E-commerce Data Warehouse for Chain of Superstores in Bangladesh

Prepared by

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SQL Script: https://github.com/FromSaffronCity/ecommerce-data-warehouse/blob/main/src/dw-a

ssignment.sql

Task 1

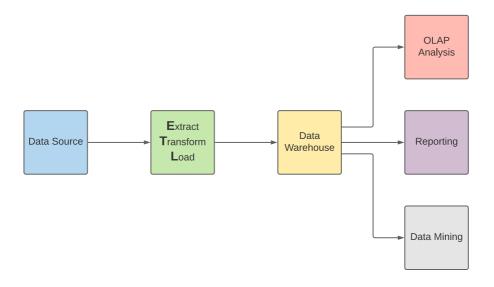
Question

Design the architecture of the data warehouse and explain the sources, preprocessing, noise reduction, transformation, and uploading.

Solution

Data Warehouse is an alternative to data integration in **Big Data Analytics**. The main purpose of data warehouse is to migrate related data from various local data sources to a global/common platform for different data analytics. The following steps are involved in a typical data warehousing process:

- 1. Carrying out **ETL** process which involves the following:
 - 1. Extracting related data from various local data sources
 - 2. Transforming collected data in local schemas to global schema
 - 3. **Loading** transformed data into the data warehouse system
- 2. Carrying out different data analytics on data stored in warehouse



Data Warehouse System Architecture

In data warehousing process, local data sources usually belong to a specific organization. Each of these data sources store similar types of data crucial for the organizational operations. The problem is, data schemas followed and operating **Database Management System (DBMS)** may vary across these local data sources. Consequently, it becomes quite tough to carry out data analytical operations centrally.

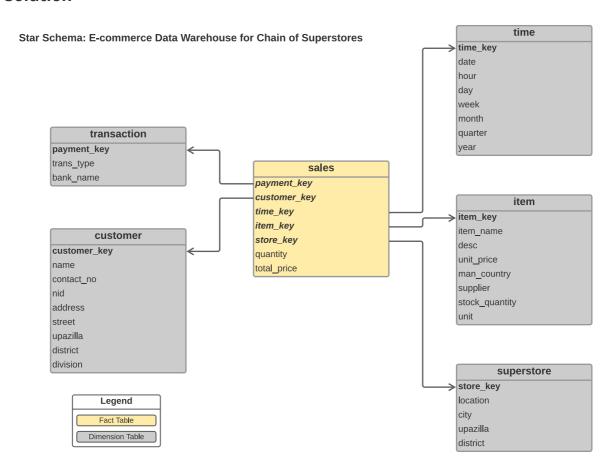
Therefore, data from these local data sources are gathered into a global platform. After preprocessing unorganized data and reducing noise from noisy data, the transformation from local schema to global schema is carried out. This conversion is carried out in **Source Driven** manner which means **instead of dropping extra attribute columns from local schema**, **additional columns are added to the global schema for capturing these extra local attributes**.

Afterwards, data warehouse system is populated with transformed data.

Question

Design the star schema for the data warehouse **using the specified scenario and the datasets provided** and explain how the data of the superstore database will be collected to the data warehouse (source driven or destination driven).

Solution



As mentioned in the solution of **Task 1**, the data from local data sources are collected to the data warehouse in **Source Driven** manner.

Question

Implement the star schema using **PostgreSQL** and upload the provided data into the database.

Solution

The star schema is designed and implemented with **PostgreSQL** using the following **SQL** commands:

```
/* creating dimension tables */
/* creating trans_dim table */
create table trans_dim
(payment_key varchar(20) not null primary key,
trans_type varchar(20),
bank_name varchar(50));
/* importing trans_dim */
select * from trans_dim;
/* creating customer_dim table */
create table customer_dim
(coustomer_key varchar(20) not null primary key,
name varchar(50),
contact_no varchar(20),
nid varchar(20),
address varchar(80),
 street varchar(80),
upazila varchar(20),
district varchar(20),
division varchar(20));
/* importing customer_dim */
select * from customer_dim;
/* creating time_dim table */
create table time_dim
(time_key varchar(20) not null primary key,
date varchar(50),
hour int,
 day int,
 week varchar(10),
 month integer,
 quarter varchar(10),
 year int);
```

```
/* importing time_dim */
update time_dim
set date = to_timestamp(date, 'DD-MM-YYYY HH24:MI');
alter table time dim
alter column date type timestamp without time zone
using date::timestamp without time zone;
select * from time_dim;
/* creating item_dim table */
create table item_dim
(item_key varchar(20) not null primary key,
item_name varchar(50),
description varchar(50),
unit_price real,
man_country varchar(20),
supplier varchar(50),
stock_quantity int,
unit varchar(20));
/* importing item_dim */
select * from item_dim;
/* creating store_dim table */
create table store_dim
(store_key varchar(20) not null primary key,
location varchar(80),
city varchar(20),
upazila varchar(20),
district varchar(20));
/* importing store_dim */
select * from store_dim;
/* creating fact table */
create table fact_table
(payment_key varchar(20) references trans_dim(payment_key),
coustomer_key varchar(20) references customer_dim(coustomer_key),
time_key varchar(20) references time_dim(time_key),
item_key varchar(20) references item_dim(item_key),
store_key varchar(20) references store_dim(store_key),
quantity int.
unit varchar(20),
unit_price real,
total_price real);
/* importing fact_table */
select * from fact_table;
```

The data from provided datasets are uploaded into the corresponding tables using import data
functionality of pgAdmin.

Question

Generate three different cross tabulations for three different dimensions using quantity / total_price attribute. Write **SQL** to find the cross-tabs.

Solution

Cross Tabulation between trans_type and bank_name from trans_dim

```
/* creating cross-tab for transaction dimension */
create table sales_transaction
select trans_type, bank_name, total_price
from fact_table, trans_dim
where fact_table.payment_key = trans_dim.payment_key;
select * from sales_transaction;
/* listing corresponding SQL for finding corss-tab */
select sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_transaction;
select trans_type, sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_transaction
group by trans_type;
select bank_name, sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_transaction
group by bank_name;
select trans_type, bank_name, sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_transaction
group by trans_type, bank_name;
```

Cross Tab

trans_type\bank_name	None	AB Bank Limited	Bangladesh Commerce Bank Limited	 total_price
cash	2.9210148e+06	0	0	 2.9210e+06
online	0	2.9437118e+06	2.9443008e+06	 1.02295e+08
total_price	2.9210148e+06	2.9437118e+06	2.9443008e+06	 1.05216416e+08

Cross Tabulation between name and division from customer_dim

```
/* creating cross-tab for customer dimension */
create table sales_customer
select name, division, total_price
from fact_table, customer_dim
where fact_table.coustomer_key = customer_dim.coustomer_key;
select * from sales_customer;
/* listing corresponding SQL for finding corss-tab */
select sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_customer;
select name, sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_customer
group by name;
select division, sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_customer
group by division;
select name, division, sum(total_price) as total_price
from sales_customer
group by name, division;
```

Cross Tab

name\division	Barishal	Chittagong	Dhaka	Sylhet	total_price
maina devi	0	0	10362.25	0	10362.25
pratibha devi	0	0	12115.75	0	12115.75
mohit maan	0	0	10115.75	0	10115.75
total_price	3.754945e+06	1.1501607e+07	8.627021e+07	3.689525e+06	1.0521683e+08

Cross Tabulation between item_name and man_country from item_dim

```
/* creating cross-tab for item dimension */
create table sales_item
select item_name, man_country, quantity
from fact_table, item_dim
where fact_table.item_key = item_dim.item_key;
select * from sales_item;
/* listing corresponding SQL for finding corss-tab */
select sum(quantity) as total_quantity
from sales_item;
select item_name, sum(quantity) as total_quantity
from sales_item
group by item_name;
select man_country, sum(quantity) as total_quantity
from sales_item
group by man_country;
select item_name, man_country, sum(quantity) as total_quantity
from sales_item
group by item_name, man_country;
```

Cross Tab

item_name\man_country	Bangladesh	China	India	•••	total_quantity
100% Juice Box Variety 6.75 oz	0	0	22939		22939
A&W Root Beer - 12 oz cans	0	22132	0		22132
A&W Root Beer Diet - 12 oz cans	22183	0	0		22183
total_quantity	499902	545114	704943		5993859

Question

Find and list five important DSS (Decision Support System) reports (one for each dimension) as bar chart. Use cube operation in **SQL** to find the DSS report data.

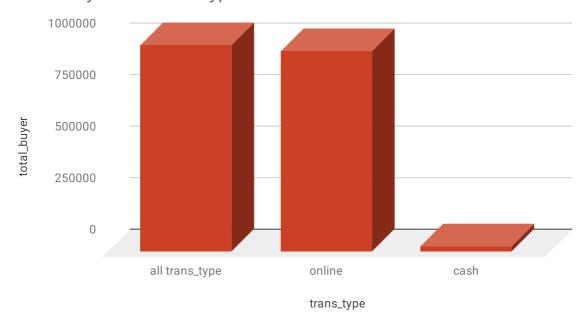
Solution

DSS Report on Transaction Type-wise Buyers Count

```
/* generating DSS report on transaction typewise buyers count */
copy (select coalesce(trans_type, 'all trans_type') trans_type, count(*) as
total_buyer
from fact_table, trans_dim
where fact_table.payment_key = trans_dim.payment_key
group by cube(trans_type)
order by total_buyer desc)
to 'D:\Academic 4-1\CSE453 (High Performance Database System)\dw-assignment\dw-assignment-report\csv\dss_trans_type_buyer.csv'
delimiter ',' csv header;
```

Bar Chart

total_buyer vs. trans_type

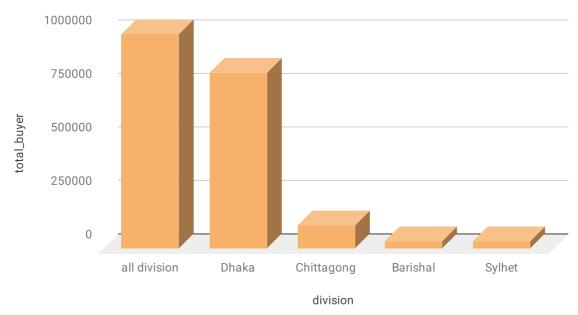


DSS Report on Division-wise Buyers Count

```
/* generating DSS report on divisionwise buyers count */
copy (select coalesce(division, 'all division') division, count(*) as
total_buyer
from fact_table, customer_dim
where fact_table.coustomer_key = customer_dim.coustomer_key
group by cube(division)
order by total_buyer desc)
to 'D:\Academic 4-1\CSE453 (High Performance Database System)\dw-assignment\dw-assignment-report\csv\dss_division_buyer.csv'
delimiter ',' csv header;
```

Bar Chart

total_buyer vs. division

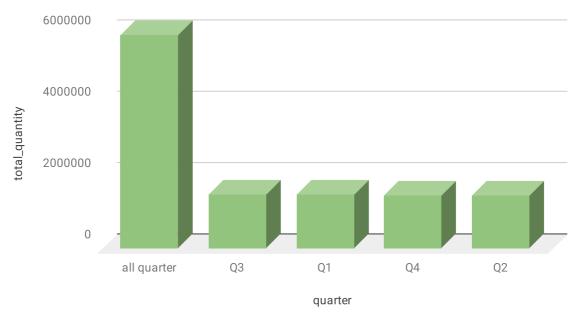


DSS Report on Quarter-wise Sales Count

```
/* generating DSS report on quarterwise sales count */
copy (select coalesce(quarter, 'all quarter') quarter, sum(quantity) as
total_quantity
from fact_table, time_dim
where fact_table.time_key = time_dim.time_key
group by cube(quarter)
order by total_quantity desc)
to 'D:\Academic 4-1\CSE453 (High Performance Database System)\dw-assignment\dw-assignment-report\csv\dss_quarter_count.csv'
delimiter ',' csv header;
```

Bar Chart

total_quantity vs. quarter

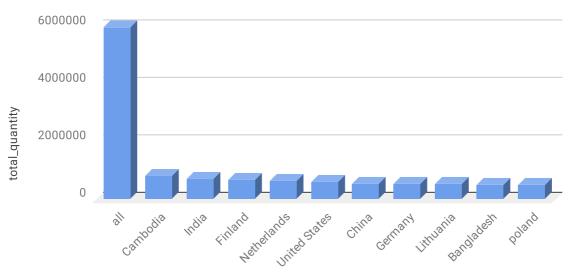


DSS Report on Manufacturer Country-wise Sales Count

```
/* generating DSS report on manufacturer countrywise sales count */
copy (select coalesce(man_country, 'all man_country') man_country, sum(quantity)
as total_quantity
from fact_table, item_dim
where fact_table.item_key = item_dim.item_key
group by cube(man_country)
order by total_quantity desc)
to 'D:\Academic 4-1\CSE453 (High Performance Database System)\dw-assignment\dw-
assignment-report\csv\dss_man_country_count.csv'
delimiter ',' csv header;
```

bar Chart

total_quantity vs. man_country



man_country

DSS Report on District-wise Sales Earning

```
/* generating DSS report on districtwise sales earning */
copy (select coalesce(district, 'all district') district, sum(total_price) as
total_price
from fact_table, store_dim
where fact_table.store_key = store_dim.store_key
group by cube(district)
order by total_price desc)
to 'D:\Academic 4-1\CSE453 (High Performance Database System)\dw-assignment\dw-
assignment-report\csv\dss_district_earning.csv'
delimiter ',' csv header;
```

Bar Chart

total_price vs. district

