

Candidates Name:

Signature:.....

| Learner No. | | | | | | | | |
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525/3
CHEMIST
RY
Paper 3
2024
2 hours

S.5 END OF TERM 1 EXAMINATIONS
Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education
CHEMISTRY

Paper 3
Practical

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

*This paper consists of **one** examination items. Answer **all** the items in the spaces provided.*

*Drawings should be made in the spaces provided. Use **sharp pencils** for your drawings. Coloured pencils or crayons should **not** be used.*

No additional sheets of writing paper are to be inserted in the booklet.

*Work on additional sheets will **not** be scored.*

You are provided with the following:

FA₁ which is approximately 0.5M hydrochloric acid

FA₂ which is sodium hydroxide solution of unknown concentration

Solid M which is anhydrous sodium carbonate

Solid Q which is oxalic acid of formula **H₂C₂O₄.nH₂O**

You are required to standardize **FA₁** using solid Q, and then standardize **FA₂** using **FA₁**, and then determine the number of moles of water of crystallization in solid Q

Procedure 1

Weigh accurately about **2.65g** of solid M in a beaker, add 100cm³ of distilled water, shake to dissolve and transfer the resultant solution in a **250cm³** volumetric flask. Top up to the mark with distilled water and label the solution FA₃.

Pipette **25cm³/20cm³** of FA₃ in a conical flask, add 2-3 drops of methyl orange indicator and titrate the resultant solution with FA₁ from the burette until the end point. Repeat the titration until you obtain consistent results.

Record your results in the table below:

(2 marks)

Volume of pipette used.....cm³

Mass of weighing container + M.....g

Mass of empty container alone.....g

Mass of M weighed.....g

(4½ marks)

Table 1

| Experimental number | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|--|---|---|---|
| Final burette reading (cm ³) | | | |
| Initial burette reading (cm ³) | | | |
| Volume of FA1 used (cm ³) | | | |

(½ marks)

Titre values used to calculate average volume of FA1

.....cm³

(2½ marks)

Average volume of FA1

.....
.....
.....cm³

Questions:

(2½ marks)

a) Calculate the molarity of FA₃ (Na = 23, C = 12, O = 16)

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b) Determine the concentration in Mol dm^{-3} of FA_1

(4½ marks)

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Procedure 2

Transfer 100cm^3 of FA_1 in a 250cm^3 volumetric flask. Top up to the mark with distilled water and label the resultant solution FA_4 .

Pipette $25\text{cm}^3/20\text{cm}^3$ of FA_2 in a conical flask, add 2-3 drops of phenolphthalein indicator and titrate the resultant solution with FA_4 from the burette until the end point. Repeat the titration until you obtain consistent results.

Record your results in the table below:

(0½ marks)

Volume of pipette used..... cm^3

| | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| Experimental number | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Final burette reading (cm³) | | | |
| Initial burette reading (cm³) | | | |
| Volume of FA₄ used (cm³) | | | |

(04½ marks)

Titre values used to calculate average volume of FA₄

(0½ marks)

.....cm³

Average volume of FA₄

(02½ marks)

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.....cm³

Questions:

c) Calculate the number of moles of hydrochloric acid in FA₄

(02 marks)

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d) Calculate the number of moles of hydrochloric acid that reacted with FA₂

(01½ marks)

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e) Calculate the molarity of FA₂

(03½ marks)

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Procedure 3

Weigh about 3.15g of solid Q in a beaker, add 100cm³ of water, stir to dissolve and transfer the resultant solution in a 250cm³ volumetric flask. Top up to the mark with distilled water and label the resultant solution FA₅.

Pipette 25cm³/20cm³ of FA₂ in a conical flask, add 2-3 drops of phenolphthalein indicator and titrate the resultant solution with FA₅ from the burette until the end point. Repeat the titration until you obtain consistent results.

Record your results in the table below:

(02 marks)

Volume of pipette used.....cm³

Mass of weighing container + Qg

Mass of weighing container alone.....g

Mass of Q used.....g

(04½ marks)

| Experimental number | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Final burette reading (cm ³) | | | |
| Initial burette reading (cm ³) | | | |
| Volume of FA ₅ used (cm ³) | | | |

Titre values used to calculate average volume of FA₅

(0½ marks)

.....cm³

Average volume of FA₅

(02½ marks)

.....

.....

.....cm³

Questions:

f) Calculate the number of moles FA_2 that reacted with FA_5

(01½ marks)

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g) Calculate the number of moles per liter of the acid $\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$

(03½ marks)

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h) Find the value of n in the acid (C =12, H = 1, O = 16)

(03 marks)

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END (The struggle has just begun don't relax at all please! yusufdb qt1102)