

Chesapeake Fish Passage Prioritization

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GLOSSARY & METRIC DESCRIPTIONS

This glossary was developed to support the interpretation of Chesapeake Fish Passage Prioritization web map & tool

http://maps.freshwaternetwork.org/chesapeake

Tiered Results (5% bins)



- Analysis results grouped into 20 bins where each bin has 5% of the dams in the analysis area.
- These are the results that should be used for dam assessments

Sequential Rank



- The sequential list of dams produced by the analysis.
- This list should be used with extreme caution: the precision with which GIS can calculate metrics and rank dams is not necessarily indicative of ecological differences
- The Tiered Results (5% bins) should be used to assess dams for their potential ecological benefit

Upstream Barrier Count

- 4
- Category: Connectivity Status
- The number of barriers upstream of a given barrier
- Includes natural waterfalls, which are included in network generation
- Does not include barriers excluded from network generation
- Unit: #

Downstream Barrier Count

- Category: Connectivity Status
- The number of barriers downstream of a given barrier
- Includes natural waterfalls, which are included in network generation
- Does not include barriers excluded from network generation
- Unit: #

Number of Hydro Dams on Downstream Flowpath

Category: Connectivity Status

Count of hydropower dams on downstream flowpath of a barrier

• Unit: #

Number of Natural Barriers on Downstream Flowpath

Category: Connectivity Status

Count of waterfalls on downstream flowpath of a barrier

• Unit: #

Number of Fish Passage Facilities on Downstream Flowpath

Category: Connectivity Status

 Count of fish passage facilities on downstream flowpath of a barrier

• Unit: #

Upstream Barrier Density

- 9
- Category: Connectivity Status
- Upstream Barrier Count divided by the total length of river upstream in meters
- Includes natural waterfalls, which are included in network generation
- Does not include barriers excluded from network generation
- Unit: # / meters

Downstream Barrier Density

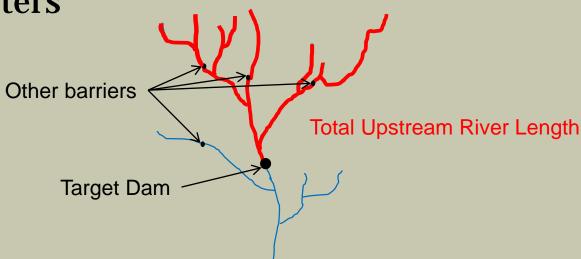
- Category: Connectivity Status
- Downstream Barrier Count divided by the Distance to River Mouth in meters
- Includes natural waterfalls, which are included in network generation
- Does not include barriers excluded from network generation
- Unit: # / meters

Total Upstream River Length

11

Category: Connectivity Status

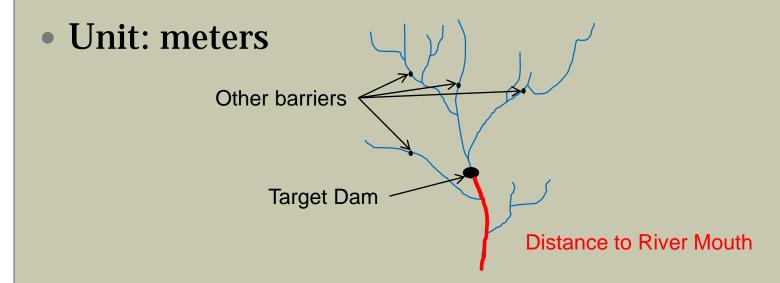
 Total length of river network upstream of a given barrier, regardless of any upstream barriers.



Distance to River Mouth



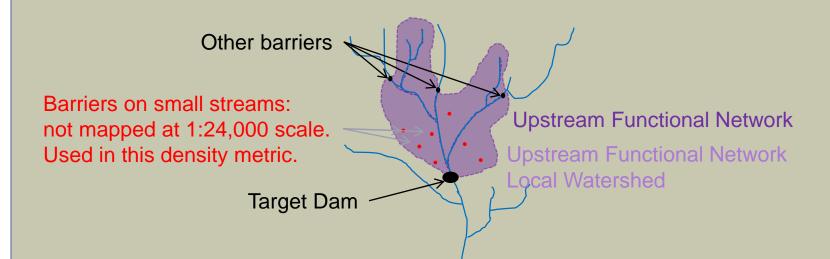
- Category: Connectivity Status
- Distance from each barrier to the network mouth in meters



Density of Dams on Small Streams in Upstream Functional Network Local Watershed

13

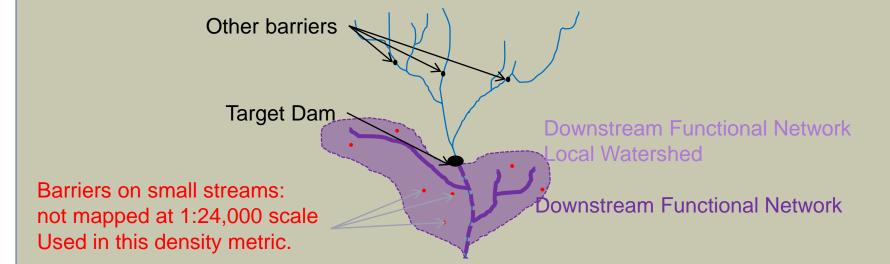
- Category: Connectivity Status
- Number of dams on small streams (dams did not snap to analysis hydrography) within the local watershed of the <u>upstream functional</u> <u>network</u> divided by that watershed area
- Unit: # / m²



Density of Dams on Small Streams in Downstream Functional Network Local Watershed

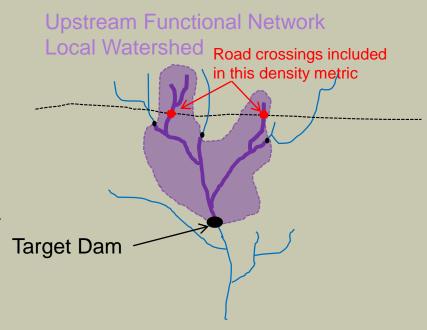
14

- Category: Connectivity Status
- Number of dams on small streams (dams did not snap to analysis hydrography) within local watershed of the <u>downstream functional</u> <u>network</u> divided by that watershed area
- Unit: # / m²



Density of Road & Railroad / Small Stream Crossings in Upstream Functional Network Local Watershed

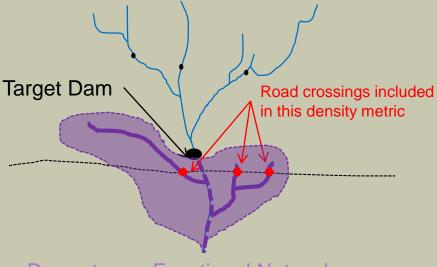
- 15
- Category: Connectivity Status
- Number of road-stream crossings within <u>upstream</u> <u>functional network</u> local watershed divided by that watershed area.
- Road-stream crossing data from <u>North Atlantic Aquatic</u> <u>Connectivity Collaborative</u>



• Unit: # / m²

Density of Road & Railroad / Small Stream Crossings in Downstream Functional Network Local Watershed

- Category: Connectivity Status
- Number of road-stream crossings within downstream functional network local watershed divided by that watershed area.
- Road-stream crossing data from <u>North Atlantic Aquatic</u> <u>Connectivity Collaborative</u>
- Unit: # / m²



Downstream Functional Network Local Watershed

Barrier to EBTJV Brook Trout Habitat



- Dam where either its <u>Upstream Functional River Network</u> or <u>Downstream Functional River Network</u> intersects an <u>EBTJV</u> catchment (Hudy 2012) with an allopatric brook trout population or brook trout sympatric with brown or rainbow trout and the other does not.
- Allopatric and sympatric brook trout catchments includes the following codes: '1.1', '1.1P', '1.2', '1.2P', '1.3', '1.3P', '1.4', '1.4P', '15', '0.5', '1.0', '1.0P', '1P', '1'
- Dams not covered by the extent of the EBTJV 2012 catchment data are not considered as barriers between EBTJV brook trout catchments

Unit: Boolean

Target dam restricts access from an EBTJV brook trout catchment to other catchments, thereby limiting expansion of the brook trout population EBTJV Catchment with an allopatric or sympatric brook trout population

Downstream Functional Network Length

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Category: Connectivity Improvement

• Length of the functional network downstream of a barrier. The functional network is defined by those sections of river that a fish could theoretically access from any other point within that functional network. Its terminal ends are barriers, headwaters, and/or the river mouth.

Unit: meters

Other barriers

Upstream Functional Network

Target Dam

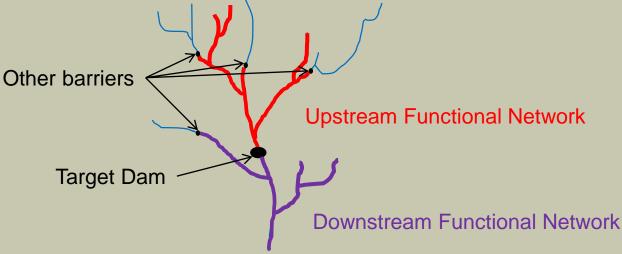
Downstream Functional Network

Upstream Functional Network Length

19

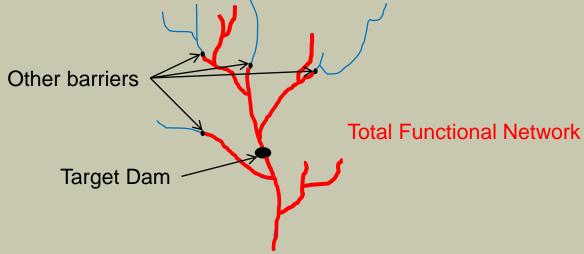
Category: Connectivity Improvement

• Length of the functional network upstream of a barrier. The functional network is defined by those sections of river that a fish could theoretically access from any other point within that functional network. Its terminal ends are barriers, headwaters, and/or the river mouth.



The total length of upstream and downstream functional network

- Category: Connectivity Improvement
- Summed length of the upstream and downstream functional networks of a barrier. The functional network is defined by those sections of river that a fish could theoretically access from any other point within that functional network. Its terminal ends are barriers, headwaters, and/or the river mouth.



Absolute Gain



Category: Connectivity Improvement

• This metric is the minimum of the two <u>functional</u> <u>networks</u> of a barrier. For example if the upstream functional network was 10 kilometers and downstream functional network was 5 kilometers, then the Absolute Gain will be 5 kilometers.

Relative Gain



Category: Connectivity Improvement

 This metric is <u>Absolute gain</u> divided by the <u>total</u> <u>length of upstream and downstream functional</u> <u>networks</u>.

% Impervious Surface in Contributing Watershed

Category: Watershed & Local Condition

 % Impervious surface in entire upstream (contributing) watershed. Calculated <u>2011 National</u> <u>Land Cover Database</u> percent developed imperviousness.

% Natural LC in Contributing Watershed

- 24
- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % natural landcover in entire upstream watershed. Calculated 2011 National Land Cover Database.
- Natural landcover aggregated from the following classes: open water, barren land, deciduous forest, evergreen forest, mixed forest, scrub/shrub, grassland/herbaceous, woody wetlands, emergent wetlands
- Unit: %

% Forested LC in Contributing Watershed



- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % forested landcover in entire upstream watershed. Calculated 2011 National Land Cover Database.
- Forested landcover aggregated from the following classes: deciduous forest, evergreen forest, mixed forest

% Impervious Surface in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % impervious landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- 2011 National Land Cover Database data

% Impervious Surface in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % impervious landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the downstream functional river network.

2011 National Land Cover Database data

% Natural LC in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % natural landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- 2011 National Land Cover Database data. Includes the following classes: open water, barren land, deciduous forest, evergreen forest, mixed forest, scrub/shrub, grassland/herbaceous, woody wetlands, emergent wetlands
- Unit: %

% Natural LC in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % natural landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the downstream functional river network.
- 2011 National Land Cover Database data. Includes the following classes: open water, barren land, deciduous forest, evergreen forest, mixed forest, scrub/shrub, grassland/herbaceous, woody wetlands, emergent wetlands
- Unit: %

% Forested in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % forested landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- <u>2011 National Land Cover Database</u> data. Includes the following classes: deciduous, evergreen & mixed forest

% Forested in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % forested landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the downstream functional river network.
- <u>2011 National Land Cover Database</u> data. Includes the following classes: deciduous, evergreen & mixed forest

% Conserved Land within 100m Buffer of Upstream Functional Network

Category: Watershed & Local Condition

 % of land within 100m buffer of <u>upstream functional</u> <u>network</u> that intersects 2014 secured areas database (<u>TNC</u>)

% Conserved Land within 100m Buffer of Downstream Functional Network

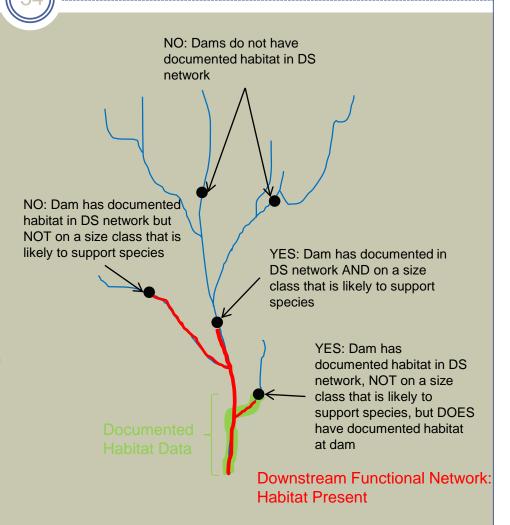
Category: Watershed & Local Condition

 % of land within 100m buffer of <u>downstream</u> <u>functional network</u> that intersects 2014 secured areas database (<u>TNC</u>)

American Shad habitat in Downstream Functional Network

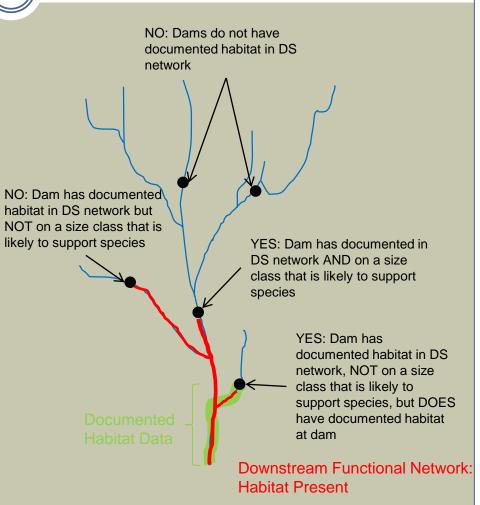
- Category: Ecological
- Presence of American shad downstream of dam. Based on:
 - 1. Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's downstream functional network
 - 2. **AND** Dam is on a stream that is likely to support that species based on stream size

 Size 2+ Rivers
 - 3. **OR** There is documented habitat up to a dam on a stream that doesn't meet the above size class rule
 - 4. **AND** the dam has not been specifically flagged otherwise by Chesapeake Fish Passage Workgroup
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes: "Current", "Potential Current", "Historical"



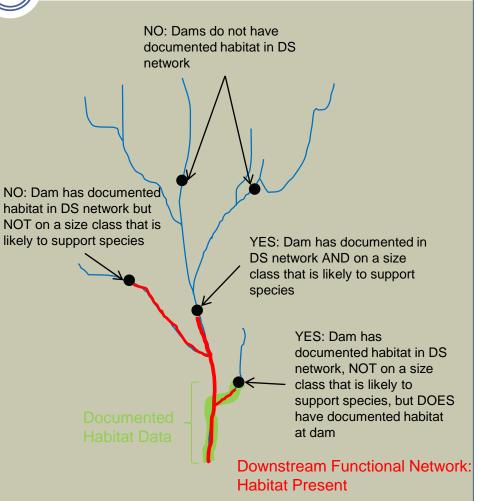
Blueback Herring habitat in Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of blueback herring downstream of dam. Based on:
 - 1. Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's downstream functional network
 - **AND** Dam is on a stream that is likely to support that species based on stream size
 - 1. Size 2+ Rivers & 1a/1b if no gradient >10%
 - 3. **OR** There is documented habitat up to a dam on a stream that doesn't meet the above size class rule
 - **4. AND** the dam has not been specifically flagged otherwise by Chesapeake Fish Passage Workgroup
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes: "Current", "Potential Current", "Historical"



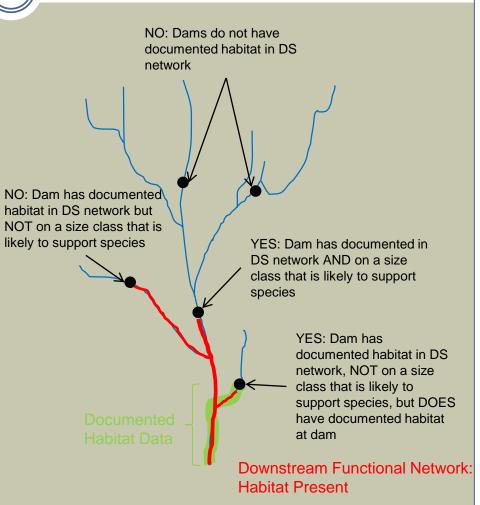
Hickory Shad habitat in Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of Hickory shad downstream of dam. Based on:
 - 1. Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's downstream functional network
 - **2. AND** Dam is on a stream that is likely to support that species based on stream size
 - 1. Size 2+ Rivers
 - 3. **OR** There is documented habitat up to a dam on a stream that doesn't meet the above size class rule
 - 4. **AND** the dam has not been specifically flagged otherwise by Chesapeake Fish Passage Workgroup
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes: "Current", "Potential Current", "Historical"



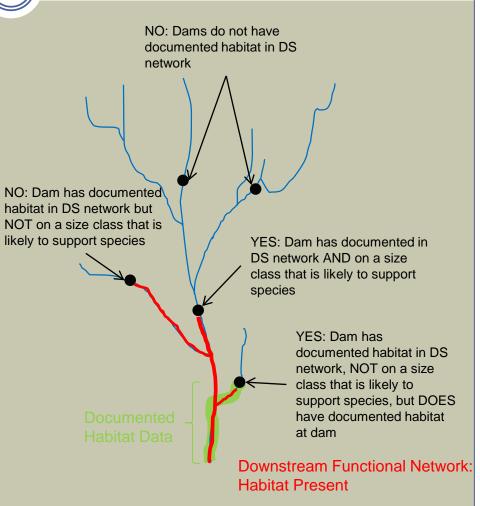
Alewife habitat in Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of alewife downstream of dam. Based on:
 - 1. Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's downstream functional network
 - **AND** Dam is on a stream that is likely to support that species based on stream size
 - 1. Size 2+ Rivers & 1a/1b if no gradient >10%
 - 3. **OR** There is documented habitat up to a dam on a stream that doesn't meet the above size class rule
 - **4. AND** the dam has not been specifically flagged otherwise by Chesapeake Fish Passage Workgroup
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes: "Current", "Potential Current", "Historical"



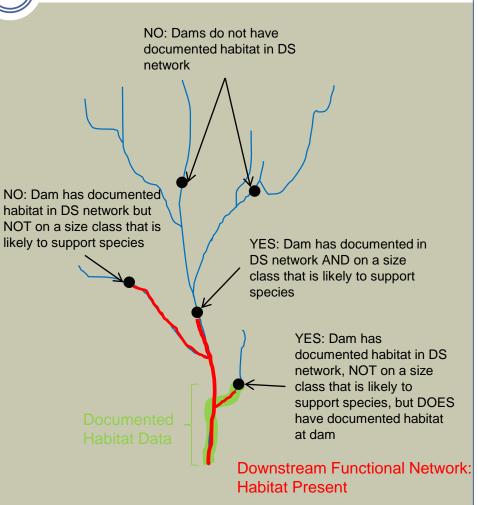
Atlantic Sturgeon habitat in Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of Atlantic sturgeon downstream of dam. Based on:
 - 1. Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's downstream functional network
 - **AND** Dam is on a stream that is likely to support that species based on stream size
 - 1. Size 4+ Rivers
 - 3. **OR** There is documented habitat up to a dam on a stream that doesn't meet the above size class rule
 - 4. **AND** the dam has not been specifically flagged otherwise by Chesapeake Fish Passage Workgroup
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes: "Current", "Potential Current", "Historical"



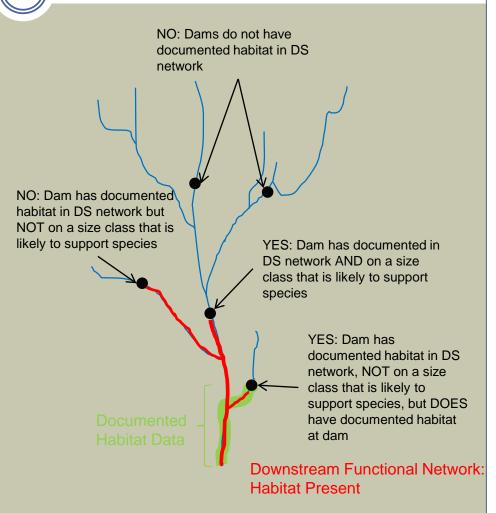
Striped Bass habitat in Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of striped bass downstream of dam. Based on:
 - 1. Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's downstream functional network
 - **AND** Dam is on a stream that is likely to support that species based on stream size
 - 1. Size 3b+ Rivers
 - 3. **OR** There is documented habitat up to a dam on a stream that doesn't meet the above size class rule
 - 4. **AND** the dam has not been specifically flagged otherwise by Chesapeake Fish Passage Workgroup
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes: "Current", "Potential Current", "Historical"



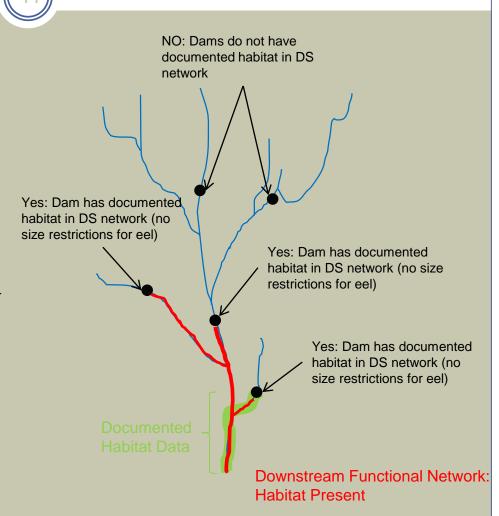
Shortnose Sturgeon habitat in Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of shortnose sturgeon downstream of dam. Based on:
 - 1. Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's downstream functional network
 - **2. AND** Dam is on a stream that is likely to support that species based on stream size
 - 1. Size 4+ Rivers
 - 3. **OR** There is documented habitat up to a dam on a stream that doesn't meet the above size class rule
 - 4. **AND** the dam has not been specifically flagged otherwise by Chesapeake Fish Passage Workgroup
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes: "Current", "Potential Current", "Historical"



American Eel habitat in Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of American eel downstream of dam. Based on:
 - Documented habitat in some portion of the dam's <u>downstream functional</u> network
 - 2. No size restrictions on eel
- Fish habitat data from multiple sources, reviewed and edited by state fisheries biologists. Each line segment includes its data source.
- Unit: Unitless Classes:
 "Current", "Potential Current",
 "Historical"



Presence of Anadromous Species in Downstream Network

- Category: Ecological
- Presence of habitat for 1 or more of the 7 anadromous species included in this analysis based on the data and methods described for each species:
 - o <u>alewife</u>, <u>blueback herring</u>, <u>American shad</u>, <u>hickory shad</u>, <u>striped bass</u>, <u>shortnose</u> <u>sturgeon</u>, <u>Atlantic sturgeon</u>
- Habitat for each species is coded as "Current", "Potential Current" or "Historical"
- If current and historical habitat are documented in the downstream functional network for different species, the current habitat trumps the potential current habitat which in turn trumps the historical habitat. So if alewife habitat is "Current", American shad habitat is "Potential Current" and Atlantic sturgeon are "Historical" the metric will be "Current", indicating that habitat for 1 or more anadromous species is currently documented in the dams downstream network (based on the methods described for each species).
- Does NOT include American eel
- Unit: presence / absence

Number of Diadromous Species



- Category: Ecological
- The number of diadromous species with documented habitat in the <u>downstream functional network</u> of each dam based on the data and methods described for each species:
 - <u>alewife</u>, <u>blueback herring</u>, <u>American shad</u>, <u>hickory shad</u>, <u>striped bass</u>, <u>shortnose sturgeon</u>, <u>Atlantic sturgeon</u>, <u>American Eel</u>
- Only "Current" habitat is considered for this metric
- Unit: #

Rare Fish in HUC8

44

Category: Ecological

• Count of rare (G1-G3) fish species in the watershed within which the dam is located

Based on <u>NatureServe</u> watershed (8-digit HUC) data

Rare Mussels in HUC8

45

Category: Ecological

• Count of rare (G1-G3) mussel species in the watershed within which the dam is located

Based on <u>NatureServe</u> watershed (8-digit HUC) data

Rare Crayfish in HUC8

46

Category: Ecological

• Count of rare (G1-G3) crayfish species in the watershed within which the dam is located

Based on <u>NatureServe</u> watershed (8-digit HUC) data

Barrier within EBTJV Catchment with Trout

- Category: Ecological Resident
- Barrier within an NHD catchment occupied by trout based on Eastern Brook Trout Joint Venture (EBTJV) data. (Mark Hudy 2012)
- Catchments with trout identified by the query "Trout =1"
- Unit: Boolean

Native Fish Species Richness - HUC 8

48

Category: Ecological

 Current native fish species richness in the watershed within which the dam is located

Based on <u>NatureServe</u> watershed (8-digit HUC) data

CBP Stream Health



Chesapeake Bay Program stream health score

Average Benthic Index of Biotic Integrity

 >10,000 sample locations rated as excellent, good, fair, poor, very poor

 Uses HUC10 watersheds where sample density is sufficient, otherwise HUC8 watersheds

MBSS Stream Health- BIBI



- <u>Maryland Biological Stream Survey</u> benthic macroinvertebrate index of biotic integrity
- HUC10 watersheds rated as good, fair, poor, very poor based on mean of sample data
- Dams are assigned values based on the watershed they are within

MBSS Stream Health- FIBI



- <u>Maryland Biological Stream Survey</u> fish index of biotic integrity
- HUC10 watersheds rated as good, fair, poor, very poor based on mean of sample data
- Dams are assigned values based on the watershed they are within

MBSS Stream Health- CIBI



- Maryland Biological Stream Survey combined (average) of benthic macroinvertebrate index of biotic integrity and fish index of biotic integrity
- HUC10 watersheds rated as good, fair, poor, very poor based on mean of sample data
- Dams are assigned values based on the watershed they are within

INSTAR Stream Health - MIBI



- Virginia's <u>Interactive Stream Assessment Resource</u>: modified Index of Biotic Integrity
- 6th order (HUC12) watersheds classified as moderate, high, very high, outstanding
- Dams are assigned values based on the watershed they are within
- Data provided by
 - Virginia Commonwealth University,
 - VA Department of Conservation and Recreation, Division of Natural Heritage

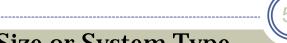


PA Stream Health



- Pennsylvania stream health score, based on benthic index of biotic integrity data obtained from <u>PA DEP</u>.
- Mean IBI calculated for HUC10 watersheds.
 - o "small stream" IBI used where drainage <50mi2
 - "large stream" IBI used where drainage >50mi²
- Classed as good (>63), fair (43-63), poor (<43) based on mean IBI score.
- Dams are assigned values based on the watershed they are within

River Size Class



Category: Size or System Type

River size class based on <u>NE Aquatic Habitat Classification</u>.

1a: Headwaters (<3.861 sq.mi.)

1b: Creeks (>= 3.861<38.61 sq.mi.)

2: Small River (>=38.61<200 sq. mi.)

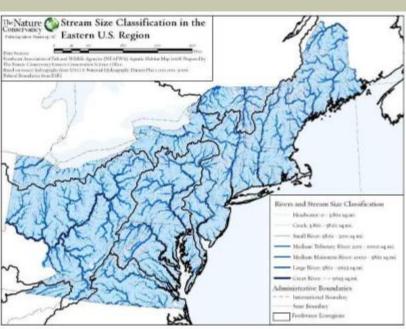
3a: Medium Tributary Rivers (>=200<1000 sq.mi.)

3b: Medium Mainstem Rivers (>=1000<3861 sq.

4: Large Rivers (>=3861 < 9653 sq.mi.)

5: Great Rivers (>=9653 sq.mi.)

(measure = upstream drainage area)



Upstream Size Classes Gained by Removal / Bypass

- Category: Size or System Type
- Number of upstream <u>stream size classes</u> gained if dam were to be removed. Stream segments must be >0.5 miles to be considered a gain and the size class must not be present in the <u>downstream functional</u> <u>network</u>.
- e.g. If a <u>downstream functional network</u> had small rivers (size 2) and medium tributary rivers (size 3a), while an <u>upstream functional</u> <u>network</u> had these as well as 2 miles of creek (size 1b), the gain would be 1.
- Unit: #

Total # Reconnected Stream Size Classes >0.5 Miles(upstream + downstream)

- Category: Size or System Type
- Number of unique stream size classes >0.5 miles in total upstream and downstream functional networks
- Where stream size defined as:

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o 1a: Headwaters (<3.861 sq.mi.)
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- 1b: Creeks (>= 3.861<38.61 sq.mi.)</p>
- 2: Small River (>=38.61<200 sq. mi.)
- 3a: Medium Tributary Rivers (>=200<1000 sq.mi.)
- o 3b: Medium Mainstem Rivers (>=1000<3861 sq.mi.)
- 4: Large Rivers (>=3861 < 9653 sq.mi.)</p>
- 5: Great Rivers (>=9653 sq.mi.)

(measure = upstream drainage area)

Small Streams Connected Directly to the Bay

58

• The first dams up from the Bay on small streams (Sizes 1a/1b) within 20km of the Bay (i.e. draining directly to the Bay or near the mouth of a large river).

% Agricultural LC in Contributing Watershed



- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % natural landcover in entire upstream watershed.
 Calculated <u>2011 National Land Cover Database</u>.
- Agricultural landcover aggregated from the following classes: cultivated crops, pasture
- Unit: %

% Agricultural in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % agricultural landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- <u>2011 National Land Cover Database</u> data. Includes the following classes: cultivated crops, pasture

% Agricultural LC in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % agricultural landcover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the downstream functional river network.

• <u>2011 National Land Cover Database</u> data. Includes the following classes: cultivated crops, pasture

% Tree Cover in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % tree cover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Tree cover in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % tree cover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the downstream functional river network.

• Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Herbaceous Cover in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Herbaceous cover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Herbaceous cover in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Herbaceous cover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the downstream functional river network.

• Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Barren Cover in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Barren cover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Barren cover in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Barren cover within <u>Active River Area</u> of the downstream functional river network.

• Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Road Impervious Surface in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Road Impervious Surface within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Road Impervious Surface in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Road Impervious Surface within <u>Active River Area</u> of the <u>downstream functional river network</u>.
- Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Non-Road Impervious Surface in ARA of Upstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Non-Road Impervious Surface within <u>Active River</u> <u>Area</u> of the <u>upstream functional river network</u>.
- Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

% Non-Road Impervious Surface in ARA of Downstream Functional Network

- Category: Watershed & Local Condition
- % Non-Road Impervious Surface within <u>Active River</u> <u>Area</u> of the <u>downstream functional river network</u>.
- Land cover data from the <u>Chesapeake Bay</u> <u>Conservancy's high resolution (1m) land cover data</u>.

Dam is on Conserved Land

Category: Watershed & Local Condition

 Dam location intersects conserved land from 2014 secured areas database (TNC)

• Unit: Boolean

NFHP Risk of Degradation Score



- Category Watershed & Local Condition
- Relative risk of habitat degradation based on the mapped level of disturbance to fish habitats
- Based on <u>National Fish Habitat Partnership data</u>
- Scores are passed to each barrier from the NHD Plus catchment it is located within, where:
 - 1.0 1.5 = Very High Relative Risk of Habitat Degradation
 - \circ 1.6 2.5 = High Relative Risk of Habitat Degradation
 - 2.6 3.4 = Moderate Relative Risk of Habitat Degradation
 - \circ 3.5 4.2 = Low Relative Risk of Habitat Degradation
 - \circ 4.3 5.0 = Very Low Relative Risk of Habitat Degradation
- GIS Name: CumDisInd (numerical score)
- GIS Name: CumDistTXT (text description)

Barrier within Modeled Trout Catchment

- 74
- Category: Ecological Resident
- Barrier within a catchment with modeled brook trout occupancy. (<u>DeWeber & Wagner 2015</u>)
- Catchments occupied by brook trout identified using the "occur46" scenario from DeWeber & Wagner 2015:
 - a binary classification (1 = present; 0 = absent) of Brook Trout occurrence based on a threshold that was equal to prevalence in the training data set, which produces near-optimal classification accuracy and could be used when false positives and false negatives have equal costs.
- Unit: Boolean

Barrier blocks EBTJV 2012 Catchments



- Category: Ecological Resident
- NHD catchments occupied by trout are in one of a barriers functional networks — either <u>upstream</u> or <u>downstream</u>, but not both
- Based on <u>2012 EBTJV data</u>

Unit: Boolean

Barrier blocks Modeled Trout Catchments



- Category: Ecological Resident
- NHD catchments occupied by trout are in one of a barriers functional networks — either <u>upstream</u> or <u>downstream</u>, but not both
- Based on <u>DeWeber & Wagner 2015</u> data

Unit: Boolean

Presence of rare fish or mussel species in upstream or downstream functional network

- Rare fish or mussel species are found in either the upstream functional network, downstream functional network, or both
- Rare species include those categorized as G1, G2, G3, S1, S2, S3, or state or federally listed
- Data Sources:
 - MD: Data included in this document were provided by the Maryland Department of Natural Resources Monitoring and Non-tidal Assessment Division.
 - O PA: Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program
 - VA: Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, Wildlife Environmental Review Map Service (WERMS), "SppObs_All" dataset

Presence of globally rare (G1, G2, G3) or federally endangered / threatened fish or mussel species in upstream or downstream functional network

- Globally rare fish or mussel species are found in either the upstream functional network, downstream functional network, or both
- Globally rare species include those categorized as G1, G2, G3, or federally listed
- Data Sources:
 - MD: Data included in this document were provided by the Maryland Department of Natural Resources Monitoring and Non-tidal Assessment Division.
 - o PA: Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program
 - VA: Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, Wildlife Environmental Review Map Service (WERMS), "SppObs_All" dataset

Presence of rare fish or mussel species in HUC12

- Rare fish or mussel species are found in HUC12 subwatershed in which the barrier is located
- Rare species include those categorized as G1, G2, G3, S1, S2, S3, or state or federally listed
- Data Sources:
 - MD: Data included in this document were provided by the Maryland Department of Natural Resources Monitoring and Non-tidal Assessment Division.
 - PA: Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program
 - VA: Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, Wildlife Environmental Review Map Service (WERMS), "SppObs_All" dataset

Presence of globally rare (G1, G2, G3) or federally endangered / threatened fish or mussel species in HUC12



- Globally rare fish or mussel species are found in HUC12 subwatershed in which the barrier is located
- Globally rare species include those categorized as G1, G2, G3, or federally listed
- Data Sources:
 - MD: Data included in this document were provided by the Maryland Department of Natural Resources Monitoring and Non-tidal Assessment Division.
 - PA: Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program
 - VA: Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, Wildlife Environmental Review Map Service (WERMS), "SppObs_All" dataset

Upstream Size Classes Gained by Removal / Bypass

- Category: Size or System Type
- Number of upstream <u>stream size classes</u>. Stream segments must be >0.5 miles to be considered a gain and the size class must not be present in the <u>downstream functional network</u>.
- e.g. If a <u>downstream functional network</u> had small rivers (size 2) and medium tributary rivers (size 3a), while an <u>upstream functional</u> <u>network</u> had these as well as 2 miles of creek (size 1b), the gain would be 1.
- Unit: #

Miles of Cold Water Habitat in Total Functional Network

- (82
- Category: Size or System Type
- Miles of Cold Water habitat in the <u>total functional</u> <u>network</u> of a barrier
- Cold water habitat data from the <u>Northeast</u> <u>Aquatic Habitat Classification</u>
- Unit: Miles

Miles of Cold or Cool Water Habitat in Total Functional Network

- Category: Size or System Type
- Miles of Cold or Cool Water habitat in the <u>total</u> <u>functional network</u> of a barrier
- Cold water habitat data from the <u>Northeast</u> <u>Aquatic Habitat Classification</u>

Unit: Miles