456/1 MATHEMATICS PAPER 1 November 2023 2 hours



WAKISSHA JOINT EXAMINATIONS

End of Year Assessment

SENIOR THREE

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS

- Attempt all items in this paper.
- All items carry equal scores

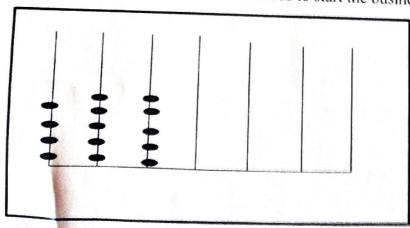
1. Okello and another new comer Okot of the same age. They need to know the to put in class register. The product of their ages is 144 years. One day during mathematics lesson Okello borrows a calculator from Okot and on the screen finds a number 720 which made him wonder which numbers he could have entered to get the outcome as that figure. On the same day since they had not moved with packed food, they decided to visit the school canteen. Okello bought 5 sweets with 2 chapat's and was charged ugx 2500. Okot bought 4 sweets with one chapat and was charged Ugx 1400. Since the students were many and the canteen attendant was too busy they could not ask the prices of each item.

Task

- a) How old do you think are the two friends?
- b) Help Okello figure out the possible values that Okot could have typed in the calculator to get the number on the screen.
- c) Help the two friends to find out the prices of each items, sweet and chapat.
- 2. A worker wants to save money to start his own business. He is able to save Ugx 100,000 every month from his salary of Ugx 600,000. However each time money accumulates on his account, he gets a challenge and he uses the money. He, approaches a friend for advice and he is given these two options:

Open up a smart plan with his bank with the following terms:	Get an insurance policy with the following terms:
 He is given additional 5% saving interest on total amount saved in the agreed time. 	i) He is given an additional 5% saving interest on each Ugshs 1,200,000 saved every year.
 Here you choose how many years you want to save. 	ii) Here the minimum years are 5 years not less.

The worker was a man who was good at using an abacus to make his calculations. And as he calculated the amount he needs to start the business he came up with;



Base 10 Abacus

His other expenses include; House rent which is a quarter of his monthly salary. Home glossaries of Ugx 100,000. And transport to work which is one and half of the amount he spends on his groceries. The balance is what he keeps for other unexpected circumstances.

Task

- How long will it take him to make money he needs? a)
- b) Which option of saving should he take and why?
- c) Which money goes to unexpected circumstances every month? (Show the working on how you reached the conclusion on each part)
- 3. A friend to your guardian wants to bring his child to the same school you attend. He calls your guardian and requests her to direct him to your school. There are two routes you can use from home to school;

Route A. A straight direct murram roads from home to school

Route B: From home, drive in the direction of 135 degrees for 55 km and then makes a bearing of 180 degrees turn and drive more 40 km you will find Kalagi trading centre. From Kalagi you will further drive in the Western direction until you reach the school. The home is vertically located above the school premises. The friend requests your guardian to send him a drawing instead summarizing his direction but she assigns you to draw.

Task

- Assist her to make the drawing showing the road map to school. a)
- If after the drawing a friend rather decides to take the Southern direction from b) home. Through what distance will he drive to reach school?
- If he starts driving at 12:30 pm and arrives at school at 2:30 pm through route c) B non-stop. What shall be his average speed?
- Which option of the two routes should he take and why? d)
- Four members of a certain sacco namely; Aboth, Balikoowa, Dumba and Ekotu 4. bought items as given below:

A both bought one bag of posho, 5 bags of millet, 2 bags of sorghum and 2 bags of

Balikoowa bought 5 bags of posho, 3 bags of millet and 4 bags of rice. Dumba bought 4 bags of posho and 8 bags of rice.

Ekotu bought 3 bags of rice 4 bags of sorghum 3 bags of millet and 2 bags of

The cost per bag of the items bought was; Rice at Ugx 200,000, sorgum at Ugx 60,000, millet at Ugx 75,000, posho at Ugx 100,000.

Task

- Assist the sacco members to summarise the above information in matrix a)
 - i) items purchased
 - cost expensed ii)

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Turn Over

- b) What do you think is the appropriate order of matrix multiplication for computing total expenses?
- Using your knowledge of matrix multiplication help the members to know how each shall spend on their purchases.
- d) If the members of the sacco sold all their items at Ugx 7, 150,000 and agreed to share this money amongst Aboth, Balikowa, Dumba, Ekotu in the ratio 2:3½: 5:2½ respectively. Help the members to determine how much each should take at the end of the business.
- e) Of the four members, who got maximum profits?

END



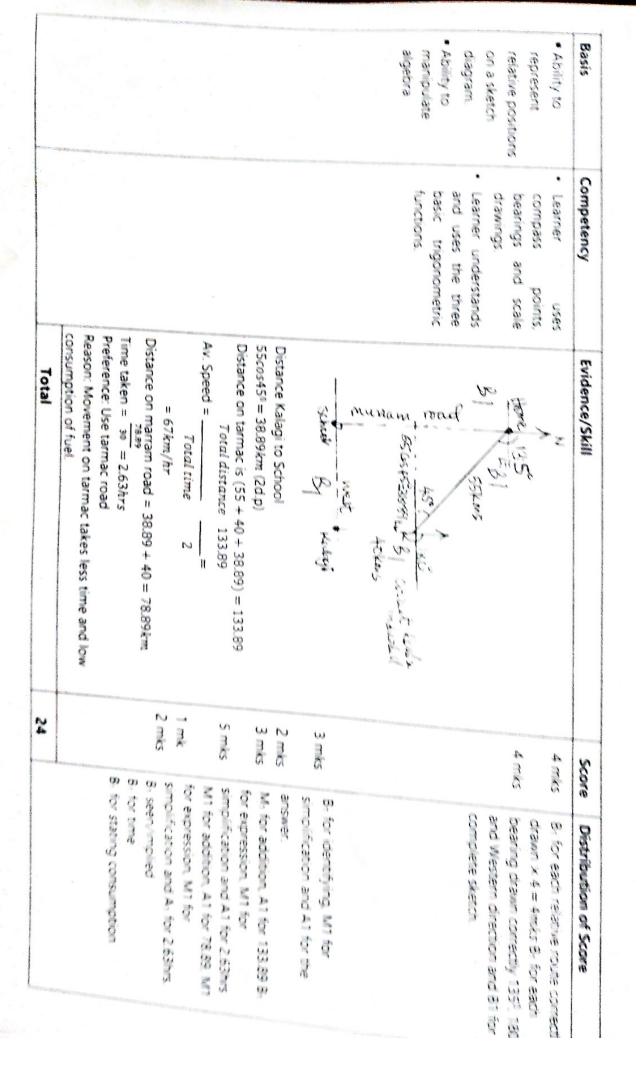
COMPETENCY BASED SCORING GRID

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	25	Total Marks		
M. Simplification. At for $y = 1000$.		y = 1400 - 4(100) y = 1000 \Rightarrow each sweet costs Ugx 100 and each chapat costs Ugx 1000.		
By for making y the subject. My Simplification. Ay for $x = 100$. By for correct substitution.		From Okot's; $y = 1400 - 4x$ 5x + 2(1400 - 4x) = 2500 5x - 8x = 2500 - 2800 $\rightarrow x = 100$		
B ₂ for forming each equation. × 2 = 4 marks.	10 Marks	c) Let x, y be the prices of each sweet and chapat respectively. Okello purchased $5x + 2y = 2500$. Okot purchased $4x + y = 1400$.		
B ₁ for each pair of factors stated \times 8 = 8 marks.	8 Marks	The possible numbers include (1, 720).(2, 360), (3,240), (4, 180),(5, 144),(6, 120), (8, 90), (9,80).		equations
B ₄ if all factors are identified. B ₃ if 3/4 of the factors are identified. B ₂ if ½ identified. B ₁ if ½ identified.	4 Marks	(1, 2,3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9,80, 90, 12,144, 180,240,360, 720)	factorization of numbers.	equations c) Ability to apply algebra to solve
B ₁ Stating/implied $a \times a = 144$ M ₁ for $a^2 = 12^2$ A ₁ for $age = 12$ years	3 Marks	a) Let "a" be the age of boys $a \times a = 144 \ a^2 = 12^2, \therefore a = 12$.	 Learner carries out calculations with positive and negative integers. Find the prime 	a) Ability to work with integers b) Formation of algebraic
Distribution of Score	Score	Evidence/Skill	Competency	Basis

Pape 1 of A

	Circus	Competency			
	 Decision 		Evidence/Skill	***************************************	
	making in	place values to d	-	Score	Distribution of Co.
	business.	understanding of	Amount needed = 10,000 + 100,000. Balance is 50		O SCOR
-	 Learner uses 	numbers.	Rest = 100,000 = Ugx		B, for balance seen or implied
-	both options:	· Learners carry out	Glossaries = 74 x 600,000 = Ugx 150,000	2 mks	M, for expression
	Simple	positive and negative	Transport = 3 = 09x100,000		M for computing
	merest	integers.	US 100,000 = US 150,000	5 mks	150,000
	interest.	Learner understands	Un expected = 500,000 – 400,000		M. for calculating transport.
		Mathematics was	Option 1, Amount = Principal + Interest	2 mks	Subtraction At for 400,000 M1 for
		solving problems.	$210,000 = 100,000 + \frac{5}{100 \times 100,000 n}$	5 mks	M. for expression, M. for equating M.
			n = 2 years.		Simplification, As for n = 2.
			Option 2, Interest in Syears = 100×12 000 000		M1 for stating, M1 for simplification and A1
			Amount in Sware "Ugx 300,000	3 mks	800,000. Mil for addition and A1 for
			= (5 × 100,000 + 300,000) = Ug× 800,000	2 mks	M1 for expression, M1 for simplification, A1
			5 years = 800,000		81 for conclusion
			Y years = 210,000, → y = 800,000	3 mks	Contradict.
		.4	y = 1.3125 years		81 for unexpected.
		0	 Conclusion: Option 1 is better because interest in agreed time. 	1 mk	
		0	C) Unexpected circumstances = Uax 100 000	1 mk	
			000'00		
		Will control to the c			
	Christian Control of the Control of		Total		
				25 mks	



1	Competency	Evidence/Skill		Score	Distribution of Score
Organization of odata.	Ability to understand and use matrices.	Ah 1 5 2		1 mk	B1 for item matrix 4x4
 Computation of expenses. 	Learners are able to identify appropriate	8 5 3			
Representing data graphically.	graphs. Leaners should plot.	F 4 0 0 8 E 2 3 4 3		1 mk	B1 for cost matrix 4x1/1x4
	interpret and use	ii. Cost matrix (100		1 mk	B1 for both orders
	problems. Learner understands	b) 4x4 by 4x1 c)			
- a	use of ratios and proportions.				M1 for expression, A1 for ans.
		5 3 0 4 75000		g wks	M1 for expression, A1 for ans. M1 for expression, A1 for ans. M1 for expression, A1 for ans.
		3 4 3/	3 6		81 for sum = 13 M1 for expression A1 for ans
	4 8 6	Aboth spent 100,000+375,000+ Balikoowa	4008	9 mks	
	1 111		000 75000 60000 200000) order matrices		wind expression, A Lor ans.
		2 4 2 3 4 5 4 5	120,000 + 400,000 = Ugx 995,000 1,000+225,000+800,000 = Ugx 1,525,000	0000'5	81 for Aboth's profit
-) A	oth $\frac{2}{13}$ × 7.150.	72+1,800,000 = Ugx 2,000,000 spent 200,000+240,000 *1,265,000	5 mks	
	Ba		$\vec{z} = 13$ 300 = 40 + 100 000		B1 for Ekotu's profit B1 for Dumba
	ď	Dumba got 13 × 7 × × 7	× 7,150,000 = Ugx 1,925,000		
	Eko	Ekotu got 13 × 7, 50,	50,000 = Ugx 2,750,000 50,000 = Ugx 1,375,000		
	(e)	e) Profits made by: Abot ⁹⁹⁵ 1,100,000 – Balikoowa 1,925,000 –	by: Abat 995,000 = Ugx 105,000 925,000 1,525,000 = Ugx 400,000		
	Ekot Dum	~	- 2,000,000 = Ugx 750,000 1,265,000 = Ugx 110,000		
	Total	CO.		25	