

# QUESTLYFT EXAMINATION Quiz & Answers

## GENERAL PAPER

### 1. Examine the causes and likely consequences of drug addiction in Uganda.

#### *Causes*

1. Irresponsible parenting
2. Western influence- media/ internet
3. Availability and cheapness of drugs
4. Indisciplined children
5. Permissiveness/ weak laws/ poor government policy
6. Negative role models like celebrities

#### *Consequences*

1. School drop out
2. Social nuisance/ waste/ eyesore of society
3. Embarrassment
4. Crimes- enjoyment like prostitution
5. Loss of life

### 2. Examine the challenges facing the African culture today.

Norms, values, customs, practices carried/ done by natives of the African continent freed rites, initiation ceremonies

#### *Challenges of the African culture*

1. Influence of the western culture
2. Influence of the formal education that looks at it as a backward act.
3. Modern politics which don't recognize traditional institutions
4. Emergency of Human rights organization that regard some cultural activities as satanic or barbaric
5. Intermarriages for example blacks and whites thus leaving the children or young ones undecided to where they belong.

Death of cultural leaders who know the norms and traditions of the land

### 3. "Family planning should be mandatory in Uganda" Discuss.

Family planning is an attempt by a couple to determine the number of children to have using varied methods of birth control. Methods include; condoms, sterilization, pills, cervical cap, the coil, spermicidal creams, abortion, etc

#### *Should be a must (mandatory)*

1. It limits the number of children in a family and the couple doesn't get unwanted children
2. It helps the country to have a controlled population to match the given resources of the country
3. It helps in planning both at family level and national level
4. It enables a couple to have sex without any worry of conceiving/ pregnancy
5. Family planning promotes the idea of responsible parenthood where they have only those they can handle
6. It helps to improve the health of the mother because she can rest after birth before getting the next child
7. Abortion as a method helps to avoid the production of deformed children once detected
8. It helps parents to give enough love to a small number of children rather than a large number
9. Some family planning methods like condoms also help to control AIDs and other sexual diseases
10. It helps the small family increase their savings and investment therefore better standards of living

#### *Shouldn't be mandatory*

1. Some methods have side effects e.g. pills lead to abnormalities among new born babies
2. It is costly to buy pills, condoms, etc and also pay health workers
3. Family planning methods e.g. condoms are not 100% effective
4. Some methods like spermicidal creams have chemicals which can result in cancer
5. Some methods have sterilization are final and it's impossible for the couple to have children again if it wishes to do so
6. The methods are against the African traditional culture which stresses the gift of having children
7. It contradicts some religious teachings like Catholicism which is against family planning
8. It encourages promiscuity/ irresponsible behavior in society since women and school girls can have sex without fear of pregnancy
9. Some family planning methods like abortion are considered a sin and murder in the sight of God

### 4. Assess the importance of wildlife in the development of your country

Wildlife refers to wild animals in their natural environment or habitat. In Uganda they include; lions, leopards, crocodiles, etc. some of which are in national parks/ reserves or in the countryside where bushes and forests still exist.

**Positive importance**

1. Foreign exchange from tourists
2. Government revenue from taxing tour companies etc
3. Employment to tour guides, rangers, entertainers, etc
4. Promotes local handicrafts and souvenirs
5. Development of infrastructure like roads and hotels
6. Promotion of scientific research and education
7. Wildlife is a source of food
8. Wildlife sanctuaries are profitable land uses
9. Promotion of Uganda's culture
10. Wildlife adverts promote Uganda's image abroad

**5. Logic**

Candidates should first work out the ages and years in company.

Name	Age	Yrs in company
Turyabe Silver	48	21
Muganda Oscar	58	10
Mande Musisi	36	15
Zabedi Caliph	38	20
Opio James	42	22

Correct ages-  $5 \times 1 = 5$  marks

Correct years-  $5 \times 1 = 5$  marks

Muganda Oscar

Mande Musisi

Zabedi Caliph

Muganda Oscar

Opio James

Opio James in D2- A

Other rooms;

D2- B= Turyabe Silver

D2- C= Zabedi Silver

D2- D= Mande Musisi

D2- E= Muganda Oscar

Causes of corruption

Low salaries/ wages which force workers to solicit for bribes

Job insecurity therefore people work to amass wealth quickly

Delayed payment of salaries and wages which force people into corruption to make ends meet

Large extended families of orphans and dependents therefore need to supplement their salaries

Lack of transparency and accountability in government and public offices

Desire to get rich quickly

Lack of ethics and integrity

Bureaucracy which involves long processes before one receives a service therefore causes people to look for shortcuts

Any  $7 \times 2 = 14$  marks

**Effects**

Demoralizes committed public servants

Reduces administrative efficiency where unqualified people are employed

Poverty among the disadvantaged and disabled whose money is diverted

Increases the economic gap between the rich and poor

Leads to loss of government resources therefore hindering economic growth and development

It causes poor service delivery to the people e.g. education, medical, transport

It increases dependency on foreign aid since domestic revenue is being embezzled

May cause political instability when people begin to fight corrupt regimes and leaders

Any  $5 \times 2 = 10$  marks

SPGE= 10 Marks

TOTAL= 50 Marks

a) Suggest a suitable title for the above passage.

The challenges of gender discrimination in employment

Eliminating gender discrimination

Gender balance strategy in employment

Gender inequality in employment

Gender discrimination in unemployment

The paradox of equal opportunities in employment

b) What does the author mean by:

“...jobs were strongly gendered?” (line 11)

Jobs were strongly gendered means the world of work in certain societies was biased towards one sex and against the other. Certain employment sectors are mainly for a particular sex e.g. miners (mainly males)

“In such a context, implementation of this liberal principle appears self defeating...” (Lines 65- 66)

In such a context, implementation of this general principle appears self defeating means attempts towards equal opportunities through positive discrimination/ affirmative action lead to less than equal opportunities for others leading to further discrimination and inequality. This remains an unsolved challenge or putting in practice that concept will be doing the opposite of what it advocates for or applying the good gesture of equal opportunity brings about real discrimination in employment

c) In about 100 words, describe the views of the liberal feminists on gender equal opportunities in society.

They wish to give people equal/ same rights/ opportunities to women and men in society.

Even in liberal societies, there is gender discrimination.

Institutions and practices are constructed based on male norms thus disfavoring women/ females

Sex discrimination occurs through bringing into appointment/ allocation process arbitrary issues or irrelevant issues.

The liberals believe in equal opportunities and merit.

Apparently gender- neutral jobs affect women because of family responsibility/ obligations.

They are in favor of positive discrimination/ affirmative action.

They advocate for radical restructuring of work to fit in with family life or restructuring family life to fit in with work.

d) Explain the meaning of the following words and phrases in the passage, using your own words as much as possible

- I. Covert discrimination- indirect/ disguised/ concealed/ silent/ hidden exclusion/ segregation/ unequal treatment (of one group by another)
- II. Arbitrary- acting out of impulse without following a pre- determined procedure or pattern or process/ having no concrete support
- III. Rational- reasonable/ sensible/ justifiable
- IV. Endorsement- acceptance, approval, confirmation, acknowledgment, certification of a method of doing things
- V. Radically transformed- seriously/ completely/ severely changed/ altered
- VI. Notoriously eccentric- unconventional/ abnormal/ odd/ bad way of doing things
- VII. Affirmative action- deliberate more intended to correct an imbalance/ an agreed principle of rectifying an abnormally/ positive discrimination
- VIII. Subvert the notion- destroy the idea/ opinion, upset the originally upheld interior/ way of doing things
- IX. Cope with the conundrum- solve the puzzle, catch up with the challenge, find a solution to a complex situation/ controversy
- X. Reformist demand- a call for change/ a need to do things differently/ a call for transformation

END