

TRACY
U0844/567
Nacku.

P530/2
BIOLOGY
(Theory)
PAPER 2
July/August 2024
2½ hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education

BIOLOGY

(Theory)

Paper 2

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- *This paper consists of sections, A and B.*
- *Answer question one in section A plus three other questions from section B.*
- *Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.*
- *Candidates are advised to read the questions carefully, organize their answers and present them precisely and logically.*
- *Illustrate with well labelled diagrams, wherever necessary.*

SECTION A (40 MARKS)
COMPULSORY QUESTION

1. An investigation was carried out on the two groups of plants **A** and **B** from the same habitat.
Plants of group **A** are mutant plants with a mutation in the gene for formation of enzyme *A.thaliana* which is responsible for synthesis of wax in leaves. The mutation prevents formation of the enzyme. Group **B** plants are normal control plants.
Figure 1 below shows the rate of water uptake in two groups of plants at different times of a day.

Figure 1

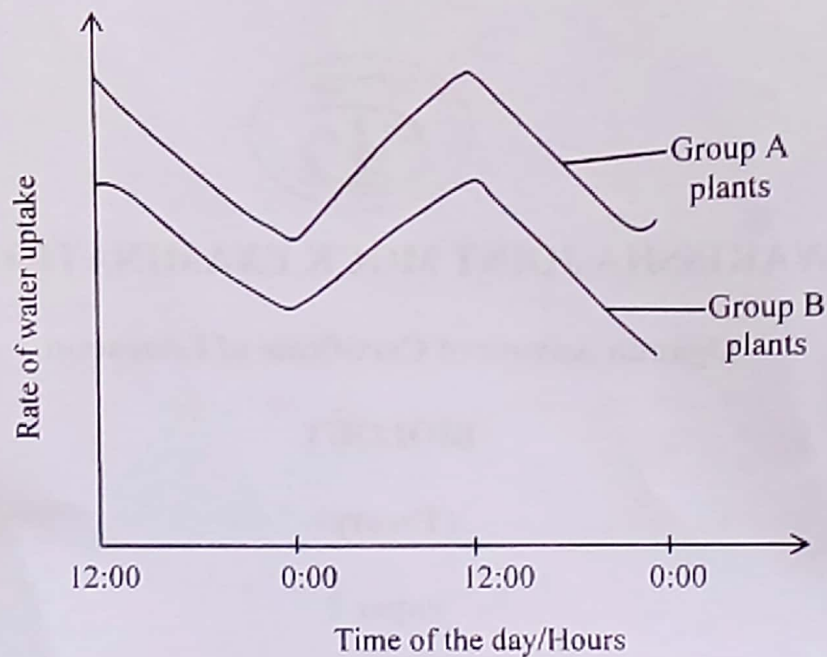
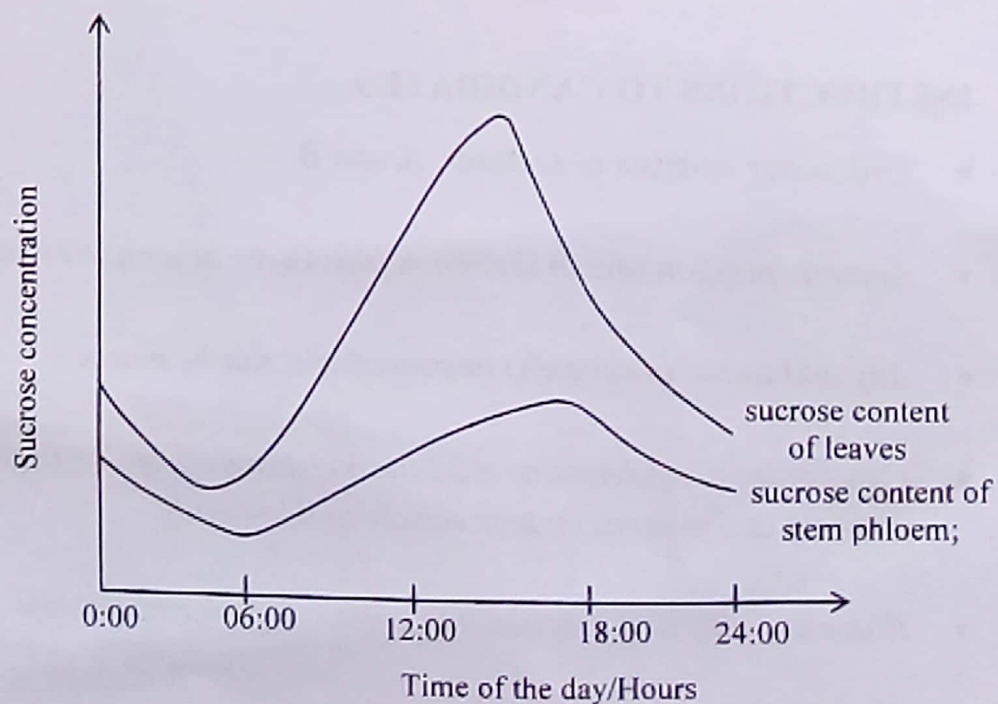


Figure 2 shows the concentration of sucrose in leaves and stem phloem of plants in group **B**

Figure 2



Using figure, 1

- (a) Explain the effect of time of the day on rate of water uptake by plants in group B. (12 marks)
- (b) Explain the difference in the effect of time of the day on rate of water uptake in the two groups of plants. (05 marks)

Using figure 2;

- (c) Compare the sucrose content of the leaves with sucrose content of stem phloem. (05 marks)
- (d) (i) Explain the relationship between sucrose content of the leaves and sucrose content of the stem phloem. (09 marks)
- (ii) Explain how the sucrose content of the stem phloem would be affected if the plant leaves were treated with a respiratory poison; (04 marks)
- (iii) of what importance is translocation to plants? (02 marks)
- (iv) What ecological advantage do plants in group B have over plants in group A? (03 marks)

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

Answer three questions from this section.

2. (a) With examples, describe the function of lipids in organisms. (12 marks)
- (b) Explain the biological significance of;
- (i) branching of carbohydrate chains. (04 marks)
- (ii) storing lipids rather than carbohydrates. (04 marks)
3. (a) Describe how the osmotic potential of fluids is controlled in the following organisms;
- (i) Amoeba. (06 marks)
- (ii) Humans. (10 marks)
- (b) State the advantages of endothermy in mammals. (04 marks)
4. (a) Compare sexual reproduction in plants with sexual reproduction in animals. (07 marks)
- (b) Describe the reproductive strategies flowering plants have employed to overcome the problem of desiccation on land. (08 marks)
- (c) Explain how the principle of counter exchange is achieved between maternal and fetal circulation. (05 marks)

Turn Over

- (a) Which examples, explain the meaning of displacement activity. (06 marks)
- (b) State the importance of each of the following forms of behavior to the survival of organisms in the community.
- (i) Territoriality (07 marks)
 - (ii) Courtship (07 marks)
- (a) Explain the ecological effect of a persistent broad – spectrum pesticide to the ecosystem. (10 marks)
- bbt
- (b) Discuss the effects of application of phosphates and nitrate fertilizers in farms near water bodies on aquatic ecosystems. (10 marks)

water pollution
Nitrate fixation
Eutrophication
kill aquatic life

END