

## Convex Set

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## Problem 1

A problem appeared in the 2011 Graduate Entrance Examination of Department of Math, Peking University.

Suppose  $T(x) : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$  is a function with  $x \in D$ ,  $D$  is a convex set in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . The first and second order partial derivatives  $T(x)$  are all continuous on  $D$ , and the corresponding Jacobian matrix  $J(x)$  of  $T(x)$  is always positive definite on  $D$ . Please prove that  $T(x)$  is an injective function.

## Problem 2

Which of the following sets  $S$  are polyhedra? If possible, express  $S$  in the form  $S = \{\mathbf{x} \mid A\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}, F\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{g}\}$ .

- $S = \{y_1 a_1 + y_2 a_2 \mid -1 \leq y_1 \leq 1, -1 \leq y_2 \leq 1\}$ , where  $a_1, a_2 \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .
- $S = \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{1}^T \mathbf{x} = 1, \sum_{i=1}^n x_i a_i = b_1, \sum_{i=1}^n x_i a_i^2 = b_2\}$ , where  $a_1, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $b_1, b_2 \in \mathbb{R}$ .
- $S = \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{y} \leq 1 \text{ for all } \mathbf{y} \text{ with } \|\mathbf{y}\|_2 = 1\}$ .
- $S = \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{y} \leq 1 \text{ for all } \mathbf{y} \text{ with } \sum_{i=1}^n |y_i| = 1\}$ .

## Problem 3

Suppose all the following sets are not empty. Please explain whether they always have extreme points, respectively.

- $\Omega_1 : \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}, A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}\}$
- $\Omega_2 : \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid A\mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{b}, A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}, \text{rank}(A) = m\}$
- $\Omega_3 : \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}, \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}, A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}, \text{rank}(A) = n\}$

## Problem 4

Let  $\Omega \in \mathbb{R}^n$  be the polyhedral cone defined as  $\Omega = \{\mathbf{x} \mid A\mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0}\}$ . Please prove that the following are equivalent:

1.  $\mathbf{0}$  is an extreme point of  $\Omega$ .

2. The cone  $\Omega$  does not contain a line.
3. The rows of  $A$  span  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

## References