Name:	Centre/IndexNo
School:	Signature

P515/1
PRINCIPLES
AND PRACTICES
OF AGRICULTURE
PAPER 1
July/August 2018
2 ½ hours



### WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

# Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF AGRICULTURE PAPER 1

#### 2 hours 30 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:**

- This paper consist of sections A and B
- Answer all questions in both sections.
- All answers should be written on this question paper.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY				
Question	Marks	Examiner's No./Initials		
Section A				
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				
36				
37				
TOTAL				

## SECTION A (30 MARKS)

Write the letter corresponding to the most correct answer in the box on the right hand side for each question.

1.	Whi A.	Soil minerals				
	В.	Depth of soil				
	C.	Presence of organic matter				
	D.	Number of cultivations				
2.	The	following bacteria may be of importance in maintaining soil nitrogen				
	bala	nce except.				
	A.	Thio bacillus				
	B.	Azotobacter				
	C.	Nitrobacter				
	D.	Nitrosomona's				
3.	The	occurrence of a genetic defect among individuals of an isolated population				
	in a	percentage higher than expected is likely to be a result of				
	A.	natural selection				
	B.	speciation				
	C.	adaptation				
	D.	genetic drift				
4.	A tr	A traditional farming system that involves alternating crops with pasture's on				
	the s	same piece of land is				
	A.	crop rotation				
	B.	strip cropping				
	C.	arable farming				
	D.	ley farming				
5.	Whi	le many fresh water animals posses vacuoles which contract to expel				
	exce	ess water, plants living in fresh water do not have such vacuole's be				
	A.	plant cell wall are impermeable to water.				
	B.	plant cell sap is of much lower concentration than animal's protoplasma.				
	C.	water movements into plants is controlled by their roots.				
	D.	the water potential inside and outside such plant cells is the same.				
6.	Ripe	ening of unripe fruits is facilitated when they are enclosed with ripe one's				
	beca	because.				
	A.	IAA is produced by the ripe fruits to initiate ripening of others.				
	B.	ripe fruits produce ethane which facilitates ripening of others.				
	C.	ripe fruits increases the temperature which encourages ripening.				
	D.	The unripe fruits absorb moisture from ripe fruits which separately				
		speed up ripening.				

7.		ch of the following properties of organic matter contributes eration of soil temperature?	highly to			
	A.	Low bulky density.				
	В.	Dark coloured.				
	В. С.	High cationic exchange capacity.				
	C. D.	Zwitterions effects.				
	υ.	Zwitterions effects.				
8.		- Tertiary Consumer - Secondary Consumer - Primary Consumer - Producer				
	The	most likely mode of nutritional relationship between production	lucers and			
prim	ary					
	cons	umers is				
	A.	mutualistic.				
	B.	symbiotic.				
	C.	parasitic.				
	D.	autotrophic.				
9.	The	use of lime water in determining presence of living organism in	soil is to			
	A.	increase speed of reaction.				
	B.	indicates presence of carbon dioxide.				
	C.	increase permeability of Muslin bag.				
	D.	keep organisms alive.				
10.		Which of the following is true about the environment of Agro-forestry floor				
		r a thick canopy?				
	A.	Wide temperature fluctuation.				
	C.	Thick layer of organic matter.				
	D.	Dense plant growth.				
	Е.	Has heavy soil erosion.				
11.	A rec	cessive allele is that which can express itself only in				
	A.	dominant stage.				
	В.	hetrozygous stage.				
	C.	homozygous state.				
	D.	F1 generation.				
12.	Whic	ch of the following features in a bony fish makes it more efficien	it in			
	swin	nming than cartilaginous fish?				
	A.	Strong bony skeleton.				
	B.	Highly coordinated neuromuscular activity.				
	C.	Swim bladder.				

	D.	Stream lined body.				
13.	The	following are chemical forms of lime except	Turn Over			
	A.	oxide	Turn Over			
	B.	hydroxide				
	C.	carbonate				
	D.	sulphate				
14.	Pren	mature births in cattle are sometimes caused due to insufficient amo	unt of;			
	A.	oxytocin.				
	B.	oestrogen.				
	C.	prolactic.				
	D.	progesterone.				
15.	In w	which one of the following parts does fertilization take place in a bir	d?			
	A.	Fallopian tube.				
	B.	Infundibulum.				
	C.	Shell gland.				
	D.	Isthmus.				
16.	Which of the following factors may not influence the level of supply of					
	agric	cultural products?				
	A.	Level of technology.				
	В.	Level of demand.				
	C.	Government policy.				
	D.	Quality of the product.				
17.	The	following are functions of marketing boards except;				
	A.	giving devidents.				
	В.	offering farm credit.				
	C.	bulb storage.				
	D.	transporting of goods.				
18.	Side	e thrust in an ox-plough can be overcome by the;				
	A.	share.				
	В.	landslide.				
	C.	yoke.				
	D.	furrow wheel.				
19.	Ove	er inflated tractor tyres,				
	A.	reduce both wheel slippage and traction.				
	B.	increase both wheel slippage and traction.				
	C.	reduce traction and increase slippage.				
	D.	reduce slippage and increase traction.				

20.	A.	Urea					
	В.	Ammonium nitrate					
	C.						
	D.	Sulphate of ammonia					
21.	A wl	heel borrow belongs to;					
	A.	first class lever.					
	B.	third class lever.					
	C.	second class lever.					
	D.	wheel and axle.					
22.		When a small change in price of commodity cause a big change in the demand of the commodity, then the demand is said to be  A. inelastic.					
	В.	elastic.					
	C.						
	D.	unitary.					
23.	The A.	The monetary value attached to the farmers own labour and management is A. an explicit cost.					
	B.	an Implicit cost.					
	C.	a variable cost.					
	D.	a marginal cost.					
24.	One of the following is an advantage of diversifying farm production.						
	A.	Reduction in pests and disease attacks.					
	В.	Easy marketing of farm products.					
	C.	More efficient use of farm resources.					
	D.	Increase of yields.					
25.	An a	nimal feed is described as basal if it has a high,					
	A.	protein content.					
	B.	fat content.					
	C.	fibre content.					
	D.	energy content.					
26.	Calc	Calcium demand in cattle is lowest during					
	A.	fattening.					
	B.	early growth.					
	C.	gestation.					
	D.	lactation.					

27.	The	S.1 Unit of power produced by a machine is?	Turn Over				
	A.	Newton per second	1 422 11 0 1 42				
	B.	Joule per second					
	C.	Joule per metre					
	D.	Newton per square metre					
28.	A sc	oil sample was weighed and was 80g. When it was dried in an	n oven its mass				
	beca	ame 60g. What is the percentage composition of water in the	soil?				
	A.	20%					
	B.	25%					
	C.	30%					
	D.	50%					
29.	Whi	ch of the following are products of microbial fermentation in	the rumen?				
	A.	Glucose.					
	B.	Peptones and Peptides.					
	C.	Fatty acids and glyceral.					
	D.	Volatile fatty acids and ammonia.	, <del></del>				
30.	One	One of the following methods of identification would be ideal for a beef herd.					
	A.	Ear notching					
	B.	Ear tattooing					
	C.	Ear tagging					
	D.	Branding					
		SECTION B (70 MARKS)					
		Write your answers in the spaces provided.					
31.	fron	oil sample which weighed 300gm, with a volume of 250cm <sup>3</sup> very the school garden for laboratory analysis. Water was added at 250cm <sup>3</sup> and the total volume of the mixture was 450cm <sup>3</sup> .					
	a)	Work out the Bulk density of the soil sample.	(2 marks)				
	b)	Calculate the particle density of the soil sample.	(2 marks)				
	0)	carearate the particle density of the soft sumple.	(2 mans)				
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				

	c)	Explain factors that influence the bulk density of soils in any locality.		
			(6 marks)	
32.	a)	What do you understand by the term <b>pest resurgence.</b>	(2 marks)	
	b)	State any <b>four</b> factors that may result into pest resurgence.	(4 marks)	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			•••••	
	c)	Give <b>four</b> limitations of using pesticides in pest management.	(4 marks)	
			•••••	
			•••••	
			•••••	
33.	a)	Show how friction can be of great importance in doing farm v		
			(2 marks)	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

	b)	A combine harvester whose speed of travel in the field is ½ kn <b>TurnsOver</b> used to plough 4 acres of land per a day. Calculate the frictional force of
		the 2 hind tyres each of mass 2kg, given the coefficient of friction is 0.3.  (3 marks)
	c)	Briefly explain the factors that reduce the efficiency of a machine.
		(5 marks)
34.	a)	What is drifting of bees as applied in a apiary management. (1 mark)
	b)	Outline the likely causes of bee drifting in the apiary. (4 marks)
	c)	Explain factors that encourage colonization of a new bee hive. (5 marks)

35.	a)	Wha	t is fish cage farming system?	(2 marks)
		•••••		
	b)	Outli	ine factors that influence fish cage farming system.	(4 marks)
		•••••		
		•••••		•••••
		•••••		
	`			1
	c)	Desc	ribe the procedure of carrying out cage farming in fish	(4 marks)
		•••••		
36.	a)	Wha	t is gender as used in agriculture.	(1 mark)
		•••••		
	b)	_	ain how the following factors have retarded women co culture.	ontribution in (4 marks)
		i)	Decision making	( :
		ii)	Resource control	
		iii)	Education	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		iv)	House hold income	•••••

	c)	Suggest ways how women participation in commercial agricultural		
		production can be enhanced in Uganda.	(5 marks)	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
37.	a)	Describe the process of germination of a bean seed.	(6 marks)	
			•••••	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
			•••••	
			•••••	
			•••••	
	b)	Mention four factors that can reduce seed germination effici	ency in the	
		field.	(4 marks)	

**END**