

$$5. f(n) = f(n-1) + 2n^2 + 3n + 5$$

$$= f(n-1) + g(n)$$

$$= f(n-1) + g(n-1) + 4n + 1$$

... (1)

or

$$\text{Here, } g(n) = 2n^2 + 3n + 5$$

$$g(n-1) = 2(n-1)^2 + 3(n-1) + 5$$

$$\text{or, } g(n-1) = 2(n^2 - 2n + 1) + 3n - 3 + 5$$

$$= 2n^2 - 4n + 2 + 3n - 3 + 5$$

$$= 2n^2 + 3n + 5 - 4n - 1$$

$$\text{or, } g(n-1) = g(n) - 4n - 1$$

$$\therefore g(n) = g(n-1) + 4n + 1$$

From (1),

$$\begin{bmatrix} f(n) \\ g(n) \\ n+1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f(n-1) \\ g(n-1) \\ n \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\# f(n) = a f(n-1) + b f(n-2) + n$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} f(n) \\ f(n-1) \\ n+1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f(n-1) \\ f(n-2) \\ n \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Given,

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$$a+b=p$$

$$ab=q$$

$$a^n + b^n = ?$$

$$a^1 + b^1 = a + b$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = (a+b)^2 - 2ab$$

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a^2 + b^2)(a+b) - ab(a+b)$$

$$a^4 + b^4 = (a^3 + b^3)(a+b) - ab(a^2 + b^2)$$

$\vdots$

$$a^n + b^n = (a^{n-1} + b^{n-1})(a+b) - ab(a^{n-2} + b^{n-2})$$

$$\therefore f(n) = f(n-1) \cdot p - f(n-2) \cdot q \quad \dots (1)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} f(n) \\ f(n-1) \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} p & -q \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}^n \begin{vmatrix} p \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

from (1),

$$\begin{vmatrix} f(n) \\ f(n-1) \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} p & -q \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} f(n-1) \\ f(n-2) \end{vmatrix}$$

if,  $n=2$   $f(n-1) = f(2-1) = f(1)$

if,  $n=1$   $f(n) = a^1 + b^1 = a + b = p$

$f(1) = p$

$f(0) = a^0 + b^0 = 2$

Given,

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$$(a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + \dots + a^n) \% m$$

$$f(n) = a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + \dots + a^n$$

$$f(2n) = a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + \dots + a^{2n}$$

$$= (a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + \dots + a^n) + (a^{n+1} + a^{n+2} + a^{n+3} + \dots + a^{2n})$$

$$= (a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + \dots + a^n) + a^n (a^1 + a^2 + a^3 + \dots + a^n)$$

$$= f(n) + a^n f(n)$$

$$f(2n) = f(n) [1 + a^n] \dots (1)$$

if  $n$  is even, then we can write from (1)

$$f(n) = f\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) [1 + a^{\frac{n}{2}}]$$

if  $n$  is odd, then

$$f(n) = f(n-1) + a^n$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} \text{if } n=3, \\ f(3) = f(2) + a^3 \\ = a^1 + a^2 + a^3 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\therefore f(n) = \overset{\text{even}}{\uparrow} E \left[ f\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) [1 + a^{\frac{n}{2}}] \right] + \overset{\text{odd}}{\uparrow} O \left[ f(n-1) + a^n \right]$$

$$= (n \& 1) \left[ f\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) [1 + a^{\frac{n}{2}}] \right] + (n \& 1) [f(n-1) + a^n]$$