Name:	
Signature:	School:
Signature:	

P530/1 BIOLOGY (Theory) Paper 1 July / Aug. 2022 2 ½ hours



# UGANDA TEACHERS' EDUCATION CONSULT (UTEC)

Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education

### BIOLOGY

Paper 1

2 hours 30 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

Answer ALL questions in both sections A and B.

#### SECTION A

Write answers to this section in the boxes provided.

### SECTION B

Write answers to this section in the spaces provided.

No additional sheets of paper should be inserted in this booklet.

	For Examiners 'Use Only		
Section	Marks	Examiner's Signature & Number	
A:1-40			
B: 41		The second secon	
42			
43			
44			
45			
46			
Total			

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Turn Over

# SECTION A (40 MARKS)

- . Which one of the following is the main respiratory process in red blood cells?
  - A. Alcoholic fermentation
  - B. Oxidative phosphorylation
  - C. Lactic acid fermentation
  - D. Glycolysis
  - Figure 1 represents the osmotic pressure of two adjacent plant cells A and B.

A	В
$\Psi \text{ cell } = -0.4$	Ψ cell = -0.8
$\Psi_{\rm P} = 0.8$	$\Psi_{\rm P} = 0.4$
$\Psi_{\bullet} = -1.2$	$\Psi_{\bullet} = -1.2$

- In which direction will water move by osmosis?
- A. Both directions until equilibrium is established.
- B. Both directions even when equilibrium is established
- C. From A to B until equilibrium is established
- D. From B to A until equilibrium is established
- A cell is treated with a chemical that inhibits the action of cholinesterase enzyme.

  Which one of the following is likely to result from this treatment?
  - A. Rapid impulse transmission
  - B. Continous impulse transmission
  - C. Ceastion of impuse transmission
  - D. Summation of individual generator potentials
- Which one of the following parts of the nephron contribute most to the survival of the desert frog?
  - A. Bowman's capsule
  - B. Proximal convoluted tubulc
  - C. Glomerulus
  - D. Loop of Henle
  - If the sequence of bases on a messenger RNA molecule is AUGACU, how many amino acids does it code for?
    - A. 6
    - B. 2
    - C. 4
  - D. 3

6.	Which one of the following forms of reproduction may promote survival of a species?
	A. Multiple fission
	B. Conjugation
	C. Budding
	D. Fragmentation
7.	Which one of the following explains why the number of mitochondria per gram of liver
	varies in mammals of different sizes? They have different;
	A. Nutrient requirements
	B. Body temperature
	C. Ventilation rate
	D. Metabolic rates
8.	Which one of the following organisms is most affected by the excessive use of pesticides?
	A. Carnivores
	B. Herbivores
	C. Parasites
	D. Producers
9.	Which one of the following features of a bony fish makes it more adapted for swimming than a cartilagenous fish?
	A. Strong endoskeleton
	B. Possession of swim bladder
	C. Having a streamlined body shape
	D. Highly coordinated neuromuscular activity
10.	When a gamete with non - disjunction is fertilized, the resulting condition is called;  A. Translocation
	B. Duplication
	C. Polyploidy
	D. Inversion
11.	Which one of the following the least effect of competition among organisms of population for a similar limited resource?
	A. Range restriction
	B. Aggression towards each other
	C. Extinction
	D. Co-existence

2.	Which one of th	he following is the f	irst product of phot	tosynthesis?	
	A. Ribose suga				
	B. Ribulose				
	C. Phosphogly	ceric acid			
	D. Phosphogly				
3.	replication?			of DNA to easily separate during	g
		of nitrogenous base			
		f weak hydrogen bo			
	C. Presence o	f weak hydrogen bo	nds between phosp	hate and sugar	
	D. Helical nat	ure of the nucleotid	es		
14.	The effect of	f increased body in mammals is to;	temperature on the	e oxygen dissociation curve fo	ır
	A Lower hae	moglobin's affinity	for oxygen		
	B Increase h	aemoglobins affinit	y for oxygen		
	C Shift the o	xygen dissociation	curve to the left		
	D. Increase o	n the levels of carbo	on dioxide in the blo	ood.	
					4
15.	Which one of	f these factors is me	ost likely to change	e the gene pool of a small isolate	d
	population?				- 4
	A. Natural se	election			
	B. Non rando	om mating			
L	C. Mutation				, Section 1
ı	D. Chance				
16.	Figure 2 show plant shoot.	ws the effect of char	nge in a light condi	tion on the rate of water loss from	a a
ı		P	Q		
	Rate of water		R		
	loss / g			A result of the same of the sa	
		Bright light	Dim light		

Fig. 2

From t	the figure, one would conclude that;	
A. Th	ere a few open stomata at point P	_
B. So	me salts are lost from the plant at point R	
C. Nu	umber of open stomata begin to reduce from point Q	-
	nere is a high level of a baisic acid in the leaves between point P and Q	
	h one of the following substances are not transported by the circulatory system mals?	of
A. G	lucose and oxygen	
B. A	TP and amylase	
C. C	arbon dioxide and urea	
D. A	Adrenaline and amylase	
	ch one of the following is not caused by seasonal change in migratory birds?	
	Plumage colouration	
	Feeding behavior	
	Reproductive behavior	L
D.	Hormonal changes	
. Wh	ich one of the following is not a role of the larval stage in animal development?	
A.	Dispersal	
B.	Asexual reproduction	Γ
	Feeding	L
D.	Sexual reproduction	
o. Wł	nich one of the following factors maintains phenotypic stabililty within a population	n
	Gene mutation	_
B.	Geographical isolation	1
C.	Stabilizing selection	L
D.	Genetic drift	
21. Fig	gure 3 shows a structure from a plant tissue.	
61. 11	Para a second se	

Fig.3

0 0 0

V	Which one of the following is correct about the tissue from which this structure is	
	formed?	
1	A. It is a simple plant tissue	
	B. Has unevenly thickened cell wall	٦
	C. Transports only mineral salts	
	D. Has a mechanical role in the plant	37.50 (
	A lizard has a higher secondary productivity than a rat of equivalent size because the lizard;	
	A. Needs to control its body temperature	٦
	B. Eats relatively little food than a rat	1
	C. Has a low metabolic rate	_
	D. Feeds mainly on energy rich food substances	
23.	When a pyruvate loses a carbon dioxide molecule in plants; it becomes;	
	A. Acetylco enzym A	
	B. Ethanol	٦
	C. Lactate	
	D. Ethanal	
24.	Which one of the following events occurs at interphase of mitosis?	
	A. Synthesis of DNA	
	B. Separation of homologue's	1
	C. Synthesis of nucleic acids	_
	D. Constriction of the cell membrane	
25.	. Which one of the following statements explains why a humming bird hibernates only at night? It,	
	A. Has a high metabolic rate	
	B. Feeds on nectar from flowers which it only accesses at night	
	C. Has a relatively large surface area to volume ratio encouraging faster heat loss	
	<ul> <li>D. Has a relatively low food consumption which can not sustain the high levels of metabolism</li> </ul>	
20	6. Which one of the following forces are not experienced by the bones of a tetrapod	
	during its locomotion?	
	A. Compressional forces	_
	B. Tension forces	
	C. Shearing forces	-
	D. Expansion forces	

22.

22	way and the second of the seco	
27. WI	hich one of the following processes is not likely to	lower the oxygen levels of river
	· vanni	
	Ammonification	- 8
В.	Nitrogen fixation	
	. Nitrification	A Profile Control
D.	Denitrification	
28. W	Which one of the following hormones would be revater stress?	eleased by a plant in response to
A	A. Ethane	
В	3. Abscisic acid	
C	C. Gibberellins	
D	D. Auxins	
29. 1	The role of variation in a population is to;	
	A. Promote gene flow	
I	B. Promote hybrid vigour	
(	C. Allow the population grow fast	
I	D. Allow natural selection to operate	
	Which one of the following is the final destination the pace maker in the heart?	of electrical impulses initiated by
	A. Sino atrial node	
	B. Base of ventricles	
	C. Atrioventricular node	
	D. Apex of ventricles	
31.	Which one of the following features is shared by ann A. Exoskeleton	nelids and arthropods?
	B. Jointed body form	SHOWS LINE OF THE PARTY OF THE
	C. Metameric segmentation	many many market and a second
	D. Chitineous cuticle	
32.	At the synapse, increased permeability of the post may cause;	synaptic membrane to chloride ions
	A. Hyperpolarisation of the membrane	
	B. Depolarization of the membrane	
	C. Polarization of the membrane	
	D. Excitation of the membrane	

	LWC at	C.Ith
	Which property of water makes it a suitable cor	mponent of the earth worth s skeleton?
	A. High surface tension	
	B. High density	
	C. Low viscosity	
	D. Incompressibility	
34.	Colour blindness is a sex linked trait caused heterozygous for the trait is married to a normal this couple producing a normal child?  A. 0%	
	B. 25%	
	C. 50%	The state of the s
	D. 75%	
35.	Which one of the following will least affect the	a gamena al D
	A. Mutation	e genepoor?
	B. Genetic drift	
	C. Crossing over	
	D. Natural selection	
36.	. When a predator avoids eating a brightly c called;	oloured prey, the behavior displayed is
	A. Insight learning	
	B. Associative learning	
	C. Exploratory learning	
	D. Conditioning	
37.	<ol> <li>In the mammalian eye, rods have a reduced latter;</li> </ol>	visual activity than cones because the
	<ol> <li>Densely packed at the periphery of the ret</li> </ol>	ina r
	B. Do not show synaptic convergence	
	C. Are less sensitive to light	
	D. Are highly concentrated at the blind spot	
38.	8. A partially closed ductus arteriosus in an indi	vidual causes
	A. Shortage of oxygen to the tissues	oudses,
	B. High blood pressure	
	C. Heart attack	to the same of the
	D. Annumin	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

20	
39.	Which one of the following is a component of enzymes?
	A. Globalin
	B. Keratin
	C. Elastin
	D. Collagen
40.	Which one of the following activities may not contribute to global warming?
	A. Use of pesticides
	B. Deforestation
	C. Burning of coal
	D. Use of CFCs
	SECTION B (60 MARKS)
270	Figure 4. Shows the effect of sewage discharge on the concentration of dissolve oxygen and ammonium ions of a river at increasing distance downstream.  Oncentration f component  Dissolve oxygen  Ammonium ions
	Point of sewage discharge Distance down stream
	Fig. 4
	(a) Explain the changes in the concentration of ammonium ions downstream from the
	point of sewage discharge. (03 marks)
	···

	Explain why the concentration of dissolved oxygen decreating increases again, downstream.	(04 marks)
	•••••	
	••••••	
(c)	Explain why the effects shown on the figure are more seven	re at night than during
	day time.	(03 marks)
		······
2. (a	) Explain each of the following observations;	
(i	Fresh water fishes die when placed in sea water.	(03 marks)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		••••••
		······································
3	<ul><li>(ii) Spider crab dies when placed in fresh waters.</li></ul>	(03 marks)

	8		
	0)	Halophytes are plants that live in salt marshes.	mulator
(i	i)	Explain why it is necessary for halophytes to have osn	(02 marks
		mechanisms.	(02
		***************************************	
		Suggest how halophytes are adapted for living in salt marshes. (	02 marks)
	(ii)	Suggest how halophytes are adapted for it in an	81
			(02 marks
43.	(a)	Distinguish between apical and lateral meristems.	(02 marks
	· And		
		How do each of the following tissues bring about growth in high	er plants?
	(b	A signal meristem.	(04 marks)
	(i)	) Apicai iliciista	

	(ii)	Vascular cambium.	(04 marks)		
44.	(a)	Give three characteristics of chromosomes in diploid cells.	(03 marks)		
	****				
	(b)	Figure 5 shows a stage of cell division.			
		$\sim \sim$			
		0 NS B			
		Fig. 4			
	(i)	Giving a reason, identify the stage of cell division.	(03 marks)		
	***				

(ii) From the genetic v	e figure, explain how the behavior of chromosomes contributes to ariation. (04 marks)
	A sunted
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	***************************************
45. Figure 6 shows	s the oxygen dissociation curves for two species of aquatic animals A
and D. A lives	at the bottom of the sea where there is plenty of decaying organic matter
while B lives in	the surface waters of the sea.
	A
Percentage	<b>X</b>
saturation of	/ *
blood with	y 8
oxygen	/ *
	/ *
	/ w **
	<del></del>
	1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0
	Oxygen partial pressure (Kpa)
	Fig. 2
(a) From th	e figure, state two differences in the behavior of haemoglobin of the two
animals.	(02 marks)
	(02 marks)
*************	

(b)	Explain the advantages of the position of the dissociation in its habitat.	curve for each annual
(i)	Animal A.	(04 marks)
•••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
•••		
•••		
(	ii) Animal B	(4 marks)
		이 그 전 경우 경우 바다 아무리 이 사람들이 가게 하지 않다.
46.	(a) Give one characteristic of cells where active transport or	
10.	(a) Give one characteristic of cells where active transport of	ccurs. (01 mark)
	······	
	(b) How does active transport occur across the plasma mem	ibrane? (05 marks)
		(05 marks)

•••••		
	y	
(c)	Explain the role of each of the following processes in cells.	
(i)	Exocytosis	(02 marks)
1000 141		
***		(02 marks)
(ii)	i) Endocytosis	3.000
	······································	
	······································	

END