

DS N2

$$a) A_\mu = g_{\mu\nu} A^\nu = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b) B^\mu = T^{\mu\nu} A_\nu = T^{\mu\nu} g_{\nu\lambda} A^\lambda =$$

$$\underbrace{A_\nu = g_{\nu\lambda} A^\lambda}_{A_\mu = g_{\mu\nu} A^\nu}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -2 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}_{\mu\nu} \begin{pmatrix} +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -16 \\ 11 \\ 11 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T^\mu_\nu = g_{\nu\lambda} T^{\mu\lambda} = T^{\mu\lambda} g_{\lambda\nu} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -2 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 & -4 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T^\nu_\mu = g_{\mu\lambda} T^{\lambda\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & -2 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T_{\mu\nu} = g_{\lambda\mu} T^\lambda_\nu = g_{\lambda\mu} g^{\sigma\sigma} T^{\lambda\sigma} =$$

$$= g_{\lambda\mu} T^\lambda_\nu = -T^\lambda_\nu g_{\lambda\mu} = T_{\nu\mu} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2) A^\mu A_\mu; \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \\
 & = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A^\mu A_\mu = 1 - 1 - 1 - 9 = -10$$

$$T^\mu_\lambda = g_{\lambda\rho} T^{\rho\sigma}$$

$$T^\mu_\mu = \text{tr}(T^\mu_\lambda) = -5$$

$$T^{\mu\rho} T_{\rho\sigma} = \text{tr} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ -2 & -1 & -2 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -1 & -4 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \right) =$$

$$= \text{tr} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & -1 & 0 \\ -8 & 5 & 4 & 0 \\ -8 & 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 7 & -5 & -5 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = 15$$

№ 3

$$\vec{x}' = \hat{A} \vec{x} \quad x'^{\mu} = A^{\mu}_{\nu} x^{\nu}$$

Запишем по определению δ_a^{λ} \leftarrow гелмгольц крах по опрег $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \dots \end{pmatrix}$

$$\delta_a^{\mu} = A^{\mu}_{\lambda} \delta_a^{\lambda} (A^{-1})^{\lambda}_{\nu} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \gamma & -\gamma\beta & 0 \\ -\gamma\beta & \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \gamma^2(1-\beta^2) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma^2(1-\beta^2) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \delta_a^{\mu}$$

$$\gamma^2(1-\beta^2), \text{ но } \gamma^2 = \frac{1}{(1-\beta^2)^2}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{б) } \delta^\alpha_\mu \delta^\mu_\gamma \delta^\gamma_\alpha &= \delta^\alpha_\mu \delta^\mu_\alpha = \delta^\alpha_\alpha = \\ &= \text{tr}(1) = \text{tr} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 4 \end{aligned}$$

№

$$\text{б) } (\underline{a} \cdot \underline{b}) = a^\mu b_\mu = a^\mu g_{\mu\nu} b^\nu$$

расмотрим пространство

$$a'^\mu = \Lambda^\mu_\nu a^\nu$$

$$b'_\mu = \Lambda_\mu^\nu b_\nu$$

$$a'^{\mu} g_{\mu\nu} b'^{\nu} = \Lambda^{\mu}_{\alpha} a^{\alpha} g_{\mu\nu} \Lambda^{\nu}_{\beta} b^{\beta} =$$

$$= a^{\alpha} g_{\alpha\beta} b^{\beta} = a^{\alpha} b_{\alpha}$$

а) Подразы и розоду презыгуе
васи

$$g_{\mu\nu} = (\Lambda^{-1})^{\lambda}_{\mu} g_{\lambda\sigma} (\Lambda^{-1})^{\sigma}_{\nu} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \gamma & \gamma\rho & 0 & 0 \\ \gamma\rho & \gamma & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$\frac{1}{1-\rho^2} (1-\rho^2)$ $\gamma = \frac{1}{1-\rho^2}$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \gamma^2 - \gamma^2\rho^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma^2\rho^2 - \gamma^2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$