NAMILYANGO COLLEGE

BEGINNING OF TERM 1 EXAMS S.6 MATHEMATICS PAPER 2

TIME: 2 HOURS

STATISTICS

- 1. (a) Define the conditional probability of event A given that B has occurred. Use the above definition to find the condition for events A and B to be independent.
- (b) The events A and B are mutually exclusive events and $P(AUB) = \frac{3}{4}$, $P(B) = \frac{1}{4}$, find (i) P(A) (ii) $P(A \cap B)$ (iii) $P(A \cap A)$
- 2. (a) The events C and D are independent and 3P(CUD) = 5P(D) = 4P(C)Determine the values of P© and P(CUD)
- (b) Find the probability that a 3 digit number formed at random and not starting with zero has exactly two different digits.
- 3. The Probability that a certain beginner at a shooting exercise gets a good shoot if he uses the right gun is $\frac{1}{3}$ and the probability of a good shoot with an incorrect gun is $\frac{1}{4}$,
 - (i) Given that he has five guns to choose from and only one is the correct one for the target in question, calculate the probability that the target will be hit.
 - (ii) Given that the target is hit, calculate the probability that the right gun was used.
- 4. (a) Three bags A, B, C contain respectively 3 white and 2 red ball 4 white, 4 red, 5 white and 2 red balls. A ball is drawn unseen from A and put into B; a ball is then drawn from B and put into C. Find the probability that if a ball is now drawn from C it will be red.
- (b) Three candidates have been nominated for the post of Headmaster in a certain school. The probability that candidate A will be selected is 0.1, the probability that candidate B will be selected is 0.2 and the probability that candidate C will be selected is 0.3.

It is expected that school fees will be increased if any one of these is elected as Headmaster. The probability of an increase in school fees if A is elected is 0.5, the corresponding probabilities for candidates B and C are 0.6 and 0.4 respectively.

- (i) Find the probability that there will be an increase in school fees
- (ii) A student delayed to report to school only to find that there was an increase in school fees, calculate the probability that candidate A was elected.

5. The ages of the population in Kampala city in a certain year were as follows

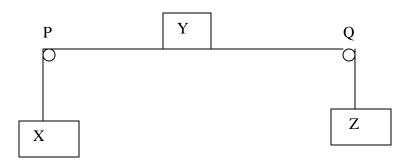
Age in years	0-9	10 – 19	20 - 39	40 – 59	60 – 69	70 - 89
Numbers (in	270	150	240	200	80	60
thousand)						

- (a) Draw a histogram for the data
- (b) State the modal class
- (c) Estimate
 - (i) the average age
 - (ii) number of population below 42 years
 - (iii) median age

MECHANICS

- 1. A particle with position vector 40i + 10j + 20k moves with constant speed 5 ms⁻¹ in the direction of the vector 4i + 7j + 4k. Find its distance from the origin after 9 seconds.
- 2. A cyclist travels 1.25km as he accelerates uniformly at a rate of $Q \, \text{ms}^{-1}$ from a speed of 15 kmh⁻¹. Find the value of Q
- 3. A car of mass 1500kg is pulling a trailer of mass 600kg up a road inclined at angle $\alpha = \mathrm{Sin}^{-1}(0.1)$ The resistance to motion for both the car and trailer is 0.15N per kg. If they are retarding at 0.5 ms⁻², find
 - (i) the tractive force exerted by the engine
 - (ii) the tension in the compling between the car and the trailer

4.



The diagram above shows masses X, Y and Z of masses 3, 5 and 8kg respectively, connected by light inextensible strings that pass over smooth pulleys P and Q.

The mass Y rests on a rough horizontal table; the coefficient of friction between the table and the mass Y being $\frac{1}{2}$ The system is released form rest.

- (i) Determine the acceleration of the masses
- (ii) The tension in the strings
- (iii) After Z has moved by a distance of 2m, the string connecting it to Y snaps. Find the time and velocity on which this happens.
- (iv) How much further distance will Y move before changing the direction of movement?
- (v) 5. (a) A knife of mass 50g is thrown horizontally at a stationary block of wood of mass 500g lying on a table. The knife gets embedded into the wood and the two move together at a speed of 2 ms⁻¹. Calculate the,
 - (i) initial speed of the knife
 - (ii) loss in kinetic energy
- (b) A motor fires shells at different angles of projection from point 0. If the speed of projection is $\sqrt{50}$ g where g is the acceleration due to gravity, and the shell is projected so as to pass through the point B(10, 20)
 - (i) Find the possible angles of projection.
 - (ii) Deduce that the difference between the corresponding times taken to travel from O to B is $(10 2\sqrt{5})/\sqrt{g}$