P425/2
APPLIED
MATHEMATICS
Paper 2
2 August 2023
3 hours



ENTEBBE JOINT EXAMINATION BUREAU

Uganda Advanced Certificate of Education

APPLIED MATHEMATICS

Paper 2

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

Answer all the eight questions in Section A and only five from Section B.

All the necessary working must be shown clearly.

Begin each question on a fresh page.

Silent, non-programmable scientific calculators and mathematical tables with a list of formulae may be used.

In numerical work, take g to be 9.8 ms-2.

SECTION A: 40 Marks

Answer all questions in this Section.

- 1. Two events A and B are such that $P(B/A) = \frac{1}{3}$, $P(B) = \frac{1}{8}$ and $P(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{10}$. Find ;
 - (i) P(A)
 - (ii) $P(A \cup B')$

(05 marks)

- A particle is project vertically upwards with a speed of 80ms⁻¹ from a point 15m above the ground. Determine the;
 - (i) time taken to hit the ground.
 - (ii) velocity with which it hits the ground.

(05 marks)

- 3. Given that x = 14.2, y = 8.28 and z = 5.332 are all rounded off to the given number of d.p. find the interval within which $xy + \frac{y}{z}$ lies. (05 marks)
- 4. A pendulum consists of a light string AB of length 60cm with end A fixed and a bob of mass 3kg attached to end B. Find a horizontal force that must be applied to the down wards vertical.
 (05 marks)
- 5. Show that the equation $3x^3 + x 5 = 0$ has a root between 1 and 2. Hence use linear interpolation to obtain the approximate root to 2dp. (05 marks)
- 6. A bag contains pens of which 40% are blue and the rest are red. A random sample of 8 pens is taken at random. What is probability that;
 - (i) exactly 5 are blue
 - (ii) more than 6 are blue.

(05 marks)

- 7. A body of mass 2kg lies on a rough plane which is inclined at an angle of $Sin^{-1}\frac{5}{13}$ to the horizontal. A force of 20N applied to and up the plane produces an acceleration of $1.5ms^{-2}$, find the coefficient of friction between the body and the plane.
- 8. The table below represents grades of 9 students in a certain school.

4011001									-
MTC	C	DI	E	<u> </u>	C	В	A	E	D
BIO	A	E	<u> </u>	D D	В	В	C	D	E

Calculate the rank correlation coefficient between MTC and BIO. Comment on significance at 5%.

(05 marks

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

Attempt five questions from this Section

- 9. The marks in an examination were found to be normally distributed with mean μ and standard deviation δ . 10% of the candidates scored about 70% and 20% scored below 40%;
 - (i) Find the value of μ and δ .
 - (ii) Determine the percentage of students of students in class who scored above 50%. (12 marks)
- At 8:00Am particles A and B have velocity and position vectors below;

$$\sqrt{A} = (2i + j - 15k)km$$

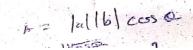
$$V_A = (\lambda i + 3j + 30k)kmh^{-1}$$

$$\sqrt{B} = (-i + 4j + 12k)$$

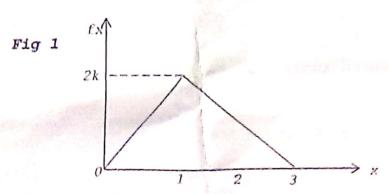
$$V_B = (4i + 2j - 15k)kmh^{-1}$$

If their velocities remain constant, and given that the particles collides, find;

- (i) value of λ .
- (ii) time when collision occurs.
- (iii) position vector of the point collision. (12 marks)
- 11. (a) Using trapezium rule with fine stripes find $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{x}{2x^{2}+4} dx$ correct to decimal places. U (cleaned places) (06 marks)
 - (b) Find the error made in estimating the above integral.
 - (c) Suggest how the error can be reduced. (06 marks)
- 12. (a) Four particles of mass 3kg,5kg,2kg and 4kg are at point (1,6)(-1,5)(2,-3) and (-1,-4) respectively. Find the coordinate of the center of gravity. (06 marks)
 - (b) ABCD is a uniform rectangular lamina where AB = 6cm and AD = 4cm. E is a point on BC and F a point on DC such that CE = CF = 1cm. A square FCEH is removed from the lamina. Find the coordinate of the center of gravity of the remaining lamina. (06 marks)



13. The probability function (p.d.f) of a continuous random variable x is represented by figure below.



- (a) Find the;
 - (i) Value of k
 - (ii) Expression for the p.d.f f(x)
- (b) Calculate the;
 - (i) Median
 - (ii) P(x < 2)

(12 marks)

14. The marks of students in a mathematics test were recorded as

TOTTOM						75 106	05 6100
Marks	40-<50	50-<60	60-<65	65-<70	70-<75	75-<85	85—<100
No of	4	8	11	14	8	10	5
students	_31	198					

- (a) Calculate the mean mark.
- (b) Construct a histogram and use it to estimate he mode.
 (12 marks)
- 15. (a) Show that the Newton Raphson formula to approximate the root of the equation. x = ln(8-x) is given by $x_{n+1} = \frac{e^{x_n}(x_n-1)+8}{e^{x_n}+1}$
 - (b) Draw a flow chart that;
 - (i) Reads the initial approximation x_0 of the root.
 - (ii) Computes and prints the root correct to three decimal places.
 - (c) Taking $x_0 = 1.8$, perform a dry run of your chart to find the root of the equation. (12 marks)
- 16. A car of mass 4500kg tows another car of mass 1000kg uphill of 1 in 10. The resistance to the motion of the cars is 0.5N per kg. Find the tension in the tow bar and the acceleration of the cars when the speed is $10ms^{-1}$ and the engine works at a rate of 450KW.