pset1_jupyter

February 5, 2023

Problem 1

In a classical algorithm the instructions are specified by the programmer before run time. In a machine learning frame work, the programmer provides data the machine learning algorithm uses to train and determine most of the parameters. Based on the learned parameters, the output for new input is calculated.

Problem 2

```
[]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import random
random.seed(10)
```

```
[]: import os
import sys
module_path = os.path.abspath(os.path.join('..'))
if module_path not in sys.path:
    sys.path.append(module_path)
```

1 Problem 1

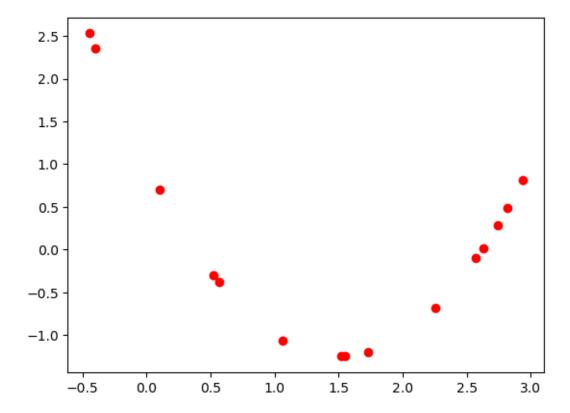
N = 15; 100 and sigma = 0; 0:05; 0:2 generate problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise with

1.1 Problem 1a

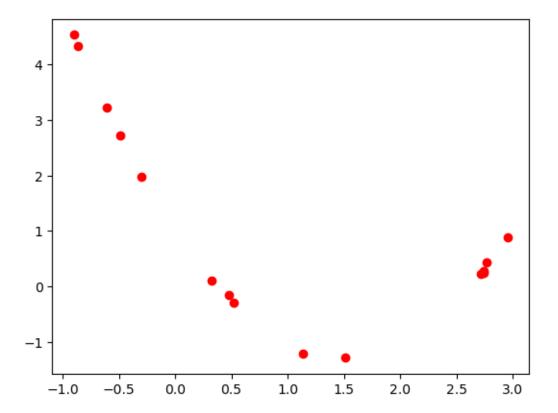
```
[]: #data_15_0 = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(15, 0)
#data_15_005 = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(15, 0.05)
#data_15_02 = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(15, 0.2)
#data_100_0 = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(100, 0)
#data_100_005 = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(100, 0.05)
#data_100_02 = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(100, 0.2)
```

```
[]: for n_sample in [15, 100]:
    for noise in [0, 0.05, 0.2]:
        data = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(n_sample, noise)
        print("n_sample: ", n_sample, "noise: ", noise)
        plt.plot(data[0], data[1], 'ro')
        plt.show()
```

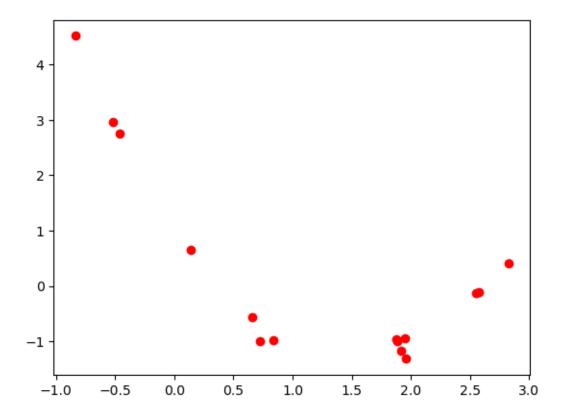
n_sample: 15 noise: 0



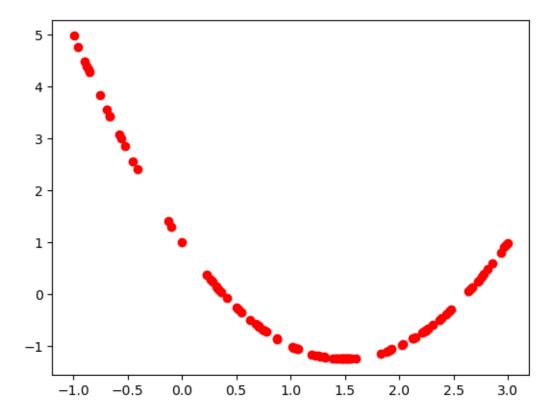
n_sample: 15 noise: 0.05



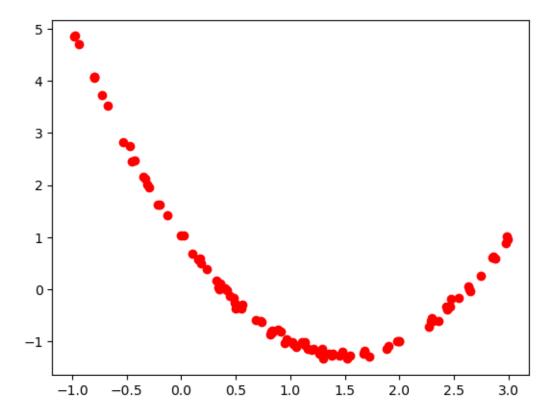
n_sample: 15 noise: 0.2



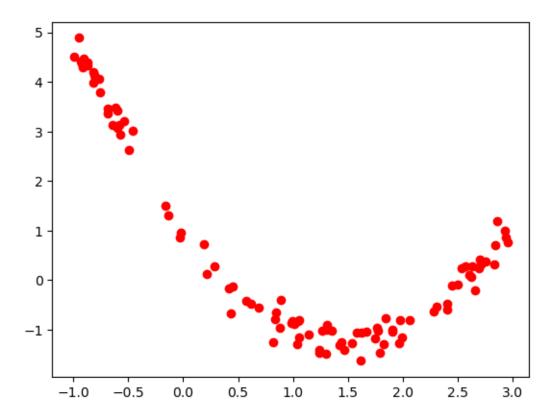
n_sample: 100 noise: 0



n_sample: 100 noise: 0.05



n_sample: 100 noise: 0.2



1.2 1b

```
def plot_fitted_polynomial(data_x, data_y, degree, regularisation=0):
    coeffs = problem2_fit_polynomial(data_x, data_y, degree, regularisation)
    #plot polynomial with weights w on top of data
    plot_x = np.linspace(-1, 3, 100)
    plot_y = np.array([sum([w_i * x_i ** n for n, w_i in enumerate(coeffs)])])
    ofor x_i in plot_x])
    plt.plot(plot_x, plot_y, 'b-')

#plot on top
    plt.plot(data_x, data_y, 'ro')

#plot polynomial with weights w on top of data
    predicted_y = np.array([sum([w_i * x_i ** n for n, w_i in_u ** enumerate(coeffs)]) for x_i in data_x])
    #MSE between predicted_y and data_y
    mse = np.mean((predicted_y - data_y) ** 2)

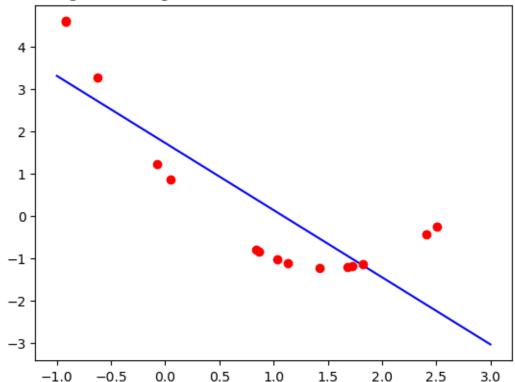
#add mse to plot
```

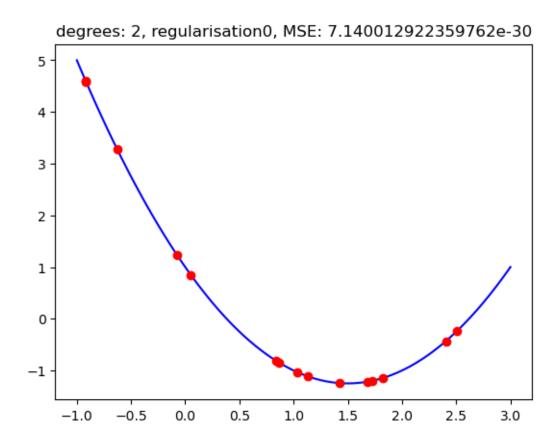
```
[]: #create empty list
list_performance = list()

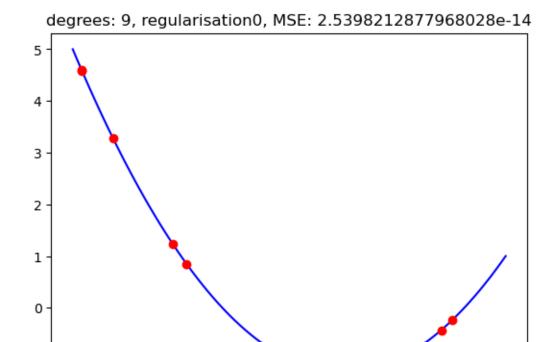
for n_sample in [15, 100]:
    for noise in [0, 0.05, 0.2]:
        data = problem2_evaluate_function_on_random_noise(n_sample, noise)
        print("n_sample: ", n_sample, "noise: ", noise)
        for degree in [1,2,9]:
            mse, coeffs = plot_fitted_polynomial(data[0], data[1], degree)
            #add mse, coeffs tupel to list
            list_performance.append((n_sample, noise, degree, mse, coeffs))
            plt.show()
```

n_sample: 15 noise: 0

degrees: 1, regularisation0, MSE: 1.1921546285975178







n_sample: 15 noise: 0.05

-1.0

-0.5

0.0

0.5

1.0

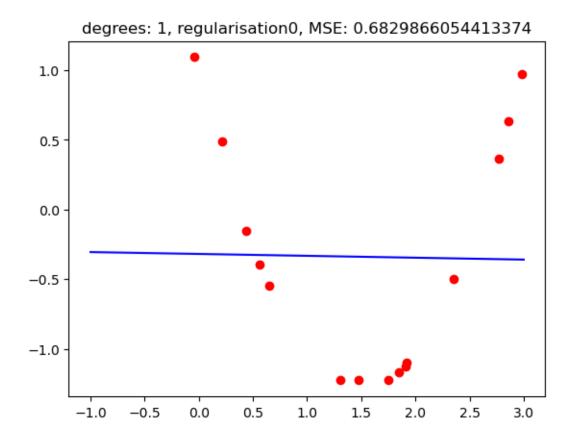
1.5

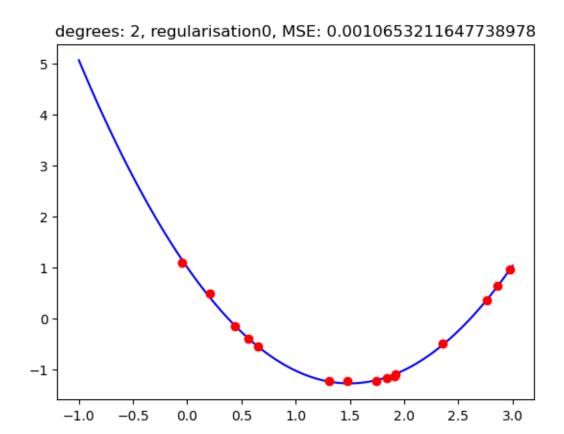
2.0

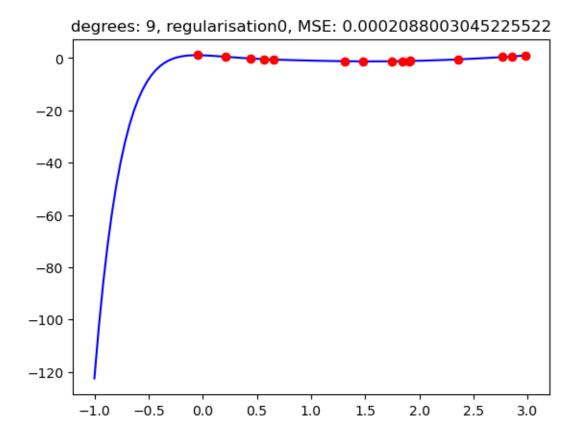
2.5

3.0

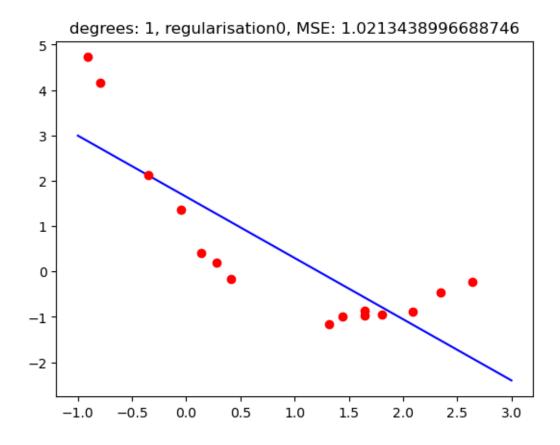
-1

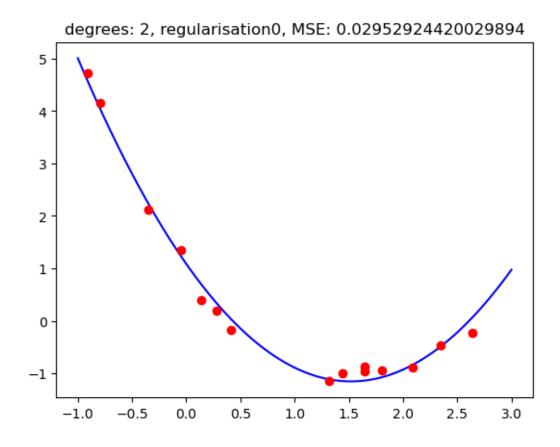


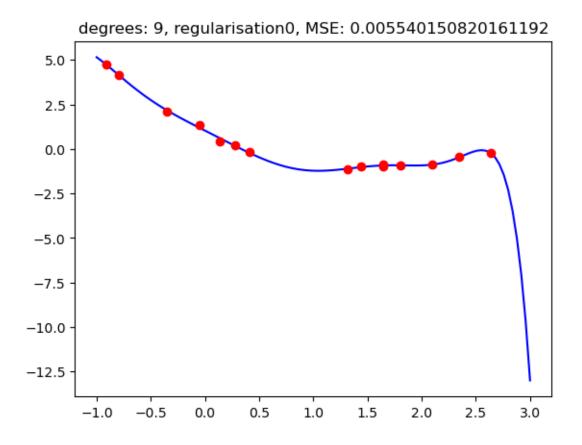




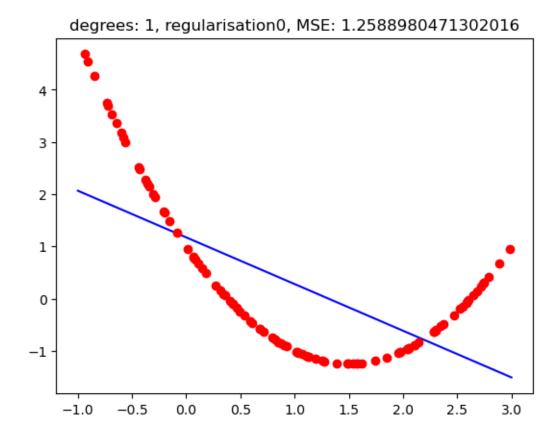
n_sample: 15 noise: 0.2

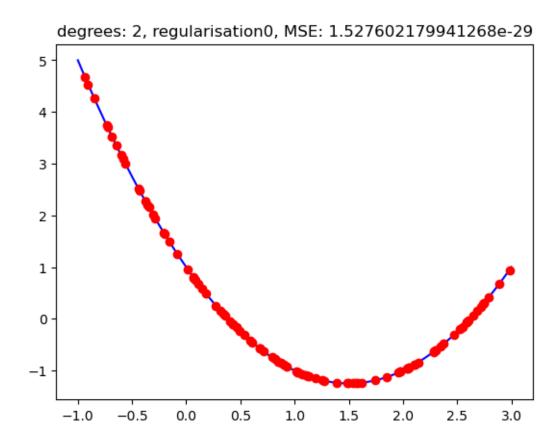


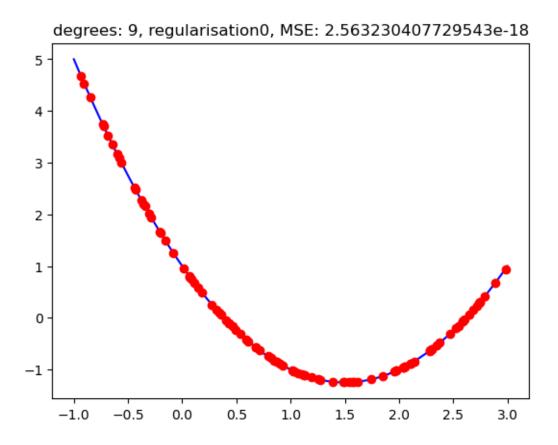




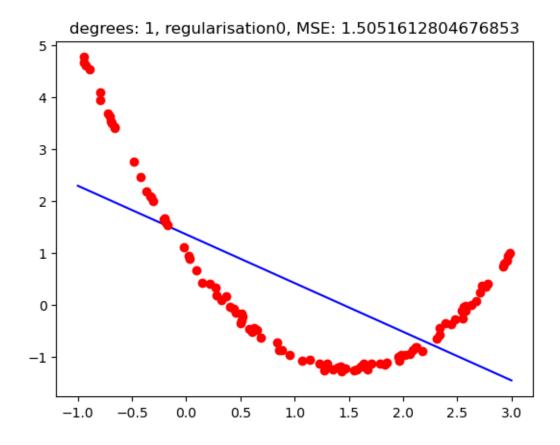
n_sample: 100 noise: 0

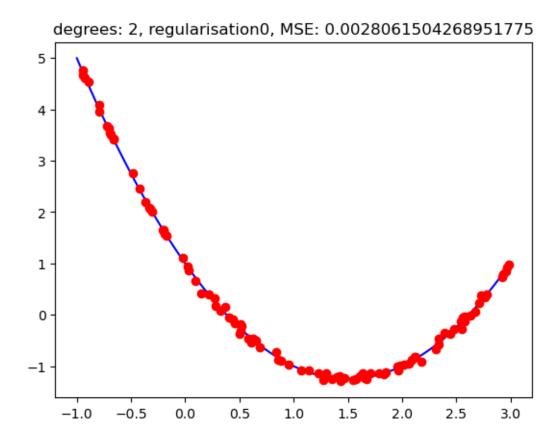


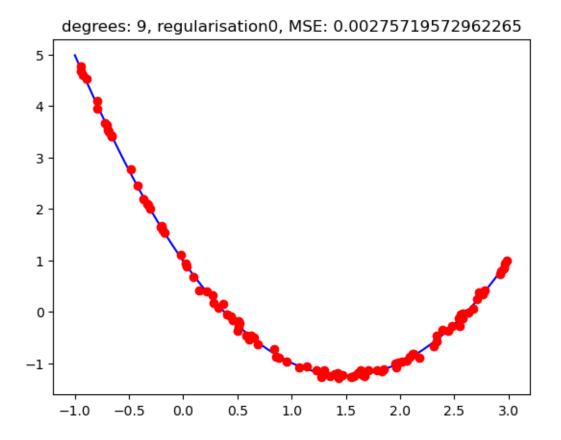




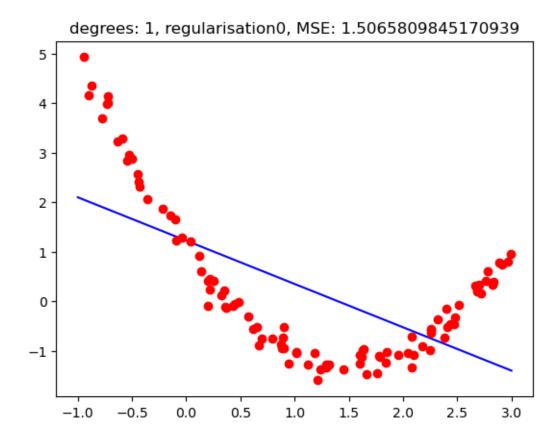
n_sample: 100 noise: 0.05

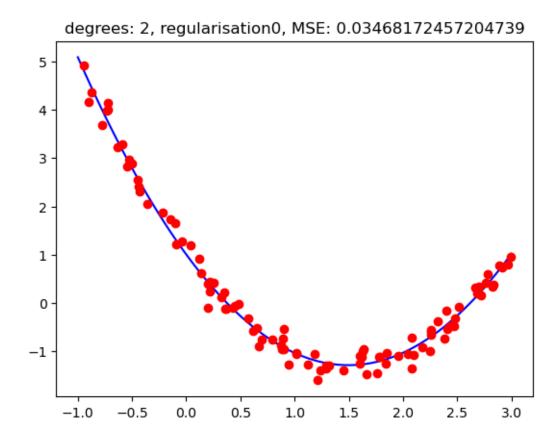


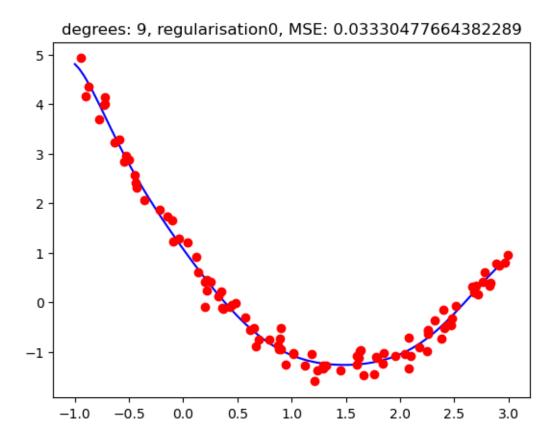




n_sample: 100 noise: 0.2







Qualitatively assess: degree 1 always underfits. best degree is 2, degree 9 overfits. This makes sense, because the actual underlying model has degree 2. The degree 9 polynomial is too flexible and will overfit the data.

```
[]: result = pd.DataFrame(list_performance, columns=["n_sample", "noise", "degree", □

→"mse", "coeffs"])

#sort by mse

#result.sort_values(by="mse", inplace=True)

result
```

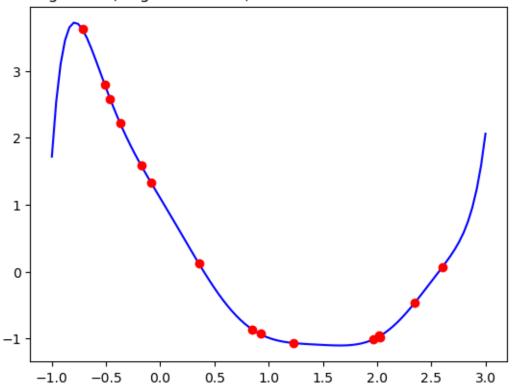
```
[]:
                                                    \
         n_sample
                    noise
                            degree
                                               mse
     0
                15
                      0.00
                                     1.192155e+00
                                  1
     1
                15
                      0.00
                                  2
                                     7.140013e-30
     2
                15
                      0.00
                                     2.539821e-14
     3
                15
                                  1
                                     6.829866e-01
                      0.05
                                     1.065321e-03
     4
                15
                      0.05
                                     2.088003e-04
     5
                15
                      0.05
     6
                15
                      0.20
                                     1.021344e+00
                                  1
     7
                15
                      0.20
                                  2
                                     2.952924e-02
     8
                15
                      0.20
                                     5.540151e-03
     9
               100
                      0.00
                                     1.258898e+00
```

```
10
              100
                    0.00
                               2 1.527602e-29
     11
              100
                    0.00
                               9 2.563230e-18
     12
              100
                    0.05
                               1 1.505161e+00
     13
              100
                    0.05
                               2 2.806150e-03
     14
              100
                    0.05
                               9 2.757196e-03
     15
              100
                    0.20
                               1 1.506581e+00
     16
              100
                    0.20
                               2 3.468172e-02
     17
              100
                    0.20
                               9 3.330478e-02
                                                     coeffs
     0
                 [1.7190668313955149, -1.5864713282492393]
     1
         [1.000000000000000, -2.99999999999956, 0.99...
     2
         [1.0000001615100165, -3.0000001627484405, 1.00...
     3
             [-0.31879452536163566, -0.013456372197002936]
     4
         [1.0048075895904534, -3.0430776180856225, 1.01...
         [1.0519282625294812, -1.4505518092867469, -10...
     5
     6
                   [1.647219150899124, -1.348992055523905]
     7
         [1.0872197162032258, -2.949028704636852, 0.970...
     8
         [1.0312260764802694, -3.0967695029469073, 0.02...
     9
                 [1.1728566747216282, -0.8934739427149433]
     10
         [0.999999999999991, -2.99999999999995, 0.99...
         [0.999999990252593, -3.000000002053155, 1.000...
     11
     12
                 [1.3513554813542958, -0.9376435563290872]
     13
        [0.9980268313429574, -2.994828513173294, 0.999...
     14
         [0.9857152317254674, -2.9988329978256907, 1.04...
     15
                  [1.220854504145304, -0.8748387604551577]
     16
        [1.0052326305805872, -3.059301661229381, 1.021...
         [1.0696966974137632, -3.0370809010022275, 0.53...
    2c
[]: #create empty list
     list_performance = list()
     for n_sample in [15, 100]:
         for noise in [0.05]:
             data = problem2 evaluate_function_on random noise(n_sample, noise)
             print("n_sample: ", n_sample, "noise: ", noise)
             for degree in [9]:
                 for regularisation in [0, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000]:
                     print("regularisation: ", regularisation)
                     mse, coeffs = plot_fitted_polynomial(data[0], data[1], degree,__
      →regularisation)
                     #add mse, coeffs tupel to list
                     list_performance.append((n_sample, noise, degree,_
      ⇔regularisation, mse, coeffs))
                     plt.show()
```

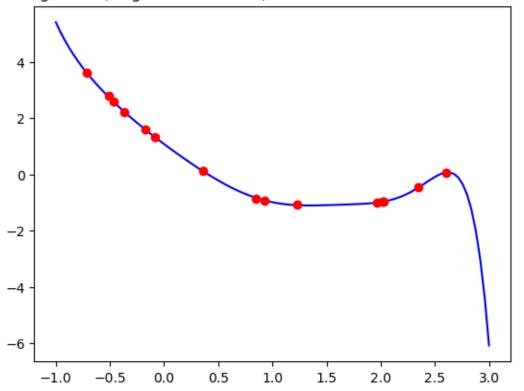
n_sample: 15 noise: 0.05

regularisation: 0

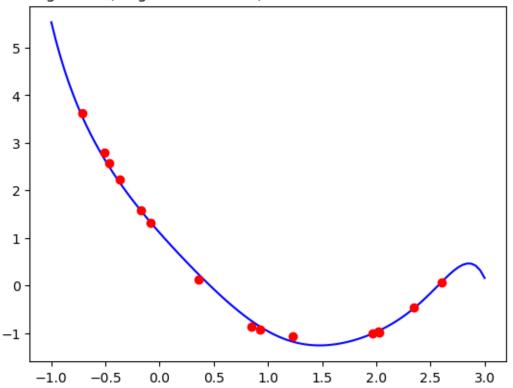
degrees: 9, regularisation0, MSE: 0.0001849209245814352

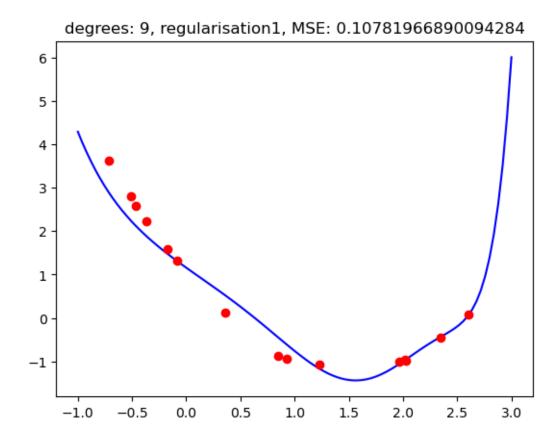


degrees: 9, regularisation0.01, MSE: 0.0005039525371200499

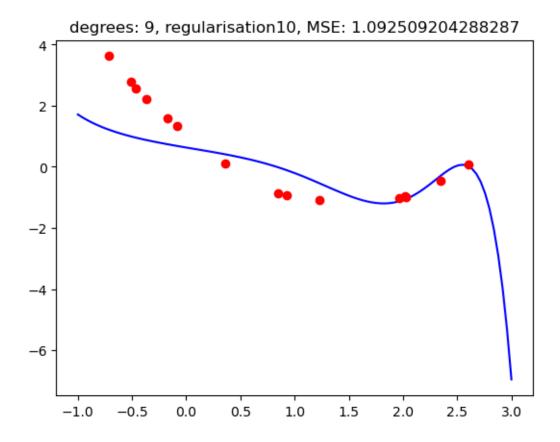


degrees: 9, regularisation0.1, MSE: 0.005421334243399536





regularisation: 10



degrees: 9, regularisation100, MSE: 2.3164320423926315

1.5

1.0

2.0

2.5

3.0

regularisation: 1000

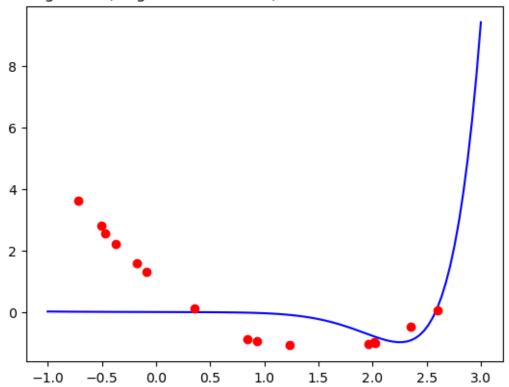
-1.0

-0.5

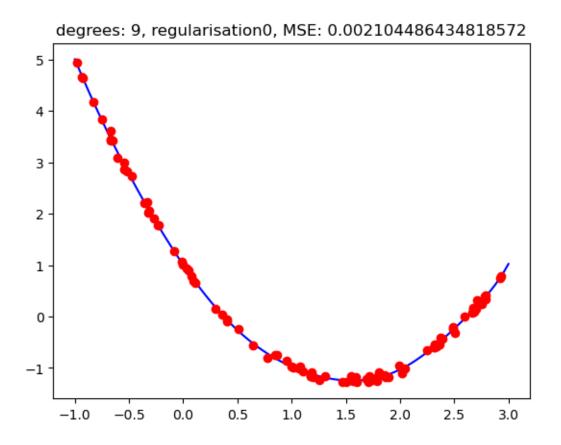
0.0

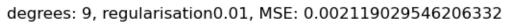
0.5

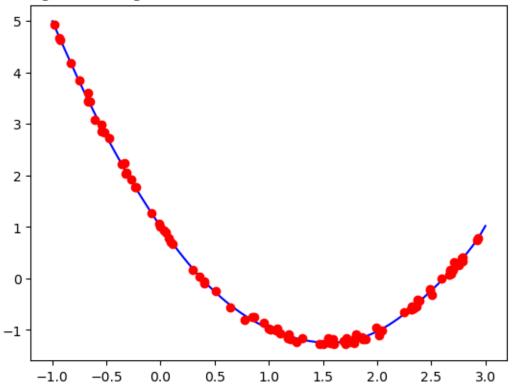
degrees: 9, regularisation1000, MSE: 2.6152247589371047

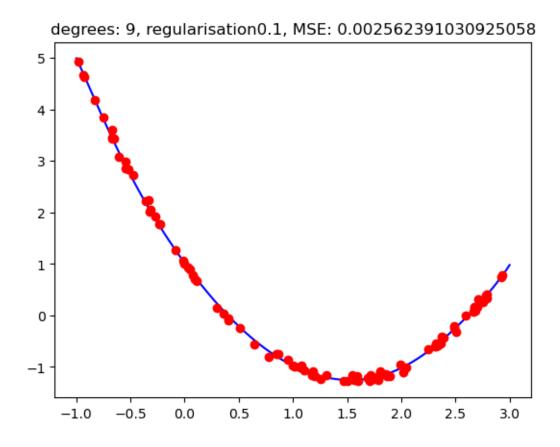


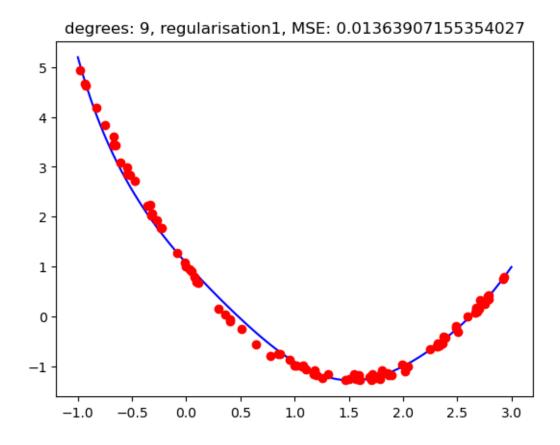
n_sample: 100 noise: 0.05



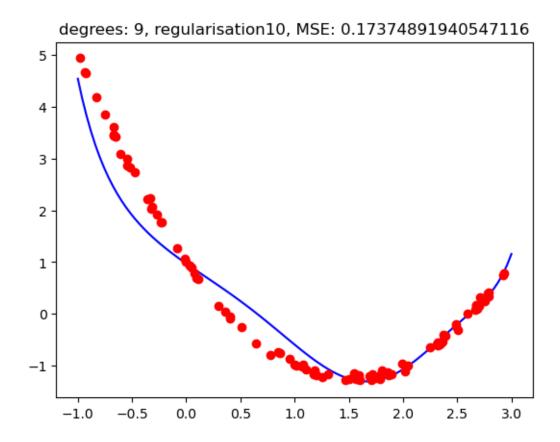


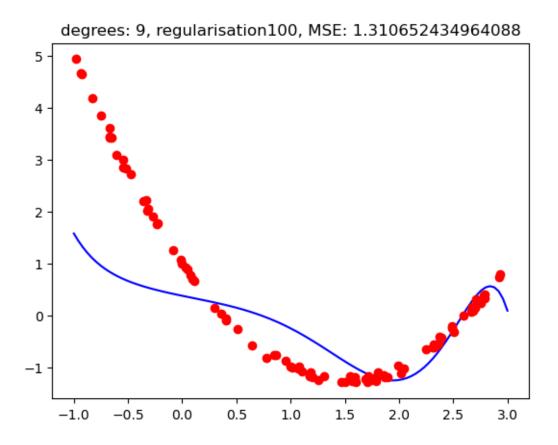


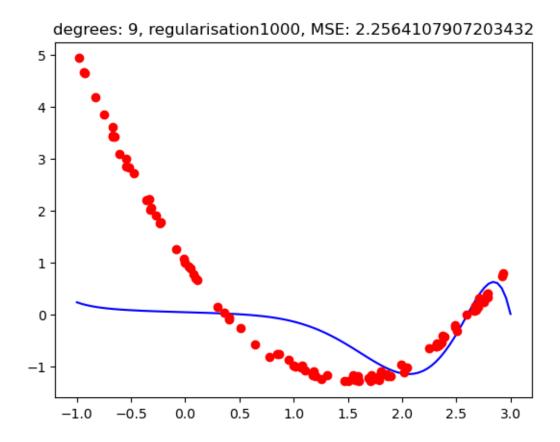




regularisation: 10







Regularisation 1000 results in underfitting. Regularisation 1 works well. Regularisation 0 results in overfitting.