Real-time Dynamic Function Call Detection

A heuristic-based approach

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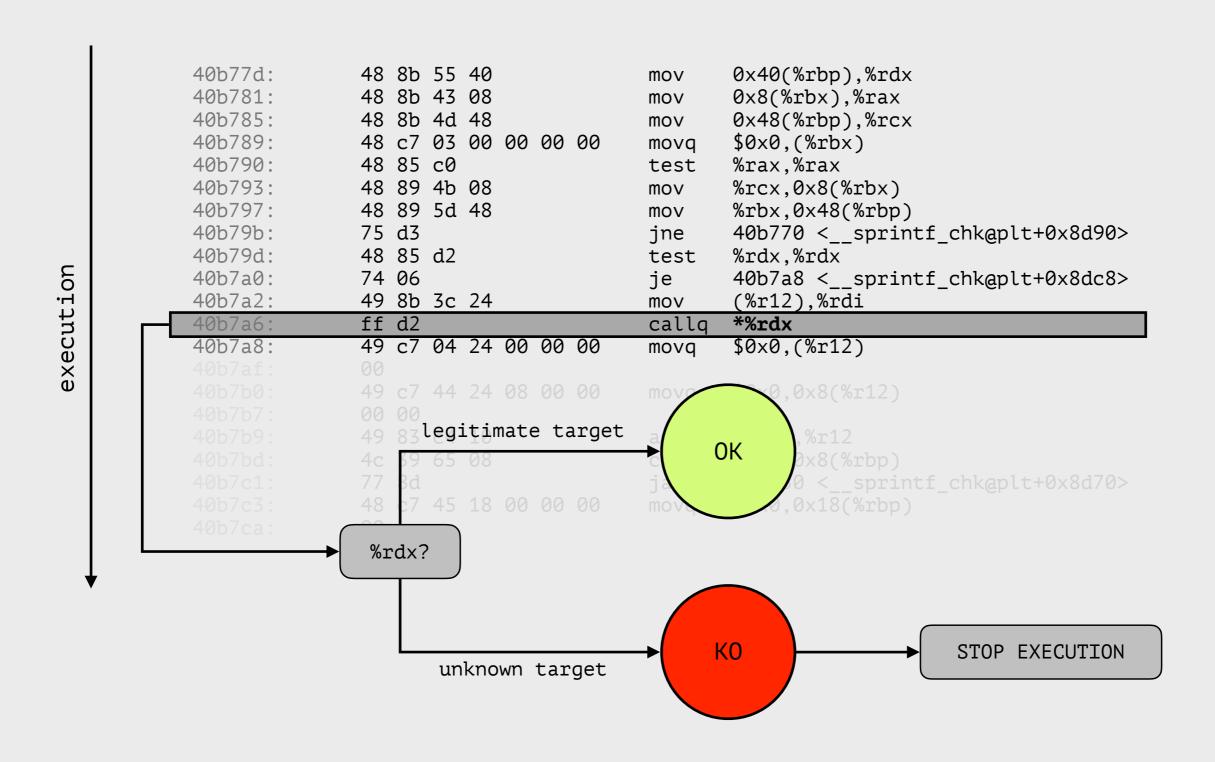
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UGA

INTRODUCTION

let's try to keep everyone awake for two minutes

AN EXAMPLE TO ILLUSTRATE THE PROBLEM - CFI



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AN EXAMPLE TO ILLUSTRATE THE PROBLEM - CFI

```
40b77d:
              48 8b 55 40
                                              0x40(%rbp), %rdx
                                      mov
              48 8b 43 08
                                             0x8(%rbx),%rax
40b781:
                                      mov
40b785:
              48 8b 4d 48
                                             0x48(%rbp),%rcx
                                      mov
40b789:
              48 c7 03 00 00 00 00
                                             $0x0,(%rbx)
                                      movq
              48 85 c0
40b790:
                                      test
                                             %rax,%rax
40b793:
              48 89 4b 08
                                             %rcx,0x8(%rbx)
                                      mov
              48 89 5d 48
40b797:
                                             %rbx,0x48(%rbp)
                                      mov
              75 d3
                                             40b770 < sprintf chkaplt+0x8d90>
40b79b:
                                      ine
40b79d:
              48 85 d2
                                             %rdx,%rdx
                                      test
              74 06
                                              40b7a8 < sprintf chkaplt+0x8dc8>
40b7a0:
                                      jе
40b7a2:
              49 8b 3c 24
                                             (%r12),%rdi
                                      mov
                                             40b7a8
                                      push
                                              *%rdx
                                      jmp
                                      callq *%rdx
40b7a6:
              ff d2
40b7a8:
              49 c7 04 24 00 00 00
                                              $0x0,(%r12)
                                      movq
40b7af:
              00
              49 c7 44 24 08 00 00
                                             $0x0,0x8(%r12)
40b7b0:
                                      movq
40b7b7:
              00 00
              49 83 c4 10
                                      add
                                             $0x10,%r12
40b7b9:
40b7bd:
              4c 39 65 08
                                             %r12,0x8(%rbp)
                                      cmp
              77 8d
                                              40b750 < sprintf chkeplt+0x8d70>
40b7c1:
                                      ja
              48 c7 45 18 00 00 00
                                             $0x0,0x18(%rbp)
40b7c3:
                                      movq
40b7ca:
              00
```

CFI **SHOULD** APPLY, BUT WILL IT?

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THE PROBLEM

HOW TO INSTRUMENT **EVERY CALL**DURING EXECUTION?

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THE REAL PROBLEM

HOW TO DISTINGUISH INTRA-PROCEDURAL JUMPS FROM JUMP-BASED CALLS?

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THE REAL REAL PROBLEM

HOW TO DISTINGUISH INTRA-PROCEDURAL JUMPS FROM TAIL CALLS?

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OUR PROPOSED SOLUTION: iCi

	-00	-01	-02	-03
	iCi	iCi	iCi	iCi
binutils	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
evince	0,991	0,985	0,985	0,986
coreutils	0,999	0,998	0,998	0,998
ffmpeg	0,997	0,997	0,997	0,997
SPEC2006 jcall worst	nc	nc	1,000	nc
SPEC2006 iCi worst	nc	nc	0,947	nc

fscore

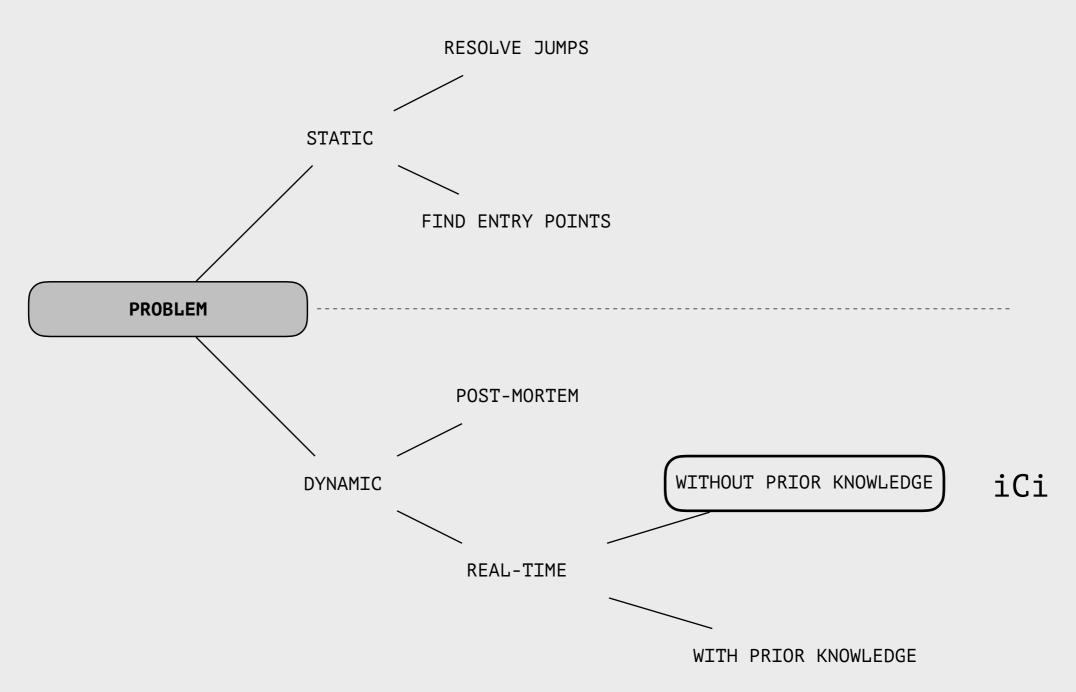
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APPROACH

let's jump everywhere, but not in any ways

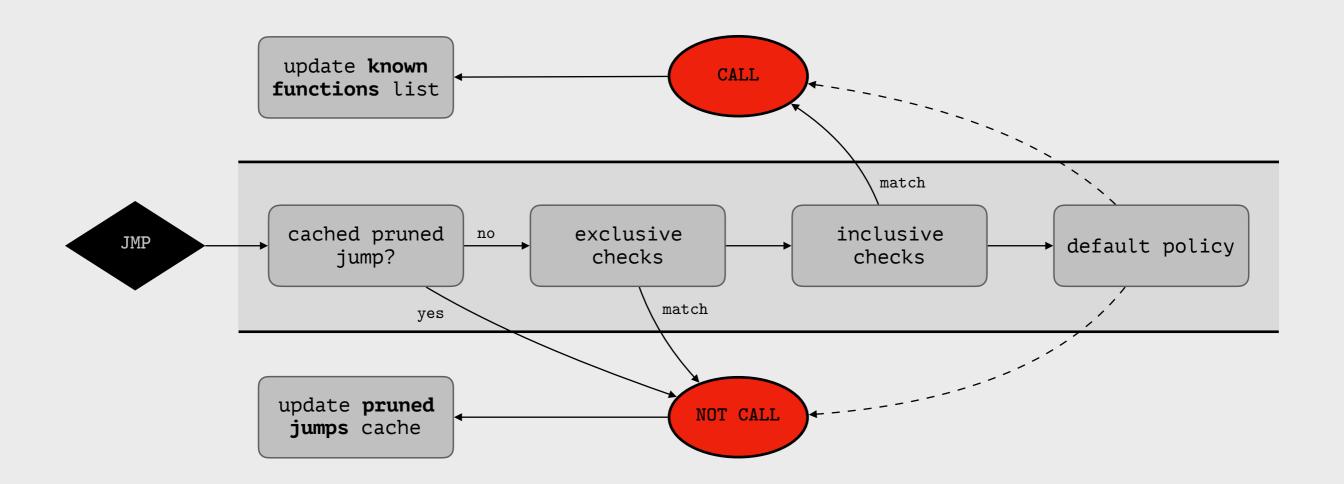
OVERVIEW

POSSIBLE APPROACHES



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JMP SELECTION IN iCi



BACKGROUND INFORMATION

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background information

LIST OF ENTRY POINTS

Each time a function call is detected, its **target** is marked as an **entry point**.

LIST OF RETURN LOCATIONS

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Each time a function returns, the location of the last instruction is marked as a **return point**.

background information

AVAILABLE INFO FOR EACH JMP

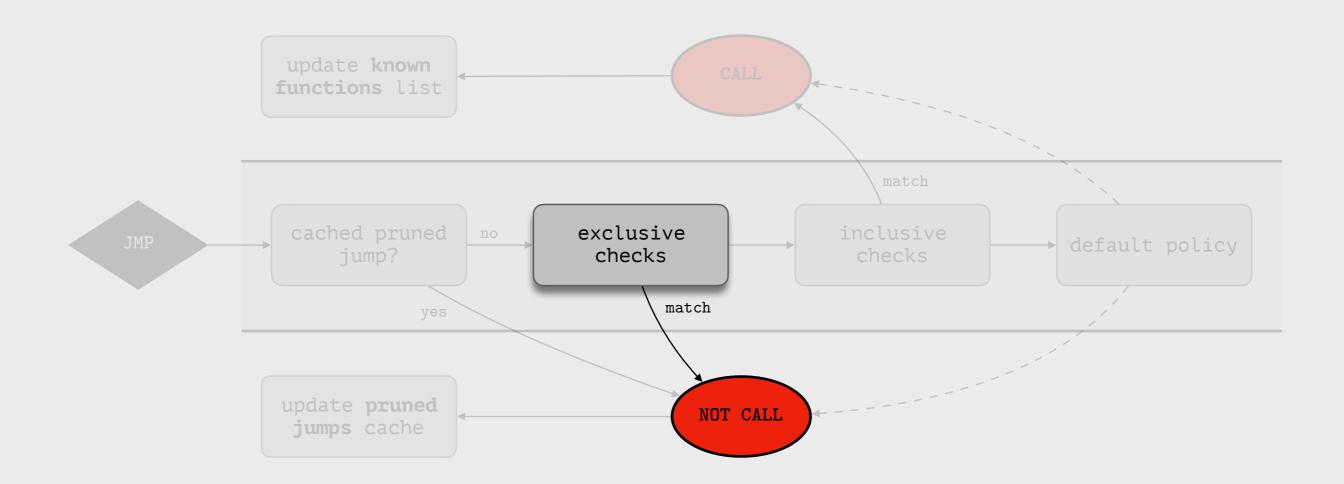
information	accessible?						
target of the JMP	ok (dynamic)						
current %rip, %rsp	ok (dynamic)						
current entry point	~ok (depend on the known entry points)						
state of stack when last call occurred	~ok (idem)						
return locations for the current function	not at first call; then ~ok						



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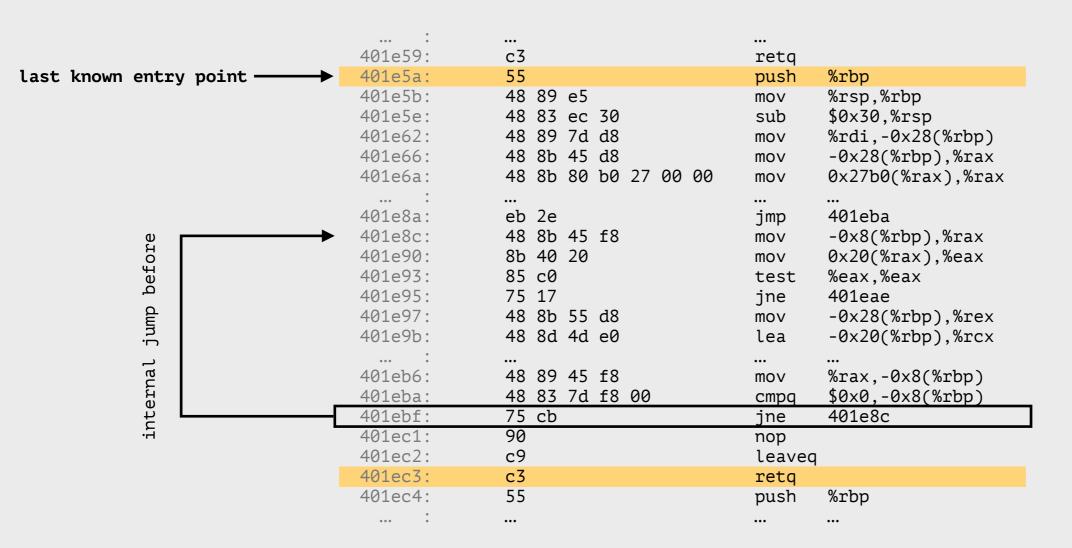
HEURISTICS

because... you know... provable approaches are overrated



INTERNAL JUMP BEFORE

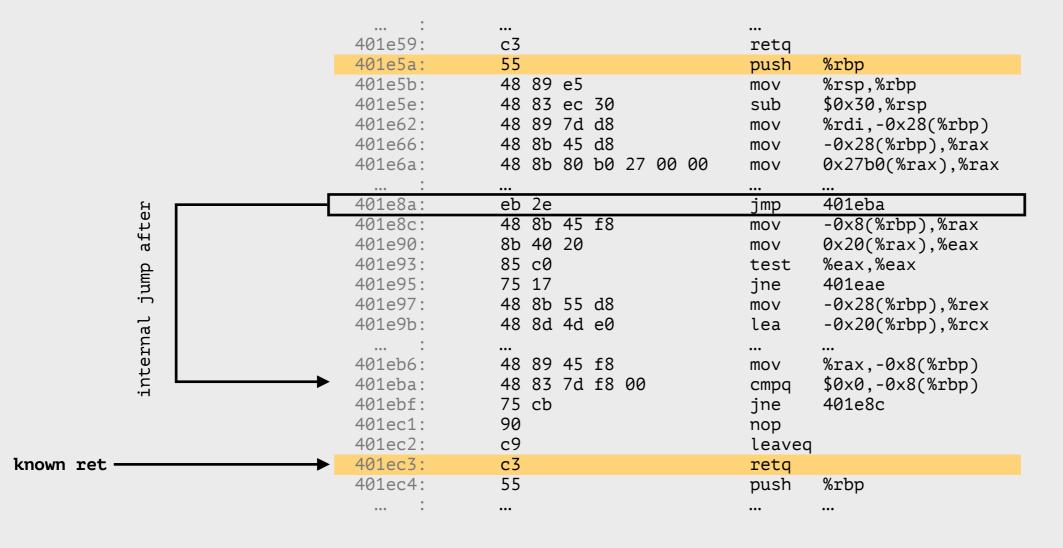
A jump to a location that is between the current entry point and the current %rip is not a call.



ERROR EXAMPLE

INTERNAL JUMP AFTER

A jump to a location that is between the current %rip and a known ret of the current function **is not a call**.



STACK INCONSISTENCY (IDEA)

A jump occurring when %ebp ≠ %esp is not a (tail) call.

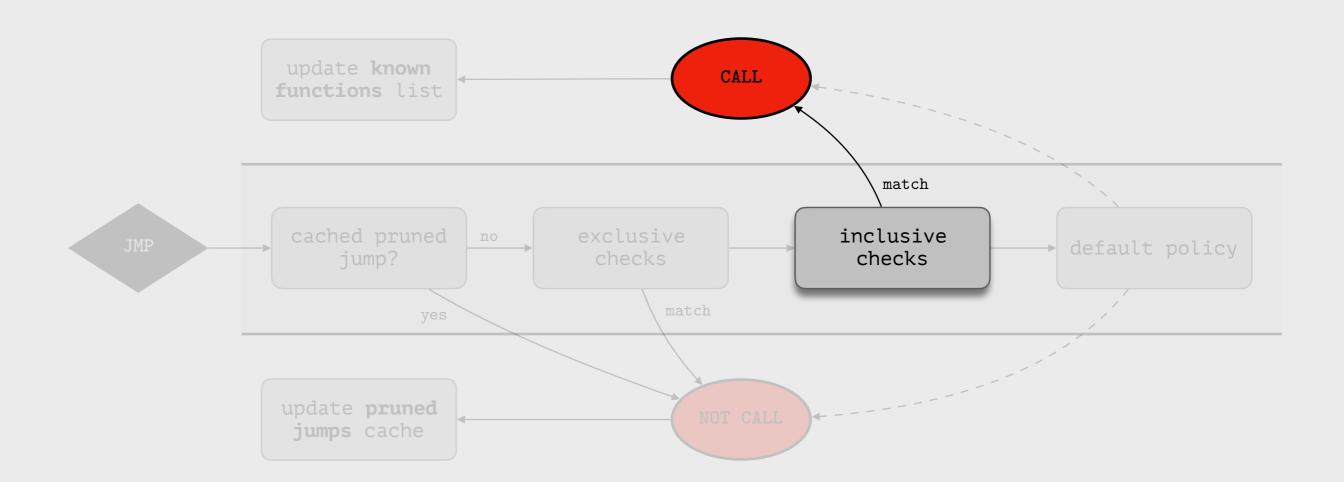
```
push %rbp
mov %rsp,%rbp
sub $0x30,%rsp
push ...
pop ...
push ...
pop ...
push ...
jmp XXX
```

```
push %rbp
mov %rsp,%rbp
sub $0x30,%rsp
push ...
push ...
pop ...
pop ...
pop ...
pop ...
jmp XXX
```

4 push / 2 pop => NOT A CALL

3 push / 3 pop => MAYBE A CALL

inclusive checks



inclusive checks

KNOWN ENTRY POINT

A jump to a known entry point is a call.

EXTERNAL JUMP BEFORE

A jump to a location that is before the current entry point **is a call**.

CROSS ENTRY POINT

A jump crossing a known entry point is a call.

EXPERIMENTS

introducing iCi

methodology

METHODOLOGY

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methodology

ORACLE

INPUT: entry points of functions

ALGORITHM: for each non-sequential update of %rip, check its new value. If entry point => call.

REMARKS: existing corner cases, but best oracle we have

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methodology

JCALL

ALGORITHM: CALL instructions + JMP to .plt => calls

REMARKS: low overhead, no false positive

JMP

ALGORITHM: CALL + JMP instructions => calls

REMARKS: high overhead, no false negative

benchmark

BENCHMARK

benchmark

BINARIES

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- coreutils: 98 programs

- binutils: 13 programs

- evince: 1 program

- ffmpeg: 1 program

- SPEC CPU2006 (C/C++): 19 programs

benchmark

OPTIMIZATION LEVEL

for *\{SPEC CPU2006}: -00 to -03 with gcc-6.0

COMPILATION

for coreutils: -00 to -03 with gcc-6.0 and clang-3.8

RESULTS

F-SCORE

		-00 -01				-02			-03			
	jcall	jmp	iCi	jcall	jmp	iCi	jcall	jmp	iCi	jcall	jmp	iCi
binutils	1,000	0,223	1,000	1,000	0,222	1,000	0,999	0,222	1,000	1,000	0,221	1,000
evince	0,988	0,831	0,991	0,980	0,796	0,985	0,936	0,803	0,985	0,947	0,818	0,986
coreutils	0,998	0,518	0,999	0,998	0,352	0,998	0,946	0,405	0,998	0,997	0,351	0,998
ffmpeg	0,948	0,227	0,997	0,919	0,183	0,997	0,874	0,182	0,997	0,884	0,181	0,997
SPEC2006 jcall worst	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	0,848	0,432	1,000	nc	nc	nc
SPEC2006 iCi worst	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	nc	0,906	0,260	0,947	nc	nc	nc

OVERHEAD

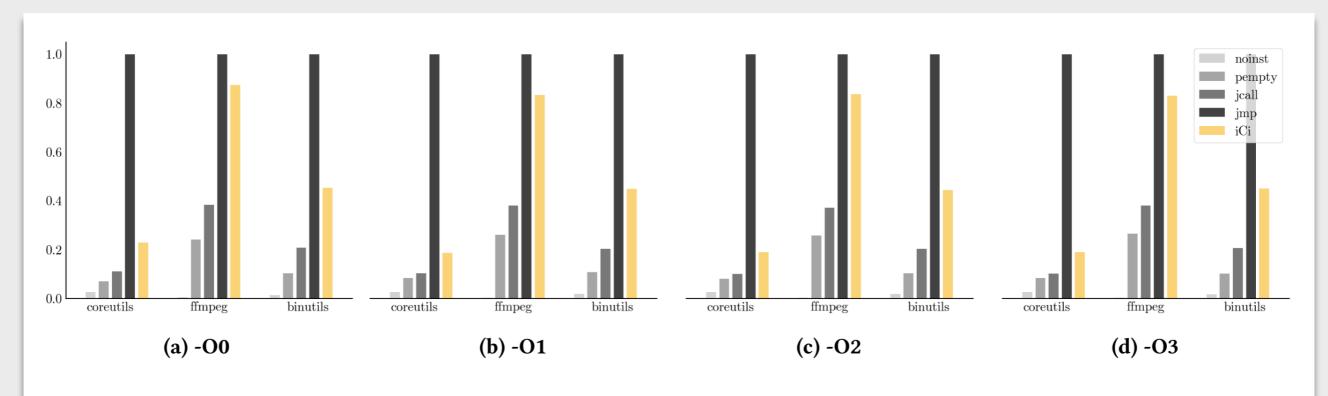


Figure 2: Overhead of each analysis in comparison with jmp for -02

COMPILATION

	-00				-01			-02			-03	
	jcall	jmp	iCi									
gcc-6.3	0,998	0,518	0,999	0,998	0,352	0,998	0,946	0,405	0,998	0,997	0,351	0,998
clang-3.8	0,997	0,360	0,998	0,997	0,359	0,998	0,997	0,359	0,998	0,997	0,359	0,998

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FINAL WORDS

time to wake everyone up

PROBLEM NOT ADDRESSED BEFORE (TO OUR KNOWLEDGE)

- TOOLS: No high-level API to instrument every call (PIN, DynamoRIO, etc.)
- RESEARCH: A lot of papers about tail calls... but none about detecting them dynamically

RESULTS INTERPRETATION

iCi is cool! It achieves great f-scores on C/C++ programs, and works with optimization levels and different compilers.

BUT...

RESULTS INTERPRETATION

Is it really worth it?

A simpler implementation (jcall) performs almost as good, with a lower overhead.

YES if it is critical to catch all calls

NO otherwise

OPENING

approach heuristics experiments

background information

AVAILABLE INFO FOR EACH JMP

information	accessible?					
target of the JMP	ok (dynamic)					
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ACSAC':

+ overhead decreases over execution

OPENING

BETTER OVER TIME: keep learnt info from an execution to another > should reduce overhead significantly

MIXED ANALYSIS: first static analysis (e.g. Nucleus)

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https://github.com/Frky/iCi

IMPLEMENTATION

BENCHMARK (EXCEPT SPEC)

EVERYTHING NEEDED TO REPLAY