

VECTOR CALCULUS

CW

1, a. Find a and b such that the surfaces $ax^2 - byz = (a+2)x$ and $4x^2y + z^3 = 4$ cut orthogonally at $(1, -1, 2)$.

b. Find the equation of the tangent plane and normal line to the surface $xyz = 4$ at the point $i + 2j + 2k$.

2 a. If F is a vector point function, prove that $\nabla \times (\nabla \times F) = \nabla(\nabla \cdot F) - \nabla^2 \vec{F}$

b. Find $\nabla \cdot \left(\frac{1}{r} \vec{r} \right)$ where $\vec{r} = xi + yj + zk$

c. Prove that $\text{div}(\text{curl } \vec{F}) = 0$

3 a. Find $f(r)$ if the vector $f(r)\vec{r}$ is both solenoidal and irrotational

b. Prove that $\nabla^2 f(r) = f''(r) + \left(\frac{2}{r}\right)f'(r)$