P.7 REVISION TOPICAL QUESTIONS FOR TERM II 2024 Name:Stream: **English** Topic 1: (ELECTRONIC MEDIA) Use the correct form of the word given in the brackets. 1. It was that the prices of sugar would rise. (forecast) The T.V. was ______ in to Bukedde. (tune) 2. The prefect in charge of ______ is very jolly. (entertain) 3. The news was ______ by radio star. (broadcast) 4. There are several forms of electronic _____ (medium) 5. Write the following abbreviations in their full forms. 6. TV 7. 8. 9. CD 10. 11. Re-write the following sentences as instructed in the brackets. 12. Joan is a good presenter. Cathy is also a good presenter. (Join using: ...and so ...) 13. If I have a CD player, I will buy many CDs. (Usewould have......) 14. You needn"t have switched off the DVD. (Usenecessary......) 15. I don't like listening to gospel music. (Re-write usinghate......) 16. Ojamba bought a radio yet it was not necessary. (Usedidn't have......)

Topic 9: RELATIVE CLAUSES Fill in the blank space with a correct relative pronoun 1. The book _____ is lying on the table is mine. 2. The boy _____ was knocked down by a lorry is now in hospital. 3. The girl to _____ the minister gave the prize was in P.7. 4. The woman _____ car broke down walked to town. 5. The joke at ______ I laughed was rather silly. 6. I haven"t seen the boy _____ suitcase was stolen. 7. Musiime, ______ became the head prefect, made serious campaigns. Re-write the following sentences as instructed in the brackets. 8. Opio"s brother is a Minister. Opio is a kind man. (Join using:whose......) 9. Karim won the independence rally. Karim is my uncle. (Rewrite using:who...) 10. I joined this school with a boy. The boy has run mad. (Join using:whom.....) 11. The car belongs to my friend. It got an accident. (Rewrite using:which......) 12. This is the place. The orphans stay here. (Join using:where......) 13. Joan is the girl. I gave her my book. (Re-write using:whom......) 14. He bought the furniture last week. It is already broken. (Join using:that...) 15. He is a famous leader about whom many books have been written. (Write as two separate sentences.) **Opposites, Occupations and Alphabetical Order** Topic 2:

Re-write the following sentences giving the opposite form of the underlined words.

1. The pupils left the room after the teacher's arrival.

2. The exercise was passed by the <u>majority</u> .
3. The woman was found <u>innocent</u> .
4. Jane was <u>cruel</u> to her horse.
5. He <u>scattered</u> his friend's clothes.
6. The MC <u>blamed</u> the choir for their performance.
7. He got a <u>permanent</u> job.
8. It is <u>legal</u> to hunt in game parks.
9. A Toyota moves <u>faster</u> than a Peugeot.
10. Their <u>descendants</u> were literate.
Give one word to replace the underlined words
11. My father is a <u>person who sells meat</u> .
12. I bought my book from a <u>woman who writes poems</u> .
13. Daddy bought my stationary from the <u>man who sells stationery</u> .
14. The <u>doctor who attends to eye diseases</u> is kind.
15. Katongole is a <u>person who writes news</u> for Red pepper.

16.	ally, alive, alto, allow
17.	wake, want, wag, warrant
18.	glory, glass, glorify, gland
19.	temperature, temperate, temporary, temple
20.	year, yeah, yearn, yeast
<u>Use th</u> 1.	3: (ADJECTIVES) ne correct form of the words given in brackets to complete the sentences. Our head boy is the we have ever seen. (polite)
	We should be to people who lose their loved ones. (sympathy)
	We heard a story about his death. (shock) Of the two roads leading to the village, the lower one is the (narrow)
5.	Owino is the of the three boys. (dirty)
6.	Of the two brothers, Kaloro is the(old)
7.	Nyerere was a man before he died. (knowledge)
8.	The president sat on the chair in the theatre. (comfort)
9.	The farmer said this was the of the two turkeys. (thin)
10.	I don"t like people who are (quarrel)
Give t	the opposite of the underlined word.
11.	Most questions were <u>compulsory</u> .
12.	The bridegroom looked <u>shabby</u> .

13.	The taxi rammed into a moving truck.
14.	The soldiers were <u>drunk</u> .
15.	The teachers were <u>busy</u> during the week.
Re-wi	rite the sentences as instructed in the brackets.
	The giant's arm is three metres long. That bed is three metres long. (Join using:as)
17.	Desks are comfortable. Chairs are very comfortable. (Join using:than)
18.	Charity is very fat. Fiona is fat. (Use:as)
19.	Oliver grew old. She became beautiful. (Begin: The, the)
20.	Kansiime beats Katutu in strength. (Use:than)
21.	The ladies are beautiful. The ladies are brown. The ladies are ten. They are long-legged. The ladies are from Asia. The ladies got married. (Rewrite as one sentence without using: "who", "whom" or "and")
22.	Jim prefers millet to posho. (Use:like)
23.	Babies like soft solid foods more than milk. (Rewrite using:prefer)
24.	Olga prefers playing football to netball. (Use:interested)
25.	No boy in our school is stronger than Chol. (Rewrite beginning: Chol)

Topic 4: ADJECTIVAL QUALIFIERS Fill in the blank spaces with suitable word.

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1. The girls were work	king in the kitchen. (noise)
Topic 6: ADVERB Use the correct form each sentence.	S n of the word given in the brackets to complete
14. Amanda speaks English a using:in order)	Ill the time. She wants to become perfect. (Rewrite
13. He works hard. He wants	to pass exams. (Usesuch that)
12. Mustafa went to Japan. H	le wanted to buy a new car. (Begin: In order to)
11. The chief will buy a bicycusing:so as)	le next year. He is saving money this year. (Join
10. This song is very interest usingsothat)	ing. I can"t stop listening to it. (Join
9. The train was not very fastooto)	t. It did not reach the town in time. (Use
Re-write as instructed in 8. He was very intelligent. Hethat)	the brackets. e got a bursary from the district. (Join using: such a
7. They cleared the garden _	to plant crops.
The children woke up earl homework.	y they could complete their
5. The head monitor came ea	arly to sweep the classroom.
4. She was	a clever teacher that she came early.
3. James was	money to buy an aeroplane. tired that he could not speak.
2 Ho hac	monov to buy an agropland

2. Rubogo walks	than Rubulwa. (hurry)
	as the teacher was busy
writing.(stealthy)	
4. Namususwa played	and scored a goal. (active)
5. She goes to the market	a week. (two)
6. Maradona	scored the goal. (skill)
7. Balinda sat	_ in an arm chair as if he was a king.
(comfortable)	
Give the opposite of the un	derlined words.
8. Nakawuka failed the test becau	use she did it proudly.
9. The man beat his daughter me	rcifully.
10. We could not hear because he	e spoke softly.
11. All the children did the exercise	se badly.
12. The police saluted respectfully	y as the president passed.
Re-write the sentences using	
13. The minister went (to Mbale,	yesterday, hurriedly).
14. The school choir sang (at the	party, nicely, last week)
15. The teachers walked (to school	ol, last evening, slowly)
Re-write the sentences giving words.	g a single word for the underlined
16. The Deputy spoke with confid	ence.
17. The worriers fought without a	im.
18. All over a sudden, she gave b	irth.
19. The soldiers fought like heroe	S.
20. We welcomed her mother by	cheering.

Topic 7: CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

Use the correct form of the word given in the brackets

1. If our team	the match next week, we would be the
champions. (win)	
2. The Minister	our school if the headteacher invites her. (visit)
	if the driver had been careful. (not to happen)
4. He will go shopping if he	the money. (get)
	the answer. (know)
	the magician. (to see)
	the bus. (find)
8. He will buy a car only if he	
	Okitui next year. (meet)
	our teacher the race. (to win)
Re-write the sentences as inst	
11. If she becomes happy, she wil	Il dance for us. (Use:unless)
12. If you don"t write well, you wi	Il fail this paper. (Rewrite using:or else)
13. If I visit Kidepo National Park,	I will see many crocodiles. (Begin: If I had)
14. The Education Manager won"t (Rewrite usingonly if)	visit our school unless he gets a vehicle.
15. I will come with you to Apac if	you invite me. (Rewrite using:would)
16. Unless you listen attentively, y If)	ou won"t get the teacher"s explanation. (Begin:
17. If I get time, I shall pay you a	visit. (Rewrite using:when)
18. The teacher did not see the botteacher)	by. He did not punish him. (Begin: If the

19. I would have made a mistake if the matron hadn't warned me. (Write as two separate sentences.)
20. The teacher will come in time. He will teach.(useif)
Topic 8: ADVERBIAL CLAUSES OF TIME Re-write the sentences as instructed in the brackets. 1. The pupils stood up immediately they saw the class teacher. (Begin: As soon as)
2. Immediately I reached school, it started raining. (Begin: No sooner)
3. They had just passed the spot when a grenade exploded. (Rewrite using: Hardly)
4. He ran away when his father came back. (Rewrite using: Hardly)
5. No sooner had Grace reached home than he begun abusing the maid. (Begin: Immediately)
6. Having sung the song, the choir left the stage. (Rewrite using:as soon as)
7. He entered the courtroom. He said his prayer before he entered. (Begin: By the time)
8. Aisha will go away before Mary returns from school. (Rewrite and use:by the time)
9. He removed his shoes before he entered the mosque. (Useafter)

Topic 9: Subordinating conjunctions Re-write the following sentences as instructed in the brackets.

1. Paul passed the examination yet he was not clever. (Begin: Although)
2. Kamau is a rich man but he doesn"t send his children to school. (Rewrite usingin spite)
3. The food was very delicious. No body ate it. (Rewrite beginning: Eventhough)
4. Ritah is lame but she runs very fast. (Usedespite)
5. Although the teacher taught very well, I didn"t understand. (Rewrite using:but)
6. Namale writes very fast. She doesn"t make mistakes. (Begin: However)
7. He is very clever but he failed the test. (Begin: Clever)
8. I don"t admire her though she is beautiful. (Use:nevertheless)
9. The old man had a fractured leg but he continued with the journey. (Use:although)
10. Joyce was sick but she went to school. (Rewrite beginning: In spite of)
Topic 10: CORRELATIVE CONJUCTIONS Re-write as instructed in the brackets.
1. John slapped the boy. John kicked the boy. (Begin: Not only)
2. Racheal is sitting for exams. Edson is also sitting for exams. (Rewrite beginning Both)
3. The cow doesn"t eat bones. The goat doesn"t eat bones. (Rewrite using: Neither)
4. Rose enjoys reading novels. Rose enjoys reading magazines. (Join using:eitheror)
5. I can write well using both hands. (Rewrite using:either)
6. My grand father couldn"t write. He couldn"t read. (Rewrite using:neither

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/. Edson is good at dancing. Edson is good at singing. (Join using:both)
8. Tang doesn"t speak well. Moro doesn"t speak well. (Join using:and neither)
9. Pamella performed well. Rebecca also performed well. (Join using:and so)
10. Mondo is likely to have stolen the teacher"s money. Melabu is likely to have stolen the teacher"s money. (Begin: Either)
11. Ssozi may go to the zoo. Sarah may go to the zoo. (Begin: Either)
Topic 11: SPEECHES Re-write as instructed in the brackets. 1. Jane said that she was going to sweep the room then. (Begin: Jane said, "")
2. "Why were you late last week?" the teacher asked Sandra. (Re-write usingwanted to know)
3. Why asked the stranger are you against me (Re-write and punctuate the sentence correctly)
4. "Judith, go and see the doctor," said my uncle. (Begin: My uncle told)
5. "I wrote this letter myself," said Joshua. (Begin: Joshua said)
6. The teacher told the pupils to keep quiet. (Rewrite in direct speech)
7. "Are you the boy who won a scholarship?" asked the DEO. (Begin: The DEO asked)
8. "I will donate money to the poor," said the Minister. (Re-write beginning: The minister said)
9. The man said, "I am sick today." (Write into reported speech)
10. "They are going to Entebbe now," said the girl. (Begin: The girl)