



Topic 4. Pipelined CPU with Cache

浙江大学计算机学院

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Outline



- Experiment Purpose
- Experiment Task
- Basic Principle
- Operating Procedures
- Checkpoints







- Understand the principle of Cache Management Unit (CMU) and State Machine of CMU
- Master the design methods of CMU and Integrate it to the CPU.
- Master verification methods of CMU and compare the performance of CPU when it has cache or not.



Experiment Task

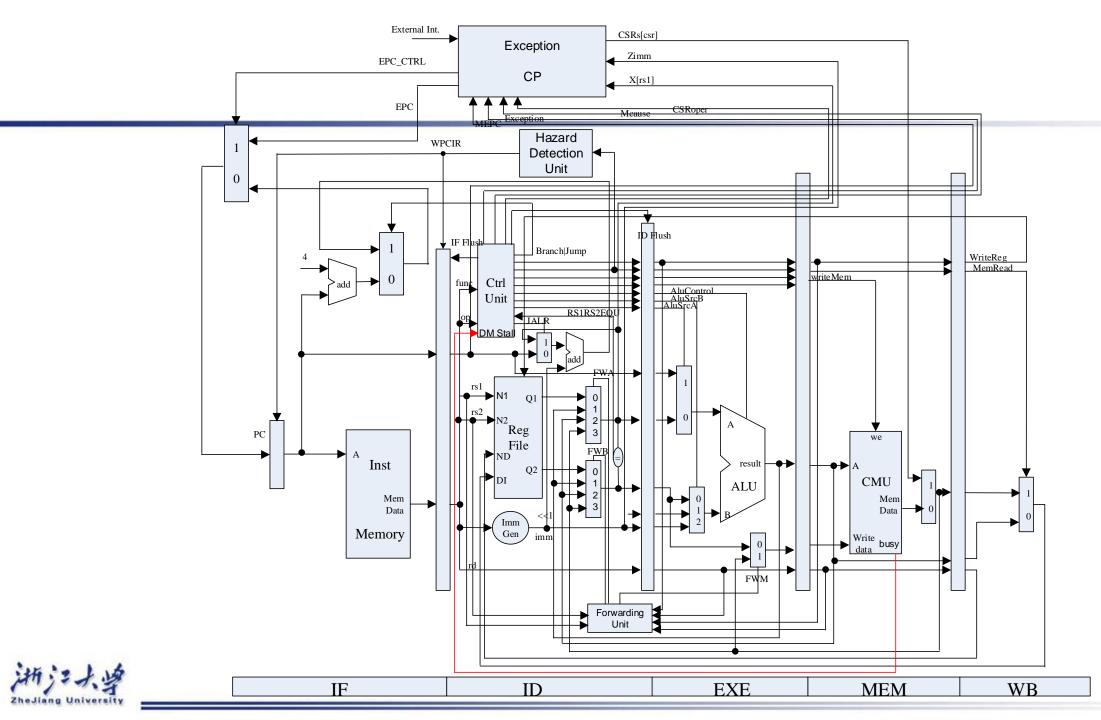


Design of Cache Management Unit and integrate it to CPU.

Observe and Analyze the Waveform of Simulation.

Compare the performance of CPU when it has cache or not.







Cache Management Unit

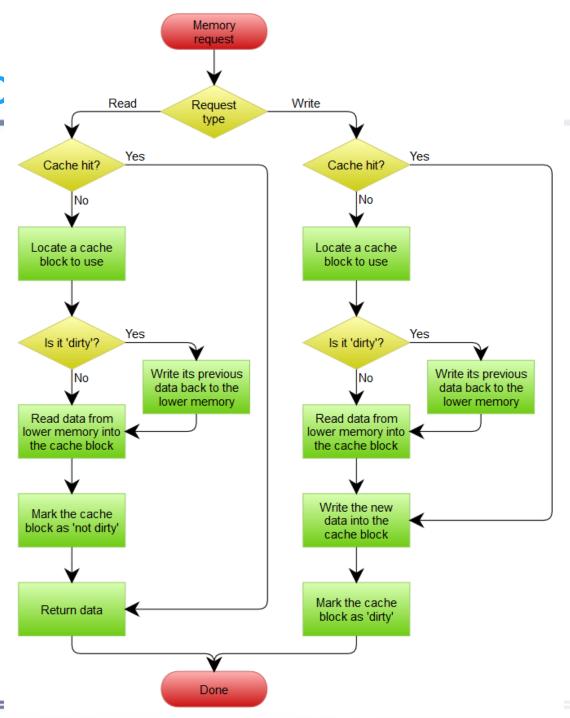


CPU Interface		Memory Interface
Addr_RW		Mem CS
EN_R		Mem WE
EN_W		Mem Addr
Data_W	CMU	Mem_data_o
Data_R		Mem_data_i
Busy		Mem_ack_i



Cache Operation Flc

- Read (Hit/Miss)
- Write (Hit/Miss)
- Replace (Clean/Dirty)

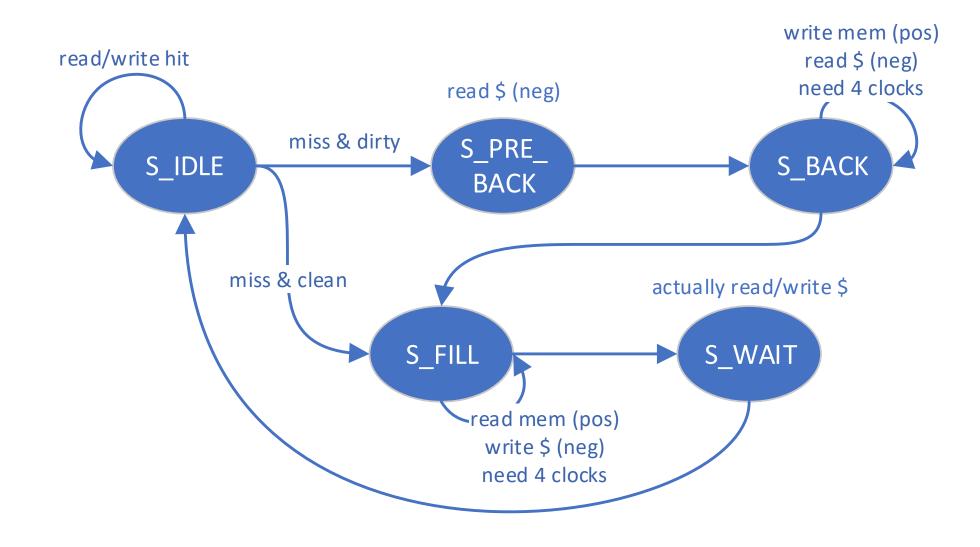














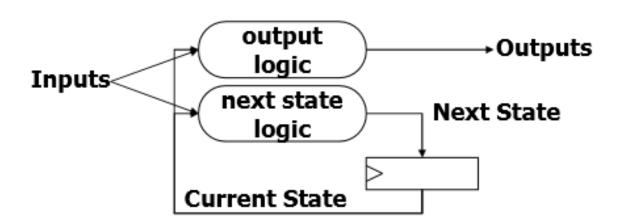
State Machine



Next State Logic

• State assignment

Output





Next logic (1)



```
S_IDLE: begin
   if (en_r | | en_w) begin
     if (cache_hit)
       next_state = ???;
     else if (cache_valid && cache_dirty)
       next_state = ???;
     else
       next_state = ???;
   end
   next_word_count = 2'b00;
 end
 S_PRE_BACK: begin
   next_state = ???;
   next_word_count = 2'b00;
 end
```



Next logic (2)



```
S_BACK: begin
          if (mem_ack_i && word_count == {ELEMENT_WORDS_WIDTH{1'b1}})
// 2'b11 in default case
            next_state = ???;
          else
            next_state = ???;
          if (mem_ack_i)
            next_word_count = ???;
          else
            next_word_count = word_count;
        end
```



Next logic (3)



```
S_FILL: begin
  if (mem_ack_i && word_count == {ELEMENT_WORDS_WIDTH{1'b1}})
    next_state = ???;
  else
    next_state = ???;
  if (mem_ack_i)
    next_word_count = ???;
  else
    next_word_count = word_count;
end
S_WAIT: begin
  next_state = ???;
  next_word_count = 2'b00;
```



Perform State Assignment



```
always @ (posedge clk) begin
    if (rst) begin
      state <= S_IDLE;</pre>
      word_count <= 2'b00;
    end
    else begin
      state <= next_state;</pre>
      word_count <= next_word_count;</pre>
    end
 end
```



Output (1)



```
case(state)
     S_IDLE, S_WAIT: begin
       cache_addr = addr_rw;
       cache_load = en_r;
       cache edit = en w;
       cache store = 1'b0;
       cache u b h w = u b h w;
       cache_din = data_w;
     end
     S_BACK, S_PRE_BACK: begin
       cache_addr = {addr_rw[ADDR_BITS-1:BLOCK_WIDTH], next_word_count, {ELEMENT_WORDS_WIDTH{1'b0}}};
       cache load = 1'b0;
       cache_edit = 1'b0;
       cache store = 1'b0;
       cache_u_b_h_w = 3'b010;
       cache din = 32'b0;
     end
     S_FILL: begin
       cache_addr = {addr_rw[ADDR_BITS-1:BLOCK_WIDTH], word_count, {ELEMENT_WORDS_WIDTH{1'b0}}};
       cache load = 1'b0;
       cache edit = 1'b0;
       cache store = mem ack i;
       cache_u_b_h_w = 3'b010;
       cache_din = mem_data_i;
     end
```

Output (2)



```
case (next_state)
     S_IDLE, S_PRE_BACK, S_WAIT: begin
       mem_cs_o = 1'b0;
       mem_we_o = 1'b0;
       mem_addr_o = 32'b0;
     end
     S_BACK: begin
       mem_cs_o = 1'b1;
       mem_we_o = 1'b1;
       mem_addr_o = {cache_tag, addr_rw[ADDR_BITS-TAG_BITS-1:BLOCK_WIDTH], next_word_count, {ELEMENT_WORDS_WIDTH{1'b0}}};
     end
     S_FILL: begin
       mem_cs_o = 1'b1;
       mem_we_o = 1'b0;
       mem_addr_o = {addr_rw[ADDR_BITS-1:BLOCK_WIDTH], next_word_count, {ELEMENT_WORDS_WIDTH{1'b0}}};
```

RV32 Core



```
module cmu (
```

```
input clk,
                               // CPU side
input rst,
input [31:0] addr_rw,
input en_r,
input en_w,
input [2:0] u_b_h_w,
input [31:0] data_w,
output [31:0] data_r,
output stall,
                               // mem side
output reg mem_cs_o = 0,
output reg mem_we_o = 0,
output reg [31:0] mem_addr_o = 0,
input [31:0] mem_data_i,
output [31:0] mem_data_o,
input mem_ack_i,
                               // debug info
output [2:0] cmu_state
```



Instr. Mem.(1)

NIO	1	۸ ما ما	1 - 1 - 1	A C N 4	
NO.	Instruction	Adar.	Labei	ASM	Comment
0	0000013	0	start:	addi x0, x0, 0	
1	01c00083	4		lb x1, 0x01C(x0)	# F0F0F0F0 in 0x1C # FFFFFF0 miss, read 0x010~0x01C to set 1 line 0
2	01c01103	8		lh x2, 0x01C(x0)	# FFFF0F0 hit
3	01c02183	С		lw x3, 0x01C(x0)	# F0F0F0F0 hit
4	01c04203	10		lbu x4, 0x01C(x0)	# 00000F0 hit
5	01c05283	14		lhu x5, 0x01C(x0)	# 0000F0F0 hit
6	21002003	18		lw x0, 0x210(x0)	# miss, read 0x210~0x21C to cache set 1 line 1
7	abcde0b7	1C		lui x1 0xABCDE	
8	71c08093	24		addi x1, x1, 0x710	# x1 = 0xABCDE71C
9	00100023	28		sb x1, 0x0(x0)	# miss, read 0x000~0x00C to cache set 0 line 0
10	00101223	2C		sh x1, 0x4(x0)	# hit
11	00102423	30		sw x1, 0x8(x0)	# hit





Instr. Mem.(2)

	NO.	Instruction	Addr.	Label	ASM	Comment
	12	20002303	34		lw x6, 0x200(x0)	# miss, read 0x200~0x20C to cache set 0 line 1
	13	40002383	38		lw x7, 0x400(x0)	# miss, write 0x000~0x00C back to ram, then read 0x400~40C to cache set 0 line 0
	14	41002403	3C		lw x8, 0x410(x0)	# miss, no write back because of clean, read 0x410~41C to chache set 1 line 0
	15	0ed06813	40	loop:	lori x16, x0, 0xED	# end
	16	ffdff06f	44		jal x0, loop	
Zh						



Data Mem.

NO.	Data	Addr.	Comment	NO.	Instruction	Addr.	Comment
0	000080BF	0		16	00000000	40	
1	8000000	4		17	00000000	44	
2	0000010	8		18	00000000	48	
3	0000014	С		19	00000000	4C	
4	FFFF0000	10		20	A3000000	50	
5	0FFF0000	14		21	27000000	54	
6	FF000F0F	18		22	79000000	58	
7	F0F0F0F0	1C		23	15100000	5C	
8	00000000	20		24	00000000	60	
9	00000000	24		25	00000000	64	
10	00000000	28		26	00000000	68	
11	00000000	2C		27	00000000	6C	
12	00000000	30		28	00000000	70	
13	00000000	34		29	00000000	74	
14	00000000	38		30	00000000	78	
15	0000000	3C		31	00000000	7C	

Test Bench



1+17

total: 128

```
initial begin
       data[0] = 40'h0 2 00000004; // read miss
                                                        1+17
      data[1] = 40'h0 3 00000019; // write miss
                                                        1+17
      data[2] = 40'h1 2 00000008; // read hit
      data[3] = 40'h1 3 00000014; // write hit
       data[4] = 40'h2 2 00000204; // read miss
                                                        1+17
      data[5] = 40'h2 3 00000218; // write miss
                                                        1+17
      data[6] = 40'h0 3 00000208; // write hit
      data[7] = 40'h4 2 00000414; // read miss + dirty
                                                          1+17+17
```

data[8] = 40'h1 3 00000404; // write miss + clean

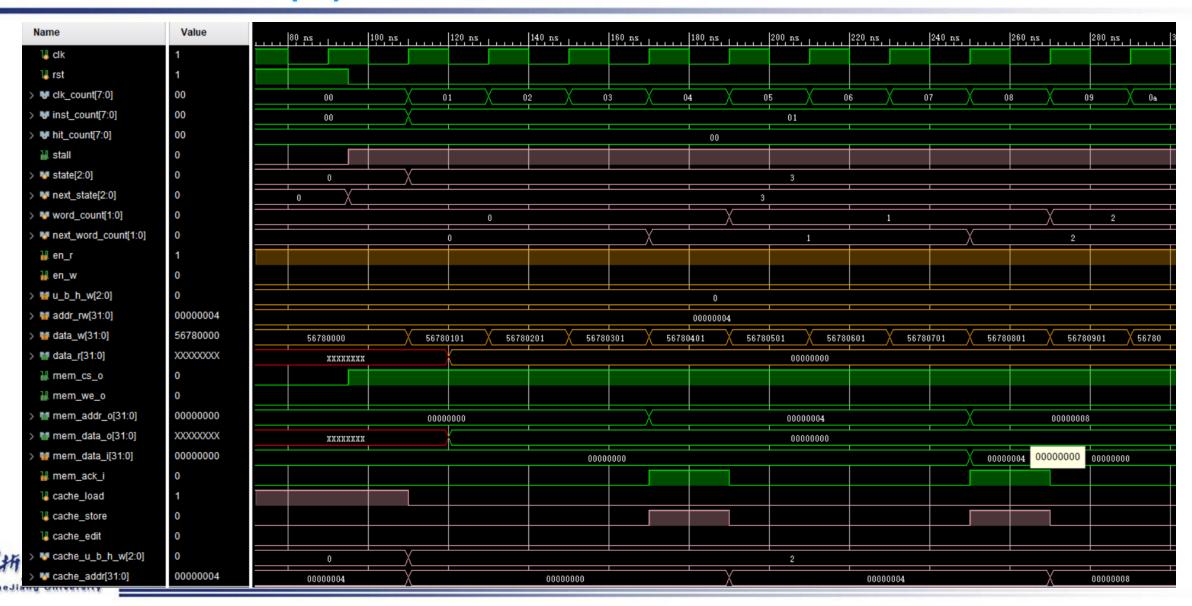
data[9] = 40'h0; // end

end



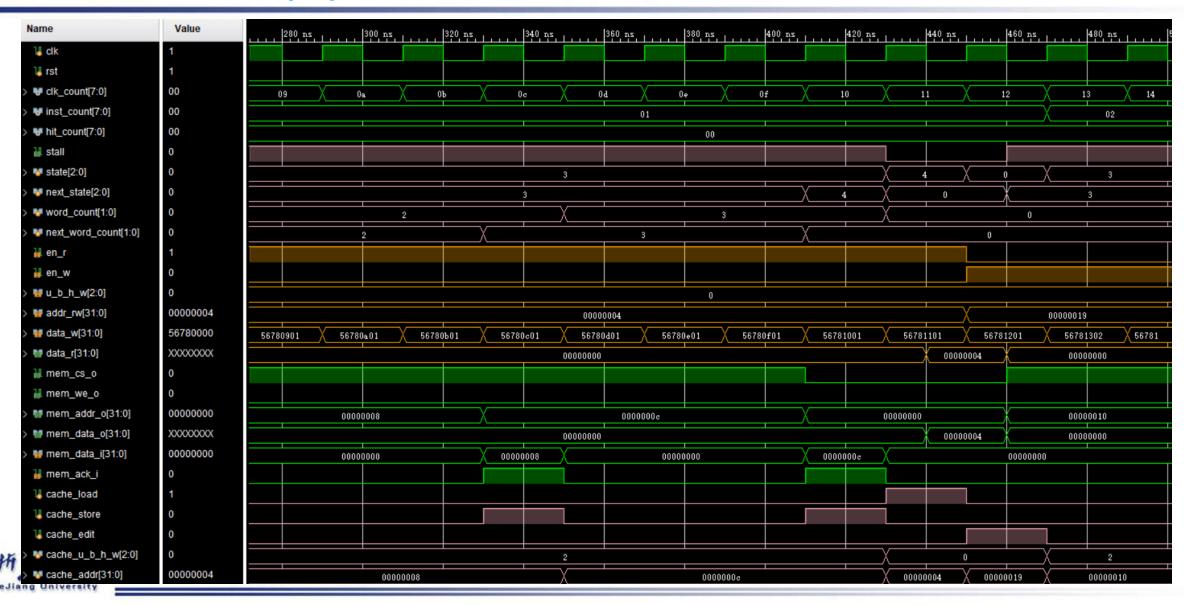
Simulation(1)





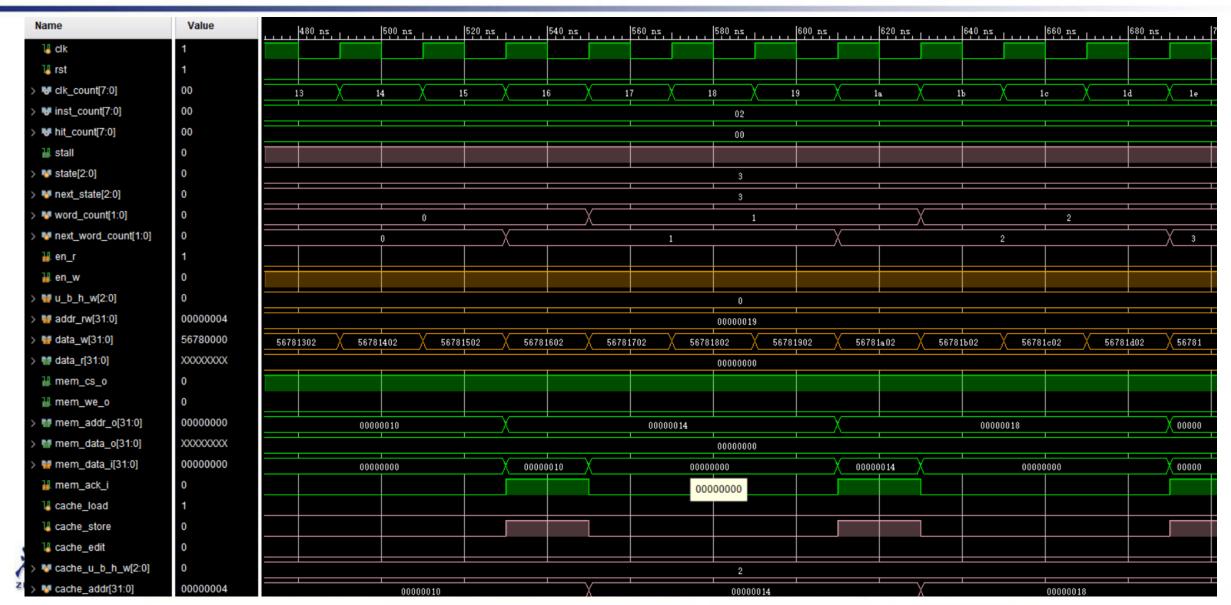
Simulation(2)





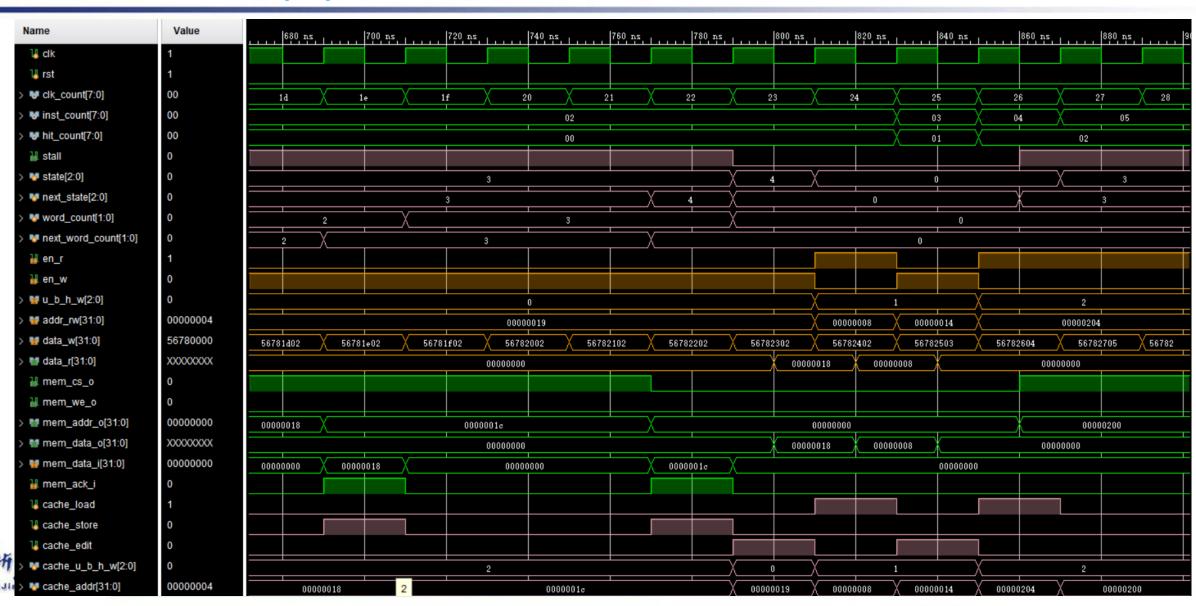
Simulation(3)





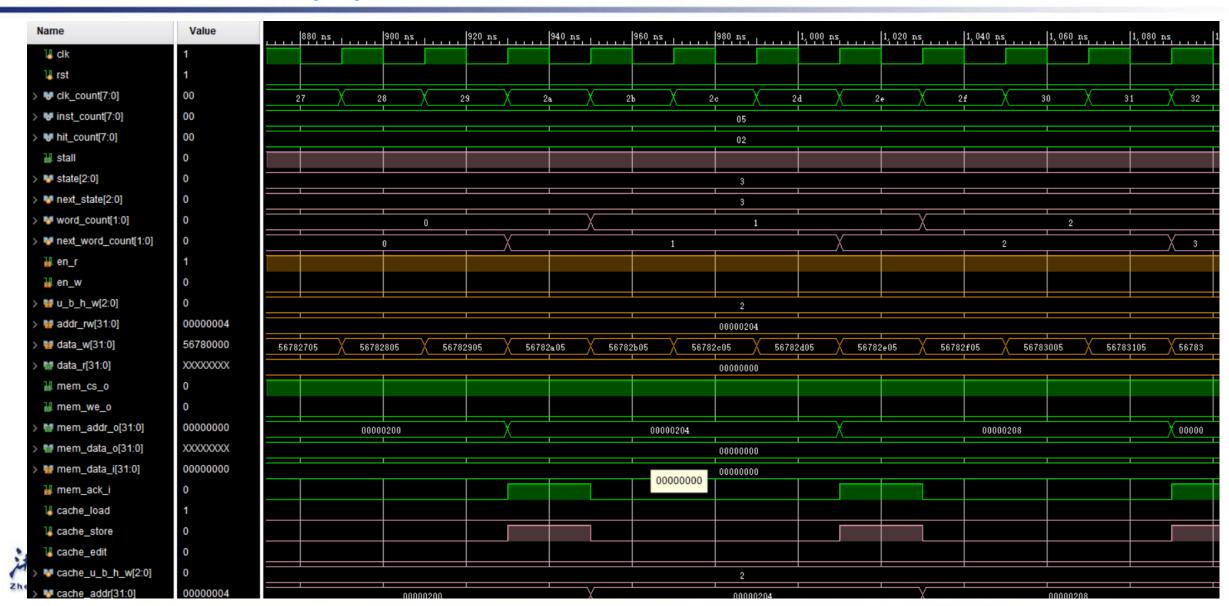
Simulation(4)





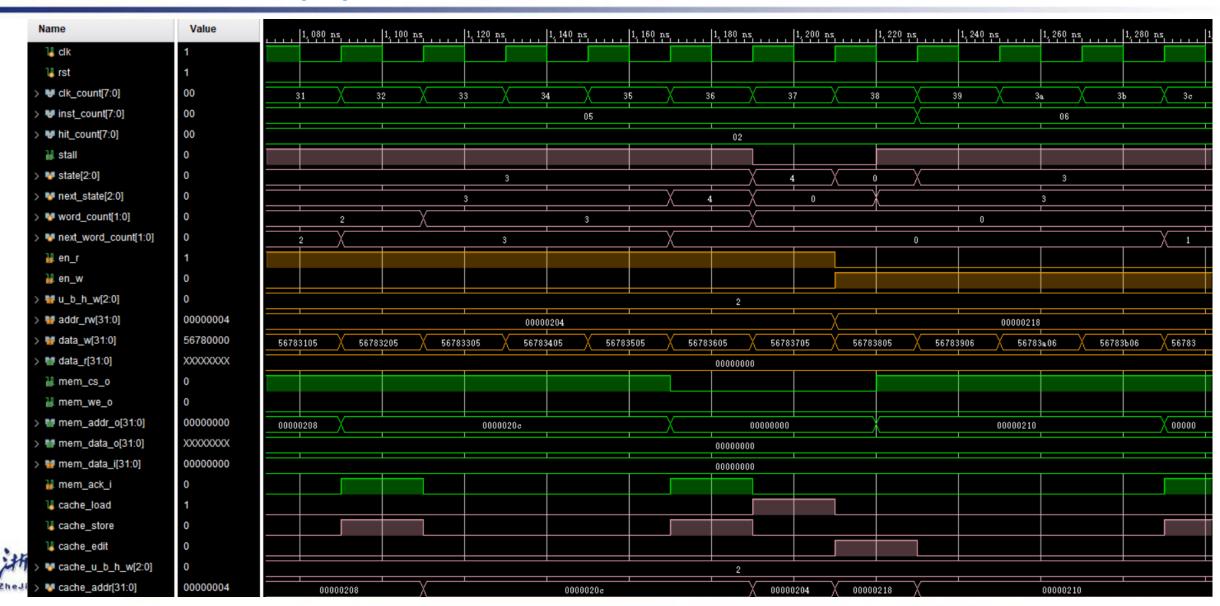
Simulation(5)





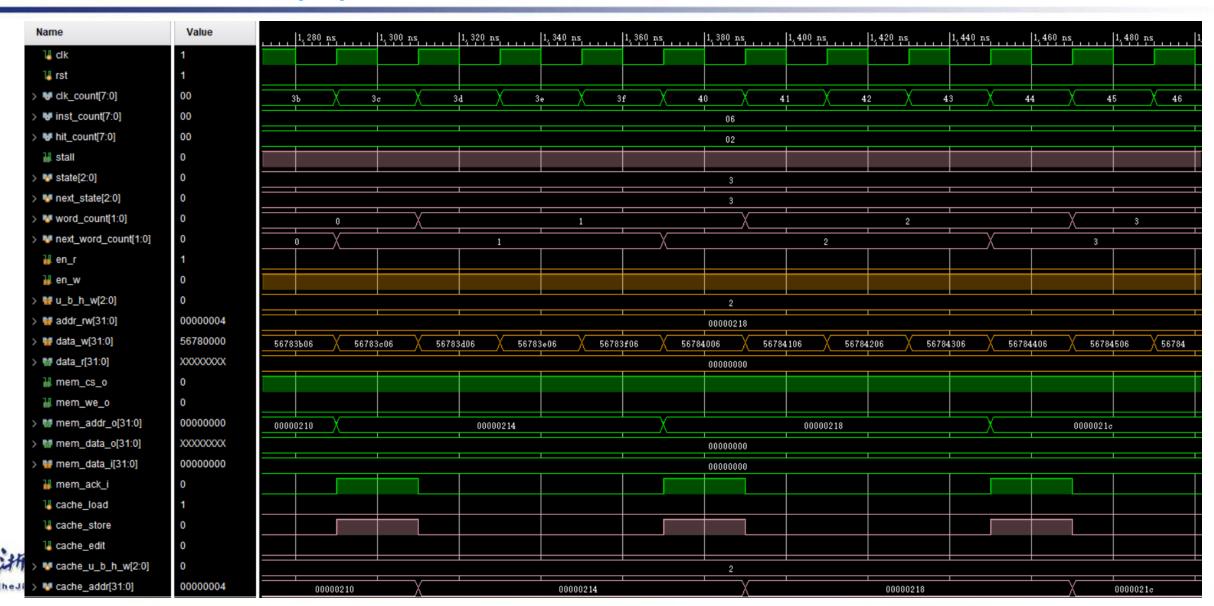
Simulation(6)





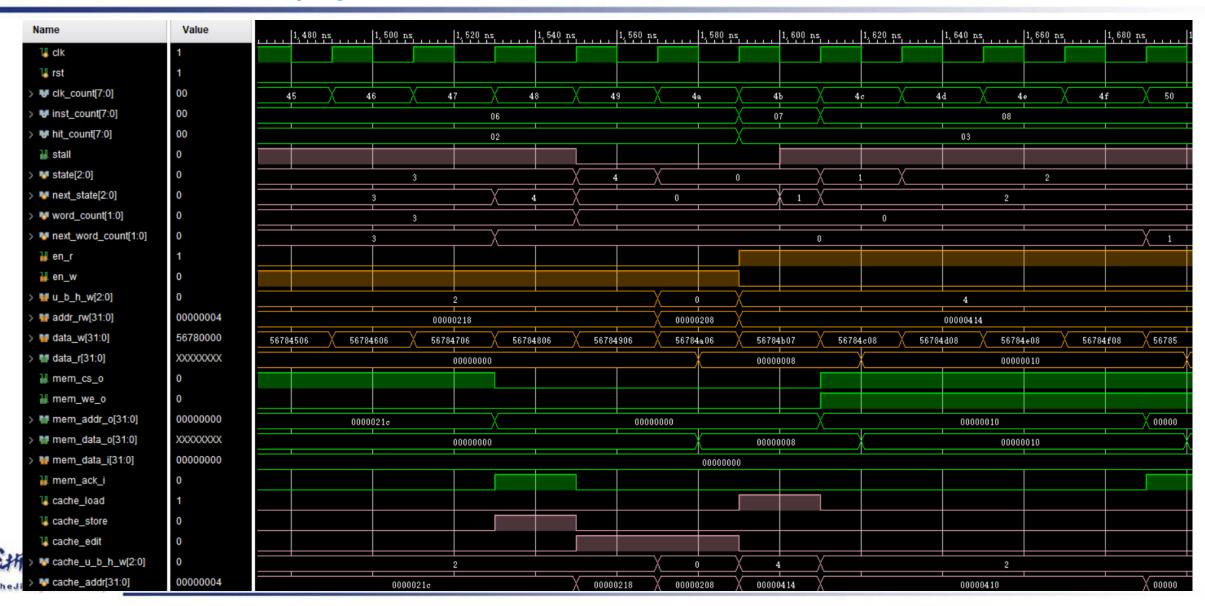
Simulation(7)





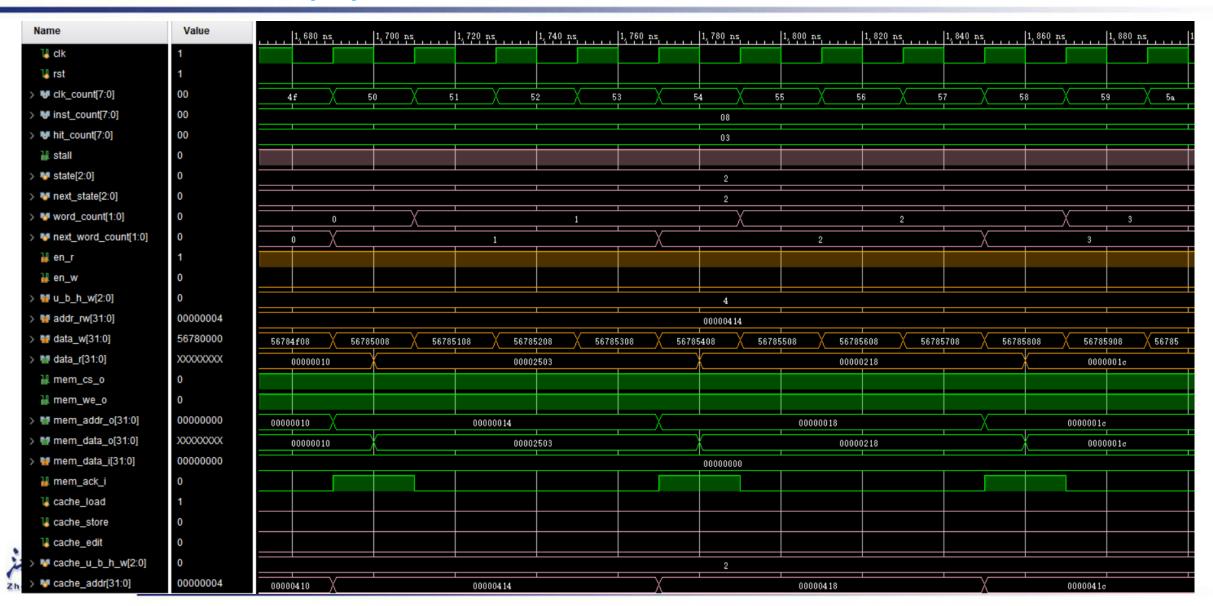
Simulation(8)





Simulation(9)





Checkpoints



• CP1:

Waveform Simulation of CMU.

• CP2:

FPGA Verification.





Thanksl

