

# GeyserMC



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# Introduction



Geyser is a bridge between Minecraft: Bedrock Edition and Minecraft: Java Edition, closing the gap from those wanting to play true cross-platform.

Geyser is an open collaboration project by CubeCraft Games.

## What is Geyser?¶

Geyser is a proxy, bridging the gap between Minecraft: Bedrock Edition and Minecraft: Java Edition servers. The ultimate goal of this project is to allow Minecraft: Bedrock Edition users to join Minecraft: Java Edition servers as seamlessly as possible. Please note, this project is still a work in progress and should not be used on production. Expect bugs!

Special thanks to the DragonProxy project for being a trailblazer in protocol translation and for all the team members who have now joined us here!

### Note

Currently supporting Minecraft Bedrock v1.14.6(0) and Minecraft Java v1.15.2.

## Setting Up¶

Take a look [here](#) for how to set up Geyser.



## Links: ¶

- Website: <https://geysermc.org>
- Docs: <https://github.com/GeyserMC/Geyser/wiki>
- Download: <http://ci.geysermc.org>
- Discord: <http://discord.geysermc.org/>
- Donate: <https://patreon.com/GeyserMC>

## Libraries Used: ¶

- NukkitX Bedrock Protocol Library
- Steveice10's Java Protocol Library
- TerminalConsoleAppender
- Simple Logging Facade for Java (slf4j)

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## Events¶

Geyser has an Event Manager that allows one to listen to or trigger an event easily. Events can be easily defined either by defining a method to be an event handler or by providing a lambda. Each event handler will be executed in turn based upon their priority.

## Triggering an Event¶

An event is derived from either `GeyserEvent` or `CancellableGeyserEvent`.

### Example

```
public class MyCustomEvent extends GeyserEvent {  
}
```

The event is triggered through the `triggerEvent` method of the Event Manager.

### Example

```
eventManager.triggerEvent(new MyCustomEvent());
```

This returns an `EventResult` which can be used to chain additional commands based upon the result. They include `ifNotCancelled` and `ifCancelled`.

### Example

```
eventManager.triggerEvent(new MyCustomEvent())  
    .ifNotCancelled((result) -> {  
        // Code executed if events were not cancelled  
    });
```

## Listening to an Event¶

There are two ways to listen for an event. One can either create an event handler method or one can create an anonymous lambda to be executed when the event is triggered.



## Class Event Handler

An event handler method is a method that is annotated with `@Event`. The class it belongs to must also be registered with the event manager.

### Example

```
public class MyClass {

    @Event
    public void onEnable(EventContext ctx, MyCustomEvent event) {
        System.err.println("Hello World");
    }
}

...

GeyserConnector.getInstance().getEventManager().registerEvents(new MyClass());
```

### Important

Plugins should use the `registerEvents` method inherited from `GeyserPlugin`.

The `@Event` annotation has the following optional parameters:

- `priority` - Integer from 0 - 100. Default 50. Event Handlers are executed in order from lowest to highest priority.
- `ignoreCancelled` - Boolean. Default `true`. If `true` then if an event is cancelled the handler will not be executed.

The `EventContext` will be discussed later. `MyCustomEvent` is the event defined previously.

## Anonymous Lambda

An event can be hooked through the `on` method of the `EventManager` provided with an anonymous function. This allows code to be placed logically close to where it is related in the code instead of having to set up a separate class and method listeners.

### Example

```
GeyserConnector.getInstance().getEventManager().on(MyCustomEvent.class, (ctx, event) {
    System.err.println("Hello World");
});
```

### Important

Plugins should use the `on` method inherited from `GeyserPlugin`.

This method takes 2 optional parameters specifying the priority of the event and if the handler should ignore cancelled events.

This returns an `EventRegisterResult` that allows one to chain a `delay on`, normally to be used to cancel the handler. It is safe to cancel an already cancelled handler.

#### Example

```
GeyserConnector.getInstance().getEventManager().on(MyCustomEvent.class, (ctx, event) -> {
    System.err.println("If this doesn't trigger in 10 seconds it is cancelled");
    ctx.unregister();
}).onDelay((ctx) -> {
    ctx.unregister();
}, 10, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
```

## Event Context¶

The event handler receives an `EventContext` in addition to the `Event` class. The `EventContext` holds anything related to the `EventHandler` itself and presently only allows an `EventHandler` to `unregister` itself.

## Events¶

Geyser has the following predefined Events.

### DownstreamPacketReceiveEvent¶

*cancellable*

Modifier and Type	Method	Description
GeyserSession	<code>getSession()</code>	Gets the current session
Packet	<code>getPacket()</code>	Gets the Packet

Triggered for each packet received from downstream. If cancelled then regular processing of the packet will not occur.

### DownstreamPacketSendEvent¶

*cancellable*

Modifier and Type Method	Description
GeyserSession getSession()	Gets the current session
Packet getPacket()	Gets the Packet

Triggered for each packet sent to downstream. If cancelled then the packet will not be sent.

## GeyserStopEvent¶

Triggered after Geyser has finished starting.

## GeyserStopEvent¶

Triggered when Geyser is about to stop.

## PluginDisableEvent¶

Modifier and Type Method	Description
GeyserPlugin getPlugin()	Gets the Plugin

Triggered each time a plugin is disabled.

## PluginEnableEvent¶

*cancellable*

Modifier and Type Method	Description
GeyserPlugin getPlugin()	Gets the Plugin

Triggered each time a plugin is enabled.

## PluginMessageEvent¶

*cancellable*

Modifier and Type Method	Description
String getChannel()	Gets the message channel
byte[] getData()	Gets the message data
GeyserSession getSession()	Gets the current session

## UpstreamPacketReceiveEvent¶

*cancellable*

---

Modifier and Type Method		Description
GeyserSession	getSession()	Gets the current session
BedrockPacket	getPacket()	Gets the Packet

---

Triggered for each packet received from upstream. If cancelled then regular processing of the packet will not occur.

## UpstreamPacketSendEvent¶

*cancellable*

---

Modifier and Type Method		Description
GeyserSession	getSession()	Gets the current session
BedrockPacket	getPacket()	Gets the Packet

---

Triggered for each packet sent to upstream. If cancelled then the packet will not be sent.

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# Plugins¶

Geyser provides support for third party plugins which can be placed into a `plugins` folder under the Geyser data folder.

Plugins provide a way to extend the features of Geyser without needing to deal with the Geyser code. It is hoped that developers will be able to create plugins that would be of use to others.

This page describes how to write a plugin.

## Maven¶

Add the following to the relevant section of your `pom.xml`

```
<repositories>
  <!-- Bundabrg's Repo -->
  <repository>
    <id>bundabrg-repo</id>
    <url>https://repo.worldguard.com.au/repository/maven-public</url>
    <releases>
      <enabled>true</enabled>
    </releases>
    <snapshots>
      <enabled>true</enabled>
    </snapshots>
  </repository>
</repositories>

<dependencies>
  <!-- Geyser -->
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.geysermc</groupId>
    <artifactId>connector</artifactId>
    <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
    <scope>provided</scope>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

### Info

Plugin support is presently only available through a feature branch and thus there will be references to a third party maven repository that holds a build of this branch. This will change in the future.

## Example Plugin

```

@Plugin(
    name = "ExamplePlugin",
    version = "1.1.0-dev",
    authors = {"bundabrg"},
    description = "Provides an example plugin"
)
public class MyPlugin extends GeyserPlugin {
    public MyPlugin(PluginManager pluginManager, PluginClassLoader
        super(pluginManager, pluginClassLoader);
    }

    @Event
    public void onEnable(EventContext ctx, PluginEnableEvent event) {
        if (event.getPlugin() == this) {
            System.err.println("I'm alive");

            // Register another class with event handlers
            registerEvents(new MyAdditionalClass());

            // Example of lambda event hook
            on(PluginDisableEvent.class, (ctx, event) -> {
                if (event.getPlugin() == MyPlugin.this) {
                    System.err.println("I'm also dead");
                }
            }, PRIORITY.HIGH);
        }
    }

    @Event
    public void onDisable(EventContext ctx, PluginDisableEvent event) {
        if (event.getPlugin() == this) {
            System.err.println("I'm dead");
        }
    }
}

```

## Plugin EntryPoint

A plugin must at a minimum define a class that extends `GeyserPlugin` and be annotated with `@Plugin`. The annotation provides details about the plugin such as its version and author(s).

The following fields are available for @Plugin:

- name - Name of the plugin. Used in the logs.
- version - Version of the plugin.
- authors - A list of authors
- description - A short description of the plugin
- global - Should the plugin make its classes available to other plugins (default: true)

## Plugin Events¶

A plugin will generally hook into several events and provides its own event registration inherited from GeyserPlugin.

A plugin class will look for any methods annotated with @Event and will treat them as Event Handlers, using reflection to determine which event is being trapped. In the previous example the plugin has trapped both the PluginEnableEvent and PluginDisableEvent.

Please refer to [events](#) for more information about the event system.

### Note

There is no need to register the plugin class for events as it will be registered by default.

### Note

The plugin class itself provides many of the registration methods found in the Event Manager to track which events belong to the plugin. You should use the plugins own registration methods in preference to those in the Event Manger. This includes registerEvents and on.

## Plugin Messages¶

A plugin can communicate with a plugin on the downstream server through the use of plugin message channels. More information about this can be found [here](#).

### Sending a Plugin Message¶

To send a plugin message use GeyserSession#sendPluginMessage.

### Example

```
ByteArrayDataOutput out = ByteStreams.newDataOutput();  
out.writeUTF("Data1");  
out.writeUTF("Data2");  
session.sendPluginMessage("myplugin:channel", out.toByteArray());
```

## Receiving Plugin Messages

To receive plugin messages you need to first register to receive the message then listen for the `PluginMessageEvent`.

### Example

```
GeyserConnector.getInstance().registerPluginChannel("myplugin:channelname");

...

@Event
void public onPluginMessageEvent(EventContext context, PluginMessageEvent event) {
    if (!event.getChannel().equals("myplugin:channelname")) {
        return;
    }
    ...
}
```

## Logging

Plugin classes use their `getLogger()` to retrieve a logging interface. This will log messages to the regular log with the plugin name prefixed in the messages.

### Example

```
@Plugin(...)
public class MyPlugin extends GeyserPlugin {
    public void myMethod() {
        ...
        getLogger().info("This is an informative message!");
    }
}
```

---

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## Contributing¶

Here are some ways that you can help contribute to this project.

### New ideas or Bug Reports¶

Need something? Found a bug? Or just have a brilliant idea? Head to the [Issues](#) and create a new one.

Please feel free to reach out to us on [Discord](#) if you're interested in helping out with Geyser.

### Contributing Code¶

If you know Java then take a look at open issues and create a pull request.

Do the following to build the code:

```
git clone https://github.com/GeyserMC/Geyser
cd Geyser
git submodule update --init --recursive
mvn clean install
```

### Contributing Documentation¶

If you can help improve the documentation it would be highly appreciated. Have a look under the docs folder for the existing documentation.

The documentation is built using mkdocs. You can set up a hot-build dev environment that will auto-refresh changes as they are made.

### Requirements¶

- python3
- pip3
- npm (only if changing themes)

Install dependencies by running:

```
pip3 install -r requirements.txt
```

**Note**

It's recommended to use a `virtualenv` so that you don't pollute your system environment.

## Dev Environment¶

To start a http document server on `http://127.0.0.1:8000` execute:

```
mkdocs serve
```

## Change PDF Theme¶

Edit the PDF theme under `docs/theme/pdf`. Rebuild by doing the following:

```
cd docs/theme/pdf  
npm install  
npm run build-compressed
```

This will update `pdf.css` under `docs/css/pdf.css`. Rebuilding the docs will now use the new theme.

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