

1.	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \ 20x \ 100 \ 50x^2 \\ 2 \ 10x \ 50 \ 25x^2 \\ 5 \ 5x \ 25 \ 25x^2 \\ x \ x \ 5 \ 5x^2 \\ 5 \ 1 \ 5 \ 5x \\ x \ 1 \ 1 \ x \\ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \end{array}$ $LCM = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times x \times 5 \times x$ $= 100x^2$	B_1 for simplify B_1 for simplify M_1 multiplying A_1 c.a.o	$= \frac{4}{3} - \frac{7}{1}$ $= \frac{4-21}{3}$ $g(\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{17}{3}$	A_1 for c.a.o
2.	$PQ = OQ - OP$ $\left(\frac{4}{8}\right) = OQ - \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$ $OQ = \left(\frac{5}{12}\right)$ $Magnitude\ of\ OQ = \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2}$ $= 13\ units$	M_1 for substn A_1 c.a.o M_1 for substn A_1 c.a.o	5. $y \propto \frac{1}{x^2}$ $y = \frac{k}{x^2}, x=2, y=5$ $5 = \frac{k}{4}$ $k = 20$ $\therefore y = \frac{20}{x^2}$ $80 = \frac{20}{x^2}$ $4 = \frac{1}{x^2}$ $x^2 = \frac{1}{4}$ $x = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ or ± 0.5 And, $y = \frac{20}{5^2}$ $y = \frac{20}{25}$ $y = \frac{4}{5}$ or 0.8	
3.	$(-3, 5) \Rightarrow x - 3y + 2 = 0$ $x + 2 = 3y$ $y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$ $m = \frac{1}{3}$ Parallel lines have same gradient using $y = mx + c$ $5 = \frac{1}{3}x - 3 + c$ $6 = c$ $\therefore equation\ y = \frac{1}{3}x + 6$	B_1 for gradient M_1 for substn A_1 c.a.o B_1 for eqn stated	6. Using $(R.F)^2 = \frac{Map\ Area}{Actual\ Area}$ $(R.F)^2 = \frac{12cm^2}{0.48km^2}$ change $0.48km^2$ to cm^2 $(1km)^2 = (100000cm)^2$ $1km^2 = 1 \times 10^{10}cm^2$ $0.48km^2 \Rightarrow 4.8 \times 10^9cm^2$ $(R.F)^2 = \frac{12cm^2}{4.8 \times 10^9cm^2}$ $(R.F)^2 = \frac{1}{4 \times 10^8}$ taking square root on both side $\therefore R.F = \frac{1}{2 \times 10^4}$ The scale 1:20,000	
4.	$g(x) = ax^2 - 7$ $g(2) = a(2)^2 - 7 = 5$ $4a - 7 = 5$ $4a = 12$ $a = 3$ $g(x) = 3x^2 - 7$ $g(\frac{2}{3}) = 3(\frac{2}{3})^2 - 7$ $g(\frac{2}{3}) = 3 \times \frac{4}{9} - 7$	M_1 for substn A_1 c.a.o M_1 for substn		

7.	$n(N \cap M') = 20$ $n(E) = 50 + 20 + 5$ $= 75$	B_1 $B_1 B_1$ A_1	$\begin{array}{r l} 2 & 360 \\ \hline 2 & 180 \\ \hline 2 & 90 \\ \hline 5 & 45 \\ \hline 3 & 9 \\ \hline 3 & 3 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$	
8.	$A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$ $396750 = P\left(1 + \frac{15}{100}\right)^2$ $396750 = P(1.15)^2$ $P = \frac{396750}{(1.15)^2}$ $P = 300,000 / =$ $Tom's \text{ first deposit} = 300,000 / =$	$M_1 \text{ for sub.}$ $A_1 \text{ for } (1.15)^2 \text{ seen}$ M_1 $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$	$360 = 2^3 \times 5^1 \times 3^2$ $\log 360 = \log(2^3 \times 5^1 \times 3^2)$ $\log 360 = 3\log 2 + 1\log 5 + 2\log 3$ $= 3 \times 0.3010 + 1 \times 0.6990 + 2(0.4771)$ $= 2.5562$ <i>Hellen paid cash of</i> $(1.2\text{million} - \frac{5}{100} \times 1.2\text{million})$ $(1.2 - 0.06)$ $= 1.14\text{millions or shs.}1,140,000$ <i>Amos paid</i> $\left(\frac{60}{100} \times 1.2\text{million}\right) + (0.15 \times 4)$ $0.72\text{million} + 0.6\text{million}$ $= 1.32\text{million or shs.}1,320,000$ <i>Amos paid 1,320,000 - 1,140,000</i> $= 180,000 \text{ than Hellen}$	$B_1 \text{ indices sta}$ $M_1 \text{ comparing}$ $M_1 \text{ for use lo}$ $M_1 \text{ for subst}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$ $M_1 A_1 \text{ for dis}$ $M_1 \text{ for subst}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$ $M_1 M_1 \text{ for m}$ $A_1 M_1 A_1 \text{ corre}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$ $M_1 A_1 \text{ for sub}$
9.	$\frac{1}{2}\log 25 + \log 60 - \frac{1}{3}\log 27$ $\log 5^{2 \times \frac{1}{2}} + \log 60 - \log 3^{3 \times \frac{1}{3}}$ $\log \frac{5 \times 60}{3}$ $\log 100$ $\log 10^2 \quad \text{since } \log_{10} 10 = 1$ 2.	$M_1 \text{ indices i}$ $M_1 \text{ proper i}$ $B_1 \text{ for simp}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$	13. $BA = BO + OA$ $= -b + a$ $AC = AO + OC$ <i>But</i> $OC = OB / BC$ $= b + \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } BA$ $= b + \frac{2}{3}(a - b)$ $= \frac{3b + 2(a - b)}{3}$ $= \frac{1}{3}(b + 2a)$ <i>Then</i> $AC = -a + \frac{1}{3}(b + 2a)$ $= \frac{-3a + b + 2a}{3}$ $= \frac{1}{3}(b - a) = (a + b)$ $BD = BO + OD$ $= -b + \frac{3}{5} \text{ of } OC$ $= -b + \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{3}(b + 2a)$ $BD = \frac{-5b + b + 2a}{5}$	$M_1 A_1 \text{ for dis}$ $M_1 \text{ for subst}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$ $M_1 M_1 \text{ for m}$ $A_1 M_1 A_1 \text{ corre}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$ $M_1 A_1 \text{ for sub}$ $B_1 \text{ for } -b + a$ $M_1 \text{ for correc}$ $M_1 \text{ for corre}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o for O}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o for }$ $M_1 \text{ correct s}$
10.	$V = l \times w \times h$ $3600 = 20 \times 12 \times h$ $h = 15\text{cm}$ $T.S.A = 2(l \times w) + 2(l \times h) + 2(h \times w)$ $= 2(20 \times 12) + 2(20 \times 15) + 2(15 \times 12)$ $= 1440\text{cm}^2$	$M_1 \text{ multiplying i}$ $M_1 \text{ for sub.}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$ $I M \text{ adding up in}$ $A_1 \text{ c.a.o}$		
SECTION B.				
11.(a)	$\left(\frac{1}{64}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \times \left(\frac{81}{16}\right)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$ $64 = 2^6, 81 = 3^4, 16 = 2^4$ $\frac{1}{2^{6 \times \frac{1}{3}}} \times \frac{3^{4 \times -\frac{3}{4}}}{2^{4 \times -\frac{3}{4}}}$ $2^{-2} \times 3^{-3} \times 2^3$ $= \frac{2^{3+2}}{3^3}$	$is \text{ indices}$ $indices$ $indices$		

$$BD = \frac{2}{5}(a - 2b)$$

A_1 c.a.o

(b) Using,

$$BD = \frac{2}{5}(a - 2b)$$

$$DE = DO + OE$$

$$\text{But } DO \Rightarrow \frac{-3}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{3}(b + 2a)$$

$$DO \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{5}(b + 2a)$$

$$OE \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}OA = \frac{1}{2}a$$

Then

$$DE = \frac{-1}{5}(b + 2a) + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-2b - 4a + 5a}{5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5(a - 2b)}$$

since $DE = kBD$

$$\frac{1}{5}(a - 2b) = \frac{2}{5}k(a - 2b)$$

$$k = \frac{1}{2}$$

Meaning $2DE = BD$

$BD : DE$

$$\frac{2}{5}(a - 2b) : \frac{1}{5}(a - 2b)$$

$$\frac{2}{5} : \frac{1}{5}, 2 : 1.$$

B_1 DO seen
correct

M_1 correct
substn in Di

A_1 c.a.o

B_1 DE and
BD compare

B_1 correct
ratio got

B_1 for $6 - 2 = 4$

B_1 for $5 - 2 = 3$

B_1 for $7 - 2 = 5$

B_1 for 2 in centr

7 farmers don't grow any of these

$$(iii) \frac{9+6+14}{50}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{29}{50}$$

M_1 for adding up
(9+6+14) seen
 A_1 c.a.o

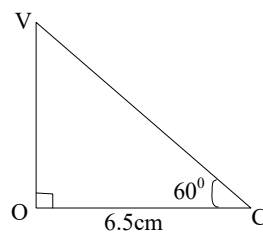
15.

$$AC = \sqrt{12^2 + 5^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{169}$$

$$AC = 13\text{cm}$$

M_1 for correct su
 B_1 for simplifying
 A_1 c.a.o



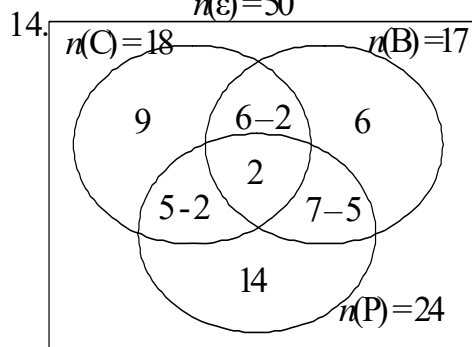
$$\text{Using } \tan 60 = \frac{OV}{6.5}$$

$$OV = 6.5 \tan 60$$

$$V = 11.26\text{cm}(2\text{d.p})$$

B_1 for OC correct

M_1 correct substn
 B_1 for simplifying
 A_1 for c.a.o



$$n(C) \text{ only} = 18 - (3 + 2 + 4)$$

$$= 9$$

$$n(B) \text{ only} = 17 - (4 + 2 + 5)$$

$$= 6$$

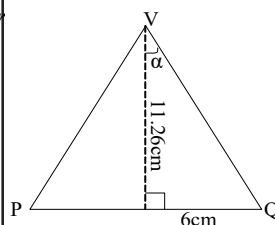
$$n(P) \text{ only} = 24 - (3 + 2 + 5)$$

$$= 14$$

B_1 for 9 got

B_1 for 6 got

B_1 for 14 got



$$\tan \alpha = \frac{6}{11.26}$$

$$\alpha = 28.05^\circ$$

$$\theta = 2\alpha = 56.1^\circ$$

$$\text{volume} = \frac{1}{3}(12 \times 5) \times 11.26$$

$$= 225.2\text{cm}^3$$

M_1 for $\tan \alpha =$
 B_1 angle correct
 A_1 c.a.o

M_1 correct sub
 A_1 c.a.o

16. $A \propto K_1 + R.$
 $A = K_1 + K_2 R.$
 $240,000 = K_1 + 7K_2 \dots\dots\dots (1)$

$180,000 = K_1 + 4K_2 \dots\dots\dots (2)$

$Eqn_2 - Eqn_1$

$60,000 = 3K_2$

$K_2 = 20,000$

from eqn 2,

$180,000 = K_1 + 4 \times 20,000$

$K_1 = 180,000 - 80,000$

$K_1 = 100,000 / =$

They both earn constant of 20,000 /-

and 100,000 /-

(ii) Equation connecting A and R

$A = 100,000 + 20,000 R$

B_1 equation

M_1 correct

A_1 c.a.o

B_1 $y = 50^0$ seen

M_1 for multiplying

17. (a) Amount earned by Tr. of R = 5

$A = 100,000 + 20,000 \times 5$

$A = 200,000$ angle at the centre is twice the angle at the circumference

A_1 c.a.o

at the circumference)

M_1 (b) Area of semi-circle = $\frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$

$A = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$

M_1 for correct substn

$308 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} r^2$

$4312 = 22r^2$

$196 = r^2$

A_1 c.a.o

$r = 14cm$

Perimeter of a circle = πD

M_1 for correct substn

$= \frac{22}{7} \times 28$

A_1 c.a.o

$= 88cm$

M_1 for correct substn

(c) $fg(x) = \frac{1}{2(x-3)}$

M_1

$fg(1) = \frac{1}{2(1-3)}$

A_1 c.a.o

$fg(1) = \frac{1}{-4}$

$$OC = \frac{1}{2} \times 13$$

$$= 6.5$$

B_1 for OC correct

$$U \sin g \tan 60 = \frac{OV}{6.5}$$

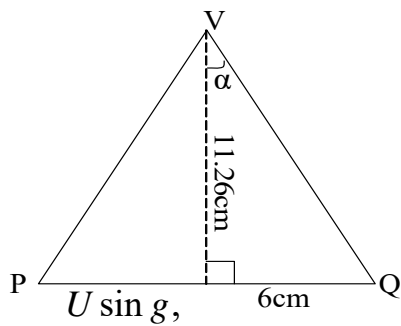
$$OV = 6.5 \tan 60$$

$$V = 11.26 \text{ cm (2d.p)}$$

M_1 correct substn

B_1 for simplifying

A_1 for c.a.o



$$PQ = AB = 12 \text{ cm}$$

Needed the angle PVQ

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{6}{11.26}$$

$$\alpha = 28.05^\circ$$

$$\theta = 2\alpha = 56.1^\circ$$

$$\text{volume} = \frac{1}{3} (12 \times 5) \times 11.26$$

$$= 225.2 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$M_1 \text{ for } \tan \alpha = \frac{6}{11.26} \text{ seen}$$

B_1 angle correct

A_1 c.a.o

M_1 correct substn

A_1 c.a.o

$$60,000 = 3K_2$$

$$K_2 = 20,000$$

from eqn 2,

$$180,000 = K_1 + 4 \times 20,000$$

$$K_1 = 180,000 - 80,000$$

$$K_1 = 100,000 / =$$

They both earn cons tant of 20,000 /- and 100,000 /-

(ii) Equation connecting A and R

$$A = 100,000 + 20,000R$$

Amount earned by Tr. of R = 5,

$$A = 100,000 + 20,000 \times 5$$

$$A = \text{shs.}200,000$$

B_1 simplifyin g

A_1 c.a.o

M_1 correct substn

A_1 c.a.o

B_1 equatn written correc

M_1 correct substn

A_1 c.a.o

17.(a) $y = 50^0$ (Angle an the same segment)

$$x = 2y = 2 \times 50$$

$= 100^0$ (angle at the centre is twice the angle
at the circumference)

B_1 $y = 50^0$ seen

M_1 for multiplying

A_1 c.a.o

(b) Area of semi-circle $= \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$$

$$308 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{22}{7} r^2$$

$$4312 = 22r^2$$

$$196 = r^2$$

$$r = 14\text{cm}$$

Perimeter of a circle $= \pi D$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 28$$

$$= 88\text{cm}$$

M_1 for correct substn

A_1 c.a.o

M_1 for correct substn

A_1 c.a.o

$$(c) fg(x) = \frac{1}{2(x-3)}$$

$$fg(1) = \frac{1}{2(1-3)}$$

$$fg(1) = \frac{1}{-4}$$

M_1 for correct substn

M_1

A_1 c.a.o