Name		Centre /Index No	, a sau	
School.		Signature		
	P530/3			
	(Practical)			
	3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> hours			

## WAKISSHA

## Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education

### **BIOLOGY PRACTICAL**

Paper 3

3 hours 15 minutes

### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- This paper consists of three questions.
- Answer all questions.
- Answers must be written in the spaces provided.
- Additional sheets of paper must not be inserted in this booklet.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY			
Question	Marks	Examiner's signature	
1			
2			
3			
Total			

1. 72 MINUTES (40 marks) You are provided with specimen K. Examine the external features of the specimen. Give three external features used to classify the specimen in to the class to which the specimen belongs: (11/2 marks) 1. ..... 2. .... 3. ..... Place the specimen with its ventral side uppermost. Cut off part of the limbs b) posterior to the femur. Draw and label the anterior half of the trunk region of the specimen. i) (91/2 marks) ii) How are any two parts labeled in (b) (i) adapted for survival of the specimen in its habitat? (2 marks) 2. 

c) Remove the head of the specimen with its accessory structures. Using a hand lens Observe the following on the head from Ventral views.

- i) Segmentation of the head plus the compound eyes,
- ii) Visible mouth parts and
- iii) Attachment of 1st segment at base of the left antenna.

Draw left half of the head to show parts observed in (i), (ii) and (iii) above.

Do not label. (9 marks)

d)	Dissect the specimen to display structures responsible for least motion uses for transport of materials in the body of the specimen anterior to abdominal segment.	plus those the 5th
	Draw and label with dorsal cuticle displaced to left of the specimen.	(18 marks)
	The state of the s	
	Auto rang	
	to our fine	
	Solution C in real frameworks and the solution of the solution	
	State of the state	
	Explain the shape of the trips as described in (b) (b) the universe.	
2.	65 MINUTES (30 marks)	
You nutri	are provided with coloured solution $X$ and solution $P$ and $Q$ prepared fient.	om the same
a)	Carry out the instructions below:  i) Add four drops of solution X to 1 cm <sup>3</sup> of solution P in a tube and	shake the
	<ul> <li>contents of the tube.</li> <li>ii) Obtain a little of the coloured mixture using a dropper and insert t dropper half way into 8 cm<sup>3</sup> of solution Q.</li> </ul>	
	Gently release one drop of the coloured solution. Observe the mordrop.	vement of the
b)	From your observations in (a) (ii) above state the solution with lower concentration of the nutrient. Explain your answer.	(2½ marks)
		•••••
		•••••
	······································	
	© WAKISSHA	Turn Over

	Table 1: Petri dish				4	5		
		1	2	3	4			
	Solution P in cm <sup>3</sup>	20	16	12	8	2		
	Solution Q in cm <sup>3</sup>							
	Using a scalpel/raze bla six strips (each of width Describe the shape of th	n 2mm and the strips in	l length 6c	m).	out from R	. (1 m		
iii)	Explain the shape of the	e trips as o	lescribed i	n (b) (ii) al	oove.	(2 m		
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				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
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iv.	Transfer one strip into a	each of the	solutions	in the petr	i dishes la	beled		
iv.	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a smaprovided and immerse 40 <sup>o</sup> C. Leave the strips if for 50 minutes	all beaker the beaker	containing	g 20cm <sup>3</sup> of bath) main	original so	lution		
	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a smaprovided and immerse 40 <sup>o</sup> C. Leave the strips if for 50 minutes	all beaker the beaker n petri dis	containing in water ( thed 1 – 5	g 20cm <sup>3</sup> of (bath) main and that in	original so tained at te beaker all	olution emper to star		
N	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a sm provided and immerse 40 <sup>o</sup> C. Leave the strips i	all beaker the beaker n petri dis	containing in water ( thed 1 – 5 easure the	g 20cm <sup>3</sup> of (bath) main and that in	original so tained at te beaker all	olution emperato star		
N)	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a sm provided and immerse 40 <sup>o</sup> C. Leave the strips i for 50 minutes B: For strips in solution	all beaker the beaker in petri dis and P m for 50mi	containing in water (shed 1 – 5 easure the nutes.	g 20cm <sup>3</sup> of (bath) main and that in	original so tained at te beaker all	elution emper to star		
N) the	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a sm. provided and immerse 40°C. Leave the strips i for 50 minutes  B: For strips in solution is strips every 10 minutes.	all beaker the beaker in petri dis and P m for 50mi	containing in water (shed 1 – 5 easure the nutes.	g 20cm <sup>3</sup> of (bath) main and that in	original so tained at te beaker all	ends		
Ni the	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a sm. provided and immerse 40°C. Leave the strips i for 50 minutes  B: For strips in solution is estrips every 10 minutes exceed the distance in Table	all beaker the beaker in petri dis and P m for 50mi	containing in water (shed 1 – 5) easure the nutes.	g 20cm <sup>3</sup> of (bath) main and that in distance b	original so stained at to beaker all etween the	olution emperato star		
Ni the	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a sm. provided and immerse 40°C. Leave the strips i for 50 minutes  B: For strips in solution is strips every 10 minutes exceed the distance in Table.	all beaker the beaker in petri dis and P m for 50mi	containing in water (shed 1 – 5) easure the nutes.	g 20cm <sup>3</sup> of (bath) main and that in distance b	original so stained at to beaker all etween the	ends (5 m		
No the Rec	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a sm provided and immerse 40°C. Leave the strips i for 50 minutes.  B: For strips in solution the strips every 10 minutes exceed the distance in Table of the Minutes Distance (D) in mm 1  Strip in solution P  After 50 minutes measure the end of the strips in	all beaker the beaker n petri dis and P m for 50mi ble 2 Belo 10	containing in water (shed 1 – 5) easure the nutes.  w.  20  cord in mi	g 20cm³ of (bath) main and that in distance b	original so tained at to beaker all etween the	ends (5 m		
No the Record of the Control of the	Put the 6 <sup>th</sup> strip in a sm. provided and immerse 40°C. Leave the strips i for 50 minutes  B: For strips in solution is strips every 10 minutes excord the distance in Table in Minutes  Distance (D) in mm 1  Strip in solution P  After 50 minutes measured.	all beaker the beaker n petri dis and P m for 50mi ble 2 Belo 10	containing in water (shed 1 – 5) easure the nutes.  w.  20  cord in mi	g 20cm³ of (bath) main and that in distance b	original so tained at to beaker all etween the	ends (5 m		

Table	n the result 2.	ts in:-				(2
		***************************************	11			(2 mark
est by a		••••••				
•••••	•••••					A
Table	3: where	value of (D) is	below 50 mr	n.		(5 mark
•••••						
		CONTROL				
••••						
) From	n the result	t in Table 3, sta	ate the solution	on with nutrie	nt concentration	on nearest
that	in cell sap	of plant materi	ial R. Give re	ason for your	answer.	(2 marl
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***************************************	VIOLENTE COLOR			
).						
i						
v) Usi	ng the volu	ume of solution	P in Table 1	and distances	recorded in	(0 1
Tal	ole 3; Plot a	a graph in the s	pace below.		. <del> </del>	(8 marl
	<del>!                                    </del>			<del>                                      </del>		
	+++++++++	<del></del>	TTTTTTTTTT	<del></del>	TTT	

You are provided with specimens X, Y and Z.

	Inflorescence of the specimen	(4 marks)
,		
ii)		(4 marks)
	••••••	
on r		
(2)		
Re	emove a complete floret from each specimen and observe using	a hand lens.
1)	X Sive two ways each floret is structurally unique from the other	rs. (6mks)
	1	
	2	
	Y	
	1	
	2	
	2	
;;·		
11,	recorded in (b) (i) above	
		(3 marks
	X	
	Υ	
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
		•••••••••••
	Z	
	Rec i)	ii) Visible parts of floret from periphery of the specimen.  Remove a complete floret from each specimen and observe using i) Give two ways each floret is structurally unique from the other X 1. 2. Y 1. 2. Z 1. 2. Iii) What is the adaptive role of one unique feature of each specime recorded in (b) (i) above.  X Y

c) Cut three transverse sections of the ovary of specimen Y and transfer into 5 drops of the stain provided for 10 minutes. Mop any excess stain before observing under low power magnification. Draw, but don't label. (4 ½ marks)

d) Remove another complete floret from specimen Z. Split it longitudinally in to halves. Examine one half from inner view under low power magnification.

Draw and Label. (8½ marks)

# Each candidate must be provided with

### No. 1

- Specimen K- fresh killed cockroach
- Hand lens
- Dissection board + kit

### No. 2

- 10ml solution X- concentrated DCPIP solution
- 100ml solution P 0.1M sucrose solution
- 100ml solution Q 0.8M sucrose solution
  - 3 droppers
  - 6 petri dishes
  - 2 Test tubes
- 10ml measuring cylinders
- Razor blade
- R-10cm length young fleshy pawpaw leaf stalk
- Label/ sticky paper
- Ruler
- Thermometer
- 50ml beaker
- Stop clock

#### No. 3

## Freshly obtained inflorescences of:

- X- Mature Tridax (with clear forked stigma)
- Y- Mature Cassia
- Z- Mature <u>Lantana camara</u>
- Microscope
- Methyl blue stain

**END**