

Matrix multiplication:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \delta \end{bmatrix}$$

2×2

$$A' = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha' & \beta' \\ \gamma' & \delta' \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{A} = \text{view}(A, \text{all}, \text{new}) \leadsto$$

$$\begin{matrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \delta \end{matrix}$$

$$2 \times 1 \times [2]$$

will fold over this
we think of
A as a list of
vectors so say [2]

extending
scalars

roughly means
 $\mathbb{R}^2 \otimes \mathbb{C}$

Then $\tilde{A} \times A^{tr}$ is:

$$\begin{matrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \delta \end{matrix} \times \begin{matrix} \alpha' & \beta' \\ \gamma' & \delta' \end{matrix} \leadsto$$

$$\begin{matrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \delta \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \alpha' & \beta' \\ \gamma' & \delta' \end{matrix}$$

$$\leadsto \begin{matrix} \alpha\alpha' & \alpha\beta' \\ \gamma\alpha' & \gamma\beta' \end{matrix}$$

finally, sum over the third axis.

and
etc