOL KABUJOGERA S.3 CHEMISTR	Υ

(MOLE CONCEPT)

1. Weed master is a common herbicide used to kill weeds in Uganda. Its chemical (I.U.P.A.C) name is (3,6 -dichloro -2- methoxy benzoic acid; 2-(2,4 -dichlorophenoxy) acetic acid; N-methylmethanamine). Weed master consists of 45.1% carbon, 4.88% Hydrogen, 26.7% chlorine, 5.3% nitrogen, and 18.05% Oxygen.

(a) Determine the;

- (i) Empirical formula of weed master. (C=12, H=1, Cl =35.5, O= 16, N=14)
- (ii) Molar mass of weed master. (Vapour density=266)
- (iii) Molecular formula of weed master
- (b) The concentrated solution of weed master packed in a one litre bottle is 20Moles per litre of solution. If the mixing ratio of weed master to volume of water is 120cm³ to 20litres of water to make spray solution. Determine the number of;
- (i) Mole used to make up 20litres of spray solution.
- (ii) Grams used to make up 15litres of spray solution.
- (iii) Molecules of weed master in 50cm^3 of concentrated solution. (From Avogadro's principle, Imole of a substance contains 6.02×10^{23} particles).
- (c) If 20litres of spray solution can be used to pray an area of 25 yards squared. **Determine the**:
- (i) Volume of weed master (bottled) required for spraying an area of 8000 square yards.
- (ii) Number of bottles required by the farmer to spray area of 8000 square yards.
- (iii) Number of moles of weed master in the bottles in c(i) above.
- (iv) Number of grams of weed master in the bottles in c(ii) above.

END

By Mulangira S-J-Kimera