

Search:  Go

Not logged in

Forum General C++ Programming huffman encoding

register

log in

## C++

Information  
Tutorials  
Reference  
Articles  
Forum

## Forum

Beginners  
Windows Programming  
UNIX/Linux Programming  
General C++ Programming  
Lounge  
Jobs

## huffman encoding

Michaela Elise (117)

Sep 30, 2013 at 4:26pm

This is our code from a class assignment. I am posting it in case it helps anyone else out. I know it is a little messy, but it works (had to get it done quickly). I ran diff on the original and decoded files and got 0 differences.

I have plans to change the code around. Create a header struct, possibly read/write binary, restructure to use less memory, and just clean it up in general.

As you may notice, generating a trie using a priority queue is only a few lines of code, very simple and clean. The key is to use a custom compare function to reverse the PQ.

The biggest epiphany I had in doing this program was that after creating a string of bitcodes, I already had the 1's and 0's in the order I needed so the encoding (insertBits function) only needs an OR and a left shift.

```
1 #include <sstream>
2 #include <fstream>
3 #include <string>
4 #include <stdlib.h>
5
6 class bitChar{
7 public:
8     unsigned char* c;
9     int shift_count;
10    std::string BITS;
11
12    bitChar();
13    void setBITS(std::string _X);
14    int insertBits(std::ofstream& outf);
15    std::string getBits(unsigned char _X);
16    void writeBits(std::ofstream& outf);
17    ~bitChar();
18 };
19
```

```
1 #include "bitChar.h"
2
3 bitChar::bitChar()
4 {
5     shift_count = 0;
6     c = (unsigned char*)calloc(1, sizeof(char));
7 }
8
9 void bitChar::setBITS(std::string _X)
10 {
11     BITS = _X;
12 }
13
14 //Returns number of bits inserted
15 int bitChar::insertBits(std::ofstream& outf)
16 {
17     int total = 0;
18
19     while(BITS.length())
20     {
21         if(BITS[0] == '1')
22             *c |= 1;
23         *c <<= 1;
24         ++shift_count;
25         ++total;
26         BITS.erase(0, 1);
27
28         if(shift_count == 7)
29         {
30             writeBits(outf);
31             shift_count = 0;
32             free(c);
33             c = (unsigned char*)calloc(1, sizeof(char));
34         }
35     }
36
37     //Account for any trailing bits and push them over
38     if(shift_count > 0)
39     {
40         *c <<= (8 - shift_count);
41         writeBits(outf);
42         free(c);
43         c = (unsigned char*)calloc(1, sizeof(char));
44     }
45
46     return total;
47 }
48
49 //Outputs a char in binary format
50 std::string bitChar::getBits(unsigned char _X)
51 {
52     std::stringstream _itoa;
53
54     int _size = sizeof(unsigned char) * 8;
55
56     for(unsigned _s = 0; _s < _size - 1; ++_s)
57     {
58         _itoa << ((_X >> (_size - 1 - _s)) & 1);
59     }
60
61     return _itoa.str();
62 }
63
64 void bitChar::writeBits(std::ofstream& outf)
65 {
66     outf << *c;
67 }
68
```

```

69 bitChar::~bitChar()
70 {
71     if(c)
72         free(c);
73 }

1 #include <queue>
2 #include <iostream>
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <fstream>
5 #include <iomanip>
6 #include "bitChar.h"
7
8 const std::string magicNum="7771234777";
9 const int asciiSize = 256;
10 int lCount[asciiSize];
11 std::string str_code[asciiSize];
12
13 struct node{
14     char ch;
15     int count;
16     node* left;
17     node* right;
18 };
19
20 class cmp{
21 public:
22     bool operator()(const node* lhs, const node* rhs) const
23     {
24         return lhs->count > rhs->count;
25     }
26 };
27
28 node* makeNode(char ch, int count)
29 {
30     node* tmp = new node;
31     tmp->ch = ch;
32     tmp->count = count;
33     tmp->left = NULL;
34     tmp->right = NULL;
35     return tmp;
36 };
37
38 typedef std::priority_queue<node*, std::vector<node*>, cmp> mypq;
39
40 void trie(mypq& _X)
41 {
42     while(_X.size() > 1)
43     {
44         node* holder = new node;
45         holder->left = _X.top(); _X.pop();
46         holder->right = _X.top(); _X.pop();
47         holder->count = holder->left->count + holder->right->count;
48         holder->ch = -1;
49         _X.push(holder);
50     }
51 }
52
53 //Create bit codes by recursively traversing the trie, adding a 0 for left and 1 for right, the key is to remove the en
54 void code(node* _X)
55 {
56     static std::string bits = "";
57     if (_X->right != NULL)
58     {
59         bits += "1";
60         code(_X->right);
61         bits = bits.substr(0, bits.size() - 1);
62     }
63     if (_X->left != NULL)
64     {
65         bits += "0";
66         code(_X->left);
67         bits = bits.substr(0, bits.size() - 1);
68     }
69     if(!_X->left && !_X->right)
70     {
71         str_code[_X->ch] = bits;
72     }
73 }
74
75 void count(std::string file, int& _X){
76     char letter;
77     std::ifstream inf(file.c_str());
78
79     inf >> std::noskipws;
80
81     //Clears array
82     for(int i = 0; i < asciiSize; ++i)
83         lCount[i] = 0;
84
85     //Goes through text and counts
86     while(inf >> letter){
87         if(letter >= 0 && letter < asciiSize)
88         {
89             ++lCount[letter];
90             ++_X;
91         }
92     }
93     inf.close();
94 }
95
96 //Generates a string of the bit codes in the order they appear in the file
97 //Used during encoding
98 std::string BITSstring(std::string inFile)
99 {
100     char input;
101     std::string BITS = "";
102
103     //Open input stream and create BITS string of entire file
104     std::ifstream inf(inFile.c_str());
105     inf >> std::noskipws;

```

```

106
107     while(inf >> input)
108     {
109         BITS += str_code[input];
110     }
111
112     inf.close();
113
114     //Append ascii 3 EOT character to signify end of text
115     BITS += str_code[3];
116
117     return BITS;
118 }
119
120 int main(int argc, char** argv)
121 {
122     int rc;
123     char choice;
124     unsigned char inChar;
125     std::string inFile = "", outFile = "", BITS = "", BITSsub = "", mn = "";
126     std::ofstream outf;
127     std::ifstream inf;
128     mypq pq;
129     bitChar bchar;
130     int origSize = 0;
131
132     std::cout << "Menu..." << std::endl << "e) Encode file" << std::endl << "d) Decode file" << std::endl;
133     std::cin >> choice;
134
135     switch(choice)
136     {
137     case 'e':
138         //Get input filename and set output filename
139         std::cout<<"Enter File Name to Encode: "<<std::endl;
140         std::cin>>inFile;
141
142         outFile = inFile + ".mpc";
143
144         std::cout << std::left << std::setw(17);
145         std::cout << "Input filename: " << inFile << std::endl;
146         std::cout << std::left << std::setw(17);
147         std::cout << "Output filename:" << outFile << std::endl;
148         std::cout << std::endl;
149
150         //Open output streams
151         outf.open(outFile.c_str());
152
153         //count and populate array of letter occurrences (lCount) and add one EOT char
154         count(inFile, origSize);
155         if(lCount[3] == 0)
156             lCount[3] = 1;
157
158         //Output compressed file header
159         outf<<magicNum<<std::endl;
160         outf<<inFile<<std::endl;
161         for(int i = 0; i < asciiSize; ++i)
162         {
163             outf << lCount[i] << " ";
164         }
165         outf << std::endl;
166
167         //Create nodes based on the available ascii characters and push them into the priority queue
168         for(int i = 0; i < asciiSize; ++i)
169         {
170             if(lCount[i] > 0)
171             {
172                 node* tmp = makeNode(i, lCount[i]);
173                 pq.push(tmp);
174             }
175         }
176
177         //Create trie and bit codes
178         trie(pq);
179         code(pq.top());
180
181         //Create string of bitcodes for actual huffman encoding and do it
182         BITS = BITSstring(inFile);
183         outf << "#";
184         bchar.setBITS(BITS);
185         outf << std::noskipws;
186         rc = bchar.insertBits(outf);
187
188         if(rc == BITS.length())
189         {
190             std::cout << "Encoding successful! :)" << std::endl;
191             std::cout << "The compression ration is: " << (float)rc / ((float)origSize * 8.0) * 100.0 << "%
192         }
193         else
194         {
195             std::cout << "There was an error writing the bits! :(" << std::endl;
196             std::cout << "Expected: " << BITS.length() * 8 << " but got: " << rc << std::endl;
197         }
198         break;
199     case 'd':
200         //Get input filename and set output filename
201         std::cout<<"Enter File Name to Decode: "<<std::endl;
202         std::cin>>inFile;
203
204         inf.open(inFile.c_str());
205         inf >> mn;
206         if(mn != magicNum)
207         {
208             std::cout << "Magic number does not match, this is not a valid file..." << std::endl;
209             return 1;
210         }
211
212         inf >> outFile;
213         if(outFile != inFile.substr(0, inFile.length() - 4))
214         {
215             std::cout << outFile << " " << inFile.substr(0, inFile.length() - 4) << std::endl;
216             std::cout << "File names do not match but will attempt to decode anyway..." << std::endl;
217

```

```

218     }
219     outf.open(outFile.c_str());
220
221     //Read in the letter count and add valid one to the priority queue
222     for(int i = 0; i < asciiSize; ++i)
223     {
224         inf >> lCount[i];
225         if(lCount[i] > 0)
226         {
227             node* tmp = makeNode(i, lCount[i]);
228             pq.push(tmp);
229         }
230     }
231
232     //Create trie and bit codes
233     trie(pq);
234     code(pq.top());
235
236     while(inChar != '#')
237     {
238         inf >> inChar;
239     }
240
241     inf >> std::noskipws;
242     //Read in encoded chars and create BITS
243     while(inf >> inChar)
244     {
245         BITS += bchar.getBits(inChar);
246     }
247
248     inf.close();
249
250     for(int i = 0; i < BITS.length(); ++i)
251     {
252         BITSSub += BITS[i];
253         for(int j = 0; j < asciiSize; ++j)
254         {
255             if(BITSSub == str_code[j])
256             {
257                 //End of text has been hit and file is over, write newline and exit
258                 if(j == 3)
259                 {
260                     outf << "\n";
261                     i = BITS.length();
262                     break;
263                 }
264                 outf << (char)j;
265                 BITSSub = "";
266                 break;
267             }
268         }
269     }
270     break;
271
272     default:
273         std::cout << "Invalid choice..." << std::endl;
274         break;
275 }
276
277 outf.close();
278
279 return 0;
280 }

```

*Last edited on Sep 30, 2013 at 4:29pm*

Topic archived. No new replies allowed.