SOLUTIONS	0011		
b) 2(1 + b) = 34cm	COMMENT	SOLUTIONS	COMMENT
2(y + 4cm + y - 1cm) = 34cm M1 2y + 8cm + 2y - 2cm = 34cm		SECTION A (40Marks)	SECTION B (60Marks)
2y + 8cm + 2y - 2cm = 34cm M1	M1 for formation	Each question 2marks	21 - 05
4y + 6cm - 6cm = 34cm - 6cm 4y = 28cm	of correct equation		22 - 06
4 4	Al for 7cm		23 - 05
y = 7cm	Follow through the working		24 - 05
$30a) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{8} M1$	M1 For correct		25 - 06
= 3-3	working/		26 - 04
4 8	method		27 - 05
= <u>6 - 3</u> 8			28 - 05
= <u>3</u> 8 A1	A1 for 3		29 - 05
	8		30 - 05
b) (0.45 + 0.55) + (0.8 - 0.3) = 1.00 + 0.5	E-941		31 - 04
= <u>1</u> + <u>5</u>	<b>B1</b> for 1.00		32 - 05
1 10 = 1 x <del>10</del> <sup>2</sup>	B1 for 0.5		Total 60
1 51			
= 2 B1	BI for 2	7 19 19	
31a) 1litre = 1000cm <sup>3</sup> S <sup>3</sup> = Volume			
3 S <sup>3</sup> = 3 1000cm <sup>3</sup>	M1 For correct working		
S = 2   1000	working		
2 500			
5 125 M1			
5 125 M1 5 25 5 5			
1			
$S = 2^3 \times 5^3$ = 2 x 5			
= 2 x 5 = 10cm A1	416-10-		
Andrews of the Parket Control of the Parket	A1 for 10cm M1 For correct		
= 6 x 10 x 10 M1	method		
= 600cm <sup>3</sup> A1	A1 for 600cm <sup>2</sup>		
promise the same to the same t			
Sı	- 11		
22   344   1250			
Scale: 1cm : 4meters 1cm x 246m = 6cm			
4m			
1cm x 328 = 8cm 4m			
forsion			
1/			
1/4 17			
-4 -4			
shortest distance MH to P.7 = 10cm			

SOLUTIONS	COMMENT	SOLUTIONS	COMMENT
n (M) = 33 + 8 = 41 BI	<b>B1</b> For 41		B1 For drawing
22. 24.009 = 2.4009 x 10 <sup>1</sup> B2 a. OR 24. 009 = 2.4009 X 101	<b>B2</b> For 2.4009x10 <sup>1</sup>	Small . Small Strang	circle graph
b. 1 1two	M1 for correct multiplication A1For 1001 <sub>two</sub>	26. 1hr = 60min	<b>B1</b> For 3.5cm
c. $5^{3}$ $5^{2}$ $5^{2}$ $5^{0}$ $1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 1_{five} = 1 \ 2 \ 0 \ 1$ $2x5x5 = 50_{ten}$ $50ten = \frac{5 \   50 \   0}{5 \   10 \   0}$	M1For correct method	1½ hr = 3 x 60 <sup>30</sup> min = 90min B1 90min - 55min = 35min B1 The man waited for 35minutes.	<b>B1</b> For 90min <b>B1</b> For 35min
Value = 200 <sub>five</sub> 23a) <u>1</u> x 800 = <u>200</u> children <i>B1</i> 4  800 - 200 = 600Adults	A1 For 200 <sub>five</sub> B1 For 200 children	b) D = 80km T = 40min S = 80km + $\left[\frac{40}{60}\right]$ hr 80 <sup>20</sup> x 60	M1 for correct method
2 x 600 = 400 women 3 600 - 400 = 200men B1	B1 for 400 women	27a) \$ 1 — Sh. 3600 ? — sh. 72000	A1 For 120km/h
a) 3 x 200 <sup>40</sup> 5 <sub>1</sub> = 120boys B1 200 - 120 = 80girls B1	B1 For 120boys B1 For 80girls	\$ 1 x <del>72000</del> 2 <del>3600</del> 1 = \$ 20 A1	M1 For correct method A1 For = \$ 20
b) 80 x 100% 400 = 20% BI 24a) -4 - (-7) = -3	B1 For -4 B1 For ++7	b) 0.25kg shs. 1250 2.5kg = 2.5 x 1250 0.25 = 25 + 25 x 1250 M2 10 100 = 25 x 100 x 1250 10 251 = sh. 12500 A1	M2 For the method
er.	<b>B1</b> For +3	28.a) 1 ext < Sum of 2. opp. int. <s -="" or="" versa<br="" vice="">k + 5° + 2k + 25° = 4k + 20° M1 3k + 30 = 4k + 20° 3k - 4k = 20° - 30° M1 -k = -10° -k -10° A1</s>	M1 for formation of an equation M1 for collecting like terms A1 For 100
b) 4 x 3 B2  25. Total expenditure: sh. 4500	B2 For correct statement	b) < RPT = (K+5°) + (2K + 25°) M1 = (10° +5°) + (2x10° + (25°) = 15° + 450 = 60° A1	M1 for correct substitution A1 For 60°
sh. 7500 + sh. 6000 sh. 18000 B Change to degrees Pocket money: 4500 <sup>5</sup> x 360 <sup>18</sup> 18000 = 90° BI Breakfast: 7500 x 360° 18000 = 150° BI Lunch: 6000 x 360° 18000 = 120° BI	B1For 90°  B1For 150°  B1For 1200	29a) C = \( \pi \) diameter \( \frac{4.4 \text{km}}{70 \text{cm}} \) = \( \frac{22 \text{ x 70}^{10}}{7_1} \) = \( \frac{220 \text{cm}}{4} \) 1 km = \( 100,000 \text{cm} \) 4.4 km = \( \frac{44}{4} \text{ x 100,000 \text{cm}} \) = \( \frac{440,000 \text{cm}}{440,000 \text{ x 1 rev}} \) 1 rev = \( 220 \text{cm} \) 440,000 cm = \( 440,000 \text{ x 1 rev} \) 220 = \( 2000 \text{rev} \)	B1 For 220cm  B1 For 440,000cm

NCCA

SECTION A (40marks)		SOLUTIONS	COMMENT	
SOLUTIONS SOLUTIONS	COMMENT	12. First 30 words = sh. 20,000	BI For	
1. $6+3=2 \text{ or } 3 \text{ or } 2)6$ $2 \times 3 = -6$	<b>B2</b> For 6	Extra words (45 - 30) Sh. 1000 x 15 = + sh. 15000 B1 sh. 35000 B1	sh.15000 B1 For sh. 35000 Follow thru'	
2. (PnQ) <sup>1</sup>	B2 For correct shaded Venn diagram	13. 1m = 100cm 1m <sup>2</sup> = 100cm x 100cm = 10000cm <sup>2</sup> 1m <sup>2</sup> = 10000cm <sup>2</sup>	M1 For correct working	
3. (81 - 11) + 7 M1 70 + 7 10 A1	M1 For the method (Distributive	0.04m2 = <u>4</u> x 100 <del>00</del> cm <sup>2</sup> M1 1 <del>00</del> = 400cm2 A1	<b>A1</b> For 400cm <sup>2</sup>	
	property) A1 for 10	14. k <sup>2</sup> + 2k <sup>2</sup> - 3k + 3k M1	M1 For	
4. Two thousand twenty three. B2	B2 For correct answer only.	3k² A1	correction of like terms A1 for 3k2	
5. 2*2, 4*3, 7*5, 12*7, 19*11, 30 AI  OR 2 + 2 = 4  4 + 3 = 7 MI  7 + 5 = 12	MI For correct method / working	15. i) No. of subsets = 2 <sup>n</sup> where n is no = 23 of elements) = 2 x 2 x 2 = 8	M1 for working or listing	
12 + 7 = 19 19 + 11 = 30 A1	A1 For 30	ii) Listing:( ), (c,o,w), (c), (o), (w), (c,o) (c,w), (o,w) 8subsets	A1 for 8	
6. 3 - 2m < 7 3 - 3 - 2m < 7 - 3 M1 -2m > 4	M1 For correct method	16. CIV 100 + 4 104 B2	<b>B2</b> For104	
-2 -2 m > -2 A1	<b>A1</b> For M > -2	17. LCM = 2 <sup>2</sup> x 3 <sup>2</sup> x 5 = 2 x 2 x 3 x 3 x 5	M1 For correct method	
7. 0.65 M1 A1 20 13.00 OR 20 13.00 2x6 - 12.00 0.65	M1 For correct working	= 4 x 9 x 5 = 180	<b>A1</b> For 180	
2x0.5 - 1.00 OR 13 x 5 = 65 20 x 5 100 = 0.65	A1 for 0.65 follow thru'	18. B2 1 x 12 <sup>3</sup> 25% = 25 100 = 1	B2 For correct shading of any 3 squares	
85°C + *8 = *3 A1	M1 For -5 + +8 A1 For +3	19.	B2 For correct	
9. No. 2 6 7 8 or 2 6 7 8 Freq. 1 3 2 1 Modal mark = 6 B2	<b>B2</b> For 6		method of constructing 105°	
10. Distance: 1km = 1000m 54km = <u>54</u> x 1000m 1 = 54000m Time: 1hr = 3600sec	M1 For correct	20. A pen costs – sh. (2000 + k)  A book costs – sh. (2000 + k) B2	B2 for the cost of a book OR 1 (2000 + k) 2 OR 1000 + 1k 2	
S= <u>\$4000</u> 15m M1 <del>3600</del> 1sec = 15m/sec A1	working A1 For 15m/sec	21. n (E) = 70 a) n(M)=(P+8) n(E) = 34	<b>B1</b> For (P+8)-8	
11. N 0000 N 0000 1800 + 1000	B2 For 280° Follow through	P+8)-8 8 34-8 B1 26 B1 3	B1 For 8 B1 For 26	
A 100° + 100° 280° A from B = 28	00	b)(P+8)-8+8+26+3 = 70 P + 8 + 29 = 70 P + 37 - 37 = 70 - 37 P = 33 B1	<b>B1</b> For 33	