

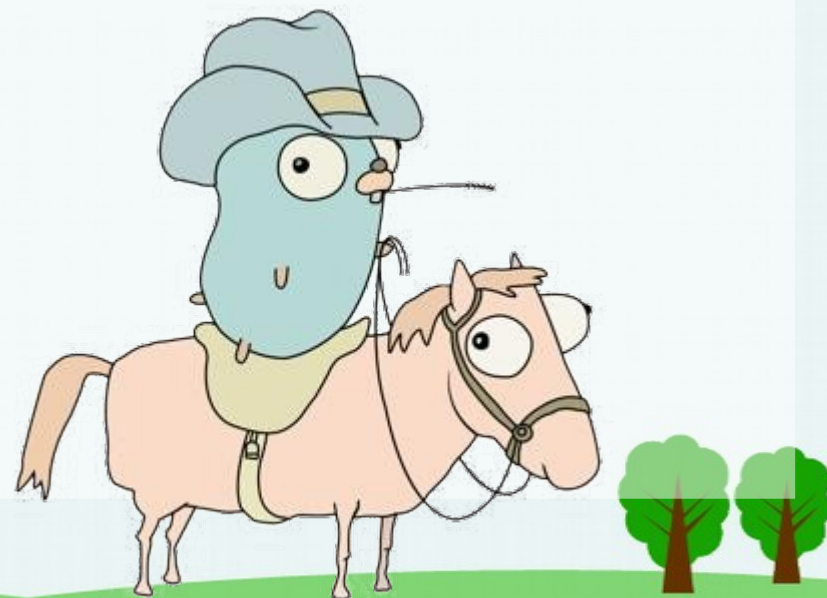
# A Simple Introduction to Modules

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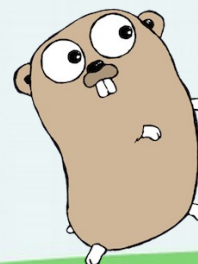
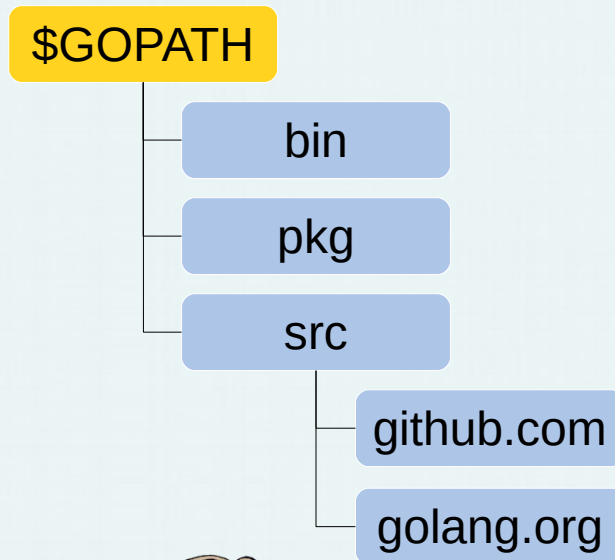
# Agenda

- Dependencies in Go
- Motivation
- Modules



# A stroll down memory lane

- Everything lives in the \$GOPATH
  - You must develop in a specific place. What, really?
- Dependencies are repositories and pull latest from master
  - Surprises from ref repos
  - Builds are not repeatable

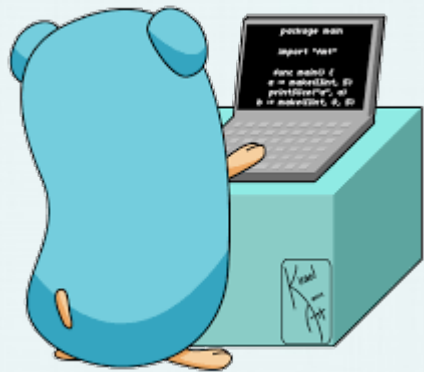


# Add-ons to the rescue (sort of)

- Why do we need add-ons?
  - Ability to select a branch/commit
  - Ability for references to select their own branch/commit
  - Ability to know all specific dependencies
    - Aka: vendor
- Some add-on examples
  - Glide
  - dep



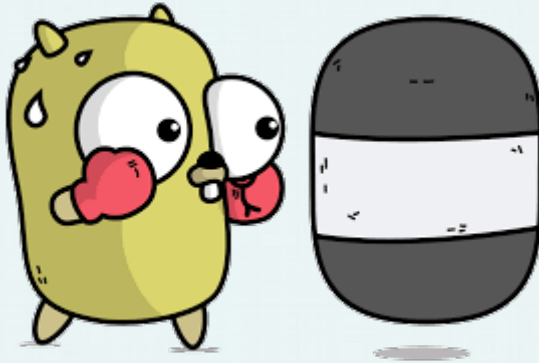
# Modules



- Dependencies are managed by Go
  - Built-in / no extra download to manage
  - Getting dependencies is: **go get ./...**
  - Works like other language environments
- Choose to vendor (or not)
- Develop in any path



# Demo



# Redux

*Currently being edited  
to demo*

```
go mod init github.com/{me}/{project}  
go get ./...  
go mod tidy  
go mod list -m all  
go mod list -u -m all  
go mod vendor  
go build -mod=vendor ./...
```





# Modules

As a result of Semantic Import Versioning, code opting in to Go modules must comply with these rules:

- 1) Follow semver (with tags such as **v1.2.3**).
- 2) If the module is version v2 or higher, the major version of the module must be included as a **/vN** at the end of the module paths used in go.mod files (e.g., module github.com/my/mod/v2, require github.com/my/mod/v2 v2.0.0) and in the package import path (e.g., import "github.com/my/mod/v2/mypkg").
- 3) If the module is version v0 or v1, do not include the major version in either the module path or the import path.





# Semantic Versioning

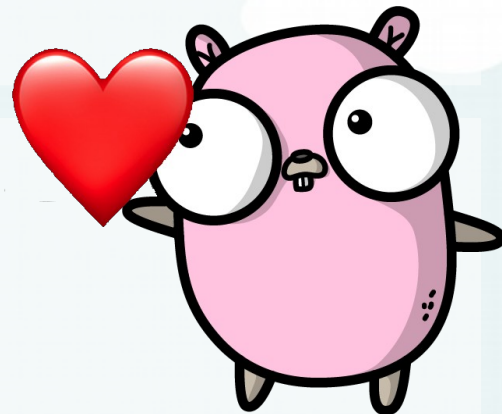
Follow semver (with tags such as v1.2.3) (see <https://semver.org/>)

## Summary

Given a version number MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH, increment the:

- 1) MAJOR version when you make incompatible API changes,
- 2) MINOR version when you add functionality in a backwards-compatible manner, and
- 3) PATCH version when you make backwards-compatible bug fixes.

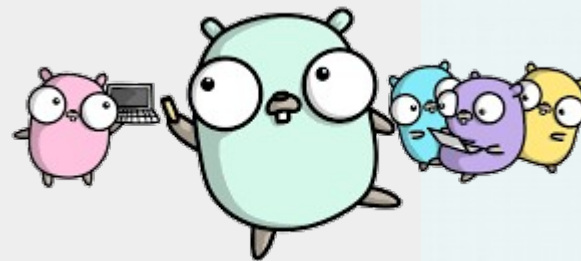
Additional labels for pre-release and build metadata are available as extensions to the MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH format.



# Automatic conversions from these

## Variables

```
var Converters = map[string]func(string, []byte) (*modfile.File, error){  
    "GLOCKFILE":          ParseGLOCKFILE,  
    "Godeps/Godeps.json": ParseGodepsJSON,  
    "Gopkg.lock":         ParseGopkgLock,  
    "dependencies.tsv":   ParseDependenciesTSV,  
    "glide.lock":         ParseGlideLock,  
    "vendor.conf":        ParseVendorConf,  
    "vendor.yml":         ParseVendorYML,  
    "vendor/manifest":    ParseVendorManifest,  
    "vendor/vendor.json": ParseVendorJSON,  
}
```



<https://tip.golang.org/pkg/cmd/go/internal/modconv/?m=all#pkg-variables>



# Finì



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**\$GOPATH**

bin

pkg

src

github.com

golang.org



Be sure to check out the  
#seattle channel on Slack  
<https://gophers.slack.com>



# Want to know more?

- Explore

- Modules (<https://bit.ly/2AJT5Ei>)
- The module file (go.mod <https://bit.ly/2HbE57V>)
- The sum file (go.sum <https://bit.ly/2M88X7Z>)
- Vendoring (go mod vendor) (<https://bit.ly/2SSrurG>)  
Use -mod=vendor or GOFLAGS=-mod=vendor
- Non-vendored src caching (\$GOPATH/pkg/mod)  
<https://groups.google.com/forum/#!msg/golang-dev/RjSj4bGSmsw/KMHhU8fmAwAJ>
- “Always on” proxy repos (like Athens) (<https://bit.ly/2Hfmegj>)

Try it without installing Go:

```
docker run --rm -it golang:1.11
```



